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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	6144
Total RAM Bits	36864
Number of I/O	97
Number of Gates	250000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/agl250v2-fg144t

Wide Range I/O Support

IGLOO devices support JEDEC-defined wide range I/O operation. IGLOO devices support both the JESD8-B specification, covering 3 V and 3.3 V supplies, for an effective operating range of 2.7 V to 3.6 V, and JESD8-12 with its 1.2 V nominal, supporting an effective operating range of 1.14 V to 1.575 V.

Wider I/O range means designers can eliminate power supplies or power conditioning components from the board or move to less costly components with greater tolerances. Wide range eases I/O bank management and provides enhanced protection from system voltage spikes, while providing the flexibility to easily run custom voltage applications.

Specifying I/O States During Programming

You can modify the I/O states during programming in FlashPro. In FlashPro, this feature is supported for PDB files generated from Designer v8.5 or greater. See the *FlashPro User Guide* for more information.

Note: PDB files generated from Designer v8.1 to Designer v8.4 (including all service packs) have limited display of Pin Numbers only.

1. Load a PDB from the FlashPro GUI. You must have a PDB loaded to modify the I/O states during programming.
2. From the FlashPro GUI, click PDB Configuration. A FlashPoint – Programming File Generator window appears.
3. Click the Specify I/O States During Programming button to display the Specify I/O States During Programming dialog box.
4. Sort the pins as desired by clicking any of the column headers to sort the entries by that header. Select the I/Os you wish to modify (Figure 1-5 on page 1-9).
5. Set the I/O Output State. You can set Basic I/O settings if you want to use the default I/O settings for your pins, or use Custom I/O settings to customize the settings for each pin. Basic I/O state settings:

1 – I/O is set to drive out logic High

0 – I/O is set to drive out logic Low

Last Known State – I/O is set to the last value that was driven out prior to entering the programming mode, and then held at that value during programming

Z -Tri-State: I/O is tristated

**Table 2-20 • Different Components Contributing to the Static Power Consumption in IGLOO Devices
For IGLOO V2 or V5 Devices, 1.5 V DC Core Supply Voltage**

Parameter	Definition	Device-Specific Static Power (mW)							
		AGL1000	AGL600	AGL400	AGL250	AGL125	AGL060	AGL030	AGL015
PDC1	Array static power in Active mode	See Table 2-12 on page 2-9.							
PDC2	Array static power in Static (Idle) mode	See Table 2-11 on page 2-8.							
PDC3	Array static power in Flash*Freeze mode	See Table 2-9 on page 2-7.							
PDC4	Static PLL contribution	1.84							
PDC5	Bank quiescent power (V_{CC1} -dependent)	See Table 2-12 on page 2-9.							
PDC6	I/O input pin static power (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-13 on page 2-10 through Table 2-15 on page 2-11.							
PDC7	I/O output pin static power (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-16 on page 2-11 through Table 2-18 on page 2-12.							

Note: *For a different output load, drive strength, or slew rate, Microsemi recommends using the Microsemi power spreadsheet calculator or SmartPower tool in Libero SoC.

Table 2-22 • Different Components Contributing to the Static Power Consumption in IGLOO Device For IGLOO V2 Devices, 1.2 V DC Core Supply Voltage

Parameter	Definition	Device Specific Static Power (mW)							
		AGL1000	AGL600	AGL400	AGL250	AGL125	AGL060	AGL030	AGL015
PDC1	Array static power in Active mode	See Table 2-12 on page 2-9.							
PDC2	Array static power in Static (Idle) mode	See Table 2-11 on page 2-8.							
PDC3	Array static power in Flash*Freeze mode	See Table 2-9 on page 2-7.							
PDC4	Static PLL contribution	0.90							
PDC5	Bank quiescent power (VCCI-Dependent)	See Table 2-12 on page 2-9.							
PDC6	I/O input pin static power (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-13 on page 2-10 through Table 2-15 on page 2-11.							
PDC7	I/O output pin static power (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-16 on page 2-11 through Table 2-18 on page 2-12.							

Note: For a different output load, drive strength, or slew rate, Microsemi recommends using the Microsemi power spreadsheet calculator or SmartPower tool in Libero SoC.

Table 2-32 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings, Std. Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI (per standard)
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹ (mA)	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor (Ω)	t_{DOUT} (ns)	t_{DP} (ns)	t_{DIN} (ns)	t_{PY} (ns)	t_{EOUT} (ns)	t_{ZL} (ns)	t_{ZH} (ns)	t_{LZ} (ns)	t_{HZ} (ns)	t_{ZS} (ns)	t_{HS} (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12	High	5	–	0.97	1.75	0.18	0.85	0.66	1.79	1.40	2.36	2.79	5.38	4.99	ns
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ²	100 μ A	12	High	5	–	0.97	2.45	0.18	1.20	0.66	2.47	1.92	3.33	3.90	6.06	5.51	ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12	High	5	–	0.97	1.75	0.18	1.08	0.66	1.79	1.52	2.38	2.70	5.39	5.11	ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8	High	5	–	0.97	1.97	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.02	1.76	2.46	2.66	5.61	5.36	ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	4 mA	4	High	5	–	0.97	2.25	0.18	1.18	0.66	2.30	2.00	2.53	2.68	5.89	5.59	ns
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	–	High	10	25 ²	0.97	1.97	0.18	0.73	0.66	2.01	1.50	2.36	2.79	5.61	5.10	ns
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	–	High	10	25 ²	0.97	1.97	0.19	0.70	0.66	2.01	1.50	2.36	2.79	5.61	5.10	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
3. Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See Figure 2-12 on page 2-79 for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.
4. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

**Table 2-42 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

	Drive Strength	IOSL (mA)*	IOSH (mA)*
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	25	27
	4 mA	25	27
	6 mA	51	54
	8 mA	51	54
	12 mA	103	109
	16 mA	132	127
	24 mA	268	181
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	100 µA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	16	18
	4 mA	16	18
	6 mA	32	37
	8 mA	32	37
	12 mA	65	74
	16 mA	83	87
	24 mA	169	124
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	9	11
	4 mA	17	22
	6 mA	35	44
	8 mA	45	51
	12 mA	91	74
	16 mA	91	74
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	13	16
	4 mA	25	33
	6 mA	32	39
	8 mA	66	55
	12 mA	66	55
1.2 V LVCMOS	2 mA	20	26
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range	100 µA	20	26
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	103	109

Note: * $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$

Table 2-100 • 1.8 V LVC MOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core VoltageCommercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	3.25	0.18	1.01	0.66	3.21	3.25	2.33	1.61	6.80	6.85	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	2.62	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.68	2.51	2.66	2.46	6.27	6.11	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	2.31	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.36	2.15	2.90	2.87	5.95	5.75	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	2.25	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.30	2.08	2.95	2.98	5.89	5.68	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	2.24	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.29	2.00	3.02	3.40	5.88	5.60	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.97	2.24	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.29	2.00	3.02	3.40	5.88	5.60	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-101 • 1.8 V LVC MOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core VoltageCommercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Applicable to Standard Plus Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	5.78	0.18	1.01	0.66	5.90	5.32	1.95	1.47	9.49	8.91	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	4.75	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.85	4.54	2.25	2.21	8.44	8.13	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	4.07	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.15	3.98	2.46	2.58	7.75	7.57	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	4.07	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.15	3.98	2.46	2.58	7.75	7.57	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-102 • 1.8 V LVC MOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core VoltageCommercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Applicable to Standard Plus Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	2.76	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.79	2.76	1.94	1.51	6.39	6.35	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	2.25	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.30	2.09	2.24	2.29	5.89	5.69	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	1.97	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.02	1.76	2.46	2.66	5.61	5.36	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	1.97	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.02	1.76	2.46	2.66	5.61	5.36	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-103 • 1.8 V LVC MOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core VoltageCommercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	5.63	0.18	0.98	0.66	5.74	5.30	1.68	1.24	ns		
4 mA	Std.	0.97	4.69	0.18	0.98	0.66	4.79	4.52	1.97	1.98	ns		

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Fully Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Clear

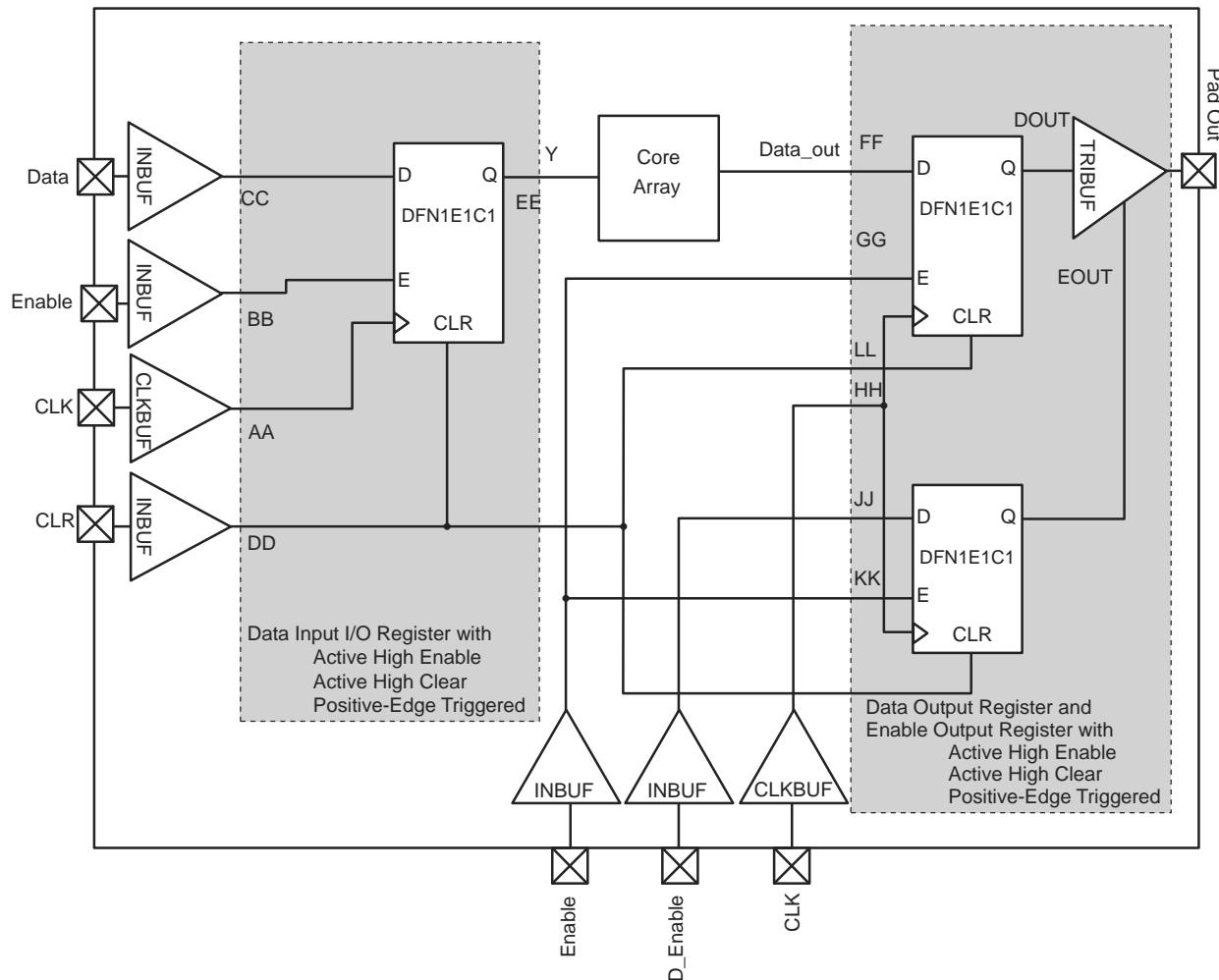


Figure 2-17 • Timing Model of the Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Clear

Output Enable Register

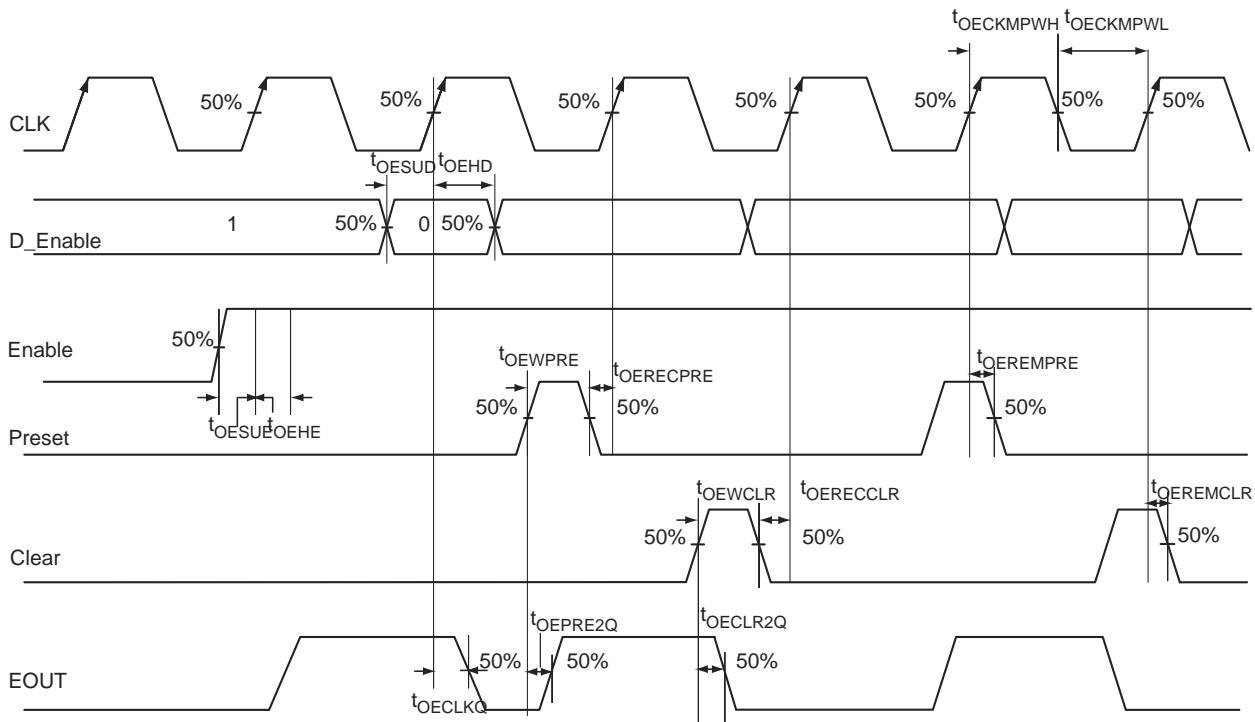


Figure 2-20 • Output Enable Register Timing Diagram

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-161 • Output Enable Register Propagation Delays
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.75	ns
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.51	ns
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.73	ns
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	1.13	ns
$t_{OEPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	1.13	ns
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.24	ns
$t_{OEREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.24	ns
t_{OEWCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.19	ns
t_{OEWPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.19	ns
$t_{OECKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output Enable Register	0.31	ns
$t_{OECKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output Enable Register	0.28	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

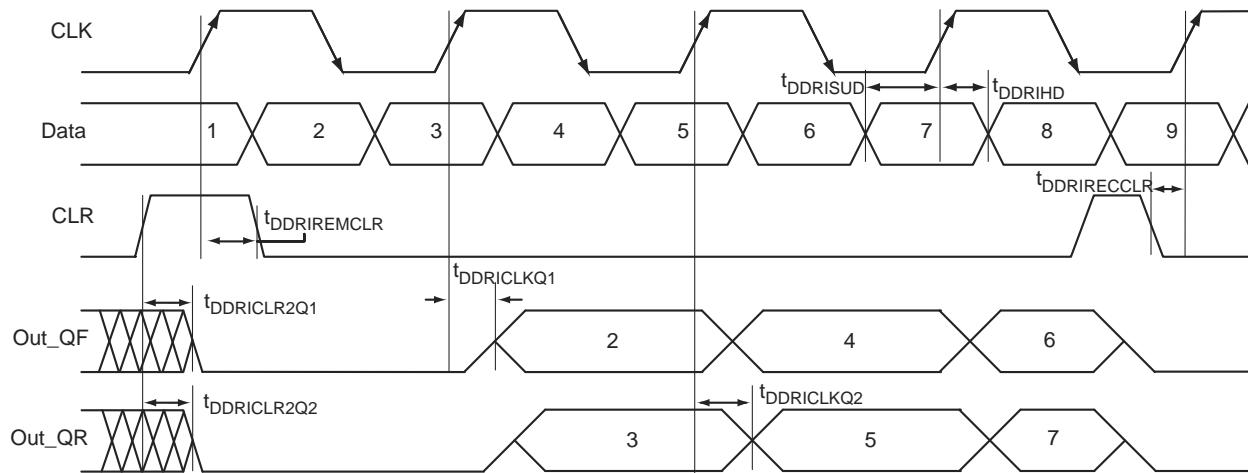


Figure 2-22 • Input DDR Timing Diagram

Timing Characteristics**1.5 V DC Core Voltage****Table 2-164 • Input DDR Propagation Delays**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t _{DDRICLKQ1}	Clock-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.48	ns
t _{DDRICLKQ2}	Clock-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.65	ns
t _{DDRISUD1}	Data Setup for Input DDR (negedge)	0.50	ns
t _{DDRISUD2}	Data Setup for Input DDR (posedge)	0.40	ns
t _{DDRIHD1}	Data Hold for Input DDR (negedge)	0.00	ns
t _{DDRIHD2}	Data Hold for Input DDR (posedge)	0.00	ns
t _{DDRICLR2Q1}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.82	ns
t _{DDRICLR2Q2}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.98	ns
t _{DDRIREMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Input DDR	0.00	ns
t _{DDRIRECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Input DDR	0.23	ns
t _{DDRIWCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Input DDR	0.19	ns
t _{DDRICKMPWH}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for Input DDR	0.31	ns
t _{DDRICKMPWL}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for Input DDR	0.28	ns
F _{DDRIMAX}	Maximum Frequency for Input DDR	250.00	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-169 • Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Combinatorial Cell	Equation	Parameter	Std.	Units
INV	$Y = !A$	t_{PD}	0.80	ns
AND2	$Y = A \cdot B$	t_{PD}	0.84	ns
NAND2	$Y = !(A \cdot B)$	t_{PD}	0.90	ns
OR2	$Y = A + B$	t_{PD}	1.19	ns
NOR2	$Y = !(A + B)$	t_{PD}	1.10	ns
XOR2	$Y = A \oplus B$	t_{PD}	1.37	ns
MAJ3	$Y = MAJ(A, B, C)$	t_{PD}	1.33	ns
XOR3	$Y = A \oplus B \oplus C$	t_{PD}	1.79	ns
MUX2	$Y = A IS + B S$	t_{PD}	1.48	ns
AND3	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C$	t_{PD}	1.21	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-170 • Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V

Combinatorial Cell	Equation	Parameter	Std.	Units
INV	$Y = !A$	t_{PD}	1.34	ns
AND2	$Y = A \cdot B$	t_{PD}	1.43	ns
NAND2	$Y = !(A \cdot B)$	t_{PD}	1.59	ns
OR2	$Y = A + B$	t_{PD}	2.30	ns
NOR2	$Y = !(A + B)$	t_{PD}	2.07	ns
XOR2	$Y = A \oplus B$	t_{PD}	2.46	ns
MAJ3	$Y = MAJ(A, B, C)$	t_{PD}	2.46	ns
XOR3	$Y = A \oplus B \oplus C$	t_{PD}	3.12	ns
MUX2	$Y = A IS + B S$	t_{PD}	2.83	ns
AND3	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C$	t_{PD}	2.28	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

VersaTile Specifications as a Sequential Module

The IGLOO library offers a wide variety of sequential cells, including flip-flops and latches. Each has a data input and optional enable, clear, or preset. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a representative sample from the library. For more details, refer to the *IGLOO, Fusion, and ProASIC3 Macro Library Guide*.

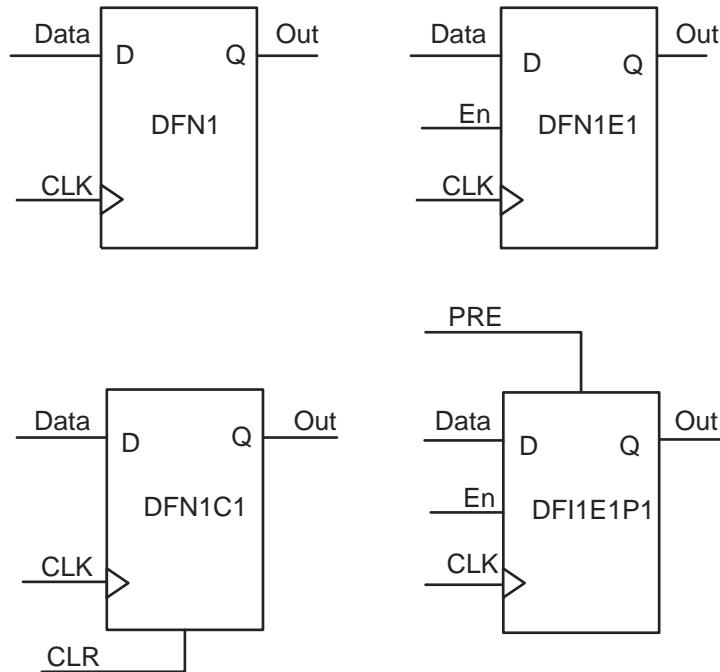


Figure 2-27 • Sample of Sequential Cells

Table 2-179 • AGL600 Global ResourceCommercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.48	1.82	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.52	1.94	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.42	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-180 • AGL1000 Global ResourceCommercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.55	1.89	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.60	2.02	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.42	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

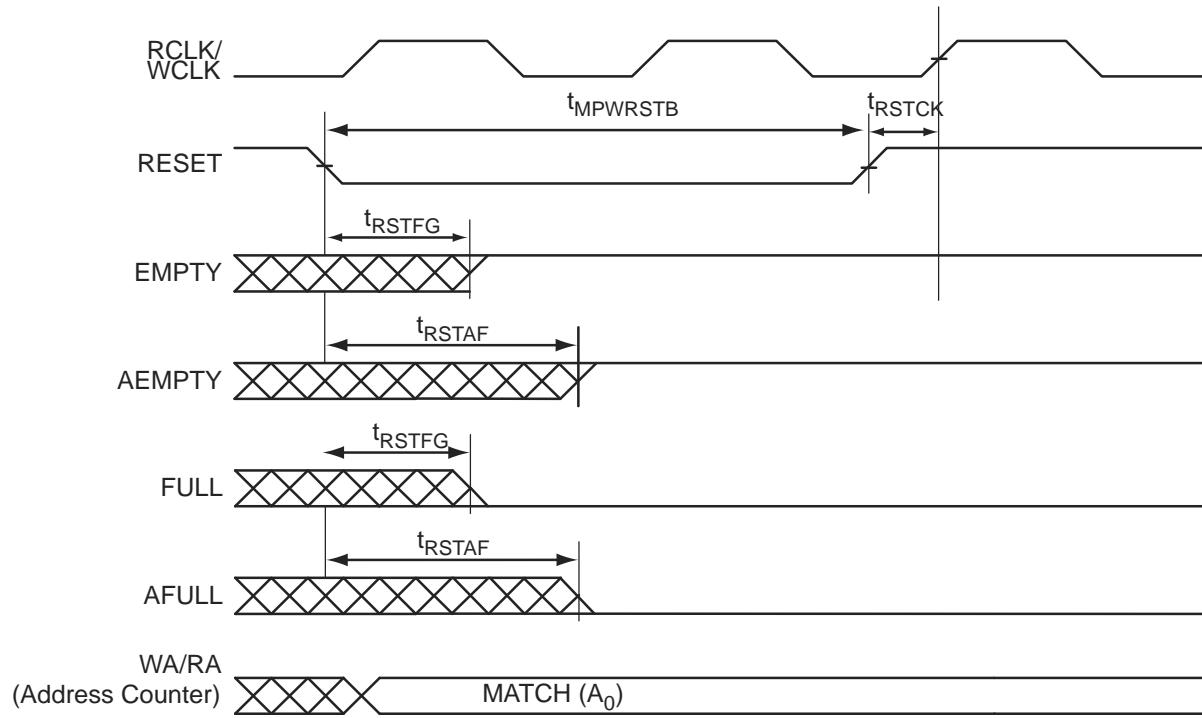


Figure 2-40 • FIFO Reset

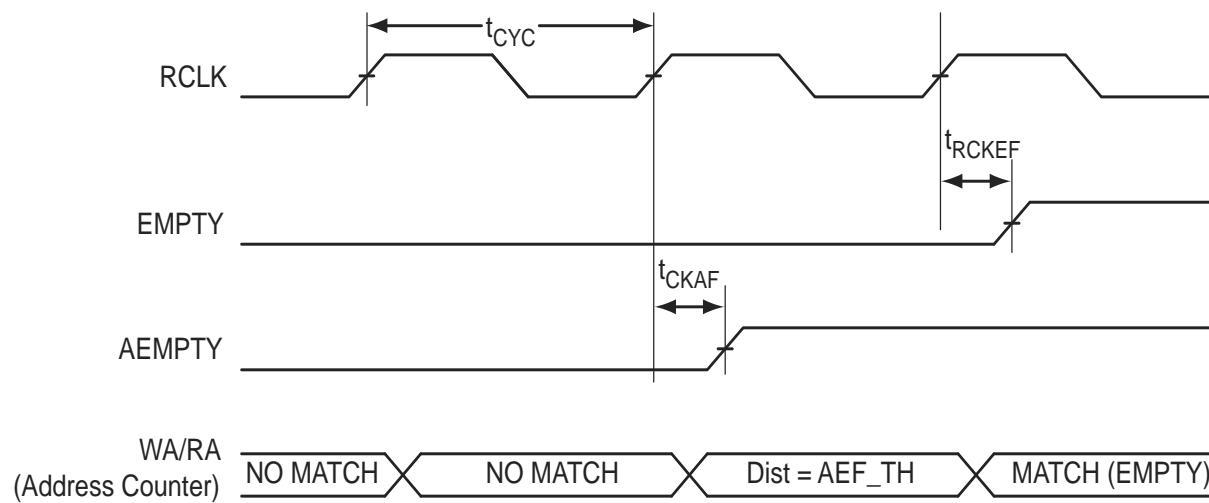


Figure 2-41 • FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Assertion

Pin Descriptions

Note that to operate at all VJTAG voltages, 500 Ω to 1 k Ω will satisfy the requirements.

Special Function Pins

NC

No Connect

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device. These pins can be driven to any voltage or can be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

DC

Do Not Connect

This pin should not be connected to any signals on the PCB. These pins should be left unconnected.

Packaging

Semiconductor technology is constantly shrinking in size while growing in capability and functional integration. To enable next-generation silicon technologies, semiconductor packages have also evolved to provide improved performance and flexibility.

Microsemi consistently delivers packages that provide the necessary mechanical and environmental protection to ensure consistent reliability and performance. Microsemi IC packaging technology efficiently supports high-density FPGAs with large-pin-count Ball Grid Arrays (BGAs), but is also flexible enough to accommodate stringent form factor requirements for Chip Scale Packaging (CSP). In addition, Microsemi offers a variety of packages designed to meet your most demanding application and economic requirements for today's embedded and mobile systems.

Related Documents

User Guides

IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/IGLOO_UG.pdf

Packaging Documents

The following documents provide packaging information and device selection for low power flash devices.

Product Catalog

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/ProdCat_PIB.pdf

Lists devices currently recommended for new designs and the packages available for each member of the family. Use this document or the datasheet tables to determine the best package for your design, and which package drawing to use.

Package Mechanical Drawings

<http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/PckgMechDrwngs.pdf>

This document contains the package mechanical drawings for all packages currently or previously supplied by Microsemi. Use the bookmarks to navigate to the package mechanical drawings.

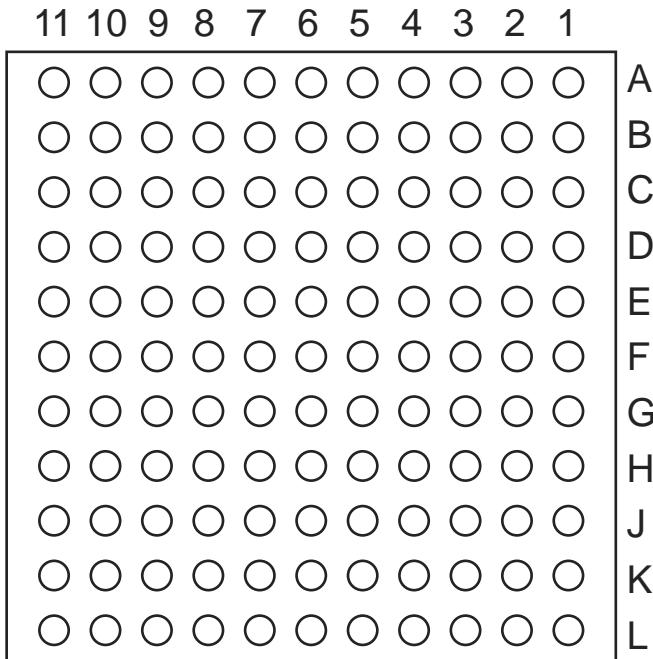
Additional packaging materials are available on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>.

CS81	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
A1	IO00RSB0
A2	IO02RSB0
A3	IO06RSB0
A4	IO11RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	IO19RSB0
A7	IO22RSB0
A8	IO24RSB0
A9	IO26RSB0
B1	IO81RSB1
B2	IO04RSB0
B3	IO10RSB0
B4	IO13RSB0
B5	IO15RSB0
B6	IO20RSB0
B7	IO21RSB0
B8	IO28RSB0
B9	IO25RSB0
C1	IO79RSB1
C2	IO80RSB1
C3	IO08RSB0
C4	IO12RSB0
C5	IO17RSB0
C6	IO14RSB0
C7	IO18RSB0
C8	IO29RSB0
C9	IO27RSB0
D1	IO74RSB1
D2	IO76RSB1
D3	IO77RSB1
D4	VCC
D5	VCCIB0
D6	GND
D7	IO23RSB0
D8	IO31RSB0
D9	IO30RSB0

CS81	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
E1	GEB0/IO71RSB1
E2	GEA0/IO72RSB1
E3	GEC0/IO73RSB1
E4	VCCIB1
E5	VCC
E6	VCCIB0
E7	GDC0/IO32RSB0
E8	GDA0/IO33RSB0
E9	GDB0/IO34RSB0
F1	IO68RSB1
F2	IO67RSB1
F3	IO64RSB1
F4	GND
F5	VCCIB1
F6	IO47RSB1
F7	IO36RSB0
F8	IO38RSB0
F9	IO40RSB0
G1	IO65RSB1
G2	IO66RSB1
G3	IO57RSB1
G4	IO53RSB1
G5	IO49RSB1
G6	IO44RSB1
G7	IO46RSB1
G8	VJTAG
G9	TRST
H1	IO62RSB1
H2	FF/IO60RSB1
H3	IO58RSB1
H4	IO54RSB1
H5	IO48RSB1
H6	IO43RSB1
H7	IO42RSB1
H8	TDI
H9	TDO

CS81	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
J1	IO63RSB1
J2	IO61RSB1
J3	IO59RSB1
J4	IO56RSB1
J5	IO52RSB1
J6	IO45RSB1
J7	TCK
J8	TMS
J9	VPUMP

CS121



Note: This is the bottom view of the package.

Note

For more information on package drawings, see *PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings*.

CS121	
Pin Number	AGL060 Function
K10	VPUMP
K11	GDB1/IO47RSB0
L1	VMV1
L2	GNDQ
L3	IO65RSB1
L4	IO63RSB1
L5	IO61RSB1
L6	IO58RSB1
L7	IO57RSB1
L8	IO55RSB1
L9	GNDQ
L10	GDA0/IO50RSB0
L11	VMV1

CS196	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
A1	GND
A2	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A3	GAC0/IO04RSB0
A4	GAC1/IO05RSB0
A5	IO14RSB0
A6	IO18RSB0
A7	IO26RSB0
A8	IO29RSB0
A9	IO36RSB0
A10	GBC0/IO54RSB0
A11	GBB0/IO56RSB0
A12	GBB1/IO57RSB0
A13	GBA1/IO59RSB0
A14	GND
B1	VCCIB3
B2	VMV0
B2	VMV0
B3	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
B5	GND
B6	IO17RSB0
B7	IO25RSB0
B8	IO34RSB0
B9	IO39RSB0
B10	GND
B11	GBC1/IO55RSB0
B12	GBA0/IO58RSB0
B13	GBA2/IO60PPB1
B14	GBB2/IO61PDB1
C1	GAC2/IO153UDB3
C2	GAB2/IO154UDB3
C3	GNDQ
C4	VCCIB0
C5	GAB0/IO02RSB0
C6	IO15RSB0
C7	VCCIB0

CS196	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
C8	IO31RSB0
C9	IO44RSB0
C10	IO49RSB0
C11	VCCIB0
C12	IO60NPB1
C13	GNDQ
C14	IO61NDB1
D1	IO153VDB3
D2	IO154VDB3
D3	GAA2/IO155UDB3
D4	IO150PPB3
D5	IO11RSB0
D6	IO20RSB0
D7	IO23RSB0
D8	IO28RSB0
D9	IO41RSB0
D10	IO47RSB0
D11	IO63PPB1
D12	VMV1
D13	IO62NDB1
D14	GBC2/IO62PDB1
E1	IO149PDB3
E2	GND
E3	IO155VDB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	IO151USB3
E6	IO09RSB0
E7	IO12RSB0
E8	IO32RSB0
E9	IO46RSB0
E10	IO51RSB0
E11	VCCIB1
E12	IO63NPB1
E13	GND
E14	IO64PDB1
F1	IO149NDB3

CS196	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
F2	IO144NPB3
F3	IO148PDB3
F4	IO148NDB3
F5	IO150NPB3
F6	IO07RSB0
F7	VCC
F8	VCC
F9	IO43RSB0
F10	IO73PDB1
F11	IO73NDB1
F12	IO66NDB1
F13	IO66PDB1
F14	IO64NDB1
G1	GFB1/IO146PDB3
G2	GFA0/IO145NDB3
G3	GFA2/IO144PPB3
G4	VCOMPLF
G5	GFC0/IO147NDB3
G6	VCC
G7	GND
G8	GND
G9	VCC
G10	GCC0/IO67NDB1
G11	GCB1/IO68PDB1
G12	GCA0/IO69NDB1
G13	IO72NDB1
G14	GCC2/IO72PDB1
H1	GFB0/IO146NDB3
H2	GFA1/IO145PDB3
H3	VCCPLF
H4	GFB2/IO143PPB3
H5	GFC1/IO147PDB3
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	VCC

CS281	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
H8	VCC
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCC
H11	VCCIB0
H12	VCC
H13	VCCIB1
H15	IO68NPB1
H16	GCB0/IO70NPB1
H18	GCA1/IO71PPB1
H19	GCA2/IO72PPB1
J1	VCOMPLF
J2	GFA0/IO162NDB3
J4	VCCPLF
J5	GFC0/IO164NPB3
J7	GFA2/IO161PDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	VCCIB1
J13	GCC1/IO69PPB1
J15	GCA0/IO71NPB1
J16	GCB2/IO73PPB1
J18	IO72NPB1
J19	IO75PSB1
K1	VCCIB3
K2	GFA1/IO162PDB3
K4	GND
K5	IO159NPB3
K7	IO161NDB3
K8	VCC
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	VCC
K13	GCC2/IO74PPB1

CS281	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
K15	IO73NPB1
K16	GND
K18	IO74NPB1
K19	VCCIB1
L1	GFB2/IO160PDB3
L2	IO160NDB3
L4	GFC2/IO159PPB3
L5	IO153PPB3
L7	IO153NPB3
L8	VCCIB3
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	IO76PPB1
L15	IO76NPB1
L16	IO77PPB1
L18	IO78NPB1
L19	IO77NPB1
M1	IO158PDB3
M2	IO158NDB3
M4	IO154NPB3
M5	IO152PPB3
M7	VCCIB3
M8	VCC
M9	VCCIB2
M10	VCC
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VCC
M13	VCCIB1
M15	IO79NPB1
M16	IO81NPB1
M18	IO79PPB1
M19	IO78PPB1
N1	IO154PPB3
N2	IO152NPB3

CS281	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
N4	IO150PPB3
N5	IO148NPB3
N7	GEA2/IO143RSB2
N8	VCCIB2
N9	IO117RSB2
N10	IO115RSB2
N11	IO114RSB2
N12	VCCIB2
N13	VPUMP
N15	IO82PPB1
N16	IO85PPB1
N18	IO82NPB1
N19	IO81PPB1
P1	IO151PDB3
P2	GND
P3	IO151NDB3
P4	IO149PPB3
P5	GEA0/IO144NPB3
P15	IO83NDB1
P16	IO83PDB1
P17	GDC1/IO86PPB1
P18	GND
P19	IO85NPB1
R1	IO150NPB3
R2	IO149NPB3
R4	GEC1/IO146PPB3
R5	GEB1/IO145PPB3
R6	IO138RSB2
R7	IO127RSB2
R8	IO123RSB2
R9	IO118RSB2
R10	IO111RSB2
R11	IO106RSB2
R12	IO103RSB2
R13	IO97RSB2
R14	IO95RSB2

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL125 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO11RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO25RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO39RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO69RSB1
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO08RSB0
B6	IO14RSB0
B7	IO19RSB0
B8	IO22RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO37RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO38RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV0
C1	IO132RSB1
C2	GFA2/IO120RSB1
C3	GAC2/IO131RSB1
C4	VCC
C5	IO10RSB0
C6	IO12RSB0
C7	IO21RSB0
C8	IO24RSB0
C9	IO27RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO41RSB0
C11	IO42RSB0
C12	GBC2/IO45RSB0

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL125 Function
D1	IO128RSB1
D2	IO129RSB1
D3	IO130RSB1
D4	GAA2/IO67RSB1
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO35RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO36RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO43RSB0
D10	IO28RSB0
D11	IO44RSB0
D12	GCB1/IO53RSB0
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO125RSB1
E3	GFC1/IO126RSB1
E4	VCCIB1
E5	IO68RSB1
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO51RSB0
E9	VCCIB0
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO56RSB0
E12	IO46RSB0
F1	GFB0/IO123RSB1
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO124RSB1
F4	IO127RSB1
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO52RSB0
F9	GCB0/IO54RSB0
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO55RSB0
F12	GCA2/IO57RSB0

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL125 Function
G1	GFA1/IO121RSB1
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO122RSB1
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO61RSB0
G9	IO48RSB0
G10	GCC2/IO59RSB0
G11	IO47RSB0
G12	GCB2/IO58RSB0
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO119RSB1
H3	GFC2/IO118RSB1
H4	GEC1/IO112RSB1
H5	VCC
H6	IO50RSB0
H7	IO60RSB0
H8	GDB2/IO71RSB1
H9	GDC0/IO62RSB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO49RSB0
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO110RSB1
J2	IO115RSB1
J3	VCCIB1
J4	GEC0/IO111RSB1
J5	IO116RSB1
J6	IO117RSB1
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO70RSB1
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO65RSB0
J12	GDB1/IO63RSB0