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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	9216
Total RAM Bits	55296
Number of I/O	97
Number of Gates	400000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/agl400v5-fgg144i

Table 2-15 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC6 (mW) ¹	Dynamic Power PAC9 (μW/MHz) ²
Single-Ended			
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	3.3	–	17.24
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ³	3.3	–	17.24
2.5 V LVCMOS	2.5	–	5.64
1.8 V LVCMOS	1.8	–	2.63
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	1.5	–	1.97
1.2 V LVCMOS ⁴	1.2	–	0.57
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	1.2	–	0.57

Notes:

1. PDC6 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.
2. PAC9 is the total dynamic power measured on VCCI.
3. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
4. Applicable for IGLOO V2 devices only.

Table 2-16 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings¹
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

	C _{LOAD} (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC7 (mW) ²	Dynamic Power PAC10 (μW/MHz) ³
Single-Ended				
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	5	3.3	–	136.95
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	5	3.3	–	136.95
2.5 V LVCMOS	5	2.5	–	76.84
1.8 V LVCMOS	5	1.8	–	49.31
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	5	1.5	–	33.36
1.2 V LVCMOS ⁵	5	1.2	–	16.24
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁵	5	1.2	–	16.24
3.3 V PCI	10	3.3	–	194.05
3.3 V PCI-X	10	3.3	–	194.05
Differential				
LVDS	–	2.5	7.74	156.22
LVPECL	–	3.3	19.54	339.35

Notes:

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2. PDC7 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.
3. PAC10 is the total dynamic power measured on VCCI.
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
5. Applicable for IGLOO V2 devices only.

User I/O Characteristics

Timing Model

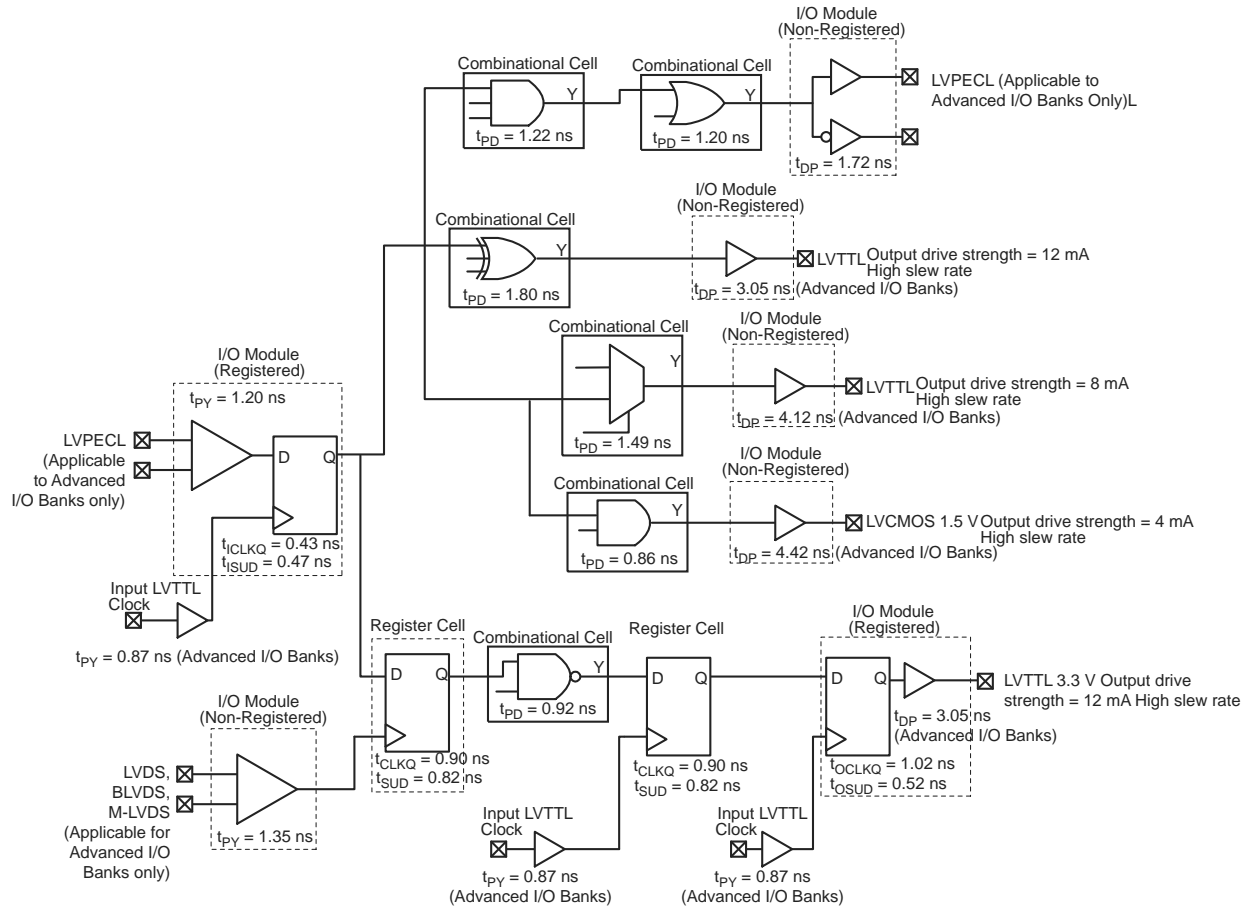


Figure 2-3 • Timing Model

Operating Conditions: Std. Speed, Commercial Temperature Range ($T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$), Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, for DC 1.5 V Core Voltage, Applicable to V2 and V5 Devices

**Table 2-27 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions—Software Default Settings
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option ²	Slew Rate	V _{IL}		V _{IH}		V _{OL}	V _{OH}	I _{OL} ¹	I _{OH} ¹
				Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVC MOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8
3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range ³	100 μA	8 mA	High	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	V _{DD} −0.2	0.1	0.1
2.5 V LVC MOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	−0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.7	1.7	8	8
1.8 V LVC MOS	4 mA	4 mA	High	−0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI}	0.65 * V _{CCI}	3.6	0.45	V _{CCI} − 0.45	4	4
1.5 V LVC MOS	2 mA	2 mA	High	−0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI}	0.65 * V _{CCI}	3.6	0.25 * V _{CCI}	0.75 * V _{CCI}	2	2
1.2 V LVC MOS ⁴	1 mA	1 mA	High	−0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI}	0.65 * V _{CCI}	3.6	0.25 * V _{CCI}	0.75 * V _{CCI}	1	1
1.2 V LVC MOS Wide Range ^{4,5}	100 μA	1 mA	High	−0.3	0.3 * V _{CCI}	0.7 * V _{CCI}	3.6	0.1	V _{CCI} − 0.1	0.1	0.1

Notes:

1. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
2. The minimum drive strength for any LVC MOS 1.2 V or LVC MOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
3. All LVC MOS 3.3 V software macros support LVC MOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
4. Applicable to V2 Devices operating at V_{CCI} ≥ V_{CC}.
5. All LVC MOS 1.2 V software macros support LVC MOS 1.2 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-12 specification.

Detailed I/O DC Characteristics

Table 2-37 • Input Capacitance

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
C _{IN}	Input capacitance	V _{IN} = 0, f = 1.0 MHz		8	pF
C _{INCLK}	Input capacitance on the clock pin	V _{IN} = 0, f = 1.0 MHz		8	pF

Table 2-38 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Standard	Drive Strength	R _{PULL-DOWN} (Ω) ²	R _{PULL-UP} (Ω) ³
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	300
	4 mA	100	300
	6 mA	50	150
	8 mA	50	150
	12 mA	25	75
	16 mA	17	50
	24 mA	11	33
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	100 μA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	200
	4 mA	100	200
	6 mA	50	100
	8 mA	50	100
	12 mA	25	50
	16 mA	20	40
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	224
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	67	75
	8 mA	33	37
	12 mA	33	37
1.2 V LVCMOS ⁴	2 mA	158	164
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	100 μA	Same as regular 1.2 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 1.2 V LVCMOS
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	25	75

Notes:

1. These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on VCCI, drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. $R_{(PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (VOL_{spec}) / I_{OL_{spec}}$
3. $R_{(PULL-UP-MAX)} = (VCCI_{max} - VOH_{spec}) / I_{OH_{spec}}$
4. Applicable to IGLOO V2 Devices operating at $VCCI \geq VCC$

Table 2-64 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels for LVC MOS 3.3 V Wide Range
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range		VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ²	IIH ³
Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	μA	μA	Max. mA ⁴	Max. mA ⁴	μA ⁵	μA ⁵
100 μA	2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	12 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	103	109	10	10
100 μA	16 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	103	109	10	10

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVC MOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$. Drive strengths displayed in software are supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3 \text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < V_{\text{IL}}$.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{\text{IH}} < V_{\text{IN}} < V_{\text{CCI}}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
4. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
5. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-77 • 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 2.7$
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
100 μA	2 mA	Std.	1.55	6.44	0.26	1.29	1.10	6.44	5.64	2.99	3.28	ns
100 μA	4 mA	Std.	1.55	6.44	0.26	1.29	1.10	6.44	5.64	2.99	3.28	ns
100 μA	6 mA	Std.	1.55	5.41	0.26	1.29	1.10	5.41	4.91	3.35	3.89	ns
100 μA	8 mA	Std.	1.55	5.41	0.26	1.29	1.10	5.41	4.91	3.35	3.89	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$. Drive strengths displayed in software are supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-78 • 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 2.7$
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
100 μA	2 mA	Std.	1.55	3.89	0.26	1.29	1.10	3.89	3.13	2.99	3.45	ns
100 μA	4 mA	Std.	1.55	3.89	0.26	1.29	1.10	3.89	3.13	2.99	3.45	ns
100 μA	6 mA	Std.	1.55	3.33	0.26	1.29	1.10	3.33	2.62	3.34	4.07	ns
100 μA	8 mA	Std.	1.55	3.33	0.26	1.29	1.10	3.33	2.62	3.34	4.07	ns

Notes:

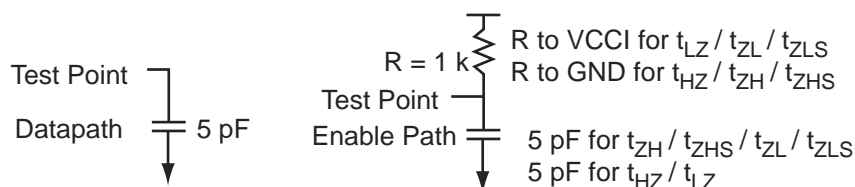
1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$. Drive strengths displayed in software are supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.
3. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-97 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

1.8 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSH	IOSL	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	−0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI − 0.45	2	2	9	11	10	10
4 mA	−0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI − 0.45	4	4	17	22	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

**Figure 2-9 • AC Loading****Table 2-98 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	1.8	0.9	5

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-29 on page 2-28 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics**1.5 V DC Core Voltage****Table 2-99 • 1.8 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	t _{ZLS}	t _{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	6.38	0.18	1.01	0.66	6.51	5.93	2.33	1.56	10.10	9.53	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	5.35	0.18	1.01	0.66	5.46	5.04	2.67	2.38	9.05	8.64	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	4.62	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.71	4.44	2.90	2.79	8.31	8.04	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	4.37	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.46	4.31	2.95	2.89	8.05	7.90	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	4.32	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.37	4.32	3.03	3.30	7.97	7.92	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.97	4.32	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.37	4.32	3.03	3.30	7.97	7.92	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-158 • Input Data Register Propagation Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	0.68	ns
t_{ISUD}	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	0.97	ns
t_{IHD}	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	0.00	ns
t_{ISUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	1.02	ns
t_{IHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	0.00	ns
t_{ICLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Data Register	1.19	ns
t_{IPRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Input Data Register	1.19	ns
t_{IREMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Input Data Register	0.00	ns
t_{IRECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	0.24	ns
t_{IREMPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Input Data Register	0.00	ns
t_{IRECPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	0.24	ns
t_{IWCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Input Data Register	0.19	ns
t_{IWPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Input Data Register	0.19	ns
t_{ICKMPWH}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Input Data Register	0.31	ns
t_{ICKMPWL}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Input Data Register	0.28	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Output Register

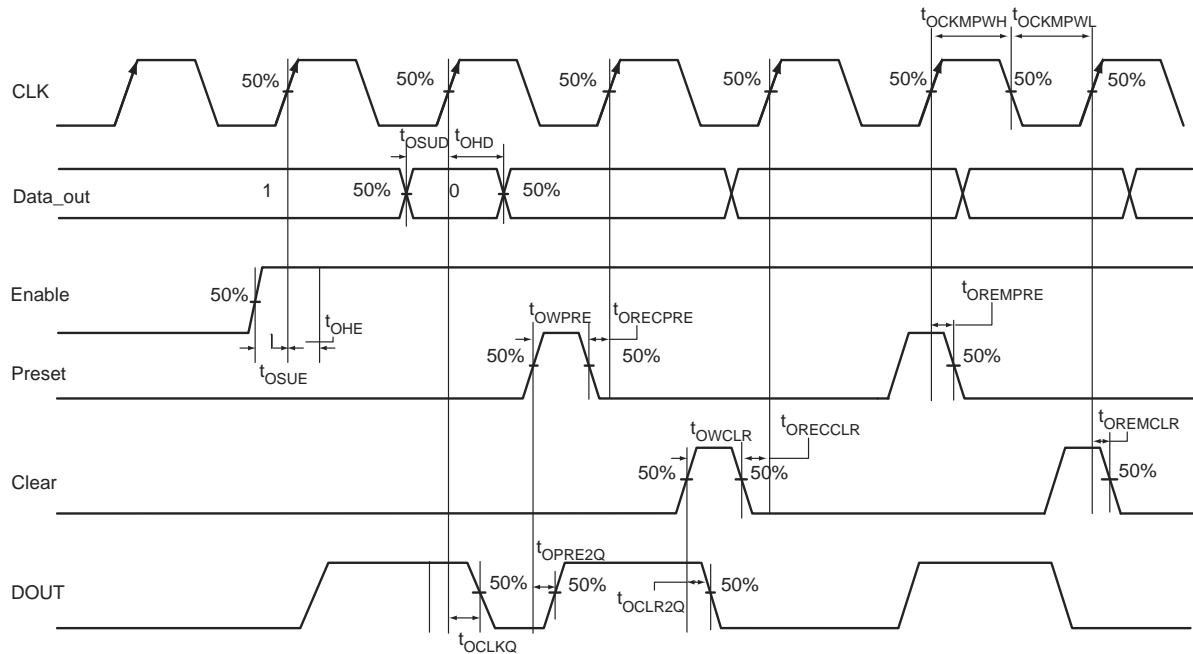


Figure 2-19 • Output Register Timing Diagram

DDR Module Specifications

Input DDR Module

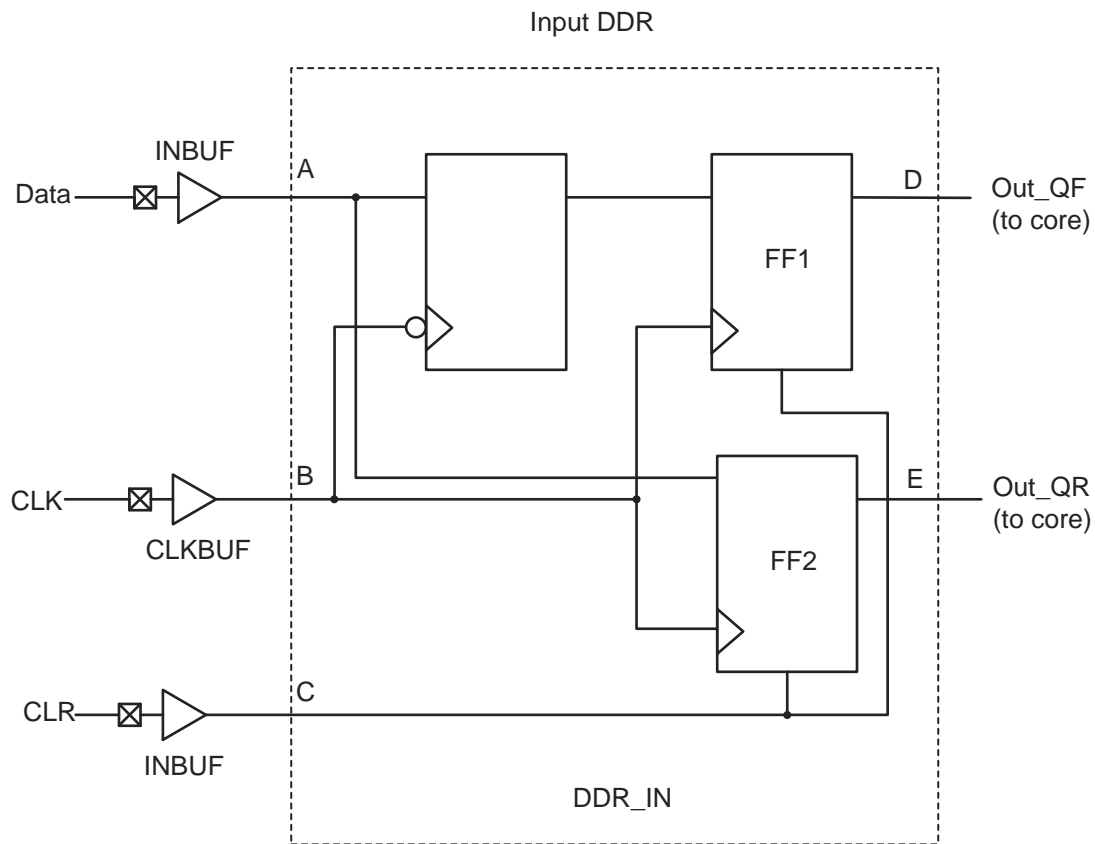


Figure 2-21 • Input DDR Timing Model

Table 2-163 • Parameter Definitions

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)
t_{DDRCLKQ1}	Clock-to-Out Out_QR	B, D
t_{DDRCLKQ2}	Clock-to-Out Out_QF	B, E
t_{DDRISUD}	Data Setup Time of DDR input	A, B
$t_{\text{DDR IHD}}$	Data Hold Time of DDR input	A, B
$t_{\text{DDRICLR2Q1}}$	Clear-to-Out Out_QR	C, D
$t_{\text{DDRICLR2Q2}}$	Clear-to-Out Out_QF	C, E
$t_{\text{DDRIREMCLR}}$	Clear Removal	C, B
$t_{\text{DDRIRECCLR}}$	Clear Recovery	C, B

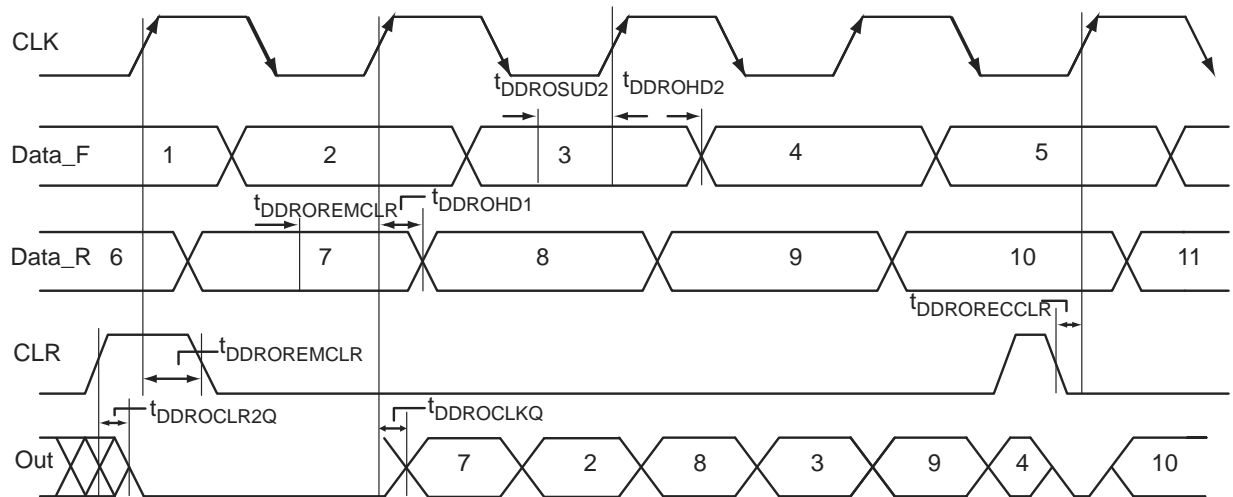


Figure 2-24 • Output DDR Timing Diagram

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-167 • Output DDR Propagation Delays
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{DDROCLKQ}	Clock-to-Out of DDR for Output DDR	1.07	ns
t_{DDROSUD1}	Data_F Data Setup for Output DDR	0.67	ns
t_{DDROSUD2}	Data_R Data Setup for Output DDR	0.67	ns
t_{DDROHD1}	Data_F Data Hold for Output DDR	0.00	ns
t_{DDROHD2}	Data_R Data Hold for Output DDR	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDROCLR2Q}}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out for Output DDR	1.38	ns
$t_{\text{DDROEMCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Output DDR	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDROECCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Output DDR	0.23	ns
$t_{\text{DDROWCLR1}}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Output DDR	0.19	ns
$t_{\text{DDROCKMPWH}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output DDR	0.31	ns
$t_{\text{DDROCKMPWL}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output DDR	0.28	ns
F_{DDOMAX}	Maximum Frequency for the Output DDR	250.00	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Table 2-181 • AGL015 Global Resource****Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.79	2.09	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.87	2.26	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.39	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-182 • AGL030 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.80	2.09	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.88	2.27	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.39	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

JTAG 1532 Characteristics

JTAG timing delays do not include JTAG I/Os. To obtain complete JTAG timing, add I/O buffer delays to the corresponding standard selected; refer to the I/O timing characteristics in the "User I/O Characteristics" section on page 2-20 for more details.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-199 • JTAG 1532

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{DISU}	Test Data Input Setup Time	1.00	ns
t_{DIHD}	Test Data Input Hold Time	2.00	ns
t_{TMSSU}	Test Mode Select Setup Time	1.00	ns
t_{TMDHD}	Test Mode Select Hold Time	2.00	ns
t_{TCK2Q}	Clock to Q (data out)	8.00	ns
t_{RSTB2Q}	Reset to Q (data out)	25.00	ns
F_{TCKMAX}	TCK Maximum Frequency	15	MHz
$t_{TRSTREM}$	ResetB Removal Time	0.58	ns
$t_{TRSTREC}$	ResetB Recovery Time	0.00	ns
$t_{TRSTMPW}$	ResetB Minimum Pulse	TBD	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-200 • JTAG 1532

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{DISU}	Test Data Input Setup Time	1.50	ns
t_{DIHD}	Test Data Input Hold Time	3.00	ns
t_{TMSSU}	Test Mode Select Setup Time	1.50	ns
t_{TMDHD}	Test Mode Select Hold Time	3.00	ns
t_{TCK2Q}	Clock to Q (data out)	11.00	ns
t_{RSTB2Q}	Reset to Q (data out)	30.00	ns
F_{TCKMAX}	TCK Maximum Frequency	9.00	MHz
$t_{TRSTREM}$	ResetB Removal Time	1.18	ns
$t_{TRSTREC}$	ResetB Recovery Time	0.00	ns
$t_{TRSTMPW}$	ResetB Minimum Pulse	TBD	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

VJTAG**JTAG Supply Voltage**

Low power flash devices have a separate bank for the dedicated JTAG pins. The JTAG pins can be run at any voltage from 1.5 V to 3.3 V (nominal). Isolating the JTAG power supply in a separate I/O bank gives greater flexibility in supply selection and simplifies power supply and PCB design. If the JTAG interface is neither used nor planned for use, the VJTAG pin together with the TRST pin could be tied to GND. It should be noted that VCC is required to be powered for JTAG operation; VJTAG alone is insufficient. If a device is in a JTAG chain of interconnected boards, the board containing the device can be powered down, provided both VJTAG and VCC to the part remain powered; otherwise, JTAG signals will not be able to transition the device, even in bypass mode.

Microsemi recommends that VPUMP and VJTAG power supplies be kept separate with independent filtering capacitors rather than supplying them from a common rail.

VPUMP**Programming Supply Voltage**

IGLOO devices support single-voltage ISP of the configuration flash and FlashROM. For programming, VPUMP should be 3.3 V nominal. During normal device operation, VPUMP can be left floating or can be tied (pulled up) to any voltage between 0 V and the VPUMP maximum. Programming power supply voltage (VPUMP) range is listed in the datasheet.

When the VPUMP pin is tied to ground, it will shut off the charge pump circuitry, resulting in no sources of oscillation from the charge pump circuitry.

For proper programming, 0.01 μ F and 0.33 μ F capacitors (both rated at 16 V) are to be connected in parallel across VPUMP and GND, and positioned as close to the FPGA pins as possible.

Microsemi recommends that VPUMP and VJTAG power supplies be kept separate with independent filtering capacitors rather than supplying them from a common rail.

User Pins

I/O**User Input/Output**

The I/O pin functions as an input, output, tristate, or bidirectional buffer. Input and output signal levels are compatible with the I/O standard selected.

During programming, I/Os become tristated and weakly pulled up to VCCI. With VCCI, VMV, and VCC supplies continuously powered up, when the device transitions from programming to operating mode, the I/Os are instantly configured to the desired user configuration.

Unused I/Os are configured as follows:

- Output buffer is disabled (with tristate value of high impedance)
- Input buffer is disabled (with tristate value of high impedance)
- Weak pull-up is programmed

GL**Globals**

GL I/Os have access to certain clock conditioning circuitry (and the PLL) and/or have direct access to the global network (spines). Additionally, the global I/Os can be used as regular I/Os, since they have identical capabilities. Unused GL pins are configured as inputs with pull-up resistors.

See more detailed descriptions of global I/O connectivity in the "Clock Conditioning Circuits in Low Power Flash Devices and Mixed Signal FPGAs" chapter of the *IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide*. All inputs labeled GC/GF are direct inputs into the quadrant clocks. For example, if GAA0 is used for an input, GAA1 and GAA2 are no longer available for input to the quadrant globals. All inputs labeled GC/GF are direct inputs into the chip-level globals, and the rest are connected to the quadrant globals. The inputs to the global network are multiplexed, and only one input can be used as a global input.

Refer to the "I/O Structures in IGLOO and ProASIC3 Devices" chapter of the *IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide* for an explanation of the naming of global pins.

FF**Flash*Freeze Mode Activation Pin**

Flash*Freeze mode is available on IGLOO devices. The FF pin is a dedicated input pin used to enter and exit Flash*Freeze mode. The FF pin is active low, has the same characteristics as a single-ended I/O, and must meet the maximum rise and fall times. When Flash*Freeze mode is not used in the design, the FF pin is available as a regular I/O.

When Flash*Freeze mode is used, the FF pin must not be left floating to avoid accidentally entering Flash*Freeze mode. While in Flash*Freeze mode, the Flash*Freeze pin should be constantly asserted.

CS281	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
H8	VCC
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCC
H11	VCCIB0
H12	VCC
H13	VCCIB1
H15	IO68NPB1
H16	GCB0/IO70NPB1
H18	GCA1/IO71PPB1
H19	GCA2/IO72PPB1
J1	VCOMPLF
J2	GFA0/IO162NDB3
J4	VCCPLF
J5	GFC0/IO164NPB3
J7	GFA2/IO161PDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	VCCIB1
J13	GCC1/IO69PPB1
J15	GCA0/IO71NPB1
J16	GCB2/IO73PPB1
J18	IO72NPB1
J19	IO75PSB1
K1	VCCIB3
K2	GFA1/IO162PDB3
K4	GND
K5	IO159NPB3
K7	IO161NDB3
K8	VCC
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	VCC
K13	GCC2/IO74PPB1

CS281	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
K15	IO73NPB1
K16	GND
K18	IO74NPB1
K19	VCCIB1
L1	GFB2/IO160PDB3
L2	IO160NDB3
L4	GFC2/IO159PPB3
L5	IO153PPB3
L7	IO153NPB3
L8	VCCIB3
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	IO76PPB1
L15	IO76NPB1
L16	IO77PPB1
L18	IO78NPB1
L19	IO77NPB1
M1	IO158PDB3
M2	IO158NDB3
M4	IO154NPB3
M5	IO152PPB3
M7	VCCIB3
M8	VCC
M9	VCCIB2
M10	VCC
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VCC
M13	VCCIB1
M15	IO79NPB1
M16	IO81NPB1
M18	IO79PPB1
M19	IO78PPB1
N1	IO154PPB3
N2	IO152NPB3

CS281	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
N4	IO150PPB3
N5	IO148NPB3
N7	GEA2/IO143RSB2
N8	VCCIB2
N9	IO117RSB2
N10	IO115RSB2
N11	IO114RSB2
N12	VCCIB2
N13	VPUMP
N15	IO82PPB1
N16	IO85PPB1
N18	IO82NPB1
N19	IO81PPB1
P1	IO151PDB3
P2	GND
P3	IO151NDB3
P4	IO149PPB3
P5	GEA0/IO144NPB3
P15	IO83NDB1
P16	IO83PDB1
P17	GDC1/IO86PPB1
P18	GND
P19	IO85NPB1
R1	IO150NPB3
R2	IO149NPB3
R4	GEC1/IO146PPB3
R5	GEB1/IO145PPB3
R6	IO138RSB2
R7	IO127RSB2
R8	IO123RSB2
R9	IO118RSB2
R10	IO111RSB2
R11	IO106RSB2
R12	IO103RSB2
R13	IO97RSB2
R14	IO95RSB2

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO10RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO44RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO69RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO76RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO77RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO224PDB3
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO13RSB0
B6	IO26RSB0
B7	IO35RSB0
B8	IO60RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO74RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO75RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV1
C1	IO224NDB3
C2	GFA2/IO206PPB3
C3	GAC2/IO223PDB3
C4	VCC
C5	IO16RSB0
C6	IO29RSB0
C7	IO32RSB0
C8	IO63RSB0
C9	IO66RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO78PDB1
C11	IO78NDB1
C12	GBC2/IO80PPB1

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
D1	IO213PDB3
D2	IO213NDB3
D3	IO223NDB3
D4	GAA2/IO225PPB3
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO72RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO73RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO79PDB1
D10	IO79NDB1
D11	IO80NPB1
D12	GCB1/IO92PPB1
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO209NDB3
E3	GFC1/IO209PDB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	IO225NPB3
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO91PDB1
E9	VCCIB1
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO93NDB1
E12	IO94NDB1
F1	GFB0/IO208NPB3
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO208PPB3
F4	IO206NPB3
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO91NDB1
F9	GCB0/IO92NPB1
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO93PDB1
F12	GCA2/IO94PDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
G1	GFA1/IO207PPB3
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO207NPB3
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO111PPB1
G9	IO96NDB1
G10	GCC2/IO96PDB1
G11	IO95NDB1
G12	GCB2/IO95PDB1
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO205PDB3
H3	GFC2/IO204PSB3
H4	GEC1/IO190PDB3
H5	VCC
H6	IO105PDB1
H7	IO105NDB1
H8	GDB2/IO115RSB2
H9	GDC0/IO111NPB1
H10	VCCIB1
H11	IO101PSB1
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO189PDB3
J2	IO205NDB3
J3	VCCIB3
J4	GEC0/IO190NDB3
J5	IO160RSB2
J6	IO157RSB2
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO114RSB2
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO113PDB1
J12	GDB1/IO112PDB1

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
G5	IO151UDB3
G6	GAC2/IO153UDB3
G7	IO06RSB0
G8	GNDQ
G9	IO10RSB0
G10	IO19RSB0
G11	IO26RSB0
G12	IO30RSB0
G13	IO40RSB0
G14	IO46RSB0
G15	GNDQ
G16	IO47RSB0
G17	GBB2/IO61PPB1
G18	IO53RSB0
G19	IO63NDB1
G20	NC
G21	NC
G22	NC
H1	NC
H2	NC
H3	VCC
H4	IO150PDB3
H5	IO08RSB0
H6	IO153VDB3
H7	IO152VDB3
H8	VMV0
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO25RSB0
H12	IO31RSB0
H13	VCCIB0
H14	VCCIB0
H15	VMV1
H16	GBC2/IO62PDB1
H17	IO65RSB1
H18	IO52RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
Y7	NC
Y8	VCC
Y9	VCC
Y10	NC
Y11	NC
Y12	NC
Y13	NC
Y14	VCC
Y15	VCC
Y16	NC
Y17	NC
Y18	GND
Y19	NC
Y20	NC
Y21	NC
Y22	VCCIB1

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
C21	NC
C22	VCCIB1
D1	NC
D2	NC
D3	NC
D4	GND
D5	GAA0/IO00RSB0
D6	GAA1/IO01RSB0
D7	GAB0/IO02RSB0
D8	IO11RSB0
D9	IO16RSB0
D10	IO18RSB0
D11	IO28RSB0
D12	IO34RSB0
D13	IO37RSB0
D14	IO41RSB0
D15	IO43RSB0
D16	GBB1/IO57RSB0
D17	GBA0/IO58RSB0
D18	GBA1/IO59RSB0
D19	GND
D20	NC
D21	NC
D22	NC
E1	NC
E2	NC
E3	GND
E4	GAB2/IO173PDB3
E5	GAA2/IO174PDB3
E6	GNDQ
E7	GAB1/IO03RSB0
E8	IO13RSB0
E9	IO14RSB0
E10	IO21RSB0
E11	IO27RSB0
E12	IO32RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
N17	IO100NPB1
N18	IO102NDB1
N19	IO102PDB1
N20	NC
N21	IO101NPB1
N22	IO103PDB1
P1	NC
P2	IO199PDB3
P3	IO199NDB3
P4	IO202NDB3
P5	IO202PDB3
P6	IO196PPB3
P7	IO193PPB3
P8	VCCIB3
P9	GND
P10	VCC
P11	VCC
P12	VCC
P13	VCC
P14	GND
P15	VCCIB1
P16	GDB0/IO112NPB1
P17	IO106NDB1
P18	IO106PDB1
P19	IO107PDB1
P20	NC
P21	IO104PDB1
P22	IO103NDB1
R1	NC
R2	IO197PPB3
R3	VCC
R4	IO197NPB3
R5	IO196NPB3
R6	IO193NPB3
R7	GEC0/IO190NPB3
R8	VMV3

Revision / Version	Changes	Page
Revision 18 (Nov 2009)	The version changed to v2.0 for IGLOO datasheet chapters, indicating the datasheet contains information based on final characterization. Please review the datasheet carefully as most tables were updated with new data.	N/A
Revision 17 (Sep 2009) Product Brief v1.6	The "Reprogrammable Flash Technology" section was modified to add "250 MHz (1.5 V systems) and 160 MHz (1.2 V systems) System Performance."	I
	"IGLOO Ordering Information" was revised to note that halogen-free packages are available with RoHS-compliant packaging.	III
	Table 1-1 • I/O Standards Supported is new.	1-7
	The definitions of hot-swap and cold-sparing were added to the "I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards" section.	1-7
Revision 16 (Apr 2009) Product Brief v1.5	M1AGL400 is no longer offered and was removed from the "IGLOO Devices" product table, "IGLOO Ordering Information", and "Temperature Grade Offerings".	I, III, IV
	The –F speed grade is no longer offered for IGLOO devices. The speed grade column and note regarding –F speed grade were removed from "IGLOO Ordering Information". The "Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix" section was removed.	III, IV
	This datasheet now has fully characterized data and has moved from being Advance to a Production version. The version number changed from Advance v0.5 to v2.0. Please review the datasheet carefully as most tables were updated with new data.	N/A
DC and Switching Characteristics Advance v0.6	3.3 V LVCMOS and 1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range support was added to the datasheet. This affects all tables that contained 3.3 V LVCMOS and 1.2 V LVCMOS data.	
	I_{IL} and I_{IH} input leakage current information was added to all "Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels" tables.	N/A
	–F was removed from the datasheet. The speed grade is no longer supported.	N/A
	The notes in Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1 were updated.	2-2
	Table 2-4 • Overshoot and Undershoot Limits 1 was updated.	2-3
	Table 2-5 • Package Thermal Resistivities was updated.	2-6
	Table 2-6 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays (normalized to $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$) and Table 2-7 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays (normalized to $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$) were updated.	2-7
	In Table 2-191 • RAM4K9 and Table 2-193 • RAM4K9, the following specifications were removed: t_{WRO} t_{CCKH}	2-122 and 2-124
	In Table 2-192 • RAM512X18 and Table 2-194 • RAM512X18, the following specifications were removed: t_{WRO} t_{CCKH}	2-123 and 2-125
Revision 15 (Feb 2009) Packaging v1.9	The "QN132" pin table for the AGL060 device is new.	4-31