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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	13824
Total RAM Bits	110592
Number of I/O	177
Number of Gates	600000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/agl600v2-fgg256t

Wide Range I/O Support

IGLOO devices support JEDEC-defined wide range I/O operation. IGLOO devices support both the JESD8-B specification, covering 3 V and 3.3 V supplies, for an effective operating range of 2.7 V to 3.6 V, and JESD8-12 with its 1.2 V nominal, supporting an effective operating range of 1.14 V to 1.575 V.

Wider I/O range means designers can eliminate power supplies or power conditioning components from the board or move to less costly components with greater tolerances. Wide range eases I/O bank management and provides enhanced protection from system voltage spikes, while providing the flexibility to easily run custom voltage applications.

Specifying I/O States During Programming

You can modify the I/O states during programming in FlashPro. In FlashPro, this feature is supported for PDB files generated from Designer v8.5 or greater. See the *FlashPro User Guide* for more information.

Note: PDB files generated from Designer v8.1 to Designer v8.4 (including all service packs) have limited display of Pin Numbers only.

1. Load a PDB from the FlashPro GUI. You must have a PDB loaded to modify the I/O states during programming.
2. From the FlashPro GUI, click PDB Configuration. A FlashPoint – Programming File Generator window appears.
3. Click the Specify I/O States During Programming button to display the Specify I/O States During Programming dialog box.
4. Sort the pins as desired by clicking any of the column headers to sort the entries by that header. Select the I/Os you wish to modify (Figure 1-5 on page 1-9).
5. Set the I/O Output State. You can set Basic I/O settings if you want to use the default I/O settings for your pins, or use Custom I/O settings to customize the settings for each pin. Basic I/O state settings:

1 – I/O is set to drive out logic High

0 – I/O is set to drive out logic Low

Last Known State – I/O is set to the last value that was driven out prior to entering the programming mode, and then held at that value during programming

Z -Tri-State: I/O is tristated

User I/O Characteristics

Timing Model

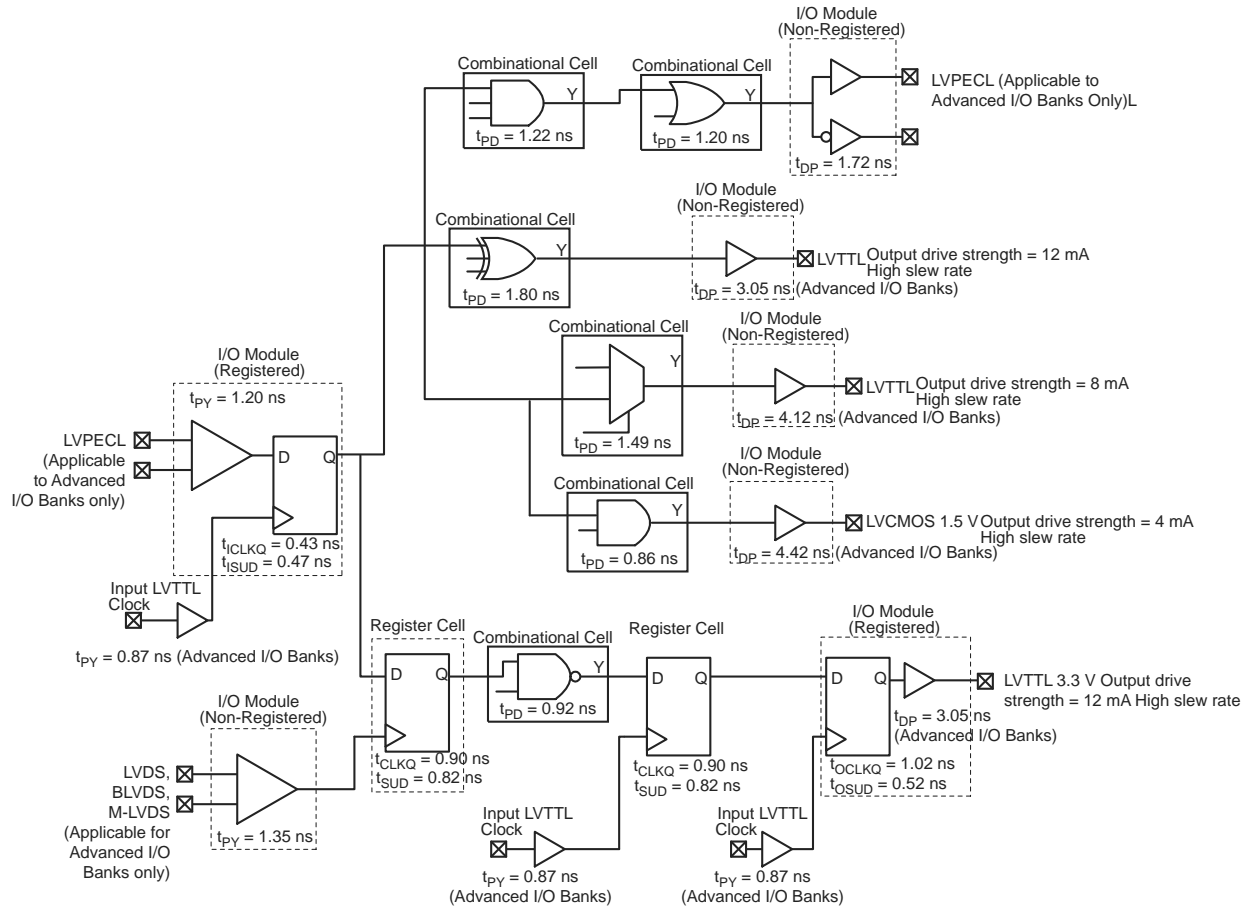


Figure 2-3 • Timing Model

Operating Conditions: Std. Speed, Commercial Temperature Range ($T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$), Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425$ V, for DC 1.5 V Core Voltage, Applicable to V2 and V5 Devices

Table 2-49 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VO _L	VO _H	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	2	25	27	10	10
4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	4	4	25	27	10	10
6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	6	6	51	54	10	10
8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8	51	54	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

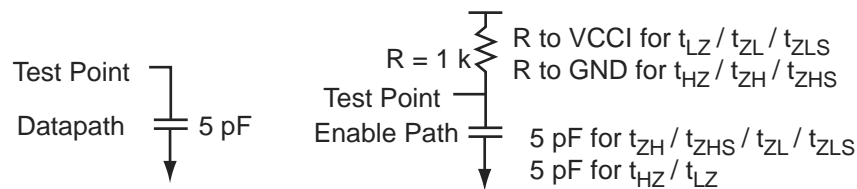


Figure 2-7 • AC Loading

Table 2-50 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	3.3	1.4	5

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-29 on page 2-28 for a complete table of trip points.

Table 2-92 • 2.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Plus Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	2.91	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.95	2.66	2.50	2.72	8.74	8.45	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	2.91	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.95	2.66	2.50	2.72	8.74	8.45	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.51	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.54	2.18	2.75	3.21	8.33	7.97	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.51	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.54	2.18	2.75	3.21	8.33	7.97	ns
12 mA	Std.	1.55	2.29	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.32	1.94	2.94	3.52	8.10	7.73	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-93 • 2.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	4.85	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.93	4.55	2.13	2.24	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	4.85	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.93	4.55	2.13	2.24	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	4.09	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.16	3.95	2.38	2.71	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	4.09	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.16	3.95	2.38	2.71	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-94 • 2.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	2.76	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.80	2.52	2.13	2.32	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	2.76	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.80	2.52	2.13	2.32	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.39	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.42	2.05	2.38	2.80	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.39	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.42	2.05	2.38	2.80	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V LVCMOS (JESD8-12A)

Low-Voltage CMOS for 1.2 V complies with the LVCMOS standard JESD8-12A for general purpose 1.2 V applications. It uses a 1.2 V input buffer and a push-pull output buffer. Furthermore, all LVCMOS 1.2 V software macros comply with LVCMOS 1.2 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-12A specification.

Table 2-127 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

1.2 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSH	IOSL	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	−0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.26	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	2	2	20	26	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-128 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

1.2 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	I _{OL}	IOH	IOSH	IOSL	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	−0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.26	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	2	2	20	26	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-129 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

1.2 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSH	IOSL	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
1 mA	−0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	1	1	20	26	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-156 • Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
t _{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	HH, DOUT
t _{OSUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t _{OHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t _{OSUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t _{OHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t _{OCLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	LL, DOUT
t _{OREMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
t _{ORECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
t _{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	HH, EOUT
t _{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t _{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t _{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
t _{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
t _{OCLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	II, EOUT
t _{OREMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
t _{ORECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
t _{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	AA, EE
t _{ISUD}	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t _{IHD}	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t _{ISUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t _{IHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t _{ICLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Data Register	DD, EE
t _{IREMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA
t _{IRECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA

Note: *See Figure 2-17 on page 2-86 for more information.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Table 2-172 • Register Delays****Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{CLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Core Register	1.61	ns
t_{SUD}	Data Setup Time for the Core Register	1.17	ns
t_{HD}	Data Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t_{SUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Core Register	1.29	ns
t_{HE}	Enable Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t_{CLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Core Register	0.87	ns
t_{PRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Core Register	0.89	ns
t_{REMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t_{RECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.24	ns
t_{REMPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t_{RECPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.24	ns
t_{WCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.46	ns
t_{WPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.46	ns
t_{CKMPWH}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Core Register	0.95	ns
t_{CKMPWL}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Core Register	0.95	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Global Resource Characteristics

AGL250 Clock Tree Topology

Clock delays are device-specific. Figure 2-29 is an example of a global tree used for clock routing. The global tree presented in Figure 2-29 is driven by a CCC located on the west side of the AGL250 device. It is used to drive all D-flip-flops in the device.

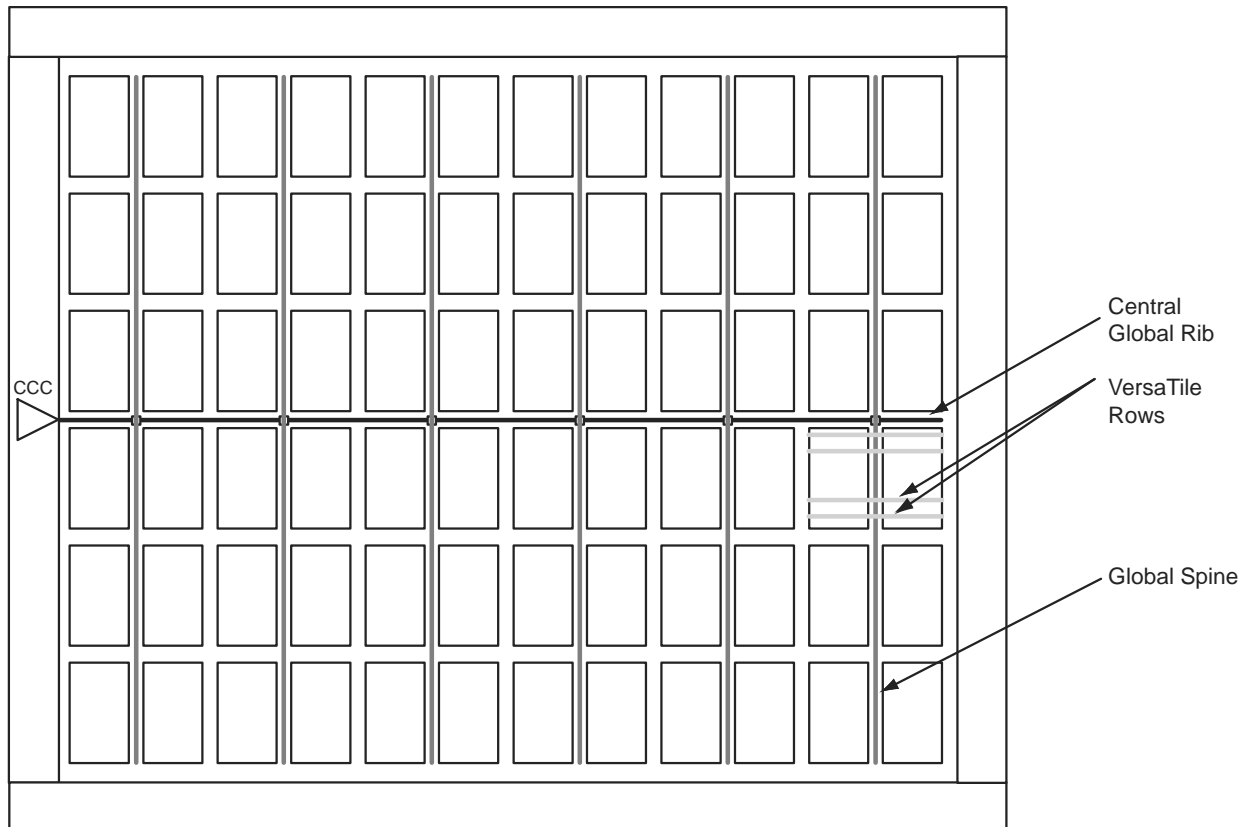


Figure 2-29 • Example of Global Tree Use in an AGL250 Device for Clock Routing

Table 2-177 • AGL250 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.39	1.73	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.41	1.84	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.43	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-178 • AGL400 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.45	1.79	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.48	1.91	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.43	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage-supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-194 • RAM512X18**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{AS}	Address setup time	1.53	ns
t_{AH}	Address hold time	0.29	ns
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN setup time	1.36	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN hold time	0.15	ns
t_{DS}	Input data (WD) setup time	1.33	ns
t_{DH}	Input data (WD) hold time	0.66	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to new data valid on RD (output retained)	7.88	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to new data valid on RD (pipelined)	3.20	ns
t_{C2CRWH}^1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable read access after write on same address – Applicable to Opening Edge	0.87	ns
t_{C2CWRH}^1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write access after read on same address – Applicable to Opening Edge	1.04	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to data out Low on RD (flow through)	3.86	ns
	RESET Low to data out Low on RD (pipelined)	3.86	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET removal	1.12	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET recovery	5.93	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET minimum pulse width	1.18	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock cycle time	10.90	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency	92	MHz

Notes:

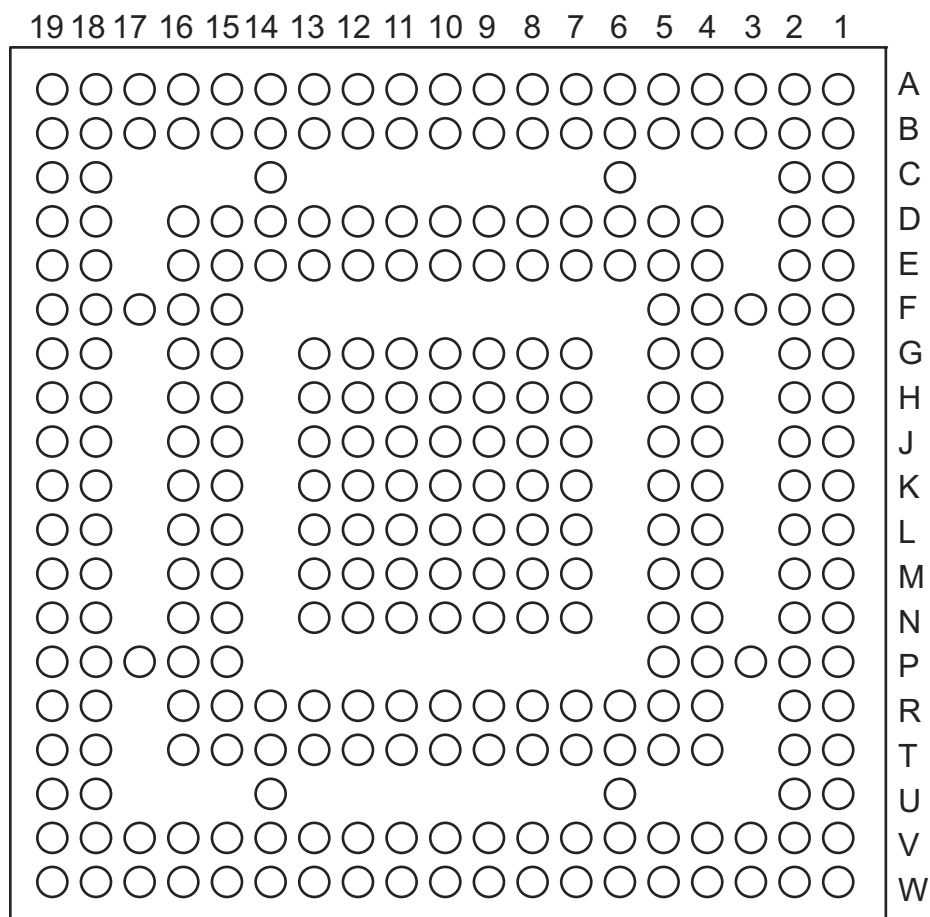
1. For more information, refer to the application note Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

UC81	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
A1	IO00RSB0
A2	IO02RSB0
A3	IO06RSB0
A4	IO11RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	IO19RSB0
A7	IO22RSB0
A8	IO24RSB0
A9	IO26RSB0
B1	IO81RSB1
B2	IO04RSB0
B3	IO10RSB0
B4	IO13RSB0
B5	IO15RSB0
B6	IO20RSB0
B7	IO21RSB0
B8	IO28RSB0
B9	IO25RSB0
C1	IO79RSB1
C2	IO80RSB1
C3	IO08RSB0
C4	IO12RSB0
C5	IO17RSB0
C6	IO14RSB0
C7	IO18RSB0
C8	IO29RSB0
C9	IO27RSB0
D1	IO74RSB1
D2	IO76RSB1
D3	IO77RSB1
D4	VCC
D5	VCCIB0
D6	GND
D7	IO23RSB0
D8	IO31RSB0
D9	IO30RSB0

UC81	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
E1	GEB0/IO71RSB1
E2	GEA0/IO72RSB1
E3	GEC0/IO73RSB1
E4	VCCIB1
E5	VCC
E6	VCCIB0
E7	GDC0/IO32RSB0
E8	GDA0/IO33RSB0
E9	GDB0/IO34RSB0
F1	IO68RSB1
F2	IO67RSB1
F3	IO64RSB1
F4	GND
F5	VCCIB1
F6	IO47RSB1
F7	IO36RSB0
F8	IO38RSB0
F9	IO40RSB0
G1	IO65RSB1
G2	IO66RSB1
G3	IO57RSB1
G4	IO53RSB1
G5	IO49RSB1
G6	IO45RSB1
G7	IO46RSB1
G8	VJTAG
G9	TRST
H1	IO62RSB1
H2	FF/IO60RSB1
H3	IO58RSB1
H4	IO54RSB1
H5	IO48RSB1
H6	IO43RSB1
H7	IO42RSB1
H8	TDI
H9	TDO

UC81	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
J1	IO63RSB1
J2	IO61RSB1
J3	IO59RSB1
J4	IO56RSB1
J5	IO52RSB1
J6	IO44RSB1
J7	TCK
J8	TMS
J9	VPUMP

CS281



Note: This is the bottom view of the package.

Note

For more information on package drawings, see *PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings*.

CS281	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
H8	VCC
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCC
H11	VCCIB0
H12	VCC
H13	VCCIB1
H15	IO68NPB1
H16	GCB0/IO70NPB1
H18	GCA1/IO71PPB1
H19	GCA2/IO72PPB1
J1	VCOMPLF
J2	GFA0/IO162NDB3
J4	VCCPLF
J5	GFC0/IO164NPB3
J7	GFA2/IO161PDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	VCCIB1
J13	GCC1/IO69PPB1
J15	GCA0/IO71NPB1
J16	GCB2/IO73PPB1
J18	IO72NPB1
J19	IO75PSB1
K1	VCCIB3
K2	GFA1/IO162PDB3
K4	GND
K5	IO159NPB3
K7	IO161NDB3
K8	VCC
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	VCC
K13	GCC2/IO74PPB1

CS281	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
K15	IO73NPB1
K16	GND
K18	IO74NPB1
K19	VCCIB1
L1	GFB2/IO160PDB3
L2	IO160NDB3
L4	GFC2/IO159PPB3
L5	IO153PPB3
L7	IO153NPB3
L8	VCCIB3
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	IO76PPB1
L15	IO76NPB1
L16	IO77PPB1
L18	IO78NPB1
L19	IO77NPB1
M1	IO158PDB3
M2	IO158NDB3
M4	IO154NPB3
M5	IO152PPB3
M7	VCCIB3
M8	VCC
M9	VCCIB2
M10	VCC
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VCC
M13	VCCIB1
M15	IO79NPB1
M16	IO81NPB1
M18	IO79PPB1
M19	IO78PPB1
N1	IO154PPB3
N2	IO152NPB3

CS281	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
N4	IO150PPB3
N5	IO148NPB3
N7	GEA2/IO143RSB2
N8	VCCIB2
N9	IO117RSB2
N10	IO115RSB2
N11	IO114RSB2
N12	VCCIB2
N13	VPUMP
N15	IO82PPB1
N16	IO85PPB1
N18	IO82NPB1
N19	IO81PPB1
P1	IO151PDB3
P2	GND
P3	IO151NDB3
P4	IO149PPB3
P5	GEA0/IO144NPB3
P15	IO83NDB1
P16	IO83PDB1
P17	GDC1/IO86PPB1
P18	GND
P19	IO85NPB1
R1	IO150NPB3
R2	IO149NPB3
R4	GEC1/IO146PPB3
R5	GEB1/IO145PPB3
R6	IO138RSB2
R7	IO127RSB2
R8	IO123RSB2
R9	IO118RSB2
R10	IO111RSB2
R11	IO106RSB2
R12	IO103RSB2
R13	IO97RSB2
R14	IO95RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	VCCIB0
A4	NC
A5	NC
A6	IO15RSB0
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	NC
A9	NC
A10	IO23RSB0
A11	IO29RSB0
A12	IO35RSB0
A13	IO36RSB0
A14	NC
A15	NC
A16	IO50RSB0
A17	IO51RSB0
A18	NC
A19	NC
A20	VCCIB0
A21	GND
A22	GND
AA1	GND
AA2	VCCIB3
AA3	NC
AA4	NC
AA5	NC
AA6	NC
AA7	NC
AA8	NC
AA9	NC
AA10	NC
AA11	NC
AA12	NC
AA13	NC
AA14	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
E13	IO38RSB0
E14	IO42RSB0
E15	GBC1/IO55RSB0
E16	GBB0/IO56RSB0
E17	IO44RSB0
E18	GBA2/IO60PDB1
E19	IO60NDB1
E20	GND
E21	NC
E22	NC
F1	NC
F2	NC
F3	NC
F4	IO154VDB3
F5	IO155VDB3
F6	IO11RSB0
F7	IO07RSB0
F8	GAC0/IO04RSB0
F9	GAC1/IO05RSB0
F10	IO20RSB0
F11	IO24RSB0
F12	IO33RSB0
F13	IO39RSB0
F14	IO45RSB0
F15	GBC0/IO54RSB0
F16	IO48RSB0
F17	VMV0
F18	IO61NPB1
F19	IO63PDB1
F20	NC
F21	NC
F22	NC
G1	NC
G2	NC
G3	NC
G4	IO151VDB3

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
V15	IO85RSB2
V16	GDB2/IO81RSB2
V17	TDI
V18	NC
V19	TDO
V20	GND
V21	NC
V22	NC
W1	NC
W2	NC
W3	NC
W4	GND
W5	IO126RSB2
W6	FF/GEB2/IO133RSB2
W7	IO124RSB2
W8	IO116RSB2
W9	IO113RSB2
W10	IO107RSB2
W11	IO105RSB2
W12	IO102RSB2
W13	IO97RSB2
W14	IO92RSB2
W15	GDC2/IO82RSB2
W16	IO86RSB2
W17	GDA2/IO80RSB2
W18	TMS
W19	GND
W20	NC
W21	NC
W22	NC
Y1	VCCIB3
Y2	NC
Y3	NC
Y4	NC
Y5	GND
Y6	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
E13	IO51RSB0
E14	IO57RSB0
E15	GBC1/IO73RSB0
E16	GBB0/IO74RSB0
E17	IO71RSB0
E18	GBA2/IO78PDB1
E19	IO81PDB1
E20	GND
E21	NC
E22	IO84PDB1
F1	NC
F2	IO215PDB3
F3	IO215NDB3
F4	IO224NDB3
F5	IO225NDB3
F6	VMV3
F7	IO11RSB0
F8	GAC0/IO04RSB0
F9	GAC1/IO05RSB0
F10	IO25RSB0
F11	IO36RSB0
F12	IO42RSB0
F13	IO49RSB0
F14	IO56RSB0
F15	GBC0/IO72RSB0
F16	IO62RSB0
F17	VMV0
F18	IO78NDB1
F19	IO81NDB1
F20	IO82PPB1
F21	NC
F22	IO84NDB1
G1	IO214NDB3
G2	IO214PDB3
G3	NC
G4	IO222NDB3

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
H19	IO87PDB1
H20	VCC
H21	NC
H22	NC
J1	IO212NDB3
J2	IO212PDB3
J3	NC
J4	IO217NDB3
J5	IO218NDB3
J6	IO216PDB3
J7	IO216NDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	VCC
J11	VCC
J12	VCC
J13	VCC
J14	GND
J15	VCCIB1
J16	IO83NPB1
J17	IO86NPB1
J18	IO90PPB1
J19	IO87NDB1
J20	NC
J21	IO89PDB1
J22	IO89NDB1
K1	IO211PDB3
K2	IO211NDB3
K3	NC
K4	IO210PPB3
K5	IO213NDB3
K6	IO213PDB3
K7	GFC1/IO209PPB3
K8	VCCIB3
K9	VCC
K10	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
V15	IO125RSB2
V16	GDB2/IO115RSB2
V17	TDI
V18	GNDQ
V19	TDO
V20	GND
V21	NC
V22	IO109NDB1
W1	NC
W2	IO191PDB3
W3	NC
W4	GND
W5	IO183RSB2
W6	FF/GEB2/IO186RSB2
W7	IO172RSB2
W8	IO170RSB2
W9	IO164RSB2
W10	IO158RSB2
W11	IO153RSB2
W12	IO142RSB2
W13	IO135RSB2
W14	IO130RSB2
W15	GDC2/IO116RSB2
W16	IO120RSB2
W17	GDA2/IO114RSB2
W18	TMS
W19	GND
W20	NC
W21	NC
W22	NC
Y1	VCCIB3
Y2	IO191NDB3
Y3	NC
Y4	IO182RSB2
Y5	GND
Y6	IO177RSB2

Revision / Version	Changes	Page
Advance v0.7 (continued)	The former Table 2-16 • Maximum I/O Frequency for Single-Ended and Differential I/Os in All Banks in IGLOO Devices (maximum drive strength and high slew selected) was removed.	N/A
	The "During Flash*Freeze Mode" section was updated to include information about the output of the I/O to the FPGA core.	2-57
	Table 2-31 • Flash*Freeze Pin Location in IGLOO Family Packages (device-independent) was updated to add UC81 and CS281. Flash*Freeze pins were assigned for CS81, CS121, and CS196.	2-61
	Figure 2-40 • Flash*Freeze Mode Type 2 – Timing Diagram was updated to modify the LSICC Signal.	2-55
	Information regarding calculation of the quiescent supply current was added to the "Quiescent Supply Current" section.	3-6
	Table 3-8 • Quiescent Supply Current (I_{DD}) Characteristics, IGLOO Flash*Freeze Mode [†] was updated.	3-6
	Table 3-9 • Quiescent Supply Current (I_{DD}) Characteristics, IGLOO Sleep Mode ($V_{CC} = 0\text{ V}$) [†] was updated.	3-6
	Table 3-11 • Quiescent Supply Current (I_{DD}), No IGLOO Flash*Freeze Mode ¹ was updated.	3-7
	Table 3-115 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels was updated.	3-58
	Table 3-156 • JTAG 1532 was updated and Table 3-155 • JTAG 1532 is new.	3-104
	The "121-Pin CSP" and "281-Pin CSP" packages are new.	4-5, 4-7
	The "81-Pin CSP" table for the AGL030 device was updated to change the G6 pin function to IO44RSB1 and the JG pin function to IO45RSB1.	4-4
	The "121-Pin CSP" table for the AGL060 device is new.	4-6
	The "256-Pin FBGA" table for the AGL1000 device is new.	4-34
	The "281-Pin CSP" table for the AGL 600 device is new.	4-8
	The "100-Pin VQFP" table for the AGL060 device is new.	4-18
	The "144-Pin FBGA" table for the AGL250 device is new.	4-24
	The "144-Pin FBGA" table for the AGL1000 device is new.	4-28
	The "484-Pin FBGA" table for the AGL600 device is new.	4-38
	The "484-Pin FBGA" table for the AGL1000 device is new.	4-43
Advance v0.6 (November 2007)	Table 1 • IGLOO Product Family, the "I/Os Per Package ¹ " table, and the "IGLOO Ordering Information", and the Temperature Grade Offerings table were updated to add the UC81 package.	i, ii, iii, iv
	The "81-Pin μ CSP" table for the AGL030 device is new.	4-3
	The "81-Pin CSP" table for the AGL030 device is new.	4-1
Advance v0.5 (September 2007)	Table 1 • IGLOO Product Family was updated for AGL030 in the Package Pins section to change CS181 to CS81.	i