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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	13824
Total RAM Bits	110592
Number of I/O	235
Number of Gates	600000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/agl600v2-fgg484

Combinatorial Cells Contribution— P_{C-CELL}

$$P_{C-CELL} = N_{C-CELL} * \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC7} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{C-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in Table 2-23 on page 2-19.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Routing Net Contribution— P_{NET}

$$P_{NET} = (N_{S-CELL} + N_{C-CELL}) * \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC8} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{S-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

N_{C-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in Table 2-23 on page 2-19.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Input Buffer Contribution— P_{INPUTS}

$$P_{INPUTS} = N_{INPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * P_{AC9} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{INPUTS} is the number of I/O input buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in Table 2-23 on page 2-19.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Output Buffer Contribution— $P_{OUTPUTS}$

$$P_{OUTPUTS} = N_{OUTPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * \beta_1 * P_{AC10} * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{OUTPUTS}$ is the number of I/O output buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in Table 2-23 on page 2-19.

β_1 is the I/O buffer enable rate—guidelines are provided in Table 2-24 on page 2-19.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

RAM Contribution— P_{MEMORY}

$$P_{MEMORY} = P_{AC11} * N_{BLOCKS} * F_{READ-CLOCK} * \beta_2 + P_{AC12} * N_{BLOCK} * F_{WRITE-CLOCK} * \beta_3$$

N_{BLOCKS} is the number of RAM blocks used in the design.

$F_{READ-CLOCK}$ is the memory read clock frequency.

β_2 is the RAM enable rate for read operations.

$F_{WRITE-CLOCK}$ is the memory write clock frequency.

β_3 is the RAM enable rate for write operations—guidelines are provided in Table 2-24 on page 2-19.

PLL Contribution— P_{PLL}

$$P_{PLL} = P_{DC4} + P_{AC13} * F_{CLKOUT}$$

F_{CLKOUT} is the output clock frequency.[†]

[†] If a PLL is used to generate more than one output clock, include each output clock in the formula by adding its corresponding contribution ($P_{AC13} * F_{CLKOUT}$ product) to the total PLL contribution.

Single-Ended I/O Characteristics

3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS

Low-Voltage Transistor–Transistor Logic (LVTTTL) is a general-purpose standard (EIA/JESD) for 3.3 V applications. It uses an LVTTTL input buffer and push-pull output buffer. Furthermore, all LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros comply with LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8a specification.

Table 2-47 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	2	25	27	10	10
4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	4	4	25	27	10	10
6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	6	6	51	54	10	10
8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8	51	54	10	10
12 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	12	12	103	109	10	10
16 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	16	16	132	127	10	10
24 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	24	24	268	181	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-48 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		V _{OL}	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	2	25	27	10	10
4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	4	4	25	27	10	10
6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	6	6	51	54	10	10
8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8	51	54	10	10
12 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	12	12	103	109	10	10
16 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	16	16	103	109	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-54 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Plus Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	2.32	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.37	1.90	1.98	2.13	5.96	5.49	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	2.32	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.37	1.90	1.98	2.13	5.96	5.49	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	1.94	0.18	0.85	0.66	1.99	1.57	2.20	2.53	5.58	5.16	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	1.94	0.18	0.85	0.66	1.99	1.57	2.20	2.53	5.58	5.16	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	1.75	0.18	0.85	0.66	1.79	1.40	2.36	2.79	5.38	4.99	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.97	1.75	0.18	0.85	0.66	1.79	1.40	2.36	2.79	5.38	4.99	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-55 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	3.80	0.18	0.83	0.66	3.88	3.41	1.74	1.78	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	3.80	0.18	0.83	0.66	3.88	3.41	1.74	1.78	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	3.15	0.18	0.83	0.66	3.21	2.94	1.96	2.17	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	3.15	0.18	0.83	0.66	3.21	2.94	1.96	2.17	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-56 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	2.19	0.18	0.83	0.66	2.24	1.79	1.74	1.87	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	2.19	0.18	0.83	0.66	2.24	1.79	1.74	1.87	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	1.85	0.18	0.83	0.66	1.89	1.46	1.96	2.26	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	1.85	0.18	0.83	0.66	1.89	1.46	1.96	2.26	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-92 • 2.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V****Applicable to Standard Plus Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	2.91	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.95	2.66	2.50	2.72	8.74	8.45	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	2.91	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.95	2.66	2.50	2.72	8.74	8.45	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.51	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.54	2.18	2.75	3.21	8.33	7.97	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.51	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.54	2.18	2.75	3.21	8.33	7.97	ns
12 mA	Std.	1.55	2.29	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.32	1.94	2.94	3.52	8.10	7.73	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-93 • 2.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V****Applicable to Standard Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	4.85	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.93	4.55	2.13	2.24	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	4.85	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.93	4.55	2.13	2.24	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	4.09	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.16	3.95	2.38	2.71	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	4.09	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.16	3.95	2.38	2.71	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-94 • 2.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V****Applicable to Standard Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	2.76	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.80	2.52	2.13	2.32	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	2.76	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.80	2.52	2.13	2.32	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.39	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.42	2.05	2.38	2.80	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.39	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.42	2.05	2.38	2.80	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-107 • 1.8 V LVC MOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V****Applicable to Standard Plus Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	6.32	0.26	1.11	1.10	6.43	5.81	2.47	2.16	12.22	11.60	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	5.27	0.26	1.11	1.10	5.35	5.01	2.78	2.92	11.14	10.79	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	4.56	0.26	1.11	1.10	4.64	4.44	3.00	3.30	10.42	10.22	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	4.56	0.26	1.11	1.10	4.64	4.44	3.00	3.30	10.42	10.22	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-108 • 1.8 V LVC MOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V****Applicable to Standard Plus Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	3.22	0.26	1.11	1.10	3.26	3.18	2.47	2.20	9.05	8.97	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	2.72	0.26	1.11	1.10	2.75	2.50	2.78	3.01	8.54	8.29	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.43	0.26	1.11	1.10	2.47	2.16	2.99	3.39	8.25	7.94	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.43	0.26	1.11	1.10	2.47	2.16	2.99	3.39	8.25	7.94	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-109 • 1.8 V LVC MOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V****Applicable to Standard Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	6.13	0.26	1.08	1.10	6.24	5.79	2.08	1.78	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	5.17	0.26	1.08	1.10	5.26	4.98	2.38	2.54	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-110 • 1.8 V LVC MOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V****Applicable to Standard Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	3.06	0.26	1.08	1.10	3.10	3.01	2.08	1.83	3.06	ns
4 mA	Std.	2.60	0.26	1.08	1.10	2.64	2.33	2.38	2.62	2.60	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-151 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

DC Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage	3.0		3.3		3.6		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	0.96	1.27	1.06	1.43	1.30	1.57	V
VOH	Output High Voltage	1.8	2.11	1.92	2.28	2.13	2.41	V
VIL, VIH	Input Low, Input High Voltages	0	3.6	0	3.6	0	3.6	V
V _{ODIFF}	Differential Output Voltage	0.625	0.97	0.625	0.97	0.625	0.97	V
V _{OCM}	Output Common-Mode Voltage	1.762	1.98	1.762	1.98	1.762	1.98	V
V _{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage	1.01	2.57	1.01	2.57	1.01	2.57	V
V _{IDIFF}	Input Differential Voltage	300		300		300		mV

Table 2-152 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)
1.64	1.94	Cross point

Note: *Measuring point = V_{trip}. See Table 2-28 on page 2-104 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-153 • LVPECL – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Applicable to Standard Banks

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	Units
Std.	0.97	1.67	0.19	1.16	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-154 • LVPECL – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Applicable to Standard Banks

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	Units
Std.	1.55	2.24	0.25	1.37	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-156 • Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
t_{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	HH, DOUT
t_{OSUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t_{OHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t_{OSUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t_{OHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t_{OCLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	LL, DOUT
$t_{OREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	HH, EOUT
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	II, EOUT
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
$t_{OERCCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
t_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	AA, EE
t_{ISUD}	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t_{IHD}	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t_{ISUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t_{IHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t_{ICLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Data Register	DD, EE
$t_{IREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA
$t_{IRECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA

Note: *See Figure 2-17 on page 2-86 for more information.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Table 2-168 • Output DDR Propagation Delays****Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{DDROCLKQ}	Clock-to-Out of DDR for Output DDR	1.60	ns
t_{DDROSUD1}	Data_F Data Setup for Output DDR	1.09	ns
t_{DDROSUD2}	Data_R Data Setup for Output DDR	1.16	ns
t_{DDROHD1}	Data_F Data Hold for Output DDR	0.00	ns
t_{DDROHD2}	Data_R Data Hold for Output DDR	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDROCLR2Q}}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out for Output DDR	1.99	ns
$t_{\text{DDROREMCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Output DDR	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDRORECCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Output DDR	0.24	ns
$t_{\text{DDROWCLR1}}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Output DDR	0.19	ns
$t_{\text{DDROCKMPWH}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output DDR	0.31	ns
$t_{\text{DDROCKMPWL}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output DDR	0.28	ns
F_{DDOMAX}	Maximum Frequency for the Output DDR	160.00	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-185 • AGL250 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.11	2.57	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.19	2.81	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.62	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-186 • AGL400 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.18	2.64	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.27	2.89	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.62	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

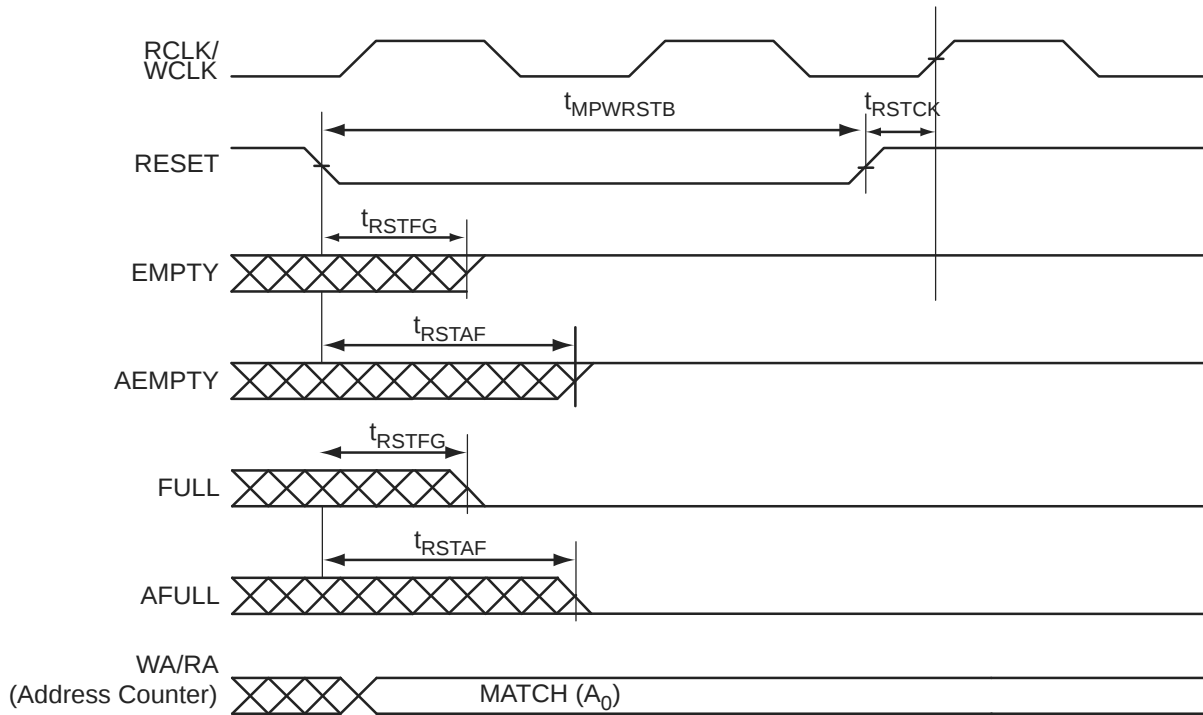


Figure 2-40 • FIFO Reset

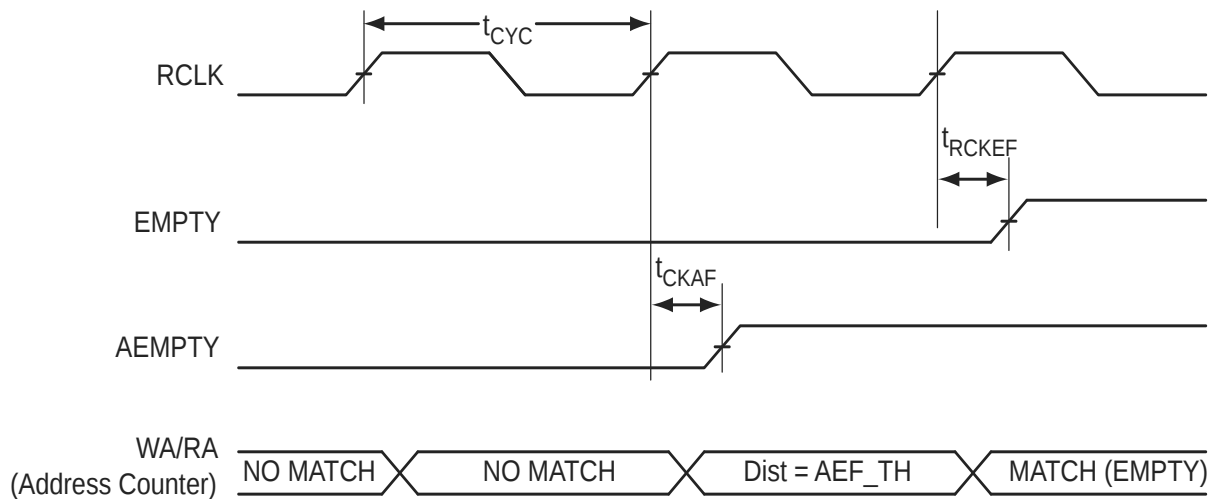


Figure 2-41 • FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Assertion

VJTAG**JTAG Supply Voltage**

Low power flash devices have a separate bank for the dedicated JTAG pins. The JTAG pins can be run at any voltage from 1.5 V to 3.3 V (nominal). Isolating the JTAG power supply in a separate I/O bank gives greater flexibility in supply selection and simplifies power supply and PCB design. If the JTAG interface is neither used nor planned for use, the VJTAG pin together with the TRST pin could be tied to GND. It should be noted that VCC is required to be powered for JTAG operation; VJTAG alone is insufficient. If a device is in a JTAG chain of interconnected boards, the board containing the device can be powered down, provided both VJTAG and VCC to the part remain powered; otherwise, JTAG signals will not be able to transition the device, even in bypass mode.

Microsemi recommends that VPUMP and VJTAG power supplies be kept separate with independent filtering capacitors rather than supplying them from a common rail.

VPUMP**Programming Supply Voltage**

IGLOO devices support single-voltage ISP of the configuration flash and FlashROM. For programming, VPUMP should be 3.3 V nominal. During normal device operation, VPUMP can be left floating or can be tied (pulled up) to any voltage between 0 V and the VPUMP maximum. Programming power supply voltage (VPUMP) range is listed in the datasheet.

When the VPUMP pin is tied to ground, it will shut off the charge pump circuitry, resulting in no sources of oscillation from the charge pump circuitry.

For proper programming, 0.01 μ F and 0.33 μ F capacitors (both rated at 16 V) are to be connected in parallel across VPUMP and GND, and positioned as close to the FPGA pins as possible.

Microsemi recommends that VPUMP and VJTAG power supplies be kept separate with independent filtering capacitors rather than supplying them from a common rail.

User Pins

I/O**User Input/Output**

The I/O pin functions as an input, output, tristate, or bidirectional buffer. Input and output signal levels are compatible with the I/O standard selected.

During programming, I/Os become tristated and weakly pulled up to VCCI. With VCCI, VMV, and VCC supplies continuously powered up, when the device transitions from programming to operating mode, the I/Os are instantly configured to the desired user configuration.

Unused I/Os are configured as follows:

- Output buffer is disabled (with tristate value of high impedance)
- Input buffer is disabled (with tristate value of high impedance)
- Weak pull-up is programmed

GL**Globals**

GL I/Os have access to certain clock conditioning circuitry (and the PLL) and/or have direct access to the global network (spines). Additionally, the global I/Os can be used as regular I/Os, since they have identical capabilities. Unused GL pins are configured as inputs with pull-up resistors.

See more detailed descriptions of global I/O connectivity in the "Clock Conditioning Circuits in Low Power Flash Devices and Mixed Signal FPGAs" chapter of the *IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide*. All inputs labeled GC/GF are direct inputs into the quadrant clocks. For example, if GAA0 is used for an input, GAA1 and GAA2 are no longer available for input to the quadrant globals. All inputs labeled GC/GF are direct inputs into the chip-level globals, and the rest are connected to the quadrant globals. The inputs to the global network are multiplexed, and only one input can be used as a global input.

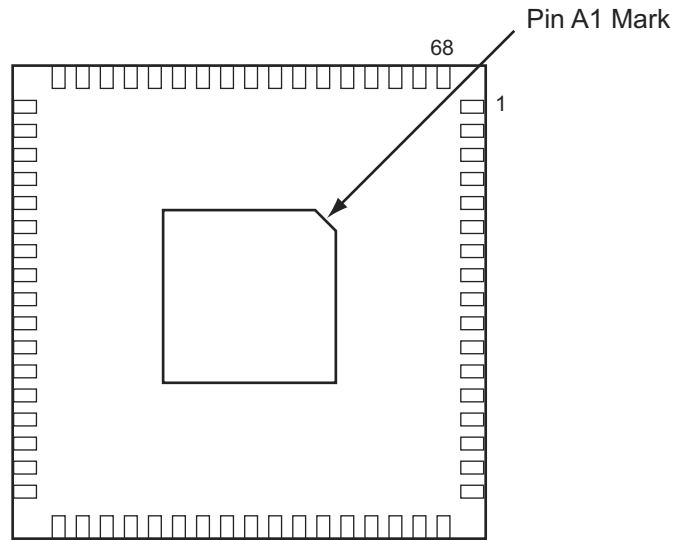
Refer to the "I/O Structures in IGLOO and ProASIC3 Devices" chapter of the *IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide* for an explanation of the naming of global pins.

FF**Flash*Freeze Mode Activation Pin**

Flash*Freeze mode is available on IGLOO devices. The FF pin is a dedicated input pin used to enter and exit Flash*Freeze mode. The FF pin is active low, has the same characteristics as a single-ended I/O, and must meet the maximum rise and fall times. When Flash*Freeze mode is not used in the design, the FF pin is available as a regular I/O.

When Flash*Freeze mode is used, the FF pin must not be left floating to avoid accidentally entering Flash*Freeze mode. While in Flash*Freeze mode, the Flash*Freeze pin should be constantly asserted.

QN68



Notes:

1. *This is the bottom view of the package.*
2. *The die attach paddle center of the package is tied to ground (GND).*

Note

For more information on package drawings, see *PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings*.

QN132	
Pin Number	AGL060 Function
C16	IO60RSB1
C17	IO57RSB1
C18	NC
C19	TCK
C20	VMV1
C21	VPUMP
C22	VJTAG
C23	VCCIB0
C24	NC
C25	NC
C26	GCA1/IO42RSB0
C27	GCC0/IO39RSB0
C28	VCCIB0
C29	IO29RSB0
C30	GNDQ
C31	GBA1/IO27RSB0
C32	GBB0/IO24RSB0
C33	VCC
C34	IO19RSB0
C35	IO16RSB0
C36	IO13RSB0
C37	GAC1/IO10RSB0
C38	NC
C39	GAA0/IO05RSB0
C40	VMV0
D1	GND
D2	GND
D3	GND
D4	GND

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL250 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO29RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO33RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO39RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO117UDB3
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO14RSB0
B6	IO19RSB0
B7	IO22RSB0
B8	IO30RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO37RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO38RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV1
C1	IO117VDB3
C2	GFA2/IO107PPB3
C3	GAC2/IO116UDB3
C4	VCC
C5	IO12RSB0
C6	IO17RSB0
C7	IO24RSB0
C8	IO31RSB0
C9	IO34RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO41PDB1
C11	IO41NDB1
C12	GBC2/IO43PPB1

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL250 Function
D1	IO112NDB3
D2	IO112PDB3
D3	IO116VDB3
D4	GAA2/IO118UPB3
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO35RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO36RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO42PDB1
D10	IO42NDB1
D11	IO43NPB1
D12	GCB1/IO49PPB1
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO110NDB3
E3	GFC1/IO110PDB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	IO118VPB3
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO48PDB1
E9	VCCIB1
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO50NDB1
E12	IO51NDB1
F1	GFB0/IO109NPB3
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO109PPB3
F4	IO107NPB3
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO48NDB1
F9	GCB0/IO49NPB1
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO50PDB1
F12	GCA2/IO51PDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL250 Function
G1	GFA1/IO108PPB3
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO108NPB3
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO58UPB1
G9	IO53NDB1
G10	GCC2/IO53PDB1
G11	IO52NDB1
G12	GCB2/IO52PDB1
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO106PDB3
H3	GFC2/IO105PSB3
H4	GEC1/IO100PDB3
H5	VCC
H6	IO79RSB2
H7	IO65RSB2
H8	GDB2/IO62RSB2
H9	GDC0/IO58VPB1
H10	VCCIB1
H11	IO54PSB1
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO99PDB3
J2	IO106NDB3
J3	VCCIB3
J4	GEC0/IO100NDB3
J5	IO88RSB2
J6	IO81RSB2
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO61RSB2
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO60UDB1
J12	GDB1/IO59UDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
K1	GEB0/IO145NDB3
K2	GEA1/IO144PDB3
K3	GEA0/IO144NDB3
K4	GEA2/IO143RSB2
K5	IO119RSB2
K6	IO111RSB2
K7	GND
K8	IO94RSB2
K9	GDC2/IO91RSB2
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO88NDB1
K12	GDB0/IO87NDB1
L1	GND
L2	VMV3
L3	FF/GEB2/IO142RSB2
L4	IO136RSB2
L5	VCCIB2
L6	IO115RSB2
L7	IO103RSB2
L8	IO97RSB2
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV2
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO141RSB2
M3	IO138RSB2
M4	IO123RSB2
M5	IO126RSB2
M6	IO134RSB2
M7	IO108RSB2
M8	IO99RSB2
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO10RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO44RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO69RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO76RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO77RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO224PDB3
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO13RSB0
B6	IO26RSB0
B7	IO35RSB0
B8	IO60RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO74RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO75RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV1
C1	IO224NDB3
C2	GFA2/IO206PPB3
C3	GAC2/IO223PDB3
C4	VCC
C5	IO16RSB0
C6	IO29RSB0
C7	IO32RSB0
C8	IO63RSB0
C9	IO66RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO78PDB1
C11	IO78NDB1
C12	GBC2/IO80PPB1

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
D1	IO213PDB3
D2	IO213NDB3
D3	IO223NDB3
D4	GAA2/IO225PPB3
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO72RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO73RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO79PDB1
D10	IO79NDB1
D11	IO80NPB1
D12	GCB1/IO92PPB1
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO209NDB3
E3	GFC1/IO209PDB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	IO225NPB3
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO91PDB1
E9	VCCIB1
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO93NDB1
E12	IO94NDB1
F1	GFB0/IO208NPB3
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO208PPB3
F4	IO206NPB3
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO91NDB1
F9	GCB0/IO92NPB1
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO93PDB1
F12	GCA2/IO94PDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
G1	GFA1/IO207PPB3
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO207NPB3
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO111PPB1
G9	IO96NDB1
G10	GCC2/IO96PDB1
G11	IO95NDB1
G12	GCB2/IO95PDB1
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO205PDB3
H3	GFC2/IO204PSB3
H4	GEC1/IO190PDB3
H5	VCC
H6	IO105PDB1
H7	IO105NDB1
H8	GDB2/IO115RSB2
H9	GDC0/IO111NPB1
H10	VCCIB1
H11	IO101PSB1
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO189PDB3
J2	IO205NDB3
J3	VCCIB3
J4	GEC0/IO190NDB3
J5	IO160RSB2
J6	IO157RSB2
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO114RSB2
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO113PDB1
J12	GDB1/IO112PDB1

FG256	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
A1	GND
A2	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A3	GAA1/IO01RSB0
A4	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	IO22RSB0
A7	IO28RSB0
A8	IO35RSB0
A9	IO45RSB0
A10	IO50RSB0
A11	IO55RSB0
A12	IO61RSB0
A13	GBB1/IO75RSB0
A14	GBA0/IO76RSB0
A15	GBA1/IO77RSB0
A16	GND
B1	GAB2/IO224PDB3
B2	GAA2/IO225PDB3
B3	GNDQ
B4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
B5	IO17RSB0
B6	IO21RSB0
B7	IO27RSB0
B8	IO34RSB0
B9	IO44RSB0
B10	IO51RSB0
B11	IO57RSB0
B12	GBC1/IO73RSB0
B13	GBB0/IO74RSB0
B14	IO71RSB0
B15	GBA2/IO78PDB1
B16	IO81PDB1
C1	IO224NDB3
C2	IO225NDB3
C3	VMV3
C4	IO11RSB0
C5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
C6	GAC1/IO05RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
C7	IO25RSB0
C8	IO36RSB0
C9	IO42RSB0
C10	IO49RSB0
C11	IO56RSB0
C12	GBC0/IO72RSB0
C13	IO62RSB0
C14	VMV0
C15	IO78NDB1
C16	IO81NDB1
D1	IO222NDB3
D2	IO222PDB3
D3	GAC2/IO223PDB3
D4	IO223NDB3
D5	GNDQ
D6	IO23RSB0
D7	IO29RSB0
D8	IO33RSB0
D9	IO46RSB0
D10	IO52RSB0
D11	IO60RSB0
D12	GNDQ
D13	IO80NDB1
D14	GBB2/IO79PDB1
D15	IO79NDB1
D16	IO82NSB1
E1	IO217PDB3
E2	IO218PDB3
E3	IO221NDB3
E4	IO221PDB3
E5	VMV0
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	IO38RSB0
E9	IO47RSB0
E10	VCCIB0
E11	VCCIB0
E12	VMV1

FG256	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
E13	GBC2/IO80PDB1
E14	IO83PPB1
E15	IO86PPB1
E16	IO87PDB1
F1	IO217NDB3
F2	IO218NDB3
F3	IO216PDB3
F4	IO216NDB3
F5	VCCIB3
F6	GND
F7	VCC
F8	VCC
F9	VCC
F10	VCC
F11	GND
F12	VCCIB1
F13	IO83NPB1
F14	IO86NPB1
F15	IO90PPB1
F16	IO87NDB1
G1	IO210PSB3
G2	IO213NDB3
G3	IO213PDB3
G4	GFC1/IO209PPB3
G5	VCCIB3
G6	VCC
G7	GND
G8	GND
G9	GND
G10	GND
G11	VCC
G12	VCCIB1
G13	GCC1/IO91PPB1
G14	IO90NPB1
G15	IO88PDB1
G16	IO88NDB1
H1	GFB0/IO208NPB3
H2	GFA0/IO207NDB3

FG256	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
R5	IO168RSB2
R6	IO163RSB2
R7	IO157RSB2
R8	IO149RSB2
R9	IO143RSB2
R10	IO138RSB2
R11	IO131RSB2
R12	IO125RSB2
R13	GDB2/IO115RSB2
R14	TDI
R15	GNDQ
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO183RSB2
T3	FF/GEB2/IO186RSB2
T4	IO172RSB2
T5	IO170RSB2
T6	IO164RSB2
T7	IO158RSB2
T8	IO153RSB2
T9	IO142RSB2
T10	IO135RSB2
T11	IO130RSB2
T12	GDC2/IO116RSB2
T13	IO120RSB2
T14	GDA2/IO114RSB2
T15	TMS
T16	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
R9	VCCIB2
R10	VCCIB2
R11	IO147RSB2
R12	IO136RSB2
R13	VCCIB2
R14	VCCIB2
R15	VMV2
R16	IO110NDB1
R17	GDB1/IO112PPB1
R18	GDC1/IO111PDB1
R19	IO107NDB1
R20	VCC
R21	IO104NDB1
R22	IO105PDB1
T1	IO198PDB3
T2	IO198NDB3
T3	NC
T4	IO194PPB3
T5	IO192PPB3
T6	GEC1/IO190PPB3
T7	IO192NPB3
T8	GNDQ
T9	GEA2/IO187RSB2
T10	IO161RSB2
T11	IO155RSB2
T12	IO141RSB2
T13	IO129RSB2
T14	IO124RSB2
T15	GNDQ
T16	IO110PDB1
T17	VJTAG
T18	GDC0/IO111NDB1
T19	GDA1/IO113PDB1
T20	NC
T21	IO108PDB1
T22	IO105NDB1

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 23 (December 2012)	The "IGLOO Ordering Information" section has been updated to mention "Y" as "Blank" mentioning "Device Does Not Include License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio" (SAR 43173).	III
	The note in Table 2-189 · IGLOO CCC/PLL Specification and Table 2-190 · IGLOO CCC/PLL Specification referring the reader to SmartGen was revised to refer instead to the online help associated with the core (SAR 42564). Additionally, note regarding SSOs was added.	2-115, 2-116
	Live at Power-Up (LAPU) has been replaced with 'Instant On'.	NA
Revision 22 (September 2012)	The "Security" section was modified to clarify that Microsemi does not support read-back of programmed data.	1-2
	Libero Integrated Design Environment (IDE) was changed to Libero System-on-Chip (SoC) throughout the document (SAR 40271).	N/A
Revision 21 (May 2012)	Under AGL125, in the Package Pin list, CS121 was incorrectly added to the datasheet in revision 19 and has been removed (SAR 38217).	I to IV
	Corrected the inadvertent error for Max Values for LVPECL VIH and revised the same to '3.6' in Table 2-151 · Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels (SAR 37685).	2-82
	Figure 2-38 · FIFO Read and Figure 2-39 · FIFO Write have been added (SAR 34841).	2-127
	The following sentence was removed from the VMVx description in the "Pin Descriptions" section: "Within the package, the VMV plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originating from the output buffer VCCI domain" and replaced with "Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks" (SAR 38317). The datasheet mentions that "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins" for an ESD enhancement.	3-1