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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, SPI, UART/USART, USB, USB OTG
Peripherals	DMA, I ² S, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	60
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	64K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 20x16b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	80-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	80-FQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mk21dn512vlk5

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

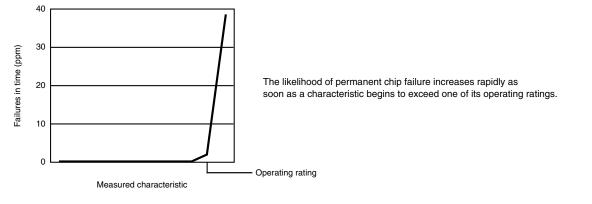


3.4.1 Example

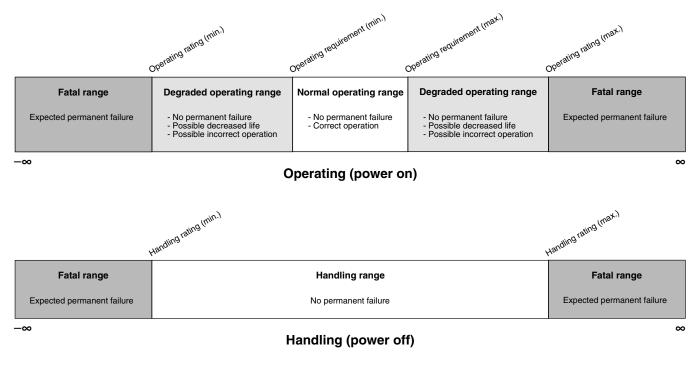
This is an example of an operating rating:

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	1.0 V core supply voltage	-0.3	1.2	V

3.5 Result of exceeding a rating



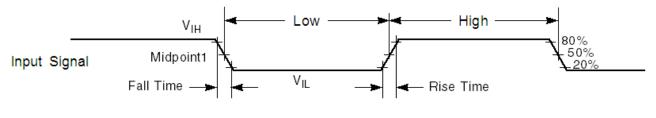
3.6 Relationship between ratings and operating requirements





5.1 AC electrical characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, propagation delays are measured from the 50% to the 50% point, and rise and fall times are measured at the 20% and 80% points, as shown in the following figure.



The midpoint is V_{IL} + $(V_{IH} - V_{IL})/2$.

Figure 1. Input signal measurement reference

5.2 Nonswitching electrical specifications

5.2.1 Voltage and current operating requirements

Table 1. Voltage and current operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
V _{DDA}	Analog supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
$V_{DD} - V_{DDA}$	V _{DD} -to-V _{DDA} differential voltage	-0.1	0.1	V	
$V_{SS} - V_{SSA}$	V _{SS} -to-V _{SSA} differential voltage	-0.1	0.1	V	
V _{BAT}	RTC battery supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
V _{IH}	Input high voltage				
	• $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	—	V	
	• $1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$	$0.75 \times V_{DD}$	_	V	
V _{IL}	Input low voltage				
	• 2.7 V \leq V _{DD} \leq 3.6 V	_	$0.35 \times V_{DD}$	V	
	• $1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$	_	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V	
V _{HYS}	Input hysteresis	$0.06 \times V_{DD}$	_	V	
I _{ICIO}	I/O pin DC injection current — single pin				1
	 V_{IN} < V_{SS}-0.3V (Negative current injection) 			mA	
	 V_{IN} > V_{DD}+0.3V (Positive current injection) 	-3			
		—	+3		

Table continues on the next page ...



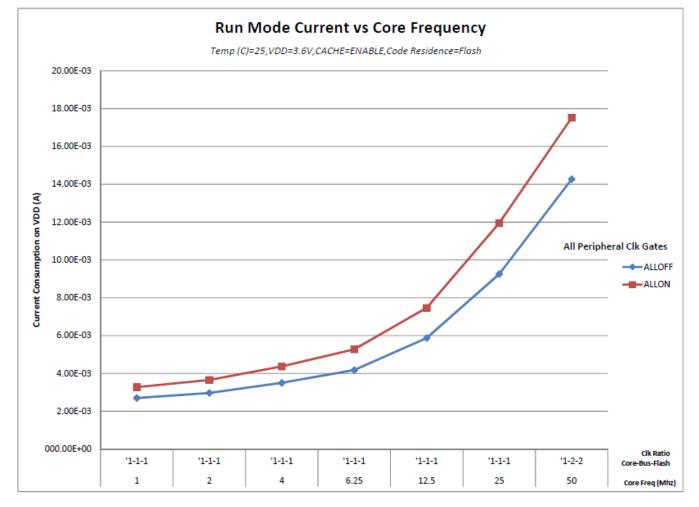


Figure 2. Run mode supply current vs. core frequency



General

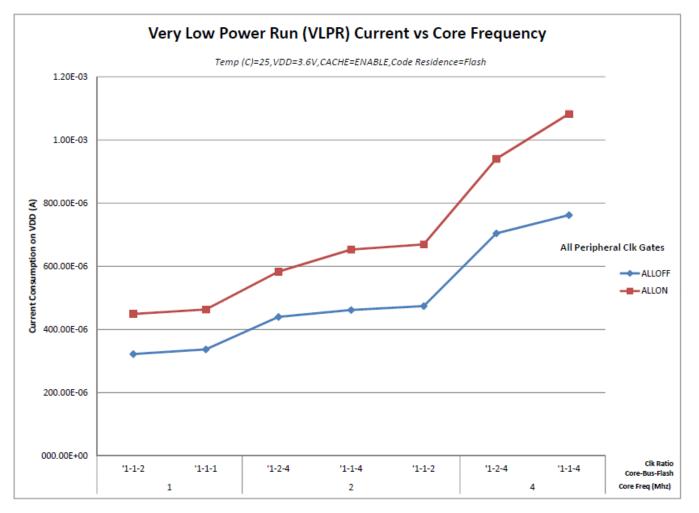


Figure 3. VLPR mode supply current vs. core frequency

5.2.6 EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors Table 7. EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors 1

Symbol	Description	Frequency band (MHz)	Тур.	Unit	Notes
V _{RE1}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 1	0.15–50	19	dBµV	2, 3
V _{RE2}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 2	50–150	21	dBµV	
V _{RE3}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 3	150–500	19	dBµV	
V _{RE4}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 4	500–1000	11	dBµV	
V _{RE_IEC}	IEC level	0.15–1000	L	—	3, 4

1. This data was collected on a MK20DN128VLH5 64pin LQFP device.

2. Determined according to IEC Standard 61967-1, Integrated Circuits - Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 1: General Conditions and Definitions and IEC Standard 61967-2, Integrated Circuits - Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 2: Measurement of Radiated Emissions – TEM Cell and Wideband TEM Cell Method. Measurements were made while the microcontroller was running basic application code. The reported emission level is the value of the maximum measured emission, rounded up to the next whole number, from among the measured orientations in each frequency range.

K21 Sub-Family Data Sheet, Rev. 4.1, 08/2013.



- 3. $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 \text{ °C}, f_{OSC} = 12 \text{ MHz} \text{ (crystal)}, f_{SYS} = 48 \text{ MHz}, f_{BUS} = 48 \text{ MHz}$
- 4. Specified according to Annex D of IEC Standard 61967-2, Measurement of Radiated Emissions TEM Cell and Wideband TEM Cell Method

5.2.7 Designing with radiated emissions in mind

To find application notes that provide guidance on designing your system to minimize interference from radiated emissions:

- 1. Go to www.freescale.com.
- 2. Perform a keyword search for "EMC design."

5.2.8 Capacitance attributes

Table 8. Capacitance attributes

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
C _{IN_A}	Input capacitance: analog pins	—	7	pF
C _{IN_D}	Input capacitance: digital pins	—	7	pF

5.3 Switching specifications

5.3.1 Device clock specifications

Table 9. Device clock specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Normal run mode	9			
f _{SYS}	System and core clock	_	50	MHz	
	System and core clock when Full Speed USB in operation	20	_	MHz	
f _{BUS}	Bus clock	—	50	MHz	
f _{FLASH}	Flash clock	—	25	MHz	
f _{LPTMR}	LPTMR clock	—	25	MHz	
	VLPR mode ¹				
f _{SYS}	System and core clock	_	4	MHz	
f _{BUS}	Bus clock	—	4	MHz	
f _{FLASH}	Flash clock	—	1	MHz	
f _{ERCLK}	External reference clock	—	16	MHz	
f _{LPTMR_pin}	LPTMR clock	_	25	MHz	

Table continues on the next page...



- 3. This is the minimum pulse width that is guaranteed to be recognized as a pin interrupt request in Stop, VLPS, LLS, and VLLSx modes.
- 4. 75 pF load
- 5. 15 pF load

5.4 Thermal specifications

5.4.1 Thermal operating requirements

Table 11. Thermal operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
TJ	Die junction temperature	-40	125	°C
T _A	Ambient temperature	-40	105	°C

5.4.2 Thermal attributes

Board type	Symbol	Description	80 LQFP	Unit	Notes
Single-layer (1s)	R _{0JA}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	50	°C/W	1,2
Four-layer (2s2p)	R _{0JA}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	35	°C/W	1, 3
Single-layer (1s)	R _{ejma}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./ min. air speed)	39	°C/W	1,3
Four-layer (2s2p)	R _{ejma}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./ min. air speed)	29	°C/W	1,3
-	R _{θJB}	Thermal resistance, junction to board	19	°C/W	4
—	R _{θJC}	Thermal resistance, junction to case	8	°C/W	5

Table continues on the next page ...

K21 Sub-Family Data Sheet, Rev. 4.1, 08/2013.



Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
J5	Boundary scan input data setup time to TCLK rise	20	—	ns
J6	Boundary scan input data hold time after TCLK rise	0	—	ns
J7	TCLK low to boundary scan output data valid	—	25	ns
J8	TCLK low to boundary scan output high-Z		25	ns
J9	TMS, TDI input data setup time to TCLK rise	8	—	ns
J10	TMS, TDI input data hold time after TCLK rise	1	_	ns
J11	TCLK low to TDO data valid		17	ns
J12	TCLK low to TDO high-Z		17	ns
J13	TRST assert time	100	—	ns
J14	TRST setup time (negation) to TCLK high	8	_	ns

Table 12. JTAG limited voltage range electricals (continued)

Table 13. JTAG full voltage range electricals

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
J1	TCLK frequency of operation			MHz
	Boundary Scan	0	10	
	JTAG and CJTAG	0	20	
	Serial Wire Debug	0	40	
J2	TCLK cycle period	1/J1		ns
J3	TCLK clock pulse width			
	Boundary Scan	50	_	ns
	JTAG and CJTAG	25	_	ns
	Serial Wire Debug	12.5	_	ns
J4	TCLK rise and fall times		3	ns
J5	Boundary scan input data setup time to TCLK rise	20		ns
J6	Boundary scan input data hold time after TCLK rise	0	_	ns
J7	TCLK low to boundary scan output data valid	_	25	ns
J8	TCLK low to boundary scan output high-Z	_	25	ns
J9	TMS, TDI input data setup time to TCLK rise	8		ns
J10	TMS, TDI input data hold time after TCLK rise	1.4	—	ns
J11	TCLK low to TDO data valid	_	22.1	ns
J12	TCLK low to TDO high-Z		22.1	ns
J13	TRST assert time	100	—	ns
J14	TRST setup time (negation) to TCLK high	8	_	ns



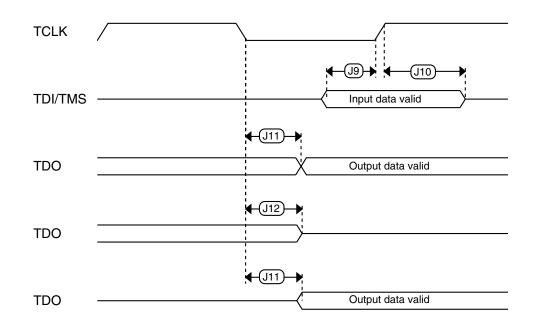
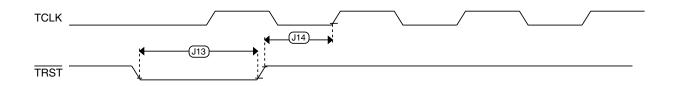


Figure 6. Test Access Port timing





6.2 System modules

There are no specifications necessary for the device's system modules.

6.3 Clock modules



Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
J _{cyc_fll}	FLL period jitter		180	_	ps	
	 f_{DCO} = 48 MHz f_{DCO} = 98 MHz 	_	150	_		
t _{fll_acquire}	FLL target frequency acquisition time	—	—	1	ms	7
	P	LL				
f _{vco}	VCO operating frequency	48.0	—	100	MHz	
I _{pll}	PLL operating current • PLL @ 96 MHz (f _{osc_hi_1} = 8 MHz, f _{pll_ref} = 2 MHz, VDIV multiplier = 48)	_	1060	-	μΑ	8
I _{pli}	PLL operating current • PLL @ 48 MHz (f _{osc_hi_1} = 8 MHz, f _{pll_ref} = 2 MHz, VDIV multiplier = 24)	_	600	-	μA	8
f _{pll_ref}	PLL reference frequency range	2.0	—	4.0	MHz	
J _{cyc_pll}	PLL period jitter (RMS)					9
	• f _{vco} = 48 MHz	_	120	_	ps	
	• f _{vco} = 100 MHz	_	50	_	ps	
J _{acc_pll}	PLL accumulated jitter over 1µs (RMS)					9
	• f _{vco} = 48 MHz	_	1350	_	ps	
	• f _{vco} = 100 MHz	_	600	_	ps	
D _{lock}	Lock entry frequency tolerance	± 1.49	-	± 2.98	%	
D _{unl}	Lock exit frequency tolerance	± 4.47	-	± 5.97	%	
t _{pll_lock}	Lock detector detection time	—	—	150 × 10 ⁻⁶ + 1075(1/ f _{pll_ref})	S	10

Table 14. MCG specifications (continued)

- 1. This parameter is measured with the internal reference (slow clock) being used as a reference to the FLL (FEI clock mode).
- 2. 2 V <= VDD <= 3.6 V.
- 3. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32=0.
- The resulting system clock frequencies should not exceed their maximum specified values. The DCO frequency deviation (Δf_{dco_t}) over voltage and temperature should be considered.
- 5. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32=1.
- 6. The resulting clock frequency must not exceed the maximum specified clock frequency of the device.
- 7. This specification applies to any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value is changed, DMX32 bit is changed, DRS bits are changed, or changing from FLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.
- 8. Excludes any oscillator currents that are also consuming power while PLL is in operation.
- 9. This specification was obtained using a Freescale developed PCB. PLL jitter is dependent on the noise characteristics of each PCB and results will vary.
- This specification applies to any time the PLL VCO divider or reference divider is changed, or changing from PLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to PLL enabled (PBE, PEE). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.

6.3.2 Oscillator electrical specifications



6.4.1.1 Flash timing specifications — program and erase

The following specifications represent the amount of time the internal charge pumps are active and do not include command overhead.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
t _{hvpgm4}	Longword Program high-voltage time	—	7.5	18	μs	
t _{hversscr}	Sector Erase high-voltage time	—	13	113	ms	1
t _{hversblk256k}	Erase Block high-voltage time for 256 KB		104	904	ms	1

Table 19. NVM program/erase timing specifications

1. Maximum time based on expectations at cycling end-of-life.

6.4.1.2 Flash timing specifications — commands Table 20. Flash command timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Read 1s Block execution time					
t _{rd1blk64k}	64 KB data flash	_	_	0.9	ms	
t _{rd1blk256k}	256 KB program flash	-	_	1.7	ms	
t _{rd1sec2k}	Read 1s Section execution time (flash sector)	_	—	60	μs	1
t _{pgmchk}	Program Check execution time	_	—	45	μs	1
t _{rdrsrc}	Read Resource execution time	—	—	30	μs	1
t _{pgm4}	Program Longword execution time	_	65	145	μs	
	Erase Flash Block execution time					2
t _{ersblk64k}	64 KB data flash	_	58	580	ms	
t _{ersblk256k}	256 KB program flash	_	122	985	ms	
t _{ersscr}	Erase Flash Sector execution time	—	14	114	ms	2
	Program Section execution time					
t _{pgmsec512}	• 512 bytes flash	_	2.4	_	ms	
t _{pgmsec1k}	• 1 KB flash	_	4.7	_	ms	
t _{pgmsec2k}	• 2 KB flash	-	9.3	_	ms	
t _{rd1all}	Read 1s All Blocks execution time	_	_	1.8	ms	
t _{rdonce}	Read Once execution time	_	—	25	μs	1
t _{pgmonce}	Program Once execution time	—	65	—	μs	
t _{ersall}	Erase All Blocks execution time	_	250	2000	ms	2
t _{vfykey}	Verify Backdoor Access Key execution time	- 1	—	30	μs	1

Table continues on the next page ...



Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Swap Control execution time					
t _{swapx01}	control code 0x01	—	200	_	μs	
t _{swapx02}	control code 0x02	—	70	150	μs	
t _{swapx04}	control code 0x04	—	70	150	μs	
t _{swapx08}	control code 0x08	—	_	30	μs	
	Program Partition for EEPROM execution time					
t _{pgmpart64k}	64 KB FlexNVM	—	138	_	ms	
	Set FlexRAM Function execution time:					
t _{setramff}	Control Code 0xFF	—	70	—	μs	
t _{setram32k}	32 KB EEPROM backup	—	0.8	1.2	ms	
t _{setram64k}	64 KB EEPROM backup	—	1.3	1.9	ms	
	Byte-write to FlexRAM	for EEPRON	l operation		I	
t _{eewr8bers}	Byte-write to erased FlexRAM location execution time	—	175	260	μs	3
	Byte-write to FlexRAM execution time:					
t _{eewr8b32k}	32 KB EEPROM backup	—	385	1800	μs	
t _{eewr8b64k}	64 KB EEPROM backup		475	2000	μs	
	Word-write to FlexRAM	for EEPRON	I operation	I	ł	ł
t _{eewr16bers}	Word-write to erased FlexRAM location execution time	—	175	260	μs	
	Word-write to FlexRAM execution time:					
t _{eewr16b32k}	32 KB EEPROM backup	—	385	1800	μs	
t _{eewr16b64k}	64 KB EEPROM backup	—	475	2000	μs	
	Longword-write to FlexRA	M for EEPR	OM operation	י ו		
t _{eewr32bers}	Longword-write to erased FlexRAM location execution time	—	360	540	μs	
	Longword-write to FlexRAM execution time:					
t _{eewr32b32k}	32 KB EEPROM backup	—	630	2050	μs	
t _{eewr32b64k}	64 KB EEPROM backup	—	810	2250	μs	

Table 20. Flash command timing specifications (continued)

1. Assumes 25 MHz flash clock frequency.

2. Maximum times for erase parameters based on expectations at cycling end-of-life.

3. For byte-writes to an erased FlexRAM location, the aligned word containing the byte must be erased.



6.4.1.3 Flash high voltage current behaviors Table 21. Flash high voltage current behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{DD_PGM}	Average current adder during high voltage flash programming operation	—	2.5	6.0	mA
I _{DD_ERS}	Average current adder during high voltage flash erase operation		1.5	4.0	mA

6.4.1.4 Reliability specifications Table 22. NVM reliability specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes	
	Program	n Flash					
t _{nvmretp10k}	Data retention after up to 10 K cycles	5	50	—	years		
t _{nvmretp1k}	Data retention after up to 1 K cycles	20	100		years		
n _{nvmcycp}	Cycling endurance	10 K	50 K	_	cycles	2	
	Data	Flash					
t _{nvmretd10k}	Data retention after up to 10 K cycles	5	50	_	years		
t _{nvmretd1k}	Data retention after up to 1 K cycles	20	100	_	years		
n _{nvmcycd}	Cycling endurance	10 K	50 K	_	cycles	2	
	FlexRAM a	s EEPROM	•				
t _{nvmretee100}	Data retention up to 100% of write endurance	5	50	_	years		
t _{nvmretee10}	Data retention up to 10% of write endurance	20	100	_	years		
	Write endurance					3	
n _{nvmwree16}	 EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 16 	35 K	175 K	_	writes		
n _{nvmwree128}	 EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 128 	315 K	1.6 M	_	writes		
n _{nvmwree512}	 EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 512 	1.27 M	6.4 M	_	writes		
n _{nvmwree4k}	• EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 4096	10 M	50 M	_	writes		

 Typical data retention values are based on measured response accelerated at high temperature and derated to a constant 25 °C use profile. Engineering Bulletin EB618 does not apply to this technology. Typical endurance defined in Engineering Bulletin EB619.

2. Cycling endurance represents number of program/erase cycles at -40 °C \leq T_i \leq °C.

3. Write endurance represents the number of writes to each FlexRAM location at -40 °C ≤Tj ≤ °C influenced by the cycling endurance of the FlexNVM (same value as data flash) and the allocated EEPROM backup per subsystem. Minimum and typical values assume all byte-writes to FlexRAM.

6.4.2 EzPort switching specifications

Table 23. EzPort switching specifications

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
EP1	EZP_CK frequency of operation (all commands except READ)	—	f _{SYS} /2	MHz
EP1a	EZP_CK frequency of operation (READ command)	_	f _{SYS} /8	MHz
EP2	EZP_CS negation to next EZP_CS assertion	2 x t _{EZP_CK}	—	ns
EP3	EZP_CS input valid to EZP_CK high (setup)	5	—	ns
EP4	EZP_CK high to EZP_CS input invalid (hold)	5	—	ns
EP5	EZP_D input valid to EZP_CK high (setup)	2	—	ns
EP6	EZP_CK high to EZP_D input invalid (hold)	5	—	ns
EP7	EZP_CK low to EZP_Q output valid	—		ns
EP8	EZP_CK low to EZP_Q output invalid (hold)	0	_	ns
EP9	EZP_CS negation to EZP_Q tri-state	_	12	ns

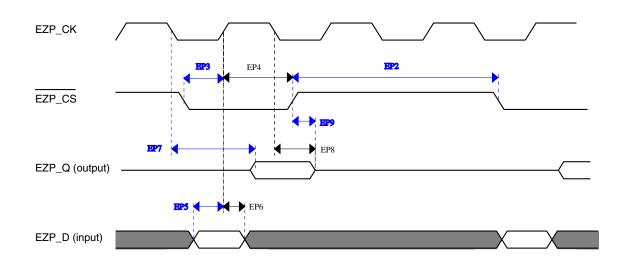


Figure 8. EzPort Timing Diagram

6.5 Security and integrity modules



6.5.1 Drylce Tamper Electrical Specifications

Information about security-related modules is not included in this document and is available only after a nondisclosure agreement (NDA) has been signed. To request an NDA, please contact your local Freescale sales representative.

6.6 Analog

6.6.1 ADC electrical specifications

The 16-bit accuracy specifications listed in Table 24 and Table 25 are achievable on the differential pins ADCx_DP0, ADCx_DM0.

All other ADC channels meet the 13-bit differential/12-bit single-ended accuracy specifications.

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DDA}	Supply voltage	Absolute	1.71	—	3.6	V	
ΔV_{DDA}	Supply voltage	Delta to V _{DD} (V _{DD} – V _{DDA})	-100	0	+100	mV	2
ΔV_{SSA}	Ground voltage	Delta to V _{SS} (V _{SS} – V _{SSA})	-100	0	+100	mV	2
V _{REFH}	ADC reference voltage high		1.13	V _{DDA}	V _{DDA}	V	
V _{REFL}	ADC reference voltage low		V _{SSA}	V _{SSA}	V _{SSA}	V	
V _{ADIN}	Input voltage	16-bit differential mode	VREFL	—	31/32 * VREFH	V	
		All other modes	VREFL	—	VREFH		
C _{ADIN}	Input capacitance	16-bit mode	_	8	10	pF	
		 8-bit / 10-bit / 12-bit modes 	_	4	5		
R _{ADIN}	Input resistance		_	2	5	kΩ	
R _{AS}	Analog source	13-bit / 12-bit modes					3
	resistance	f _{ADCK} < 4 MHz	_	_	5	kΩ	
f _{ADCK}	ADC conversion clock frequency	≤ 13-bit mode	1.0		18.0	MHz	4
f _{ADCK}	ADC conversion clock frequency	16-bit mode	2.0	—	12.0	MHz	4

6.6.1.1 16-bit ADC operating conditions Table 24. 16-bit ADC operating conditions

Table continues on the next page...



Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
C _{rate}	ADC conversion rate	≤ 13-bit modes No ADC hardware averaging	20.000	_	818.330	Ksps	5
		Continuous conversions enabled, subsequent conversion time					
C _{rate}	ADC conversion rate	16-bit mode No ADC hardware averaging Continuous conversions enabled, subsequent conversion time	37.037	_	461.467	Ksps	5

Table 24. 16-bit ADC operating conditions (continued)

- 1. Typical values assume V_{DDA} = 3.0 V, Temp = 25 °C, f_{ADCK} = 1.0 MHz, unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only, and are not tested in production.
- 2. DC potential difference.
- This resistance is external to MCU. To achieve the best results, the analog source resistance must be kept as low as possible. The results in this data sheet were derived from a system that had < 8 Ω analog source resistance. The R_{AS}/C_{AS} time constant should be kept to < 1 ns.
- 4. To use the maximum ADC conversion clock frequency, CFG2[ADHSC] must be set and CFG1[ADLPC] must be clear.
- 5. For guidelines and examples of conversion rate calculation, download the ADC calculator tool.

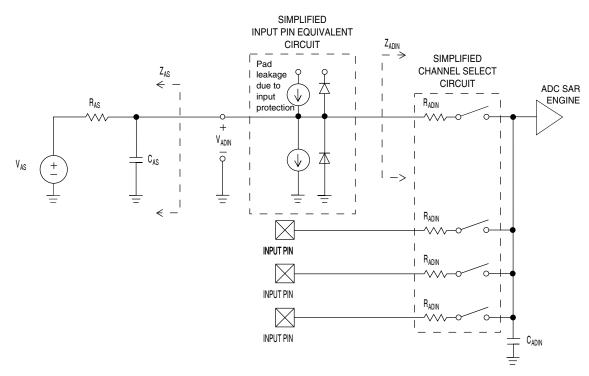


Figure 9. ADC input impedance equivalency diagram



6.8.2 USB DCD electrical specifications

Table 27. USB DCD electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{DP_SRC}	USB_DP source voltage (up to 250 µA)	0.5	—	0.7	V
V _{LGC}	Threshold voltage for logic high	0.8	—	2.0	V
I _{DP_SRC}	USB_DP source current	7	10	13	μA
I _{DM_SINK}	USB_DM sink current	50	100	150	μA
R _{DM_DWN}	D- pulldown resistance for data pin contact detect	14.25	—	24.8	kΩ
V _{DAT_REF}	Data detect voltage	0.25	0.33	0.4	V

6.8.3 VREG electrical specifications

Table 28. VREG electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
VREGIN	Input supply voltage	2.7	—	5.5	V	
I _{DDon}	Quiescent current — Run mode, load current equal zero, input supply (VREGIN) > 3.6 V	—	125	186	μA	
I _{DDstby}	Quiescent current — Standby mode, load current equal zero	—	1.1	10	μA	
I _{DDoff}	 Quiescent current — Shutdown mode VREGIN = 5.0 V and temperature=25 °C Across operating voltage and temperature 	_	650 —	4	nA μA	
I _{LOADstby}	Maximum load current — Standby mode		—	1	mA	
V _{Reg33out}	Regulator output voltage — Input supply (VREGIN) > 3.6 V					
	Run mode Standby mode	3	3.3	3.6	v	
	Standby mode	2.1	2.8	3.6	V	
V _{Reg33out}	Regulator output voltage — Input supply (VREGIN) < 3.6 V, pass-through mode	2.1	_	3.6	V	2
C _{OUT}	External output capacitor	1.76	2.2	8.16	μF	
ESR	External output capacitor equivalent series resistance	1	_	100	mΩ	
I _{LIM}	Short circuit current		315	_	mA	

1. Typical values assume VREGIN = 5.0 V, Temp = 25 °C unless otherwise stated.

2. Operating in pass-through mode: regulator output voltage equal to the input voltage minus a drop proportional to ILoad.



Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
S8	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD invalid	0	—	ns
S9	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	25	_	ns
S10	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	0		ns



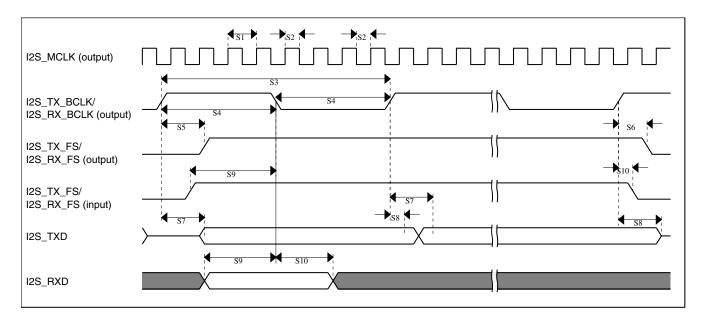


Figure 18. I2S/SAI timing — master modes

Table 34. I2S/SAI slave mode timing

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S11	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (input)	80	—	ns
S12	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low (input)	45%	55%	MCLK period
S13	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	10	_	ns
S14	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	2	_	ns
S15	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output valid	—	29	ns
S16	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output invalid	0	_	ns
S17	I2S_RXD setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	10	_	ns
S18	I2S_RXD hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	2	—	ns
S19	I2S_TX_FS input assertion to I2S_TXD output valid ¹	—	21	ns

1. Applies to first bit in each frame and only if the TCR4[FSE] bit is clear



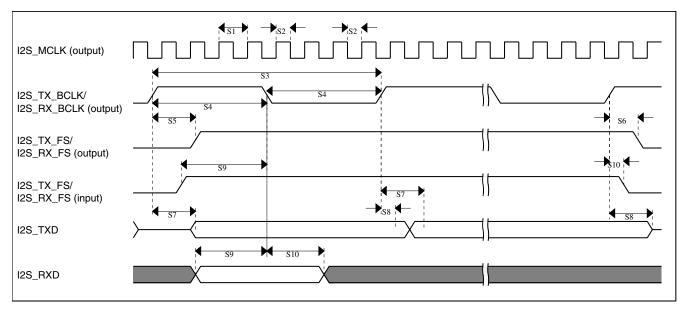


Figure 20. I2S/SAI timing — master modes

Table 36. I2S/SAI slave mode timing in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes (full voltage range)

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S11	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (input)	250	-	ns
S12	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low (input)	45%	55%	MCLK period
S13	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	30	—	ns
S14	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	2	_	ns
S15	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output valid	—	87	ns
S16	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output invalid	0	-	ns
S17	I2S_RXD setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	30	-	ns
S18	I2S_RXD hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	2	-	ns
S19	I2S_TX_FS input assertion to I2S_TXD output valid ¹	—	72	ns

1. Applies to first bit in each frame and only if the TCR4[FSE] bit is clear

K12, K21, and K22 devices and are not present on K10 and K20 devices.

- The TRACE signals on PTE0, PTE1, PTE2, PTE3, and PTE4 are available only for K11, K12, K21, and K22 devices and are not present on K10 and K20 devices.
- If the VBAT pin is not used, the VBAT pin should be left floating. Do not connect VBAT pin to VSS.
- The FTM_CLKIN signals on PTB16 and PTB17 are available only for K11, K12, K21, and K22 devices and is not present on K10 and K20 devices. For K22D devices this signal is on ALT4, and for K22F devices, this signal is on ALT7.
- The FTM0_CH2 signal on PTC5/LLWU_P9 is available only for K11, K12, K21, and K22 devices and is not present on K10 and K20 devices.
- The I2C0_SCL signal on PTD2/LLWU_P13 and I2C0_SDA signal on PTD3 are available only for K11, K12, K21, and K22 devices and are not present on K10 and K20 devices.

80 LQFP	Default	ALTO	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
1	ADC0_SE10	ADC0_SE10	PTE0	SPI1_PCS1	UART1_TX		TRACE_CLKOUT	I2C1_SDA	RTC_CLKOUT	
2	ADC0_SE11	ADC0_SE11	PTE1/ LLWU_P0	SPI1_SOUT	UART1_RX		TRACE_D3	I2C1_SCL	SPI1_SIN	
3	ADC0_DP1	ADC0_DP1	PTE2/ LLWU_P1	SPI1_SCK	UART1_CTS_b		TRACE_D2			
4	ADC0_DM1	ADC0_DM1	PTE3	SPI1_SIN	UART1_RTS_b		TRACE_D1		SPI1_SOUT	
5	DISABLED		PTE4/ LLWU_P2	SPI1_PCS0	UART3_TX		TRACE_D0			
6	DISABLED		PTE5	SPI1_PCS2	UART3_RX					
7	VDD	VDD								
8	VSS	VSS								
9	USB0_DP	USB0_DP								
10	USB0_DM	USB0_DM								
11	VOUT33	VOUT33								
12	VREGIN	VREGIN								
13	ADC0_DP0	ADC0_DP0								
14	ADC0_DM0	ADC0_DM0								
15	ADC0_DP3	ADC0_DP3								
16	ADC0_DM3	ADC0_DM3								
17	VDDA	VDDA								
18	VREFH	VREFH								
19	VREFL	VREFL								





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