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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	1377
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	228
Number of Gates	10000
Voltage - Supply	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TJ)
Package / Case	257-BCPGA
Supplier Device Package	257-CPGA (50x50)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a14100a-pg257b

Plastic Device Resources

Device Series	Logic Modules	Gates	User I/Os							
			PL84	PQ100	PQ160	PQ/RQ208	VQ100	TQ176	BG225*	BG313
A1415	200	1500	70	80	–	–	80	–	–	–
A1425	310	2500	70	80	100	–	83	–	–	–
A1440	564	4000	70	–	131	–	83	140	–	–
A1460	848	6000	–	–	131	167	–	151	168	–
A14100	1377	10000	–	–	–	175	–	–	–	228

*Note: *Discontinued*

Hermetic Device Resources

Device Series	Logic Modules	Gates	User I/Os							
			PG100*	PG133*	PG175*	PG207	PG257	CQ132	CQ196	CQ256
A1415	200	1500	80	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
A1425	310	2500	–	100	–	–	–	100	–	–
A1440	564	4000	–	–	140	–	–	–	–	–
A1460	848	6000	–	–	–	168	–	–	168	–
A14100	1377	10000	–	–	–	–	228	–	–	228

*Note: *Discontinued*

Contact your local Microsemi SoC Products Group (formerly Actel) representative for device availability:
http://www.microsemi.com/soc/contact/default.aspx.

1 – ACT 3 Family Overview

General Description

Microsemi's ACT 3 Accelerator Series of FPGAs offers the industry's fastest high-capacity programmable logic device. ACT 3 FPGAs offer a high performance, PCI compliant programmable solution capable of 186 MHz on-chip performance and 9.0 nanosecond clock-to-output (–1 speed grade), with capacities spanning from 1,500 to 10,000 gate array equivalent gates.

The ACT 3 family builds on the proven two-module architecture consisting of combinatorial and sequential logic modules used in Microsemi's 3200DX and 1200XL families. In addition, the ACT 3 I/O modules contain registers which deliver 9.0 nanosecond clock-to-out times (–1 speed grade). The devices contain four clock distribution networks, including dedicated array and I/O clocks, supporting very fast synchronous and asynchronous designs. In addition, routed clocks can be used to drive high fanout signals such as flip-flop resets and output.

The ACT 3 family is supported by Microsemi's Designer Series Development System which offers automatic placement and routing (with automatic or fixed pin assignments), static timing analysis, user programming, and debug and diagnostic probe capabilities.

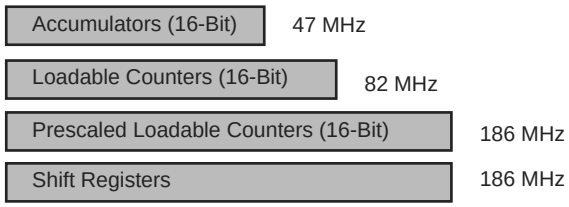
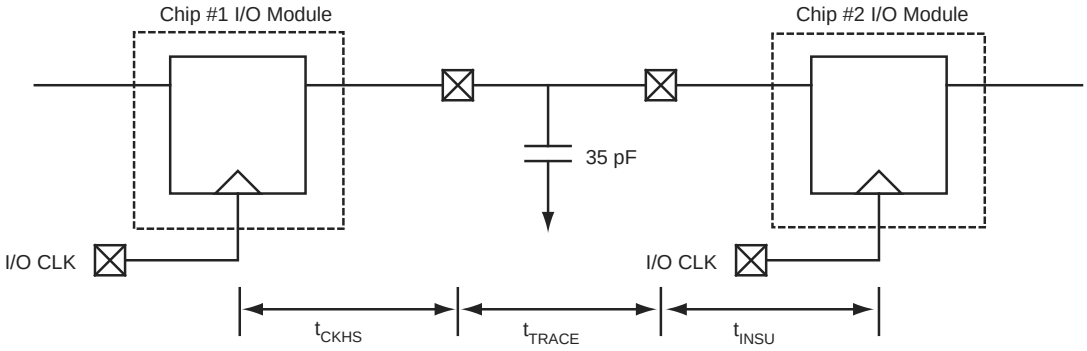


Figure 1-1 • **Predictable Performance (worst-case commercial, –1 speed grade)**

System Performance Model



5 V Operating Conditions

Table 2-2 • **Absolute Maximum Ratings[1], Free Air Temperature Range**

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC supply voltage	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input voltage	–0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
VO	Output voltage	–0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
IIO	I/O source sink current[2]	±20	mA
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	–65 to +150	°C

Notes:

1. *Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Device should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.*
2. *Device inputs are normally high impedance and draw extremely low current. However, when input voltage is greater than VCC + 0.5 V for less than GND –0.5 V, the internal protection diodes will forward bias and can draw excessive current.*

Table 2-3 • **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature range*	0 to +70	–40 to +85	–55 to +125	°C
5 V power supply tolerance	±5	±10	±10	%VCC

*Note: *Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial; case temperature (T_C) is used for military.*

Table 2-4 • **Electrical Specifications**

			Commercial		Industrial		Military		
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
VOH[1,2]	High level output	IOH = –4 mA (CMOS)	–	–	3.7	–	3.7	–	V
		IOH = –6 mA (CMOS)	3.84						V
		IOH = –10 mA (TTL)[3]	2.40						V
VOL[1,2]	Low level output	IOL = +6 mA (CMOS)		0.33		0.4		0.4	V
		IOL = +12 mA (TTL)[3]		0.50					
VIH	High level input	TTL inputs	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
VIL	Low level input	TTL inputs	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
IIN	Input leakage	VI = VCC or GND	–10	+10	–10	+10	–10	+10	µA
IOZ	3-state output leakage	VO = VCC or GND	–10	+10	–10	+10	–10	+10	µA
C_{IO}	I/O capacitance[3,4]			10		10		10	pF
ICC(S)	Standby VCC supply current (typical = 0.7 mA)			2		10		20	mA
ICC(D)	Dynamic VCC supply current. See the Power Dissipation section.								

Notes:

1. *Microsemi devices can drive and receive either CMOS or TTL signal levels. No assignment of I/Os as TTL or CMOS is required.*
2. *Tested one output at a time, VCC = minimum.*
3. *Not tested; for information only.*
4. *VOUT = 0 V, f = 1 MHz*
5. *Typical standby current = 0.7 mA. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC or GND.*

A1415A, A14V15A Timing Characteristics

Table 2-18 • A1415A, A14V15A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C[1]

Logic Module Propagation Delays[2]		–3 Speed[3]		–2 Speed[3]		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed[1]		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
t_{CO}	Sequential Clock to Q		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
t_{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear to Q		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
Predicted Routing Delays[4]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.8	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.3	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing												
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Setup	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.8		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUD}	Latch Data Input Setup	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.8		ns
t_{HD}	Latch Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop Clock Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop Clock Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz

Notes:

1. *VCC = 3.0 V for 3.3 V specifications.*
2. *For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn} + t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$ or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.*
3. *The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Please refer to the Product Discontinuation Notices (PDNs) listed below:*

   PDN March 2001
   PDN 0104
   PDN 0203
   PDN 0604
   PDN 1004
4. *Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.*

A1440A, A14V40A Timing Characteristics

Table 2-26 • A1440A, A14V40A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C[1]

Logic Module Propagation Delays[2]		–3 Speed [3]		–2 Speed[3]		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed[1]		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
t_{CO}	Sequential Clock to Q		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
t_{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear to Q		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
Predicted Routing Delays[4]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.8	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.3	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing												
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Setup	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.8		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUD}	Latch Data Input Setup	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.8		ns
t_{HD}	Latch Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop Clock Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop Clock Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz

Notes:

1. *VCC = 3.0 V for 3.3 V specifications.*
2. *For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn} + t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$ or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.*
3. *The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn.*
4. *Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.*

A1440A, A14V40A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-28 • A1440A, A14V40A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

I/O Module – TTL Output Timing[1]		–3 Speed[2]		–2 Speed[2]		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed[1]		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{DHS}	Data to Pad, High Slew		5.0		5.6		6.4		7.5		9.8	ns
t_{DLS}	Data to Pad, Low Slew		8.0		9.0		10.2		12.0		15.6	ns
t_{ENZHS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		7.8	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t_{ENHSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t_{ENLSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t_{CKHS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		8.5		8.5		9.5		11.0		14.3	ns
t_{CKLS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		11.3		11.3		13.5		15.0		19.5	ns
d_{TLHHS}	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d_{TLHLS}	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
d_{THLHS}	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d_{THLLS}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
I/O Module – CMOS Output Timing[1]												
t_{DHS}	Data to Pad, High Slew		6.2		7.0		7.9		9.3		12.1	ns
t_{DLS}	Data to Pad, Low Slew		11.7		13.1		14.9		17.5		22.8	ns
t_{ENZHS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		5.2		5.9		6.6		7.8		10.1	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		8.9		10.0		11.3		13.3		17.3	ns
t_{ENHSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t_{ENLSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t_{CKHS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		9.0		9.0		10.1		11.8		14.3	ns
t_{CKLS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		13.0		13.0		15.6		17.3		22.5	ns
d_{TLHHS}	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d_{TLHLS}	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.11		0.14	ns/pF
d_{THLHS}	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.05	ns/pF
d_{THLLS}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

Notes:

1. *Delays based on 35 pF loading.*
2. *The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn.*

A1440A, A14V40A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-29 • **A1440A, A14V40A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C**

Dedicated (hardwired) I/O Clock Network		–3 Speed[1]		–2 Speed[1]		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed[1]		Units
Parameter/Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	
t_{IOCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to I/O module input)		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5	ns
t_{IOPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t_{IPOWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t_{IOSAPW}	Minimum Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t_{IOCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4	ns
t_{IOP}	Minimum Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f_{IOMAX}	Maximum Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz
Dedicated (hardwired) Array Clock												
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to S-module input)		3.0		3.4		3.9		4.5		5.5	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (pad to S-module input)		3.0		3.4		3.9		4.5		5.5	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t_{HCKSW}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (FO = 64)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		9.0	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (FO = 64)		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		9.0	ns
t_{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width High (FO = 64)	3.3		3.8		4.2		4.9		6.5		ns
t_{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width Low (FO = 64)	3.3		3.8		4.2		4.9		6.5		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (FO = 128)		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{RP}	Minimum Period (FO = 64)	6.8		8.0		8.7		10.0		13.4		ns
f_{RMAX}	Maximum Frequency (FO = 64)		150		125		115		100		75	MHz
Clock-to-Clock Skews												
$t_{IOHCKSW}$	I/O Clock to H-Clock Skew	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.8	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	3.0	ns
$t_{IORCKSW}$	I/O Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 144)	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	3.0 3.0	ns
t_{HRCKSW}	H-Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 144)	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	ns

Notes:

1. *The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn.*
2. *Delays based on 35 pF loading.*

A1460A, A14V60A Timing Characteristics (continued)

***Table 2-31* • A1460A, A14V60A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C**

I/O Module Input Propagation Delays		–3 Speed[1]		–2 Speed[1]		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed[1]		Units
Parameter/Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	
t_{INY}	Input Data Pad to Y		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
t_{ICKY}	Input Reg IOCLK Pad to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t_{OCKY}	Output Reg IOCLK Pad to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t_{ICLRY}	Input Asynchronous Clear to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t_{OCLRY}	Output Asynchronous Clear to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
Predicted Input Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.8	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.3	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
I/O Module Sequential Timing (wrt IOCLK pad)												
t_{INH}	Input F-F Data Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input F-F Data Setup	1.3		1.5		1.8		2.0		2.0		ns
t_{IDEH}	Input Data Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{IDESU}	Input Data Enable Setup	5.8		6.5		7.5		8.6		8.6		ns
t_{OUTH}	Output F-F Data hold	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0		ns
t_{OUTSU}	Output F-F Data Setup	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0		ns
t_{ODEH}	Output Data Enable Hold	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.5		ns
f_{ODESU}	Output Data Enable Setup	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.0		ns

Notes:

5. *The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn.*
6. *Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.*

A1460A, A14V60A Timing Characteristics (continued)

***Table 2-33* • A1460A, A14V60A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C**

Dedicated (hardwired) I/O Clock Network		–3 Speed[1]		–2 Speed[1]		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed[1]		Units
Parameter/Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	
t_{IOCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to I/O module input)		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.5	ns
t_{IOPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t_{IPOWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t_{IOSAPW}	Minimum Asynchronous Pulse Width	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t_{IOCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6	ns
t_{IOP}	Minimum Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f_{IOMAX}	Maximum Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz
Dedicated (hardwired) Array Clock												
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to S-module input)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (pad to S-module input)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t_{HCKSW}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (FO = 64)		6.0		6.8		7.7		9.0		11.8	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (FO = 64)		6.0		6.8		7.7		9.0		11.8	ns
t_{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width High (FO = 64)	4.1		4.5		5.4		6.1		8.2		ns
t_{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width Low (FO = 64)	4.1		4.5		5.4		6.1		8.2		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (FO = 128)		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		1.8	ns
t_{RP}	Minimum Period (FO = 64)	8.3		9.3		11.1		12.5		16.7		ns
f_{RMAX}	Maximum Frequency (FO = 64)		120		105		90		80		60	MHz
Clock-to-Clock Skews												
$t_{IOHCKSW}$	I/O Clock to H-Clock Skew	0.0	2.6	0.0	2.7	0.0	2.9	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	ns
$t_{IORCKSW}$	I/O Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 216)	0.0 0.0	1.7 5.0	0.0 0.0	1.7 5.0	0.0 0.0	1.7 5.0	0.0 0.0	1.7 5.0	0.0 0.0	5.0 5.0	ns
t_{HRCKSW}	H-Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 216)	0.0 0.0	1.3 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	ns

Notes:

1. *The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn.*
2. *Delays based on 35 pF loading.*

A14100A, A14V100A Timing Characteristics (continued)

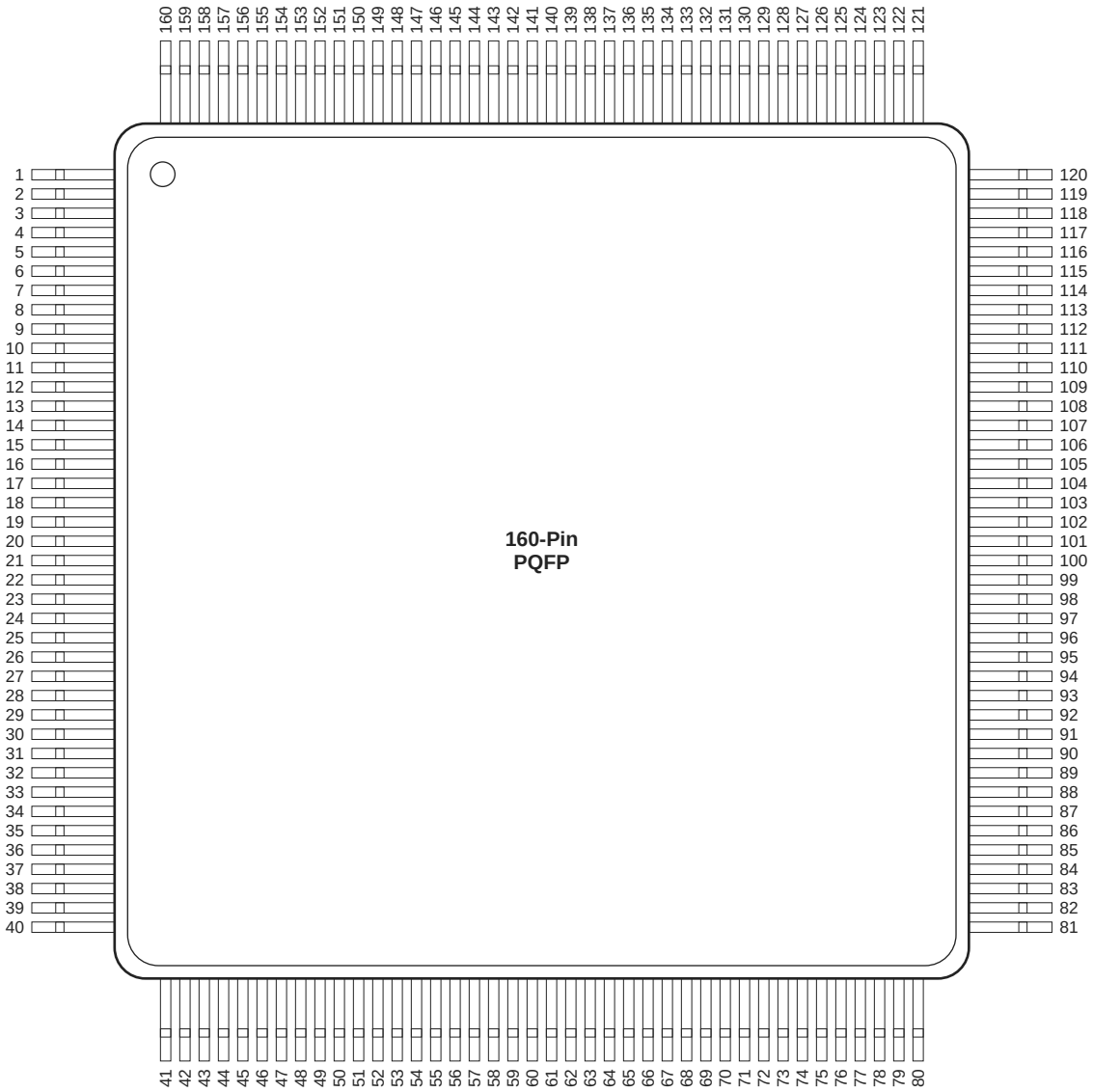
Table 2-37 • **A14100A, A14V100A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C**

Dedicated (hardwired) I/O Clock Network		–3 Speed[1]		–2 Speed[1]		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed[1]		Units
Parameter/Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	
t_{IOCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to I/O module input)		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.5	ns
t_{IOPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t_{IPOWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t_{IOSAPW}	Minimum Asynchronous Pulse Width	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t_{IOCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.6	ns
t_{IOP}	Minimum Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f_{IOMAX}	Maximum Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz
Dedicated (hardwired) Array Clock												
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to S-module input)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (pad to S-module input)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t_{HCKSW}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.6	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (FO = 64)		6.0		6.8		7.7		9.0		11.8	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (FO = 64)		6.0		6.8		7.7		9.0		11.8	ns
t_{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width High (FO = 64)	4.1		4.5		5.4		6.1		8.2		ns
t_{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width Low (FO = 64)	4.1		4.5		5.4		6.1		8.2		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (FO = 128)		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		1.8	ns
t_{RP}	Minimum Period (FO = 64)	8.3		9.3		11.1		12.5		16.7		ns
f_{RMAX}	Maximum Frequency (FO = 64)		120		105		90		80		60	MHz
Clock-to-Clock Skews												
$t_{IOHCKSW}$	I/O Clock to H-Clock Skew	0.0	2.6	0.0	2.7	0.0	2.9	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	ns
$t_{IORCKSW}$	I/O Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 350)	0.0 0.0	1.7 5.0	0.0 0.0	1.7 5.0	0.0 0.0	1.7 5.0	0.0 0.0	1.7 5.0	0.0 0.0	5.0 5.0	ns
t_{HRCKSW}	H-Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 350)	0.0 0.0	1.3 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 3.0	ns

*Notes: **

1. *The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn.*
2. *Delays based on 35 pF loading.*

PQ160



Note: This is the top view of the package

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

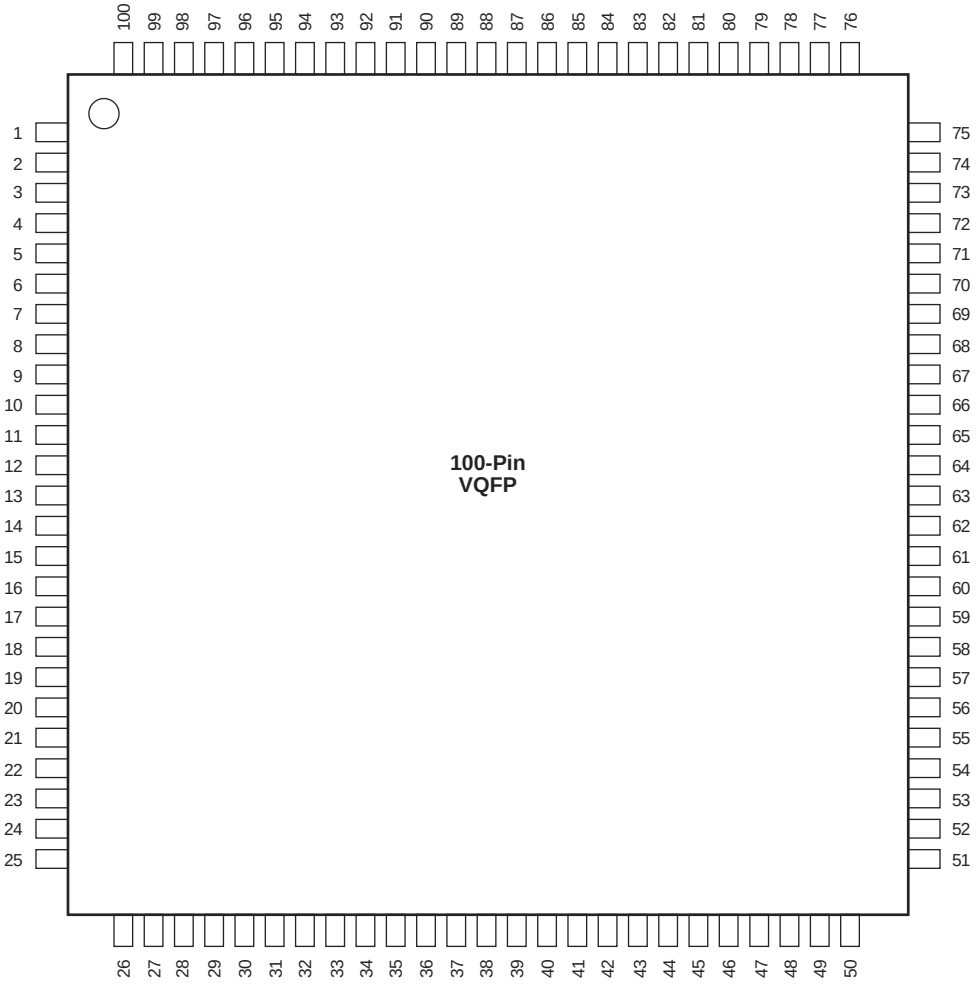
PQ160			
Pin Number	**A1425, A14V25 Function**	**A1440, A14V40 Function**	**A1460, A14V60 Function**
1	GND	GND	GND
2	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
5	NC	I/O	I/O
9	MODE	MODE	MODE
10	VCC	VCC	VCC
14	NC	I/O	I/O
15	GND	GND	GND
18	VCC	VCC	VCC
19	GND	GND	GND
20	NC	I/O	I/O
24	NC	I/O	I/O
27	NC	I/O	I/O
28	VCC	VCC	VCC
29	VCC	VCC	VCC
40	GND	GND	GND
41	NC	I/O	I/O
43	NC	I/O	I/O
45	NC	I/O	I/O
46	VCC	VCC	VCC
47	NC	I/O	I/O
49	NC	I/O	I/O
51	NC	I/O	I/O
53	NC	I/O	I/O
58	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
59	GND	GND	GND
60	VCC	VCC	VCC
62	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O
63	GND	GND	GND
74	NC	I/O	I/O
75	VCC	VCC	VCC
76	NC	I/O	I/O
77	NC	I/O	I/O
78	NC	I/O	I/O
79	SDO	SDO	SDO
80	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O
81	GND	GND	GND
90	VCC	VCC	VCC
91	VCC	VCC	VCC

PQ160			
Pin Number	**A1425, A14V25 Function**	**A1440, A14V40 Function**	**A1460, A14V60 Function**
92	NC	I/O	I/O
93	NC	I/O	I/O
98	GND	GND	GND
99	VCC	VCC	VCC
100	NC	I/O	I/O
103	GND	GND	GND
107	NC	I/O	I/O
109	NC	I/O	I/O
110	VCC	VCC	VCC
111	GND	GND	GND
112	VCC	VCC	VCC
113	NC	I/O	I/O
119	NC	I/O	I/O
120	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O
121	GND	GND	GND
124	NC	I/O	I/O
127	NC	I/O	I/O
136	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
137	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
138	VCC	VCC	VCC
139	GND	GND	GND
140	VCC	VCC	VCC
141	GND	GND	GND
142	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
143	NC	I/O	I/O
145	NC	I/O	I/O
147	NC	I/O	I/O
149	NC	I/O	I/O
151	NC	I/O	I/O
153	NC	I/O	I/O
154	VCC	VCC	VCC
160	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

VQ100



Note: This is the top view.

Note

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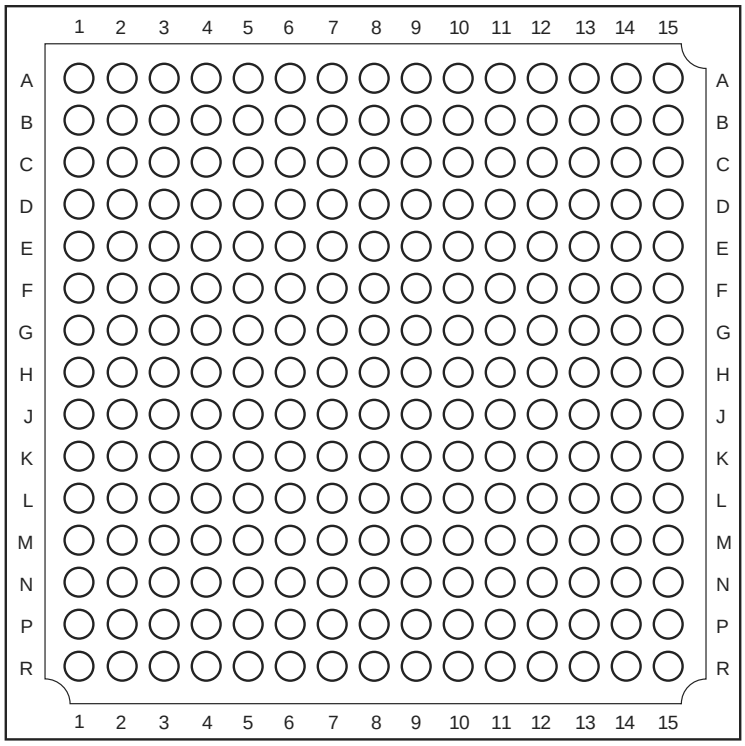
BG225

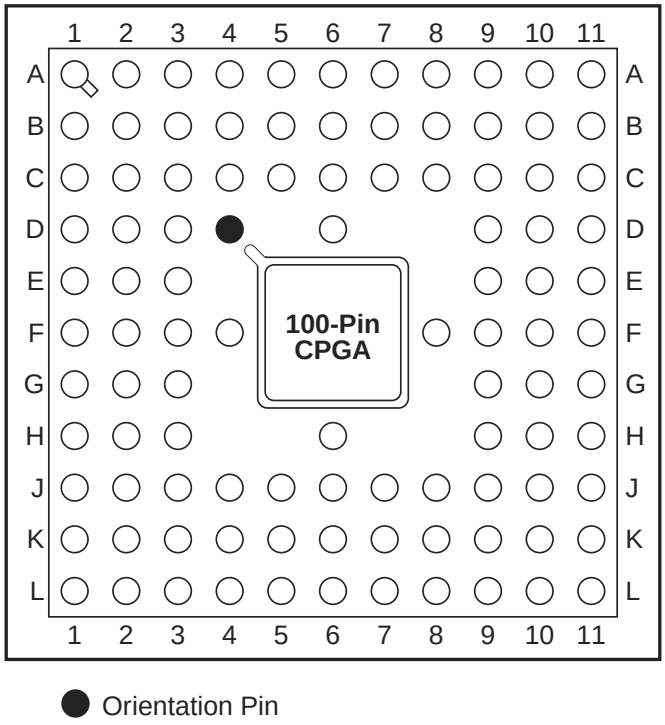


Note: This is the top view.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

PG100



Note: This is the top view.

Note

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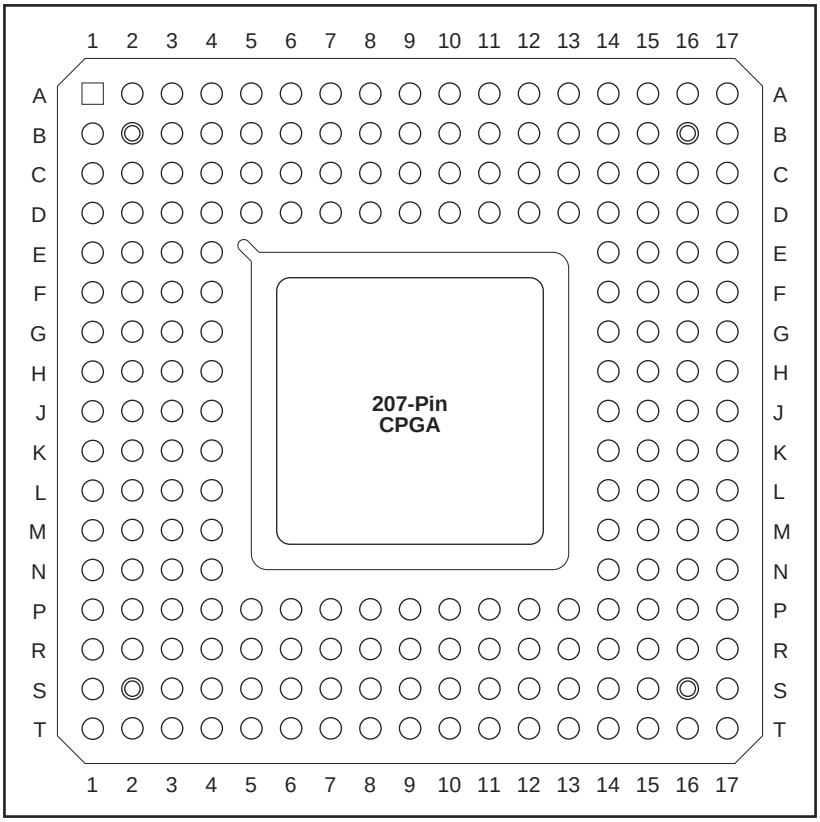
PG133	
A1425 Function	**Location**
CLKA or I/O	D7
CLKB or I/O	B6
DCLK or I/O	D4
GND	A2, C3, C7, C11, C12, F10, G3, G11, L3, L7, L11, M3, N12
HCLK or I/O	K7
IOCLK or I/O	C10
IOPCL or I/O	L10
MODE	E3
NC	A1, A7, A13, G1, G13, N1, N7, N13
PRA or I/O	A6
PRB or I/O	L6
SDI or I/O	C2
SDO	M11
VCC	B2, B7, B12, E11, G2, G12, J2, J12, M2, M7, M12

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.
4. The PG133 package has been discontinued.

PG207



Note: This is the top view.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

Datasheet Categories

Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheet parameters are published before data has been fully characterized from silicon devices. The data provided for a given device is designated as either "Product Brief," "Advance," "Preliminary," or "Production." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advance or production) and contains general product information. This document gives an overview of specific device and family information.

Advance

This version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production. This label only applies to the DC and Switching Characteristics chapter of the datasheet and will only be used when the data has not been fully characterized.

Preliminary

The datasheet contains information based on simulation and/or initial characterization. The information is believed to be correct, but changes are possible.

Production

This version contains information that is considered to be final.

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