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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	564
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	70
Number of Gates	4000
Voltage - Supply	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	84-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	84-PLCC (29.31x29.31)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a1440a-plg84c">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a1440a-plg84c</a>

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# 1 – ACT 3 Family Overview

## General Description

Microsemi's ACT 3 Accelerator Series of FPGAs offers the industry's fastest high-capacity programmable logic device. ACT 3 FPGAs offer a high performance, PCI compliant programmable solution capable of 186 MHz on-chip performance and 9.0 nanosecond clock-to-output (–1 speed grade), with capacities spanning from 1,500 to 10,000 gate array equivalent gates.

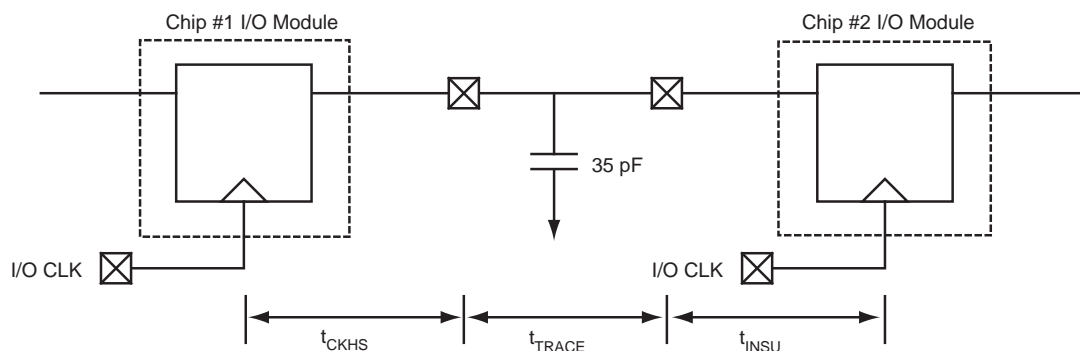
The ACT 3 family builds on the proven two-module architecture consisting of combinatorial and sequential logic modules used in Microsemi's 3200DX and 1200XL families. In addition, the ACT 3 I/O modules contain registers which deliver 9.0 nanosecond clock-to-out times (–1 speed grade). The devices contain four clock distribution networks, including dedicated array and I/O clocks, supporting very fast synchronous and asynchronous designs. In addition, routed clocks can be used to drive high fanout signals such as flip-flop resets and output.

The ACT 3 family is supported by Microsemi's Designer Series Development System which offers automatic placement and routing (with automatic or fixed pin assignments), static timing analysis, user programming, and debug and diagnostic probe capabilities.

Accumulators (16-Bit)	47 MHz
Loadable Counters (16-Bit)	82 MHz
Prescaled Loadable Counters (16-Bit)	186 MHz
Shift Registers	186 MHz

**Figure 1-1 • Predictable Performance (worst-case commercial, –1 speed grade)**

## System Performance Model



### **Module Output Connections**

Module outputs have dedicated output segments. Output segments extend vertically two channels above and two channels below, except at the top or bottom of the array. Output segments twist, as shown in Figure 10, so that only four vertical tracks are required.

### **LVT Connections**

Outputs may also connect to nondedicated segments called Long Vertical Tracks (LVTs). Each module pair in the array shares four LVTs that span the length of the column. Any module in the column pair can connect to one of the LVTs in the column using an FF connection. The FF connection uses antifuses connected directly to the driver stage of the module output, bypassing the isolation transistor. FF antifuses are programmed at a higher current level than HF, VF, or XF antifuses to produce a lower resistance value.

### **Antifuse Connections**

In general every intersection of a vertical segment and a horizontal segment contains an unprogrammed antifuse (XF-type). One exception is in the case of the clock networks.

### **Clock Connections**

To minimize loading on the clock networks, a subset of inputs has antifuses on the clock tracks. Only a few of the C-module and S-module inputs can be connected to the clock networks. To further reduce loading on the clock network, only a subset of the horizontal routing tracks can connect to the clock inputs of the S-module.

## **Programming and Test Circuits**

The array of logic and I/O modules is surrounded by test and programming circuits controlled by the temporary special I/O pins MODE, SDI, and DCLK. The function of these pins is similar to all ACT family devices. The ACT 3 family also includes support for two Actionprobe<sup>®</sup> circuits, allowing complete observability of any logic or I/O module in the array using the temporary special I/O pins, PRA and PRB.

## 5 V Operating Conditions

**Table 2-2 • Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1</sup>, Free Air Temperature Range**

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC supply voltage	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input voltage	–0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
VO	Output voltage	–0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
IIO	I/O source sink current <sup>2</sup>	±20	mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	–65 to +150	°C

**Notes:**

- Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Device should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.
- Device inputs are normally high impedance and draw extremely low current. However, when input voltage is greater than VCC + 0.5 V for less than GND –0.5 V, the internal protection diodes will forward bias and can draw excessive current.

**Table 2-3 • Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature range*	0 to +70	–40 to +85	–55 to +125	°C
5 V power supply tolerance	±5	±10	±10	%VCC

**Note:** \*Ambient temperature ( $T_A$ ) is used for commercial and industrial; case temperature ( $T_C$ ) is used for military.

**Table 2-4 • Electrical Specifications**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Commercial		Industrial		Military		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VOH <sup>1,2</sup>	High level output	IOH = –4 mA (CMOS)	–	–	3.7	–	3.7	–	V
		IOH = –6 mA (CMOS)	3.84						V
		IOH = –10 mA (TTL) <sup>3</sup>	2.40						V
VOL <sup>1,2</sup>	Low level output	IOL = +6 mA (CMOS)		0.33		0.4		0.4	V
		IOL = +12 mA (TTL) <sup>3</sup>		0.50					
VIH	High level input	TTL inputs	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
VIL	Low level input	TTL inputs	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
IIN	Input leakage	VI = VCC or GND	–10	+10	–10	+10	–10	+10	μA
IOZ	3-state output leakage	VO = VCC or GND	–10	+10	–10	+10	–10	+10	μA
C <sub>IO</sub>	I/O capacitance <sup>3,4</sup>			10		10		10	pF
ICC(S)	Standby VCC supply current (typical = 0.7 mA)			2		10		20	mA
ICC(D)	Dynamic VCC supply current. See the Power Dissipation section.								

**Notes:**

- Microsemi devices can drive and receive either CMOS or TTL signal levels. No assignment of I/Os as TTL or CMOS is required.
- Tested one output at a time, VCC = minimum.
- Not tested; for information only.
- VOUT = 0 V, f = 1 MHz
- Typical standby current = 0.7 mA. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC or GND.

Equivalent capacitance is calculated by measuring ICC active at a specified frequency and voltage for each circuit component of interest. Measurements have been made over a range of frequencies at a fixed value of VCC. Equivalent capacitance is frequency independent so that the results may be used over a wide range of operating conditions. Equivalent capacitance values are shown in [Figure 2-10](#).

**Table 2-10 • CEQ Values for Microsemi FPGAs**

Item	CEQ Value
Modules (C <sub>EQM</sub> )	6.7
Input Buffers (C <sub>EQI</sub> )	7.2
Output Buffers (C <sub>EQO</sub> )	10.4
Routed Array Clock Buffer Loads (C <sub>EQCR</sub> )	1.6
Dedicated Clock Buffer Loads (C <sub>EQCD</sub> )	0.7
I/O Clock Buffer Loads (C <sub>EQCI</sub> )	0.9

To calculate the active power dissipated from the complete design, the switching frequency of each part of the logic must be known. [EQ 5](#) shows a piece-wise linear summation over all components.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Power} = & VCC^2 * [(m * C_{EQM} * f_m)_{\text{modules}} + (n * C_{EQI} * f_n)_{\text{inputs}} \\
 & + (p * (C_{EQO} + C_L) * f_p)_{\text{outputs}} \\
 & + 0.5 * (q_1 * C_{EQCR} * f_{q1})_{\text{routed\_Clk1}} + (r_1 * f_{q1})_{\text{routed\_Clk1}} \\
 & + 0.5 * (q_2 * C_{EQCR} * f_{q2})_{\text{routed\_Clk2}} \\
 & + (r_2 * f_{q2})_{\text{routed\_Clk2}} + 0.5 * (s_1 * C_{EQCD} * f_{s1})_{\text{dedicated\_Clk}} \\
 & + (s_2 * C_{EQCI} * f_{s2})_{\text{IO\_Clk}}]
 \end{aligned}$$

EQ 5

Where:

m = Number of logic modules switching at f<sub>m</sub>

n = Number of input buffers switching at f<sub>n</sub>

p = Number of output buffers switching at f<sub>p</sub>

q<sub>1</sub> = Number of clock loads on the first routed array clock

q<sub>2</sub> = Number of clock loads on the second routed array clock

r<sub>1</sub> = Fixed capacitance due to first routed array clock

r<sub>2</sub> = Fixed capacitance due to second routed array clock

s<sub>1</sub> = Fixed number of clock loads on the dedicated array clock

s<sub>2</sub> = Fixed number of clock loads on the dedicated I/O clock

C<sub>EQM</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of logic modules in pF

C<sub>EQI</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of input buffers in pF

C<sub>EQO</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of output buffers in pF

C<sub>EQCR</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of routed array clock in pF

C<sub>EQCD</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of dedicated array clock in pF

C<sub>EQCI</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of dedicated I/O clock in pF

C<sub>L</sub> = Output lead capacitance in pF

f<sub>m</sub> = Average logic module switching rate in MHz

f<sub>n</sub> = Average input buffer switching rate in MHz

f<sub>p</sub> = Average output buffer switching rate in MHz

f<sub>q1</sub> = Average first routed array clock rate in MHz

f<sub>q2</sub> = Average second routed array clock rate in MHz

f<sub>s1</sub> = Average dedicated array clock rate in MHz

f<sub>s2</sub> = Average dedicated I/O clock rate in MHz

**Table 2-11 • Fixed Capacitance Values for Microsemi FPGAs**

Device Type	r1, routed_Clk1	r2, routed_Clk2
A1415A	60	60
A14V15A	57	57
A1425A	75	75
A14V25A	72	72
A1440A	105	105
A14V40A	100	100
A1440B	105	105
A1460A	165	165
A14V60A	157	157
A1460B	165	165
A14100A	195	195
A14V100A	185	185
A14100B	195	195

**Table 2-12 • Fixed Clock Loads (s1/s2)**

Device Type	s1, Clock Loads on Dedicated Array Clock	s2, Clock Loads on Dedicated I/O Clock
A1415A	104	80
A14V15A	104	80
A1425A	160	100
A14V25A	160	100
A1440A	288	140
A14V40A	288	140
A1440B	288	140
A1460A	432	168
A14V60A	432	168
A1460B	432	168
A14100A	697	228
A14V100A	697	228
A14100B	697	228

## A1415A, A14V15A Timing Characteristics (continued)

**Table 2-20 • A1415A, A14V15A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C**

I/O Module – TTL Output Timing <sup>1</sup>		–3 Speed <sup>2</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>2</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>DHS</sub>	Data to Pad, High Slew		5.0		5.6		6.4		7.5		9.8	ns
t <sub>DLS</sub>	Data to Pad, Low Slew		8.0		9.0		10.2		12.0		15.6	ns
t <sub>ENZHS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		7.8	ns
t <sub>ENZLS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t <sub>ENHSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		6.5		7.5		8.5		10.0		13.0	ns
t <sub>ENLSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		6.5		7.5		8.5		10.0		13.0	ns
t <sub>CKHS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		7.5		7.5		9.0		10.0		13.0	ns
t <sub>CKLS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		11.3		11.3		13.5		15.0		19.5	ns
d <sub>TLHHS</sub>	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d <sub>TLHLS</sub>	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
d <sub>THLHS</sub>	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d <sub>THLLS</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
I/O Module – CMOS Output Timing <sup>1</sup>												
t <sub>DHS</sub>	Data to Pad, High Slew		6.2		7.0		7.9		9.3		12.1	ns
t <sub>DLS</sub>	Data to Pad, Low Slew		11.7		13.1		14.9		17.5		22.8	ns
t <sub>ENZHS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		5.2		5.9		6.6		7.8		10.1	ns
t <sub>ENZLS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		8.9		10.0		11.3		13.3		17.3	ns
t <sub>ENHSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		6.7		7.5		8.5		10.0		13.0	ns
t <sub>ENLSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		6.7		7.5		9.0		10.0		13.0	ns
t <sub>CKHS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		8.9		8.9		10.7		11.8		15.3	ns
t <sub>CKLS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		13.0		13.0		15.6		17.3		22.5	ns
d <sub>TLHHS</sub>	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d <sub>TLHLS</sub>	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.11		0.14	ns/pF
d <sub>THLHS</sub>	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.05	ns/pF
d <sub>THLLS</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

**Notes:**

- Delays based on 35 pF loading.
- The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Please refer to the Product Discontinuation Notices (PDNs) listed below:

PDN March 2001

PDN 0104

PDN 0203

PDN 0604

PDN 1004



## A1425A, A14V25A Timing Characteristics

**Table 2-22 • A1425A, A14V25A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C<sup>1</sup>**

Logic Module Propagation Delays <sup>2</sup>		–3 Speed <sup>3</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>3</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>PD</sub>	Internal Array Module		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
t <sub>CO</sub>	Sequential Clock to Q		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
t <sub>CLR</sub>	Asynchronous Clear to Q		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
<b>Predicted Routing Delays<sup>4</sup></b>												
t <sub>RD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t <sub>RD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.8	ns
t <sub>RD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.3	ns
t <sub>RD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
<b>Logic Module Sequential Timing</b>												
t <sub>SUD</sub>	Flip-Flop Data Input Setup	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.8		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>SUD</sub>	Latch Data Input Setup	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.8		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Latch Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>WASYN</sub>	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		ns
t <sub>WCLKA</sub>	Flip-Flop Clock Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		ns
t <sub>A</sub>	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Flip-Flop Clock Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz

**Notes:**

1. VCC = 3.0 V for 3.3 V specifications.
2. For dual-module macros, use t<sub>PD</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>PDn</sub> + t<sub>CO</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>PDn</sub> or t<sub>PD1</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>SUD</sub>, whichever is appropriate.
3. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to [PDN 0104](#), [PDN 0203](#), [PDN 0604](#), and [PDN 1004](#) at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
4. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

## A1460A, A14V60A Timing Characteristics (continued)

**Table 2-32 • A1460A, A14V60A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C**

I/O Module – TTL Output Timing <sup>1</sup>		–3 Speed <sup>2</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>2</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>DHS</sub>	Data to Pad, High Slew		5.0		5.6		6.4		7.5		9.8	ns
t <sub>DLS</sub>	Data to Pad, Low Slew		8.0		9.0		10.2		12.0		15.6	ns
t <sub>ENZHS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		7.8	ns
t <sub>ENZLS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t <sub>ENHSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		7.8		8.7		9.9		11.6		15.1	ns
t <sub>ENLSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t <sub>CKHS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		9.0		9.0		10.0		11.5		15.0	ns
t <sub>CKLS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		12.8		12.8		15.3		17.0		22.1	ns
d <sub>TLHHS</sub>	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d <sub>TLHLS</sub>	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
d <sub>THLHS</sub>	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d <sub>THLLS</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
I/O Module – CMOS Output Timing <sup>1</sup>												
t <sub>DHS</sub>	Data to Pad, High Slew		6.2		7.0		7.9		9.3		12.1	ns
t <sub>DLS</sub>	Data to Pad, Low Slew		11.7		13.1		14.9		17.5		22.8	ns
t <sub>ENZHS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		5.2		5.9		6.6		7.8		10.1	ns
t <sub>ENZLS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		8.9		10.0		11.3		13.3		17.3	ns
t <sub>ENHSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t <sub>ENLSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t <sub>CKHS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		10.4		10.4		12.1		13.8		17.9	ns
t <sub>CKLS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		14.5		14.5		17.4		19.3		25.1	ns
d <sub>TLHHS</sub>	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d <sub>TLHLS</sub>	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.11		0.14	ns/pF
d <sub>THLHS</sub>	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.05	ns/pF
d <sub>THLLS</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

**Notes:**

1. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
2. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to [PDN 0104](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), [PDN 0203](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), [PDN 0604](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), and [PDN 1004](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn) at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.

## A1460A, A14V60A Timing Characteristics (continued)

**Table 2-33 • A1460A, A14V60A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C**

Dedicated (hardwired) I/O Clock Network		–3 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>ILOCKH</sub>	Input Low to High (pad to I/O module input)		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.5	ns
t <sub>IOPWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width High	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t <sub>IPOWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width Low	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t <sub>IOSAPW</sub>	Minimum Asynchronous Pulse Width	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t <sub>ILOCKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6	ns
t <sub>IOP</sub>	Minimum Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f <sub>IOMAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz
<b>Dedicated (hardwired) Array Clock</b>												
t <sub>HCKH</sub>	Input Low to High (pad to S-module input)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.0	ns
t <sub>HCKL</sub>	Input High to Low (pad to S-module input)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.0	ns
t <sub>HPWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width High	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t <sub>HPWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width Low	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t <sub>HCKSW</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6	ns
t <sub>HP</sub>	Minimum Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f <sub>HMAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz
<b>Routed Array Clock Networks</b>												
t <sub>RCKH</sub>	Input Low to High (FO = 64)		6.0		6.8		7.7		9.0		11.8	ns
t <sub>RCKL</sub>	Input High to Low (FO = 64)		6.0		6.8		7.7		9.0		11.8	ns
t <sub>RPWH</sub>	Min. Pulse Width High (FO = 64)	4.1		4.5		5.4		6.1		8.2		ns
t <sub>RPWL</sub>	Min. Pulse Width Low (FO = 64)	4.1		4.5		5.4		6.1		8.2		ns
t <sub>RCKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew (FO = 128)		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		1.8	ns
t <sub>RP</sub>	Minimum Period (FO = 64)	8.3		9.3		11.1		12.5		16.7		ns
f <sub>RMAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency (FO = 64)		120		105		90		80		60	MHz
<b>Clock-to-Clock Skews</b>												
t <sub>IOHCKSW</sub>	I/O Clock to H-Clock Skew	0.0	2.6	0.0	2.7	0.0	2.9	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	ns
t <sub>IORCKSW</sub>	I/O Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 216)	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	5.0	ns
		0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	
t <sub>HRCKSW</sub>	H-Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 216)	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	ns
		0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	

### Notes:

- The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to [PDN 0104](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), [PDN 0203](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), [PDN 0604](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), and [PDN 1004](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn) at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading.

## A14100A, A14V100A Timing Characteristics (continued)

**Table 2-35 • A14100A, A14V100A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C**

I/O Module Input Propagation Delays		–3 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>INY</sub>	Input Data Pad to Y		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
t <sub>ICKY</sub>	Input Reg IOCLK Pad to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t <sub>OCKY</sub>	Output Reg IOCLK Pad to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t <sub>ICLRY</sub>	Input Asynchronous Clear to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t <sub>OCLRY</sub>	Output Asynchronous Clear to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
<b>Predicted Input Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>												
t <sub>RD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t <sub>RD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.8	ns
t <sub>RD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.3	ns
t <sub>RD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
<b>I/O Module Sequential Timing (wrt IOCLK pad)</b>												
t <sub>INH</sub>	Input F-F Data Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>INSU</sub>	Input F-F Data Setup	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		1.8		ns
t <sub>IDEH</sub>	Input Data Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>IDESU</sub>	Input Data Enable Setup	5.8		6.5		7.5		8.6		8.6		ns
t <sub>OUTH</sub>	Output F-F Data hold	0.7		0.8		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>OUTSU</sub>	Output F-F Data Setup	0.7		0.8		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>ODEH</sub>	Output Data Enable Hold	0.3		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.5		ns
f <sub>ODESU</sub>	Output Data Enable Setup	1.3		1.5		2.0		2.0		2.0		ns

Notes: \*

1. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to [PDN 0104](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), [PDN 0203](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), [PDN 0604](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), and [PDN 1004](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn) at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

## A14100A, A14V100A Timing Characteristics (continued)

**Table 2-37 • A14100A, A14V100A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C**

Dedicated (hardwired) I/O Clock Network		–3 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>IOCKH</sub>	Input Low to High (pad to I/O module input)		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.5	ns
t <sub>IOPWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width High	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t <sub>IPOWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width Low	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t <sub>IOSAPW</sub>	Minimum Asynchronous Pulse Width	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t <sub>IOCKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.6	ns
t <sub>IOP</sub>	Minimum Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f <sub>IOMAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz
<b>Dedicated (hardwired) Array Clock</b>												
t <sub>HCKH</sub>	Input Low to High (pad to S-module input)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.0	ns
t <sub>HCKL</sub>	Input High to Low (pad to S-module input)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.0	ns
t <sub>HPWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width High	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t <sub>HPWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width Low	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t <sub>HCKSW</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.6	ns
t <sub>HP</sub>	Minimum Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f <sub>HMAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz
<b>Routed Array Clock Networks</b>												
t <sub>RCKH</sub>	Input Low to High (FO = 64)		6.0		6.8		7.7		9.0		11.8	ns
t <sub>RCKL</sub>	Input High to Low (FO = 64)		6.0		6.8		7.7		9.0		11.8	ns
t <sub>RPWH</sub>	Min. Pulse Width High (FO = 64)	4.1		4.5		5.4		6.1		8.2		ns
t <sub>RPWL</sub>	Min. Pulse Width Low (FO = 64)	4.1		4.5		5.4		6.1		8.2		ns
t <sub>RCKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew (FO = 128)		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		1.8	ns
t <sub>RP</sub>	Minimum Period (FO = 64)	8.3		9.3		11.1		12.5		16.7		ns
f <sub>RMAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency (FO = 64)		120		105		90		80		60	MHz
<b>Clock-to-Clock Skews</b>												
t <sub>IOHCKSW</sub>	I/O Clock to H-Clock Skew	0.0	2.6	0.0	2.7	0.0	2.9	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	ns
t <sub>IORCKSW</sub>	I/O Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 350)	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	5.0	ns
		0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	
t <sub>HRCKSW</sub>	H-Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 350)	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	ns
		0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	

Notes: \*

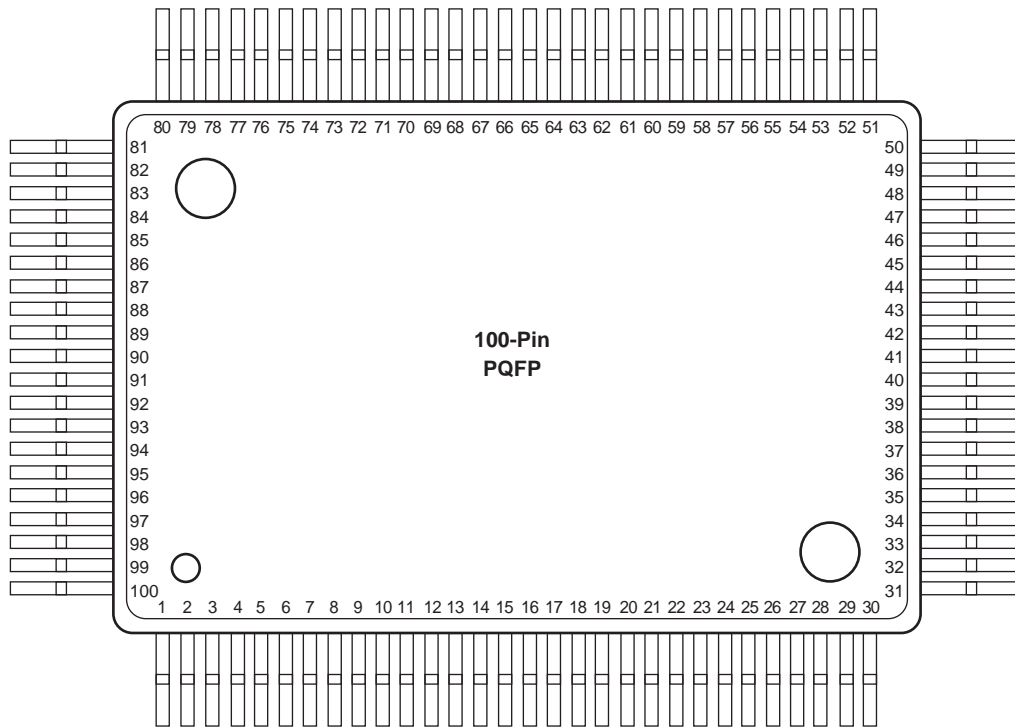
- The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to [PDN 0104](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), [PDN 0203](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), [PDN 0604](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn), and [PDN 1004](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn) at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading.

PL84			
Pin Number	A1415, A14V15 Function	A1425, A14V25 Function	A1440, A14V40 Function
1	VCC	VCC	VCC
2	GND	GND	GND
3	VCC	VCC	VCC
4	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
11	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
12	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
16	MODE	MODE	MODE
27	GND	GND	GND
28	VCC	VCC	VCC
40	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
41	VCC	VCC	VCC
42	GND	GND	GND
43	VCC	VCC	VCC
45	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O
52	SDO	SDO	SDO
53	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O
59	VCC	VCC	VCC
60	VCC	VCC	VCC
61	GND	GND	GND
68	VCC	VCC	VCC
69	GND	GND	GND
74	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O
83	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
84	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O

*Notes:*

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

## PQ100



*Note:* This is the top view of the package.

### Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

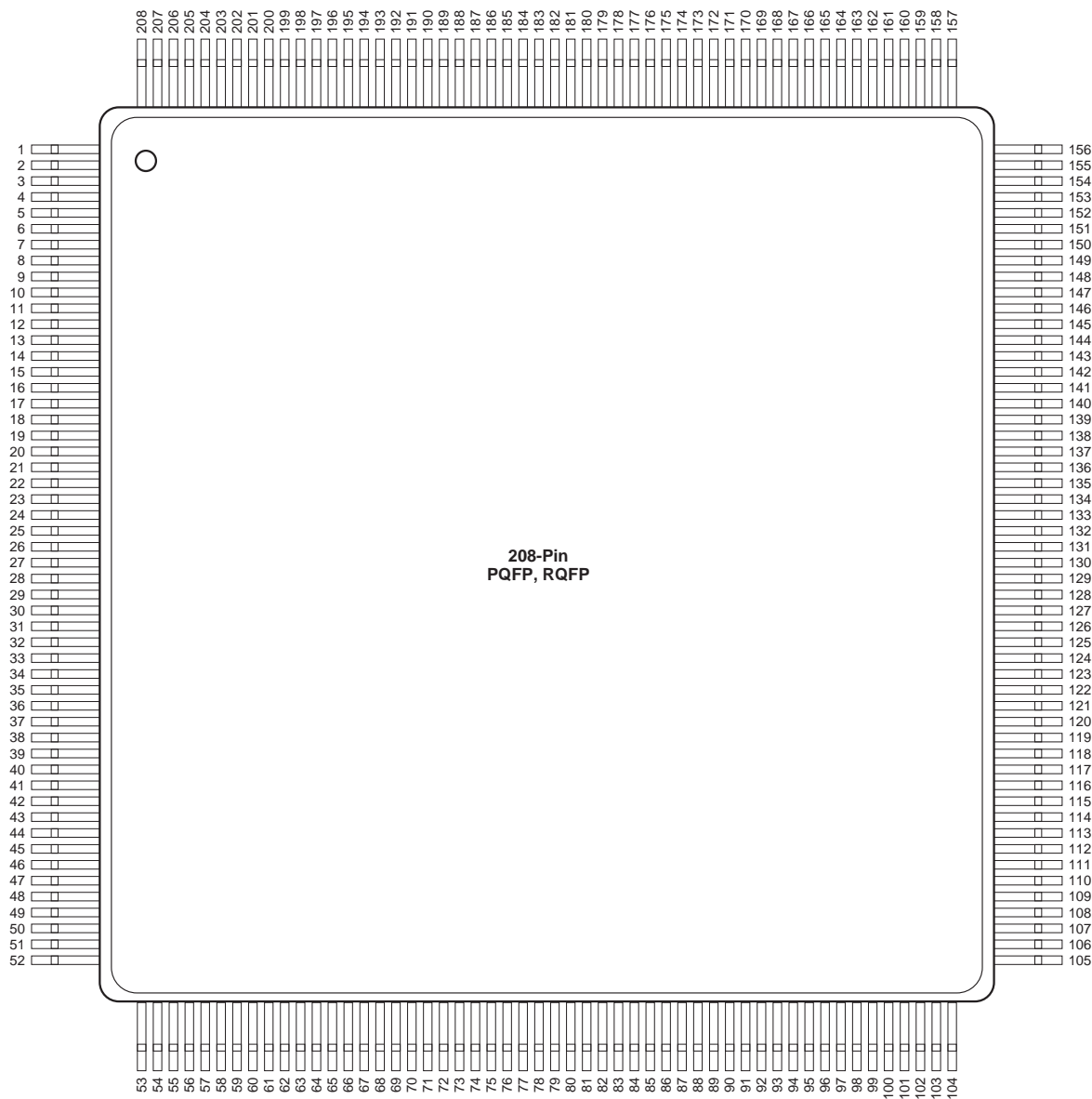
PQ160			
Pin Number	A1425, A14V25 Function	A1440, A14V40 Function	A1460, A14V60 Function
92	NC	I/O	I/O
93	NC	I/O	I/O
98	GND	GND	GND
99	VCC	VCC	VCC
100	NC	I/O	I/O
103	GND	GND	GND
107	NC	I/O	I/O
109	NC	I/O	I/O
110	VCC	VCC	VCC
111	GND	GND	GND
112	VCC	VCC	VCC
113	NC	I/O	I/O
119	NC	I/O	I/O
120	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O
121	GND	GND	GND
124	NC	I/O	I/O
127	NC	I/O	I/O
136	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
137	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
138	VCC	VCC	VCC
139	GND	GND	GND
140	VCC	VCC	VCC
141	GND	GND	GND
142	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
143	NC	I/O	I/O
145	NC	I/O	I/O
147	NC	I/O	I/O
149	NC	I/O	I/O
151	NC	I/O	I/O
153	NC	I/O	I/O
154	VCC	VCC	VCC
160	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O

**Notes:**

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.



## PQ208, RQ208

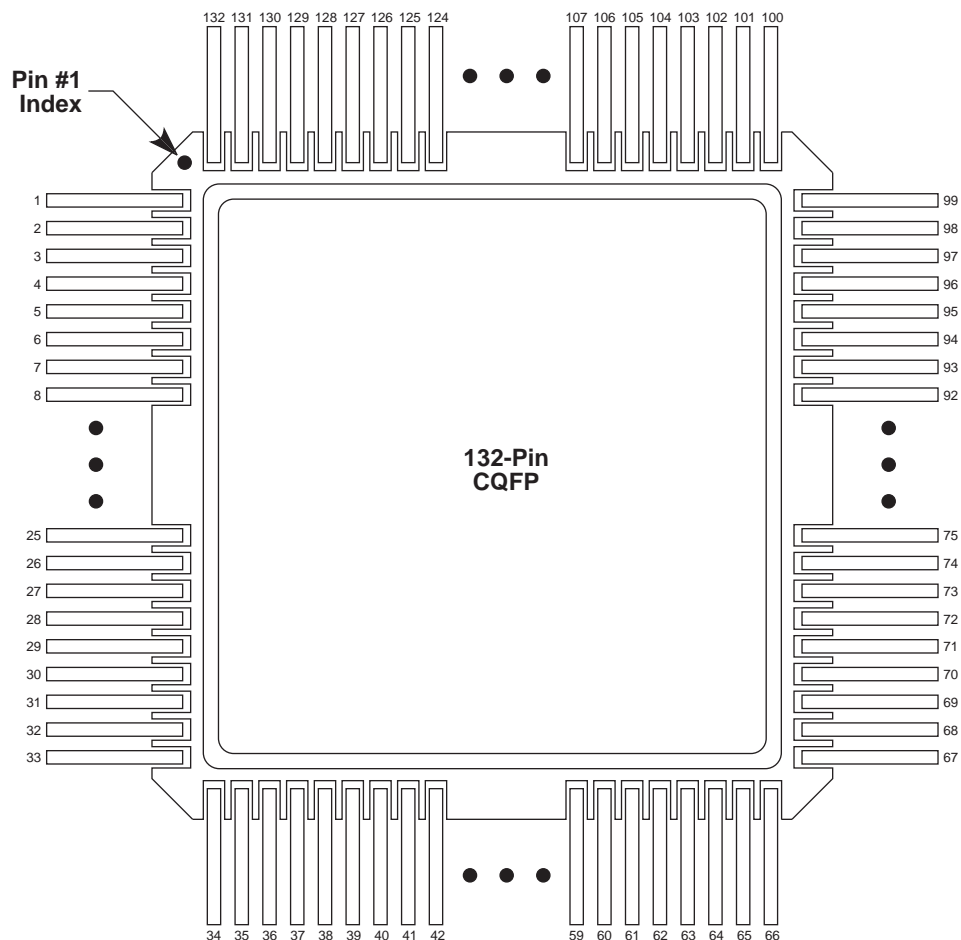


*Note:* This is the top view of the package

### Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

## CQ132



*Note:* This is the top view

### Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

CQ256	
Pin Number	A14100 Function
1	GND
2	SDI, I/O
11	MODE
28	VCC
29	GND
30	VCC
31	GND
46	VCC
59	GND
90	PRB, I/O
91	GND
92	VCC
93	GND
94	VCC
96	HCLK, I/O
110	GND
126	SDO
127	IOPCL, I/O
128	GND

CQ256	
Pin Number	A14100 Function
141	VCC
158	GND
159	VCC
160	GND
161	VCC
174	VCC
175	GND
176	GND
188	IOCLK, I/O
189	GND
219	CLKA, I/O
220	CLKB, I/O
221	VCC
222	GND
223	VCC
224	GND
225	PRA, I/O
240	GND
256	DCLK, I/O

#### Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

## 4 – Datasheet Information

### List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in each version of the datasheet.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 3 (January 2012)	The description for SDO pins had earlier been removed from the datasheet and has now been included again, in the <a href="#">"Pin Descriptions" section</a> (SAR 35820).	2-21
	SDO pin numbers had earlier been removed from package pin assignment tables in the datasheet, and have now been restored to the pin tables (SAR 35820).	3-1
Revision 2 (September 2011)	The ACT 3 datasheet was formatted newly in the style used for current datasheets. The same information is present (other than noted in the list of changes for this revision) but divided into chapters.	N/A
	The datasheet was revised to note in multiple places that speed grades –2 and –3 have been discontinued. The following device/package combinations have been discontinued for all speed grades and temperatures (SAR 33872): A1415 PG100 A1425 PG133 A1440 PG175 A1460 BG225 Refer to <a href="#">PDN 0104</a> , <a href="#">PDN 0203</a> , <a href="#">PDN 0604</a> , and <a href="#">PDN 1004</a> .	I and others
	The <a href="#">"Features" section</a> was revised to state the clock-to-output time and on-chip performance for –1 speed grade as 9.0 ns and 186 MHz. The <a href="#">"General Description" section</a> was revised in accordance (SAR 33872).	I
	The maximum performance values were updated in <a href="#">Table 1 • ACT 3 Family Product Information</a> , and now reflect worst-case commercial for the –1 speed grade (SAR 33872).	I
	The <a href="#">"Product Plan" table</a> was updated as follows to conform to current offerings (SAR 33872): The A1415A device is offered in PL84, PG100, and VQ100 packages for Military application. The A1440A device is offered in TQ176 and VQ100 packages for Industrial application.	III
	<a href="#">Table 1-1 • Chip-to-Chip Performance (worst-case commercial)</a> was updated to include data for all speed grades instead of only –3 (SAR 33872).	1-2
	<a href="#">Figure 1-1 • Predictable Performance (worst-case commercial, –1 speed grade)</a> was revised to reflect values for the –1 speed grade (SAR 33872).	1-1
	<a href="#">Figure 2-10 • Timing Model</a> was updated to show data for the –1 speed grade instead of –3 (SAR 33872).	2-16
	<a href="#">Table 2-14 • Logic Module and Routing Delay by Fanout (ns); Worst-Case Commercial Conditions</a> was updated to include data for all speed grades instead of only –3 (SAR 33872).	2-20
	Package names used in the <a href="#">"Package Pin Assignments" section</a> and throughout the document were revised to match standards given in <a href="#">Package Mechanical Drawings</a> (SAR 27395).	3-1

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 2 (continued)	In the " <a href="#">Package Pin Assignments</a> " section, notes were added to the pin tables for the following packages, stating that they are discontinued: "BG225" "PG100" "PG133" "PG175"	3-20 3-24 3-26 3-28
Revision 1 (June 2006)	RoHS compliant information was added to the " <a href="#">Ordering Information</a> " section.	II