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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	848
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	168
Number of Gates	6000
Voltage - Supply	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TJ)
Package / Case	207-BCPGA
Supplier Device Package	207-CPGA (44.96x44.96)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a1460a-1pg207b

1 – ACT 3 Family Overview

General Description

Microsemi's ACT 3 Accelerator Series of FPGAs offers the industry's fastest high-capacity programmable logic device. ACT 3 FPGAs offer a high performance, PCI compliant programmable solution capable of 186 MHz on-chip performance and 9.0 nanosecond clock-to-output (–1 speed grade), with capacities spanning from 1,500 to 10,000 gate array equivalent gates.

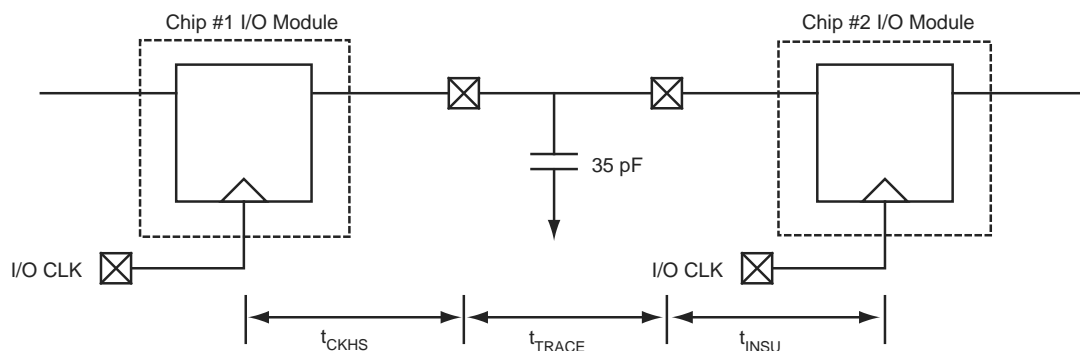
The ACT 3 family builds on the proven two-module architecture consisting of combinatorial and sequential logic modules used in Microsemi's 3200DX and 1200XL families. In addition, the ACT 3 I/O modules contain registers which deliver 9.0 nanosecond clock-to-out times (–1 speed grade). The devices contain four clock distribution networks, including dedicated array and I/O clocks, supporting very fast synchronous and asynchronous designs. In addition, routed clocks can be used to drive high fanout signals such as flip-flop resets and output.

The ACT 3 family is supported by Microsemi's Designer Series Development System which offers automatic placement and routing (with automatic or fixed pin assignments), static timing analysis, user programming, and debug and diagnostic probe capabilities.

Accumulators (16-Bit)	47 MHz
Loadable Counters (16-Bit)	82 MHz
Prescaled Loadable Counters (16-Bit)	186 MHz
Shift Registers	186 MHz

Figure 1-1 • Predictable Performance (worst-case commercial, –1 speed grade)

System Performance Model



The S-module contains a full implementation of the C-module plus a clearable sequential element that can either implement a latch or flip-flop function. The S-module can therefore implement any function implemented by the C-module. This allows complex combinatorial-sequential functions to be implemented with no delay penalty. The Designer Series Development System will automatically combine any C-module macro driving an S-module macro into the S-module, thereby freeing up a logic module and eliminating a module delay.

The clear input CLR is accessible from the routing channel. In addition, the clock input may be connected to one of three clock networks: CLKA, CLKB, or HCLK. The C-module and S-module functional descriptions are shown in Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3 on page 2-2. The clock selection is determined by a multiplexer select at the clock input to the S-module.

I/Os

I/O Modules

I/O modules provide an interface between the array and the I/O Pad Drivers. I/O modules are located in the array and access the routing channels in a similar fashion to logic modules. The I/O module schematic is shown in Figure 4. The signals DataIn and DataOut connect to the I/O pad driver.

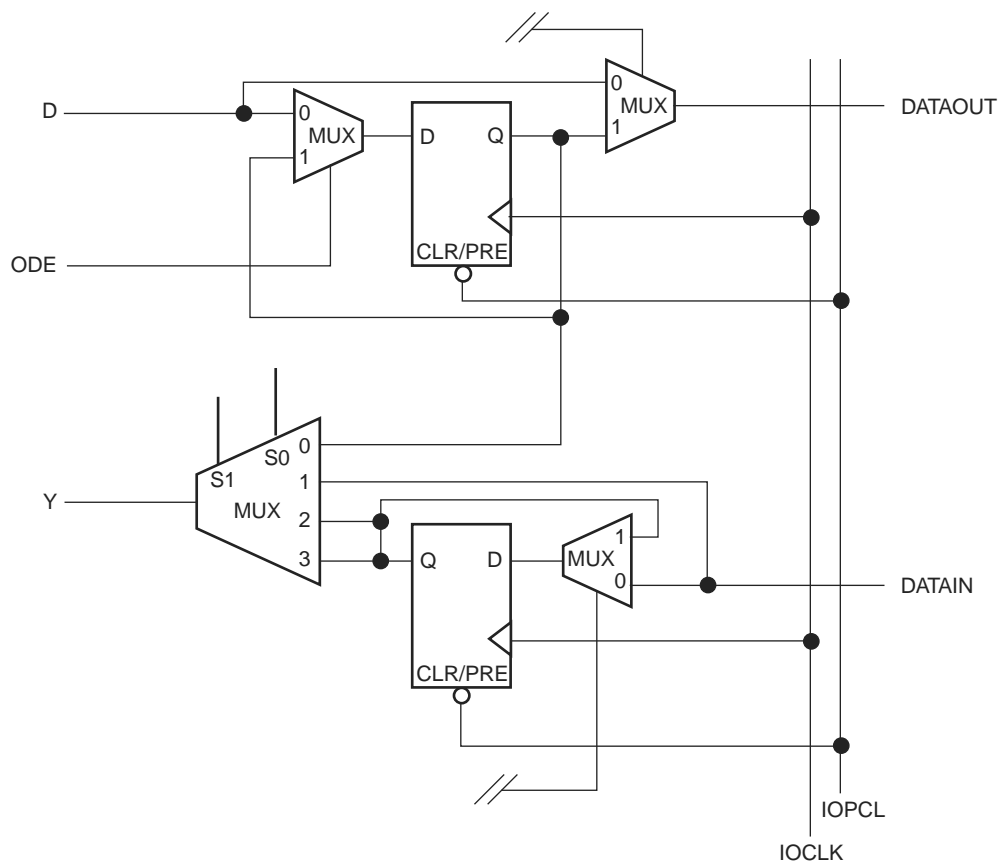


Figure 2-4 • Functional Diagram for I/O Module

Each I/O module contains two D-type flip-flops. Each flip-flop is connected to the dedicated I/O clock (IOCLK). Each flip-flop can be bypassed by nonsequential I/Os. In addition, each flip-flop contains a data enable input that can be accessed from the routing channels (ODE and IDE). The asynchronous preset/clear input is driven by the dedicated preset/clear network (IOPCL). Either preset or clear can be selected individually on an I/O module by I/O module basis.

Module Output Connections

Module outputs have dedicated output segments. Output segments extend vertically two channels above and two channels below, except at the top or bottom of the array. Output segments twist, as shown in Figure 10, so that only four vertical tracks are required.

LVT Connections

Outputs may also connect to nondedicated segments called Long Vertical Tracks (LVTs). Each module pair in the array shares four LVTs that span the length of the column. Any module in the column pair can connect to one of the LVTs in the column using an FF connection. The FF connection uses antifuses connected directly to the driver stage of the module output, bypassing the isolation transistor. FF antifuses are programmed at a higher current level than HF, VF, or XF antifuses to produce a lower resistance value.

Antifuse Connections

In general every intersection of a vertical segment and a horizontal segment contains an unprogrammed antifuse (XF-type). One exception is in the case of the clock networks.

Clock Connections

To minimize loading on the clock networks, a subset of inputs has antifuses on the clock tracks. Only a few of the C-module and S-module inputs can be connected to the clock networks. To further reduce loading on the clock network, only a subset of the horizontal routing tracks can connect to the clock inputs of the S-module.

Programming and Test Circuits

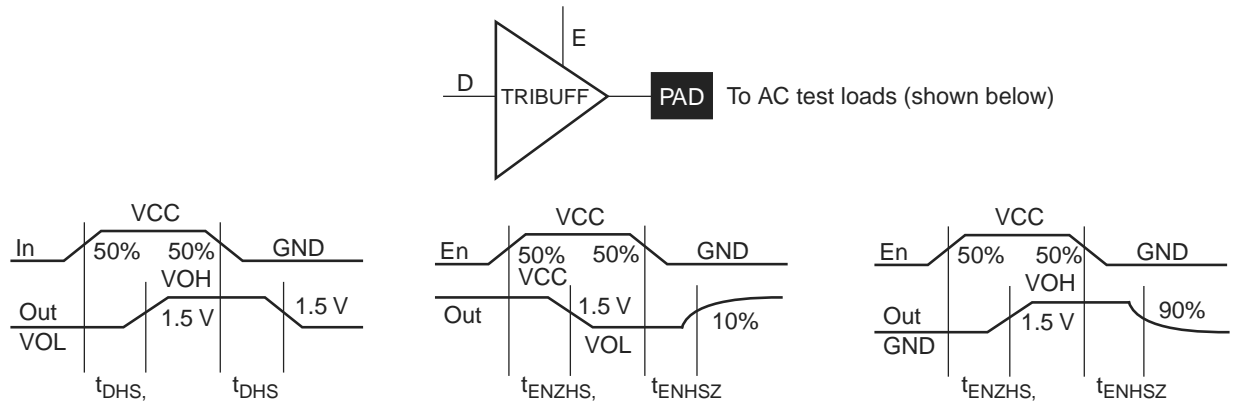
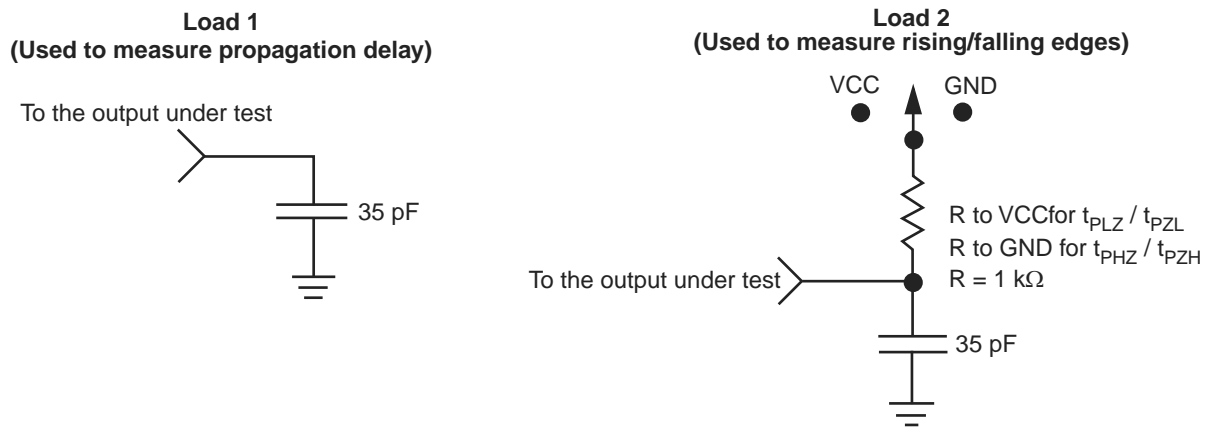
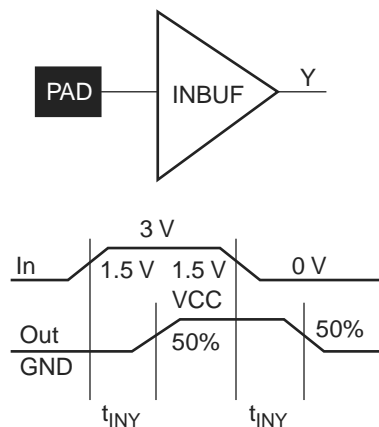
The array of logic and I/O modules is surrounded by test and programming circuits controlled by the temporary special I/O pins MODE, SDI, and DCLK. The function of these pins is similar to all ACT family devices. The ACT 3 family also includes support for two Actionprobe[®] circuits, allowing complete observability of any logic or I/O module in the array using the temporary special I/O pins, PRA and PRB.

Table 2-11 • Fixed Capacitance Values for Microsemi FPGAs

Device Type	r1, routed_Clk1	r2, routed_Clk2
A1415A	60	60
A14V15A	57	57
A1425A	75	75
A14V25A	72	72
A1440A	105	105
A14V40A	100	100
A1440B	105	105
A1460A	165	165
A14V60A	157	157
A1460B	165	165
A14100A	195	195
A14V100A	185	185
A14100B	195	195

Table 2-12 • Fixed Clock Loads (s1/s2)

Device Type	s1, Clock Loads on Dedicated Array Clock	s2, Clock Loads on Dedicated I/O Clock
A1415A	104	80
A14V15A	104	80
A1425A	160	100
A14V25A	160	100
A1440A	288	140
A14V40A	288	140
A1440B	288	140
A1460A	432	168
A14V60A	432	168
A1460B	432	168
A14100A	697	228
A14V100A	697	228
A14100B	697	228


Figure 2-11 • Output Buffers

Figure 2-12 • AC Test Loads

Figure 2-13 • Input Buffer Delays

A1415A, A14V15A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-20 • A1415A, A14V15A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

I/O Module – TTL Output Timing ¹		–3 Speed ²		–2 Speed ²		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed ¹		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{DHS}	Data to Pad, High Slew		5.0		5.6		6.4		7.5		9.8	ns
t _{DLS}	Data to Pad, Low Slew		8.0		9.0		10.2		12.0		15.6	ns
t _{ENZHS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		7.8	ns
t _{ENZLS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t _{ENHSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		6.5		7.5		8.5		10.0		13.0	ns
t _{ENLSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		6.5		7.5		8.5		10.0		13.0	ns
t _{CKHS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		7.5		7.5		9.0		10.0		13.0	ns
t _{CKLS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		11.3		11.3		13.5		15.0		19.5	ns
d _{TLHHS}	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d _{TLHLS}	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
d _{THLHS}	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d _{THLLS}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
I/O Module – CMOS Output Timing ¹												
t _{DHS}	Data to Pad, High Slew		6.2		7.0		7.9		9.3		12.1	ns
t _{DLS}	Data to Pad, Low Slew		11.7		13.1		14.9		17.5		22.8	ns
t _{ENZHS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		5.2		5.9		6.6		7.8		10.1	ns
t _{ENZLS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		8.9		10.0		11.3		13.3		17.3	ns
t _{ENHSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		6.7		7.5		8.5		10.0		13.0	ns
t _{ENLSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		6.7		7.5		9.0		10.0		13.0	ns
t _{CKHS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		8.9		8.9		10.7		11.8		15.3	ns
t _{CKLS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		13.0		13.0		15.6		17.3		22.5	ns
d _{TLHHS}	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d _{TLHLS}	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.11		0.14	ns/pF
d _{THLHS}	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.05	ns/pF
d _{THLLS}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

Notes:

1. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
2. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Please refer to the Product Discontinuation Notices (PDNs) listed below:

PDN March 2001
PDN 0104
PDN 0203
PDN 0604
PDN 1004

A1425A, A14V25A Timing Characteristics

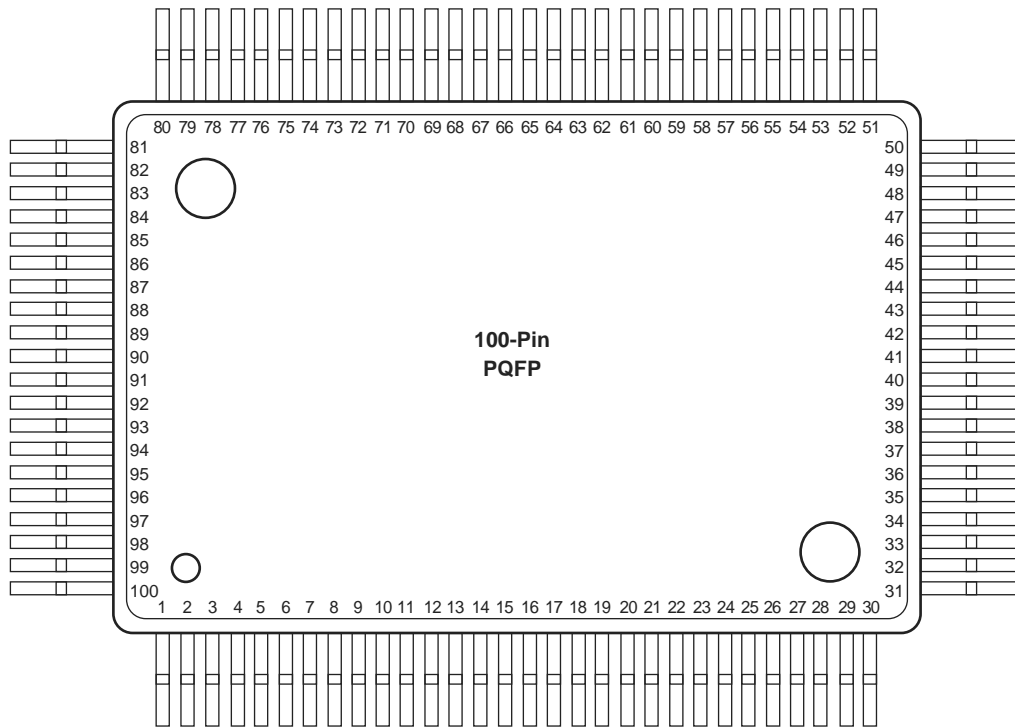
Table 2-22 • A1425A, A14V25A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C¹

Logic Module Propagation Delays ²		–3 Speed ³		–2 Speed ³		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed ¹		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock to Q		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
t _{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear to Q		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
Predicted Routing Delays⁴												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.8	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.3	ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing												
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Setup	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.8		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{SUD}	Latch Data Input Setup	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.8		ns
t _{HD}	Latch Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop Clock Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop Clock Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz

Notes:

1. VCC = 3.0 V for 3.3 V specifications.
2. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn} + t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn} or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
3. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
4. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

PQ100



Note: This is the top view of the package.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

PQ160			
Pin Number	A1425, A14V25 Function	A1440, A14V40 Function	A1460, A14V60 Function
92	NC	I/O	I/O
93	NC	I/O	I/O
98	GND	GND	GND
99	VCC	VCC	VCC
100	NC	I/O	I/O
103	GND	GND	GND
107	NC	I/O	I/O
109	NC	I/O	I/O
110	VCC	VCC	VCC
111	GND	GND	GND
112	VCC	VCC	VCC
113	NC	I/O	I/O
119	NC	I/O	I/O
120	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O
121	GND	GND	GND
124	NC	I/O	I/O
127	NC	I/O	I/O
136	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
137	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
138	VCC	VCC	VCC
139	GND	GND	GND
140	VCC	VCC	VCC
141	GND	GND	GND
142	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
143	NC	I/O	I/O
145	NC	I/O	I/O
147	NC	I/O	I/O
149	NC	I/O	I/O
151	NC	I/O	I/O
153	NC	I/O	I/O
154	VCC	VCC	VCC
160	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O

Notes:

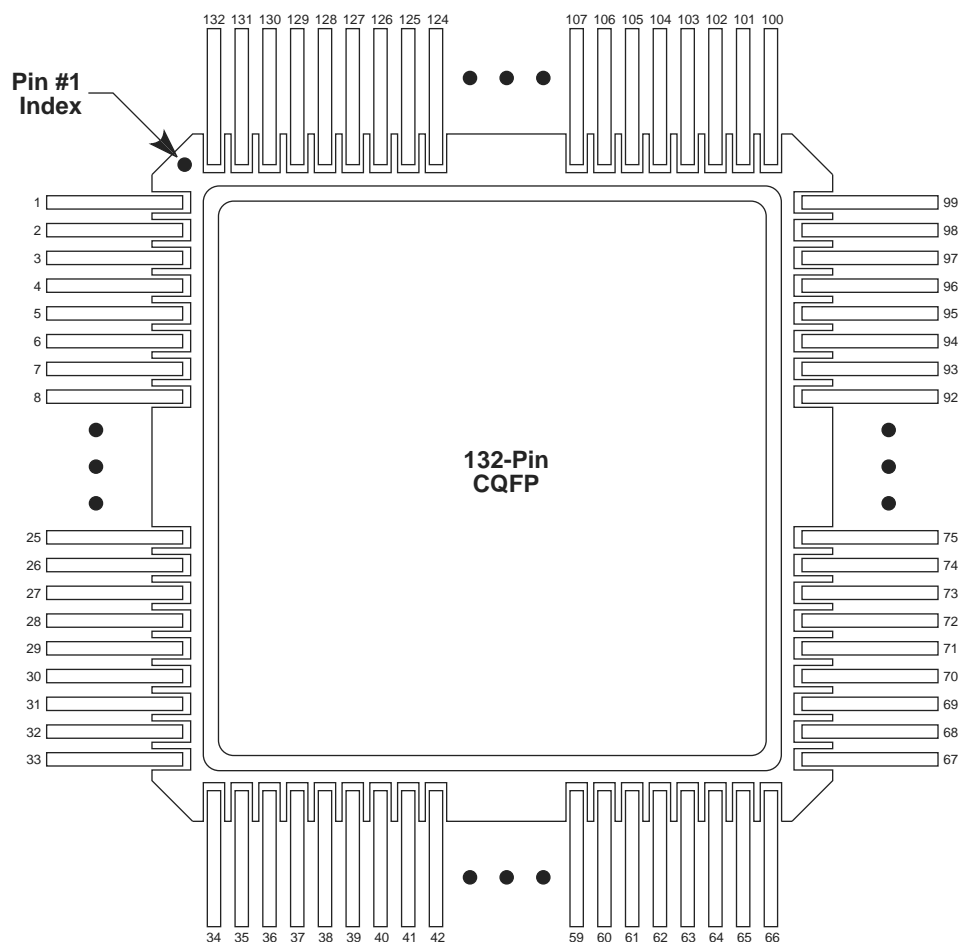
1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

VQ100			
Pin Number	A1415, A14V15 Function	A1425, A14V25 Function	A1440, A14V40 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
7	MODE	MODE	MODE
8	VCC	VCC	VCC
9	GND	GND	GND
20	VCC	VCC	VCC
21	NC	I/O	I/O
34	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
35	VCC	VCC	VCC
36	GND	GND	GND
37	VCC	VCC	VCC
39	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O
49	SDO	SDO	SDO
50	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O
51	GND	GND	GND
57	VCC	VCC	VCC
58	VCC	VCC	VCC
67	VCC	VCC	VCC
68	GND	GND	GND
69	GND	GND	GND
74	NC	I/O	I/O
75	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O
87	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
88	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
89	VCC	VCC	VCC
90	VCC	VCC	VCC
91	GND	GND	GND
92	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
93	NC	I/O	I/O
100	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

CQ132



Note: This is the top view

Note

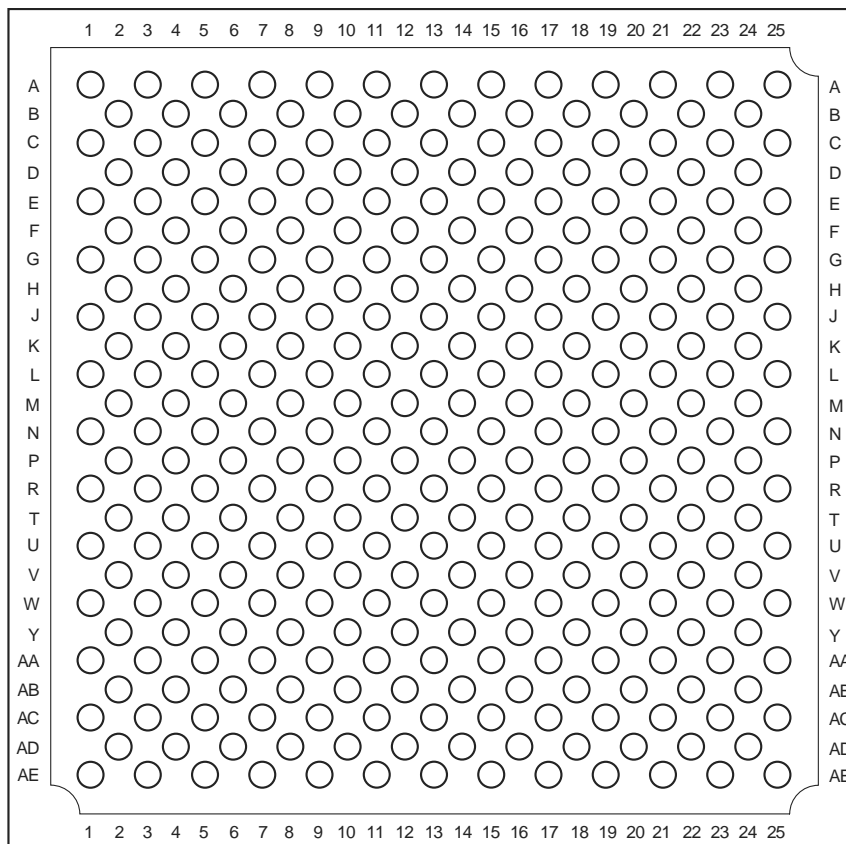
For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

BG225	
A1460 Function	Location
CLKA or I/O	C8
CLKB or I/O	B8
DCLK or I/O	B2
GND	A1, A15, D15, F8, G7, G8, G9, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, J7, J8, J9, K8, P2, R15
HCLK or I/O	P9
IOCLK or I/O	B14
IOPCL or I/O	P14
MODE	D1
NC	A11, B5, B7, D8, D12, F6, F11, H1, H12, H14, K11, L1, L13, N8, P5, R1, R8, R11, R14
PRA or I/O	A7
PRB or I/O	L7
SDI or I/O	D4
SDO	N13
VCC	A8, B12, D5, D14, E3, E8, E13, H2, H3, H11, H15, K4, L2, L12, M8, M15, P4, P8, R13

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.
4. The BG225 package has been discontinued.

BG313



Note: This is the top view.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

BG313	
A14100, A14V100 Function	Location
CLKA or I/O	J13
CLKB or I/O	G13
DCLK or I/O	B2
GND	A1, A25, AD2, AE25, J21, L13, M12, M14, N11, N13, N15, P12, P14, R13
HCLK or I/O	T14
IOCLK or I/O	B24
IOPCL or I/O	AD24
MODE	G3
NC	A3, A13, A23, AA5, AA9, AA23, AB2, AB4, AB20, AC13, AC25, AD22, AE1, AE21, B14, C5, C25, D4, D24, E3, E21, F6, F10, F16, G1, G25, H18, H24, J1, J7, J25, K12, L15, L17, M6, N1, N5, N7, N21, N23, P20, R11, T6, T8, U9, U13, U21, V16, W7, Y20, Y24
PRA or I/O	H12
PRB or I/O	AD12
SDI or I/O	C1
SDO	AE23
VCC	AB18, AD6, AE13, C13, C19, E13, G9, H22, K8, K20, M16, N3, N9, N25, U5, W13, V2, V22, V24

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

PG133	
A1425 Function	Location
CLKA or I/O	D7
CLKB or I/O	B6
DCLK or I/O	D4
GND	A2, C3, C7, C11, C12, F10, G3, G11, L3, L7, L11, M3, N12
HCLK or I/O	K7
IOCLK or I/O	C10
IOPCL or I/O	L10
MODE	E3
NC	A1, A7, A13, G1, G13, N1, N7, N13
PRA or I/O	A6
PRB or I/O	L6
SDI or I/O	C2
SDO	M11
VCC	B2, B7, B12, E11, G2, G12, J2, J12, M2, M7, M12

Notes:

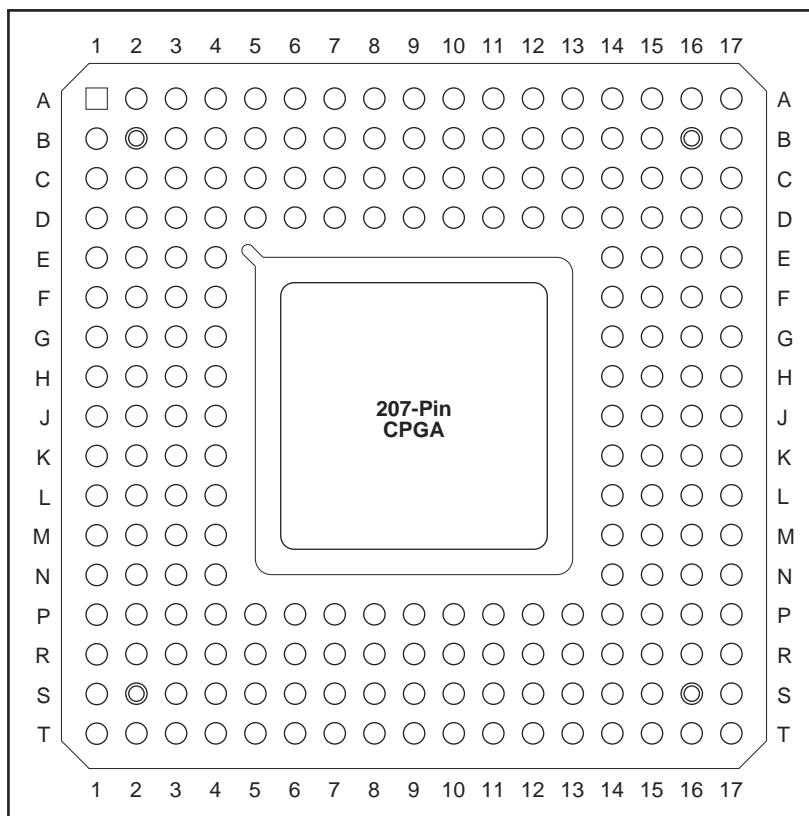
1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.
4. The PG133 package has been discontinued.

PG175	
A1440 Function	Location
CLKA or I/O	C9
CLKB or I/O	A9
DCLK or I/O	D5
GND	D4, D8, D11, D12, E4, E14, H4, H12, L4, L12, M4, M8, M12
HCLK or I/O	R8
IOCLK or I/O	E12
IOPCL or I/O	P13
MODE	F3
NC	A1, A2, A15, B2, B3, P2, P14, R1, R2, R14, R15
PRA or I/O	B8
PRB or I/O	R7
SDI or I/O	D3
SDO	N12
VCC	C3, C8, C13, E15, H3, H13, L1, L14, N3, N8, N13

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.
4. The PG175 package has been discontinued.

PG207

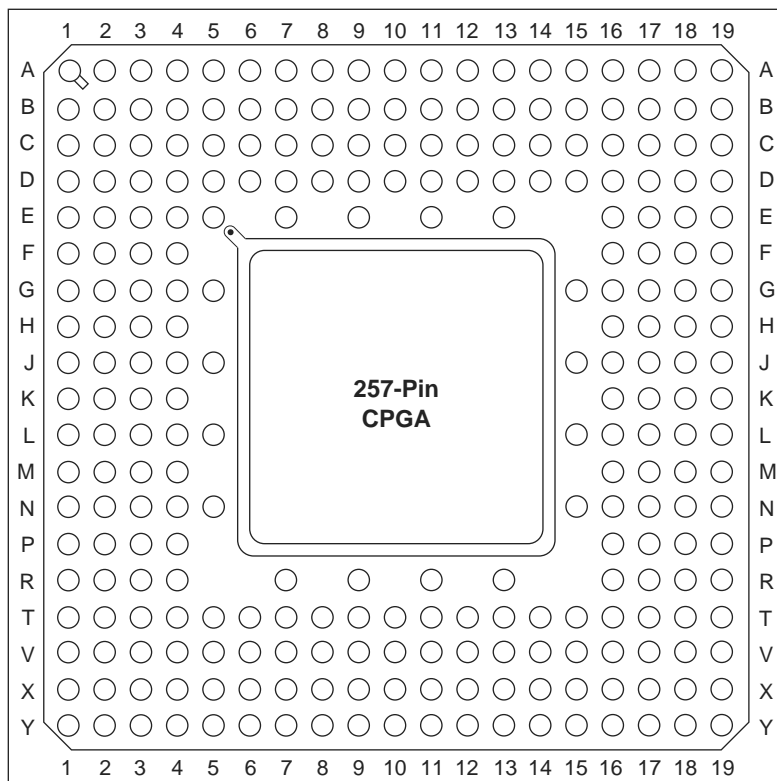


Note: This is the top view.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

PG257



Note: This is the top view.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 2 (continued)	In the "Package Pin Assignments" section, notes were added to the pin tables for the following packages, stating that they are discontinued: "BG225" "PG100" "PG133" "PG175"	3-20 3-24 3-26 3-28
Revision 1 (June 2006)	RoHS compliant information was added to the "Ordering Information" section.	II