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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	310
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	100
Number of Gates	2500
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	160-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	160-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a14v25a-pq160c">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a14v25a-pq160c</a>

## Plastic Device Resources

Device Series	Logic Modules	Gates	User I/Os							
			PL84	PQ100	PQ160	PQ/RQ208	VQ100	TQ176	BG225*	BG313
A1415	200	1500	70	80	–	–	80	–	–	–
A1425	310	2500	70	80	100	–	83	–	–	–
A1440	564	4000	70	–	131	–	83	140	–	–
A1460	848	6000	–	–	131	167	–	151	168	–
A14100	1377	10000	–	–	–	175	–	–	–	228

Note: \*Discontinued

## Hermetic Device Resources

Device Series	Logic Modules	Gates	User I/Os							
			PG100*	PG133*	PG175*	PG207	PG257	CQ132	CQ196	CQ256
A1415	200	1500	80	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
A1425	310	2500	–	100	–	–	–	100	–	–
A1440	564	4000	–	–	140	–	–	–	–	–
A1460	848	6000	–	–	–	168	–	–	168	–
A14100	1377	10000	–	–	–	–	228	–	–	228

Note: \*Discontinued

Contact your local Microsemi SoC Products Group (formerly Actel) representative for device availability:

<http://www.microsemi.com/soc/contact/default.aspx>.

## ACT 3 Family Overview

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## Detailed Specifications

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PG257 .....	3-32

## Datasheet Information

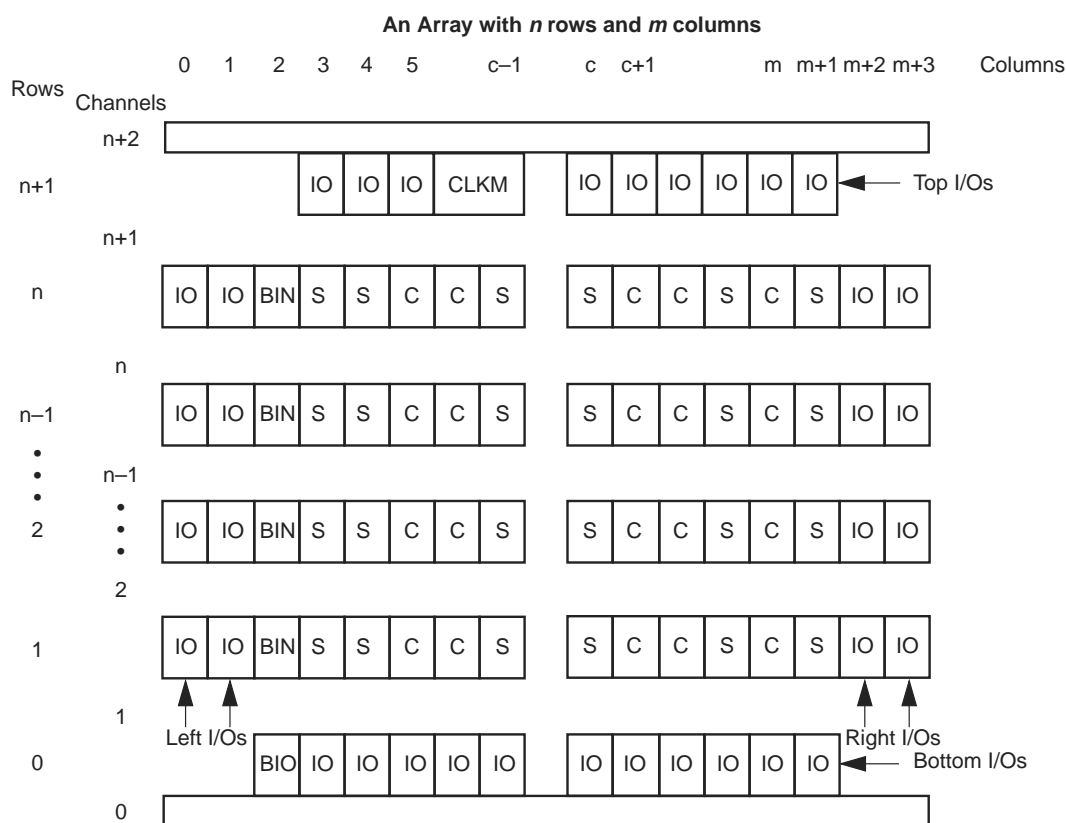
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## 2 – Detailed Specifications

This section of the datasheet is meant to familiarize the user with the architecture of the ACT 3 family of FPGA devices. A generic description of the family will be presented first, followed by a detailed description of the logic blocks, the routing structure, the antifuses, and the special function circuits. The on-chip circuitry required to program the devices is not covered.

### Topology

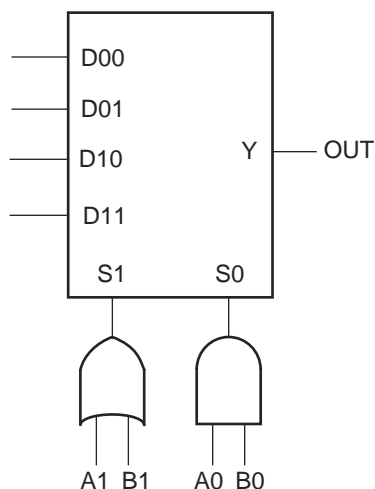
The ACT 3 family architecture is composed of six key elements: Logic modules, I/O modules, I/O Pad Drivers, Routing Tracks, Clock Networks, and Programming and Test Circuits. The basic structure is similar for all devices in the family, differing only in the number of rows, columns, and I/Os. The array itself consists of alternating rows of modules and channels. The logic modules and channels are in the center of the array; the I/O modules are located along the array periphery. A simplified floor plan is depicted in Figure 2-1.



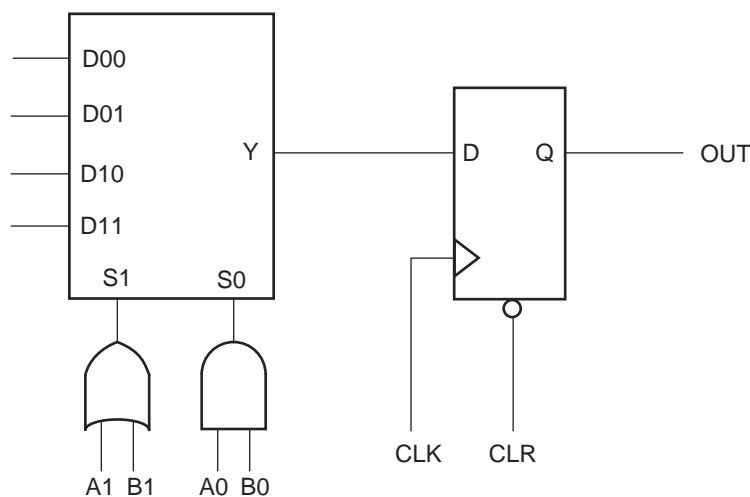
**Figure 2-1 • Generalized Floor Plan of ACT 3 Device**

## Logic Modules

ACT 3 logic modules are enhanced versions of the 1200XL family logic modules. As in the 1200XL family, there are two types of modules: C-modules and S-modules (Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3). The C-module is functionally equivalent to the 1200XL C-module and implements high fanin combinatorial macros, such as 5-input AND, 5-input OR, and so on. It is available for use as the CM8 hard macro. The S-module is designed to implement high-speed sequential functions within a single module.



**Figure 2-2 • C-Module Diagram**



**Figure 2-3 • S-Module Diagram**

S-modules consist of a full C-module driving a flip-flop, which allows an additional level of logic to be implemented without additional propagation delay. It is available for use as the DFM8A/B and DLM8A/B hard macros. C-modules and S-modules are arranged in pairs called module-pairs. Module-pairs are arranged in alternating patterns and make up the bulk of the array. This arrangement allows the placement software to support two-module macros of four types (CC, CS, SC, and SS). The C-module implements the following function:

$$Y = !S1 * !S0 * D00 + !S1 * S0 * D01 + S1 * !S0 * D10 + S1 * S0 * D11$$

*EQ 1*

where:  $S0 = A0 * B0$  and  $S1 = A1 + B1$

### **Module Output Connections**

Module outputs have dedicated output segments. Output segments extend vertically two channels above and two channels below, except at the top or bottom of the array. Output segments twist, as shown in Figure 10, so that only four vertical tracks are required.

### **LVT Connections**

Outputs may also connect to nondedicated segments called Long Vertical Tracks (LVTs). Each module pair in the array shares four LVTs that span the length of the column. Any module in the column pair can connect to one of the LVTs in the column using an FF connection. The FF connection uses antifuses connected directly to the driver stage of the module output, bypassing the isolation transistor. FF antifuses are programmed at a higher current level than HF, VF, or XF antifuses to produce a lower resistance value.

### **Antifuse Connections**

In general every intersection of a vertical segment and a horizontal segment contains an unprogrammed antifuse (XF-type). One exception is in the case of the clock networks.

### **Clock Connections**

To minimize loading on the clock networks, a subset of inputs has antifuses on the clock tracks. Only a few of the C-module and S-module inputs can be connected to the clock networks. To further reduce loading on the clock network, only a subset of the horizontal routing tracks can connect to the clock inputs of the S-module.

## **Programming and Test Circuits**

The array of logic and I/O modules is surrounded by test and programming circuits controlled by the temporary special I/O pins MODE, SDI, and DCLK. The function of these pins is similar to all ACT family devices. The ACT 3 family also includes support for two Actionprobe<sup>®</sup> circuits, allowing complete observability of any logic or I/O module in the array using the temporary special I/O pins, PRA and PRB.

## 3.3 V Operating Conditions

**Table 2-5 • Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1</sup>, Free Air Temperature Range**

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC supply voltage	−0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input voltage	−0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
VO	Output voltage	−0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
IIO	I/O source sink current <sup>2</sup>	±20	mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	−65 to +150	°C

Notes:

1. Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Device should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.
2. Device inputs are normally high impedance and draw extremely low current. However, when input voltage is greater than VCC + 0.5 V for less than GND −0.5 V, the internal protection diodes will forward bias and can draw excessive current.

**Table 2-6 • Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Commercial	Units
Temperature range*	0 to +70	°C
Power supply tolerance	3.0 to 3.6	V

Note: \*Ambient temperature (T<sub>A</sub>) is used for commercial.

**Table 2-7 • Electrical Specifications**

Parameter		Commercial		Units
		Min.	Max.	
VOH <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>OH</sub> = −4 mA	2.15	–	V
	I <sub>OH</sub> = −3.2 mA	2.4		V
VOL <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA		0.4	V
VIL		−0.3	0.8	V
VIH		2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
Input transition time t <sub>R</sub> , t <sub>F</sub> <sup>2</sup>	VI = VCC or GND	−10	+10	μA
C <sub>IO</sub> I/O Capacitance <sup>2,3</sup>			10	pF
Standby current, I <sub>CC</sub> <sup>4</sup> (typical = 0.3 mA)			0.75	mA
Leakage current <sup>5</sup>		−10	10	μA

1. Only one output tested at a time. VCC = minimum.
2. Not tested; for information only.
3. Includes worst-case 84-pin PLCC package capacitance. V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz.
4. Typical standby current = 0.3 mA. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC or GND.
5. VO, VIN = VCC or GND

Equivalent capacitance is calculated by measuring ICC active at a specified frequency and voltage for each circuit component of interest. Measurements have been made over a range of frequencies at a fixed value of VCC. Equivalent capacitance is frequency independent so that the results may be used over a wide range of operating conditions. Equivalent capacitance values are shown in Figure 2-10.

**Table 2-10 • CEQ Values for Microsemi FPGAs**

Item	CEQ Value
Modules (C <sub>EQM</sub> )	6.7
Input Buffers (C <sub>EQI</sub> )	7.2
Output Buffers (C <sub>EQO</sub> )	10.4
Routed Array Clock Buffer Loads (C <sub>EQCR</sub> )	1.6
Dedicated Clock Buffer Loads (C <sub>EQCD</sub> )	0.7
I/O Clock Buffer Loads (C <sub>EQCI</sub> )	0.9

To calculate the active power dissipated from the complete design, the switching frequency of each part of the logic must be known. EQ 5 shows a piece-wise linear summation over all components.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Power} = & VCC^2 * [(m * C_{EQM} * f_m)_{\text{modules}} + (n * C_{EQI} * f_n)_{\text{inputs}} \\
 & + (p * (C_{EQO} + C_L) * f_p)_{\text{outputs}} \\
 & + 0.5 * (q_1 * C_{EQCR} * f_{q1})_{\text{routed\_Clk1}} + (r_1 * f_{q1})_{\text{routed\_Clk1}} \\
 & + 0.5 * (q_2 * C_{EQCR} * f_{q2})_{\text{routed\_Clk2}} \\
 & + (r_2 * f_{q2})_{\text{routed\_Clk2}} + 0.5 * (s_1 * C_{EQCD} * f_{s1})_{\text{dedicated\_Clk}} \\
 & + (s_2 * C_{EQCI} * f_{s2})_{\text{IO\_Clk}}]
 \end{aligned}$$

EQ 5

Where:

m = Number of logic modules switching at f<sub>m</sub>

n = Number of input buffers switching at f<sub>n</sub>

p = Number of output buffers switching at f<sub>p</sub>

q<sub>1</sub> = Number of clock loads on the first routed array clock

q<sub>2</sub> = Number of clock loads on the second routed array clock

r<sub>1</sub> = Fixed capacitance due to first routed array clock

r<sub>2</sub> = Fixed capacitance due to second routed array clock

s<sub>1</sub> = Fixed number of clock loads on the dedicated array clock

s<sub>2</sub> = Fixed number of clock loads on the dedicated I/O clock

C<sub>EQM</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of logic modules in pF

C<sub>EQI</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of input buffers in pF

C<sub>EQO</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of output buffers in pF

C<sub>EQCR</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of routed array clock in pF

C<sub>EQCD</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of dedicated array clock in pF

C<sub>EQCI</sub> = Equivalent capacitance of dedicated I/O clock in pF

C<sub>L</sub> = Output lead capacitance in pF

f<sub>m</sub> = Average logic module switching rate in MHz

f<sub>n</sub> = Average input buffer switching rate in MHz

f<sub>p</sub> = Average output buffer switching rate in MHz

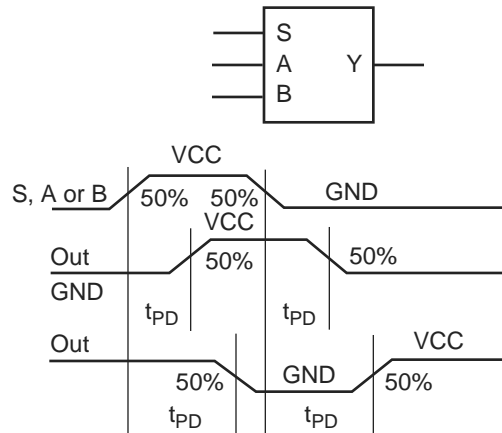
f<sub>q1</sub> = Average first routed array clock rate in MHz

f<sub>q2</sub> = Average second routed array clock rate in MHz

f<sub>s1</sub> = Average dedicated array clock rate in MHz

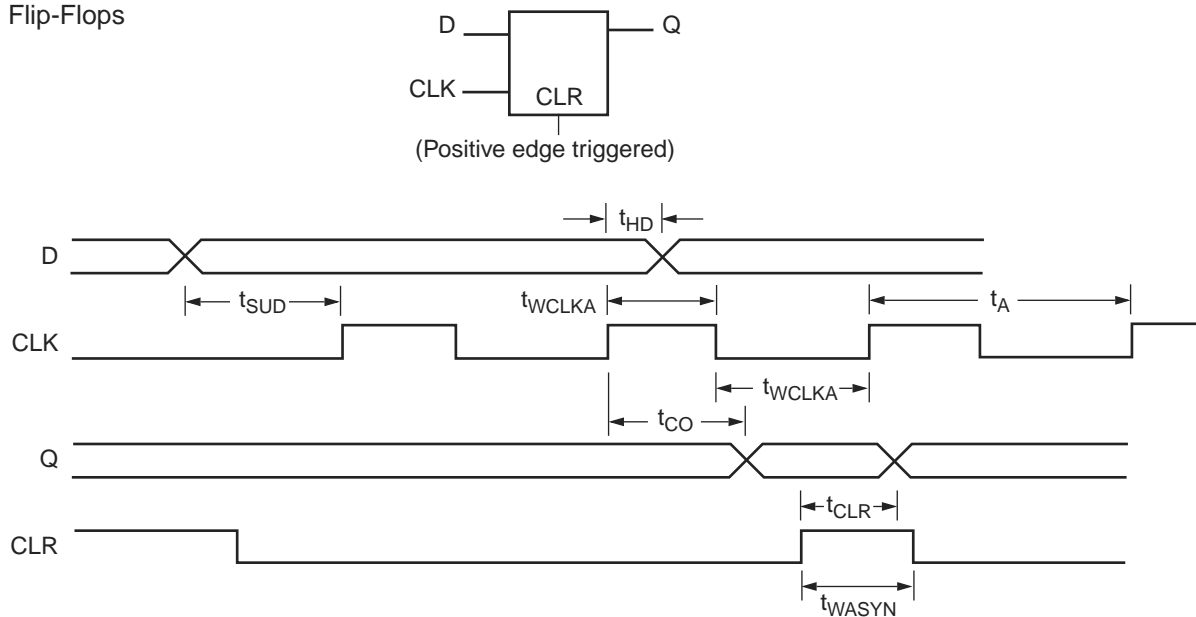
f<sub>s2</sub> = Average dedicated I/O clock rate in MHz





**Figure 2-14 • Module Delays**

Flip-Flops



**Figure 2-15 • Sequential Module Timing Characteristics**

## A1415A, A14V15A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-20 • A1415A, A14V15A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C

I/O Module – TTL Output Timing <sup>1</sup>		–3 Speed <sup>2</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>2</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>DHS</sub>	Data to Pad, High Slew		5.0		5.6		6.4		7.5		9.8	ns
t <sub>DLS</sub>	Data to Pad, Low Slew		8.0		9.0		10.2		12.0		15.6	ns
t <sub>ENZHS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		7.8	ns
t <sub>ENZLS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t <sub>ENHSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		6.5		7.5		8.5		10.0		13.0	ns
t <sub>ENLSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		6.5		7.5		8.5		10.0		13.0	ns
t <sub>CKHS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		7.5		7.5		9.0		10.0		13.0	ns
t <sub>CKLS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		11.3		11.3		13.5		15.0		19.5	ns
d <sub>TLHHS</sub>	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d <sub>TLHLS</sub>	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
d <sub>THLHS</sub>	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d <sub>THLLS</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
I/O Module – CMOS Output Timing <sup>1</sup>												
t <sub>DHS</sub>	Data to Pad, High Slew		6.2		7.0		7.9		9.3		12.1	ns
t <sub>DLS</sub>	Data to Pad, Low Slew		11.7		13.1		14.9		17.5		22.8	ns
t <sub>ENZHS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		5.2		5.9		6.6		7.8		10.1	ns
t <sub>ENZLS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		8.9		10.0		11.3		13.3		17.3	ns
t <sub>ENHSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		6.7		7.5		8.5		10.0		13.0	ns
t <sub>ENLSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		6.7		7.5		9.0		10.0		13.0	ns
t <sub>CKHS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		8.9		8.9		10.7		11.8		15.3	ns
t <sub>CKLS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		13.0		13.0		15.6		17.3		22.5	ns
d <sub>TLHHS</sub>	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d <sub>TLHLS</sub>	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.11		0.14	ns/pF
d <sub>THLHS</sub>	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.05	ns/pF
d <sub>THLLS</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

**Notes:**

1. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
2. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Please refer to the Product Discontinuation Notices (PDNs) listed below:

PDN March 2001  
PDN 0104  
PDN 0203  
PDN 0604  
PDN 1004

## A1425A, A14V25A Timing Characteristics (continued)

**Table 2-23 • A1425A, A14V25A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C**

I/O Module Input Propagation Delays		–3 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>INY</sub>	Input Data Pad to Y		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
t <sub>ICKY</sub>	Input Reg IOCLK Pad to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t <sub>OCKY</sub>	Output Reg IOCLK Pad to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t <sub>ICLRY</sub>	Input Asynchronous Clear to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t <sub>OCLRY</sub>	Output Asynchronous Clear to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
<b>Predicted Input Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>												
t <sub>RD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t <sub>RD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.8	ns
t <sub>RD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.3	ns
t <sub>RD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
<b>I/O Module Sequential Timing (wrt IOCLK pad)</b>												
t <sub>INH</sub>	Input F-F Data Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>INSU</sub>	Input F-F Data Setup	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.0		ns
t <sub>IDEH</sub>	Input Data Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>IDESU</sub>	Input Data Enable Setup	5.8		6.5		7.5		8.6		8.6		ns
t <sub>OUTH</sub>	Output F-F Data hold	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>OUTSU</sub>	Output F-F Data Setup	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>ODEH</sub>	Output Data Enable Hold	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.5		ns
f <sub>ODESU</sub>	Output Data Enable Setup	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.0		ns

Notes: \*

1. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

## A1440A, A14V40A Timing Characteristics (continued)

**Table 2-27 • A1440A, A14V40A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C**

I/O Module Input Propagation Delays		–3 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>INY</sub>	Input Data Pad to Y		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
t <sub>ICKY</sub>	Input Reg IOCLK Pad to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t <sub>OCKY</sub>	Output Reg IOCLK Pad to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t <sub>ICLRY</sub>	Input Asynchronous Clear to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t <sub>OCLRY</sub>	Output Asynchronous Clear to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
<b>Predicted Input Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>												
t <sub>RD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t <sub>RD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.8	ns
t <sub>RD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.3	ns
t <sub>RD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
<b>I/O Module Sequential Timing (wrt IOCLK pad)</b>												
t <sub>INH</sub>	Input F-F Data Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>INSU</sub>	Input F-F Data Setup	1.8		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.3		ns
t <sub>IDEH</sub>	Input Data Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>IDESU</sub>	Input Data Enable Setup	5.8		6.5		7.5		8.6		8.6		ns
t <sub>OUTH</sub>	Output F-F Data hold	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>OUTSU</sub>	Output F-F Data Setup	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>ODEH</sub>	Output Data Enable Hold	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.5		ns
f <sub>ODESU</sub>	Output Data Enable Setup	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.0		ns

**Notes:**

1. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

### A1440A, A14V40A Timing Characteristics (continued)

**Table 2-29 • A1440A, A14V40A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C**

Dedicated (hardwired) I/O Clock Network		–3 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>1</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>ILOCKH</sub>	Input Low to High (pad to I/O module input)		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5	ns
t <sub>IOPWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t <sub>IPOWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t <sub>IOSAPW</sub>	Minimum Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t <sub>ILOCKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4	ns
t <sub>IOP</sub>	Minimum Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f <sub>IOMAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz
<b>Dedicated (hardwired) Array Clock</b>												
t <sub>HCKH</sub>	Input Low to High (pad to S-module input)		3.0		3.4		3.9		4.5		5.5	ns
t <sub>HCKL</sub>	Input High to Low (pad to S-module input)		3.0		3.4		3.9		4.5		5.5	ns
t <sub>HPWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t <sub>HPWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t <sub>HCKSW</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	ns
t <sub>HP</sub>	Minimum Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f <sub>HMAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz
<b>Routed Array Clock Networks</b>												
t <sub>RCKH</sub>	Input Low to High (FO = 64)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		9.0	ns
t <sub>RCKL</sub>	Input High to Low (FO = 64)		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		9.0	ns
t <sub>RPWH</sub>	Min. Pulse Width High (FO = 64)	3.3		3.8		4.2		4.9		6.5		ns
t <sub>RPWL</sub>	Min. Pulse Width Low (FO = 64)	3.3		3.8		4.2		4.9		6.5		ns
t <sub>RCKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew (FO = 128)		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0	ns
t <sub>RP</sub>	Minimum Period (FO = 64)	6.8		8.0		8.7		10.0		13.4		ns
f <sub>RMAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency (FO = 64)		150		125		115		100		75	MHz
<b>Clock-to-Clock Skews</b>												
t <sub>IOHCKSW</sub>	I/O Clock to H-Clock Skew	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.8	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	3.0	ns
t <sub>IORCKSW</sub>	I/O Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 144)	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	ns
		0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	
t <sub>HRCKSW</sub>	H-Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 144)	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	ns
		0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	

**Notes:**

1. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
2. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

## A1460A, A14V60A Timing Characteristics (continued)

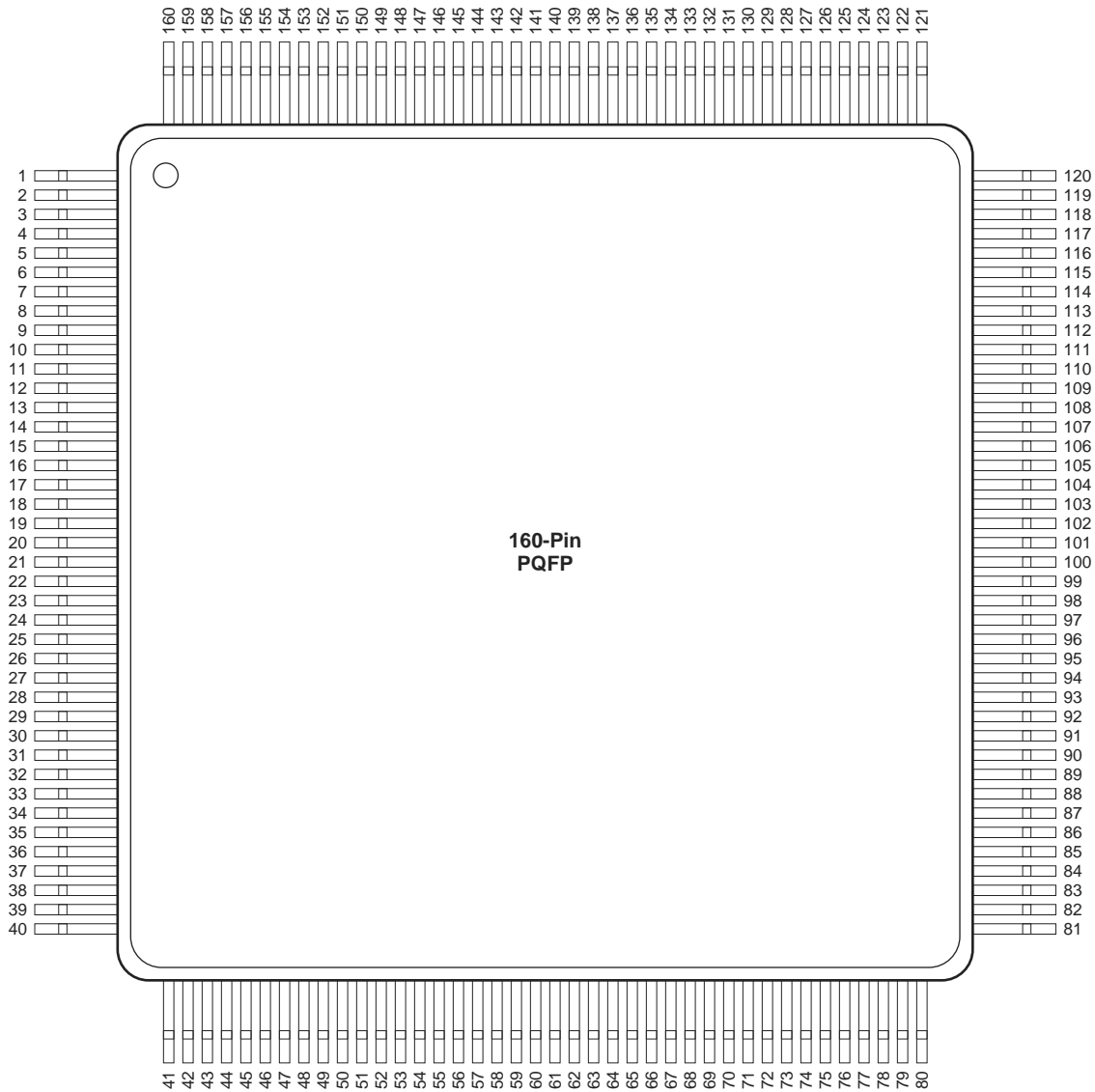
Table 2-32 • A1460A, A14V60A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C

I/O Module – TTL Output Timing <sup>1</sup>		–3 Speed <sup>2</sup>		–2 Speed <sup>2</sup>		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed <sup>1</sup>		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>DHS</sub>	Data to Pad, High Slew		5.0		5.6		6.4		7.5		9.8	ns
t <sub>DLS</sub>	Data to Pad, Low Slew		8.0		9.0		10.2		12.0		15.6	ns
t <sub>ENZHS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		7.8	ns
t <sub>ENZLS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t <sub>ENHSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		7.8		8.7		9.9		11.6		15.1	ns
t <sub>ENLSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t <sub>CKHS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		9.0		9.0		10.0		11.5		15.0	ns
t <sub>CKLS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		12.8		12.8		15.3		17.0		22.1	ns
d <sub>TLHHS</sub>	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d <sub>TLHLS</sub>	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
d <sub>THLHS</sub>	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d <sub>THLLS</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
I/O Module – CMOS Output Timing <sup>1</sup>												
t <sub>DHS</sub>	Data to Pad, High Slew		6.2		7.0		7.9		9.3		12.1	ns
t <sub>DLS</sub>	Data to Pad, Low Slew		11.7		13.1		14.9		17.5		22.8	ns
t <sub>ENZHS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		5.2		5.9		6.6		7.8		10.1	ns
t <sub>ENZLS</sub>	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		8.9		10.0		11.3		13.3		17.3	ns
t <sub>ENHSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t <sub>ENLSZ</sub>	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t <sub>CKHS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		10.4		10.4		12.1		13.8		17.9	ns
t <sub>CKLS</sub>	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		14.5		14.5		17.4		19.3		25.1	ns
d <sub>TLHHS</sub>	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d <sub>TLHLS</sub>	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.11		0.14	ns/pF
d <sub>THLHS</sub>	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.05	ns/pF
d <sub>THLLS</sub>	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

Notes:

1. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
2. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.

## PQ160



*Note:* This is the top view of the package

### Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

PQ160			
Pin Number	A1425, A14V25 Function	A1440, A14V40 Function	A1460, A14V60 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
5	NC	I/O	I/O
9	MODE	MODE	MODE
10	VCC	VCC	VCC
14	NC	I/O	I/O
15	GND	GND	GND
18	VCC	VCC	VCC
19	GND	GND	GND
20	NC	I/O	I/O
24	NC	I/O	I/O
27	NC	I/O	I/O
28	VCC	VCC	VCC
29	VCC	VCC	VCC
40	GND	GND	GND
41	NC	I/O	I/O
43	NC	I/O	I/O
45	NC	I/O	I/O
46	VCC	VCC	VCC
47	NC	I/O	I/O
49	NC	I/O	I/O
51	NC	I/O	I/O
53	NC	I/O	I/O
58	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
59	GND	GND	GND
60	VCC	VCC	VCC
62	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O
63	GND	GND	GND
74	NC	I/O	I/O
75	VCC	VCC	VCC
76	NC	I/O	I/O
77	NC	I/O	I/O
78	NC	I/O	I/O
79	SDO	SDO	SDO
80	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O
81	GND	GND	GND
90	VCC	VCC	VCC
91	VCC	VCC	VCC



PQ208, RQ208		
Pin Number	A1460, A14V60 Function	A14100, A14V100 Function
1	GND	GND
2	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
11	MODE	MODE
12	VCC	VCC
25	VCC	VCC
26	GND	GND
27	VCC	VCC
28	GND	GND
40	VCC	VCC
41	VCC	VCC
52	GND	GND
53	NC	I/O
60	VCC	VCC
65	NC	I/O
76	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
77	GND	GND
78	VCC	VCC
79	GND	GND
80	VCC	VCC
82	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O
98	VCC	VCC
102	NC	I/O
103	SDO	SDO
104	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O
105	GND	GND
114	VCC	VCC

PQ208, RQ208		
Pin Number	A1460, A14V60 Function	A14100, A14V100 Function
115	VCC	VCC
116	NC	I/O
129	GND	GND
130	VCC	VCC
131	GND	GND
132	VCC	VCC
145	VCC	VCC
146	GND	GND
147	NC	I/O
148	VCC	VCC
156	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O
157	GND	GND
158	NC	I/O
164	VCC	VCC
180	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
181	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
182	VCC	VCC
183	GND	GND
184	VCC	VCC
185	GND	GND
186	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
195	NC	I/O
201	VCC	VCC
205	NC	I/O
208	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O

**Notes:**

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

CQ196	
Pin Number	A1460 Function
1	GND
2	SDI, I/O
11	MODE
12	VCC
13	GND
37	GND
38	VCC
39	VCC
51	GND
52	GND
59	VCC
64	GND
77	HCLK, I/O
79	PRB, I/O
86	GND
94	VCC
98	GND
99	SDO
100	IOPCL, I/O

CQ196	
Pin Number	A1460 Function
101	GND
110	VCC
111	VCC
112	GND
137	VCC
138	GND
139	GND
140	VCC
148	IOCLK, I/O
149	GND
155	VCC
162	GND
172	CLKA, I/O
173	CLKB, I/O
174	PRA, I/O
183	GND
189	VCC
193	GND
196	DCLK, I/O

**Notes:**

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

PG207	
A1460 Function	Location
CLKA or I/O	K1
CLKB or I/O	J3
DCLK or I/O	E4
GND	C14, D4, D5, D9, D14, J4, J14, P3, P4, P7, P9, P14, R15
HCLK or I/O	J15
IOCLK or I/O	P5
IOPCL or I/O	N14
MODE	D7
NC	A1, A2, A16, A17, B1, B17, C1, C2, S1, S3, S17, T1, T2, T16, T17
PRA or I/O	H1
PRB or I/O	K16
SDI or I/O	C3
SDO	P15
VCC	B2, B9, B16, D11, J2, J16, P12, S2, S9, S16, T5

*Notes:*

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

## Datasheet Categories

### ***Categories***

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheet parameters are published before data has been fully characterized from silicon devices. The data provided for a given device is designated as either "Product Brief," "Advance," "Preliminary," or "Production." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

### ***Product Brief***

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advance or production) and contains general product information. This document gives an overview of specific device and family information.

### ***Advance***

This version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production. This label only applies to the DC and Switching Characteristics chapter of the datasheet and will only be used when the data has not been fully characterized.

### ***Preliminary***

The datasheet contains information based on simulation and/or initial characterization. The information is believed to be correct, but changes are possible.

### ***Production***

This version contains information that is considered to be final.

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