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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	848
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	167
Number of Gates	6000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a14v60a-pqg208c

Ordering Information



Notes:

1. The -2 and -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. The Ceramic Pin Grid Array packages PG100, PG133, and PG175 have been discontinued in all device densities, speed grades, and temperature grades.
3. The Plastic Ball Grid Array package BG225 has been discontinued in all device densities (specifically for A1460A), all speed grades, and all temperature grades.
4. Military Grade devices are no longer available for the A1440A device.
5. For more information about discontinued devices, refer to the Product Discontinuation Notices (PDNs) listed below, available on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website:
 PDN March 2001
 PDN 0104
 PDN 0203
 PDN 0604
 PDN 1004

Module Output Connections

Module outputs have dedicated output segments. Output segments extend vertically two channels above and two channels below, except at the top or bottom of the array. Output segments twist, as shown in Figure 10, so that only four vertical tracks are required.

LVT Connections

Outputs may also connect to nondedicated segments called Long Vertical Tracks (LVTs). Each module pair in the array shares four LVTs that span the length of the column. Any module in the column pair can connect to one of the LVTs in the column using an FF connection. The FF connection uses antifuses connected directly to the driver stage of the module output, bypassing the isolation transistor. FF antifuses are programmed at a higher current level than HF, VF, or XF antifuses to produce a lower resistance value.

Antifuse Connections

In general every intersection of a vertical segment and a horizontal segment contains an unprogrammed antifuse (XF-type). One exception is in the case of the clock networks.

Clock Connections

To minimize loading on the clock networks, a subset of inputs has antifuses on the clock tracks. Only a few of the C-module and S-module inputs can be connected to the clock networks. To further reduce loading on the clock network, only a subset of the horizontal routing tracks can connect to the clock inputs of the S-module.

Programming and Test Circuits

The array of logic and I/O modules is surrounded by test and programming circuits controlled by the temporary special I/O pins MODE, SDI, and DCLK. The function of these pins is similar to all ACT family devices. The ACT 3 family also includes support for two Actionprobe[®] circuits, allowing complete observability of any logic or I/O module in the array using the temporary special I/O pins, PRA and PRB.

A1415A, A14V15A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-21 • A1415A, A14V15A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

Dedicated (hardwired) I/O Clock Network		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed ¹		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{IOCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to I/O module input)		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5	ns
t _{IOPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{IPOWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{IOSAPW}	Minimum Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{IOCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4	ns
t _{IOP}	Minimum Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f _{IOMAX}	Maximum Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz
Dedicated (hardwired) Array Clock												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to S-module input)		3.0		3.4		3.9		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (pad to S-module input)		3.0		3.4		3.9		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (FO = 64)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		9.0	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (FO = 64)		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		9.0	ns
t _{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width High (FO = 64)	3.3		3.8		4.2		4.9		6.5		ns
t _{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width Low (FO = 64)	3.3		3.8		4.2		4.9		6.5		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (FO = 128)		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{RP}	Minimum Period (FO = 64)	6.8		8.0		8.7		10.0		13.4		ns
f _{RMAX}	Maximum Frequency (FO = 64)		150		125		115		100		75	MHz
Clock-to-Clock Skews												
t _{IOHCKSW}	I/O Clock to H-Clock Skew	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.8	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	3.0	ns
t _{IORCKSW}	I/O Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64)	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	ns
t _{HRCKSW}	H-Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 50% maximum)	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	ns

Notes:

- Delays based on 35 pF loading.
- The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.

A1425A, A14V25A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-23 • A1425A, A14V25A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

I/O Module Input Propagation Delays		–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed ¹		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed ¹		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{INY}	Input Data Pad to Y		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
t _{ICKY}	Input Reg IOCLK Pad to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t _{OCKY}	Output Reg IOCLK Pad to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t _{ICLRY}	Input Asynchronous Clear to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
t _{OCLRY}	Output Asynchronous Clear to Y		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.2	ns
Predicted Input Routing Delays²												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.8	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.3	ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
I/O Module Sequential Timing (wrt IOCLK pad)												
t _{INH}	Input F-F Data Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input F-F Data Setup	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.0		ns
t _{IDEH}	Input Data Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{IDESU}	Input Data Enable Setup	5.8		6.5		7.5		8.6		8.6		ns
t _{OUTH}	Output F-F Data hold	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{OUTSU}	Output F-F Data Setup	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{ODEH}	Output Data Enable Hold	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.5		ns
f _{ODESU}	Output Data Enable Setup	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.0		ns

Notes: *

1. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

A1440A, A14V40A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-29 • A1440A, A14V40A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

Dedicated (hardwired) I/O Clock Network		–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed ¹		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed ¹		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ILOCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to I/O module input)		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5	ns
t _{IOPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{IPOWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{IOSAPW}	Minimum Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{ILOCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4	ns
t _{IOP}	Minimum Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f _{IOMAX}	Maximum Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz
Dedicated (hardwired) Array Clock												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to S-module input)		3.0		3.4		3.9		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (pad to S-module input)		3.0		3.4		3.9		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.9		2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	4.0		5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		250		200		150		125		100	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (FO = 64)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		9.0	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (FO = 64)		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		9.0	ns
t _{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width High (FO = 64)	3.3		3.8		4.2		4.9		6.5		ns
t _{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width Low (FO = 64)	3.3		3.8		4.2		4.9		6.5		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (FO = 128)		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{RP}	Minimum Period (FO = 64)	6.8		8.0		8.7		10.0		13.4		ns
f _{RMAX}	Maximum Frequency (FO = 64)		150		125		115		100		75	MHz
Clock-to-Clock Skews												
t _{IOHCKSW}	I/O Clock to H-Clock Skew	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.8	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	3.0	ns
t _{IORCKSW}	I/O Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 144)	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	ns
		0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	
t _{HRCKSW}	H-Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 144)	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	ns
		0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	

Notes:

1. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
2. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

A14100A, A14V100A Timing Characteristics

Table 2-34 • A14100A, A14V100A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C¹

Logic Module Propagation Delays ²		–3 Speed ³		–2 Speed ³		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed ¹		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock to Q		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
t _{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear to Q		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.9	ns
Predicted Routing Delays⁴												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.8	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.3	ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.5	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing												
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Setup	0.5		0.6		0.8		0.8		0.8		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.5		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{SUD}	Latch Data Input Setup	0.5		0.6		0.8		0.8		0.8		ns
t _{HD}	Latch Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.5		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop Clock Pulse Width	2.4		3.2		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop Clock Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz

Notes:

1. VCC = 3.0 V for 3.3 V specifications.
2. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn} + t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn} or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
3. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
4. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

A14100A, A14V100A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-36 • A14100A, A14V100A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

I/O Module – TTL Output Timing ¹		–3 Speed ²		–2 Speed ²		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed ¹		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{DHS}	Data to Pad, High Slew		5.0		5.6		6.4		7.5		9.8	ns
t _{DLS}	Data to Pad, Low Slew		8.0		9.0		10.2		12.0		15.6	ns
t _{ENZHS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.0		7.8	ns
t _{ENZLS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t _{ENHSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		8.0		9.0		10.2		12.0		15.6	ns
t _{ENLSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t _{CKHS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		9.5		9.5		10.5		12.0		15.6	ns
t _{CKLS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		12.8		12.8		15.3		17.0		22.1	ns
d _{TLHHS}	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d _{TLHLS}	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
d _{THLHS}	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d _{THLLS}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.09	ns/pF
I/O Module – CMOS Output Timing ¹												
t _{DHS}	Data to Pad, High Slew		6.2		7.0		7.9		9.3		12.1	ns
t _{DLS}	Data to Pad, Low Slew		11.7		13.1		14.9		17.5		22.8	ns
t _{ENZHS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, High Slew		5.2		5.9		6.6		7.8		10.1	ns
t _{ENZLS}	Enable to Pad, Z to H/L, Low Slew		8.9		10.0		11.3		13.3		17.3	ns
t _{ENHSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, High Slew		8.0		9.0		10.0		12.0		15.6	ns
t _{ENLSZ}	Enable to Pad, H/L to Z, Low Slew		7.4		8.3		9.4		11.0		14.3	ns
t _{CKHS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, High Slew		10.4		10.4		12.4		13.8		17.9	ns
t _{CKLS}	IOCLK Pad to Pad H/L, Low Slew		14.5		14.5		17.4		19.3		25.1	ns
d _{TLHHS}	Delta Low to High, High Slew		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d _{TLHLS}	Delta Low to High, Low Slew		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.11		0.14	ns/pF
d _{THLHS}	Delta High to Low, High Slew		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.05	ns/pF
d _{THLLS}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

Notes: *

1. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
2. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.

A14100A, A14V100A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-37 • A14100A, A14V100A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

Dedicated (hardwired) I/O Clock Network		–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed ¹		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		3.3 V Speed ¹		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ILOCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to I/O module input)		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.5	ns
t _{IOPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t _{IPOWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t _{IOSAPW}	Minimum Asynchronous Pulse Width	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t _{ILOCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.6	ns
t _{IOP}	Minimum Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f _{IOMAX}	Maximum Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz
Dedicated (hardwired) Array Clock												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (pad to S-module input)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (pad to S-module input)		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	2.4		3.3		3.8		4.8		6.5		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Delta High to Low, Low Slew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.6	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	5.0		6.8		8.0		10.0		13.4		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		200		150		125		100		75	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (FO = 64)		6.0		6.8		7.7		9.0		11.8	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (FO = 64)		6.0		6.8		7.7		9.0		11.8	ns
t _{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width High (FO = 64)	4.1		4.5		5.4		6.1		8.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width Low (FO = 64)	4.1		4.5		5.4		6.1		8.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (FO = 128)		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		1.8	ns
t _{RP}	Minimum Period (FO = 64)	8.3		9.3		11.1		12.5		16.7		ns
f _{RMAX}	Maximum Frequency (FO = 64)		120		105		90		80		60	MHz
Clock-to-Clock Skews												
t _{IOHCKSW}	I/O Clock to H-Clock Skew	0.0	2.6	0.0	2.7	0.0	2.9	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	ns
t _{IORCKSW}	I/O Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 350)	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	5.0	ns
		0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	
t _{HRCKSW}	H-Clock to R-Clock Skew (FO = 64) (FO = 350)	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	ns
		0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	

Notes: *

1. The –2 and –3 speed grades have been discontinued. Refer to PDN 0104, PDN 0203, PDN 0604, and PDN 1004 at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/support/notifications/default.aspx#pdn>.
2. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Pin Descriptions

CLKA **Clock A (Input)**

Clock input for clock distribution networks. The Clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

CLKB **Clock B (Input)**

Clock input for clock distribution networks. The Clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

GND **Ground**

LOW supply voltage.

HCLK **Dedicated (Hard-wired) Array Clock (Input)**

Clock input for sequential modules. This input is directly wired to each S-Module and offers clock speeds independent of the number of S-Modules being driven. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

I/O **Input/Output (Input, Output)**

The I/O pin functions as an input, output, three-state, or bidirectional buffer. Input and output levels are compatible with standard TTL and CMOS specifications. Unused I/O pins are tristated by the Designer Series software.

IOCLK **Dedicated (Hard-wired) I/O Clock (Input)**

Clock input for I/O modules. This input is directly wired to each I/O module and offers clock speeds independent of the number of I/O modules being driven. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

IOPCL **Dedicated (Hard-wired) I/O Preset/Clear (Input)**

Input for I/O preset or clear. This global input is directly wired to the preset and clear inputs of all I/O registers. This pin functions as an I/O when no I/O preset or clear macros are used.

MODE **Mode (Input)**

The MODE pin controls the use of diagnostic pins (DCLK, PRA, PRB, SDI). When the MODE pin is HIGH, the special functions are active. When the MODE pin is LOW, the pins function as I/Os. To provide Actionprobe capability, the MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor so that the MODE pin can be pulled high when required.

NC **No Connection**

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device.

PRA **Probe A (Output)**

The Probe A pin is used to output data from any user-defined design node within the device. This independent diagnostic pin can be used in conjunction with the Probe B pin to allow real-time diagnostic output of any signal path within the device. The Probe A pin can be used as a user-defined I/O when debugging has been completed. The pin's probe capabilities can be permanently disabled to protect programmed design confidentiality. PRA is accessible when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

PRB **Probe B (Output)**

The Probe B pin is used to output data from any user-defined design node within the device. This independent diagnostic pin can be used in conjunction with the Probe A pin to allow real-time diagnostic output of any signal path within the device. The Probe B pin can be used as a user-defined I/O when debugging has been completed. The pin's probe capabilities can be permanently disabled to protect programmed design confidentiality. PRB is accessible when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

SDI **Serial Data Input (Input)**

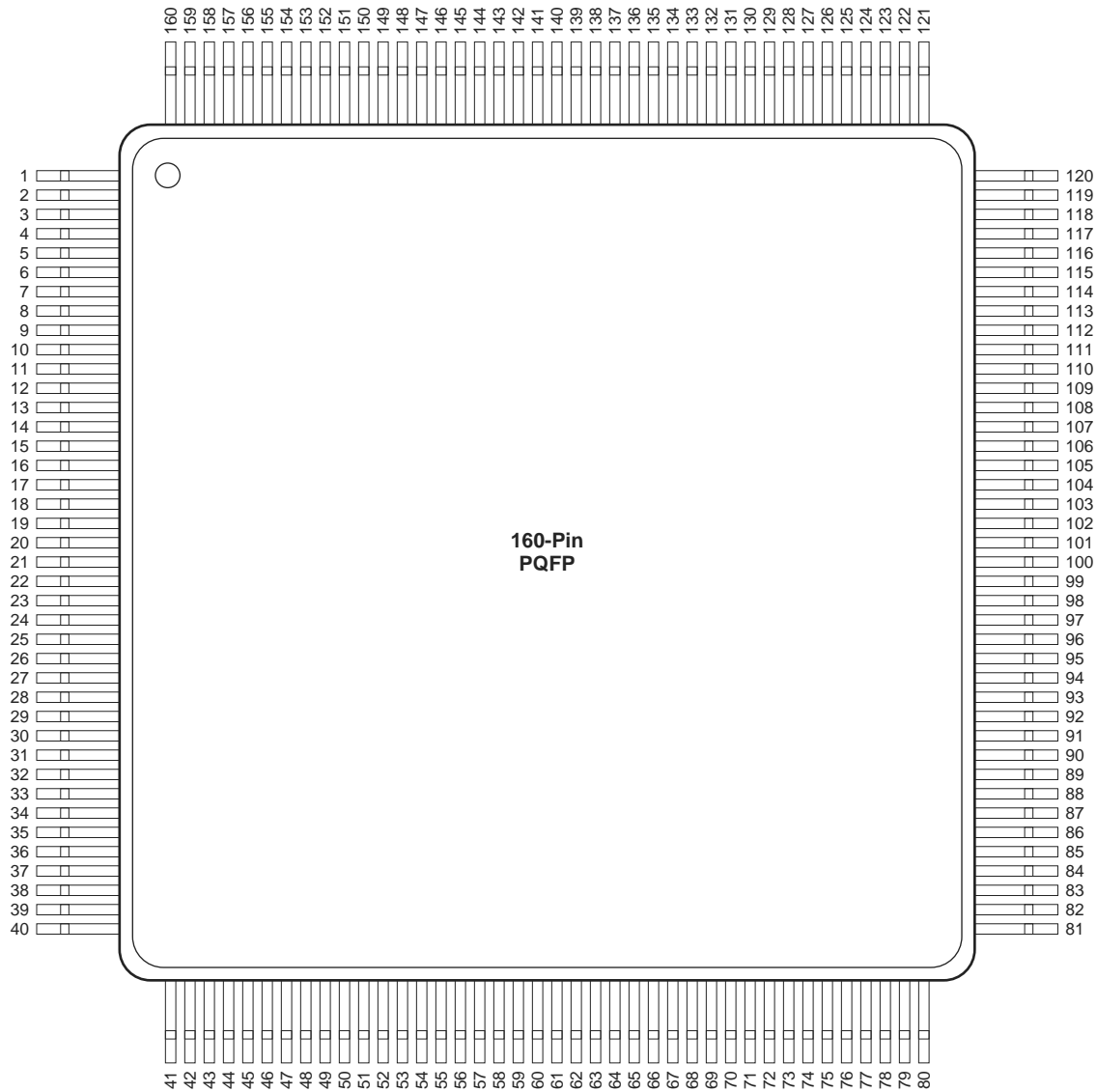
Serial data input for diagnostic probe and device programming. SDI is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

PQ100		
Pin Number	A1415 Function	A1425 Function
2	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O
14	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
15	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
16	VCC	VCC
17	GND	GND
18	VCC	VCC
19	GND	GND
20	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
27	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
28	GND	GND
29	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
34	MODE	MODE
35	VCC	VCC
36	GND	GND
47	GND	GND
48	VCC	VCC
61	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
62	GND	GND
63	VCC	VCC
64	GND	GND
65	VCC	VCC
67	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O
77	SDO	SDO
78	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O
79	GND	GND
85	VCC	VCC
86	VCC	VCC
87	GND	GND
96	VCC	VCC
97	GND	GND

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

PQ160



Note: This is the top view of the package

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

TQ176			TQ176		
Pin Number	A1440, A14V40 Function	A1460, A14V60 Function	Pin Number	A1440, A14V40 Function	A1460, A14V60 Function
1	GND	GND	89	GND	GND
2	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	98	VCC	VCC
10	MODE	MODE	99	VCC	VCC
11	VCC	VCC	108	GND	GND
20	NC	I/O	109	VCC	VCC
21	GND	GND	110	GND	GND
22	VCC	VCC	119	NC	I/O
23	GND	GND	121	NC	I/O
32	VCC	VCC	122	VCC	VCC
33	VCC	VCC	123	GND	GND
44	GND	GND	124	VCC	VCC
49	NC	I/O	132	IOCLK, I/O	IOCLK, I/O
51	NC	I/O	133	GND	GND
63	NC	I/O	138	NC	I/O
64	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	152	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
65	GND	GND	153	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
66	VCC	VCC	154	VCC	VCC
67	VCC	VCC	155	GND	GND
69	HCLK, I/O	HCLK, I/O	156	VCC	VCC
82	NC	I/O	157	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
83	NC	I/O	158	NC	I/O
87	SDO	SDO	170	NC	I/O
88	IOPCL, I/O	IOPCL, I/O	176	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

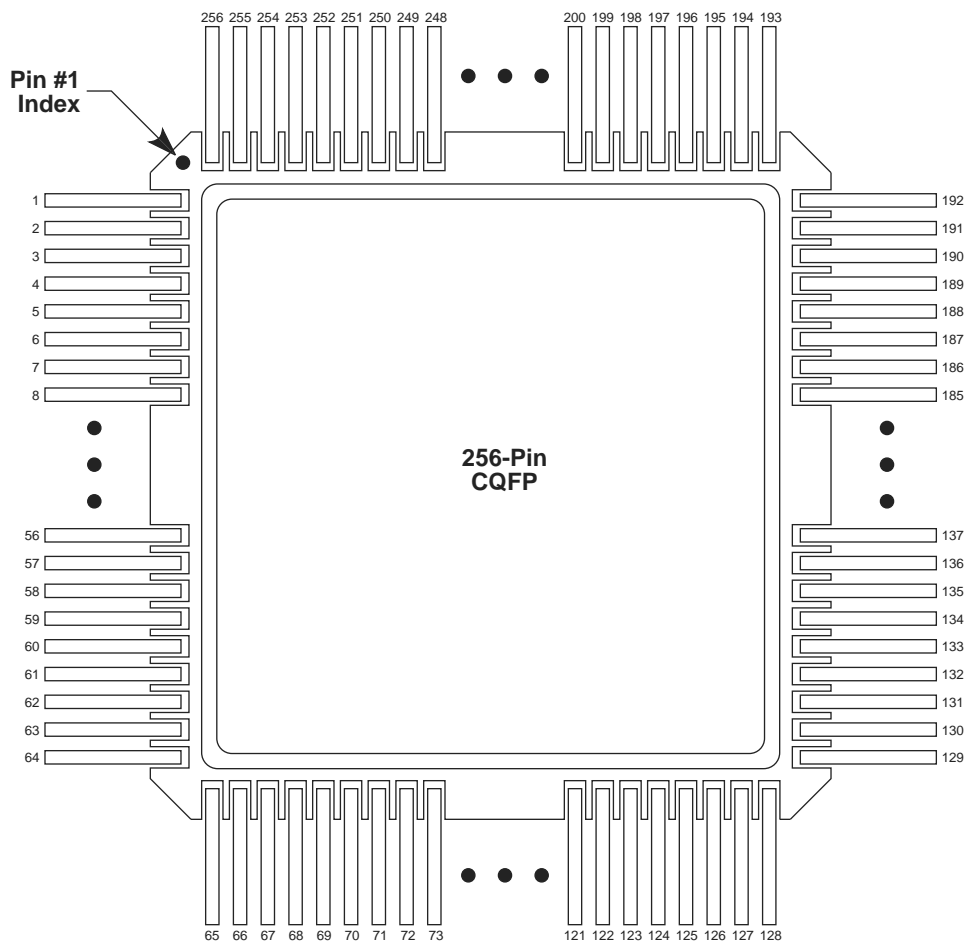
CQ196	
Pin Number	A1460 Function
1	GND
2	SDI, I/O
11	MODE
12	VCC
13	GND
37	GND
38	VCC
39	VCC
51	GND
52	GND
59	VCC
64	GND
77	HCLK, I/O
79	PRB, I/O
86	GND
94	VCC
98	GND
99	SDO
100	IOPCL, I/O

CQ196	
Pin Number	A1460 Function
101	GND
110	VCC
111	VCC
112	GND
137	VCC
138	GND
139	GND
140	VCC
148	IOCLK, I/O
149	GND
155	VCC
162	GND
172	CLKA, I/O
173	CLKB, I/O
174	PRA, I/O
183	GND
189	VCC
193	GND
196	DCLK, I/O

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

CQ256

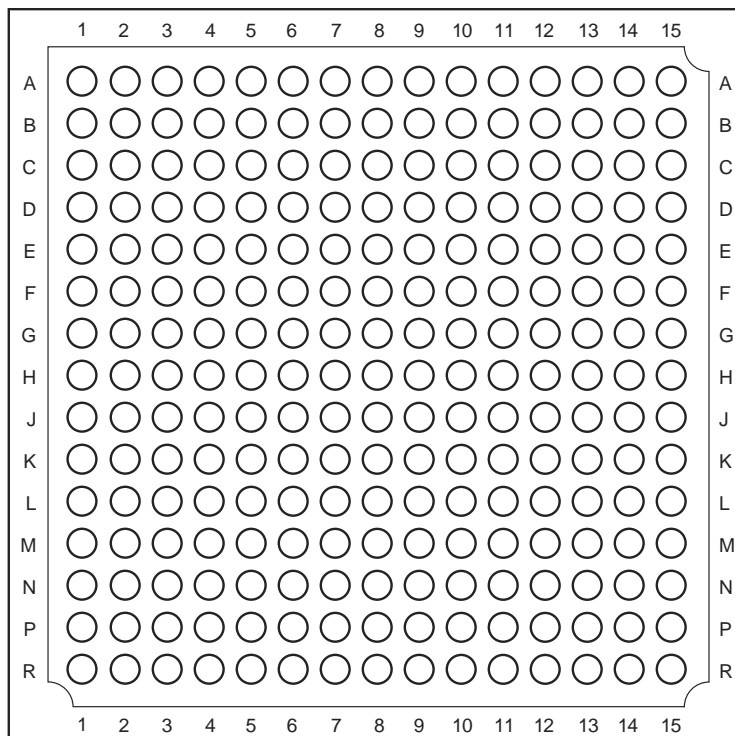


Note: This is the top view.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

BG225



Note: This is the top view.

Note

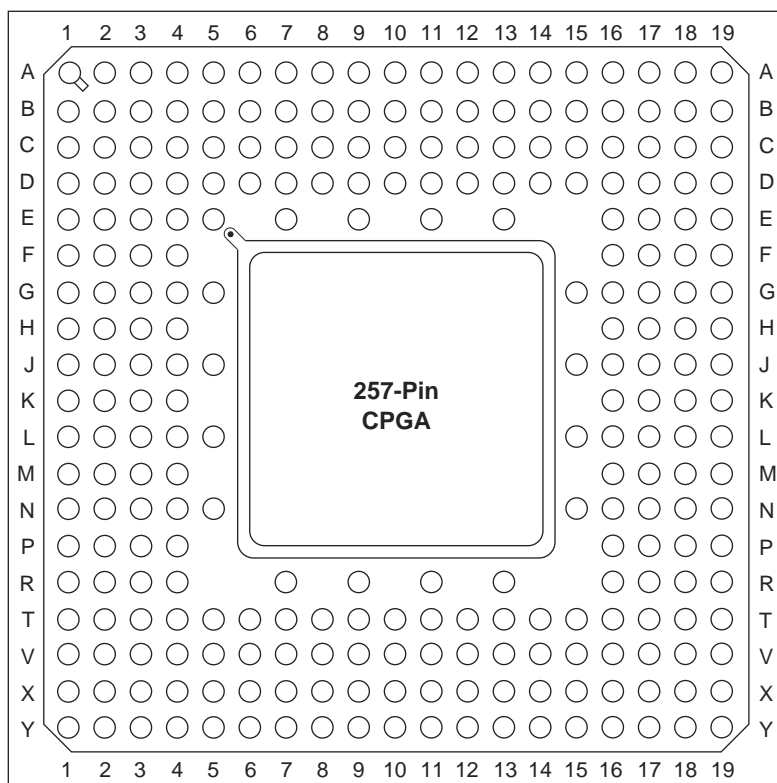
For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

BG313	
A14100, A14V100 Function	Location
CLKA or I/O	J13
CLKB or I/O	G13
DCLK or I/O	B2
GND	A1, A25, AD2, AE25, J21, L13, M12, M14, N11, N13, N15, P12, P14, R13
HCLK or I/O	T14
IOCLK or I/O	B24
IOPCL or I/O	AD24
MODE	G3
NC	A3, A13, A23, AA5, AA9, AA23, AB2, AB4, AB20, AC13, AC25, AD22, AE1, AE21, B14, C5, C25, D4, D24, E3, E21, F6, F10, F16, G1, G25, H18, H24, J1, J7, J25, K12, L15, L17, M6, N1, N5, N7, N21, N23, P20, R11, T6, T8, U9, U13, U21, V16, W7, Y20, Y24
PRA or I/O	H12
PRB or I/O	AD12
SDI or I/O	C1
SDO	AE23
VCC	AB18, AD6, AE13, C13, C19, E13, G9, H22, K8, K20, M16, N3, N9, N25, U5, W13, V2, V22, V24

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

PG257



Note: This is the top view.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

PG257	
A14100 Function	Location
CLKA or I/O	L4
CLKB or I/O	L5
DCLK or I/O	E4
GND	B16, C4, D4, D10, D16, E11, J5, K4, K16, L15, R4, T4, T10, T16, T17, X7
HCLK or I/O	J16
IOCLK or I/O	T5
IOPCL or I/O	R16
MODE	A5
NC	E5
PRA or I/O	J1
PRB or I/O	J17
SDI or I/O	B4
SDO	R17
VCC	C3, C10, C13, C17, K3, K17, V3, V7, V10, V17, X14

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. NC denotes no connection.
3. MODE should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 2 (continued)	In the "Package Pin Assignments" section, notes were added to the pin tables for the following packages, stating that they are discontinued: "BG225" "PG100" "PG133" "PG175"	3-20 3-24 3-26 3-28
Revision 1 (June 2006)	RoHS compliant information was added to the "Ordering Information" section.	II



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