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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	59
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	6K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21368cnfa-u0

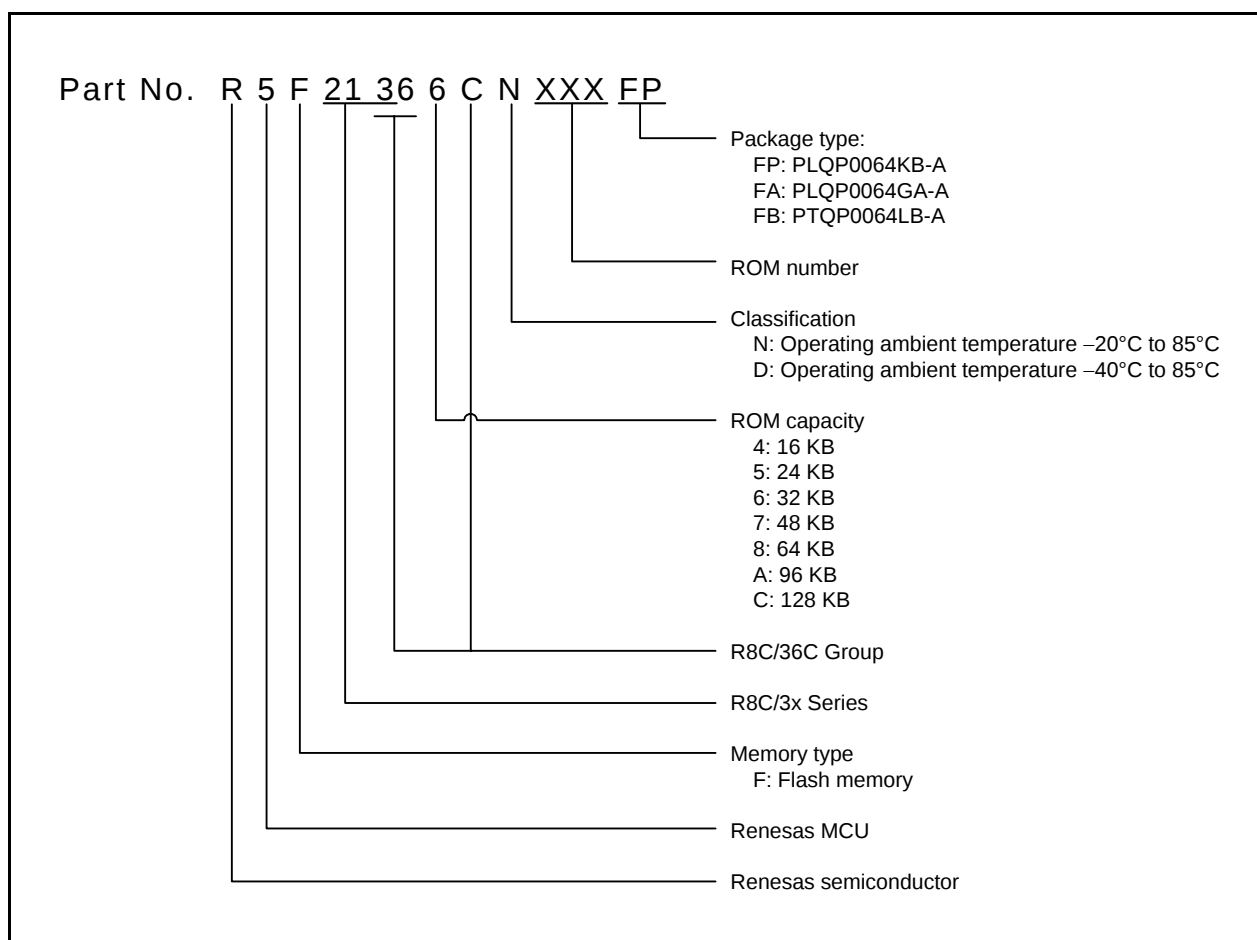


Figure 1.1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/36C Group

1.5 Pin Functions

Tables 1.7 and 1.8 list Pin Functions.

Table 1.7 Pin Functions (1)

Item	Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
Power supply input	VCC, VSS	—	Apply 1.8 to 5.5 V to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog power supply input	AVCC, AVSS	—	Power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset input	RESET	I	Input "L" on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN clock input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for XIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins. ⁽¹⁾ To use an external clock, input it to the XOUT pin and leave the XIN pin open.
XIN clock output	XOUT	I/O	
XCIN clock input	XCIN	I	These pins are provided for XCIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a crystal oscillator between the XCIN and XCOU pins. ⁽¹⁾ To use an external clock, input it to the XCIN pin and leave the XCOU pin open.
XCIN clock output	XCOU	O	
INT interrupt input	INT0 to INT4	I	INT interrupt input pins.
Key input interrupt	KI0 to KI3	I	Key input interrupt input pins.
Timer RA	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin.
	TRA0	O	Timer RA output pin.
Timer RB	TRBO	O	Timer RB output pin.
Timer RC	TRCCLK	I	External clock input pin.
	TRCTR	I	External trigger input pin.
	TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIO, TRCIOD	I/O	Timer RC I/O pins.
Timer RD	TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC0, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1	I/O	Timer RD I/O pins.
	TRDCLK	I	External clock input pin.
Timer RE	TREO	O	Divided clock output pin.
Timer RF	TRFO00, TRFO10, TRFO01, TRFO11, TRFO02, TRFO12	O	Timer RF output pins.
	TRFI	I	Timer RF input pin.
Timer RG	TRGIOA, TRGIOB	I/O	Timer RG I/O ports.
	TRGCLKA, TRGCLKB	I	External clock input pins.
Serial interface	CLK0, CLK1, CLK2	I/O	Transfer clock I/O pins.
	RXD0, RXD1, RXD2	I	Serial data input pins.
	TXD0, TXD1, TXD2	O	Serial data output pins.
	CTS2	I	Transmission control input pin.
	RTS2	O	Reception control output pin.
	SCL2	I/O	I ² C mode clock I/O pin.
	SDA2	I/O	I ² C mode data I/O pin.

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output

Note:

1. Refer to the oscillator manufacturer for oscillation characteristics.

2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables maskable interrupts.

Interrupts are disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1.

The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL is 3 bits wide and assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7.

If a requested interrupt has higher priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.

Table 4.5 SFR Information (5) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h	LIN Control Register 2	LINCR2	00h
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRE	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary Register	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Second Data Register / Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah	Timer RE Hour Data Register	TREHR	00h
011Bh	Timer RE Day of Week Data Register	TREWK	00h
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh			
0120h	Timer RC Mode Register	TRCMR	01001000b
0121h	Timer RC Control Register 1	TRCCR1	00h
0122h	Timer RC Interrupt Enable Register	TRCIER	01110000b
0123h	Timer RC Status Register	TRCSR	01110000b
0124h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 0	TRCIOR0	10001000b
0125h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 1	TRCIOR1	10001000b
0126h	Timer RC Counter	TRC	00h
0127h			00h
0128h	Timer RC General Register A	TRCGRA	FFh
0129h			FFh
012Ah	Timer RC General Register B	TRCGRB	FFh
012Bh			FFh
012Ch	Timer RC General Register C	TRCGRC	FFh
012Dh			FFh
012Eh	Timer RC General Register D	TRCGRD	FFh
012Fh			FFh
0130h	Timer RC Control Register 2	TRCCR2	00011000b
0131h	Timer RC Digital Filter Function Select Register	TRCDF	00h
0132h	Timer RC Output Master Enable Register	TRCOER	01111111b
0133h	Timer RC Trigger Control Register	TRCADCR	00h
0134h			
0135h	Timer RD Control Expansion Register	TRDECR	00h
0136h	Timer RD Trigger Control Register	TRDADCR	00h
0137h	Timer RD Start Register	TRDSTR	11111100b
0138h	Timer RD Mode Register	TRDMR	00001110b
0139h	Timer RD PWM Mode Register	TRDPMR	10001000b
013Ah	Timer RD Function Control Register	TRDFCR	10000000b
013Bh	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1	TRDOER1	FFh
013Ch	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2	TRDOER2	01111111b
013Dh	Timer RD Output Control Register	TRDOCR	00h
013Eh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 0	TRDDF0	00h
013Fh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 1	TRDDF1	00h

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.6 SFR Information (6) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0140h	Timer RD Control Register 0	TRDCR0	00h
0141h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A0	TRDIORA0	10001000b
0142h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C0	TRDIORC0	10001000b
0143h	Timer RD Status Register 0	TRDSR0	11100000b
0144h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 0	TRDIER0	11100000b
0145h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 0	TRDPOCR0	11111000b
0146h	Timer RD Counter 0	TRD0	00h
0147h			00h
0148h	Timer RD General Register A0	TRDGRA0	FFh
0149h			FFh
014Ah	Timer RD General Register B0	TRDGRB0	FFh
014Bh			FFh
014Ch	Timer RD General Register C0	TRDGRC0	FFh
014Dh			FFh
014Eh	Timer RD General Register D0	TRDGRD0	FFh
014Fh			FFh
0150h	Timer RD Control Register 1	TRDCR1	00h
0151h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A1	TRDIORA1	10001000b
0152h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C1	TRDIORC1	10001000b
0153h	Timer RD Status Register 1	TRDSR1	11000000b
0154h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 1	TRDIER1	11100000b
0155h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 1	TRDPOCR1	11111000b
0156h	Timer RD Counter 1	TRD1	00h
0157h			00h
0158h	Timer RD General Register A1	TRDGRA1	FFh
0159h			FFh
015Ah	Timer RD General Register B1	TRDGRB1	FFh
015Bh			FFh
015Ch	Timer RD General Register C1	TRDGRC1	FFh
015Dh			FFh
015Eh	Timer RD General Register D1	TRDGRD1	FFh
015Fh			FFh
0160h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
0161h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
0162h	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
0163h			XXh
0164h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
0165h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
0166h	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
0167h			XXh
0168h			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h	Timer RG Mode Register	TRGMR	01000000b
0171h	Timer RG Count Control Register	TRGCNTC	00h
0172h	Timer RG Control Register	TRGCR	10000000b
0173h	Timer RG Interrupt Enable Register	TRGIER	11110000b
0174h	Timer RG Status Register	TRGSR	11100000b
0175h	Timer RG I/O Control Register	TRGIOR	00h
0176h	Timer RG Counter	TRG	00h
0177h			00h
0178h	Timer RG General Register A	TRGGRA	FFh
0179h			FFh
017Ah	Timer RG General Register B	TRGGRB	FFh
017Bh			FFh
017Ch	Timer RG General Register C	TRGGRC	FFh
017Dh			FFh
017Eh	Timer RG General Register D	TRGGRD	FFh
017Fh			FFh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.7 SFR Information (7) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0180h	Timer RA Pin Select Register	TRASR	00h
0181h	Timer RB/RC Pin Select Register	TRBRCR	00h
0182h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 0	TRCPSR0	00h
0183h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 1	TRCPSR1	00h
0184h	Timer RD Pin Select Register 0	TRDPSR0	00h
0185h	Timer RD Pin Select Register 1	TRDPSR1	00h
0186h	Timer Pin Select Register	TIMSR	00h
0187h	Timer RF Output Control Register	TRFOUT	00h
0188h	UART0 Pin Select Register	U0SR	00h
0189h	UART1 Pin Select Register	U1SR	00h
018Ah	UART2 Pin Select Register 0	U2SR0	00h
018Bh	UART2 Pin Select Register 1	U2SR1	00h
018Ch	SSU/IIC Pin Select Register	SSUIICSR	00h
018Dh			
018Eh	INT Interrupt Input Pin Select Register	INTSR	00h
018Fh	I/O Function Pin Select Register	PINSR	00h
0190h			
0191h			
0192h			
0193h	SS Bit Counter Register	SSBR	11111000b
0194h	SS Transmit Data Register L / IIC bus Transmit Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSTDRL / ICDRT	FFh
0195h	SS Transmit Data Register H ⁽²⁾	SSTDRLH	FFh
0196h	SS Receive Data Register L / IIC bus Receive Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSRDL / ICDRL	FFh
0197h	SS Receive Data Register H ⁽²⁾	SSRDLH	FFh
0198h	SS Control Register H / IIC bus Control Register 1 ⁽²⁾	SSCRH / ICCR1	00h
0199h	SS Control Register L / IIC bus Control Register 2 ⁽²⁾	SSCRL / ICCR2	01111101b
019Ah	SS Mode Register / IIC bus Mode Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR / ICMR	00010000b / 00011000b
019Bh	SS Enable Register / IIC bus Interrupt Enable Register ⁽²⁾	SSER / ICIE	00h
019Ch	SS Status Register / IIC bus Status Register ⁽²⁾	SSSR / ICSR	00h / 0000X000b
019Dh	SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR2 / SAR	00h
019Eh			
019Fh			
01A0h			
01A1h			
01A2h			
01A3h			
01A4h			
01A5h			
01A6h			
01A7h			
01A8h			
01A9h			
01AAh			
01ABh			
01ACh			
01ADh			
01AEh			
01AFh			
01B0h			
01B1h			
01B2h	Flash Memory Status Register	FST	10000X00b
01B3h			
01B4h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	00h
01B5h	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	00h
01B6h	Flash Memory Control Register 2	FMR2	00h
01B7h			
01B8h			
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			

X: Undefined

Notes:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.
2. Selectable by the IICSEL bit in the SSUIICSR register.

Table 4.9 SFR Information (9) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2C00h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C01h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C02h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C03h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C04h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C05h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C06h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C07h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C08h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C09h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C0Ah	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
:	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
:	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Ah	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Bh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Ch	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Dh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Eh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Fh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C40h	DTC Control Data 0	DTCD0	XXh
2C41h			XXh
2C42h			XXh
2C43h			XXh
2C44h			XXh
2C45h			XXh
2C46h			XXh
2C47h			XXh
2C48h	DTC Control Data 1	DTCD1	XXh
2C49h			XXh
2C4Ah			XXh
2C4Bh			XXh
2C4Ch			XXh
2C4Dh			XXh
2C4Eh			XXh
2C4Fh			XXh
2C50h	DTC Control Data 2	DTCD2	XXh
2C51h			XXh
2C52h			XXh
2C53h			XXh
2C54h			XXh
2C55h			XXh
2C56h			XXh
2C57h			XXh
2C58h	DTC Control Data 3	DTCD3	XXh
2C59h			XXh
2C5Ah			XXh
2C5Bh			XXh
2C5Ch			XXh
2C5Dh			XXh
2C5Eh			XXh
2C5Fh			XXh
2C60h	DTC Control Data 4	DTCD4	XXh
2C61h			XXh
2C62h			XXh
2C63h			XXh
2C64h			XXh
2C65h			XXh
2C66h			XXh
2C67h			XXh
2C68h	DTC Control Data 5	DTCD5	XXh
2C69h			XXh
2C6Ah			XXh
2C6Bh			XXh
2C6Ch			XXh
2C6Dh			XXh
2C6Eh			XXh
2C6Fh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.10 SFR Information (10) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2C70h	DTC Control Data 6	DTCD6	XXh
2C71h			XXh
2C72h			XXh
2C73h			XXh
2C74h			XXh
2C75h			XXh
2C76h			XXh
2C77h			XXh
2C78h	DTC Control Data 7	DTCD7	XXh
2C79h			XXh
2C7Ah			XXh
2C7Bh			XXh
2C7Ch			XXh
2C7Dh			XXh
2C7Eh			XXh
2C7Fh			XXh
2C80h	DTC Control Data 8	DTCD8	XXh
2C81h			XXh
2C82h			XXh
2C83h			XXh
2C84h			XXh
2C85h			XXh
2C86h			XXh
2C87h			XXh
2C88h	DTC Control Data 9	DTCD9	XXh
2C89h			XXh
2C8Ah			XXh
2C8Bh			XXh
2C8Ch			XXh
2C8Dh			XXh
2C8Eh			XXh
2C8Fh			XXh
2C90h	DTC Control Data 10	DTCD10	XXh
2C91h			XXh
2C92h			XXh
2C93h			XXh
2C94h			XXh
2C95h			XXh
2C96h			XXh
2C97h			XXh
2C98h	DTC Control Data 11	DTCD11	XXh
2C99h			XXh
2C9Ah			XXh
2C9Bh			XXh
2C9Ch			XXh
2C9Dh			XXh
2C9Eh			XXh
2C9Fh			XXh
2CA0h	DTC Control Data 12	DTCD12	XXh
2CA1h			XXh
2CA2h			XXh
2CA3h			XXh
2CA4h			XXh
2CA5h			XXh
2CA6h			XXh
2CA7h			XXh
2CA8h	DTC Control Data 13	DTCD13	XXh
2CA9h			XXh
2CAAh			XXh
2CABh			XXh
2CACH			XXh
2CADh			XXh
2CAEh			XXh
2CAFh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.12 SFR Information (12) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2CF0h	DTC Control Data 22	DTCD22	XXh
2CF1h			XXh
2CF2h			XXh
2CF3h			XXh
2CF4h			XXh
2CF5h			XXh
2CF6h			XXh
2CF7h			XXh
2CF8h	DTC Control Data 23	DTCD23	XXh
2CF9h			XXh
2CFAh			XXh
2CFBh			XXh
2CFCh			XXh
2CFDh			XXh
2CFEh			XXh
2CFFh			XXh
2D00h			
⋮			
2FFFh			

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.13 ID Code Areas and Option Function Select Area

Address	Area Name	Symbol	After Reset
⋮			
FFDBh	Option Function Select Register 2	OFS2	(Note 1)
⋮			
FFDFh	ID1		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFE3h	ID2		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFEBh	ID3		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFEFh	ID4		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFF3h	ID5		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFF7h	ID6		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFFBh	ID7		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 1)

Notes:

1. The option function select area is allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program.
Do not write additions to the option function select area. If the block including the option function select area is erased, the option function select area is set to FFh.
When blank products are shipped, the option function select area is set to FFh. It is set to the written value after written by the user.
When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the option function select area is the value programmed by the user.
2. The ID code areas are allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program.
Do not write additions to the ID code areas. If the block including the ID code areas is erased, the ID code areas are set to FFh.
When blank products are shipped, the ID code areas are set to FFh. They are set to the written value after written by the user.
When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the ID code areas is the value programmed by the user.

Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions (1)

Symbol	Parameter				Conditions	Standard			Unit
						Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{CC} /AV _{CC}	Supply voltage					1.8	—	5.5	V
V _{SS} /AV _{SS}	Supply voltage					—	0	—	V
V _{IH}	Input “H” voltage	Other than CMOS input				0.8 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V
		CMOS input	Input level switching function (I/O port)	Input level selection: 0.35 V _{CC}	4.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0.5 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V
					2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.0 V	0.55 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V
					1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	0.65 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V
				Input level selection: 0.5 V _{CC}	4.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0.65 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V
					2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.0 V	0.7 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V
					1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	0.8 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V
				Input level selection: 0.7 V _{CC}	4.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0.85 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V
					2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.0 V	0.85 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V
					1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	0.85 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V
	External clock input (XOUT)				1.2	—	V _{CC}	V	
V _{IL}	Input “L” voltage	Other than CMOS input				0	—	0.2 V _{CC}	V
		CMOS input	Input level switching function (I/O port)	Input level selection: 0.35 V _{CC}	4.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0	—	0.2 V _{CC}	V
					2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.0 V	0	—	0.2 V _{CC}	V
					1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	0	—	0.2 V _{CC}	V
				Input level selection: 0.5 V _{CC}	4.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0	—	0.4 V _{CC}	V
					2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.0 V	0	—	0.3 V _{CC}	V
					1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	0	—	0.2 V _{CC}	V
				Input level selection: 0.7 V _{CC}	4.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0	—	0.55 V _{CC}	V
					2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.0 V	0	—	0.45 V _{CC}	V
					1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	0	—	0.35 V _{CC}	V
	External clock input (XOUT)				0	—	0.4	V	
I _{OH} (sum)	Peak sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins I _{OH} (peak)		—	—	−160	mA		
I _{OH} (sum)	Average sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins I _{OH} (avg)		—	—	−80	mA		
I _{OH} (peak)	Peak output “H” current	Drive capacity Low		—	—	−10	mA		
		Drive capacity High		—	—	−40	mA		
I _{OH} (avg)	Average output “H” current	Drive capacity Low		—	—	−5	mA		
		Drive capacity High		—	—	−20	mA		
I _{OL} (sum)	Peak sum output “L” current	Sum of all pins I _{OL} (peak)		—	—	160	mA		
I _{OL} (sum)	Average sum output “L” current	Sum of all pins I _{OL} (avg)		—	—	80	mA		
I _{OL} (peak)	Peak output “L” current	Drive capacity Low		—	—	10	mA		
		Drive capacity High		—	—	40	mA		
I _{OL} (avg)	Average output “L” current	Drive capacity Low		—	—	5	mA		
		Drive capacity High		—	—	20	mA		
f _(XIN)	XIN clock input oscillation frequency			2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	20	MHz	
				1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	—	—	5	MHz	
f _(XCIN)	XCIN clock input oscillation frequency			1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	—	32.768	50	kHz	
f _{OCO40M}	When used as the count source for timer RC, timer RD or timer RG ⁽³⁾			2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	32	—	40	MHz	
f _{OCO-F}	f _{OCO-F} frequency			2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	20	MHz	
				1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	—	—	5	MHz	
—	System clock frequency			2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	20	MHz	
				1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	—	—	5	MHz	
f _(BCLK)	CPU clock frequency			2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	20	MHz	
				1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	—	—	5	MHz	

Notes:

1. V_{CC} = 1.8 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = −20 to 85 °C (N version)/−40 to 85 °C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.
3. f_{OCO40M} can be used as the count source for timer RC, timer RD or timer RG in the range of V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V.

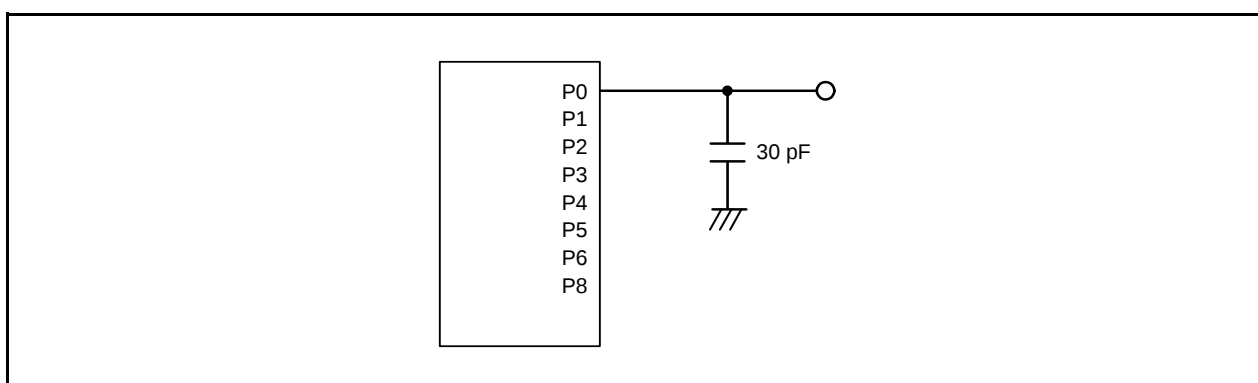


Figure 5.1 Ports P0 to P6, P8 Timing Measurement Circuit

Table 5.3 A/D Converter Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		Vref = AVCC		—	—	10	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy	10-bit mode	Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input	—	—	±3	LSB
			Vref = AVCC = 3.3 V	AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input	—	—	±5	LSB
			Vref = AVCC = 3.0 V	AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input	—	—	±5	LSB
			Vref = AVCC = 2.2 V	AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input	—	—	±5	LSB
		8-bit mode	Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input	—	—	±2	LSB
			Vref = AVCC = 3.3 V	AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input	—	—	±2	LSB
			Vref = AVCC = 3.0 V	AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input	—	—	±2	LSB
			Vref = AVCC = 2.2 V	AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input	—	—	±2	LSB
φAD	A/D conversion clock		4.0 V ≤ Vref = AVCC ≤ 5.5 V (2)		2	—	20	MHz
			3.2 V ≤ Vref = AVCC ≤ 5.5 V (2)		2	—	16	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ Vref = AVCC ≤ 5.5 V (2)		2	—	10	MHz
			2.2 V ≤ Vref = AVCC ≤ 5.5 V (2)		2	—	5	MHz
—	Tolerance level impedance				—	3	—	kΩ
tCONV	Conversion time	10-bit mode	Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V, φAD = 20 MHz		2.2	—	—	μs
		8-bit mode	Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V, φAD = 20 MHz		2.2	—	—	μs
tsAMP	Sampling time		φAD = 20 MHz		0.8	—	—	μs
Ivref	Vref current		Vcc = 5.0 V, XIN = f1 = φAD = 20 MHz		—	45	—	μA
Vref	Reference voltage				2.2	—	AVCC	V
VIA	Analog input voltage (3)				0	—	Vref	V
OCVREF	On-chip reference voltage		2 MHz ≤ φAD ≤ 4 MHz		1.19	1.34	1.49	V

Notes:

- $V_{CC}/AV_{CC} = V_{ref} = 2.2\text{ to }5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, and $T_{opr} = -20\text{ to }85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (N version)/ $-40\text{ to }85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- The A/D conversion result will be undefined in wait mode, stop mode, when the flash memory stops, and in low-current-consumption mode. Do not perform A/D conversion in these states or transition to these states during A/D conversion.
- When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

Table 5.4 D/A Converter Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		—	—	8	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy		—	—	2.5	LSB
t_{su}	Setup time		—	—	3	μs
R_o	Output resistor		—	6	—	$k\Omega$
I_{vref}	Reference power input current	(Note 2)	—	—	1.5	mA

Notes:

1. $V_{CC}/AV_{CC} = V_{ref} = 2.7$ to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85 °C (N version)/ -40 to 85 °C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This applies when one D/A converter is used and the value of the DAI register ($i = 0$ or 1) for the unused D/A converter is 00h. The resistor ladder of the A/D converter is not included.

Table 5.5 Comparator B Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{ref}	IVREF1, IVREF3 input reference voltage		0	—	$V_{CC} - 1.4$	V
V_i	IVCMP1, IVCMP3 input voltage		-0.3	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
—	Offset		—	5	100	mV
t_d	Comparator output delay time ⁽²⁾	$V_i = V_{ref} \pm 100$ mV	—	0.1	—	μs
I_{CMP}	Comparator operating current	$V_{CC} = 5.0$ V	—	17.5	—	μA

Notes:

1. $V_{CC} = 2.7$ to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85 °C (N version)/ -40 to 85 °C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. When the digital filter is disabled.

Table 5.6 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾		1,000 ⁽³⁾	—	—	times
—	Byte program time		—	80	500	μs
—	Block erase time		—	0.3	—	s
t _d (SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		—	—	5 + CPU clock × 3 cycles	ms
—	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		0	—	—	μs
—	Time from suspend until erase restart		—	—	30 + CPU clock × 1 cycle	μs
t _d (CMDRST-READY)	Time from when command is forcibly stopped until reading is enabled		—	—	30 + CPU clock × 1 cycle	μs
—	Program, erase voltage		2.7	—	5.5	V
—	Read voltage		1.8	—	5.5	V
—	Program, erase temperature		0	—	60	°C
—	Data hold time ⁽⁷⁾	Ambient temperature = 55 °C	20	—	—	year

Notes:

1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = 0 to 60 °C, unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one. However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed.)
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Table 5.8 Voltage Detection 0 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdet0	Voltage detection level Vdet0_0 ⁽²⁾		1.80	1.90	2.05	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_1 ⁽²⁾		2.15	2.35	2.50	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_2 ⁽²⁾		2.70	2.85	3.05	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_3 ⁽²⁾		3.55	3.80	4.05	V
—	Voltage detection 0 circuit response time ⁽⁴⁾	At the falling of Vcc from 5.0 V to (Vdet0_0 – 0.1) V	—	6	150	μs
—	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA25 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	—	1.5	—	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽³⁾		—	—	100	μs

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85 °C (N version)/–40 to 85 °C (D version).
2. Select the voltage detection level with bits VDSEL0 and VDSEL1 in the OFS register.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
4. Time until the voltage monitor 0 reset is generated after the voltage passes Vdet0.

Table 5.9 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdet1	Voltage detection level Vdet1_0 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.00	2.20	2.40	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_1 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.15	2.35	2.55	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_2 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.30	2.50	2.70	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_3 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.45	2.65	2.85	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_4 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.60	2.80	3.00	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_5 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.75	2.95	3.15	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_6 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.85	3.10	3.40	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_7 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.00	3.25	3.55	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_8 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.15	3.40	3.70	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_9 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.30	3.55	3.85	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_A ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.45	3.70	4.00	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_B ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.60	3.85	4.15	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_C ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.75	4.00	4.30	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_D ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.90	4.15	4.45	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_E ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	4.05	4.30	4.60	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_F ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	4.20	4.45	4.75	V
—	Hysteresis width at the rising of Vcc in voltage detection 1 circuit	Vdet1_0 to Vdet1_5 selected	—	0.07	—	V
		Vdet1_6 to Vdet1_F selected	—	0.10	—	V
—	Voltage detection 1 circuit response time ⁽³⁾	At the falling of Vcc from 5.0 V to (Vdet1_0 – 0.1) V	—	60	150	μs
—	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	—	1.7	—	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽⁴⁾		—	—	100	μs

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85 °C (N version)/–40 to 85 °C (D version).
2. Select the voltage detection level with bits VD1S0 to VD1S3 in the VD1LS register.
3. Time until the voltage monitor 1 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet1.
4. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.16 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _{SCL}	SCL input cycle time		12t _{cyC} + 600 ⁽²⁾	—	—	ns
t _{SCLH}	SCL input "H" width		3t _{cyC} + 300 ⁽²⁾	—	—	ns
t _{SCLL}	SCL input "L" width		5t _{cyC} + 500 ⁽²⁾	—	—	ns
t _{sf}	SCL, SDA input fall time		—	—	300	ns
t _{SP}	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		—	—	1t _{cyC} ⁽²⁾	ns
t _{BUF}	SDA input bus-free time		5t _{cyC} ⁽²⁾	—	—	ns
t _{STAH}	Start condition input hold time		3t _{cyC} ⁽²⁾	—	—	ns
t _{STAS}	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3t _{cyC} ⁽²⁾	—	—	ns
t _{STOP}	Stop condition input setup time		3t _{cyC} ⁽²⁾	—	—	ns
t _{SDAS}	Data input setup time		1t _{cyC} + 40 ⁽²⁾	—	—	ns
t _{SDAH}	Data input hold time		10	—	—	ns

Notes:

1. V_{CC} = 1.8 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, and T_{opr} = -20 to 85 °C (N version)/-40 to 85 °C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1t_{cyC} = 1/f₁(s)

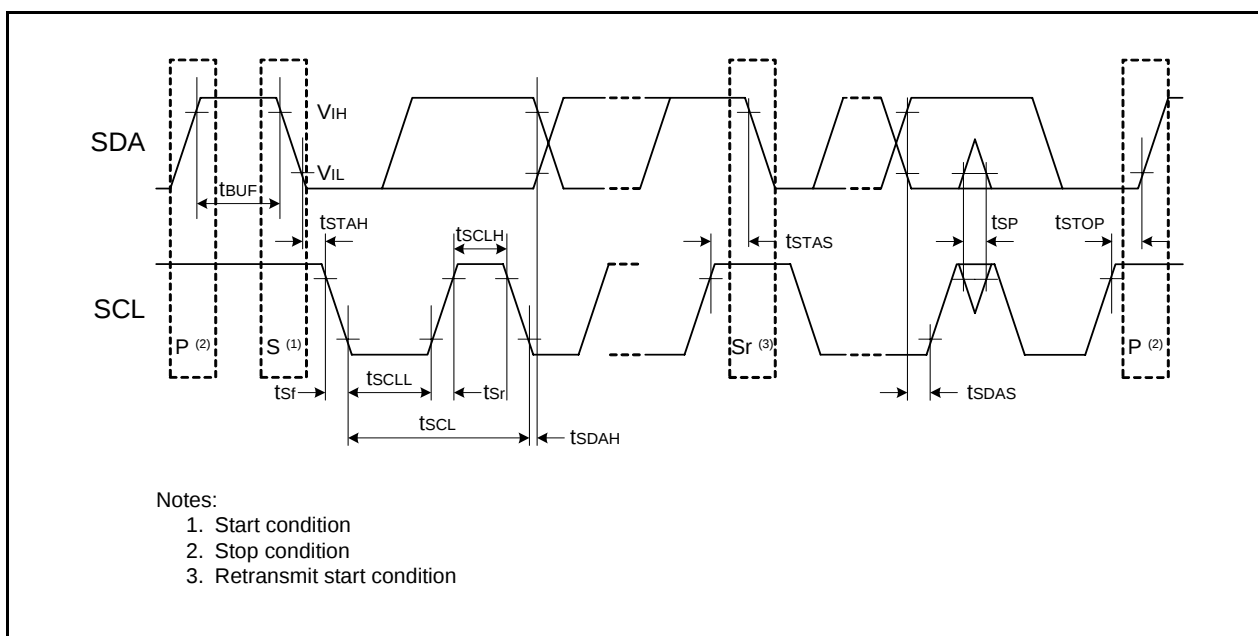
**Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface**

Table 5.17 Electrical Characteristics (1) [4.2 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High V _{CC} = 5 V	I _{OH} = −20 mA	V _{CC} − 2.0	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity Low V _{CC} = 5 V	I _{OH} = −5 mA	V _{CC} − 2.0	—	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT	V _{CC} = 5 V	I _{OH} = −200 μA	1.0	—	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High V _{CC} = 5 V	I _{OL} = 20 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			Drive capacity Low V _{CC} = 5 V	I _{OL} = 5 mA	—	—	2.0	V
		XOUT	V _{CC} = 5 V	I _{OL} = 200 μA	—	—	0.5	V
V _{T+} –V _{T–}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, INT4, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRBO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD, TRDIOA0, TRDIOB0, TRDIOC0, TRDIOD0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD1, TRCTRIG, TRCCLK, TRFI, TRGIOA, TRGIOB, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD1, RXD2, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	1.2	—	V
		RESET			0.1	1.2	—	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 5 V, V _{CC} = 5.0 V		—	—	5.0	μA
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 5.0 V		—	—	−5.0	μA
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 5.0 V		25	50	100	kΩ
R _{IXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			—	0.3	—	MΩ
R _{IXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			—	8	—	MΩ
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	—	—	V

Note:

- 4.2 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V, T_{opr} = −20 to 85 °C (N version)/−40 to 85 °C (D version), and f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.18 Electrical Characteristics (2) [$3.3\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$]
($T_{opr} = -20\text{ to }85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (N version)/ $-40\text{ to }85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	—	6.5	15	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	—	5.3	12.5	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	—	3.6	—	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	—	3.0	—	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	—	2.2	—	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	—	1.5	—	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	—	7.0	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	—	3.0	—	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 4 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-16, MSTIIC = MSTTRD = MSTTRC = 1	—	1	—	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	—	90	400	μA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	—	85	400	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division	—	47	—	μA
			Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1, VCA20 = 0				
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	—	15	100	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	—	4	90	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	—	3.5	—	μA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, T _{opr} = 25 °C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	—	2.0	5.0	μA
			XIN clock off, T _{opr} = 85 °C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	—	15	—	μA

Package Dimensions

Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions and mounting information are available in the “Packages” section of the Renesas Electronics website.

