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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	180MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I ² C, IrDA, Microwire, SD, SPI, SSI, SSP, UART/USART, USB, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	83
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	16K x 8
RAM Size	136K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10b; D/A 1x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-LQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/lpc1833jbd144e

4. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
LPC1857FET256	LBGA256	Plastic low profile ball grid array package; 256 balls; body 17 × 17 × 1 mm	SOT740-2
LPC1857JET256	LBGA256	Plastic low profile ball grid array package; 256 balls; body 17 × 17 × 1 mm	SOT740-2
LPC1857JBD208	LQFP208	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 208 leads; body 28 × 28 × 1.4 mm	SOT459-1
LPC1853FET256	LBGA256	Plastic low profile ball grid array package; 256 balls; body 17 × 17 × 1 mm	SOT740-2
LPC1853JET256	LBGA256	Plastic low profile ball grid array package; 256 balls; body 17 × 17 × 1 mm	SOT740-2
LPC1853JBD208	LQFP208	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 208 leads; body 28 × 28 × 1.4 mm	SOT459-1
LPC1837FET256	LBGA256	Plastic low profile ball grid array package; 256 balls; body 17 × 17 × 1 mm	SOT740-2
LPC1837JET256	LBGA256	Plastic low profile ball grid array package; 256 balls; body 17 × 17 × 1 mm	SOT740-2
LPC1837JBD144	LQFP144	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 144 leads; body 20 × 20 × 1.4 mm	SOT486-1
LPC1837JET100	TFBGA100	Plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package; 100 balls; body 9 × 9 × 0.7 mm	SOT926-1
LPC1833FET256	LBGA256	Plastic low profile ball grid array package; 256 balls; body 17 × 17 × 1 mm	SOT740-2
LPC1833JET256	LBGA256	Plastic low profile ball grid array package; 256 balls; body 17 × 17 × 1 mm	SOT740-2
LPC1833JBD144	LQFP144	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 144 leads; body 20 × 20 × 1.4 mm	SOT486-1
LPC1833JET100	TFBGA100	Plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package; 100 balls; body 9 × 9 × 0.7 mm	SOT926-1
LPC1827JBD144	LQFP144	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 144 leads; body 20 × 20 × 1.4 mm	SOT486-1
LPC1827JET100	TFBGA100	Plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package; 100 balls; body 9 × 9 × 0.7 mm	SOT926-1
LPC1825JBD144	LQFP144	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 144 leads; body 20 × 20 × 1.4 mm	SOT486-1
LPC1825JET100	TFBGA100	Plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package; 100 balls; body 9 × 9 × 0.7 mm	SOT926-1
LPC1823JBD144	LQFP144	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 144 leads; body 20 × 20 × 1.4 mm	SOT486-1
LPC1823JET100	TFBGA100	Plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package; 100 balls; body 9 × 9 × 0.7 mm	SOT926-1
LPC1822JBD144	LQFP144	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 144 leads; body 20 × 20 × 1.4 mm	SOT486-1
LPC1822JET100	TFBGA100	Plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package; 100 balls; body 9 × 9 × 0.7 mm	SOT926-1
LPC1817JBD144	LQFP144	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 144 leads; body 20 × 20 × 1.4 mm	SOT486-1
LPC1817JET100	TFBGA100	Plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package; 100 balls; body 9 × 9 × 0.7 mm	SOT926-1
LPC1815JBD144	LQFP144	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 144 leads; body 20 × 20 × 1.4 mm	SOT486-1
LPC1815JET100	TFBGA100	Plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package; 100 balls; body 9 × 9 × 0.7 mm	SOT926-1
LPC1813JBD144	LQFP144	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 144 leads; body 20 × 20 × 1.4 mm	SOT486-1
LPC1813JET100	TFBGA100	Plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package; 100 balls; body 9 × 9 × 0.7 mm	SOT926-1
LPC1812JBD144	LQFP144	Plastic low profile quad flat package; 144 leads; body 20 × 20 × 1.4 mm	SOT486-1
LPC1812JET100	TFBGA100	Plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package; 100 balls; body 9 × 9 × 0.7 mm	SOT926-1

Table 3. Pin description ...continued

Pin name	LPGA256	TFBGA100	LQFP144	LQFP208		Reset state [1]	Type	Description
P1_20	M10	K10	70	100	[2]	N; PU	I/O	GPIO0[15] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							I/O	SSP1_SSEL — Slave Select for SSP1.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	ENET_TXD1 — Ethernet transmit data 1 (RMII/MII interface).
							I	T0_CAP2 — Capture input 2 of timer 0.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
P2_0	T16	G10	75	108	[2]	N; PU	I/O	EMC_D11 — External memory data line 11.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	U0_TXD — Transmitter output for USART0. See Table 4 for ISP mode.
							I/O	EMC_A13 — External memory address line 13.
							O	USB0_PPWR — VBUS drive signal (towards external charge pump or power management unit); indicates that VBUS must be driven (active HIGH). Add a pull-down resistor to disable the power switch at reset. This signal has opposite polarity compared to the USB_PPWR used on other NXP LPC parts.
							I/O	GPIO5[0] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
P2_1	N15	G7	81	116	[2]	N; PU	I	T3_CAP0 — Capture input 0 of timer 3.
							O	ENET_MDC — Ethernet MIIM clock.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I	U0_RXD — Receiver input for USART0. See Table 4 for ISP mode.
							I/O	EMC_A12 — External memory address line 12.
							I	USB0_PWR_FAULT — Port power fault signal indicating overcurrent condition; this signal monitors over-current on the USB bus (external circuitry required to detect over-current condition).
							I/O	GPIO5[1] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I	T3_CAP1 — Capture input 1 of timer 3.
							-	R — Function reserved.

Table 3. Pin description ...continued

Pin name	LBGA256	TFBGA100	LQFP144	LQFP208		Reset state [1]	Type	Description
P4_10	M3	-	35	51	[2]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							I	CTIN_2 — SCTimer/PWM input 2. Capture input 2 of timer 0.
							O	LCD_VD10 — LCD data.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	GPIO5[14] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							O	LCD_VD14 — LCD data.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
P5_0	N3	-	37	53	[2]	N; PU	I/O	GPIO2[9] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							O	MCOB2 — Motor control PWM channel 2, output B.
							I/O	EMC_D12 — External memory data line 12.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I	U1_DSR — Data Set Ready input for UART1.
							I	T1_CAP0 — Capture input 0 of timer 1.
							-	R — Function reserved.
P5_1	P3	-	39	55	[2]	N; PU	I/O	GPIO2[10] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							I	MCI2 — Motor control PWM channel 2, input.
							I/O	EMC_D13 — External memory data line 13.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	U1_DTR — Data Terminal Ready output for UART1. Can also be configured to be an RS-485/EIA-485 output enable signal for UART1.
							I	T1_CAP1 — Capture input 1 of timer 1.
							-	R — Function reserved.
P5_2	R4	-	46	63	[2]	N; PU	I/O	GPIO2[11] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							I	MCI1 — Motor control PWM channel 1, input.
							I/O	EMC_D14 — External memory data line 14.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	U1_RTS — Request to Send output for UART1. Can also be configured to be an RS-485/EIA-485 output enable signal for UART1.
							I	T1_CAP2 — Capture input 2 of timer 1.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.

Table 3. Pin description ...continued

Pin name	LBGA256	TFBGA100	LQFP144	LQFP208		Reset state [1]	Type	Description
P7_2	A16	-	115	165	[2]	N; PU	I/O	GPIO3[10] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							I	CTIN_4 — SCTimer/PWM input 4. Capture input 2 of timer 1.
							I/O	I2S0_TX_SDA — I ² S transmit data. It is driven by the transmitter and read by the receiver. Corresponds to the signal SD in the <i>I²S-bus specification</i> .
							O	LCD_VD18 — LCD data.
							O	LCD_VD6 — LCD data.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I	U2_RXD — Receiver input for USART2.
							-	R — Function reserved.
P7_3	C13	-	117	167	[2]	N; PU	I/O	GPIO3[11] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							I	CTIN_3 — SCTimer/PWM input 3. Capture input 1 of timer 1.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	LCD_VD17 — LCD data.
							O	LCD_VD5 — LCD data.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
P7_4	C8	-	132	189	[5]	N; PU	I/O	GPIO3[12] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							O	CTOUT_13 — SCTimer/PWM output 13. Match output 3 of timer 3.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	LCD_VD16 — LCD data.
							O	LCD_VD4 — LCD data.
							O	TRACEDATA[0] — Trace data, bit 0.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							AI	ADC0_4 — ADC0 and ADC1, input channel 4. Configure the pin as GPIO input and use the ADC function select register in the SCU to select the ADC.

Table 3. Pin description ...continued

Pin name	LBGA256	TFBGA100	LQFP144	LQFP208		Reset state [1]	Type	Description
P7_5	A7	-	133	191	[5]	N; PU	I/O	GPIO3[13] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							O	CTOUT_12 — SCTimer/PWM output 12. Match output 3 of timer 3.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	LCD_VD8 — LCD data.
							O	LCD_VD23 — LCD data.
							O	TRACEDATA[1] — Trace data, bit 1.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							AI	ADC0_3 — ADC0 and ADC1, input channel 3. Configure the pin as GPIO input and use the ADC function select register in the SCU to select the ADC.
P7_6	C7	-	134	194	[2]	N; PU	I/O	GPIO3[14] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							O	CTOUT_11 — SCTimer/PWM output 1. Match output 3 of timer 2.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	LCD_LP — Line synchronization pulse (STN). Horizontal synchronization pulse (TFT).
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	TRACEDATA[2] — Trace data, bit 2.
							-	R — Function reserved.
P7_7	B6	-	140	201	[5]	N; PU	I/O	GPIO3[15] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							O	CTOUT_8 — SCTimer/PWM output 8. Match output 0 of timer 2.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	LCD_PWR — LCD panel power enable.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	TRACEDATA[3] — Trace data, bit 3.
							O	ENET_MDC — Ethernet MIIM clock.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							AI	ADC1_6 — ADC1 and ADC0, input channel 6. Configure the pin as GPIO input and use the ADC function select register in the SCU to select the ADC.

Table 3. Pin description ...continued

Pin name	LBGA256	TFBGA100	LQFP144	LQFP208		Reset state [1]	Type	Description
PC_0	D4	-	-	7	[5]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							I	USB1_ULPI_CLK — ULPI link CLK signal. 60 MHz clock generated by the PHY.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	ENET_RX_CLK — Ethernet Receive Clock (MII interface).
							O	LCD_DCLK — LCD panel clock.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	SD_CLK — SD/MMC card clock.
PC_1	E4	-	-	9	[2]	N; PU	AI	ADC1_1 — ADC1 and ADC0, input channel 1. Configure the pin as input (USB_ULPI_CLK) and use the ADC function select register in the SCU to select the ADC.
							I/O	USB1_ULPI_D7 — ULPI link bidirectional data line 7.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I	U1_RI — Ring Indicator input for UART1.
							O	ENET_MDC — Ethernet MIIM clock.
							I/O	GPIO6[0] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
PC_2	F6	-	-	13	[2]	N; PU	I	T3_CAP0 — Capture input 0 of timer 3.
							O	SD_VOLT0 — SD/MMC bus voltage select output 0.
							I/O	USB1_ULPI_D6 — ULPI link bidirectional data line 6.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I	U1_CTS — Clear to Send input for UART1.
							O	ENET_TXD2 — Ethernet transmit data 2 (MII interface).
							I/O	GPIO6[1] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	SD_RST — SD/MMC reset signal for MMC4.4 card.

Table 3. Pin description ...continued

Pin name	LBGA256	TFBGA100	LQFP144	LQFP208		Reset state [1]	Type	Description
PD_8	P8	-	-	74	[2]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							I	CTIN_6 — SCTimer/PWM input 6. Capture input 1 of timer 3.
							I/O	EMC_D22 — External memory data line 22.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	GPIO6[22] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
PD_9	T11	-	-	84	[2]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							O	CTOUT_13 — SCTimer/PWM output 13. Match output 3 of timer 3.
							I/O	EMC_D23 — External memory data line 23.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	GPIO6[23] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
PD_10	P11	-	-	86	[2]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							I	CTIN_1 — SCTimer/PWM input 1. Capture input 1 of timer 0. Capture input 1 of timer 2.
							O	EMC_BLS3 — LOW active Byte Lane select signal 3.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	GPIO6[24] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
PD_11	N9	-	-	88	[2]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	EMC_CS3 — LOW active Chip Select 3 signal.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	GPIO6[25] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							I/O	USB1_ULPI_D0 — ULPI link bidirectional data line 0.
							O	CTOUT_14 — SCTimer/PWM output 14. Match output 2 of timer 3.
							-	R — Function reserved.

Table 3. Pin description ...continued

Pin name	LBGA256	TFBGA100	LQFP144	LQFP208		Reset state [1]	Type	Description
PE_3	K12	-	-	118	[2]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							O	CAN0_TD — CAN transmitter output.
							I	ADCTRIG1 — ADC trigger input 1.
							I/O	EMC_A21 — External memory address line 21.
							I/O	GPIO7[3] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
PE_4	K13	-	-	120	[2]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							I	NMI — External interrupt input to NMI.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	EMC_A22 — External memory address line 22.
							I/O	GPIO7[4] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
PE_5	N16	-	-	122	[2]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							O	CTOUT_3 — SCTimer/PWM output 3. Match output 3 of timer 0.
							O	U1_RTS — Request to Send output for UART1. Can also be configured to be an RS-485/EIA-485 output enable signal for UART1.
							I/O	EMC_D24 — External memory data line 24.
							I/O	GPIO7[5] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
PE_6	M16	-	-	124	[2]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							O	CTOUT_2 — SCTimer/PWM output 2. Match output 2 of timer 0.
							I	U1_RI — Ring Indicator input for UART1.
							I/O	EMC_D25 — External memory data line 25.
							I/O	GPIO7[6] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.

Table 3. Pin description ...continued

Pin name	LBGA256	TFBGA100	LQFP144	LQFP208		Reset state [1]	Type	Description
PF_9	D6	-	-	203	[5]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	U0_DIR — RS-485/EIA-485 output enable/direction control for USART0.
							O	CTOUT_1 — SCTimer/PWM output 1. Match output 3 of timer 3.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	GPIO7[23] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							AI	ADC1_2 — ADC1 and ADC0, input channel 2. Configure the pin as GPIO input and use the ADC function select register in the SCU to select the ADC.
PF_10	A3	-	-	205	[5]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							O	U0_TXD — Transmitter output for USART0.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	GPIO7[24] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I	SD_WP — SD/MMC card write protect input.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							AI	ADC0_5 — ADC0 and ADC1, input channel 5. Configure the pin as GPIO input and use the ADC function select register in the SCU to select the ADC.
PF_11	A2	-	-	207	[5]	N; PU	-	R — Function reserved.
							I	U0_RXD — Receiver input for USART0.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							I/O	GPIO7[25] — General purpose digital input/output pin.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							O	SD_VOLT2 — SD/MMC bus voltage select output 2.
							-	R — Function reserved.
							AI	ADC1_5 — ADC1 and ADC0, input channel 5. Configure the pin as GPIO input and use the ADC function select register in the SCU to select the ADC.
Clock pins								

Table 3. Pin description ...continued

Pin name	LBGA256	TFBGA100	LQFP144	LQFP208		Reset state [1]	Type	Description
WAKEUP0	A9	A4	130	187	[11]	I; IA	I	External wake-up input; can raise an interrupt and can cause wake-up from any of the low-power modes. A pulse with a duration of at least 45 ns wakes up the part. Input 0 of the event monitor. No internal pull-up is enabled when this pin is configured as input.
WAKEUP1	A10	-	-	-	[11]	I; IA	I	External wake-up input; can raise an interrupt and can cause wake-up from any of the low-power modes. A pulse with a duration of at least 45 ns wakes up the part. Input 1 of the event monitor. No internal pull-up is enabled when this pin is configured as input.
WAKEUP2	C9	-	-	-	[11]	I; IA	I	External wake-up input; can raise an interrupt and can cause wake-up from any of the low-power modes. A pulse with a duration of at least 45 ns wakes up the part. Input 2 of the event monitor. This pin does not have an internal pull-up.
WAKEUP3	D8	-	-	-	[11]	I; IA	I	External wake-up input; can raise an interrupt and can cause wake-up from any of the low-power modes. A pulse with a duration of at least 45 ns wakes up the part. This pin does not have an internal pull-up.
ADC pins								
ADC0_0/ ADC1_0/DAC	E3	A2	6	8	[8]	AI; IA	I	ADC input channel 0. Shared between 10-bit ADC0/1 and DAC.
ADC0_1/ ADC1_1	C3	A1	2	4	[8]	AI; IA	I	ADC input channel 1. Shared between 10-bit ADC0/1.
ADC0_2/ ADC1_2	A4	B3	143	206	[8]	AI; IA	I	ADC input channel 2. Shared between 10-bit ADC0/1.
ADC0_3/ ADC1_3	B5	A3	139	200	[8]	AI; IA	I	ADC input channel 3. Shared between 10-bit ADC0/1.
ADC0_4/ ADC1_4	C6	-	138	199	[8]	AI; IA	I	ADC input channel 4. Shared between 10-bit ADC0/1.
ADC0_5/ ADC1_5	B3	-	144	208	[8]	AI; IA	I	ADC input channel 5. Shared between 10-bit ADC0/1.
ADC0_6/ ADC1_6	A5	-	142	204	[8]	AI; IA	I	ADC input channel 6. Shared between 10-bit ADC0/1.
ADC0_7/ ADC1_7	C5	-	136	197	[8]	AI; IA	I	ADC input channel 7. Shared between 10-bit ADC0/1.
RTC pins								
RTC_ALARM	A11	C3	129	186	[11]	-	O	RTC controlled output.
RTCX1	A8	A5	125	182	[8]	-	I	Input to the RTC 32 kHz ultra-low power oscillator circuit.
RTCX2	B8	B5	126	183	[8]	-	O	Output from the RTC 32 kHz ultra-low power oscillator circuit.
SAMPLE	B9	-	-	-	[11]	O	O	Event monitor sample output.
Crystal oscillator pins								
XTAL1	D1	B1	12	18	[8]	-	I	Input to the oscillator circuit and internal clock generator circuits.

7.4 AHB multilayer matrix

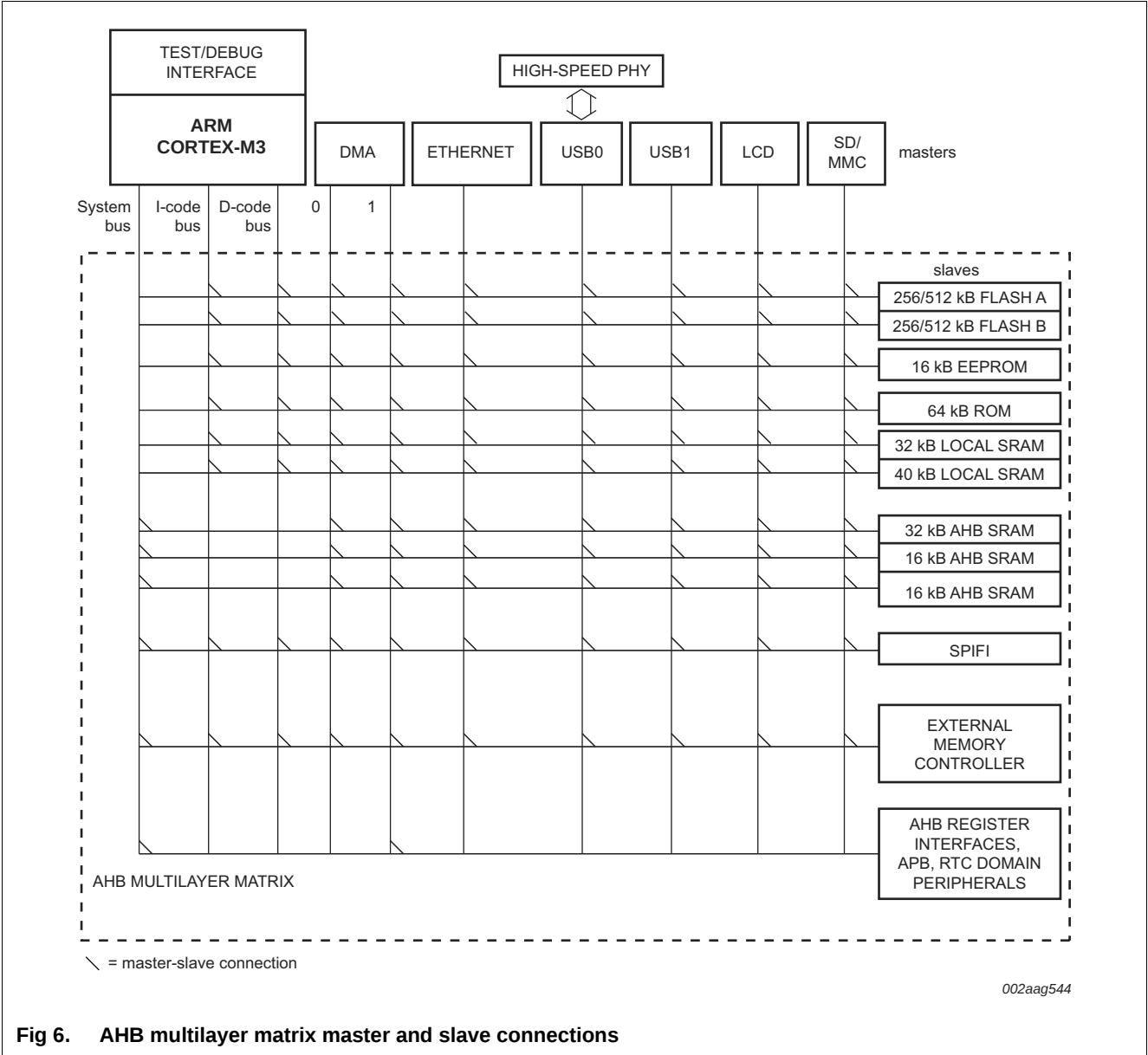


Fig 6. AHB multilayer matrix master and slave connections

7.5 Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)

The NVIC is part of the Cortex-M3. The tight coupling to the CPU allows for low interrupt latency and efficient processing of late arriving interrupts.

7.5.1 Features

- Controls system exceptions and peripheral interrupts.
- On the LPC185x/3x/2x/1x, the NVIC supports 53 vectored interrupts.
- Eight programmable interrupt priority levels, with hardware priority level masking.
- Relocatable vector table.

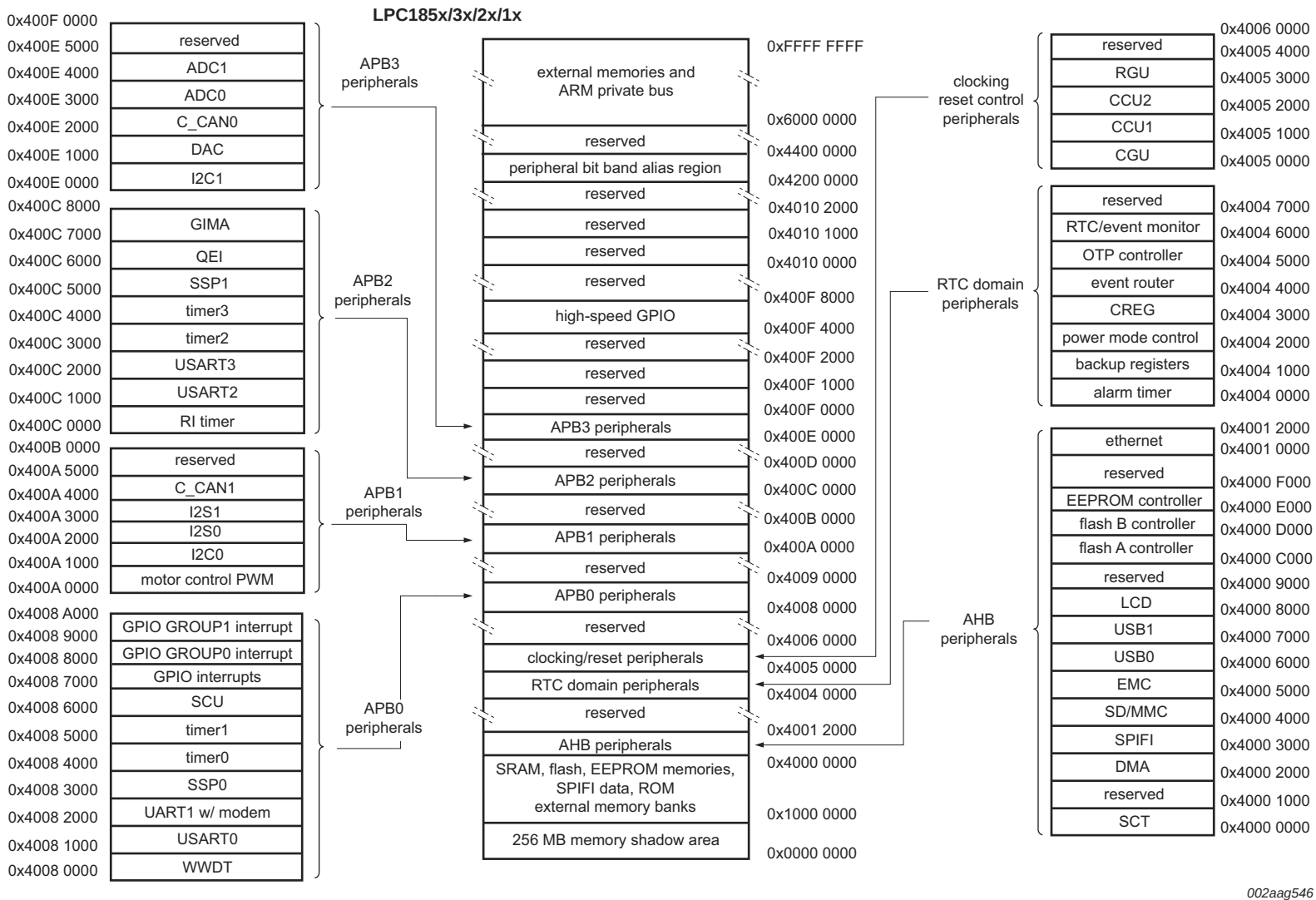


Fig 8. LPC185x/3x/2x/1x Memory mapping (peripherals)

- Clock selection
- Inputs
- Events
- Outputs
- Interrupts

7.15.1.1 Features

- Two 16-bit counters or one 32-bit counter.
- Counters clocked by bus clock or selected input.
- Up counters or up-down counters.
- State variable allows sequencing across multiple counter cycles.
- The following conditions define an event: a counter match condition, an input (or output) condition, a combination of a match and/or and input/output condition in a specified state.
- Events control outputs, interrupts, and DMA requests.
 - Match register 0 can be used as an automatic limit.
 - In bi-directional mode, events can be enabled based on the count direction.
 - Match events can be held until another qualifying event occurs.
- Selected events can limit, halt, start, or stop a counter.
- Supports:
 - 8 inputs
 - 16 outputs
 - 16 match/capture registers
 - 16 events
 - 32 states
 - Match register 0 to 5 support a fractional component for the dither engine

7.15.2 General-Purpose DMA

The DMA controller allows peripheral-to memory, memory-to-peripheral, peripheral-to-peripheral, and memory-to-memory transactions. Each DMA stream provides unidirectional serial DMA transfers for a single source and destination. For example, a bidirectional port requires one stream for transmit and one for receives. The source and destination areas can each be either a memory region or a peripheral for master 1, but only memory for master 0.

7.15.2.1 Features

- Eight DMA channels. Each channel can support a unidirectional transfer.
- 16 DMA request lines.
- Single DMA and burst DMA request signals. Each peripheral connected to the DMA Controller can assert either a burst DMA request or a single DMA request. The DMA burst size is set by programming the DMA Controller.
- Memory-to-memory, memory-to-peripheral, peripheral-to-memory, and peripheral-to-peripheral transfers are supported.

- Timer/USART inputs
- Enabling the USB controllers

In addition, the CREG block contains the part identification and part configuration information.

7.20.2 System Control Unit (SCU)

The system control unit determines the function and electrical mode of the digital pins. By default function 0 is selected for all pins with pull-up enabled. For pins that support a digital and analog function, the ADC function select registers in the SCU enable the analog function.

A separate set of analog I/Os for the ADCs and the DAC as well as most USB pins are located on separate pads and are not controlled through the SCU.

In addition, the clock delay register for the SDRAM EMC_CLK pins and the registers that select the pin interrupts are located in the SCU.

7.20.3 Clock Generation Unit (CGU)

The Clock Generator Unit (CGU) generates several base clocks. The base clocks can be unrelated in frequency and phase and can have different clock sources within the CGU. One CGU base clock is routed to the CLKOUT pins. The base clock that generates the CPU clock is referred to as CCLK.

Multiple branch clocks are derived from each base clock. The branch clocks offer flexible control for power-management purposes. All branch clocks are outputs of one of two Clock Control Units (CCUs) and can be controlled independently. Branch clocks derived from the same base clock are synchronous in frequency and phase.

7.20.4 Internal RC oscillator (IRC)

The IRC is used as the clock source for the WWDT and/or as the clock that drives the PLLs and the CPU. The nominal IRC frequency is 12 MHz. The IRC is trimmed to 1.5 % accuracy for $T_{amb} = 0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 3% accuracy for $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Upon power-up or any chip reset, the LPC185x/3x/2x/1x use the IRC as the clock source. The boot loader then configures the PLL1 to provide a 96 MHz clock for the core and the PLL0USB or PLL0AUDIO as needed if an external boot source is selected.

7.20.5 PLL0USB (for USB0)

PLL0 is a dedicated PLL for the USB0 High-speed controller.

PLL0 accepts an input clock frequency from an external oscillator in the range of 14 kHz to 25 MHz. The input frequency is multiplied up to a high frequency with a Current Controlled Oscillator (CCO). The CCO operates in the range of 4.3 MHz to 550 MHz.

7.20.6 PLL0AUDIO (for audio)

The audio PLL PLL0AUDIO is a general-purpose PLL with a small step size. This PLL accepts an input clock frequency derived from an external oscillator or internal IRC. The input frequency is multiplied up to a high frequency with a Current Controlled Oscillator (CCO). A sigma-delta converter modulates the PLL divider ratios to obtain the desired

8. Limiting values

Table 7. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).^[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V _{DD(REG)(3V3)}	regulator supply voltage (3.3 V)	on pin VDDREG		−0.5	3.6	V
V _{DD(IO)}	input/output supply voltage	on pin VDDIO		−0.5	3.6	V
V _{DDA(3V3)}	analog supply voltage (3.3 V)	on pin VDDA		−0.5	3.6	V
V _{BAT}	battery supply voltage	on pin VBAT		−0.5	3.6	V
V _{prog(pf)}	polyfuse programming voltage	on pin VPP		−0.5	3.6	V
V _I	input voltage	when V _{DD(IO)} ≥ 2.4 V	[2]	−0.5	5.5	V
		5 V tolerant digital I/O pins				
		ADC/DAC pins and digital I/O pins configured for an analog function		−0.5	V _{DDA(3V3)}	V
		USB0 pins USB0_DP; USB0_DM; USB0_VBUS		−0.3	5.2	V
		USB0 pins USB0_ID; USB0_RREF		−0.3	3.6	V
		USB1 pins USB1_DP and USB1_DM		−0.3	5.2	V
I _{DD}	supply current	per supply pin	[3]	-	100	mA
I _{SS}	ground current	per ground pin	[3]	-	100	mA
I _{latch}	I/O latch-up current	−(0.5V _{DD(IO)}) < V _I < (1.5V _{DD(IO)}); T _j < 125 °C		-	100	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		[4]	−65	+150	°C
P _{tot(pack)}	total power dissipation (per package)	based on package heat transfer, not device power consumption		-	1.5	W
V _{ESD}	electrostatic discharge voltage	human body model; all pins	[5]	−	2000	V

[1] The following applies to the limiting values:

- This product includes circuitry designed for the protection of its internal devices from the damaging effects of excessive static charge. Nonetheless, it is suggested that conventional precautions be taken to avoid applying greater than the rated maximum.
- Parameters are valid over operating temperature range unless otherwise specified. All voltages are with respect to V_{SS} unless otherwise noted.

[2] Including voltage on outputs in 3-state mode.

[3] The peak current is limited to 25 times the corresponding maximum current.

[4] Dependent on package type.

[5] Human body model: equivalent to discharging a 100 pF capacitor through a 1.5 kΩ series resistor.

Table 11. Static characteristics ...continued $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Unit
I _{DD(IO)}	I/O supply current	deep sleep mode		-	< 0.1	-	μA
		power-down mode		-	< 0.1	-	μA
		deep power-down mode		-	< 0.1	-	μA
I _{DDA}	Analog supply current	on pin VDDA; deep sleep mode	[9]	-	0.4	-	μA
		power-down mode	[9]	-	0.4	-	μA
		deep power-down mode	[9]	-	0.007	-	μA
RESET pin							
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		[8]	0.8 × (V _{ps} – 0.35)	-	5.5	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		[8]	0	-	0.3 × (V _{ps} – 0.1)	V
V _{hys}	hysteresis voltage		[8]	0.05 × (V _{ps} – 0.35)	-	-	V
Standard I/O pins - normal drive strength							
C _I	input capacitance			-	-	2	pF
I _{LL}	LOW-level leakage current	V _I = 0 V; on-chip pull-up resistor disabled		-	3	-	nA
I _{LH}	HIGH-level leakage current	V _I = V _{DD(IO)} ; on-chip pull-down resistor disabled		-	3	-	nA
		V _I = 5 V; T _{amb} = 25 °C		-	0.5	-	nA
		V _I = 5 V; T _{amb} = 105 °C		-	40	-	nA
I _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	V _O = 0 V to V _{DD(IO)} ; on-chip pull-up/down resistors disabled; absolute value		-	3	-	nA
V _I	input voltage	pin configured to provide a digital function; V _{DD(IO)} ≥ 2.4 V		0	-	5.5	V
		V _{DD(IO)} = 0 V		0	-	3.6	V
V _O	output voltage	output active		0	-	V _{DD(IO)}	V
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage			0.7 × V _{DD(IO)}	-	5.5	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage			0	-	0.3 × V _{DD(IO)}	V
V _{hys}	hysteresis voltage			0.1 × V _{DD(IO)}	-	-	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	I _{OH} = –6 mA		V _{DD(IO)} – 0.4	-	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	I _{OL} = 6 mA		-	-	0.4	V
I _{OH}	HIGH-level output current	V _{OH} = V _{DD(IO)} – 0.4 V		–6	-	-	mA

Table 11. Static characteristics ...continued $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Unit
V _{BUS}	bus supply voltage		^[17]	-	-	5.25	V
V _{DI}	differential input sensitivity voltage	$(D+) - (D-)$		0.2	-	-	V
V _{CM}	differential common mode voltage range	includes V _{DI} range		0.8	-	2.5	V
V _{th(rs)se}	single-ended receiver switching threshold voltage			0.8	-	2.0	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage for low-/full-speed	R _L of 1.5 k Ω to 3.6 V		-	-	0.18	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage (driven) for low-/full-speed	R _L of 15 k Ω to GND		2.8	-	3.5	V
C _{trans}	transceiver capacitance	pin to GND		-	-	20	pF
Z _{DRV}	driver output impedance for driver which is not high-speed capable	with 33 Ω series resistor; steady state drive	^[18]	36	-	44.1	Ω

- [1] Typical ratings are not guaranteed. The values listed are at room temperature (25 °C), nominal supply voltages.
- [2] The recommended operating condition for the battery supply is $V_{DD(REG)(3V3)} > V_{BAT} + 0.2\text{ V}$. Special conditions for $V_{DD(REG)(3V3)}$ apply when writing to the flash and EEPROM. See Table 16 and Table 15.
- [3] Pin VPP should either be not connected (when OTP does not need to be programmed) or tied to pins VDDIO and VDDREG to ensure the same ramp-up time for both supply voltages.
- [4] $V_{DD(REG)(3V3)} = 3.3\text{ V}$; $V_{DD(IO)} = 3.3\text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- [5] PLL1 disabled; IRC running; CCLK = 12 MHz.
- [6] $V_{BAT} = 3.6\text{ V}$.
- [7] $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{DD(IO)} = V_{DDA} = 3.6\text{ V}$; over entire frequency range CCLK = 12 MHz to 180 MHz; in active mode, sleep mode; deep-sleep mode, power-down mode, and deep power-down mode.
- [8] V_{ps} corresponds to the output of the power switch (see Figure 9) which is determined by the greater of V_{BAT} and $V_{DD(REG)(3V3)}$.
- [9] $V_{DDA(3V3)} = 3.3\text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- [10] Allowed as long as the current limit does not exceed the maximum current allowed by the device.
- [11] To V_{SS} .
- [12] The values specified are simulated and absolute values.
- [13] The weak pull-up resistor is connected to the $V_{DD(IO)}$ rail and pulls up the I/O pin to the $V_{DD(IO)}$ level.
- [14] The input cell disables the weak pull-up resistor when the applied input voltage exceeds $V_{DD(IO)}$.
- [15] The parameter value specified is a simulated value excluding bond capacitance.
- [16] For USB operation $3.0\text{ V} \leq V_{DD(IO)} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$. Guaranteed by design.
- [17] $V_{DD(IO)}$ present.
- [18] Includes external resistors of $33\text{ }\Omega \pm 1\%$ on D+ and D-.

10.4 BOD and band gap static characteristics

Table 13. BOD static characteristics^[1]

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; simulated values for nominal processing.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{th}	threshold voltage	interrupt level 2					
		assertion		-	2.95	-	V
		de-assertion		-	3.03	-	V
		interrupt level 3					
		assertion		-	3.05	-	V
		de-assertion		-	3.13	-	V
		reset level 2					
		assertion		-	2.1	-	V
		de-assertion		-	2.18	-	V
		reset level 3					
		assertion		-	2.2	-	V
		de-assertion		-	2.28	-	V

[1] Interrupt and reset levels are selected by writing to the BODLV1/2 bits in the control register CREGE0, see the *LPC18xx user manual*.

Table 14. Band gap characteristics

$V_{DDA(3V3)}$ over specified ranges; $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{ref(bg)}$	band gap reference voltage	[1]	0.707	0.745	0.783	mV

[1] Based on characterization, not tested in production.

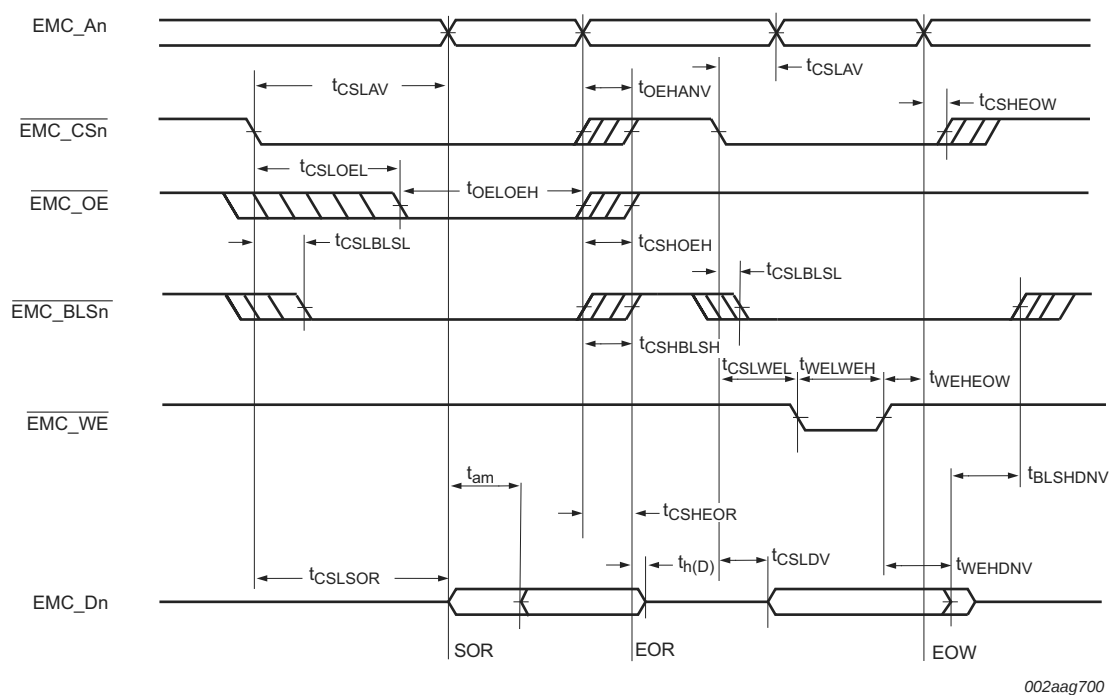


Fig 33. External static memory read/write access (PB = 1)

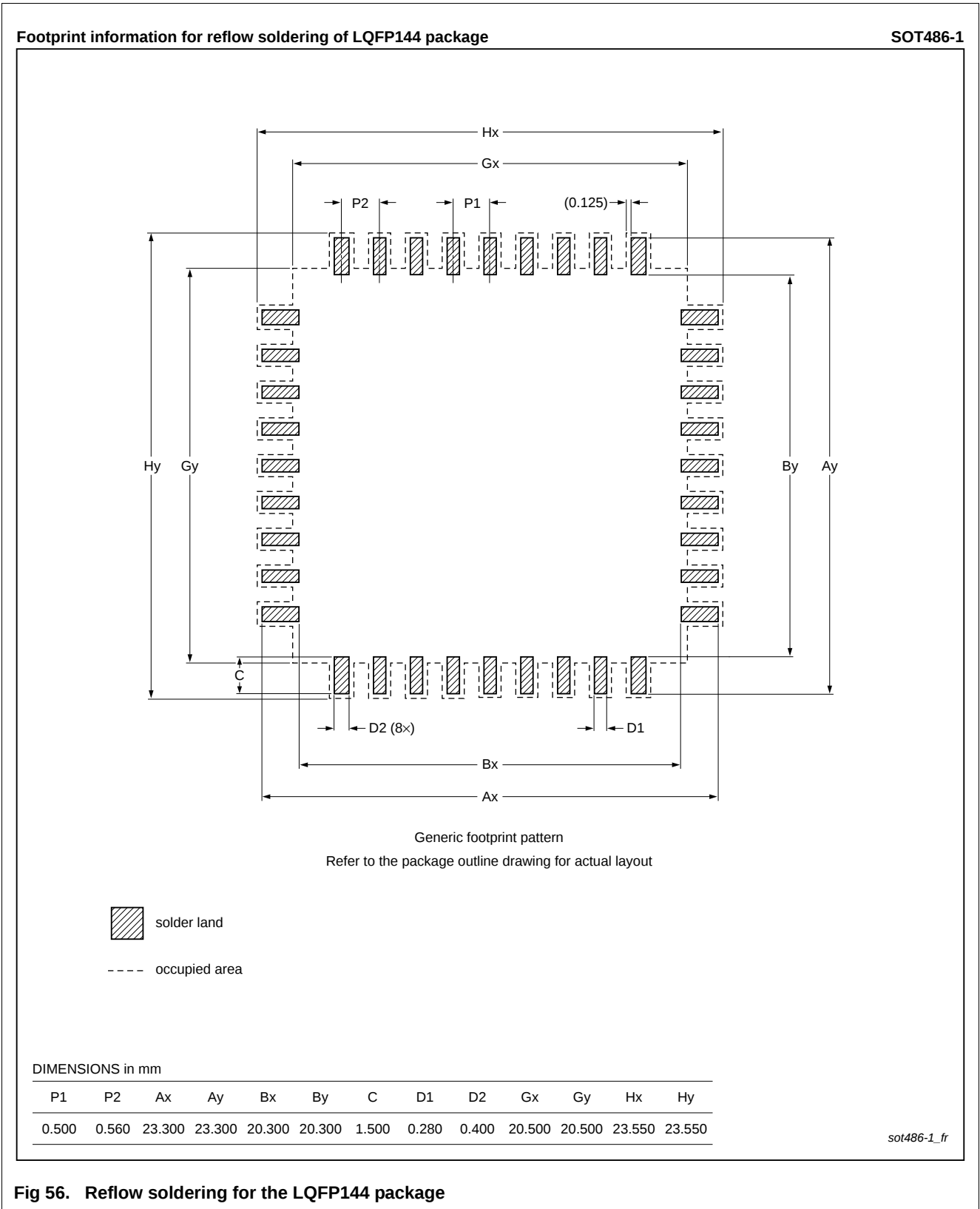


Fig 56. Reflow soldering for the LQFP144 package