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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® microAptiv™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	25MHz
Connectivity	IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, HLVD, I2S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	22
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10/12b; D/A 1x5b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SOIC
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mm0016gpl028-i-so

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	omer Support	
Prod	luct Identification System	

Referenced Sources

This device data sheet is based on the following individual sections of the "PIC32 Family Reference Manual". These documents should be considered as the general reference for the operation of a particular module or device feature.

Note: To access the documents listed below, browse the documentation section of the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

- Section 1. "Introduction" (DS60001127)
- Section 5. "Flash Programming" (DS60001121)
- Section 7. "Resets" (DS60001118)
- Section 8. "Interrupts" (DS60001108)
- Section 10. "Power-Saving Modes" (DS60001130)
- Section 14. "Timers" (DS60001105)
- Section 19. "Comparator" (DS60001110)
- Section 21. "UART" (DS61107)
- Section 23. "Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)" (DS61106)
- Section 25. "12-Bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) with Threshold Detect" (DS60001359)
- Section 28. "RTCC with Timestamp" (DS60001362)
- Section 30. "Capture/Compare/PWM/Timer (MCCP and SCCP)" (DS60001381)
- Section 33. "Programming and Diagnostics" (DS61129)
- Section 36. "Configurable Logic Cell" (DS60001363)
- Section 45. "Control Digital-to-Analog Converter (CDAC)" (DS60001327)
- Section 50. "CPU for Devices with MIPS32® microAptiv™ and M-Class Cores" (DS60001192)
- Section 59. "Oscillators with DCO" (DS60001329)
- Section 60. "32-Bit Programmable Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)" (DS60001336)
- · Section 62. "Dual Watchdog Timer" (DS60001365)

2.5 ICSP Pins

The PGECx and PGEDx pins are used for In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) and debugging purposes. It is recommended to keep the trace length between the ICSP connector and the ICSP pins on the device as short as possible. If the ICSP connector is expected to experience an ESD event, a series resistor is recommended, with the value in the range of a few tens of Ohms, not to exceed 100 Ohms.

Pull-up resistors, series diodes and capacitors on the PGECx and PGEDx pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternatively, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the respective device Flash programming specification for information on capacitive loading limits and pin Input Voltage High (VIH) and Input Voltage Low (VIL) requirements.

Ensure that the "Communication Channel Select" (i.e., PGECx/PGEDx pins) programmed into the device matches the physical connections for the ICSP to MPLAB[®] ICD 3 or MPLAB REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator.

For more information on MPLAB ICD 3 and REAL ICE connection requirements, refer to the following documents that are available from the Microchip web site.

- "Using MPLAB® ICD 3 In-Circuit Debugger" (poster) (DS51765)
- "Development Tools Design Advisory" (DS51764)
- "MPLAB[®] REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator User's Guide" (DS51616)
- "Using MPLAB® REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator" (poster) (DS51749)

2.6 JTAG

The TMS, TDO, TDI and TCK pins are used for testing and debugging according to the Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) standard. It is recommended to keep the trace length between the JTAG connector, and the JTAG pins on the device, as short as possible. If the JTAG connector is expected to experience an ESD event, a series resistor is recommended, with the value in the range of a few tens of Ohms, not to exceed 100 Ohms.

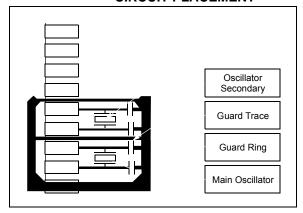
Pull-up resistors, series diodes and capacitors on the TMS, TDO, TDI and TCK pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternatively, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the respective device Flash programming specification for information on capacitive loading limits, and pin Input Voltage High (VIH) and Input Voltage Low (VIL) requirements.

2.7 External Oscillator Pins

The PIC32MM0064GPL036 family has options for two external oscillators: a high-frequency primary oscillator and a low-frequency secondary oscillator (refer to **Section 8.0 "Oscillator Configuration"** for details).

The oscillator circuit should be placed on the same side of the board as the device. Also, place the oscillator circuit close to the respective oscillator pins, not exceeding one-half inch (12 mm) distance between them. The load capacitors should be placed next to the oscillator itself, on the same side of the board. Use a grounded copper pour around the oscillator circuit to isolate them from surrounding circuits. The grounded copper pour should be routed directly to the MCU ground. Do not run any signal traces or power traces inside the ground pour. Also, if using a two-sided board, avoid any traces on the other side of the board where the crystal is placed. A suggested layout is illustrated in Figure 2-3.

FIGURE 2-3: SUGGESTED OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT PLACEMENT



2.8 Unused I/Os

To minimize power consumption, unused I/O pins should not be allowed to float as inputs. They can be configured as outputs and driven to a logic low or logic high state.

Alternatively, inputs can be reserved by ensuring the pin is always configured as an input and externally connecting the pin to Vss or VDD. A current-limiting resistor may be used to create this connection if there is any risk of inadvertently configuring the pin as an output with the logic output state opposite of the chosen power rail.

REGISTER 6-1: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER⁽¹⁾

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	R/W-1, HS	R/W-1, HS	U-0	U-0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	U-0	U-0
31:24	PORIO	PORCORE	_		BCFGERR	BCFGFAIL	_	_
22.46	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	_				_		_	_
45.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0, HS	U-0
15:8	_	-	_	_	_	_	CMR	_
7.0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	U-0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-1, HS	R/W-1, HS
7:0	EXTR	SWR		WDTO	SLEEP	IDLE ⁽²⁾	BOR	POR

Legend: HS = Hardware Settable bit

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 PORIO: VDD POR Flag bit

Set by hardware at detection of a VDD POR event.

1 = A Power-on Reset has occurred due to VDD voltage

0 = A Power-on Reset has not occurred due to VDD voltage

bit 30 PORCORE: Core Voltage POR Flag bit

Set by hardware at detection of a core POR event.

1 = A Power-on Reset has occurred due to core voltage

0 = A Power-on Reset has not occurred due to core voltage

bit 29-28 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 27 BCFGERR: Primary Configuration Registers Error Flag bit

1 = An error occurred during a read of the Primary Configuration registers

0 = No error occurred during a read of the Primary Configuration registers

bit 26 BCFGFAIL: Primary/Secondary Configuration Registers Error Flag bit

1 = An error occurred during a read of the Primary and Alternate Configuration registers

0 = No error occurred during a read of the Primary and Alternate Configuration registers

bit 25-10 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 9 CMR: Configuration Mismatch Reset Flag bit

1 = A Configuration Mismatch Reset has occurred

0 = A Configuration Mismatch Reset has not occurred

bit 8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 7 **EXTR:** External Reset (MCLR) Pin Flag bit

1 = Master Clear (pin) Reset has occurred

0 = Master Clear (pin) Reset has not occurred

bit 6 SWR: Software Reset Flag bit

1 = Software Reset was executed

0 = Software Reset was not executed

bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 WDTO: Watchdog Timer Time-out Flag bit

1 = WDT time-out has occurred

0 = WDT time-out has not occurred

Note 1: User software must clear bits in this register to view the next detection.

2: The IDLE bit will also be set when the device wakes from Sleep mode.

7.0 CPU EXCEPTIONS AND INTERRUPT CONTROLLER

Note:

This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MM0064GPL036 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to Section 8. "Interrupts" (DS60001108) and Section 50. "CPU for Devices with MIPS32® microAptiv™ and M-Class Cores" (DS60001192) in the "PIC32 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32). The information in this data sheet supersedes the information in the FRM

PIC32MM0064GPL036 family devices generate interrupt requests in response to interrupt events from peripheral modules. The interrupt control module exists externally to the CPU logic and prioritizes the interrupt events before presenting them to the CPU.

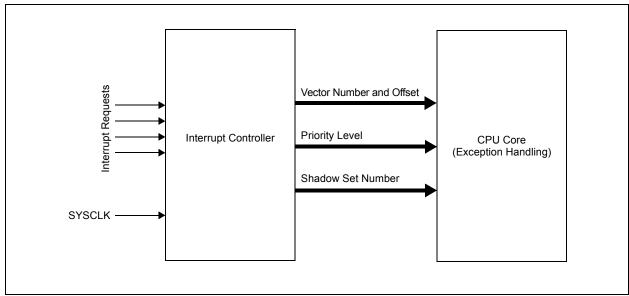
The CPU handles interrupt events as part of the exception handling mechanism, which is described in **Section 7.1 "CPU Exceptions"**.

The PIC32MM0064GPL036 family device interrupt module includes the following features:

- · Single Vector or Multivector mode Operation
- Five External Interrupts with Edge Polarity Control
- · Interrupt Proximity Timer
- · Module Freeze in Debug mode
- Seven User-Selectable Priority Levels for each Vector
- Four User-Selectable Subpriority Levels within each Priority
- One Shadow Register Set that can be used for any Priority Level, Eliminating Software Context Switching and Reducing Interrupt Latency
- · Software can Generate any Interrupt
- User-Configurable Interrupt Vectors' Offset and Vector Table Location

Figure 7-1 shows the block diagram for the interrupt controller and CPU exceptions.

FIGURE 7-1: CPU EXCEPTIONS AND INTERRUPT CONTROLLER MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



REGISTER 8-6: OSCTUN: FRC TUNING REGISTER⁽¹⁾

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0			
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0			
31:24			_	_				_			
22.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0			
23:16	_	_	_	_	_		_	_			
45.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0			
15:8	1		-	-	1	1	-				
7:0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0			
7:0	_	_	TUN<5:0> ⁽²⁾								

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-6 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 5-0 TUN<5:0>: FRC Oscillator Tuning bits⁽²⁾

100000 = Center frequency - 1.5%

100001

•

•

111111

000000 = Center frequency; oscillator runs at 8 MHz

000001

•

•

•

011110

011111 = Center frequency + 1.5%

- Note 1: Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to Section 23.4 "System Registers Write Protection" for details.
 - 2: OSCTUN functionality has been provided to help customers compensate for temperature effects on the FRC frequency over a wide range of temperatures. The tuning step-size is an approximation and is neither characterized nor tested.

11.1 Watchdog Timer Control Registers

TABLE 11-1: WATCHDOG TIMER REGISTER MAP

ess		e		Bits															·s		
Virtual Addr (BF80_#)	Virtual Addre (BF80_#) Register Name	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets		
2500	WDTCON ⁽¹⁾	31:16		WDTCLRKEY<15:0> 00									0000								
3E80	3E80 WDTCON ⁽¹⁾		WDTCON ⁽¹⁾ 15:0 ON			_	_		RI	JNDIV<4:0)>		CLKSE	L<1:0>		SI	LPDIV<4:0	>		WDTWINEN	xxxx

PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively.

REGISTER 15-2: RTCCON2: RTCC CONTROL 2 REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0					
24.24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0					
31:24		DIV<15:8>											
22.46	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0					
23:16	DIV<7:0>												
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0					
15:8			FDIV<4:0>		_	_	_						
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0					
	_	_	_	_	_	_	CLKSE	L<1:0>					

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 DIV<15:0>: Clock Divide bits

Sets the period of the clock divider counter; value should cause a nominal 1/2 second underflow.

bit 15-11 FDIV<4:0>: Fractional Clock Divide bits

11111 = Clock period increases by 31 RTCC input clock cycles every 16 seconds

11101 = Clock period increases by 30 RTCC input clock cycles every 16 seconds

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00010 = Clock period increases by 2 RTCC input clock cycles every 16 seconds

00001 = Clock period increases by 1 RTCC input clock cycle every 16 seconds

00000 = No fractional clock division

bit 10-2 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 1-0 CLKSEL<1:0>: Clock Select bits

11 = Peripheral clock (FcY)

10 = PWRLCLK input pin

01 = LPRC

00 = SOSC

REGISTER 16-1: AD1CON1: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

- bit 7-4 SSRC<3:0>: Conversion Trigger Source Select bits
 - 1111-1101 = Reserved
 - 1100 = CLC2 module event ends sampling and starts conversion
 - 1011 = CLC1 module event ends sampling and starts conversion
 - 1010 = SCCP3 module event ends sampling and starts conversion
 - 1001 = SCCP2 module event ends sampling and starts conversion
 - 1000 = MCCP1 module event ends sampling and starts conversion
 - 0111 = Internal counter ends sampling and starts conversion (auto-convert)
 - 0110 = Timer1 period match ends sampling and starts conversion (can trigger during Sleep mode)
 - 0101 = Timer1 period match ends sampling and starts conversion (will not trigger during Sleep mode)
 - 0100-0010 = Reserved
 - 0001 = Active transition on INTO pin ends sampling and starts conversion
 - 0000 = Clearing the SAMP bit ends sampling and starts conversion
- bit 3 MODE12: 12-Bit Operation Mode bit
 - 1 = 12-bit ADC operation
 - 0 = 10-bit ADC operation
- bit 2 ASAM: ADC Sample Auto-Start bit
 - 1 = Sampling begins immediately after last conversion completes; SAMP bit is automatically set
 - 0 = Sampling begins when SAMP bit is set
- bit 1 SAMP: ADC Sample Enable bit⁽¹⁾
 - 1 = The ADC Sample-and-Hold Amplifier (SHA) is sampling
 - 0 = The ADC Sample-and-Hold Amplifier is holding
- bit 0 **DONE**: ADC Conversion Status bit⁽²⁾
 - 1 = Analog-to-Digital conversion is done
 - 0 = Analog-to-Digital conversion is not done or has not started
 - Clearing this bit will not affect any operation in progress.
- Note 1: The SAMP bit is cleared and cannot be written if the ADC is disabled (ON bit = 0).
 - 2: The DONE bit is not persistent in Automatic modes; it is cleared by hardware at the beginning of the next sample.

REGISTER 18-1: CLCxCON: CLCx CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 5 LCPOL: CLCx Output Polarity Control bit

1 = The output of the module is inverted0 = The output of the module is not inverted

bit 4-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 MODE<2:0>: CLCx Mode bits

111 = Cell is a 1-input transparent latch with S and R

110 = Cell is a JK flip-flop with R

101 = Cell is a 2-input D flip-flop with R

100 = Cell is a 1-input D flip-flop with S and R

011 = Cell is an SR latch

010 = Cell is a 4-input AND

001 = Cell is an OR-XOR

000 = Cell is a AND-OR

Note 1: The INTP and INTN bits should not be set at the same time for proper interrupt functionality.

REGISTER 18-3: CLCxGLS: CLCx GATE LOGIC INPUT SELECT REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.04	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
31:24	G4D4T	G4D4N	G4D3T	G4D3N	G4D2T	G4D2N	G4D1T	G4D1N
00:40	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
23:16	G3D4T	G3D4N	G3D3T	G3D3N	G3D2T	G3D2N	G3D1T	G3D1N
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
15:8	G2D4T	G2D4N	G2D3T	G2D3N	G2D2T	G2D2N	G2D1T	G2D1N
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	G1D4T	G1D4N	G1D3T	G1D3N	G1D2T	G1D2N	G1D1T	G1D1N

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 G4D4T: Gate 4 Data Source 4 True Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 4 signal is enabled for Gate 4

0 = The Data Source 4 signal is disabled for Gate 4

bit 30 G4D4N: Gate 4 Data Source 4 Negated Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 4 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 4

0 = The Data Source 4 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 4

bit 29 G4D3T: Gate 4 Data Source 3 True Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 3 signal is enabled for Gate 4

0 = The Data Source 3 signal is disabled for Gate 4

bit 28 **G4D3N:** Gate 4 Data Source 3 Negated Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 3 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 4

0 = The Data Source 3 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 4

bit 27 G4D2T: Gate 4 Data Source 2 True Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 2 signal is enabled for Gate 4

0 = The Data Source 2 signal is disabled for Gate 4

bit 26 G4D2N: Gate 4 Data Source 2 Negated Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 2 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 4

0 = The Data Source 2 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 4

bit 25 G4D1T: Gate 4 Data Source 1 True Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 1 signal is enabled for Gate 4

0 = The Data Source 1 signal is disabled for Gate 4

bit 24 G4D1N: Gate 4 Data Source 1 Negated Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 1 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 4

0 = The Data Source 1 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 4

bit 23 G3D4T: Gate 3 Data Source 4 True Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 4 signal is enabled for Gate 3

0 = The Data Source 4 signal is disabled for Gate 3

bit 22 G3D4N: Gate 3 Data Source 4 Negated Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 4 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 3

0 = The Data Source 4 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 3

bit 21 G3D3T: Gate 3 Data Source 3 True Enable bit

1 = The Data Source 3 signal is enabled for Gate 3

0 = The Data Source 3 signal is disabled for Gate 3

REGISTER 20-1: DAC1CON: CDAC CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0			
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0			
31.24	_		-		_	_	_	_			
22.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0			
23:16	-		-	DACDAT<4:0>							
45.0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0			
15:8	ON	_	_	_	_	_	_	DACOE			
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0			
					_		REFSE	L<1:0>			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-21 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 20-16 DACDAT<4:0>: CDAC Voltage Reference Selection bits

11111 = (DACDAT<4:0> * VREF+/32) or (DACDAT<4:0> * AVDD/32) volts depending on the REFSEL<1:0> bits

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00000 = 0.0 volts

bit 15 **ON:** Voltage Reference Enable bit

1 = Voltage reference is enabled

0 = Voltage reference is disabled

bit 14-9 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 8 DACOE: CDAC Voltage Reference Output Enable bit

1 = Voltage level is output on the CDAC1 pin

0 = Voltage level is disconnected from the CDAC1 pin

bit 7-2 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 1-0 REFSEL<1:0>: CDAC Voltage Reference Source Select bits

11 = Reference voltage is AVDD

10 = No reference is selected – output is AVss

01 = Reference voltage is the VREF+ input pin voltage

00 = No reference is selected – output is AVss

NOTES:	PIC3ZIVIIVII	LU30 1		
	NOTES:			

23.9 Configuration Words and System Registers

TABLE 23-3: CONFIGURATION WORDS SUMMARY

sse										E	Bits							
Virtual Address (BFC0_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	31\15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0
4700	DECEDVED	31:16	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
17C0	RESERVED	15:0	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
17C4	FDEVOPT	31:16								USER	ID<15:0>							
1704	FDEVOFI	15:0	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	SOSCHP	r-1	r-1	r-1
17C8	FICD	31:16	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
1700	TIOD	15:0	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	ICS•	<1:0>	JTAGEN	r-1	r-1
17CC	FPOR	31:16	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
1700		15:0	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	LPBOREN	RETVR	BOREN	N<1:0>
17D0	FWDT	31:16	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
1750		15:0	FWDTEN	RCLKS	EL<1:0>		RV	VDTPS<4:0>			WINDIS	FWDTWINSZ<1:0> SWDTPS<4:0>						
17D4	FOSCSEL	31:16	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
	1000022	15:0	FCKSM	<1:0>	r-1	SOSCSEL	r-1	OSCIOFNC	POSCM	OD<1:0>	IESO	SOSCEN	r-1	PLLSRC	r-1	FN	NOSC<2:0	>
17D8	FSEC	31:16	CP	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
1750	1020	15:0	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
17DC	RESERVED	31:16	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
1750	TREGETTAL	15:0	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
17E0	RESERVED	31:16	r-0	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
1720	TALOLITALD	15:0	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
17E4	RESERVED	31:16	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
	TESERVED	15:0	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1

Legend: r-0 = Reserved bit, must be programmed as '0'; r-1 = Reserved bit, must be programmed as '1'.

REGISTER 23-4: FWDT/AFWDT: WATCHDOG TIMER CONFIGURATION REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0		
24.04	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1		
31:24	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_		
00:40	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1		
23:16	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_		
45.0	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P		
15:8	FWDTEN	RCLKS	EL<1:0>			RWDTPS<4:	0>			
7.0	R/P	R/P R/P		R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P			
7:0	WINDIS	FWDTWI	NSZ<1:0>	SWDTPS<4:0>						

Legend: r = Reserved bit P = Programmable bit

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Reserved: Program as '1'

bit 15 FWDTEN: Watchdog Timer Enable bit

1 = WDT is enabled 0 = WDT is disabled

bit 14-13 RCLKSEL<1:0>: Run Mode Watchdog Timer Clock Source Selection bits

11 = Clock source is the LPRC oscillator (same as for Sleep mode)

10 = Clock source is the FRC oscillator

01 = Reserved

00 = Clock source is the system clock

bit 12-8 RWDTPS<4:0>: Run Mode Watchdog Timer Postscale Select bits

From 10100 to 11111 = 1:1048576.

10011 = 1:524288

10010 = 1:262144

10001 = 1:131072

10000 = 1:65536

01111 = 1:32768

01110 = 1:16384

01101 = 1:8192

01100 = 1:4096

01011 = 1:2048

01010 = 1:1024

01001 = 1:512

01000 = 1:256

00111 = 1:128

00110 = 1:64

00101 = 1:32

00100 = 1:1600011 = 1:8

00010 = 1:4

00001 = 1:2

00000 = 1:1

bit 7 WINDIS: Windowed Watchdog Timer Disable bit

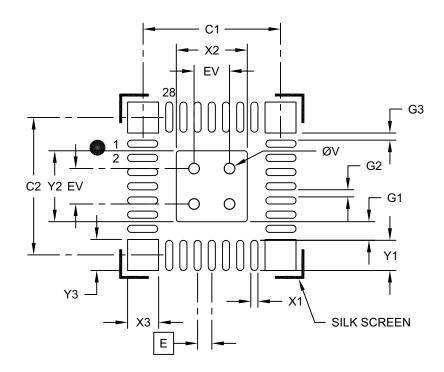
1 = Windowed mode is disabled

0 = Windowed mode is enabled

PIC3ZIVIII	100046	IF LU30	FAIVIIL	<u> </u>	
NOTES:					

28-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (M6) - 4x4x0.6 mm Body [UQFN] With Corner Anchors

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	MILLIMETERS			
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.40 BSC		
Center Pad Width	X2			2.00
Center Pad Length	Y2			2.00
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		3.90	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		3.90	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X1			0.20
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y1			0.85
Contact Pad to Center Pad (X28)	G1		0.52	
Contact Pad to Pad (X24)	G2	0.20		
Contact Pad to Corner Pad (X8)	G3	0.20		
Corner Anchor Width (X4)	X3			0.78
Corner Anchor Length (X4)	Y3			0.78
Thermal Via Diameter	V		0.30	
Thermal Via Pitch	EV		1.00	

Notes:

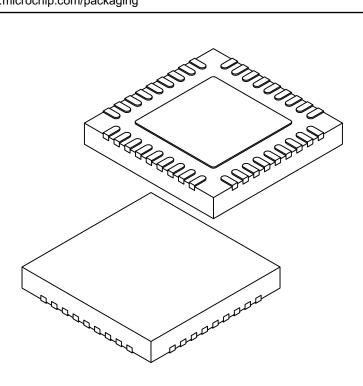
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2333-M6 Rev B

36-Terminal Very Thin Plastic Quad Flatpack No-Lead (M2) - 6x6x1.0mm Body [VQFN] SMSC Legacy "Sawn Quad Flatpack No-Lead [SQFN]"

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units		MILLIMETERS			
Dimension	Dimension Limits		NOM	MAX		
Number of Terminals	N	36				
Pitch	е	0.50 BSC				
Overall Height	Α	0.80	0.90	1.00		
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05		
Terminal Thickness	A3	0.20 REF				
Overall Width	Е	6.00 BSC				
Exposed Pad Width	E2	3.60	3.70	3.80		
Overall Length	D	6.00 BSC				
Exposed Pad Length	D2	3.60	3.70	3.80		
Terminal Width	b	0.18	0.25	0.30		
Terminal Length	L	0.50	0.60	0.75		
Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad	K	0.45	0.55	-		

Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. Package is saw singulated
- 3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-272B-M2 Sheet 2 of 2

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