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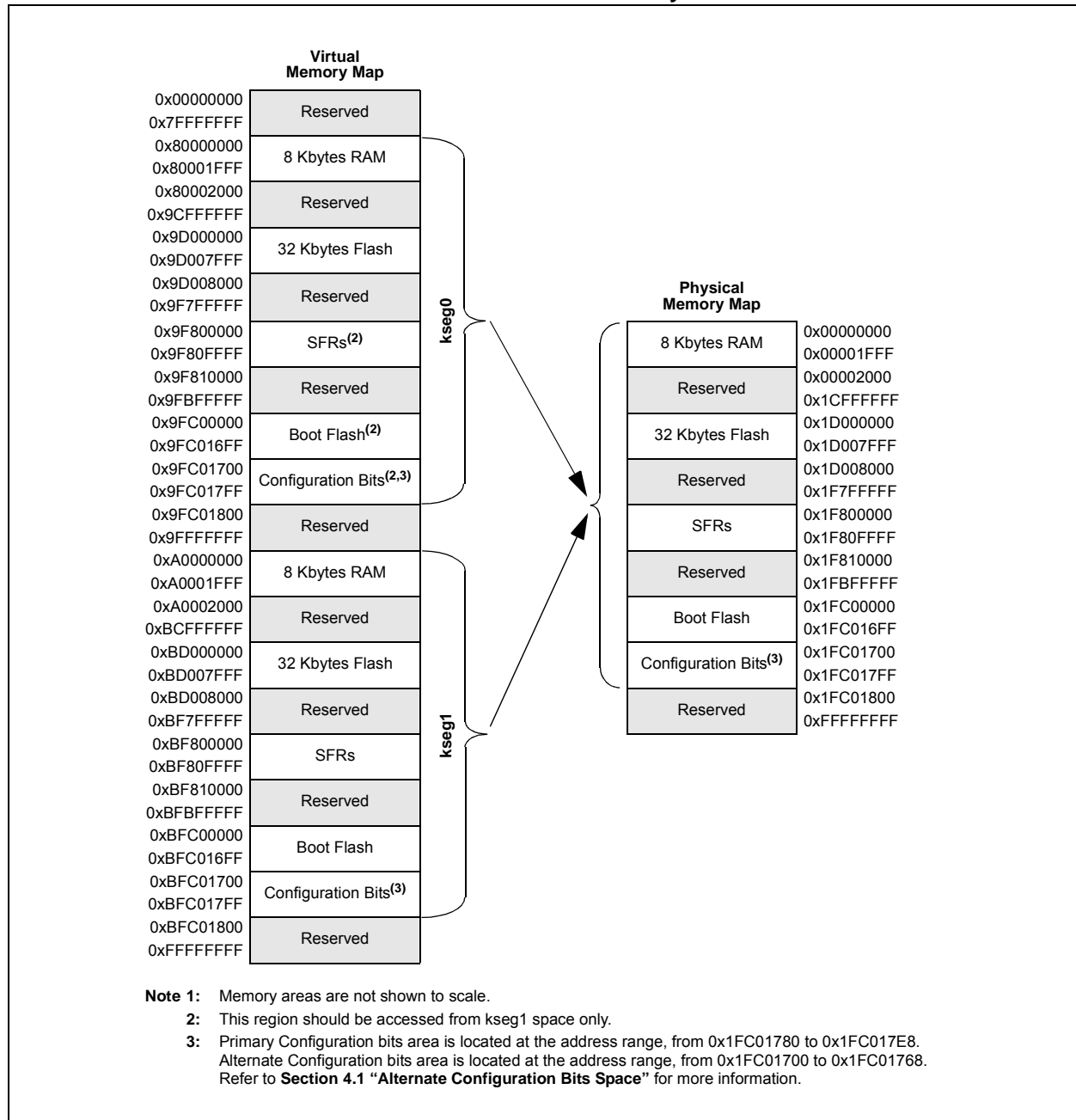
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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® microAptiv™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	25MHz
Connectivity	IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, HLVD, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	29
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 14x10/12b; D/A 1x5b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	40-UQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	40-UQFN (5x5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mm0064gpl036-i-mv

FIGURE 4-2: MEMORY MAP FOR DEVICES WITH 32 Kbytes OF PROGRAM MEMORY⁽¹⁾



PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

REGISTER 5-4: NVMDATAx: NVM FLASH DATA x REGISTER (x = 0-1)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMDATAx<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMDATAx<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMDATAx<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMDATAx<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **NVMDATAx<31:0>**: NVM Flash Data x bits

Double-Word Program: Writes NVMDATA1:NVMDATA0 to the target Flash address defined in NVMADDR. NVMDATA0 contains the least significant instruction word.

REGISTER 5-5: NVMSRCADDR: NVM SOURCE DATA ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMSRCADDR<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMSRCADDR<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMSRCADDR<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMSRCADDR<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **NVMSRCADDR<31:0>**: NVM Source Data Address bits

The system physical address of the data to be programmed into the Flash when the NVMOP<3:0> bits (NVMCON<3:0>) are set to perform row programming.

PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

REGISTER 5-6: NVMPWP: NVM PROGRAM FLASH WRITE-PROTECT REGISTER⁽¹⁾

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-1	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	PWPULOCK	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PWP<23:16> ⁽²⁾							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PWP<15:8> ⁽²⁾							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PWP<7:0> ⁽²⁾							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **PWPULOCK:** Program Flash Memory Page Write-Protect Unlock bit

1 = Register is not locked and can be modified

0 = Register is locked and cannot be modified

This bit is only clearable and cannot be set except by any Reset.

bit 30-24 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 23-0 **PWP<23:0>:** Flash Program Write-Protect (Page) Address bits⁽²⁾

Physical memory below address, 0x1DXXXXXX, is write-protected, where 'XXXXXX' is specified by PWP<23:0>. When the PWP<23:0> bits have a value of '0', write protection is disabled for the entire Program Flash Memory. If the specified address falls within the page, the entire page and all pages below the current page will be protected.

Note 1: Writes to this register require an NVMKEY unlock sequence. Refer to **Section 5.1 “Flash Controller Registers Write Protection”** for details.

2: These bits can be modified only when the unlock bit (PWPULOCK) is set.

PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

REGISTER 5-7: NVMBWP: NVM BOOT FLASH (PAGE) WRITE-PROTECT REGISTER⁽¹⁾

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-1	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
	BWPULOCK	—	—	—	—	BWP2 ⁽²⁾	BWP1 ⁽²⁾	BWP0 ⁽²⁾
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **BWPULOCK:** Boot Alias Write-Protect Unlock bit

1 = BWPx bits are not locked and can be modified

0 = BWPx bits are locked and cannot be modified

This bit is only clearable and cannot be set except by any Reset.

bit 14-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10 **BWP2:** Boot Alias Page 2 Write-Protect bit⁽²⁾

1 = Write protection for physical address, 0x1FC00000 through 0x1FC007FF, is enabled

0 = Write protection for physical address, 0x1FC00000 through 0x1FC007FF, is disabled

bit 9 **BWP1:** Boot Alias Page 1 Write-Protect bit⁽²⁾

1 = Write protection for physical address, 0x1FC00800 through 0x1FC00FFF, is enabled

0 = Write protection for physical address, 0x1FC00800 through 0x1FC00FFF, is disabled

bit 8 **BWP0:** Boot Alias Page 0 Write-Protect bit⁽²⁾

1 = Write protection for physical address, 0x1FC01000 through 0x1FC017FF, is enabled

0 = Write protection for physical address, 0x1FC01000 through 0x1FC017FF, is disabled

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: Writes to this register require an NVMKEY unlock sequence. Refer to **Section 5.1 “Flash Controller Registers Write Protection”** for details.

2: These bits can be modified only when the associated unlock bit (BWPULOCK) is set.

PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

REGISTER 8-4: REFO1TRIM: REFERENCE OSCILLATOR TRIM REGISTER^(1,2,3)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ROTRIM<8:1>							
23:16	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	ROTRIM<0>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-23 **ROTRIM<8:0>**: Reference Oscillator Trim bits

11111111 = 511/512 divisor added to the RODIVx value

11111110 = 510/512 divisor added to the RODIVx value

•

•

•

10000000 = 256/512 divisor added to the RODIVx value

•

•

•

00000010 = 2/512 divisor added to the RODIVx value

00000001 = 1/512 divisor added to the RODIVx value

00000000 = 0 divisor added to the RODIVx value

bit 22-0 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

Note 1: While the ON bit (REFO1CON<15>) is '1', writes to this register do not take effect until the DIVSWEN bit is also set to '1'.

2: Do not write to this register when the ON bit (REFO1CON<15>) is not equal to the ACTIVE bit (REFO1CON<8>).

3: Specified values in this register do not take effect if RODIV<14:0> (REFO1CON<30:16>) = 0.

9.0 I/O PORTS

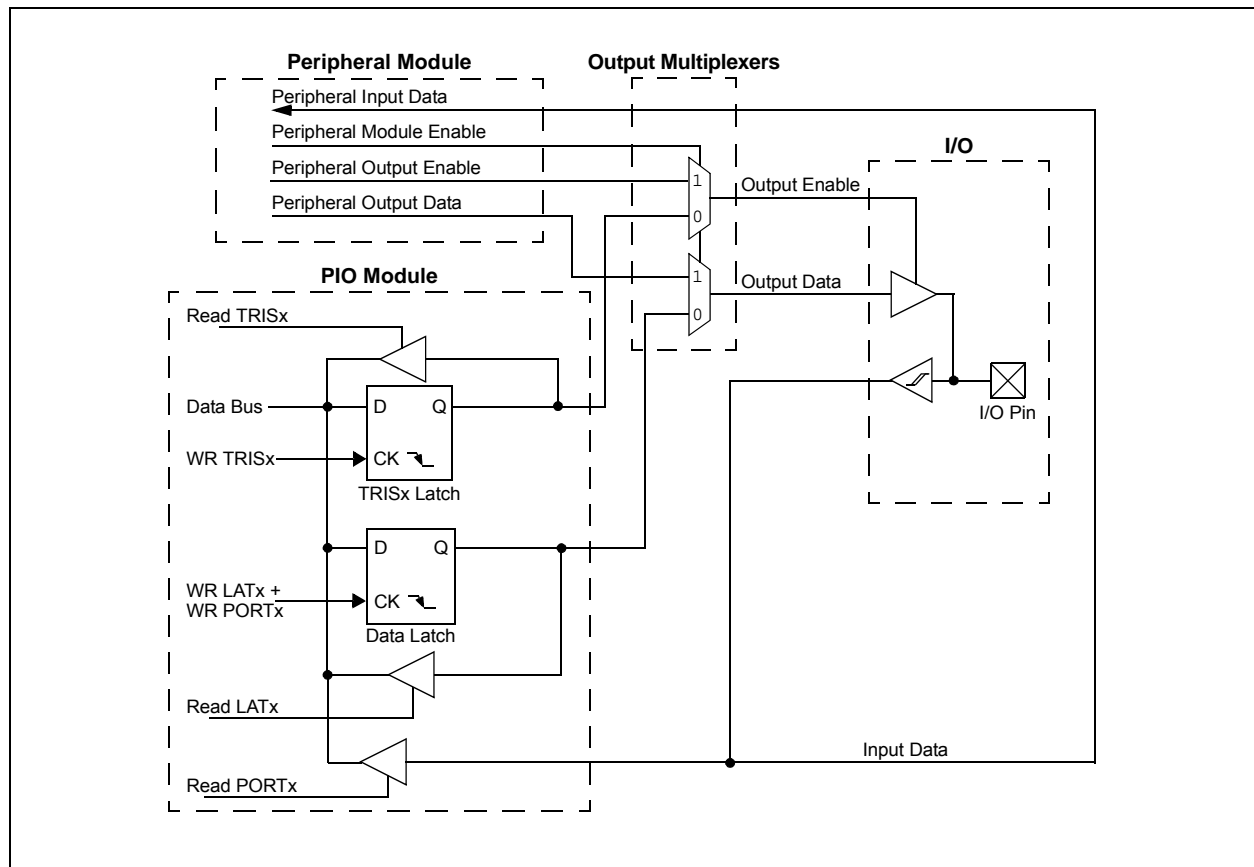
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MM0064GPL036 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 12. “I/O Ports”** (DS60001120) in the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32). The information in this data sheet supersedes the information in the FRM.

Many of the device pins are shared among the peripherals and the Parallel I/O (PIO) ports. All I/O input ports feature Schmitt Trigger inputs for improved noise immunity. Some pins in the devices are 5V tolerant pins. Some of the key features of the I/O ports are:

- Individual Output Pin Open-Drain Enable/Disable
- Individual Input Pin Weak Pull-up and Pull-Down
- Monitor Selective Inputs and Generate Interrupt when Change-in-Pin State is Detected
- Operation during Sleep and Idle modes
- Fast Bit Manipulation using the CLR, SET and INV registers

Figure 9-1 illustrates a block diagram of a typical multiplexed I/O port.

FIGURE 9-1: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF A TYPICAL SHARED PORT STRUCTURE



PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

REGISTER 9-1: CNCONx: CHANGE NOTIFICATION CONTROL FOR PORTx REGISTER (x = A-C)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	ON	—	—	—	CNSTYLE	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** Change Notification (CN) Control On bit

1 = CN is enabled

0 = CN is disabled

bit 14-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11 **CNSTYLE:** Change Notification Style Selection bit

1 = Edge style (detects edge transitions, CNFx bits are used for a Change Notice event)

0 = Mismatch style (detects change from last PORTx read, CNSTATx bits are used for a Change Notification event)

bit 10-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

11.0 WATCHDOG TIMER (WDT)

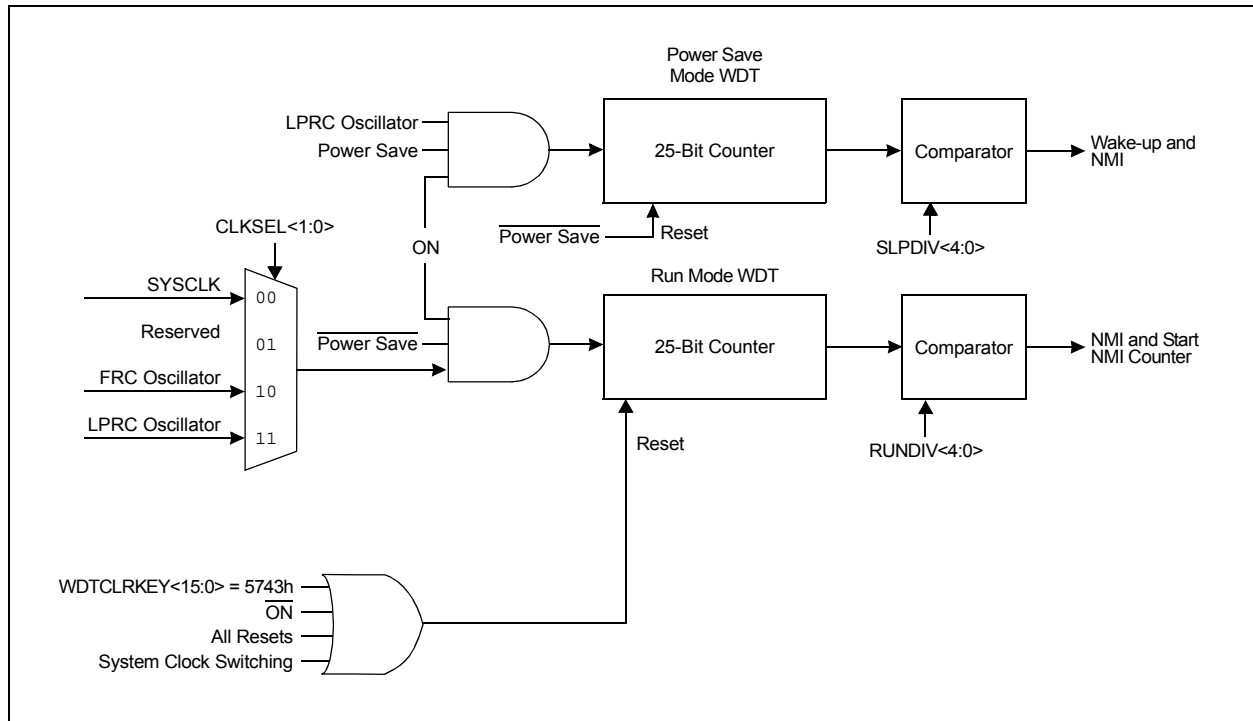
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MM0064GPL036 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 62. “Dual Watchdog Timer”** (DS60001365) in the *“PIC32 Family Reference Manual”*, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32). The information in this data sheet supersedes the information in the FRM.

When enabled, the Watchdog Timer (WDT) can be used to detect system software malfunctions by resetting the device if the WDT is not cleared periodically in software. Various WDT time-out periods can be selected using the WDT postscaler. The WDT can also be used to wake the device from Sleep or Idle mode.

Some of the key features of the WDT module are:

- Configuration or Software Controlled
- User-Configurable Time-out Period
- Different Time-out Periods for Run and Sleep/Idle modes
- Operates from LPRC Oscillator in Sleep/Idle modes
- Different Clock Sources for Run mode
- Can Wake the Device from Sleep or Idle

FIGURE 11-1: WATCHDOG TIMER BLOCK DIAGRAM



11.1 Watchdog Timer Control Registers

TABLE 11-1: WATCHDOG TIMER REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0
3E80	WDTCON ⁽¹⁾	31:16	WDTCLRKEY<15:0>															0000
		15:0	ON	—	—	RUNDIV<4:0>				CLKSEL<1:0>			SLPDIV<4:0>				WDTWINEN	xxxxx

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.
Note 1: This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively.

REGISTER 13-1: SPIxCON: SPIx CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 7 **SSEN**: Slave Select Enable (Slave mode) bit
 1 = \overline{SSx} pin is used for Slave mode
 0 = \overline{SSx} pin is not used for Slave mode, pin is controlled by port function
- bit 6 **CKP**: Clock Polarity Select bit⁽³⁾
 1 = Idle state for clock is a high level; active state is a low level
 0 = Idle state for clock is a low level; active state is a high level
- bit 5 **MSTEN**: Master Mode Enable bit
 1 = Master mode
 0 = Slave mode
- bit 4 **DISSDI**: Disable SDIx bit⁽⁴⁾
 1 = SDIx pin is not used by the SPIx module (pin is controlled by port function)
 0 = SDIx pin is controlled by the SPIx module
- bit 3-2 **STXISEL<1:0>**: SPIx Transmit Buffer Empty Interrupt Mode bits
 11 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is not full (has one or more empty elements)
 10 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is empty by one-half or more
 01 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is completely empty
 00 = Interrupt is generated when the last transfer is shifted out of SPIxSR and transmit operations are complete
- bit 1-0 **SRXISEL<1:0>**: SPIx Receive Buffer Full Interrupt Mode bits
 11 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is full
 10 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is full by one-half or more
 01 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is not empty
 00 = Interrupt is generated when the last word in the receive buffer is read (i.e., buffer is empty)

- Note 1:** These bits can only be written when the ON bit = 0. Refer to **Section 26.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** for maximum clock frequency requirements.
- 2:** This bit is not used in the Framed SPI mode. The user should program this bit to ‘0’ for the Framed SPI mode (FRMEN = 1).
- 3:** When AUDEN = 1, the SPI/I²S module functions as if the CKP bit is equal to ‘1’, regardless of the actual value of the CKP bit.
- 4:** These bits are present for legacy compatibility and are superseded by PPS functionality on these devices (see **Section 9.8 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for more information).

15.1 RTCC Control Registers

TABLE 15-1: RTCC REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
0000	RTCCON1	31:16	ALRMEN	CHIME	—	—	AMASK<3:0>				ALMRPT<7:0>								0000
		15:0	ON	—	—	—	WRLOCK	—	—	—	RTCOE	OUTSEL<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0000
0010	RTCCON2	31:16	DIV<15:0>															0000	
		15:0	FDIV<4:0>					—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CLKSEL<1:0>		0000
0030	RTCSTAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ALMEVT	—	—	SYNC	ALMSYNC	HALFSEC	0000
0040	RTCTIME	31:16	—	HRTEN<2:0>			HRONE<3:0>				—	MINTEN<2:0>			MINONE<3:0>				xxxx
		15:0	SECTEN<3:0>					SECONE<3:0>				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
0050	RTCDATE	31:16	YRTEN<3:0>					YRONE<3:0>			—	—	—	MHTTEN	MTHONE<3:0>				0000
		15:0	—	—	DAYTEN<1:0>		DAYONE<3:0>				—	—	—	—	—	WDAY<2:0>			0000
0060	ALMTIME	31:16	—	HRTEN<2:0>			HRONE<3:0>				—	MINTEN<2:0>			MINONE<3:0>				xxxx
		15:0	SECTEN<3:0>					SECONE<3:0>				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
0070	ALMDATE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	MHTTEN	MTHONE<3:0>				0000
		15:0	—	—	DAYTEN<1:0>		DAYONE<3:0>				—	—	—	—	—	WDAY<2:0>			0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively.

16.0 12-BIT ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER WITH THRESHOLD DETECT

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MM0064GPL036 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 25. “12-Bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) with Threshold Detect”** (DS60001359) in the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32). The information in this data sheet supersedes the information in the FRM.

- External Voltage Reference Input Pins
- Unipolar Differential Sample-and-Hold Amplifier (SHA)
- Automated Threshold Scan and Compare Operation to Pre-Evaluate Conversion Results
- Selectable Conversion Trigger Source
- Fixed-Length Configurable Conversion Result Buffer
- Eight Options for Result Alignment and Encoding
- Configurable Interrupt Generation
- Operation during CPU Sleep and Idle modes

Figure 16-1 illustrates a block diagram of the 12-bit ADC. The 12-bit ADC has 14 external analog inputs, AN0 through AN13, and 3 internal analog inputs connected to VDD, VSS and band gap. In addition, there are two analog input pins for external voltage reference connections.

16.1 Introduction

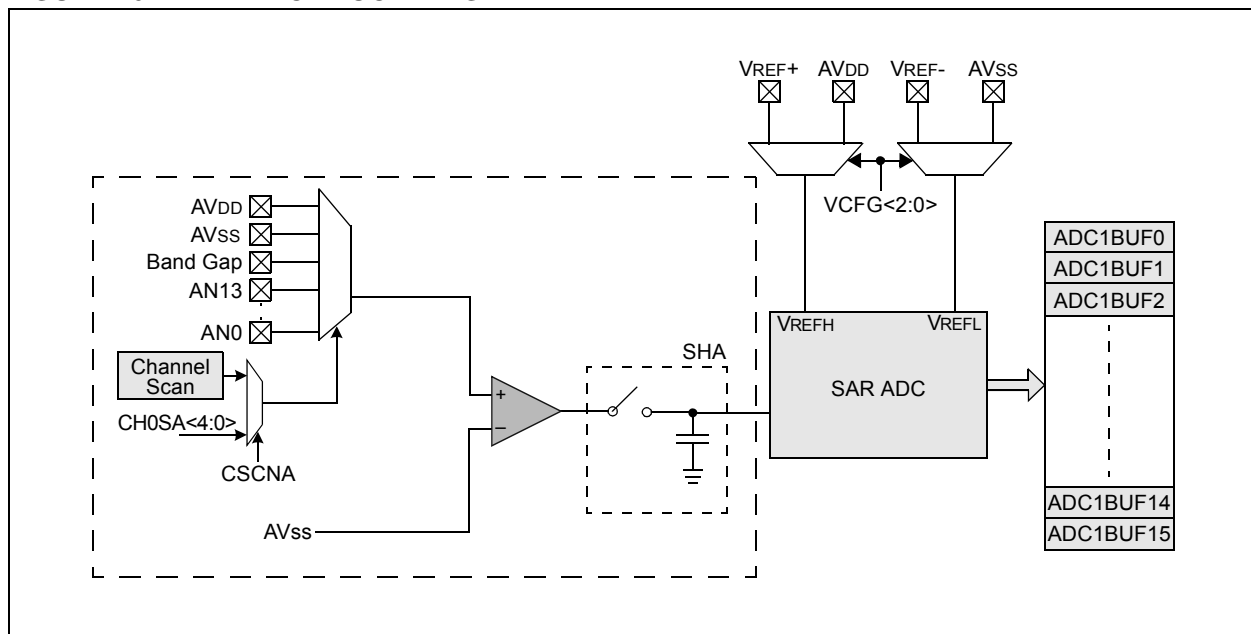
The 12-bit ADC Converter with Threshold Detect includes the following features:

- Successive Approximation Register (SAR) Conversion
- User-Selectable Resolution of 10 or 12 Bits
- Conversion Speeds of up to 200 ksps for 12-bit mode and 300 ksps for 10-bit mode
- Up to 17 Analog Inputs (internal and external)

The analog inputs are connected through a multiplexer to the SHA. Unipolar differential conversions are possible on all inputs (see Figure 16-1).

The Automatic Input Scan mode sequentially converts multiple analog inputs. A special control register specifies which inputs will be included in the scanning sequence. The 12-bit ADC is connected to a 16-word result buffer. The 12-bit result is converted to one of eight output formats in either 32-bit or 16-bit word widths.

FIGURE 16-1: ADC BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

REGISTER 18-1: CLCxCON: CLCx CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	G4POL	G3POL	G2POL	G1POL
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
	ON	—	—	—	INTP ⁽¹⁾	INTN ⁽¹⁾	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R-0, HS, HC	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	LCOE	LCOUT	LCPOL	—	—	MODE<2:0>		

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit	HS = Hardware Settable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-20 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 19 **G4POL:** Gate 4 Polarity Control bit

- 1 = The output of Channel 4 logic is inverted when applied to the logic cell
- 0 = The output of Channel 4 logic is not inverted

bit 18 **G3POL:** Gate 3 Polarity Control bit

- 1 = The output of Channel 3 logic is inverted when applied to the logic cell
- 0 = The output of Channel 3 logic is not inverted

bit 17 **G2POL:** Gate 2 Polarity Control bit

- 1 = The output of Channel 2 logic is inverted when applied to the logic cell
- 0 = The output of Channel 2 logic is not inverted

bit 16 **G1POL:** Gate 1 Polarity Control bit

- 1 = The output of Channel 1 logic is inverted when applied to the logic cell
- 0 = The output of Channel 1 logic is not inverted

bit 15 **ON:** CLCx Enable bit

- 1 = CLCx is enabled and mixing input signals
- 0 = CLCx is disabled and has logic zero outputs

bit 14-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11 **INTP:** CLCx Positive Edge Interrupt Enable bit⁽¹⁾

- 1 = Interrupt will be generated when a rising edge occurs on LCOUT
- 0 = Interrupt will not be generated

bit 10 **INTN:** CLCx Negative Edge Interrupt Enable bit⁽¹⁾

- 1 = Interrupt will be generated when a falling edge occurs on LCOUT
- 0 = Interrupt will not be generated

bit 9-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **LCOE:** CLCx Port Enable bit

- 1 = CLCx port pin output is enabled
- 0 = CLCx port pin output is disabled

bit 6 **LCOUT:** CLCx Data Output Status bit

- 1 = CLCx output high
- 0 = CLCx output low

Note 1: The INTP and INTN bits should not be set at the same time for proper interrupt functionality.

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REGISTER 23-10: ANCFG: BAND GAP CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0, HS, HC	R/W-0, HS, HC	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	VBGADC	VBGCMP	—

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit	HS = Hardware Settable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2 **VBGADC:** ADC Band Gap Enable bit

1 = ADC band gap is enabled

0 = ADC band gap is disabled

bit 1 **VBGCMP:** Comparator Band Gap Enable bit

1 = Comparator band gap is enabled

0 = Comparator band gap is disabled

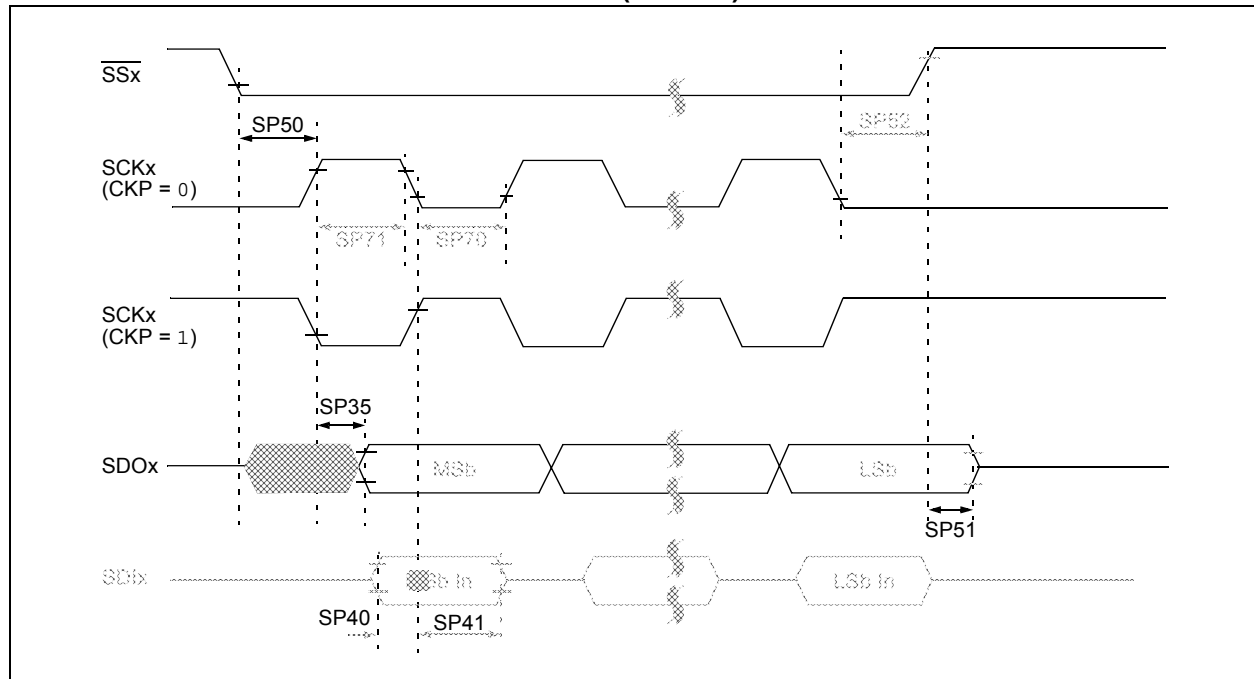
bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

TABLE 26-28: SPIx MODULE MASTER MODE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

Operating Conditions: $2.0V \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6V$, $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise stated)					
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min	Max	Units
SP10	TsCL, TsCH	SCKx Output Low or High Time	10	—	ns
SP35	Tsch2DoV, TsCL2DoV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	7	ns
SP36	TDoV2sc, TDoV2sCL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	7	—	ns
SP40	TdIV2sCH, TdIV2sCL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	7	—	ns
SP41	Tsch2DiL, TsCL2DiL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	7	—	ns

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 26-12: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



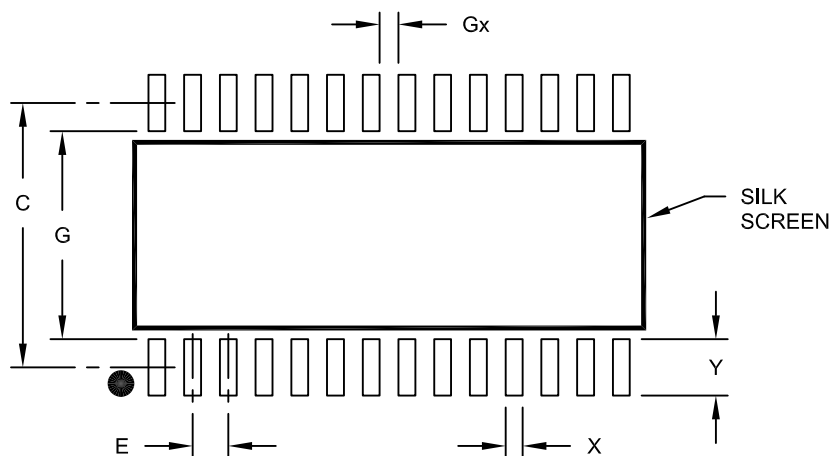
PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

NOTES:

PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 7.50 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	1.27 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C		9.40	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y			2.00
Distance Between Pads	Gx	0.67		
Distance Between Pads	G	7.40		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

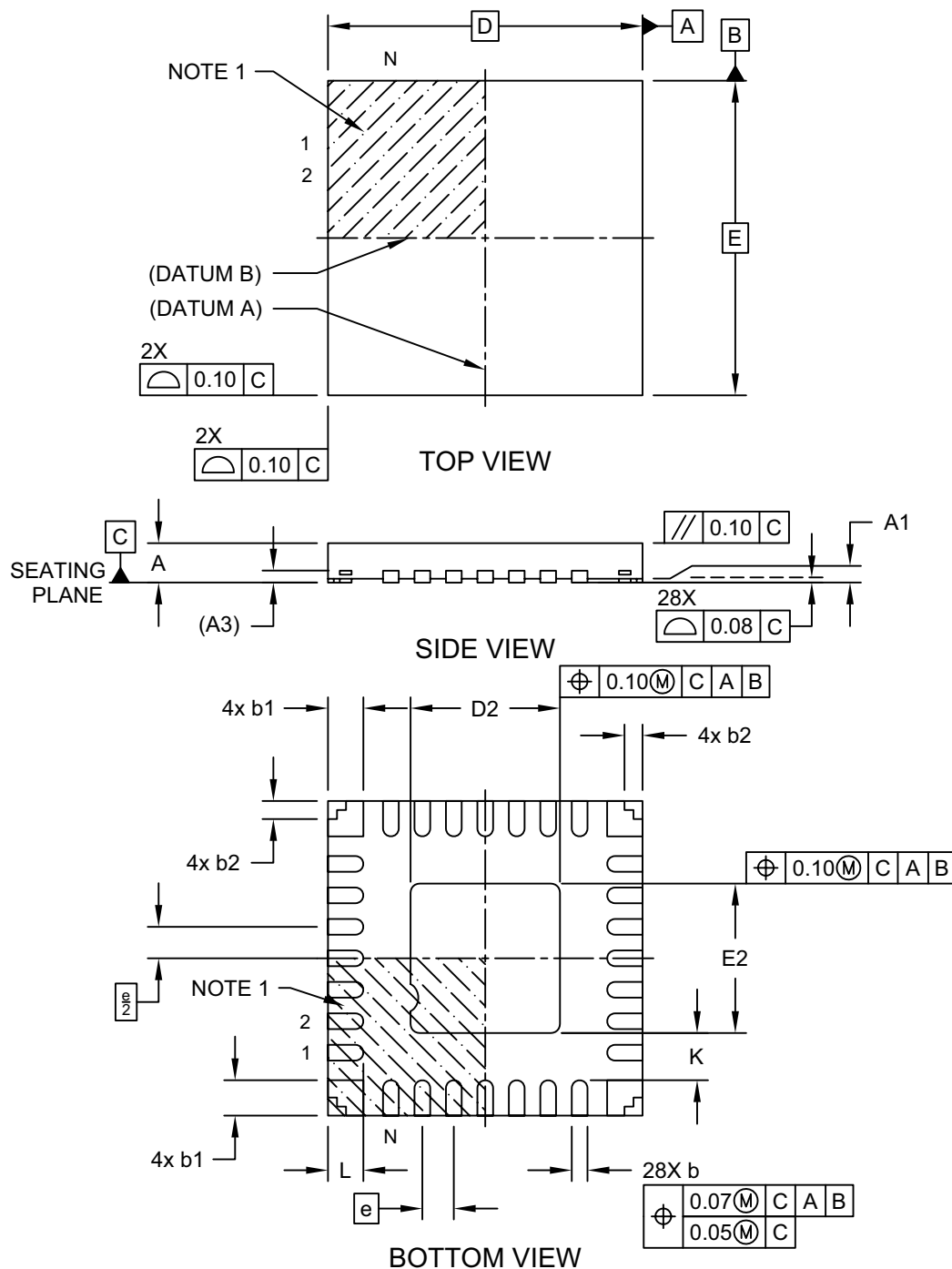
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2052A

PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

28-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (M6) - 4x4x0.6 mm Body [UQFN] With Corner Anchors

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>

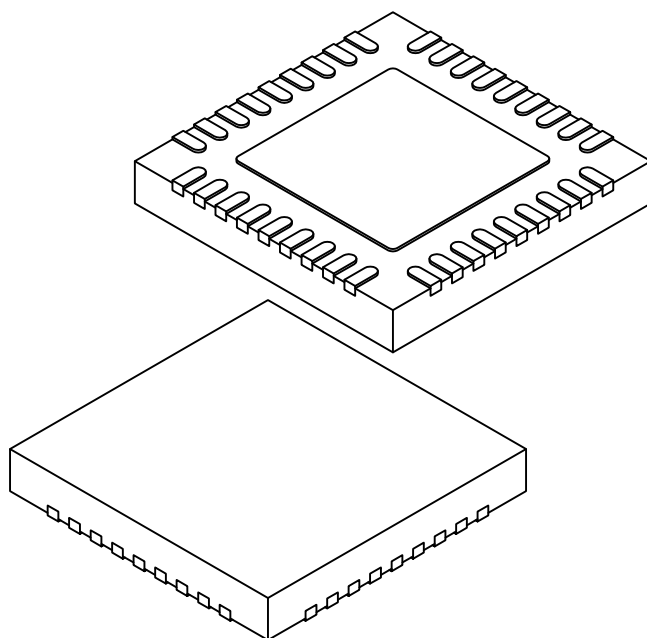


Microchip Technology Drawing C04-333-M6 Rev B Sheet 1 of 2

PIC32MM0064GPL036 FAMILY

36-Terminal Very Thin Plastic Quad Flatpack No-Lead (M2) - 6x6x1.0mm Body [VQFN] SMSC Legacy "Sawn Quad Flatpack No-Lead [SQFN]"

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Terminals	N	36		
Pitch	e	0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	A	0.80	0.90	1.00
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
Terminal Thickness	A3	0.20 REF		
Overall Width	E	6.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Width	E2	3.60	3.70	3.80
Overall Length	D	6.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Length	D2	3.60	3.70	3.80
Terminal Width	b	0.18	0.25	0.30
Terminal Length	L	0.50	0.60	0.75
Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad	K	0.45	0.55	-

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package is saw singulated
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-272B-M2 Sheet 2 of 2