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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® microAptiv™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	200MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, SQI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, HLVD, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	120
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	640K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.7V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 45x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	176-LQFP Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	176-LQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mz2064dah176t-i-2j

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

TABLE 1-22: DDR2 SDRAM CONTROLLER PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number			Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	169-pin LFBGA	176-pin LQFP	288-pin LFBGA			
DDRDQ0	DDR Internal to the Package	DDR Internal to the Package	F1	I/O	SSTL	DDR2 Data Bus
DDRDQ1			J3	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ2			H1	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ3			G1	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ4			G2	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ5			H2	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ6			H3	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ7			F2	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ8			C1	I/O	SSTL	DDR2 Data Bus
DDRDQ9			C3	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ10			D2	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ11			F3	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ12			E3	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ13			D1	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ14			B3	I/O	SSTL	
DDRDQ15			C2	I/O	SSTL	

Legend: CMOS = CMOS-compatible input or output Analog = Analog input P = Power
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels O = Output I = Input
TTL = Transistor-transistor Logic input buffer PPS = Peripheral Pin Select SSTL = Stub Series Terminated Logic

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

TABLE 4-1: ADDRESS MAPPING TABLE

Memory	Size	Region End Address (KSEG1)	Region End Address (KSEG0)	Region End Address (Physical)
Program Flash	2 MB	0xBD1FFFFFF	0x9D1FFFFFF	0x1D1FFFFFF
	1 MB	0xBD0FFFFFF	0x9D0FFFFFF	0x1D0FFFFFF
DDR2 SDRAM	EXT ⁽¹⁾	0xAFFFFFFF	0x8FFFFFFF	0x0FFFFFFF
	32 MB ⁽⁵⁾	0xA9FFFFFF	0x89FFFFFF	0x09FFFFFF
	— ⁽²⁾	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
RAM	640 KB ⁽³⁾	0xA009FFFF	0x8009FFFF	0x0009FFFF
	256 KB ⁽⁴⁾	0xA003FFFF	0x8003FFFF	0x0003FFFF

Note 1: External DDR2 SDRAM can be up to 128 MB, EXTDDRSIZE<3:0> bits (DEVCFG3<19:16>) should be set, and the region end address should be scaled accordingly.

2: Devices without the DDR2 option.

3: Devices with 640 KB RAM contain SRAM Bank 1 (256 KB) and SRAM Bank 2 (384 KB).

4: Devices with 256 KB RAM contain SRAM Bank 1 (128 KB) and SRAM Bank 2 (128 KB).

5: Refer to **4.2 “DDR2 SDRAM”** for DDR2 SDRAM features, which are applicable to devices with internal DDR2 SDRAM.

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

REGISTER 4-11: SBTxREGy: SYSTEM BUS TARGET 'x' REGION 'y' REGISTER
(**'x' = 0-13; 'y' = 0-8**)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W0	R/W-0	R/W0	R/W-0	R/W0	R/W-0	R/W0	R/W-0
	BASE<21:14>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	BASE<13:6>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	U-0
	BASE<5:0>						PRI	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	SIZE<4:0>					—	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

bit 31-10 **BASE<21:0>**: Region Base Address bits

bit 9 **PRI**: Region Priority Level bit

1 = Level 2

0 = Level 1

bit 8 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 7-3 **SIZE<4:0>**: Region Size bits

Permissions for a region are only active if the SIZE is non-zero.

11111 = Region size = $2^{(SIZE-1)} \times 1024$ (bytes)

•

•

•

00001 = Region size = $2^{(SIZE-1)} \times 1024$ (bytes)

00000 = Region is not present

bit 2-0 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

Note 1: Refer to Table 4-8 for the list of available targets and their descriptions.

2: For some target regions, certain bits in this register are read-only with preset values. See Table 4-8 for more information.

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

REGISTER 8-8: CLKSTAT: OSCILLATOR CLOCK STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	U-0	R-0	U-0	R-0
	SPLLRDY	—	LPRCRDY	SOSCRDY	—	POSCRDY	—	FRCRDY

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **SPLLRDY:** System PLL (SPLL) Ready Status bit

1 = SPLL is ready

0 = SPLL is not ready

bit 6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5 **LPRCRDY:** Low-Power RC (LPRC) Oscillator Ready Status bit

1 = LPRC is stable and ready

0 = LPRC is disabled or not operating

bit 4 **SOSCRDY:** Secondary Oscillator (Sosc) Ready Status bit

1 = Sosc is stable and ready

0 = Sosc is disabled or not operating

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2 **POSCRDY:** Primary Oscillator (Posc) Ready Status bit

1 = Posc is stable and ready

0 = Posc is disabled or not operating

bit 1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **FRCRDY:** Fast RC (FRC) Oscillator Ready Status bit

1 = FRC is stable and ready

0 = FRC is disabled for not operating

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

REGISTER 11-9: USBIENCSR1: USB INDEXED ENDPOINT CONTROL STATUS REGISTER 1 (ENDPOINT 1-7)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0, HC	R-0	R/W-0
	AUTOCLR	ISO AUTORQ	DMAREQEN	DISNYET PIDERR	DMAREQMD	— DATATWEN	— DATATGGL	INCOMPRX
23:16	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0	R/W-0, HC	R-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R-0, HS, HC	R/W-0, HS
	CLRDT	SENTSTALL RXSTALL	SENDSTALL REQPKT	FLUSH	DATAERR DERRNAKT	OVERRUN ERROR	FIFOFULL	RXPBKTRDY
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	MULT<4:0>					RXMAXP<10:8>		
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	RXMAXP<7:0>							

Legend:	HC = Hardware Cleared	HS = Hardware Set
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **AUTOCLR:** RXPBKTRDY Automatic Clear Control bit

- 1 = RXPBKTRDY will be automatically cleared when a packet of RXMAXP bytes has been unloaded from the RX FIFO. When packets of less than the maximum packet size are unloaded, RXPBKTRDY will have to be cleared manually. When using a DMA to unload the RX FIFO, data is read from the RX FIFO in 4-byte chunks regardless of the RXMAXP.
- 0 = No automatic clearing of RXPBKTRDY

This bit should not be set for high-bandwidth Isochronous endpoints.

bit 30 **ISO:** Isochronous Endpoint Control bit (*Device mode*)

- 1 = Enable the RX endpoint for Isochronous transfers
- 0 = Enable the RX endpoint for Bulk/Interrupt transfers

AUTORQ: Automatic Packet Request Control bit (*Host mode*)

- 1 = REQPKT will be automatically set when RXPBKTRDY bit is cleared.
- 0 = No automatic packet request

This bit is automatically cleared when a short packet is received.

bit 29 **DMAREQEN:** DMA Request Enable Control bit

- 1 = Enable DMA requests for the RX endpoint.
- 0 = Disable DMA requests for the RX endpoint.

bit 28 **DISNYET:** Disable NYET Handshakes Control/PID Error Status bit (*Device mode*)

- 1 = In Bulk/Interrupt transactions, disables the sending of NYET handshakes. All successfully received RX packets are ACKed including at the point at which the FIFO becomes full.
- 0 = Normal operation.

In Bulk/Interrupt transactions, this bit only has any effect in Hi-Speed mode, in which mode it should be set for all Interrupt endpoints.

PIDERR: PID Error Status bit (*Host mode*)

- 1 = In ISO transactions, this indicates a PID error in the received packet.
- 0 = No error

bit 27 **DMAREQMD:** DMA Request Mode Selection bit

- 1 = DMA Request Mode 1
- 0 = DMA Request Mode 0

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

FIGURE 14-2: TIMER2/3, TIMER4/5, TIMER6/7, AND TIMER8/9 BLOCK DIAGRAM (32-BIT)

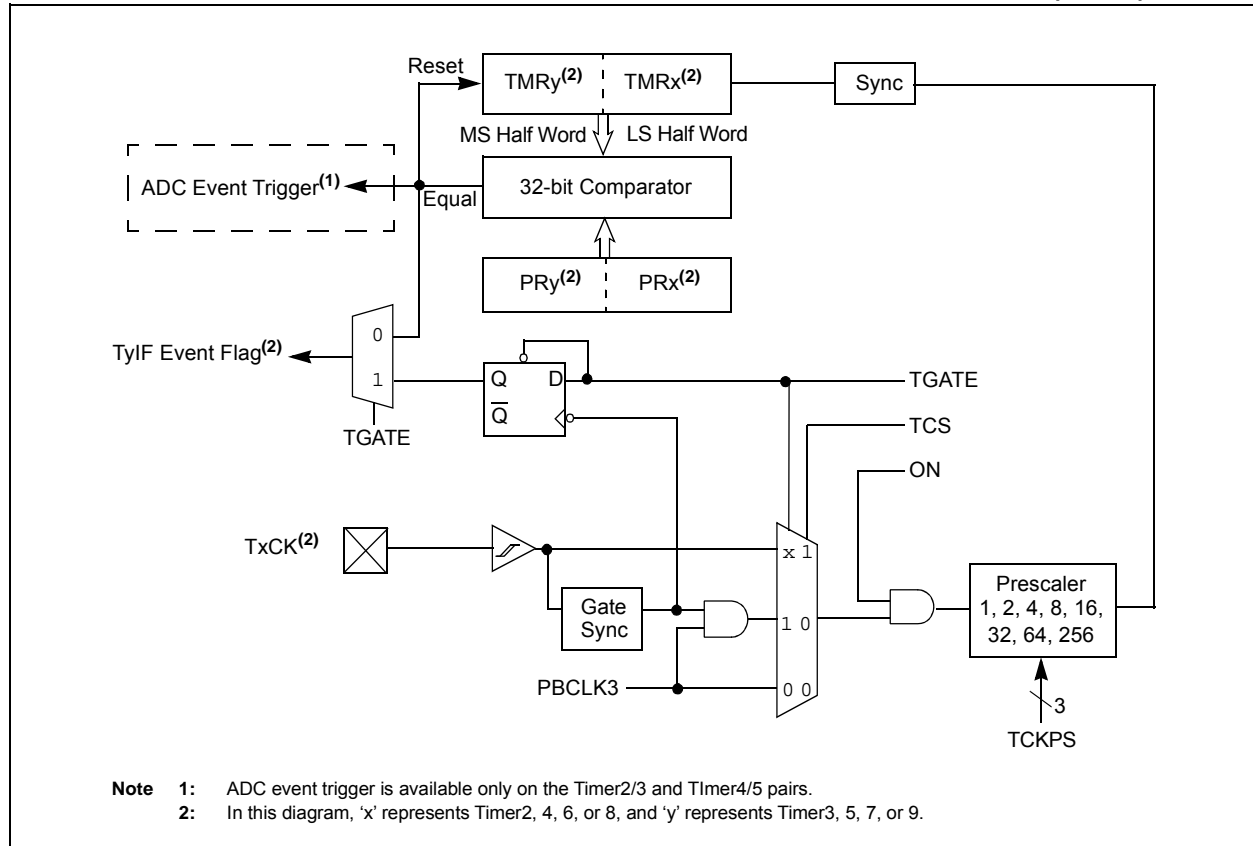


TABLE 16-2: OUTPUT COMPARE 1 THROUGH OUTPUT COMPARE 9 REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF84_#)	Register Name(r)	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
4A00	OC6CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC32	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>			0000
4A10	OC6R	31:16	OC6R<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
4A20	OC6RS	31:16	OC6RS<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
4C00	OC7CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC32	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>			0000
4C10	OC7R	31:16	OC7R<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
4C20	OC7RS	31:16	OC7RS<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
4E00	OC8CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC32	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>			0000
4E10	OC8R	31:16	OC8R<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
4E20	OC8RS	31:16	OC8RS<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
5000	OC9CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC32	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>			0000
5010	OC9R	31:16	OC9R<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
5020	OC9RS	31:16 15:0	OC9RS<31:0>																xxxx

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

17.1 Deadman Timer Control Registers

TABLE 17-1: DEADMAN TIMER REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
0A00	DMTCON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
0A10	DMTPRECLR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	STEP1<7:0>								—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
0A20	DMTCLR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STEP2<7:0>								0000
0A30	DMTSTAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BAD1	BAD2	DMTEVENT	—	—	—	—	WINOPN	0000
0A40	DMTCNT	31:16	COUNTER<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
0A60	DMTPSCNT	31:16	PSCNT<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
0A70	DMTPSINTV	31:16	PSINTV<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

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REGISTER 22-2: SQI1XCON2: SQI XIP CONTROL REGISTER 2

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	DEVSEL<1:0>		MODEBYTES<1:0>	
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	MODECODE<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-10 **DEVSEL<1:0>:** Device Select bits

11 = Reserved

10 = Reserved

01 = Device 1 is selected

00 = Device 0 is selected

bit 9-8 **MODEBYTES<1:0>:** Mode Byte Cycle Enable bits

11 = Three cycles

10 = Two cycles

01 = One cycle

00 = Zero cycles

bit 7-0 **MODECODE<7:0>:** Mode Code Value bits

These bits contain the 8-bit code value for the mode bits.

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REGISTER 22-3: SQI1CFG: SQI CONFIGURATION REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 12 **BURSTEN**: Burst Configuration bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Burst is enabled
0 = Burst is not enabled
- bit 11 **Reserved**: Must be programmed as '0'
- bit 10 **HOLD**: Hold bit
In Single Lane or Dual Lane mode, this bit is used to drive the SQID3 pin, which can be used for devices with a HOLD input pin. The meaning of the values for this bit will depend on the device to which SQID3 is connected.
- bit 9 **WP**: Write Protect bit
In Single Lane or Dual Lane mode, this bit is used to drive the SQID2 pin, which can be used with devices with a write-protect pin. The meaning of the values for this bit will depend on the device to which SQID2 is connected.
- bit 8-6 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 5 **LSBF**: Data Format Select bit
1 = LSB is sent or received first
0 = MSB is sent or received first
- bit 4 **CPOL**: Clock Polarity Select bit
1 = Active-low SQICLK (SQICLK high is the Idle state)
0 = Active-high SQICLK (SQICLK low is the Idle state)
- bit 3 **CPHA**: Clock Phase Select bit
1 = SQICLK starts toggling at the start of the first data bit
0 = SQICLK starts toggling at the middle of the first data bit
- bit 2-0 **MODE<2:0>**: Mode Select bits
111 = Reserved
•
•
•
100 = Reserved
011 = XIP mode is selected (when this mode is entered, the module behaves as if executing in place (XIP), but uses the register data to control timing)
010 = DMA mode is selected
001 = CPU mode is selected (the module is controlled by the CPU in PIO mode. This mode is entered when leaving Boot or XIP mode)
000 = Reserved

Note 1: This bit must be programmed as '1'.

26.1 EBI Control Registers

TABLE 26-1: EBI REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF8E_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
1014	EBICS0	31:16	CSADDR<15:0>																2000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
1018	EBICS1	31:16	CSADDR<15:0>																1000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
101C	EBICS2	31:16	CSADDR<15:0>																2040
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
1020	EBICS3	31:16	CSADDR<15:0>																1040
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
1054	EBIMSK0	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	REGSEL<2:0>			MEMTYPE<2:0>			MEMSIZE<4:0>				0020	
1058	EBIMSK1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	REGSEL<2:0>			MEMTYPE<2:0>			MEMSIZE<4:0>				0020	
105C	EBIMSK2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	REGSEL<2:0>			MEMTYPE<2:0>			MEMSIZE<4:0>				0120	
1060	EBIMSK3	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	REGSEL<2:0>			MEMTYPE<2:0>			MEMSIZE<4:0>				0120	
1094	EBISMT0	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	RDYMODE	PAGESIZE<1:0>	PAGEMODE	TPRC<3:0>				TBTA<2:0>				041C
		15:0	TWP<5:0>					TWR<1:0>		TAS<1:0>		TRC<5:0>				TBTA<2:0>			
1098	EBISMT1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	RDYMODE	PAGESIZE<1:0>	PAGEMODE	TPRC<3:0>				TBTA<2:0>				041C
		15:0	TWP<5:0>					TWR<1:0>		TAS<1:0>		TRC<5:0>				TBTA<2:0>			
109C	EBISMT2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	RDYMODE	PAGESIZE<1:0>	PAGEMODE	TPRC<3:0>				TBTA<2:0>				041C
		15:0	TWP<5:0>					TWR<1:0>		TAS<1:0>		TRC<5:0>				TBTA<2:0>			
10A0	EBIFTRPD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	TRPD<11:0>											00C8	
10A4	EBISMCON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	SMDWIDTH2<2:0>			SMDWIDTH1<2:0>			SMDWIDTH0<2:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	SMRP	0201

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

Table 27-12 shows the Security Association control word structure.

The Crypto Engine fetches different structures for different flows and ensures that hardware fetches minimum words from SA required for processing. The structure is ready for hardware optimal data fetches.

FIGURE 27-12: FORMAT OF SA_CTRL

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31-24	—	—	VERIFY	—	NO_RX	OR_EN	ICVONLY	IRFLAG
23-16	LNC	LOADIV	FB	FLAGS	—	—	—	ALGO<6>
15-8	ALGO<5:0>						ENC	KEY SIZE<1>
7-0	KEY SIZE<0>	MULTITASK<2:0>			CRYPTOALGO<3:0>			

bit 31-30 **Reserved:** Do not use

bit 29 **VERIFY:** NIST Procedure Verification Setting

1 = NIST procedures are to be used

0 = Do not use NIST procedures

bit 28 **Reserved:** Do not use

bit 27 **NO_RX:** Receive DMA Control Setting

1 = Only calculate ICV for authentication calculations

0 = Normal processing

bit 26 **OR_EN:** OR Register Bits Enable Setting

1 = OR the register bits with the internal value of the CSR register

0 = Normal processing

bit 25 **ICVONLY:** Incomplete Check Value Only Flag

This affects the SHA-1 algorithm only. It has no effect on the AES algorithm.

1 = Only three words of the HMAC result are available

0 = All results from the HMAC result are available

bit 24 **IRFLAG:** Immediate Result of Hash Setting

This bit is set when the immediate result for hashing is requested.

1 = Save the immediate result for hashing

0 = Do not save the immediate result

bit 23 **LNC:** Load New Keys Setting

1 = Load a new set of keys for encryption and authentication

0 = Do not load new keys

bit 22 **LOADIV:** Load IV Setting

1 = Load the IV from this Security Association

0 = Use the next IV

bit 21 **FB:** First Block Setting

This bit indicates that this is the first block of data to feed the IV value.

1 = Indicates this is the first block of data

0 = Indicates this is not the first block of data

bit 20 **FLAGS:** Incoming/Outgoing Flow Setting

1 = Security Association is associated with an outgoing flow

0 = Security Association is associated with an incoming flow

bit 19-17 **Reserved:** Do not use

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

REGISTER 29-22: ADCFSTAT: ADC FIFO STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FEN	—	—	ADC4EN	ADC3EN	ADC2EN	ADC1EN	ADC0EN
23:16	R/W-0	R-0, HS, HC	R-0, HS, HC	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	FIEN	FRDY	FWROVERR	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	FCNT<7:0>							
7:0	R-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	FSIGN	—	—	—	—	ADCID<2:0>		

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31 **FEN:** FIFO Enable bit
1 = FIFO is enabled
0 = FIFO is disabled; no data is being saved into the FIFO
- bit 30-29 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 28-24 **ADC4EN:ADC0EN:** ADCx Enable bits ('x' = 0 through 4)
1 = Converted output data of ADCx is stored in the FIFO
0 = Converted output data of ADCx is not stored in the FIFO
Note: While using FIFO, the output data is additionally stored in the respective output data register (ADCDATAx).
- bit 23 **FIEN:** FIFO Interrupt Enable bit
1 = FIFO interrupts are enabled; an interrupt is generated once the FRDY bit is set
0 = FIFO interrupts are disabled
- bit 22 **FRDY:** FIFO Data Ready Interrupt Status bit
1 = FIFO has data to be read
0 = No data is available in the FIFO
Note: This bit is cleared when the FIFO output data in ADCFIFO has been read and there is no additional data ready in the FIFO (that is, the FIFO is empty).
- bit 21 **FWROVERR:** FIFO Write Overflow Error Status bit
1 = A write overflow error in the FIFO has occurred (circular FIFO)
0 = A write overflow error in the FIFO has not occurred
Note: This bit is cleared after ADCFSTAT<23:16> are read by software.
- bit 15-8 **FCNT<7:0>:** FIFO Data Entry Count Status bit
The value in these bits indicates the number of data entries in the FIFO.
- bit 7 **FSIGN:** FIFO Sign Setting bit
This bit reflects the sign of data stored in the ADCFIFO register.
- bit 6-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0 **ADCID<2:0>:** ADCx Identifier bits ('x' = 0 through 6)
These bits specify the ADC module whose data is stored in the FIFO.
111 = Reserved
110 = Reserved
100 = Converted data of ADC4 is store in FIFO
.
.
.
000 = Converted data of ADC0 is stored in FIFO

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

REGISTER 30-2: CiCFG: CAN BAUD RATE CONFIGURATION REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	WAKFIL	—	—	—	SEG2PH<2:0> ^(1,4)		
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	SEG2PHTS ⁽¹⁾	SAM ⁽²⁾	SEG1PH<2:0>			PRSEG<2:0>		
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	SJW<1:0> ⁽³⁾		BRP<5:0>					

Legend: HC = Hardware Clear S = Settable bit
R = Readable bit W = Writable bit P = Programmable bit r = Reserved bit
U = Unimplemented bit -n = Bit Value at POR: ('0', '1', x = Unknown)

bit 31-23 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 22 **WAKFIL:** CAN Bus Line Filter Enable bit
1 = Use CAN bus line filter for wake-up
0 = CAN bus line filter is not used for wake-up

bit 21-19 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 18-16 **SEG2PH<2:0>:** Phase Buffer Segment 2 bits^(1,4)

111 = Length is 8 x Tq

•
•
•

000 = Length is 1 x Tq

bit 15 **SEG2PHTS:** Phase Segment 2 Time Select bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Freely programmable

0 = Maximum of SEG1PH or Information Processing Time, whichever is greater

bit 14 **SAM:** Sample of the CAN Bus Line bit⁽²⁾

1 = Bus line is sampled three times at the sample point

0 = Bus line is sampled once at the sample point

bit 13-11 **SEG1PH<2:0>:** Phase Buffer Segment 1 bits⁽⁴⁾

111 = Length is 8 x Tq

•
•
•

000 = Length is 1 x Tq

Note 1: $SEG2PH \leq SEG1PH$. If SEG2PHTS is clear, SEG2PH will be set automatically.

2: 3 Time bit sampling is not allowed for BRP < 2.

3: $SJW \leq SEG2PH$.

4: The Time Quanta per bit must be greater than 7 (that is, TQBIT > 7).

Note: This register can only be modified when the CAN module is in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> (CiCON<23:21>) = 100).

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

REGISTER 31-2: ETHCON2: ETHERNET CONTROLLER CONTROL REGISTER 2

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	—	RXBUFSZ<6:4>		
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	RXBUFSZ<3:0>				—	—	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-4 **RXBUFSZ<6:0>:** RX Data Buffer Size for All RX Descriptors (in 16-byte increments) bits

1111111 = RX data Buffer size for descriptors is 2032 bytes

•

•

•

1100000 = RX data Buffer size for descriptors is 1536 bytes

•

•

•

0000011 = RX data Buffer size for descriptors is 48 bytes

0000010 = RX data Buffer size for descriptors is 32 bytes

0000001 = RX data Buffer size for descriptors is 16 bytes

0000000 = Reserved

bit 3-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: This register is only used for RX operations.

Note 2: The bits in this register may only be changed while the RXEN bit (ETHCON1<8>) = 0.

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

REGISTER 36-9: GLCDLxMODE: GRAPHICS LCD CONTROLLER LAYER 'x' MODE REGISTER ('x' = 0-2)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	LAYEREN	DISABIFIL	FORCE ALPHA	MUL ALPHA	—	—	—	—
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ALPHA<7:0>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	DESTBLEND<3:0>				SRCBLEND<3:0>			
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	COLORMODE<3:0>			

Legend:

R = Readable bit
-n = Value at POR

W = Writable bit
'1' = Bit is set

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31 **LAYEREN:** Layer Enable bit
 1 = Layer is enabled
 0 = Layer is not enabled
- bit 30 **DISABIFIL:** Disable Bilinear Filtering bit
 1 = Bilinear filtering is enabled
 0 = Bilinear filtering is not enabled
- bit 29 **FORCEALPHA:** Force Alpha with Global Alpha bit
 1 = Force alpha with global alpha is enabled
 0 = Force alpha with global alpha is not enabled
- bit 28 **MULALPHA:** Premultiply Image Alpha bit
 1 = Premultiply image alpha is enabled
 0 = Premultiply image alpha is not enabled
- bit 27-24 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 23-16 **ALPHA<7:0>:** Layer Alpha bits
 These bits contain the Layer Alpha value ranging from 0 to 0xFF.
- bit 15-12 **DESTBLEND<3:0>:** Destinary Blending Function bits
 1111 = Reserved
 1110 = Reserved
 1101 = Blend inverted destination
 1100 = Reserved
 1011 = Reserved
 1010 = Blend alpha destination
 1001 = Reserved
 1000 = Reserved
 0111 = Blend inverted source and inverted global
 0110 = Blend inverted global
 0101 = Blend inverted source
 0100 = Blend alpha source and alpha global
 0011 = Blend alpha global
 0010 = Blend alpha source
 0001 = Blend white
 0000 = Blend black

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

REGISTER 38-28: DDRPHYPADCON: DDR PHY PAD CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 9 **NOEXTDLL**: No External DLL bit
 1 = Use internal digital DLL.
 0 = Use external DLL.
- bit 8 **EOENCLKCYC**: Extra Output Enable bit
 1 = Drive pad output enables for an extra clock cycle after a write burst
 0 = Do not drive pad output enables for an extra clock cycle after a write burst
- bit 7-6 **ODTPUCAL<1:0>**: On-Die Termination Pull-up Calibration bits
 11 = Maximum ODT impedance
 .
 .
 .
 00 = Minimum ODT impedance
- bit 5-4 **ODTPFDCAL<1:0>**: On-Die Termination Pull-down Calibration bits
 11 = Maximum ODT impedance
 .
 .
 .
 00 = Minimum ODT impedance
- bit 3 **ADDCDRVSEL**: Address and Control Pads Drive Strength Select bit
 1 = Full drive strength
 0 = 60% driver strength
- bit 2 **DATDRVSEL**: Data Pad Drive Strength Select bit
 1 = Full Drive Strength
 0 = 60% Drive Strength
- bit 1 **ODTEN**: On-Die Termination Enable bit
 1 = ODT Enabled
 0 = ODT Disabled
- bit 0 **ODTSEL**: On-Die Termination Select bit
 1 = 150 ohm On-Die Termination
 0 = 75 ohm On-Die Termination

bit 2-0 **CLKDLYDELTA<2:0>**: DDR Clock Delay Delta bits

These bits indicate the SCL latency setting programmed per byte lane.

111 = 7 DDR clocks

110 = 6 DDR clocks

•
•
•

000 = 0 DDR clocks

These bits are automatically programmed by the SCL logic and can also be programmed by the user, and are specifically useful for SCL retries.

Note 1: These bits indicate the same status as the SCLLPASS (DDRSCLSTART<0>) and SCLUBPASS (DDRSCLSTART<0>) bits.

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

43.2 MPLAB XC Compilers

The MPLAB XC Compilers are complete ANSI C compilers for all of Microchip's 8, 16, and 32-bit MCU and DSC devices. These compilers provide powerful integration capabilities, superior code optimization and ease of use. MPLAB XC Compilers run on Windows, Linux or MAC OS X.

For easy source level debugging, the compilers provide debug information that is optimized to the MPLAB X IDE.

The free MPLAB XC Compiler editions support all devices and commands, with no time or memory restrictions, and offer sufficient code optimization for most applications.

MPLAB XC Compilers include an assembler, linker and utilities. The assembler generates relocatable object files that can then be archived or linked with other relocatable object files and archives to create an executable file. MPLAB XC Compiler uses the assembler to produce its object file. Notable features of the assembler include:

- Support for the entire device instruction set
- Support for fixed-point and floating-point data
- Command-line interface
- Rich directive set
- Flexible macro language
- MPLAB X IDE compatibility

43.3 MPASM Assembler

The MPASM Assembler is a full-featured, universal macro assembler for PIC10/12/16/18 MCUs.

The MPASM Assembler generates relocatable object files for the MPLINK Object Linker, Intel® standard HEX files, MAP files to detail memory usage and symbol reference, absolute LST files that contain source lines and generated machine code, and COFF files for debugging.

The MPASM Assembler features include:

- Integration into MPLAB X IDE projects
- User-defined macros to streamline assembly code
- Conditional assembly for multipurpose source files
- Directives that allow complete control over the assembly process

43.4 MPLINK Object Linker/ MPLIB Object Librarian

The MPLINK Object Linker combines relocatable objects created by the MPASM Assembler. It can link relocatable objects from precompiled libraries, using directives from a linker script.

The MPLIB Object Librarian manages the creation and modification of library files of precompiled code. When a routine from a library is called from a source file, only the modules that contain that routine will be linked in with the application. This allows large libraries to be used efficiently in many different applications.

The object linker/librarian features include:

- Efficient linking of single libraries instead of many smaller files
- Enhanced code maintainability by grouping related modules together
- Flexible creation of libraries with easy module listing, replacement, deletion and extraction

43.5 MPLAB Assembler, Linker and Librarian for Various Device Families

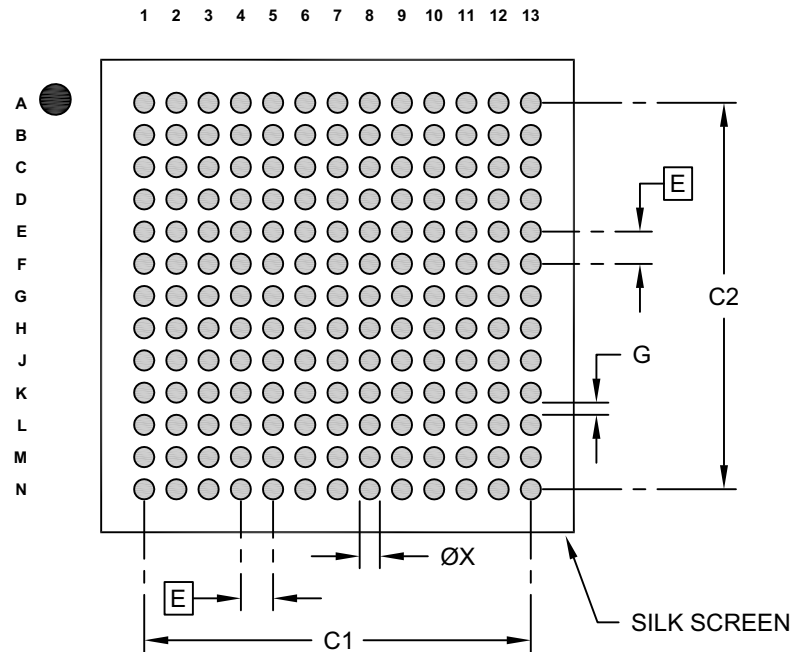
MPLAB Assembler produces relocatable machine code from symbolic assembly language for PIC24, PIC32 and dsPIC DSC devices. MPLAB XC Compiler uses the assembler to produce its object file. The assembler generates relocatable object files that can then be archived or linked with other relocatable object files and archives to create an executable file. Notable features of the assembler include:

- Support for the entire device instruction set
- Support for fixed-point and floating-point data
- Command-line interface
- Rich directive set
- Flexible macro language
- MPLAB X IDE compatibility

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family

169-Ball Low Profile Ball Grid Array (6JX) - 11x11 mm Body [LFBGA]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.80 BSC		
Overall Contact Pad Spacing	C1		9.60	
Overall Contact Pad Spacing	C2		9.60	
Contact Pad Width (X169)	X1			0.50
Contact Pad to Contact Pad	G	0.30		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2439A