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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	6060
Total RAM Bits	719872
Number of I/O	161
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl005-vf256

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1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 11.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 11.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 24, page 22 with minimum and maximum values for input current low and high (SAR 73114 and 80314).
- Added Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics, page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79517).
- Added 060 device in Table 282, page 110 (SAR 79860).
- Added DEVRST_N to Functional Times, page 116 (SAR 73114).
- Added Cryptographic Block Characteristics, page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79516).
- Update Table 296, page 121 with VTX-AMP details (SAR 81756).
- Update note in Table 297, page 122 (SAR 74570 and 80677).
- Update Table 298, page 122 with generic EPICS details (SAR 75307).
- Added Table 308, page 129 (SAR 50424).

1.2 Revision 10.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 10.0 of this document.

- The Surge Current on VDD during DEVRST_B Assertion and Surge Current on VDD during Digest Check using System Services tables were deleted and added reference to *AC393: Board Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs Application Note*. (SAR 76865 and 76623).
- Added 060 device in Table 4, page 6 (SAR 76383).
- Updated Table 24, page 22 for ramp time input (SAR 72103).
- Added 060 device details in Table 284, page 112 (SAR 74927).
- Updated Table 290, page 116 for name change (SAR 74925).
- Updated Table 283, page 111 for 060 FG676 Package details (SAR 78849).
- Updated Table 305, page 126 for SmartFusion2 and Table 310, page 129 for IGLOO2 for SPI timing and Fmax (SAR 56645, 75331).
- Updated Table 293, page 119 for Flash*Freeze entry and exit times (SAR 75329, 75330).
- Updated Table 297, page 122 for RX-CID information (SAR 78271).
- Added Table 8, page 8 and Figure 1, page 9 (SAR 78932).
- Updated Table 223, page 76 for timing characteristics and Table 224, page 77 (SAR 75998).
- Added SRAM PUF, page 105 (SAR 64406).
- Added a footnote on digest cycle in Table 5, page 7 (SAR 79812).

1.3 Revision 9.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 9.0 of this document.

- Added a note in Table 5, page 7 (SAR 71506).
- Added a note in Table 6, page 8 (SAR 74616).
- Added a note in Figure 3, page 17 (SAR 71506).
- Updated Quiescent Supply Current for 060 in Table 11, page 12 and Table 12, page 13 (SAR 74483).
- Updated programming currents for 060 in Table 13, page 13, Table 14, page 13, and Table 15, page 14.
- Added DEVRST_B assertion tables (SAR 74708).
- Updated I/O speeds for LVDS 3.3 V in Table 18, page 19 and Table 21, page 20 (SAR 69829).
- Updated Table 24, page 22 (SAR 69418).
- Updated Table 25, page 22, Table 26, page 23, Table 27, page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Updated all AC/DC table to link to the Input Capacitance, Leakage Current, and Ramp Time, page 22 for reference (SAR 69418).

Table 11 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current ($V_{DD} = 1.2$ V) – Typical Process

Symbol	Modes	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit	Conditions
IDC2	Flash*Freeze	1.4	2.6	3.7	5.1	5.0	5.1	8.9	mA	Typical ($T_J = 25$ °C)
		12.0	20.0	26.6	35.3	35.4	35.7	57.8	mA	Commercial ($T_J = 85$ °C)
		18.5	30.8	41.0	54.5	54.5	55.0	89.0	mA	Industrial ($T_J = 100$ °C)

Table 12 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current ($V_{DD} = 1.26$ V) – Worst-Case Process

Symbol	Modes	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit	Conditions
IDC1	Non-Flash*Freeze	43.8	57.0	84.6	132.3	161.4	163.0	242.5	mA	Commercial ($T_J = 85$ °C)
		65.3	85.7	127.8	200.9	245.4	247.8	369.0	mA	Industrial ($T_J = 100$ °C)
IDC2	Flash*Freeze	29.1	45.6	51.7	62.7	69.3	70.0	84.8	mA	Commercial ($T_J = 85$ °C)
		44.9	70.3	79.7	96.5	106.8	107.8	130.6	mA	Industrial ($T_J = 100$ °C)

2.3.2.2 Programming Currents

The following tables represent programming, verify and Inrush currents for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGA devices.

Table 13 • Currents During Program Cycle, 0 °C <= T_J <= 85 °C – Typical Process

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150 ¹	Unit
V_{DD}	1.26	46	53	55	58	30	42	52	mA
V_{PP}	3.46	8	11	6	10	9	12	12	mA
V_{PPNVM}	3.46	1	2	2	3	3	3		mA
V_{DDI}	2.62	31	16	17	1	12	12	81	mA
	3.46	62	31	36	1	12	17	84	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

1. V_{PP} and V_{PPNVM} are internally shorted.

Table 14 • Currents During Verify Cycle, 0 °C <= T_J <= 85 °C – Typical Process

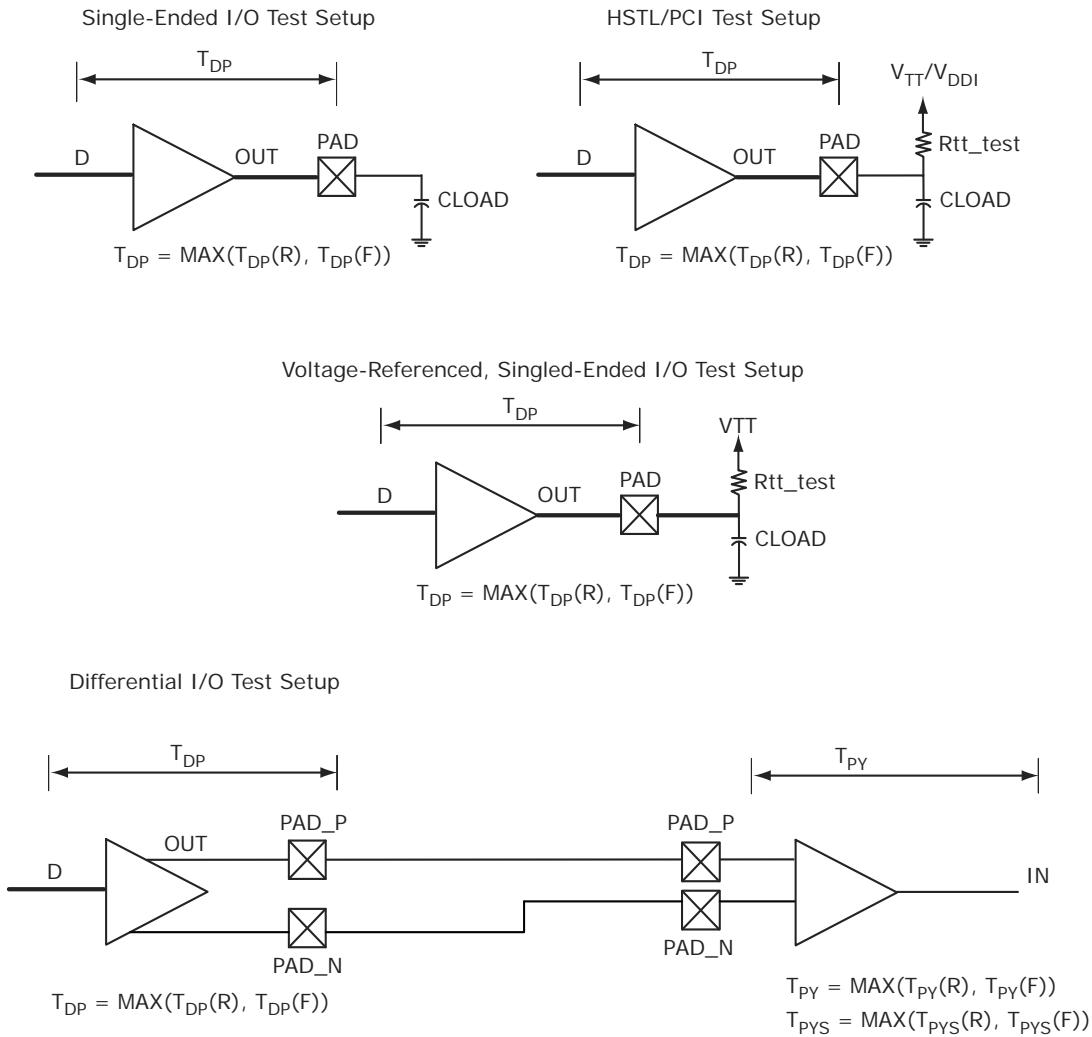
Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150 ¹	Unit
V_{DD}	1.26	44	53	55	58	33	41	51	mA
V_{PP}	3.46	6	5	3	15	8	11	12	mA
V_{PPNVM}	3.46	1	0	0	1	1	1		mA
V_{DDI}	2.62	31	16	17	1	12	11	81	mA
	3.46	61	32	36	1	12	17	84	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

1. V_{PP} and V_{PPNVM} are internally shorted.

2.3.5.2 Output Buffer and AC Loading

The following figure shows the output buffer and AC loading.

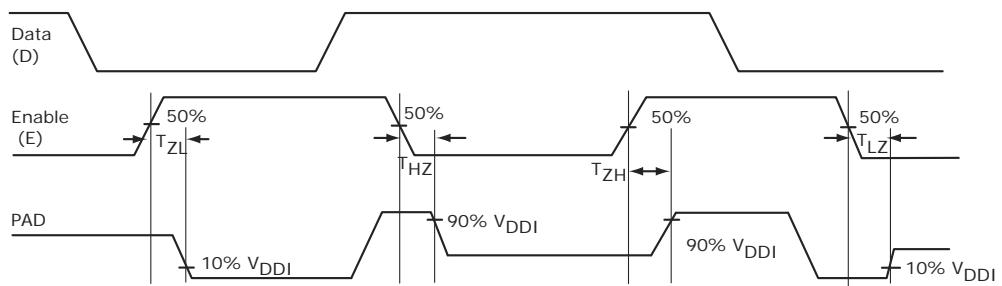
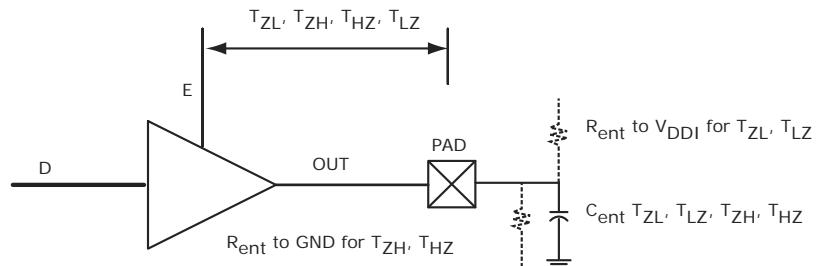
Figure 4 • Output Buffer AC Loading



2.3.5.3 Tristate Buffer and AC Loading

The tristate path for enable path loadings is described in the respective specifications. The following figure shows the methodology of characterization illustrated by the enable path test point.

Figure 5 • Tristate Buffer for Enable Path Test Point



2.3.5.4 I/O Speeds

This section describes the maximum data rate summary of I/O in worst-case industrial conditions. See the individual I/O standards for operating conditions.

Table 18 • Maximum Data Rate Summary Table for Single-Ended I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	DDRIO	Unit
PCI 3.3 V	630			Mbps
LVTTL 3.3 V	600			Mbps
LVCMS 3.3 V	600			Mbps
LVCMS 2.5 V	410	420	400	Mbps
LVCMS 1.8 V	295	400	400	Mbps
LVCMS 1.5 V	160	220	235	Mbps
LVCMS 1.2 V	120	160	200	Mbps
LPDDR-LVCMS 1.8 V mode			400	Mbps

2.3.5.5 Detailed I/O Characteristics

Table 24 • Input Capacitance, Leakage Current, and Ramp Time

Symbol	Description	Maximum	Unit	Conditions
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	10	pF	
$I_{IL} \text{ (dc)}$	Input current low (Applicable to HSTL/SSTL inputs only)	400	μA	$V_{DDI} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
		500	μA	$V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
		600	μA	$V_{DDI} = 1.5 \text{ V}^1$
$I_{IH} \text{ (dc)}$	Input current high (Applicable to all other digital inputs)	10	μA	
		400	μA	$V_{DDI} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
		500	μA	$V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
T_{RAMPIN}^2	Input ramp time (Applicable to all digital inputs)	600	μA	$V_{DDI} = 1.5 \text{ V}^1$
		10	μA	
		50	ns	

1. Applicable when I/O pair is programmed with an HSTL/SSTL I/O type on IOP and an un-terminated I/O type (LVCMOS, for example) on ION pad.
2. Voltage ramp must be monotonic.

The following table lists the minimum and maximum I/O weak pull-up/pull-down resistance values of DDRIO I/O bank at V_{OH}/V_{OL} Level.

Table 25 • I/O Weak Pull-up/Pull-down Resistances for DDRIO I/O Bank

V_{DDI} Domain	R(WEAK PULL-UP) at V_{OH} (Ω)		R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) at V_{OL} (Ω)	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
2.5 V ^{1, 2}	10K	17.8K	9.98K	18K
1.8 V ^{1, 2}	10.3K	19.1K	10.3K	19.5K
1.5 V ^{1, 2}	10.6K	20.2K	10.6K	21.1K
1.2 V ^{1, 2}	11.1K	22.7K	11.2K	24.6K

1. $R(\text{WEAK PULL-DOWN}) = (V_{OL\text{spec}})/I(\text{WEAK PULL-DOWN MAX})$.
2. $R(\text{WEAK PULL-UP}) = (V_{DDI\text{max}} - V_{OH\text{spec}})/I(\text{WEAK PULL-UP MIN})$.

Table 34 • LVTTL/LVC MOS 3.3 V AC Test Parameter Specifications (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V _{TRIP}	1.4	V
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	C _{ENT}	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP})	C _{LOAD}	5	pF

Table 35 • LVTTL/LVC MOS 3.3 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications for MSIO I/O Bank

Output Drive Selection	V _{OH} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	I _{OH} (at V _{OH}) mA	I _{OL} (at V _{OL}) mA
2 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	2	2
4 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	4	4
8 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	8	8
12 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	12	12
16 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	16	16
20 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	20	20

Note: For a detailed I/V curve, use the corresponding IBIS models:
www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx.

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 3.0 V

Table 36 • LVTTL/LVC MOS 3.3 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}				T _{PYS}	Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std		
None	2.262	2.663	2.289	2.695	ns	

Table 37 • LVTTL/LVC MOS 3.3 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}			T _{ZL}			T _{ZH}			T _{HZ} ¹			T _{LZ} ¹			Unit					
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	ns						
2 mA	Slow	3.192	3.755	3.47	4.083	2.969	3.494	1.856	2.183	3.337	3.926	2.052	2.414	2.107	2.479	2.162	2.544	5.75	6.764	5.445	6.406	ns
4 mA	Slow	2.331	2.742	2.673	3.145	2.526	2.973	3.034	3.569	4.451	5.236	2.135	2.511	2.33	2.741	2.297	2.703	4.532	5.331	4.825	5.676	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.052	2.414	2.107	2.479	2.162	2.544	5.75	6.764	5.445	6.406	2.062	2.425	2.072	2.438	2.145	2.525	5.993	7.05	5.625	6.618	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.148	2.527	1.999	2.353	2.088	2.458	6.262	7.367	5.876	6.913	2.148	2.527	1.999	2.353	2.088	2.458	6.262	7.367	5.876	6.913	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 62 • LVC MOS 1.5 V DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V _{OH}	V _{DDI} × 0.75		V
DC output logic low	V _{OL}		V _{DDI} × 0.25	V

Table 63 • LVC MOS 1.5 V AC Minimum and Maximum Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	235	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	160	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	220	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

Table 64 • LVC MOS 1.5 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R _{ODT_CA} L	75, 60, 50, 40	Ω

Table 65 • LVC MOS 1.5 V AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point	V _{TRIP}	0.75	V
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	C _{ENT}	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP})	C _{LOAD}	5	pF

Table 66 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications

MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank	Output Drive Selection		V _{OH} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	IOH (at V _{OH})	IOL (at V _{OL})
			Min	Max				
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	V _{DDI} × 0.75	V _{DDI} × 0.25	2		2	
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	V _{DDI} × 0.75	V _{DDI} × 0.25	4		4	
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	V _{DDI} × 0.75	V _{DDI} × 0.25	6		6	
8 mA		8 mA	V _{DDI} × 0.75	V _{DDI} × 0.25	8		8	
		10 mA	V _{DDI} × 0.75	V _{DDI} × 0.25	10		10	
		12 mA	V _{DDI} × 0.75	V _{DDI} × 0.25	12		12	

Note: For a detailed I/V curve, use the corresponding IBIS models:
www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx.

Table 118 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class II Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	2.29	2.693	1.988	2.338	1.978	2.326	1.989	2.34	1.979	2.328	ns
Differential	2.418	2.846	2.304	2.711	2.297	2.702	2.131	2.506	2.124	2.499	ns

2.3.6.4 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 1.8 V (SSTL18)

SSTL18 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs, and also comply with the reduced and full drive double date rate (DDR2) standard. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os support both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL18. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification**Table 119 • SSTL18 DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
Termination voltage	V_{TT}	0.838	0.900	0.964	V
Input reference voltage	V_{REF}	0.838	0.900	0.964	V

Table 120 • SSTL18 DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	V_{IH} (DC)	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	1.89	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	V
Input current high ¹	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 121 • SSTL18 DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
SSTL18 Class I (DDR2 Reduced Drive)				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	$V_{TT} + 0.603$		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		$V_{TT} - 0.603$	V
Output minimum source DC current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	6.5		mA
Output minimum sink current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	-6.5		mA
SSTL18 Class II (DDR2 Full Drive)¹				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	$V_{TT} + 0.603$		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		$V_{TT} - 0.603$	V
Output minimum source DC current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	13.4		mA
Output minimum sink current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	-13.4		mA

1. To meet JEDEC Electrical Compliance, use DDR2 Full Drive Transmitter.

Table 131 • SSTL15 DC Output Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DDR3/SSTL15 Class I (DDR3 Reduced Drive)				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	$0.8 \times V_{DDI}$		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		$0.2 \times V_{DDI}$	V
Output minimum source DC current	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	6.5		mA
Output minimum sink current	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	-6.5		mA
DDR3/SSTL15 Class II (DDR3 Full Drive)				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	$0.8 \times V_{DDI}$		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		$0.2 \times V_{DDI}$	V
Output minimum source DC current	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	7.6		mA
Output minimum sink current	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	-7.6		mA

Table 132 • SSTL15 DC Differential Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID}	0.2	V

Note: To meet JEDEC electrical compliance, use DDR3 full drive transmitter.

Table 133 • SSTL15 AC SSTL15 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF} (AC)	0.3		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x (AC)	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} - 0.150$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} + 0.150$	V

Table 134 • SSTL15 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	D_{MAX}	667	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications

Table 135 • SSTL15 AC Calibrated Impedance Option (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance	R_{REF}	34, 40	Ω	Reference resistor = 240 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT)	R_{TT}	20, 30, 40, 60, 120	Ω	Reference resistor = 240 Ω

Table 168 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
	-1	-Std	Unit	
None	2.554	3.004	ns	
100	2.549	2.999	ns	

Table 169 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

T _{DP}	T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2.136	2.513	2.416	2.842	2.402	2.825	2.423	2.85	2.409	2.833 ns

Table 170 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
No pre-emphasis	1.61	1.893	1.749	2.058	1.735	2.041	1.897	2.231	1.866	2.195	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.527	1.796	1.757	2.067	1.744	2.052	1.905	2.241	1.876	2.207	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.496	1.76	1.765	2.077	1.751	2.06	1.914	2.252	1.884	2.216	ns

LVDS33 AC Switching Characteristics**Table 171 • LVDS33 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
	-1	-Std	Unit	
None	2.572	3.025	ns	
100	2.569	3.023	ns	

Table 172 • LVDS33 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

T _{DP}	T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
1.942	2.284	1.98	2.33	1.97	2.318	1.953	2.298	1.96	2.307 ns

2.3.7.5 RSDS

Reduced Swing Differential Signaling (RSDS) is similar to an LVDS high-speed interface using differential signaling. RSDS has a similar implementation to LVDS devices and is only intended for point-to-point applications.

Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

Table 203 • RSDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

Table 204 • RSDS DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	V_I	0	2.925	V

Table 205 • RSDS DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

Table 206 • RSDS Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V_{OD}	100	600	mV
Output common mode voltage	V_{OCM}	0.5	1.5	V
Input common mode voltage	V_{ICM}	0.3	1.5	V
Input differential voltage	V_{ID}	100	600	mV

Table 207 • RSDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	520	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

Table 208 • RSDS AC Impedance Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Termination resistance	R_T	100	Ω

Table 209 • RSDS AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF

Table 222 • Output DDR Propagation Delays (continued)

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	-1	-Std	Unit
$T_{DDROWAL}$	Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for output DDR	C, C	0.304	0.357	ns
$T_{DDROCKMPWH}$	Clock minimum pulse width high for the output DDR	E, E	0.075	0.088	ns
$T_{DDROCKMPWL}$	Clock minimum pulse width low for the output DDR	E, E	0.159	0.187	ns

2.3.10 Logic Element Specifications

2.3.10.1 4-input LUT (LUT-4)

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs offer a fully permutable 4-input LUT. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a sample of the library. For more details, see *SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Macro Library Guide*.

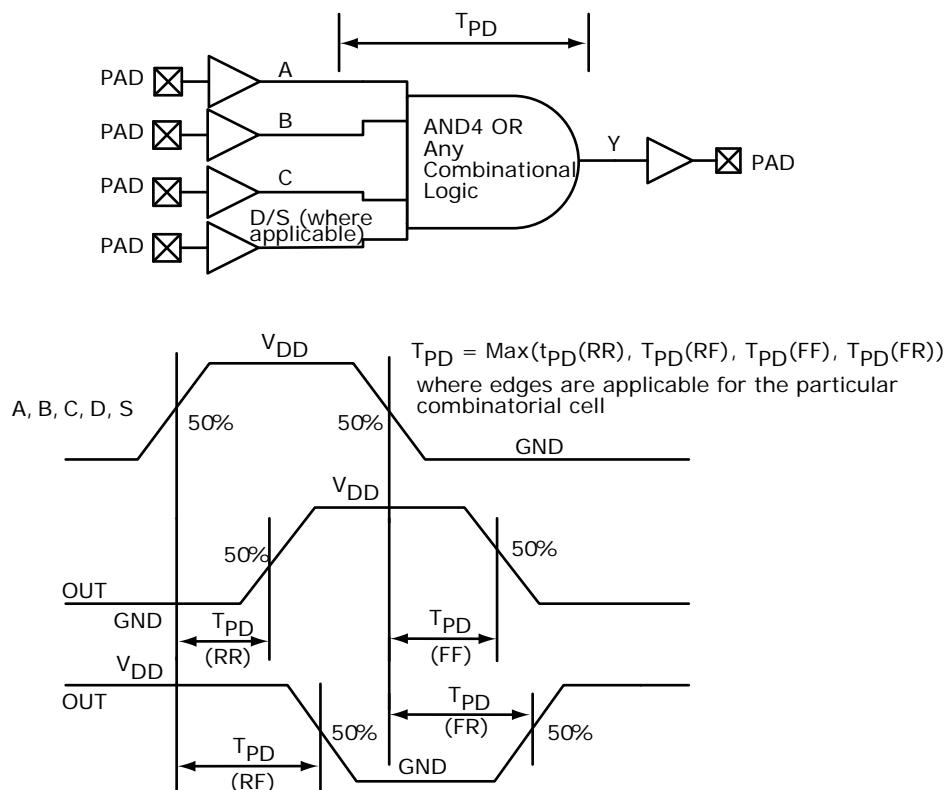
Figure 14 • LUT-4

Table 233 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 4K × 4 (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	T _{PLCLKMPWL}	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.323		0.38	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T _{CLK2Q}		2.273		2.673	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.511		1.778	ns
Address setup time	T _{ADDRSU}	0.543		0.638		ns
Address hold time	T _{ADDRHD}	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T _{DSU}	0.334		0.393		ns
Data hold time	T _{DHD}	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	T _{BLKSU}	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T _{BLKHD}	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T _{BLK2Q}		1.511		1.778	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T _{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T _{RDESU}	0.516		0.607		ns
Read enable hold time	T _{RDEHD}	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T _{RDPLESU}	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T _{RDPLEHD}	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T _{R2Q}		1.507		1.773	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T _{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T _{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T _{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	T _{PLRSTREM}	-0.279		-0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	T _{PLRSTREC}	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T _{PLRSTMPW}	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T _{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T _{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WESU}	0.458		0.539		ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WEHD}	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 8K × 2 in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 234 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 8K × 2

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std	
		Min	Max	Min	Max
Clock period	T_{CY}	2.5	2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125	1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125	1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T_{PLCY}	2.5	2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125	1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125	1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.32	0.377	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		2.272	2.673	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.511	1.778	ns
Address setup time	T_{ADDRSU}	0.612	0.72		ns
Address hold time	T_{ADDRHD}	0.274	0.322		ns
Data setup time	T_{DSU}	0.33	0.388		ns
Data hold time	T_{DHD}	0.082	0.096		ns
Block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	0.207	0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	0.216	0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		1.511	1.778	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T_{BLKMPW}	0.186	0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDESU}	0.529	0.622		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDEHD}	0.071	0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248	0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102	0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T_{R2Q}		1.528	1.797	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T_{RSTREM}	0.506	0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T_{RSTREC}	0.004	0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T_{RSTMPW}	0.301	0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	-0.279	-0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327	0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282	0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.226	0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.036	0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WESU}	0.488	0.574		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WEHD}	0.048	0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		400	340	MHz

2.3.17 Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics

For more information about NRBG, see *AC407: Using NRBG Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note*. The following table lists the NRBG in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 275 • Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG)

Service	Timing	Unit	Conditions	
			Prediction Resistance	Additional Input
Instantiate	85	ms	OFF	X
Generate (after Instantiate) ¹	4.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	6.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	7.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (after Instantiate)	47	ms	ON	X
Generate (subsequent) ¹	0.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	2.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	3.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (subsequent)	43	ms	ON	X
Reseed	40	ms		
Uninstantiate	0.16	ms		
Reset	0.10	ms		
Self test	20	ms	First time after power-up	
	6	ms	Subsequent	

1. If PUF_OFF, generate will incur additional PUF delay time for consecutive service calls.

2.3.18 Cryptographic Block Characteristics

For more information about cryptographic block and associated services, see *AC410: Using AES System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note* and *AC432: Using SHA-256 System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note*.

The following table lists the cryptographic block characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 276 • Cryptographic Block Characteristics

Service	Conditions	Timing	Unit
Any service	First certificate check penalty at boot	11.5	ms
AES128/256 (encoding / decoding) ¹	100 blocks up to 64k blocks	700	kbps

Table 277 • Electrical Characteristics of the Crystal Oscillator – High Gain Mode (20 MHz) (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Startup time (with regard to stable oscillator output)	SUXTAL		0.8	ms	005, 010, 025, and 050 devices	005, 010, 025, and 050 devices
						090 and 150 devices

Table 278 • Electrical Characteristics of the Crystal Oscillator – Medium Gain Mode (2 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Operating frequency	FXTAL		2		MHz	
Accuracy	ACCXTAL			0.00105	%	050 devices
				0.003	%	005, 010, 025, 090, and 150 devices
				0.004	%	060 devices
Output duty cycle	CYCXTAL	49–51	47–53		%	
Output period jitter (peak to peak)	JITPERXTAL	1	5		ns	
Output cycle to cycle jitter (peak to peak)	JITCYCXTAL		1	5	ns	
Operating current	IDYNXTAL		0.3		mA	
Input logic level high	VIHXTAL	0.9 V _{PP}			V	
Input logic level low	VILXTAL			0.1 V _{PP}	V	
Startup time (with regard to stable oscillator output)	SUXTAL			4.5	ms	010 and 050 devices
				5	ms	005 and 025 devices
				7	ms	090 and 150 devices

Table 279 • Electrical Characteristics of the Crystal Oscillator – Low Gain Mode (32 kHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Operating frequency	FXTAL		32		kHz	
Accuracy	ACCXTAL			0.004	%	005, 010, 025, 050, 060, and 090 devices
				0.005	%	150 devices
Output duty cycle	CYCXTAL	49–51	47–53		%	
Output period jitter (peak to peak)	JITPERXTAL	150	300		ns	
Output cycle to cycle jitter (peak to peak)	JITCYCXTAL	150	300		ns	
Operating current	IDYNXTAL			0.044	mA	010 and 050 devices
				0.060	mA	005, 025, 060, 090, and 150 devices
Input logic level high	VIHXTAL	0.9 V _{PP}			V	
Input logic level low	VILXTAL			0.1 V _{PP}	V	
Startup time (with regard to stable oscillator output)	SUXTAL			115	ms	005, 025, 050, 090, and 150 devices
				126	ms	010 devices

Table 303 • I²C Characteristics (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	D _{MAX}			400	Kbps	Fast mode
				100	Kbps	Standard mode
Pulse width of spikes which must be suppressed by the input filter	T _{FILT}	50		ns		Fast mode

1. These values are provided for MSIO Bank–LVTTL 8 mA Low Drive at 25 °C, typical conditions. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. These maximum values are provided for information only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on V_{DDI_x}, drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
3. R(PULL-DOWN-MAX) = (V_{OL}spec)/I_{OL}spec.
4. R(PULL-UP-MAX) = (V_{DDI}max–V_{OHS}spec)/I_{OHS}spec.

The following table lists the I²C switching characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V

Table 304 • I²C Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	-1		Std
		Min	Min	Unit
Low period of I ² C_x_SCL	T _{LOW}	1	1	PCLK cycles
High period of I ² C_x_SCL	T _{HIGH}	1	1	PCLK cycles
START hold time	T _{HD;STA}	1	1	PCLK cycles
START setup time	T _{SU;STA}	1	1	PCLK cycles
DATA hold time	T _{HD;DAT}	1	1	PCLK cycles
DATA setup time	T _{SU;DAT}	1	1	PCLK cycles
STOP setup time	T _{SU;STO}	1	1	PCLK cycles

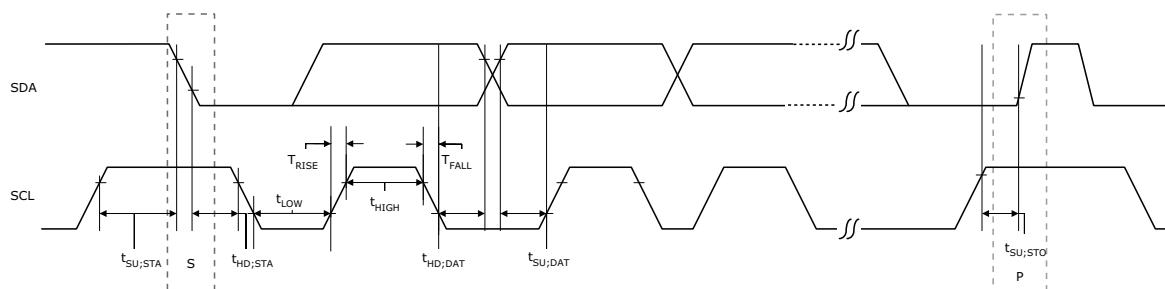
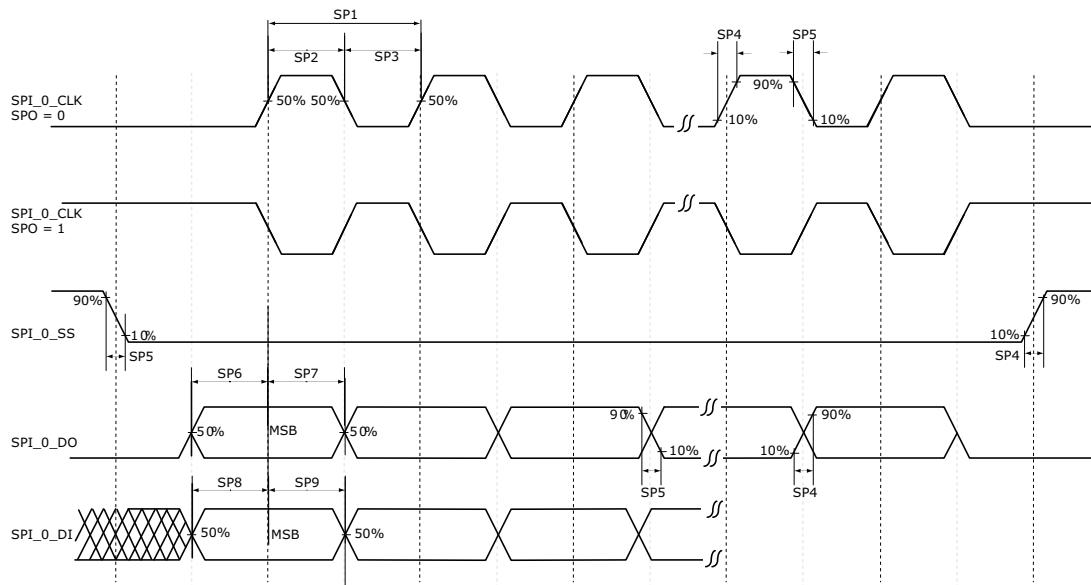
Figure 21 • I²C Timing Parameter Definition

Table 305 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
sp5	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS fall time (10%– 90%) ¹		2.906	ns		IO Configuration: LVC MOS 2.5 V-8 mA AC Loading: 35 pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25 °C
SPI master configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 8.0		ns		
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 2.5		ns		
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	12		ns		
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5		ns		
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 17.0		ns		
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) + 3.0		ns		
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	2		ns		
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	7		ns		
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0		ns		
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5		ns		
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	15		ns		
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	-2.5		ns		
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0		ns		
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) - 3.5		ns		
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	3		ns		
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5		ns		

1. For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. For allowable pclk configurations, see Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

Figure 22 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)

2.3.32 CAN Controller Characteristics

The following table lists the CAN controller characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 306 • CAN Controller Characteristics

Parameter	Description	-1	-Std	Unit
FCANREFCLK ¹	Internally sourced CAN reference clock frequency	160	136	MHz
BAUDCANMAX	Maximum CAN performance baud rate	1	1	Mbps
BAUDCANMIN	Minimum CAN performance baud rate	0.05	0.05	Mbps

1. PCLK to CAN controller must be a multiple of 8 MHz.

2.3.33 USB Characteristics

The following table lists the USB characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 307 • USB Characteristics

Parameter	Description	-1	-Std	Unit
FUSBREFCLK	Internally sourced USB reference clock frequency	166	142	MHz
TUSBCLK	USB clock period	16.66	16.66	ns
TUSBPD	Clock to USB data propagation delay	9.0	9.0	ns
TUSBSU	Setup time for USB data	6.0	6.0	ns
TUSBHD	Hold time for USB data	0	0	ns