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### **Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	12084
Total RAM Bits	933888
Number of I/O	138
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (14x14)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl010-vfg256">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl010-vfg256</a>



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where

- $\theta_{JA}$  = Junction-to-air thermal resistance
- $\theta_{JB}$  = Junction-to-board thermal resistance
- $\theta_{JC}$  = Junction-to-case thermal resistance
- $T_J$  = Junction temperature
- $T_A$  = Ambient temperature
- $T_B$  = Board temperature (measured 1.0 mm away from the package edge)
- $T_C$  = Case temperature
- $P$  = Total power dissipated by the device

**Table 9 • Package Thermal Resistance of SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices**

Device	Still Air	1.0 m/s	2.5 m/s	$\theta_{JB}$	$\theta_{JC}$	Unit
		$\theta_{JA}$				
<b>005</b>						
FG484	19.36	15.81	14.63	9.74	5.27	°C/W
VF256	41.30	38.16	35.30	28.41	3.94	°C/W
VF400	20.19	16.94	15.41	8.86	4.95	°C/W
TQ144	42.80	36.80	34.50	37.20	10.80	°C/W
<b>010</b>						
FG484	18.22	14.83	13.62	8.83	4.92	°C/W
VF256	37.36	34.26	31.45	24.84	7.89	°C/W
VF400	19.40	15.75	14.22	8.11	4.22	°C/W
TQ144	38.60	32.60	30.30	31.80	8.60	°C/W
<b>025</b>						
FG484	17.03	13.66	12.45	7.66	4.18	°C/W
VF256	33.85	30.59	27.85	21.63	6.13	°C/W
VF400	18.36	14.89	13.36	7.12	3.41	°C/W
FCS325	29.17	24.87	23.12	14.44	2.31	°C/W
<b>050</b>						
FG484	15.29	12.19	10.99	6.27	3.24	°C/W
FG896	14.70	12.50	10.90	7.20	4.90	°C/W
VF400	17.53	14.17	12.63	6.32	2.81	°C/W
FCS325	27.38	23.18	21.41	12.47	1.59	°C/W
<b>060</b>						
FG484	15.40	12.06	10.85	6.14	3.15	°C/W
FG676	15.49	12.21	11.06	7.07	3.87	°C/W
VF400	17.45	14.01	12.47	6.22	2.69	°C/W
FCS325	27.03	22.91	21.25	12.33	1.54	°C/W
<b>090</b>						
FG484	14.64	11.37	10.16	5.43	2.77	°C/W
FG676	14.52	11.19	10.37	6.17	3.24	°C/W
FCS325	26.63	22.26	20.13	14.24	2.50	°C/W

## 2.3.2 Power Consumption

The following sections describe the power consumptions of the devices.

### 2.3.2.1 Quiescent Supply Current

**Table 10 • Quiescent Supply Current Characteristics**

Power Supplies/Blocks	Modes and Configurations	
	Non-Flash*Freeze	Flash*Freeze
FPGA Core	On	Off
V <sub>DD</sub> /SERDES_[01]_VDD <sup>1</sup>	On	On
V <sub>PP</sub> /V <sub>PPNVM</sub>	On	On
HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA/FDDR_PLL_VDDA/ CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA/PLL0_PLL1_HPMs_MDDR_VDD A	0 V	0 V
SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA <sup>2</sup>	0 V	0 V
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL/VDD_2V5 <sup>2</sup>	On	On
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIIO <sup>2</sup>	On	On
V <sub>DDI</sub> <sup>3, 4</sup>	On	On
V <sub>REF</sub> <sub>x</sub>	On	On
MSSDDR CLK	32 kHz	32 kHz
RAM	On	Sleep state
System controller	50 MHz	50 MHz
50 MHz oscillator (enable/disable)	Enable	Disabled
1 MHz oscillator (enable/disable)	Disabled	Disabled
Crystal oscillator (enable/disable)	Disabled	Disabled

1. SERDES\_[01]\_VDD Power Supply is shorted to V<sub>DD</sub>.
2. SerDes and DDR blocks to be unused.
3. V<sub>DDI</sub> has been set to ON for test conditions as described. Banks on the east side should always be powered with the appropriate V<sub>DDI</sub> bank supplies. For details on bank power supplies, see “Recommendation for Unused Bank Supplies” table in the [AC393: SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Board Design Guidelines Application Note](#).
4. No Differential (that is to say, LVDS) I/Os or ODT attributes to be used.

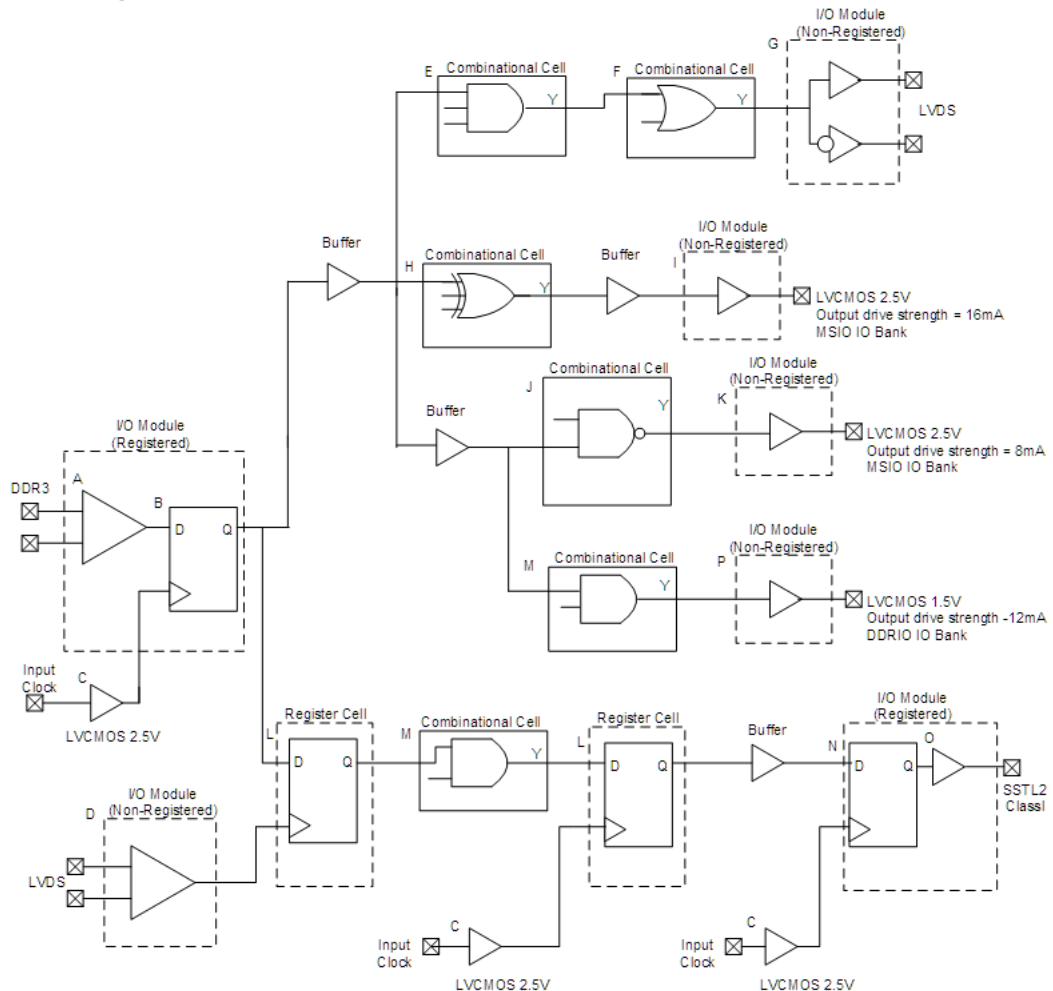
**Table 11 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current (V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.2 V) – Typical Process**

Symbol	Modes	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit	Conditions
IDC1	Non-Flash*Freeze	6.2	6.9	8.9	13.1	15.3	15.4	27.5	mA	Typical (T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C)
		24.0	28.4	40.6	67.8	80.6	81.4	144.7	mA	Commercial (T <sub>J</sub> = 85 °C)
		35.2	41.9	60.5	102.1	121.4	122.6	219.1	mA	Industrial (T <sub>J</sub> = 100 °C)

## 2.3.4 Timing Model

This section describes timing model and timing parameters.

**Figure 2 • Timing Model**



The following table lists the timing model parameters in worst commercial-case conditions when T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V.

**Table 17 • Timing Model Parameters**

Index	Symbol	Description	-1	Unit	For More Information
A	T <sub>PY</sub>	Propagation delay of DDR3 receiver	1.605	ns	<a href="#">See Table 137, page 50</a>
B	T <sub>ICLKQ</sub>	Clock-to-Q of the input data register	0.16	ns	<a href="#">See Table 221, page 71</a>
	T <sub>ISUD</sub>	Setup time of the input data register	0.357	ns	<a href="#">See Table 221, page 71</a>
C	T <sub>RCKH</sub>	Input high delay for global clock	1.53	ns	<a href="#">See Table 227, page 78</a>
	T <sub>RCKL</sub>	Input low delay for global clock	0.897	ns	<a href="#">See Table 227, page 78</a>
D	T <sub>PY</sub>	Input propagation delay of LVDS receiver	2.774	ns	<a href="#">See Table 167, page 56</a>
E	T <sub>DP</sub>	Propagation delay of a three-input AND gate	0.198	ns	<a href="#">See Table 223, page 76</a>

**Table 22 • Maximum Frequency Summary Table for Voltage-Referenced I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions**

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	DDRIO	Unit
LPDDR			200	MHz
HSTL 1.5 V			200	MHz
SSTL 2.5 V	255	350	200	MHz
SSTL 1.8 V			334	MHz
SSTL 1.5 V			334	MHz

**Table 23 • Maximum Frequency Summary Table for Differential I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions**

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	Unit
LVPECL (input only)	450		MHz
LVDS 3.3 V	267.5		MHz
LVDS 2.5 V	267.5	350	MHz
RSDS	260	350	MHz
BLVDS	250		MHz
MLVDS	250		MHz
Mini-LVDS	260	350	MHz

### 2.3.5.5 Detailed I/O Characteristics

**Table 24 • Input Capacitance, Leakage Current, and Ramp Time**

Symbol	Description	Maximum	Unit	Conditions
$C_{IN}$	Input capacitance	10	pF	
$I_{IL} \text{ (dc)}$	Input current low (Applicable to HSTL/SSTL inputs only)	400	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDI} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
		500	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
		600	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDI} = 1.5 \text{ V}^1$
$I_{IH} \text{ (dc)}$	Input current high (Applicable to all other digital inputs)	10	$\mu\text{A}$	
		400	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDI} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
		500	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
$T_{RAMPIN}^2$	Input ramp time (Applicable to all digital inputs)	600	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDI} = 1.5 \text{ V}^1$
		10	$\mu\text{A}$	
		50	ns	

1. Applicable when I/O pair is programmed with an HSTL/SSTL I/O type on IOP and an un-terminated I/O type (LVCMOS, for example) on ION pad.
2. Voltage ramp must be monotonic.

The following table lists the minimum and maximum I/O weak pull-up/pull-down resistance values of DDRIO I/O bank at  $V_{OH}/V_{OL}$  Level.

**Table 25 • I/O Weak Pull-up/Pull-down Resistances for DDRIO I/O Bank**

$V_{DDI}$ Domain	R(WEAK PULL-UP) at $V_{OH}$ ( $\Omega$ )		R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) at $V_{OL}$ ( $\Omega$ )	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
2.5 V <sup>1, 2</sup>	10K	17.8K	9.98K	18K
1.8 V <sup>1, 2</sup>	10.3K	19.1K	10.3K	19.5K
1.5 V <sup>1, 2</sup>	10.6K	20.2K	10.6K	21.1K
1.2 V <sup>1, 2</sup>	11.1K	22.7K	11.2K	24.6K

1.  $R(\text{WEAK PULL-DOWN}) = (V_{OL\text{spec}})/I(\text{WEAK PULL-DOWN MAX})$ .
2.  $R(\text{WEAK PULL-UP}) = (V_{DDI\text{max}} - V_{OH\text{spec}})/I(\text{WEAK PULL-UP MIN})$ .

**Table 77 • LVC MOS 1.2 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	RODT_CAL	75, 60, 50, 40	Ω

**Table 78 • LVC MOS 1.2 V AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	0.6	V
Resistance for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	R <sub>ENT</sub>	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	C <sub>ENT</sub>	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T <sub>DP</sub> )	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	5	pF

**Table 79 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection			V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	I <sub>OH</sub> (at V <sub>OH</sub> ) mA	I <sub>OL</sub> (at V <sub>OL</sub> ) mA	
	MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank	Min	Max		
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA		V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.75	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.25	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA		V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.75	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.25	4	4
			6 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.75	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.25	6	6

**Note:** For a detailed I/V curve, use the corresponding IBIS models:  
[www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx).

#### AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V, V<sub>DDI</sub> = 1.14 V

**Table 80 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		T <sub>PYS</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	2.448	2.88	2.466	2.901	ns

**Table 81 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		T <sub>PYS</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	4.714	5.545	4.675	5.5	ns
50	6.668	7.845	6.579	7.74	ns
75	5.832	6.862	5.76	6.777	ns
150	5.162	6.073	5.111	6.014	ns

**Table 82 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>			T <sub>PYS</sub>			Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	Unit	
None	4.154	4.887	4.114	4.84	ns		
50	6.918	8.139	6.806	8.008	ns		
75	5.613	6.603	5.533	6.509	ns		
150	4.716	5.549	4.657	5.479	ns		

**Table 83 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	6.713	7.897	5.362	6.308	6.723	7.909	7.233	8.51	6.375	7.499	ns
	Medium	5.912	6.955	4.616	5.43	5.915	6.959	6.887	8.102	6.009	7.069	ns
	Medium fast	5.5	6.469	4.231	4.978	5.5	6.471	6.672	7.849	5.835	6.865	ns
	Fast	5.462	6.426	4.194	4.935	5.463	6.427	6.646	7.819	5.828	6.857	ns
4 mA	Slow	6.109	7.186	4.708	5.539	6.098	7.174	8.005	9.418	7.033	8.274	ns
	Medium	5.355	6.299	4.034	4.746	5.338	6.28	7.637	8.985	6.672	7.849	ns
	Medium fast	4.953	5.826	3.685	4.336	4.932	5.802	7.44	8.752	6.499	7.646	ns
	Fast	4.911	5.777	3.658	4.303	4.89	5.754	7.427	8.737	6.488	7.632	ns
6 mA	Slow	5.89	6.929	4.506	5.301	5.874	6.911	8.337	9.808	7.315	8.605	ns
	Medium	5.176	6.089	3.862	4.543	5.155	6.065	7.986	9.394	6.943	8.168	ns
	Medium fast	4.792	5.637	3.523	4.145	4.765	5.606	7.808	9.186	6.775	7.97	ns
	Fast	4.754	5.593	3.486	4.101	4.728	5.563	7.777	9.149	6.769	7.963	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

**Table 84 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	6.746	7.937	7.458	8.774	8.172	9.614	9.867	11.608	8.393	9.874	ns
4 mA	Slow	7.068	8.315	6.678	7.857	7.474	8.793	10.986	12.924	9.043	10.638	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

**Table 131 • SSTL15 DC Output Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>DDR3/SSTL15 Class I (DDR3 Reduced Drive)</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$0.8 \times V_{DDI}$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$0.2 \times V_{DDI}$	V
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	6.5		mA
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	-6.5		mA
<b>DDR3/SSTL15 Class II (DDR3 Full Drive)</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$0.8 \times V_{DDI}$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$0.2 \times V_{DDI}$	V
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	7.6		mA
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	-7.6		mA

**Table 132 • SSTL15 DC Differential Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$	0.2	V

**Note:** To meet JEDEC electrical compliance, use DDR3 full drive transmitter.

**Table 133 • SSTL15 AC SSTL15 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	$V_{DIFF}$ (AC)	0.3		V
AC differential cross point voltage	$V_x$ (AC)	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} - 0.150$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} + 0.150$	V

**Table 134 • SSTL15 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	$D_{MAX}$	667	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications

**Table 135 • SSTL15 AC Calibrated Impedance Option (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance	$R_{REF}$	34, 40	$\Omega$	Reference resistor = 240 $\Omega$
Effective impedance value (ODT)	$R_{TT}$	20, 30, 40, 60, 120	$\Omega$	Reference resistor = 240 $\Omega$

**Table 168 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>			Unit
	-1	-Std	Unit	
None	2.554	3.004	ns	
100	2.549	2.999	ns	

**Table 169 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub>		T <sub>LZ</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2.136	2.513	2.416	2.842	2.402	2.825	2.423	2.85	2.409	2.833 ns

**Table 170 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub>		T <sub>LZ</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std									
No pre-emphasis	1.61	1.893	1.749	2.058	1.735	2.041	1.897	2.231	1.866	2.195	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.527	1.796	1.757	2.067	1.744	2.052	1.905	2.241	1.876	2.207	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.496	1.76	1.765	2.077	1.751	2.06	1.914	2.252	1.884	2.216	ns

**LVDS33 AC Switching Characteristics****Table 171 • LVDS33 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>			Unit
	-1	-Std	Unit	
None	2.572	3.025	ns	
100	2.569	3.023	ns	

**Table 172 • LVDS33 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub>		T <sub>LZ</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
1.942	2.284	1.98	2.33	1.97	2.318	1.953	2.298	1.96	2.307 ns

**Table 191 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>			Unit
	-1	-Std		
None	2.495	2.934	ns	
100	2.495	2.935	ns	

**Table 192 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>	T <sub>ZH</sub>	T <sub>HZ</sub>	T <sub>LZ</sub>				
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit
2.258	2.656	2.348	2.762	2.334	2.746	2.123	2.497	2.125
							2.5	ns

### 2.3.7.4 Mini-LVDS

Mini-LVDS is an unidirectional interface from the timing controller to the column drivers and is designed to the Texas Instruments Standard SLDA007A.

#### Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 193 • Mini-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>DDI</sub>	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

**Table 194 • Mini-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	0	2.925	V

**Table 195 • Mini-LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V <sub>OL</sub>	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 196 • Mini-LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification**

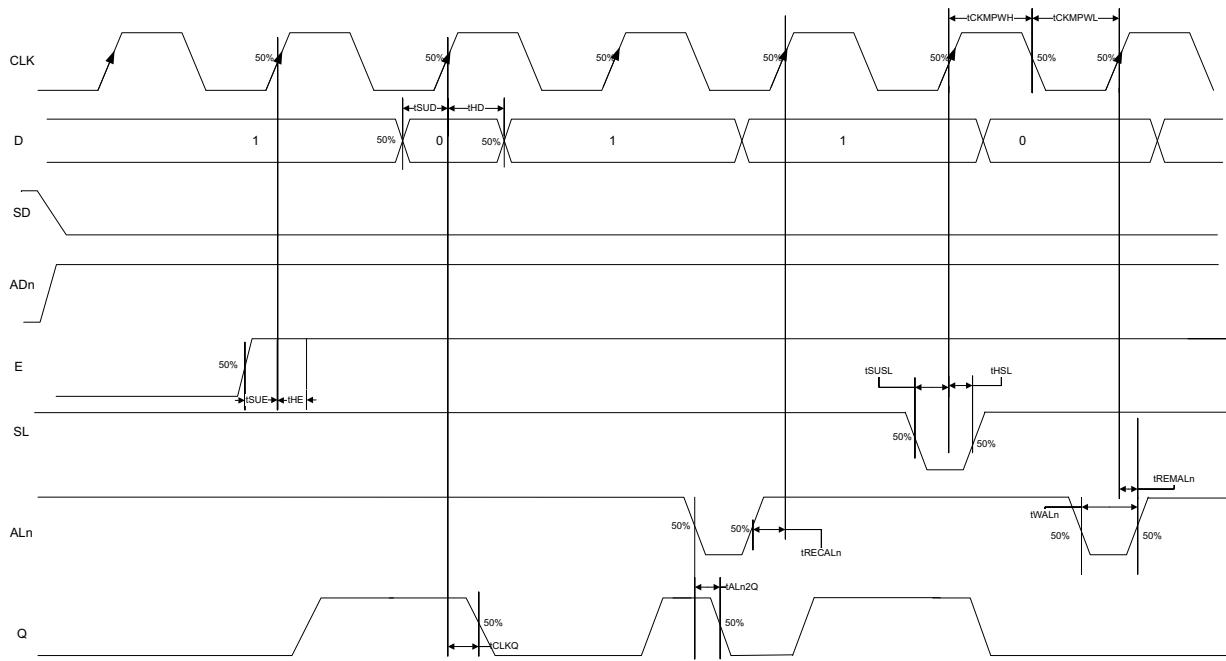
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V <sub>OD</sub>	300	600	mV
Output common mode voltage	V <sub>OCM</sub>	1	1.4	V
Input common mode voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	0.3	1.2	V
Input differential voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	600	mV

**Table 197 • Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	520	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

The following figure shows a configuration with SD = 0 (synchronous clear) and ADn = 1 (asynchronous clear) for a flip-flop (LAT = 0).

**Figure 16 • Sequential Module Timing Diagram**



### 2.3.10.3.1 Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the register delays in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 224 • Register Delays**

Parameter	Symbol	-1	-Std	Unit
Clock-to-Q of the core register	$T_{CLKQ}$	0.108	0.127	ns
Data setup time for the core register	$T_{SUD}$	0.254	0.298	ns
Data hold time for the core register	$T_{HD}$	0	0	ns
Enable setup time for the core register	$T_{SUE}$	0.335	0.394	ns
Enable hold time for the core register	$T_{HE}$	0	0	ns
Synchronous load setup time for the core register	$T_{SUSL}$	0.335	0.394	ns
Synchronous load hold time for the core register	$T_{HSL}$	0	0	ns
Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the core register (ADn = 1)	$T_{ALN2Q}$	0.473	0.556	ns
Asynchronous preset-to-Q of the core register (ADn = 0)	$T_{ALN2Q}$	0.451	0.531	ns
Asynchronous load removal time for the core register	$T_{REMLN}$	0	0	ns
Asynchronous load recovery time for the core register	$T_{RECALN}$	0.353	0.415	ns
Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for the core register	$T_{WALN}$	0.266	0.313	ns
Clock minimum pulse width high for the core register	$T_{CKMPWH}$	0.065	0.077	ns
Clock minimum pulse width low for the core register	$T_{CKMPWL}$	0.139	0.164	ns

**Table 231 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 1K × 18 (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Block select hold time	T <sub>BLKHD</sub>	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T <sub>BLK2Q</sub>		1.529		1.799	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T <sub>BLKMPW</sub>	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T <sub>RDESU</sub>	0.449		0.528		ns
Read enable hold time	T <sub>RDEHD</sub>	0.167		0.197		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T <sub>RDPLESU</sub>	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T <sub>RDPLEHD</sub>	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T <sub>R2Q</sub>	–	1.506	–	1.772	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T <sub>RSTREM</sub>	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T <sub>RSTREC</sub>	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T <sub>RSTMPW</sub>	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	T <sub>PLRSTREM</sub>	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	T <sub>PLRSTREC</sub>	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T <sub>PLRSTMPW</sub>	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T <sub>SRSTSU</sub>	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T <sub>SRSTHD</sub>	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T <sub>WESU</sub>	0.39		0.458		ns
Write enable hold time	T <sub>WEHD</sub>	0.242		0.285		ns
Maximum frequency	F <sub>MAX</sub>		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 2K × 9 in worst commercial-case conditions when T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V.

**Table 232 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 2K × 9**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	T <sub>CY</sub>	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>CLKMPWH</sub>	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>CLKMPWL</sub>	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T <sub>PLCY</sub>	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>PLCLKMPWH</sub>	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>PLCLKMPWL</sub>	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.334		0.393	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T <sub>CLK2Q</sub>		2.273		2.674	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.529		1.799	ns

**Table 239 • μSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128 × 9 Mode (continued)**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>	
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023		-0.027	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREM}$	0.046		0.054	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507		0.597	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREC}$	0.236		0.278	ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	$T_{R2Q}$		0.835		0.982 ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	$T_{SRSTSU}$	0.271		0.319	ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	$T_{SRSTHD}$	0.061		0.071	ns
Write clock period	$T_{CCY}$	4		4	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Write block setup time	$T_{BLKCSU}$	0.404		0.476	ns
Write block hold time	$T_{BLKCHD}$	0.007		0.008	ns
Write input data setup time	$T_{DINCSU}$	0.115		0.135	ns
Write input data hold time	$T_{DINCHD}$	0.15		0.177	ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104	ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.128		0.15	ns
Write enable setup time	$T_{WECSU}$	0.397		0.467	ns
Write enable hold time	$T_{WECHD}$	-0.026		-0.03	ns
Maximum frequency	$F_{MAX}$		250		250 MHz

The following table lists the μSRAM in 128 × 8 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 240 • μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>	
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>
Read clock period	$T_{CY}$	4		4	ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read pipeline clock period	$T_{PLCY}$	4		4	ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.266		0.313 ns
Read access time without pipeline register	$T_{CLK2Q}$		1.677		1.973 ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode		0.301		0.354	ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode	$T_{ADDRSU}$	1.856		2.184	ns

**Table 240 • μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode (continued)**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>	
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T <sub>ADDRHD</sub>	0.091	0.107		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.778	-0.915		ns
Read enable setup time	T <sub>RDENSU</sub>	0.278	0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T <sub>RDENHD</sub>	0.057	0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T <sub>BLKSU</sub>	1.839	2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T <sub>BLKHD</sub>	-0.65	-0.765		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T <sub>BLK2Q</sub>		2.036	2.396	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023	-0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	T <sub>RSTREM</sub>	0.046	0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507	0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	T <sub>RSTREC</sub>	0.236	0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T <sub>R2Q</sub>		0.835	0.982	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T <sub>SRSTSU</sub>	0.271	0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T <sub>SRSTHD</sub>	0.061	0.071		ns
Write clock period	T <sub>CCY</sub>	4	4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>CCLKMPWH</sub>	1.8	1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>CCLKMPWL</sub>	1.8	1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T <sub>BLKCSU</sub>	0.404	0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T <sub>BLKCHD</sub>	0.007	0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T <sub>DINCSU</sub>	0.115	0.135		ns
Write input data hold time	T <sub>DINCHD</sub>	0.15	0.177		ns
Write address setup time	T <sub>ADDRCSU</sub>	0.088	0.104		ns
Write address hold time	T <sub>ADDRCHD</sub>	0.128	0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	T <sub>WECSU</sub>	0.397	0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T <sub>WECHD</sub>	-0.026	-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F <sub>MAX</sub>		250	250	MHz

**Table 245 • JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	39	4	Sec
010	274816	78	9	Sec
025	274816	78	9	Sec
050	278528	84	8	Sec
060	268480	76	8	Sec
090	544496	154	15	Sec
150	544496	155	15	Sec

**Table 246 • JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	59	11	Sec
010	842688	107	20	Sec
025	1497408	120	35	Sec
050	2695168	162	59	Sec
060	2686464	158	70	Sec
090	4190208	266	147	Sec
150	6682768	316	231	Sec

**Table 247 • 2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	4	17	6	Sec
010	568784	7	23	12	Sec
025	1223504	14	33	23	Sec
050	2424832	29	52	40	Sec
060	2418896	39	61	50	Sec
090	3645968	60	84	73	Sec
150	6139184	100	132	120	Sec

**Table 254 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only) (continued)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming	Auto Update	Programming Recovery	Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz	
150	161	161	161	Sec

**Table 255 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming	Auto Update	Programming Recovery	Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz	
005	47	27	28	Sec
010	77	35	35	Sec
025	150	42	41	Sec
050	33 <sup>1</sup>	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	291	83	82	Sec
090	427	109	108	Sec
150	708	157	160	Sec
005	41	48	49	Sec
010	86	87	87	Sec
025	87	85	86	Sec
050	85	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	78	86	86	Sec
090	154	162	162	Sec
150	161	161	161	Sec
005	87	67	66	Sec
010	161	113	113	Sec
025	229	120	121	Sec
050	112	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	368	161	158	Sec
090	582	261	260	Sec
150	867	309	310	Sec

1. Auto Programming in 050 device is done through SC\_SPI, and SPI CLK is set to 6.25 MHz.

The following table lists the programming times in worst-case conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ . External SPI flash part# AT25DF641-s3H is used during this measurement.

**Table 256 • JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size			
	Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	44	10	Sec
010	568784	50	18	Sec
025	1223504	73	26	Sec
050	2424832	88	54	Sec
060	2418896	99	54	Sec
090	3645968	135	126	Sec
150	6139184	177	193	Sec

**Table 257 • JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size			
	Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	61	4	Sec
010	274816	100	9	Sec
025	274816	100	9	Sec
050	2,78,528	106	8	Sec
060	268480	98	8	Sec
090	544496	176	15	Sec
150	544496	177	15	Sec

**Table 258 • JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size			
	Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	71	11	Sec
010	842688	129	20	Sec
025	1497408	142	35	Sec
050	2695168	184	59	Sec
060	2686464	180	70	Sec
090	4190208	288	147	Sec
150	6682768	338	231	Sec

1. The minimum output clock frequency is limited by the PLL. For more information, see [UG0449: SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Clocking Resources User Guide](#).
2. The PLL is used in conjunction with the Clock Conditioning Circuitry. Performance is limited by the CCC output frequency.

The following table lists the CCC/PLL jitter specifications in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 283 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Jitter Specifications**

<b>CCC Output Maximum Peak-to-Peak Period Jitter <math>F_{OUT\_CCC}</math></b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Conditions/Package Combinations</b>				<b>Unit</b>
<b>10 FG484, 050 FG896/FG484/FCS325 Packages<sup>1</sup></b>	SSO = 0	0 < SSO <= 2	SSO <= 4	SSO <= 8	SSO <= 16
20 MHz to 100 MHz	Max(110, $\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$ )	Max(150, $\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$ )			ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	Max(120, $\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$ )	Max(150, $\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$ )	Max(170, $\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$ )		ps
<b>025 FG484/FCS325 Package<sup>1</sup></b>	0 < SSO <= 16				
20 MHz to 74 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$				ps
74 MHz to 400 MHz	210				ps
<b>005 FG484 Package<sup>1</sup></b>	0 < SSO <= 16				
20 MHz to 53 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$				ps
53 MHz to 400 MHz	270				ps
<b>090 FG676 and FC325 Package<sup>1</sup></b>	0 < SSO <= 16				
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$				ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	150				ps
<b>060 FG676 Package<sup>1</sup></b>	0 < SSO <= 16				
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$				ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	150				
<b>150 FC1152 Package<sup>1</sup></b>	0 < SSO <= 16				
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$				ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	120				ps

1. SSO data is based on LVCMS 2.5 V MSIO and/or MSLOD bank I/Os.