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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	27696
Total RAM Bits	1130496
Number of I/O	180
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	325-TFBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	325-FCBGA (11x11)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl025-1fcs325

Table 214	LVPECL Recommended DC Operating Conditions	64
Table 215	LVPECL Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank	65
Table 216	LVPECL DC Input Voltage Specification	65
Table 217	LVPECL DC Differential Voltage Specification	65
Table 218	LVPECL Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds	65
Table 219	Input Data Register Propagation Delays	67
Table 220	Output/Enable Data Register Propagation Delays	69
Table 221	Input DDR Propagation Delays	71
Table 222	Output DDR Propagation Delays	74
Table 223	Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays	76
Table 224	Register Delays	77
Table 225	150 Device Global Resource	78
Table 226	090 Device Global Resource	78
Table 227	050 Device Global Resource	78
Table 228	025 Device Global Resource	78
Table 229	010 Device Global Resource	79
Table 230	005 Device Global Resource	79
Table 231	RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 1K × 18	79
Table 232	RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 2K × 9	80
Table 233	RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 4K × 4	81
Table 234	RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 8K × 2	83
Table 235	RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 16K × 1	84
Table 236	RAM1K18 – Two-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 512 × 36	85
Table 237	μSRAM (RAM64x18) in 64 × 18 Mode	86
Table 238	μSRAM (RAM64x16) in 64 × 16 Mode	87
Table 239	μSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128 × 9 Mode	88
Table 240	μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode	89
Table 241	μSRAM (RAM256x4) in 256 × 4 Mode	91
Table 242	μSRAM (RAM512x2) in 512 × 2 Mode	92
Table 243	μSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 × 1 Mode	93
Table 244	JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)	94
Table 245	JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)	95
Table 246	JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	95
Table 247	2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric Only)	95
Table 248	2 Step IAP Programming (eNVM Only)	96
Table 249	2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	96
Table 250	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)	96
Table 251	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)	96
Table 252	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	97
Table 253	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)	97
Table 254	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)	97
Table 255	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric and eNVM)	98
Table 256	JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)	99
Table 257	JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)	99
Table 258	JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	99
Table 259	2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric Only)	100
Table 260	2 Step IAP Programming (eNVM Only)	100
Table 261	2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	100
Table 262	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)	101
Table 263	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)	101
Table 264	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	101
Table 265	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)	102
Table 266	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)	102
Table 267	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric and eNVM)	102
Table 268	Math Blocks with all Registers Used	103
Table 269	Math Block with Input Bypassed and Output Registers Used	103
Table 270	Math Block with Input Register Used and Output in Bypass Mode	104
Table 271	Math Block with Input and Output in Bypass Mode	104
Table 272	eNVM Read Performance	104

1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 11.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 11.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 24, page 22 with minimum and maximum values for input current low and high (SAR 73114 and 80314).
- Added Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics, page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79517).
- Added 060 device in Table 282, page 110 (SAR 79860).
- Added DEVRST_N to Functional Times, page 116 (SAR 73114).
- Added Cryptographic Block Characteristics, page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79516).
- Update Table 296, page 121 with VTX-AMP details (SAR 81756).
- Update note in Table 297, page 122 (SAR 74570 and 80677).
- Update Table 298, page 122 with generic EPICS details (SAR 75307).
- Added Table 308, page 129 (SAR 50424).

1.2 Revision 10.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 10.0 of this document.

- The Surge Current on VDD during DEVRST_B Assertion and Surge Current on VDD during Digest Check using System Services tables were deleted and added reference to *AC393: Board Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs Application Note*. (SAR 76865 and 76623).
- Added 060 device in Table 4, page 6 (SAR 76383).
- Updated Table 24, page 22 for ramp time input (SAR 72103).
- Added 060 device details in Table 284, page 112 (SAR 74927).
- Updated Table 290, page 116 for name change (SAR 74925).
- Updated Table 283, page 111 for 060 FG676 Package details (SAR 78849).
- Updated Table 305, page 126 for SmartFusion2 and Table 310, page 129 for IGLOO2 for SPI timing and Fmax (SAR 56645, 75331).
- Updated Table 293, page 119 for Flash*Freeze entry and exit times (SAR 75329, 75330).
- Updated Table 297, page 122 for RX-CID information (SAR 78271).
- Added Table 8, page 8 and Figure 1, page 9 (SAR 78932).
- Updated Table 223, page 76 for timing characteristics and Table 224, page 77 (SAR 75998).
- Added SRAM PUF, page 105 (SAR 64406).
- Added a footnote on digest cycle in Table 5, page 7 (SAR 79812).

1.3 Revision 9.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 9.0 of this document.

- Added a note in Table 5, page 7 (SAR 71506).
- Added a note in Table 6, page 8 (SAR 74616).
- Added a note in Figure 3, page 17 (SAR 71506).
- Updated Quiescent Supply Current for 060 in Table 11, page 12 and Table 12, page 13 (SAR 74483).
- Updated programming currents for 060 in Table 13, page 13, Table 14, page 13, and Table 15, page 14.
- Added DEVRST_B assertion tables (SAR 74708).
- Updated I/O speeds for LVDS 3.3 V in Table 18, page 19 and Table 21, page 20 (SAR 69829).
- Updated Table 24, page 22 (SAR 69418).
- Updated Table 25, page 22, Table 26, page 23, Table 27, page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Updated all AC/DC table to link to the Input Capacitance, Leakage Current, and Ramp Time, page 22 for reference (SAR 69418).

2 IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA

Microsemi's mainstream SmartFusion®2 SoC and IGLOO®2 FPGA families integrate an industry standard 4-input lookup table-based (LUT) FPGA fabric with integrated math blocks, multiple embedded memory blocks, and high-performance SerDes communication interfaces on a single chip. Both families benefit from low-power flash technology and are the most secure and reliable FPGAs in the industry. These next generation devices offer up to 150K Logic Elements, up to 5 MBs of embedded RAM, up to 16 SerDes lanes, and up to four PCI Express Gen 2 endpoints, as well as integrated hard DDR3 memory controllers with error correction.

SmartFusion2 devices integrate an entire low-power, real-time microcontroller subsystem (MSS) with a rich set of industry-standard peripherals including Ethernet, USB, and CAN, while IGLOO2 devices integrate a high-performance memory subsystem with on-chip flash, 32 Kbyte embedded SRAM, and multiple DMA controllers.

2.1 Device Status

The following table shows the design security densities and development status of the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices.

Table 1 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 Design Security Densities

Design Security Device Densities	Status
005	Production
010, 010T	Production
025, 025T	Production
050, 050T	Production
060, 060T	Production
090, 090T	Production
150, 150T	Production

The following table shows the data security densities and development status of the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices.

Table 2 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 Data Security Densities

Data Security Device Densities	Status
005S	Production
010TS	Production
025TS	Production
050TS	Production
060TS	Production
090TS	Production
150TS	Production

where

- θ_{JA} = Junction-to-air thermal resistance
- θ_{JB} = Junction-to-board thermal resistance
- θ_{JC} = Junction-to-case thermal resistance
- T_J = Junction temperature
- T_A = Ambient temperature
- T_B = Board temperature (measured 1.0 mm away from the package edge)
- T_C = Case temperature
- P = Total power dissipated by the device

Table 9 • Package Thermal Resistance of SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices

Device	Still Air	1.0 m/s	2.5 m/s	θ_{JB}	θ_{JC}	Unit
		θ_{JA}				
005						
FG484	19.36	15.81	14.63	9.74	5.27	°C/W
VF256	41.30	38.16	35.30	28.41	3.94	°C/W
VF400	20.19	16.94	15.41	8.86	4.95	°C/W
TQ144	42.80	36.80	34.50	37.20	10.80	°C/W
010						
FG484	18.22	14.83	13.62	8.83	4.92	°C/W
VF256	37.36	34.26	31.45	24.84	7.89	°C/W
VF400	19.40	15.75	14.22	8.11	4.22	°C/W
TQ144	38.60	32.60	30.30	31.80	8.60	°C/W
025						
FG484	17.03	13.66	12.45	7.66	4.18	°C/W
VF256	33.85	30.59	27.85	21.63	6.13	°C/W
VF400	18.36	14.89	13.36	7.12	3.41	°C/W
FCS325	29.17	24.87	23.12	14.44	2.31	°C/W
050						
FG484	15.29	12.19	10.99	6.27	3.24	°C/W
FG896	14.70	12.50	10.90	7.20	4.90	°C/W
VF400	17.53	14.17	12.63	6.32	2.81	°C/W
FCS325	27.38	23.18	21.41	12.47	1.59	°C/W
060						
FG484	15.40	12.06	10.85	6.14	3.15	°C/W
FG676	15.49	12.21	11.06	7.07	3.87	°C/W
VF400	17.45	14.01	12.47	6.22	2.69	°C/W
FCS325	27.03	22.91	21.25	12.33	1.54	°C/W
090						
FG484	14.64	11.37	10.16	5.43	2.77	°C/W
FG676	14.52	11.19	10.37	6.17	3.24	°C/W
FCS325	26.63	22.26	20.13	14.24	2.50	°C/W

Table 19 • Maximum Data Rate Summary Table for Voltage-Referenced I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	DDRIO	Unit
LPDDR			400	Mbps
HSTL 1.5 V			400	Mbps
SSTL 2.5 V	510	700	400	Mbps
SSTL 1.8 V			667	Mbps
SSTL 1.5 V			667	Mbps

Table 20 • Maximum Data Rate Summary Table for Differential I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	Unit
LVPECL (input only)	900		Mbps
LVDS 3.3 V	535		Mbps
LVDS 2.5 V	535	700	Mbps
RSDS	520	700	Mbps
BLVDS	500		Mbps
MLVDS	500		Mbps
Mini-LVDS	520	700	Mbps

Table 21 • Maximum Frequency Summary Table for Single-Ended I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	DDRIO	Unit
PCI 3.3 V	315			MHz
LVTTL 3.3 V	300			MHz
LVCMOS 3.3 V	300			MHz
LVCMOS 2.5 V	205	210	200	MHz
LVCMOS 1.8 V	147.5	200	200	MHz
LVCMOS 1.5 V	80	110	118	MHz
LVCMOS 1.2 V	60	80	100	MHz
LPDDR– LVCMOS 1.8 V mode			200	MHz

2.3.5.7 2.5 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 2.5 V is a general standard for 2.5 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs that are in compliance with the JEDEC specification JESD8-5A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification**Table 38 • LVC MOS 2.5 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

Table 39 • LVC MOS 2.5 V DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V_{IH} (DC)	1.7	2.625	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V_{IH} (DC)	1.7	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	-0.3	0.7	V
Input current high ¹	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 40 • LVC MOS 2.5 V DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH} ¹	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	–	V
DC output logic low	V_{OL} ²		0.4	V

1. The VOH/VOL test points selected ensure compliance with LVC MOS 2.5 V JEDEC8-5A requirements.

Table 41 • LVC MOS 2.5 V AC Minimum and Maximum Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	410	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	420	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

Table 42 • LVC MOS 2.5 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R_{odt_cal}	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	Ω

Table 46 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers) (continued)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
4 mA	Slow	3.095	3.641	2.705	3.182	3.088	3.633	4.738	5.575	4.348	5.116	ns
	Medium	2.825	3.324	2.488	2.927	2.823	3.321	4.492	5.285	4.063	4.781	ns
	Medium fast	2.701	3.178	2.384	2.804	2.698	3.173	4.364	5.135	3.945	4.642	ns
	Fast	2.69	3.165	2.377	2.796	2.687	3.161	4.359	5.129	3.94	4.636	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.919	3.434	2.491	2.93	2.902	3.414	5.085	5.983	4.674	5.5	ns
	Medium	2.65	3.118	2.279	2.681	2.642	3.108	4.845	5.701	4.375	5.148	ns
	Medium fast	2.529	2.975	2.176	2.56	2.521	2.965	4.724	5.558	4.259	5.011	ns
	Fast	2.516	2.96	2.168	2.551	2.508	2.95	4.717	5.55	4.251	5.002	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.863	3.368	2.427	2.855	2.844	3.346	5.196	6.114	4.769	5.612	ns
	Medium	2.599	3.058	2.217	2.608	2.59	3.047	4.952	5.827	4.471	5.261	ns
	Medium fast	2.483	2.921	2.114	2.487	2.473	2.91	4.832	5.685	4.364	5.134	ns
	Fast	2.467	2.902	2.106	2.478	2.457	2.89	4.826	5.678	4.348	5.116	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.747	3.232	2.296	2.701	2.724	3.204	5.39	6.342	4.938	5.81	ns
	Medium	2.493	2.934	2.102	2.473	2.483	2.921	5.166	6.078	4.65	5.471	ns
	Medium fast	2.382	2.803	2.006	2.36	2.371	2.789	5.067	5.962	4.546	5.349	ns
	Fast	2.369	2.787	1.999	2.352	2.357	2.773	5.063	5.958	4.538	5.339	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.677	3.149	2.213	2.604	2.649	3.116	5.575	6.56	5.08	5.977	ns
	Medium	2.432	2.862	2.028	2.386	2.421	2.848	5.372	6.32	4.801	5.649	ns
	Medium fast	2.324	2.734	1.937	2.278	2.311	2.718	5.297	6.233	4.7	5.531	ns
	Fast	2.313	2.721	1.929	2.269	2.3	2.706	5.296	6.231	4.699	5.529	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 47 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.48	4.095	3.855	4.534	3.785	4.453	2.12	2.494	3.45	4.059	ns
4 mA	Slow	2.583	3.039	3.042	3.579	3.138	3.691	4.143	4.874	4.687	5.513	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.392	2.815	2.669	3.139	2.82	3.317	4.909	5.775	5.083	5.98	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.309	2.717	2.565	3.017	2.74	3.223	5.812	6.837	5.523	6.497	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.333	2.745	2.437	2.867	2.626	3.089	6.131	7.213	5.712	6.72	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.412	2.838	2.335	2.747	2.533	2.979	6.54	7.694	6.007	7.067	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 72 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹	
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	Unit
2 mA	Slow	2.735	3.218	3.371	3.966	3.618	4.257	6.03	7.095	5.705	6.712 ns
4 mA	Slow	2.426	2.854	2.992	3.521	3.221	3.79	6.738	7.927	6.298	7.41 ns
6 mA	Slow	2.433	2.862	2.81	3.306	3.031	3.566	7.123	8.38	6.596	7.76 ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.10 1.2 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 1.2 is a general standard for 1.2 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-12A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 73 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	1.140	1.2	1.26	V

Table 74 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V _{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V _{DDI}	1.26	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V _{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V _{DDI}	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V _{IL} (DC)	-0.3	0.35 × V _{DDI}	V
Input current high ¹	I _{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I _{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 75 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V _{OH}	V _{DDI} × 0.75		V
DC output logic low	V _{OL}		V _{DDI} × 0.25	V

Table 76 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	200	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	120	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	160	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

Table 85 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.883	4.568	4.868	5.726	5.329	6.269	7.994	9.404	7.527	8.855	ns
4 mA	Slow	3.774	4.44	4.188	4.926	4.613	5.426	8.972	10.555	8.315	9.782	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.11 3.3 V PCI/PCIX

Peripheral Component Interface (PCI) for 3.3 V standards specify support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI bus applications.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification (Applicable to MSIO Bank Only)

Table 86 • PCI/PCI-X DC Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

Table 87 • PCI/PCI-X DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	V _I	0	3.45	V
Input current high ¹	I _{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I _{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 88 • PCI/PCI-X DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V _{OH}		Per PCI specification		V
DC output logic low	V _{OL}		Per PCI specification		V

Table 89 • PCI/PCI-X Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	630	Mbps	AC Loading: per JEDEC specifications

Table 90 • PCI/PCI-X AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path (falling edge)	V _{TRIP}	0.615 × V _{DDI}	V
Measuring/trip point for data path (rising edge)	V _{TRIP}	0.285 × V _{DDI}	V
Resistance for data test path	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	C _{ENT}	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP})	C _{LOAD}	10	pF

Table 107 • SSTL2 AC Differential Voltage Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF} (AC)	0.7		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x (AC)	$0.5 \times V_{\text{DDI}} - 0.2$	$0.5 \times V_{\text{DDI}} + 0.2$	V

Table 108 • SSTL2 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	575	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	700	Mbps	AC loading: 3 pF / 50 Ω load
		510	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load

Table 109 • SSTL2 AC Impedance Specifications

Parameter	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

Table 110 • DDR1/SSTL2 AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	1.25	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class I (T_{DP})	RTT_{TEST}	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class II (T_{DP})	RTT_{TEST}	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching CharacteristicsWorst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{\text{DD}} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{DDI}} = 2.375\text{ V}$ **Table 111 • SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}			Unit
	-1	-Std		
Pseudo differential	None	1.549	1.821	ns
True differential	None	1.589	1.87	ns

Table 112 • SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
		-1	-Std		
Pseudo differential	None	2.798	3.293	ns	
True differential	None	2.733	3.215	ns	

Table 113 • DDR1/SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
		-1	-Std		
Pseudo differential	None	2.476	2.913	ns	
True differential	None	2.475	2.911	ns	

Table 114 • SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	2.26	2.66	1.99	2.341	1.985	2.335	2.135	2.512	2.13	2.505	ns
Differential	2.26	2.658	2.202	2.591	2.201	2.589	2.393	2.815	2.392	2.814	ns

Table 115 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	2.055	2.417	2.037	2.396	2.03	2.388	2.068	2.433	2.061	2.425	ns
Differential	2.192	2.58	2.434	2.864	2.425	2.852	2.164	2.545	2.156	2.536	ns

Table 116 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	1.512	1.779	1.462	1.72	1.462	1.72	1.676	1.972	1.676	1.971	ns
Differential	1.676	1.971	1.774	2.087	1.766	2.077	1.854	2.181	1.845	2.171	ns

Table 117 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class II Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	2.122	2.497	1.906	2.243	1.902	2.237	2.061	2.424	2.056	2.418	ns
Differential	2.127	2.501	2.042	2.402	2.043	2.403	2.363	2.78	2.365	2.781	ns

Table 159 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers) (continued)

medium	3.246	3.819	2.686	3.16	3.236	3.807	5.542	6.52	4.936	5.807	ns	
medium_fast	3.066	3.607	2.525	2.971	3.054	3.593	5.405	6.359	4.811	5.66	ns	
fast	3.046	3.584	2.513	2.957	3.034	3.57	5.401	6.353	4.803	5.651	ns	
10 mA	slow	3.498	4.115	2.878	3.386	3.481	4.096	6.046	7.113	5.444	6.404	ns
	medium	3.138	3.692	2.569	3.023	3.126	3.678	5.782	6.803	5.129	6.034	ns
	medium_fast	2.966	3.489	2.414	2.841	2.951	3.472	5.666	6.665	5.013	5.897	ns
	fast	2.945	3.464	2.401	2.826	2.93	3.448	5.659	6.658	5.003	5.886	ns
12 mA	slow	3.417	4.02	2.807	3.303	3.401	4.002	6.083	7.156	5.464	6.428	ns
	medium	3.076	3.618	2.519	2.964	3.063	3.604	5.828	6.856	5.176	6.089	ns
	medium_fast	2.913	3.427	2.376	2.795	2.898	3.41	5.725	6.736	5.072	5.966	ns
	fast	2.894	3.405	2.362	2.78	2.879	3.388	5.715	6.724	5.064	5.957	ns
16 mA	slow	3.366	3.96	2.751	3.237	3.348	3.939	6.226	7.324	5.576	6.56	ns
	medium	3.03	3.565	2.47	2.906	3.017	3.55	5.981	7.036	5.282	6.214	ns
	medium_fast	2.87	3.377	2.328	2.739	2.854	3.358	5.895	6.935	5.18	6.094	ns
	fast	2.853	3.357	2.314	2.723	2.837	3.338	5.889	6.929	5.177	6.09	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management).

2.3.7 Differential I/O Standards

Configuration of the I/O modules as a differential pair is handled by Microsemi SoC Products Group Libero software when the user instantiates a differential I/O macro in the design. Differential I/Os can also be used in conjunction with the embedded Input register (InReg), Output register (OutReg), Enable register (EnReg), and Double Data Rate registers (DDR).

2.3.7.1 LVDS

Low-Voltage Differential Signaling (ANSI/TIA/EIA-644) is a high-speed, differential I/O standard.

Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

Table 160 • LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range

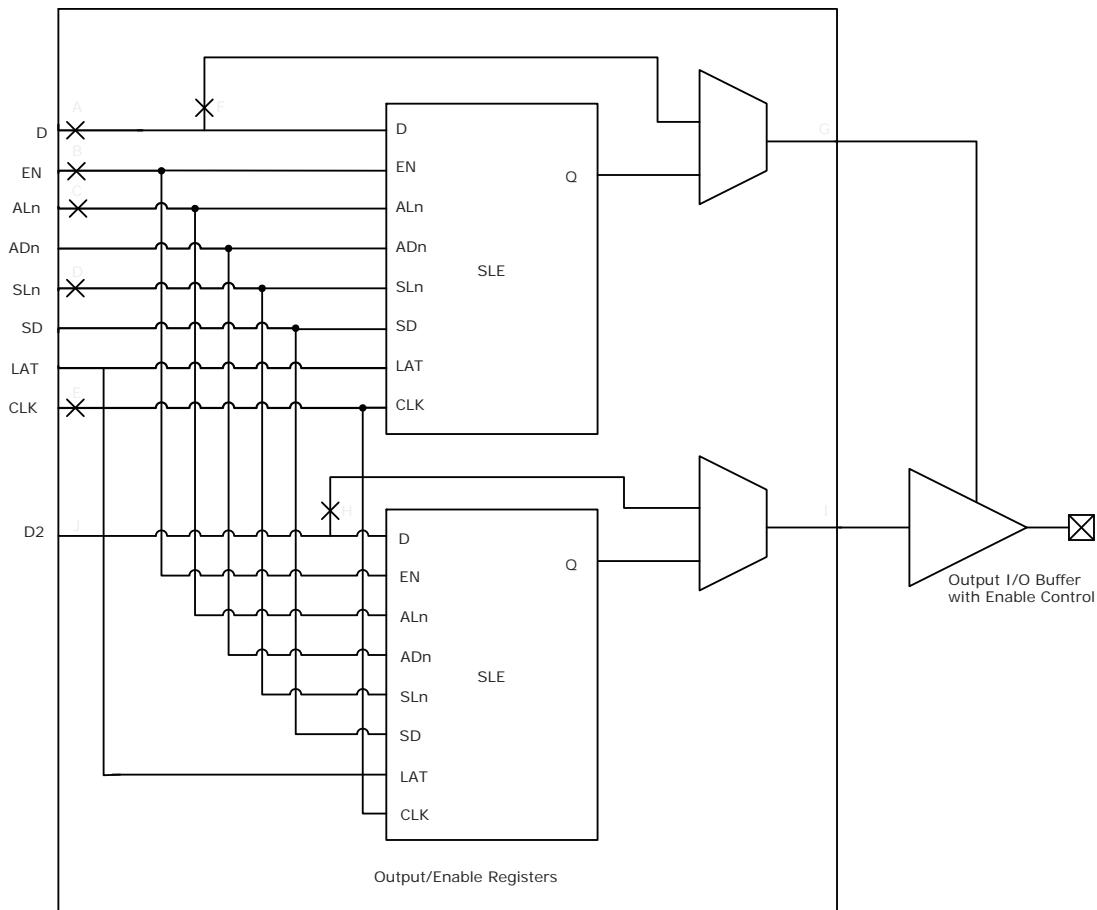
Table 161 • LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
DC Input voltage	V _I	0	2.925	V	2.5 V range
DC input voltage	V _I	0	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Input current high ¹	I _{IH} (DC)				
Input current low ¹	I _{IL} (DC)				

1. See Table 24, page 22.

2.3.8.2 Output/Enable Register

Figure 8 • Timing Model for Output/Enable Register



2.3.9 DDR Module Specification

This section describes input and output DDR module and timing specifications.

2.3.9.1 Input DDR Module

Figure 10 • Input DDR Module

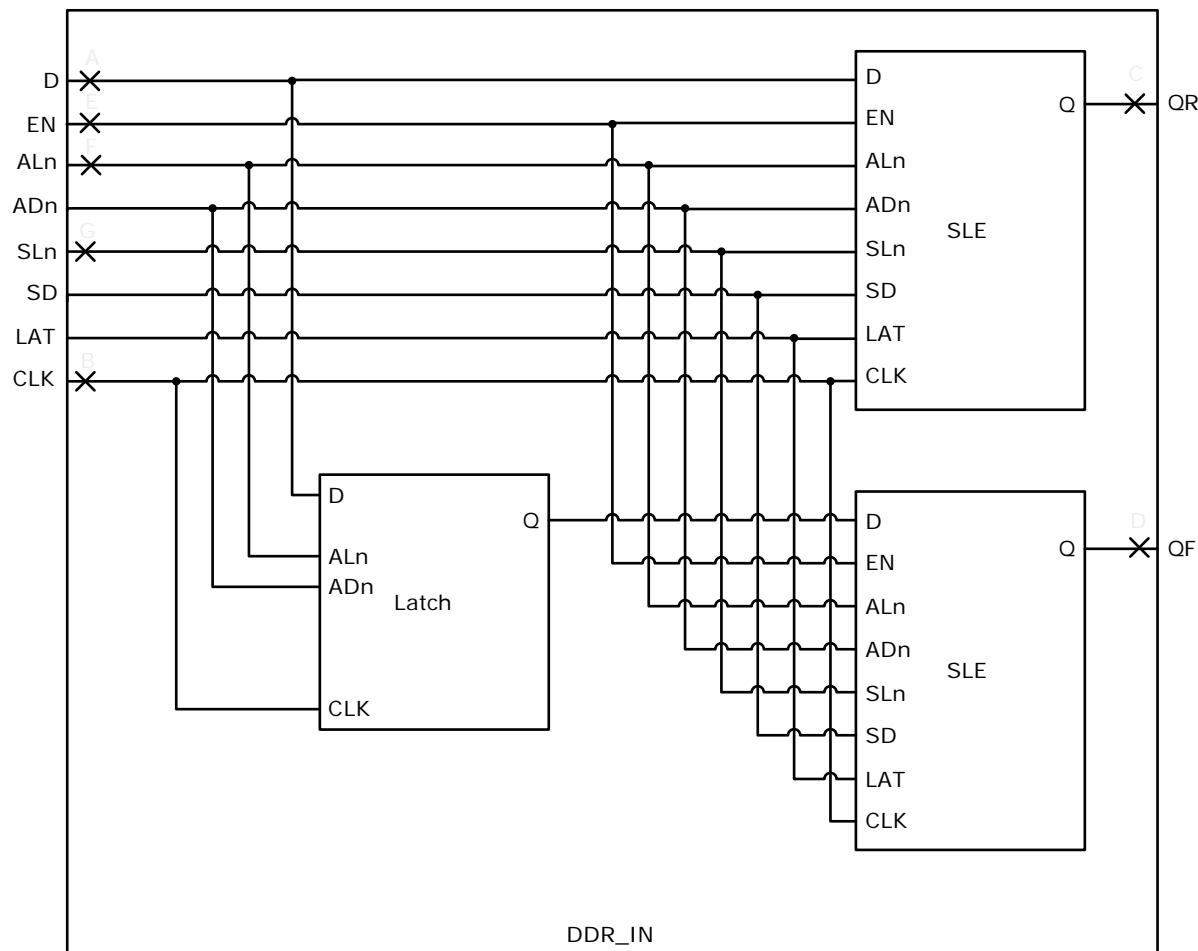
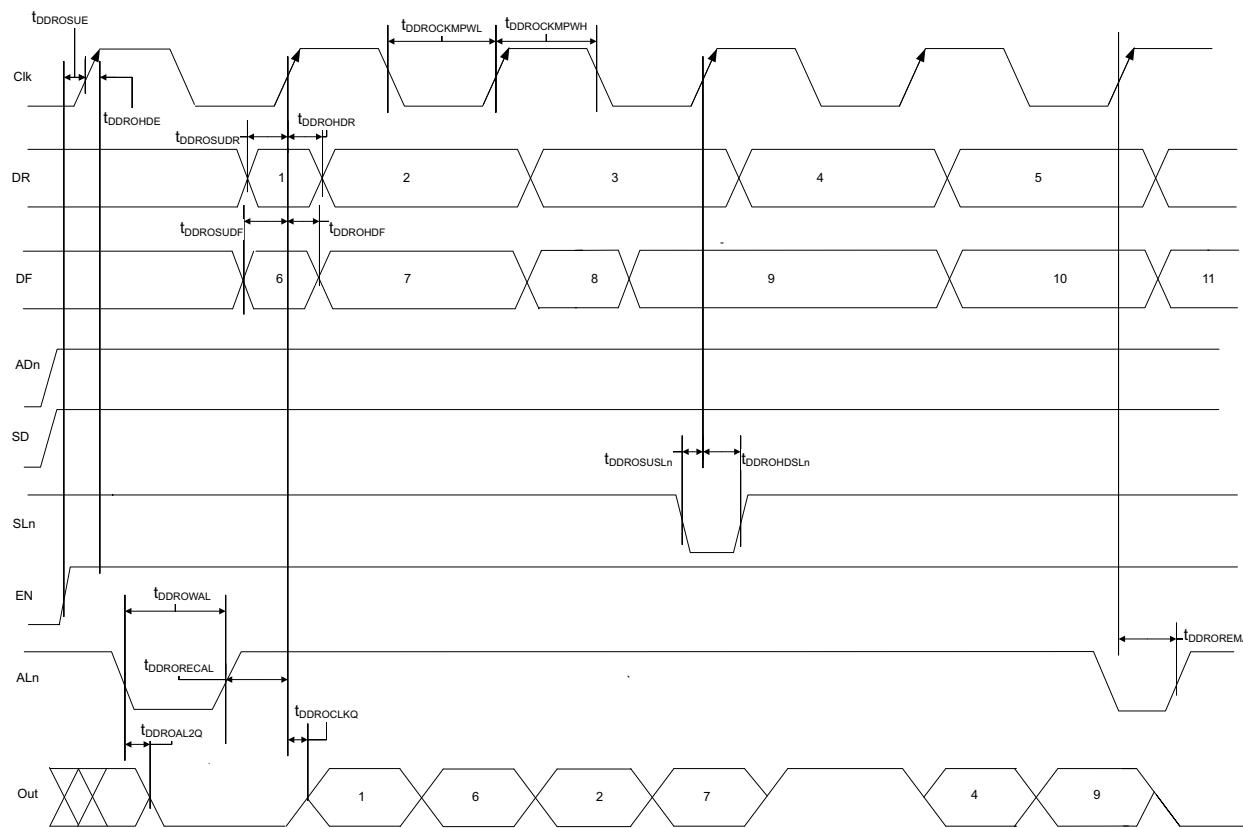


Table 221 • Input DDR Propagation Delays (continued)

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	-1	-Std	Unit
T _{DDRIWAL}	Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for input DDR	F, F	0.304	0.357	ns
T _{DDRICKMPWH}	Clock minimum pulse width high for input DDR	B, B	0.075	0.088	ns
T _{DDRICKMPWL}	Clock minimum pulse width low for input DDR	B, B	0.159	0.187	ns

Figure 13 • Output DDR Timing Diagram**2.3.9.5 Timing Characteristics**

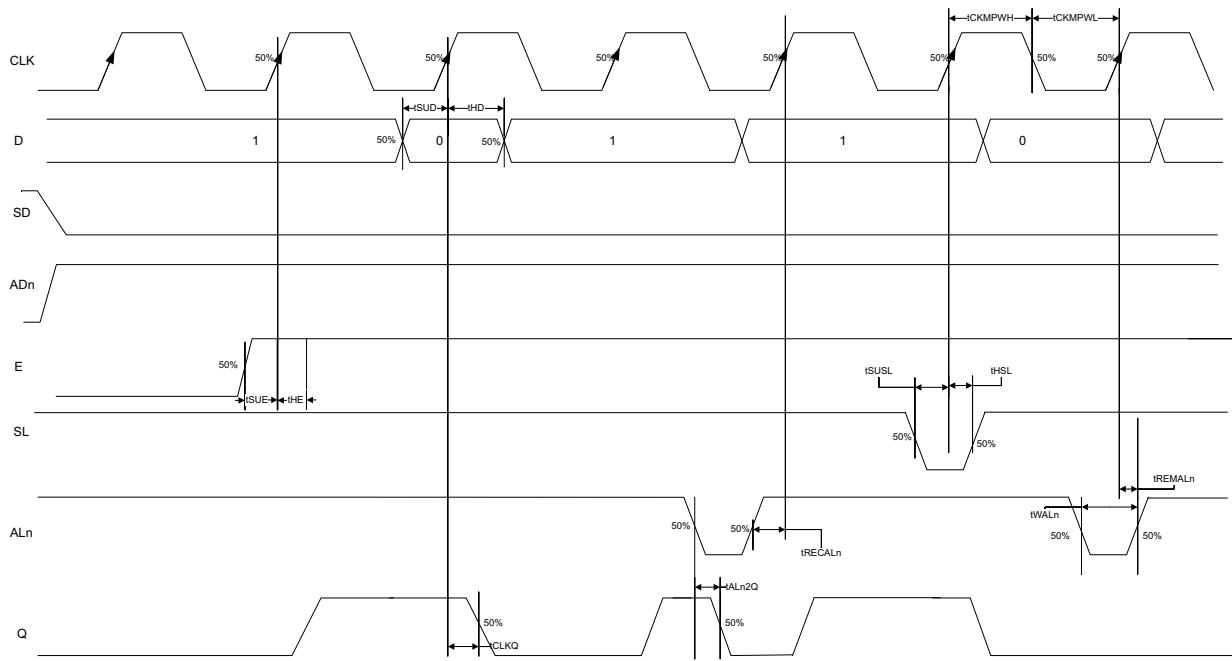
The following table lists the output DDR propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 222 • Output DDR Propagation Delays

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	-1	-Std	Unit
$T_{DDROCLKQ}$	Clock-to-out of DDR for output DDR	E, G	0.263	0.309	ns
$T_{DDROSUDF}$	Data_F data setup for output DDR	F, E	0.143	0.168	ns
$T_{DDROSUDR}$	Data_R data setup for output DDR	A, E	0.19	0.223	ns
$T_{DDROHDF}$	Data_F data hold for output DDR	F, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROHDR}$	Data_R data hold for output DDR	A, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROSUE}$	Enable setup for input DDR	B, E	0.419	0.493	ns
T_{DDROHE}	Enable hold for input DDR	B, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROSUSLN}$	Synchronous load setup for input DDR	D, E	0.196	0.231	ns
$T_{DDROHSLN}$	Synchronous load hold for input DDR	D, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROAL2Q}$	Asynchronous load-to-out for output DDR	C, G	0.528	0.621	ns
$T_{DDROREMAL}$	Asynchronous load removal time for output DDR	C, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDRORECAL}$	Asynchronous load recovery time for output DDR	C, E	0.034	0.04	ns

The following figure shows a configuration with SD = 0 (synchronous clear) and ADn = 1 (asynchronous clear) for a flip-flop (LAT = 0).

Figure 16 • Sequential Module Timing Diagram



2.3.10.3.1 Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the register delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 224 • Register Delays

Parameter	Symbol	-1	-Std	Unit
Clock-to-Q of the core register	T_{CLKQ}	0.108	0.127	ns
Data setup time for the core register	T_{SUD}	0.254	0.298	ns
Data hold time for the core register	T_{HD}	0	0	ns
Enable setup time for the core register	T_{SUE}	0.335	0.394	ns
Enable hold time for the core register	T_{HE}	0	0	ns
Synchronous load setup time for the core register	T_{SUSL}	0.335	0.394	ns
Synchronous load hold time for the core register	T_{HSL}	0	0	ns
Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the core register (ADn = 1)	T_{ALN2Q}	0.473	0.556	ns
Asynchronous preset-to-Q of the core register (ADn = 0)	T_{ALN2Q}	0.451	0.531	ns
Asynchronous load removal time for the core register	T_{REMLN}	0	0	ns
Asynchronous load recovery time for the core register	T_{RECALN}	0.353	0.415	ns
Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for the core register	T_{WALN}	0.266	0.313	ns
Clock minimum pulse width high for the core register	T_{CKMPWH}	0.065	0.077	ns
Clock minimum pulse width low for the core register	T_{CKMPWL}	0.139	0.164	ns

Table 240 • μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std	
		Min	Max	Min	Max
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T _{ADDRHD}	0.091	0.107		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.778	-0.915		ns
Read enable setup time	T _{RDENSU}	0.278	0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T _{RDENHD}	0.057	0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T _{BLKSU}	1.839	2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T _{BLKHD}	-0.65	-0.765		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T _{BLK2Q}		2.036	2.396	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023	-0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREM}	0.046	0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507	0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREC}	0.236	0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T _{R2Q}		0.835	0.982	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T _{SRSTSU}	0.271	0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T _{SRSTHD}	0.061	0.071		ns
Write clock period	T _{CCY}	4	4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CCLKMPWH}	1.8	1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CCLKMPWL}	1.8	1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T _{BLKCSU}	0.404	0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T _{BLKCHD}	0.007	0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T _{DINCSU}	0.115	0.135		ns
Write input data hold time	T _{DINCHD}	0.15	0.177		ns
Write address setup time	T _{ADDRCSU}	0.088	0.104		ns
Write address hold time	T _{ADDRCHD}	0.128	0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WECSU}	0.397	0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WECHD}	-0.026	-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		250	250	MHz

Table 251 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only) (continued)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
150	544496	10	158	15	Sec

Table 252 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	9	61	11	Sec
010	842688	15	107	21	Sec
025	1497408	26	121	35	Sec
050	2695168	43	141	55	Sec
060	2686464	48	143	60	Sec
090	4190208	75	244	91	Sec
150	6682768	117	296	141	Sec

Table 253 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming		Programming Recovery		Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz		
005	47	27	28		Sec
010	77	35	35		Sec
025	150	42	41		Sec
050	33 ¹	Not Supported	Not Supported		Sec
060	291	83	82		Sec
090	427	109	108		Sec
150	708	157	160		Sec

1. Auto Programming in 050 device is done through SC_SPI, and SPI CLK is set to 6.25 MHz.

Table 254 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming		Programming Recovery		Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz		
005	41	48	49		Sec
010	86	87	87		Sec
025	87	85	86		Sec
050	85	Not Supported	Not Supported		Sec
060	78	86	86		Sec
090	154	162	162		Sec

2.3.17 Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics

For more information about NRBG, see *AC407: Using NRBG Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note*. The following table lists the NRBG in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 275 • Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG)

Service	Timing	Unit	Conditions	
			Prediction Resistance	Additional Input
Instantiate	85	ms	OFF	X
Generate (after Instantiate) ¹	4.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	6.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	7.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (after Instantiate)	47	ms	ON	X
Generate (subsequent) ¹	0.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	2.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	3.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (subsequent)	43	ms	ON	X
Reseed	40	ms		
Uninstantiate	0.16	ms		
Reset	0.10	ms		
Self test	20	ms	First time after power-up	
	6	ms	Subsequent	

1. If PUF_OFF, generate will incur additional PUF delay time for consecutive service calls.

2.3.18 Cryptographic Block Characteristics

For more information about cryptographic block and associated services, see *AC410: Using AES System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note* and *AC432: Using SHA-256 System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note*.

The following table lists the cryptographic block characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 276 • Cryptographic Block Characteristics

Service	Conditions	Timing	Unit
Any service	First certificate check penalty at boot	11.5	ms
AES128/256 (encoding / decoding) ¹	100 blocks up to 64k blocks	700	kbps