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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	56340
Total RAM Bits	1869824
Number of I/O	200
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	325-TFBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	325-FCBGA (11x11)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl050-1fcs325i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl050-1fcs325i</a>

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- Added [Table 244](#), page 94 and [Table 256](#), page 99 (SAR 73971).
- Updated the [SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics](#), page 121 (SAR 71171).
- Added the [DEVRST\\_N Characteristics](#), page 116 (SAR 64100, 72103).
- Added [Table 298](#), page 122 (SAR 71897).
- Updated [Table 25](#), page 22, [Table 26](#), page 23, and [Table 27](#), page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Added 060 devices in [Table 277](#), page 107, [Table 278](#), page 108, and [Table 279](#), page 108 (SAR 57898).
- Updated duty cycle parameter of crystal in [Table 280](#), page 109 and [Table 281](#), page 109 (SAR 57898).
- Added 32 KHz mode PLL acquisition time in [Table 282](#), page 110 (SAR 68281).
- Updated [Table 293](#), page 119 for 060 devices (SAR 57828).
- Updated [Table 297](#), page 122 for CID value (SAR 70878).

## 1.4

### Revision 8.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 8.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 11](#), page 12 (SAR 69218).
- Updated [Table 12](#), page 13 (SAR 69218).
- Updated [Table 283](#), page 111 (SAR 69000).

## 1.5

### Revision 7.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 7.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 1](#), page 4 (SAR 68620).

## 1.6

### Revision 6.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 6.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 5](#), page 7 (SAR 65949).
- Updated [Table 9](#), page 10 (SAR 62995).
- Updated [Table 123](#), page 47 and [Table 133](#), page 49 (SAR 67210).
- Added [Embedded NVM \(eNVM\) Characteristics](#), page 104 (SAR 52509).
- Updated [Table 277](#), page 107 (SAR 64855).
- Updated [Table 282](#), page 110 (SAR 65958 and SAR 56666).
- Added [DDR Memory Interface Characteristics](#), page 120 (SAR 66223).
- Added [SFP Transceiver Characteristics](#), page 120 (SAR 63105).
- Updated [Table 302](#), page 123 and [Table 309](#), page 129 (SAR 66314).

## 1.7

### Revision 5.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 5.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 1](#), page 4.
- Updated [Table 4](#), page 6 for  $T_J$  symbol information.
- Updated [Table 5](#), page 7 (SAR 63109).
- Updated [Table 9](#), page 10.
- Updated [Table 282](#), page 110 (SAR 62012).
- Added [Table 290](#), page 116 (SAR 64100).
- Added [Table 306](#), page 128, [Table 307](#), page 128 (SAR 50424).

## 1.8

### Revision 4.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 4.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 1](#), page 4. Changed the Status of 090 devices to "Production" (SAR 62750).
- Updated [Figure 10](#), page 70. Removed inverter bubble from DDR\_IN latch (SAR 61418).
- Updated [SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics](#), page 121 (SAR 62836).

## 2.2 References

The following documents are recommended references:

- [PB0121: IGLOO2 Product Brief](#)
- [DS0124: IGLOO2 Pin Descriptions](#)
- [PB0115: SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Product Brief](#)
- [DS0115: SmartFusion2 Pin Descriptions](#)

All product documentation for IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 is available at:

<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/fpga/igloo2-fpga>

<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/soc-fpga/smartfusion2#overview>

## 2.3 Electrical Specifications

### 2.3.1 Operating Conditions

The following table lists the stress limits. Stress applied above the specified limit may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the recommended operating conditions specified in the following table are not implied.

**Table 3 • Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.	V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	1.32	V
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming). Must always power this pin.	V <sub>PP</sub>	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for FDDR PLL	FDDR_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for PLL0–5	CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
High supply voltage for PLL SerDes[01]	SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power for SerDes[01] PLL lane0 to lane3. This is a 2.5 V SerDes internal PLL supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL	-0.3	2.75	V
TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SerDesI0. This is a 1.2 V SerDes PMA supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIO	-0.3	1.32	V
PCIe/PCS power supply	SERDES_[01]_VDD	-0.3	1.32	V
DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIO I/O bank	V <sub>DDIx</sub>	-0.3	3.63	V
DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O banks	V <sub>DDIx</sub>	-0.3	2.75	V
I/O Input voltage for MSIO I/O bank	V <sub>I</sub>	-0.3	3.63	V
I/O Input voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O bank	V <sub>I</sub>	-0.3	2.75	V
Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to V <sub>PP</sub> .	V <sub>PPNVM</sub>	-0.3	3.63	V
Storage temperature <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65	150	°C
Junction temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	-55	135	°C

The following table lists the embedded operating flash limits.

**Table 6 • Embedded Operating Flash Limits**

Product Grade	Element	Programming Temperature	Maximum Operating Temperature	Programming Cycles	Retention (Biased/Unbiased)
Commercial	Embedded flash	Min $T_J = 0^\circ\text{C}$	Min $T_J = 0^\circ\text{C}$	< 1000 cycles per page, up to two million cycles per eNVM array	20 years
		Max $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$	Max $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$	Min $T_J = 0^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$	< 10000 cycles per page, up to 20 million cycles per eNVM array
Industrial	Embedded flash	Min $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Min $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$	< 1000 cycles per page, up to two million cycles per eNVM array	20 years
		Max $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Max $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Min $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	< 10000 cycles per page, up to 20 million cycles per eNVM array

**Note:** If your product qualification requires accelerated programming cycles, see *Microsemi SoC Products Quality and Reliability Report* about recommended methodologies.

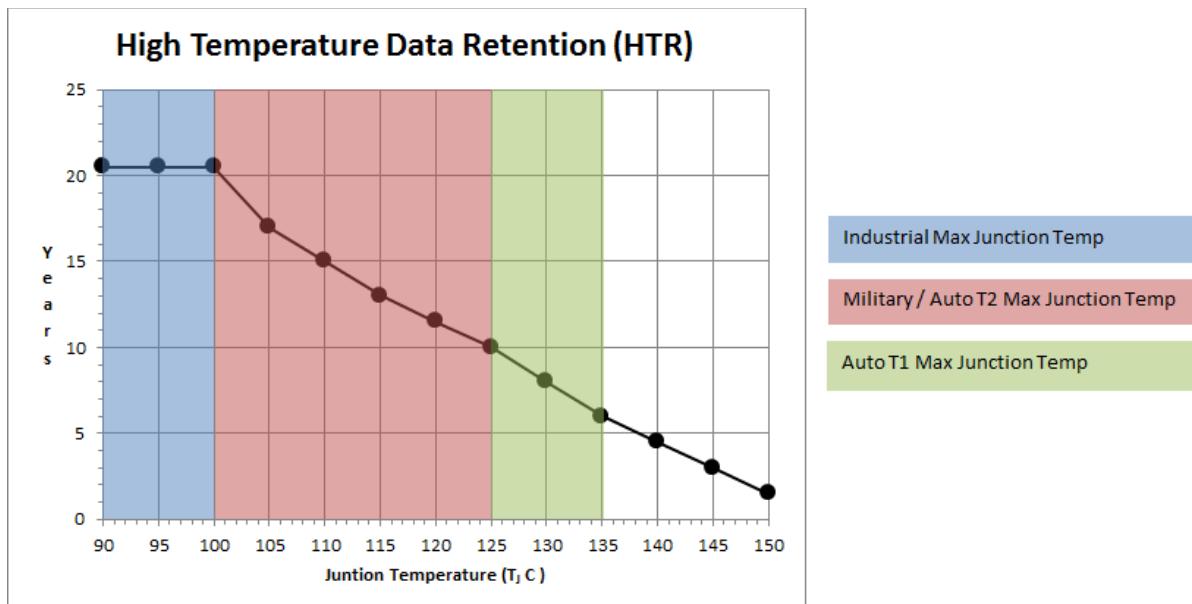
**Table 7 • Device Storage Temperature and Retention**

Product Grade	Storage Temperature ( $T_{stg}$ )	Retention
Commercial	Min $T_J = 0^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$	20 years
Industrial	Min $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	20 years

**Table 8 • High Temperature Data Retention (HTR) Lifetime**

$T_J$ (C)	HTR Lifetime <sup>1</sup> (yrs)
90	20.5
95	20.5
100	20.5
105	17.0
110	15.0
115	13.0
120	11.5
125	10.0
130	8.0
135	6.0
140	4.5
145	3.0
150	1.5

1. HTR Lifetime is the period during which a verify failure is not expected due to flash leakage.

**Figure 1 • High Temperature Data Retention (HTR)**

### 2.3.1.1 Overshoot/Undershoot Limits

For AC signals, the input signal may undershoot during transitions to  $-1.0\text{ V}$  for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

For AC signals, the input signal may overshoot during transitions to  $V_{CC1} + 1.0\text{ V}$  for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

**Note:** The above specifications do not apply to the PCI standard. The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 PCI I/Os are compliant with the PCI standard including the PCI overshoot/undershoot specifications.

### 2.3.1.2 Thermal Characteristics

The temperature variable in the Microsemi SoC Products Group Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption causes the chip's junction temperature to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures.

EQ1 through EQ3 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient, and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P} \quad EQ\ 1$$

$$\theta_{JB} = \frac{T_J - T_B}{P} \quad EQ\ 2$$

$$\theta_{JC} = \frac{T_J - T_C}{P} \quad EQ\ 3$$

**Table 48 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	2.206	2.596	2.678	3.15	2.64	3.106	4.935	5.805	4.74	5.576	ns
4 mA	Slow	1.835	2.159	2.242	2.637	2.256	2.654	5.413	6.368	5.15	6.059	ns
6 mA	Slow	1.709	2.01	2.132	2.508	2.167	2.549	5.813	6.838	5.499	6.469	ns
8 mA	Slow	1.63	1.918	1.958	2.303	2.012	2.367	6.226	7.324	5.816	6.842	ns
12 mA	Slow	1.648	1.939	1.86	2.187	1.921	2.259	6.519	7.669	6.027	7.09	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

### 2.3.5.8 1.8 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 1.8 is a general standard for 1.8 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-7A.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 49 • LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions</b>					
Supply voltage	V <sub>DDI</sub>	1.710	1.8	1.89	V

**Table 50 • LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	0.65 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	1.89	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	0.65 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub> (DC)	-0.3	0.35 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)			-
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IL</sub> (DC)			-

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 51 • LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>DDI</sub> - 0.45		V
DC output logic low	V <sub>OL</sub>		0.45	V

**Table 52 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank) <sup>1</sup>	D <sub>MAX</sub>	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	295	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) <sup>1</sup>	D <sub>MAX</sub>	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

1. Maximum Data Rate applies for Drive Strength 8 mA and above, All Slews.

**Table 82 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>			T <sub>PYS</sub>			Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	Unit	
None	4.154	4.887	4.114	4.84	ns		
50	6.918	8.139	6.806	8.008	ns		
75	5.613	6.603	5.533	6.509	ns		
150	4.716	5.549	4.657	5.479	ns		

**Table 83 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	6.713	7.897	5.362	6.308	6.723	7.909	7.233	8.51	6.375	7.499	ns
	Medium	5.912	6.955	4.616	5.43	5.915	6.959	6.887	8.102	6.009	7.069	ns
	Medium fast	5.5	6.469	4.231	4.978	5.5	6.471	6.672	7.849	5.835	6.865	ns
	Fast	5.462	6.426	4.194	4.935	5.463	6.427	6.646	7.819	5.828	6.857	ns
4 mA	Slow	6.109	7.186	4.708	5.539	6.098	7.174	8.005	9.418	7.033	8.274	ns
	Medium	5.355	6.299	4.034	4.746	5.338	6.28	7.637	8.985	6.672	7.849	ns
	Medium fast	4.953	5.826	3.685	4.336	4.932	5.802	7.44	8.752	6.499	7.646	ns
	Fast	4.911	5.777	3.658	4.303	4.89	5.754	7.427	8.737	6.488	7.632	ns
6 mA	Slow	5.89	6.929	4.506	5.301	5.874	6.911	8.337	9.808	7.315	8.605	ns
	Medium	5.176	6.089	3.862	4.543	5.155	6.065	7.986	9.394	6.943	8.168	ns
	Medium fast	4.792	5.637	3.523	4.145	4.765	5.606	7.808	9.186	6.775	7.97	ns
	Fast	4.754	5.593	3.486	4.101	4.728	5.563	7.777	9.149	6.769	7.963	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

**Table 84 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	6.746	7.937	7.458	8.774	8.172	9.614	9.867	11.608	8.393	9.874	ns
4 mA	Slow	7.068	8.315	6.678	7.857	7.474	8.793	10.986	12.924	9.043	10.638	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

**Table 128 • DDR2/SSTL18 Transmitter Characteristics (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub>		T <sub>LZ</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std									
<b>SSTL18 Class I (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>											
Single-ended	2.383	2.804	2.23	2.623	2.229	2.622	2.202	2.591	2.201	2.59	ns
Differential	2.413	2.84	2.797	3.29	2.797	3.29	2.282	2.685	2.282	2.685	ns
<b>SSTL18 Class II (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>											
Single-ended	2.281	2.683	2.196	2.584	2.195	2.583	2.171	2.555	2.17	2.554	ns
Differential	2.315	2.724	2.698	3.173	2.698	3.173	2.242	2.639	2.242	2.639	ns

**2.3.6.5 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 1.5 V (SSTL15)**

SSTL15 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs, and also comply with the reduced and full drive double data rate (DDR3) standard. IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os supports both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL18. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

**Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification**

The following table lists the SSTL15 DC voltage specifications for DDRIO bank.

**Table 129 • SSTL15 DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>DDI</sub>	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
Termination voltage	V <sub>TT</sub>	0.698	0.750	0.803	V
Input reference voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	0.698	0.750	0.803	V

**Table 130 • SSTL15 DC Input Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	V <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	1.575	V
DC input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub> (DC)	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.1	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IL</sub> (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

### 2.3.6.6 Low Power Double Data Rate (LPDDR)

LPDDR reduced and full drive low power double data rate standards are supported in IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 139 • LPDDR DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	1.71	1.8	1.89
Termination voltage	$V_{TT}$	0.838	0.900	0.964
Input reference voltage	$V_{REF}$	0.838	0.900	0.964

**Table 140 • LPDDR DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max
DC input logic high	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	$0.7 \times V_{DDI}$	1.89
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}$ (DC)	-0.3	$0.3 \times V_{DDI}$
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)		
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)		

1. See [Table 24](#), page 22.

**Table 141 • LPDDR DC Output Voltage Specification Reduced Drive**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$0.9 \times V_{DDI}$	
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$0.1 \times V_{DDI}$
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	0.1	
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$		-0.1

**Table 142 • LPDDR DC Output Voltage Specification Full Drive<sup>1</sup>**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$0.9 \times V_{DDI}$	
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$0.1 \times V_{DDI}$
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	0.1	
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$		-0.1

1. To meet JEDEC Electrical Compliance, use LPDDR Full Drive Transmitter.

**Table 143 • LPDDR DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min
DC input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$ (DC)	$0.4 \times V_{DDI}$

### 2.3.7.5 RSDS

Reduced Swing Differential Signaling (RSDS) is similar to an LVDS high-speed interface using differential signaling. RSDS has a similar implementation to LVDS devices and is only intended for point-to-point applications.

#### Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 203 • RSDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

**Table 204 • RSDS DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	$V_I$	0	2.925	V

**Table 205 • RSDS DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 206 • RSDS Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	$V_{OD}$	100	600	mV
Output common mode voltage	$V_{OCM}$	0.5	1.5	V
Input common mode voltage	$V_{ICM}$	0.3	1.5	V
Input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$	100	600	mV

**Table 207 • RSDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	520	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

**Table 208 • RSDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Termination resistance	$R_T$	100	Ω

**Table 209 • RSDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{TRIP}$	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF

### AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ .

**Table 210 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIO I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.855	3.359	ns
100	2.85	3.353	ns

**Table 211 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.602	3.061	ns
100	2.597	3.055	ns

**Table 212 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

$T_{DP}$	$T_{ZL}$	$T_{ZH}$	$T_{HZ}$	$T_{LZ}$						
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit
2.097	2.467	2.303	2.709	2.291	2.695	1.961	2.307	1.947	2.29	ns

**Table 213 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	$T_{DP}$	$T_{ZL}$	$T_{ZH}$	$T_{HZ}$	$T_{LZ}$						
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit
No pre-emphasis	1.614	1.899	1.559	1.834	1.55	1.823	1.59	1.87	1.575	1.852	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.604	1.887	1.742	2.05	1.728	2.032	1.889	2.222	1.858	2.185	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.521	1.79	1.753	2.062	1.737	2.043	1.9	2.235	1.868	2.197	ns
Max pre-emphasis	1.492	1.754	1.762	2.073	1.745	2.052	1.91	2.247	1.876	2.206	ns

#### 2.3.7.6 LVPECL

Low-Voltage Positive Emitter-Coupled Logic (LVPECL) is another differential I/O standard. It requires that one data bit be carried through two signal lines. Similar to LVDS, two pins are needed. It also requires external resistor termination. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs support only LVPECL receivers and do not support LVPECL transmitters.

#### Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)

**Table 214 • LVPECL Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

The following table lists the input data register propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

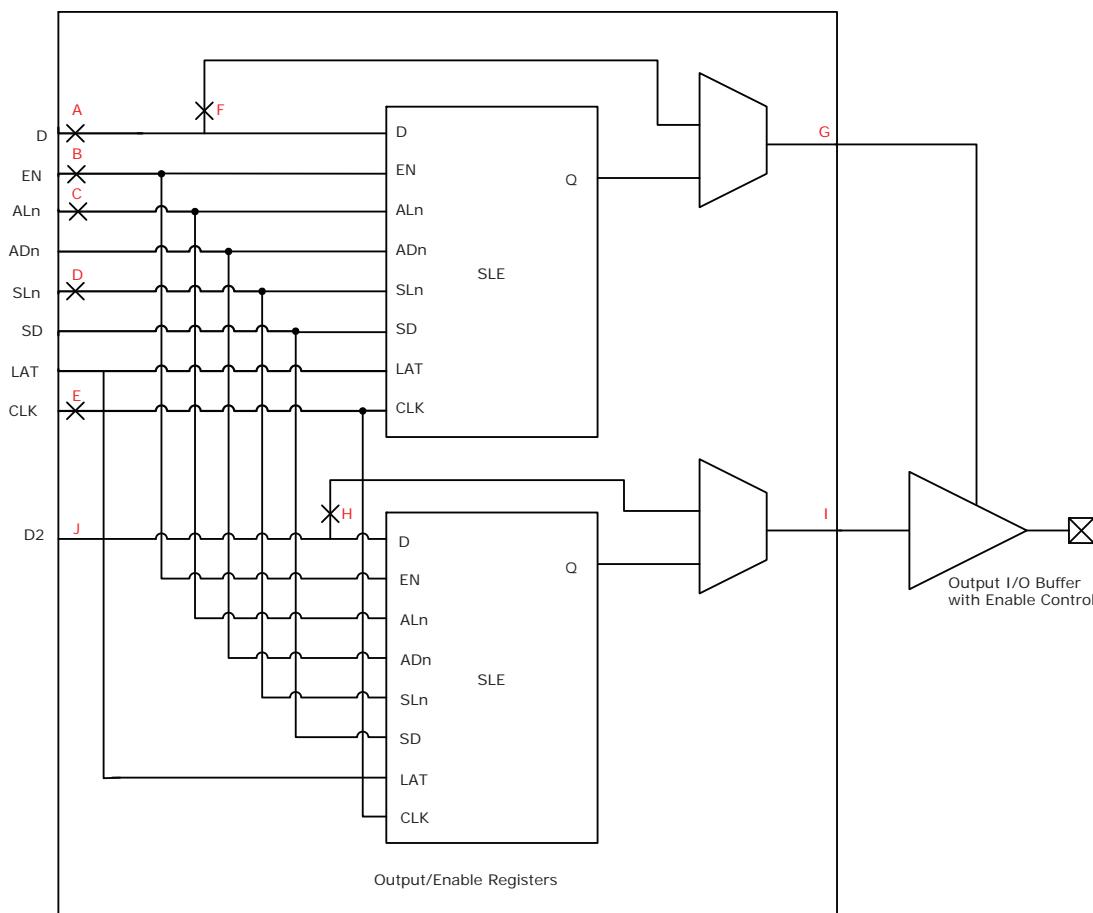
**Table 219 • Input Data Register Propagation Delays**

Parameter	Symbol	Measuring Nodes (from, to) <sup>1</sup>	-1	-Std	Unit
Bypass delay of the input register	$T_{IBYP}$	F, G	0.353	0.415	ns
Clock-to-Q of the input register	$T_{ICLKQ}$	E, G	0.16	0.188	ns
Data setup time for the input register	$T_{ISUD}$	A, E	0.357	0.421	ns
Data hold time for the input register	$T_{IHD}$	A, E	0	0	ns
Enable setup time for the input register	$T_{ISUE}$	B, E	0.46	0.542	ns
Enable hold time for the input register	$T_{IHE}$	B, E	0	0	ns
Synchronous load setup time for the input register	$T_{ISUSL}$	D, E	0.46	0.542	ns
Synchronous load hold time for the input register	$T_{IHSL}$	D, E	0	0	ns
Asynchronous clear-to-Q of the input register ( $ADn=1$ )	$T_{IALN2Q}$	C, G	0.625	0.735	ns
Asynchronous preset-to-Q of the input register ( $ADn=0$ )		C, G	0.587	0.69	ns
Asynchronous load removal time for the input register	$T_{IREMALN}$	C, E	0	0	ns
Asynchronous load recovery time for the input register	$T_{IRECALN}$	C, E	0.074	0.087	ns
Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for the input register	$T_{IWALN}$	C, C	0.304	0.357	ns
Clock minimum pulse width high for the input register	$T_{ICKMPWH}$	E, E	0.075	0.088	ns
Clock minimum pulse width low for the input register	$T_{ICKMPWL}$	E, E	0.159	0.187	ns

1. For the derating values at specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, see [Table 16](#), page 14 for derating values.

### 2.3.8.2 Output/Enable Register

Figure 8 • Timing Model for Output/Enable Register



**Table 221 • Input DDR Propagation Delays (continued)**

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	-1	-Std	Unit
T <sub>DDRIWAL</sub>	Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for input DDR	F, F	0.304	0.357	ns
T <sub>DDRICKMPWH</sub>	Clock minimum pulse width high for input DDR	B, B	0.075	0.088	ns
T <sub>DDRICKMPWL</sub>	Clock minimum pulse width low for input DDR	B, B	0.159	0.187	ns

**Table 239 • μSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128 × 9 Mode (continued)**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>	
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023		-0.027	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREM}$	0.046		0.054	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507		0.597	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREC}$	0.236		0.278	ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	$T_{R2Q}$		0.835		0.982 ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	$T_{SRSTSU}$	0.271		0.319	ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	$T_{SRSTHD}$	0.061		0.071	ns
Write clock period	$T_{CCY}$	4		4	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Write block setup time	$T_{BLKCSU}$	0.404		0.476	ns
Write block hold time	$T_{BLKCHD}$	0.007		0.008	ns
Write input data setup time	$T_{DINCSU}$	0.115		0.135	ns
Write input data hold time	$T_{DINCHD}$	0.15		0.177	ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104	ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.128		0.15	ns
Write enable setup time	$T_{WECSU}$	0.397		0.467	ns
Write enable hold time	$T_{WECHD}$	-0.026		-0.03	ns
Maximum frequency	$F_{MAX}$		250		250 MHz

The following table lists the μSRAM in 128 × 8 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 240 • μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>	
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>
Read clock period	$T_{CY}$	4		4	ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read pipeline clock period	$T_{PLCY}$	4		4	ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.266		0.313 ns
Read access time without pipeline register	$T_{CLK2Q}$		1.677		1.973 ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode		0.301		0.354	ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode	$T_{ADDRSU}$	1.856		2.184	ns

### 2.3.21 Clock Conditioning Circuits (CCC)

The following table lists the CCC/PLL specifications in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 282 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Specification**

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Clock conditioning circuitry input frequency $F_{IN\_CCC}$	1 0.032	200	200	MHz	All CCC 32 kHz capable CCC
Clock conditioning circuitry output frequency $F_{OUT\_CCC}$ <sup>1</sup>	0.078	400	400	MHz	
PLL VCO frequency <sup>2</sup>	500	1000	1000	MHz	
Delay increments in programmable delay blocks	75	100	100	ps	
Number of programmable values in each programmable delay block		64			
Acquisition time	70 1	100 16	100 ms	μs ms	$F_{IN} \geq 1\text{ MHz}$ $F_{IN} = 32\text{ kHz}$
Input duty cycle (reference clock)					Internal Feedback
	10	90	90	%	$1\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$
	25	75	75	%	$25\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$
	35	65	65	%	$100\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 150\text{ MHz}$
	45	55	55	%	$150\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 200\text{ MHz}$
					External Feedback (CCC, FPGA, Off-chip)
	25	75	75	%	$1\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$
	35	65	65	%	$25\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 35\text{ MHz}$
	45	55	55	%	$35\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 50\text{ MHz}$
Output duty cycle	48	52	52	%	050 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	005, 010, and 025 devices $F_{OUT} < 350\text{ MHz}$
	46	54	54	%	005, 010, and 025 devices $350\text{ MHz} \leq F_{out} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	060 and 090 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$
	44	52	52	%	060 and 090 devices $100\text{ MHz} \leq F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	150 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 120\text{ MHz}$
	45	52	52	%	150 devices $120\text{ MHz} \leq F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
<b>Spread Spectrum Characteristics</b>					
Modulation frequency range	25	35	50	k	
Modulation depth range	0	1.5	1.5	%	
Modulation depth control		0.5	0.5	%	

### 2.3.22 JTAG

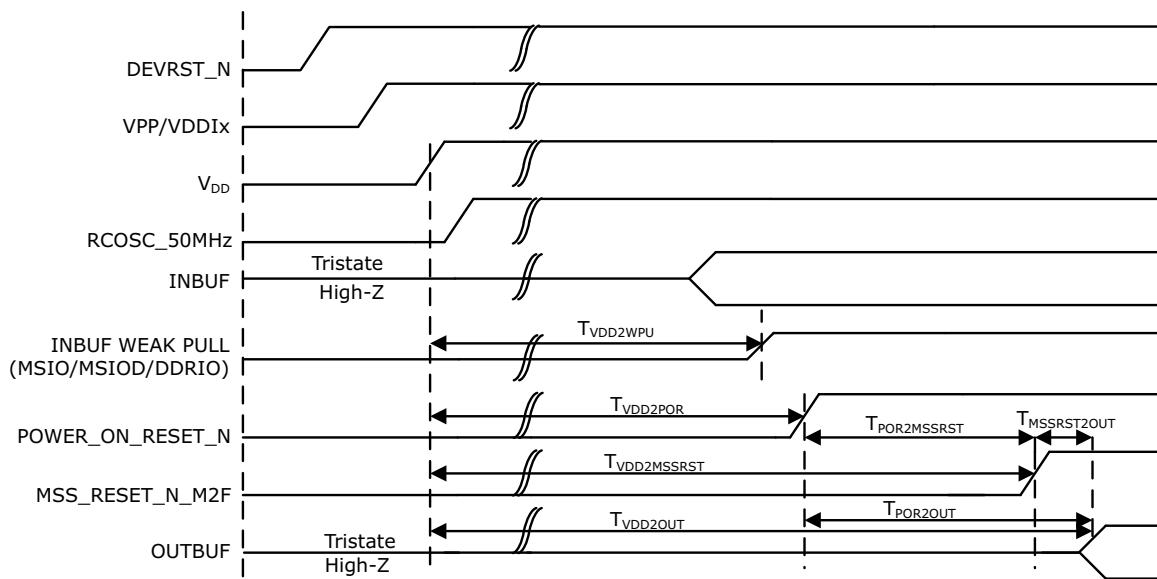
Table 284 • JTAG 1532 for 005, 010, 025, and 050 Devices

Parameter	Symbol	005		010		025		050		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
Clock to Q (data out)	$T_{TCK2Q}$	7.47	8.79	7.73	9.09	7.75	9.12	7.89	9.28	ns
Reset to Q (data out)	$T_{RSTB2Q}$	7.65	9	6.43	7.56	6.13	7.21	7.40	8.70	ns
Test data input setup time	$T_{DISU}$	-1.05	-0.89	-0.69	-0.59	-0.67	-0.57	-0.30	-0.25	ns
Test data input hold time	$T_{DIHD}$	2.38	2.8	2.38	2.8	2.42	2.85	2.09	2.45	ns
Test mode select setup time	$T_{TMSSU}$	-0.73	-0.62	-1.03	-1.21	-1.1	-0.94	0.28	0.33	ns
Test mode select hold time	$T_{TMDHD}$	1.36	1.6	1.43	1.68	1.93	2.27	0.16	0.19	ns
ResetB removal time	$T_{TRSTREM}$	-0.77	-0.65	-1.08	-0.92	-1.33	-1.13	-0.45	-0.38	ns
ResetB recovery time	$T_{TRSTREC}$	-0.76	-0.65	-1.07	-0.91	-1.34	-1.14	-0.45	-0.38	ns
TCK maximum frequency	$F_{TCKMAX}$	25	21.25	25	21.25	25	21.25	25.00	21.25	MHz

Table 285 • JTAG 1532 for 060, 090, and 150 Devices

Parameter	Symbol	060		090		150		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
Clock to Q (data out)	$T_{TCK2Q}$	8.38	9.86	8.96	10.54	8.66	10.19	ns
Reset to Q (data out)	$T_{RSTB2Q}$	8.54	10.04	7.75	9.12	8.79	10.34	ns
Test data input setup time	$T_{DISU}$	-1.18	-1	-1.31	-1.11	-0.96	-0.82	ns
Test data input hold time	$T_{DIHD}$	2.52	2.97	2.68	3.15	2.57	3.02	ns
Test mode select setup time	$T_{TMSSU}$	-0.97	-0.83	-1.02	-0.87	-0.53	-0.45	ns
Test mode select hold time	$T_{TMDHD}$	1.7	2	1.67	1.96	1.02	1.2	ns
ResetB removal time	$T_{TRSTREM}$	-1.21	-1.03	-0.76	-0.65	-1.03	-0.88	ns
ResetB recovery time	$T_{TRSTREC}$	-1.21	-1.03	-0.77	-0.65	-1.03	-0.88	ns
TCK maximum frequency	$F_{TCKMAX}$	25	21.25	25	21.25	25	21.25	MHz

### 2.3.23 System Controller SPI Characteristics

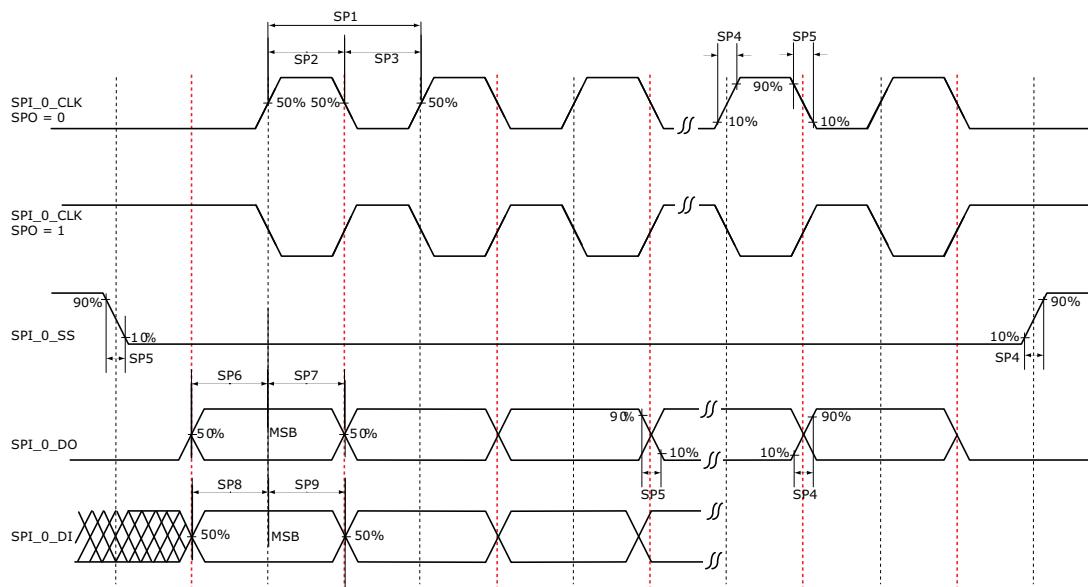
**Figure 17 • Power-up to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2**

The following table lists the IGLOO2 power-up to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 289 • Power-up to Functional Times for IGLOO2**

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for IGLOO2 (μs)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
$T_{POR2OUT}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	114	114	114	113	114	114	114
$T_{VDD2OUT}$	$V_{DD}$	Output available at I/O	$V_{DD}$ at its minimum threshold level to output	2587	2600	2607	2558	2591	2600	2699
$T_{VDD2POR}$	$V_{DD}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	$V_{DD}$ at its minimum threshold level to fabric	2474	2486	2493	2445	2477	2486	2585
$T_{VDD2WPU}$	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2500	2487	2509	2475	2507	2519	2617
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2504	2491	2510	2478	2517	2525	2620
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2479	2468	2493	2458	2486	2499	2595

**Note:** For more information about power-up times, see [UG0448: IGLOO2 FPGA High Performance Memory Subsystem User Guide](#).

**Figure 22 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)**

### 2.3.32 CAN Controller Characteristics

The following table lists the CAN controller characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 306 • CAN Controller Characteristics**

Parameter	Description	-1	-Std	Unit
FCANREFCLK <sup>1</sup>	Internally sourced CAN reference clock frequency	160	136	MHz
BAUDCANMAX	Maximum CAN performance baud rate	1	1	Mbps
BAUDCANMIN	Minimum CAN performance baud rate	0.05	0.05	Mbps

1. PCLK to CAN controller must be a multiple of 8 MHz.

### 2.3.33 USB Characteristics

The following table lists the USB characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 307 • USB Characteristics**

Parameter	Description	-1	-Std	Unit
FUSBREFCLK	Internally sourced USB reference clock frequency	166	142	MHz
TUSBCLK	USB clock period	16.66	16.66	ns
TUSBPD	Clock to USB data propagation delay	9.0	9.0	ns
TUSBSU	Setup time for USB data	6.0	6.0	ns
TUSBHD	Hold time for USB data	0	0	ns