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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	56340
Total RAM Bits	1869824
Number of I/O	267
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl050t-fgg484i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl050t-fgg484i</a>



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- Added [Table 244](#), page 94 and [Table 256](#), page 99 (SAR 73971).
- Updated the [SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics](#), page 121 (SAR 71171).
- Added the [DEVRST\\_N Characteristics](#), page 116 (SAR 64100, 72103).
- Added [Table 298](#), page 122 (SAR 71897).
- Updated [Table 25](#), page 22, [Table 26](#), page 23, and [Table 27](#), page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Added 060 devices in [Table 277](#), page 107, [Table 278](#), page 108, and [Table 279](#), page 108 (SAR 57898).
- Updated duty cycle parameter of crystal in [Table 280](#), page 109 and [Table 281](#), page 109 (SAR 57898).
- Added 32 KHz mode PLL acquisition time in [Table 282](#), page 110 (SAR 68281).
- Updated [Table 293](#), page 119 for 060 devices (SAR 57828).
- Updated [Table 297](#), page 122 for CID value (SAR 70878).

## 1.4 Revision 8.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 8.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 11](#), page 12 (SAR 69218).
- Updated [Table 12](#), page 13 (SAR 69218).
- Updated [Table 283](#), page 111 (SAR 69000).

## 1.5 Revision 7.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 7.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 1](#), page 4(SAR 68620).

## 1.6 Revision 6.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 6.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 5](#), page 7 (SAR 65949).
- Updated [Table 9](#), page 10 (SAR 62995).
- Updated [Table 123](#), page 47 and [Table 133](#), page 49 (SAR 67210).
- Added [Embedded NVM \(eNVM\) Characteristics](#), page 104 (SAR 52509).
- Updated [Table 277](#), page 107 (SAR 64855).
- Updated [Table 282](#), page 110 (SAR 65958 and SAR 56666).
- Added [DDR Memory Interface Characteristics](#), page 120 (SAR 66223).
- Added [SFP Transceiver Characteristics](#), page 120 (SAR 63105).
- Updated [Table 302](#), page 123 and [Table 309](#), page 129 (SAR 66314).

## 1.7 Revision 5.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 5.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 1](#), page 4.
- Updated [Table 4](#), page 6 for  $T_J$  symbol information.
- Updated [Table 5](#), page 7 (SAR 63109).
- Updated [Table 9](#), page 10.
- Updated [Table 282](#), page 110 (SAR 62012).
- Added [Table 290](#), page 116 (SAR 64100).
- Added [Table 306](#), page 128, [Table 307](#), page 128 (SAR 50424).

## 1.8 Revision 4.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 4.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 1](#), page 4. Changed the Status of 090 devices to "Production" (SAR 62750).
- Updated [Figure 10](#), page 70. Removed inverter bubble from DDR\_IN latch (SAR 61418).
- Updated [SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics](#), page 121 (SAR 62836).

**Table 4 • Recommended Operating Conditions (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
3.3 V DC supply voltage	$V_{DDIX}$	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
LVDS differential I/O	$V_{DDIX}$	2.375	2.5	3.45	V	
B-LVDS, M-LVDS, Mini-LVDS, RSDS differential I/O	$V_{DDIX}$	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
LVPECL differential I/O	$V_{DDIX}$	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
Reference voltage supply for FDDR (Bank0) and MDDR (Bank5)	$V_{REFX}$	0.49 × $V_{DDIX}$	0.5 × $V_{DDIX}$	0.51 × $V_{DDIX}$	V	
Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to $V_{PP}$ .	$V_{PPNVM}$	2.375 3.15	2.5 3.3	2.625 3.45	V	2.5 V range 3.3 V range

1. Programming at Industrial temperature range is available only with  $V_{PP} = 3.3$  V.

**Note:** Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

**Table 5 • FPGA Operating Limits**

Product Grade	Element	Programming Temperature	Operating Temperature	Programming Cycles	Digest Temperature	Digest Cycles	Retention (Biased/Unbiased)
Commercial	FPGA	Min $T_J = 0$ °C Max $T_J = 85$ °C	Min $T_J = 0$ °C Max $T_J = 85$ °C	500	Min $T_J = 0$ °C Max $T_J = 85$ °C	2000	20 years
Industrial <sup>1</sup>	FPGA	Min $T_J = -40$ °C Max $T_J = 100$ °C	Min $T_J = -40$ °C Max $T_J = 100$ °C	500	Min $T_J = -40$ °C Max $T_J = 100$ °C	2000	20 years

1. Programming at Industrial temperature range is available only with  $V_{PP} = 3.3$  V.

**Note:** The retention specification is defined as the total number of programming and digest cycles. For example, 20 years of retention after 500 programming cycles.

**Note:** The digest cycle specification is 2000 digest cycles for every program cycle with a maximum of 500 programming cycles.

**Note:** If your product qualification requires accelerated programming cycles, see [Microsemi SoC Products Quality and Reliability Report](#) about recommended methodologies.

The following table lists the embedded operating flash limits.

**Table 6 • Embedded Operating Flash Limits**

Product Grade	Element	Programming Temperature	Maximum Operating Temperature	Programming Cycles	Retention (Biased/Unbiased)
Commercial	Embedded flash	Min $T_J = 0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	Min $T_J = 0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	< 1000 cycles per page, up to two million cycles per eNVM array	20 years
				< 10000 cycles per page, up to 20 million cycles per eNVM array	10 years
Industrial	Embedded flash	Min $T_J = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	Min $T_J = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	< 1000 cycles per page, up to two million cycles per eNVM array	20 years
				< 10000 cycles per page, up to 20 million cycles per eNVM array	10 years

**Note:** If your product qualification requires accelerated programming cycles, see [Microsemi SoC Products Quality and Reliability Report](#) about recommended methodologies.

**Table 7 • Device Storage Temperature and Retention**

Product Grade	Storage Temperature (Tstg)	Retention
Commercial	Min $T_J = 0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	20 years
Industrial	Min $T_J = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	20 years

**Table 8 • High Temperature Data Retention (HTR) Lifetime**

$T_J$ (C)	HTR Lifetime <sup>1</sup> (yrs)
90	20.5
95	20.5
100	20.5
105	17.0
110	15.0
115	13.0
120	11.5
125	10.0
130	8.0
135	6.0
140	4.5
145	3.0
150	1.5

1. HTR Lifetime is the period during which a verify failure is not expected due to flash leakage.

**Table 15 • Inrush Currents at Power up,  $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  – Typical Process**

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit
$V_{DD}$	1.26	25	32	38	48	45	77	109	mA
$V_{PP}$	3.46	33	49	36	180	13	36	51	mA
$V_{DDI}$	2.62	134	141	161	187	93	272	388	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

### 2.3.3 Average Fabric Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

The following table lists the average temperature and voltage derating factors for fabric timing delays normalized to  $T_J = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , in worst-case  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 16 • Average Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Fabric Timing Delays**

Array Voltage $V_{DD}$ (V)	$-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
1.14	0.83	0.89	0.92	0.98	<b>1.00</b>	1.02
1.2	0.75	0.80	0.83	0.89	0.91	0.93
1.26	0.69	0.73	0.76	0.81	0.83	0.85

### 2.3.5.7 2.5 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 2.5 V is a general standard for 2.5 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs that are in compliance with the JEDEC specification JESD8-5A.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 38 • LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

**Table 39 • LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	1.7	2.625	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	1.7	3.45	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}$ (DC)	-0.3	0.7	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See [Table 24](#), page 22.

**Table 40 • LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$ <sup>1</sup>	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	-	V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$ <sup>2</sup>		0.4	V

1. The VOH/VOL test points selected ensure compliance with LVCMOS 2.5 V JEDEC8-5A requirements.

**Table 41 • LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Minimum and Maximum Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	410	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	420	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

**Table 42 • LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	Rodt_cal	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	$\Omega$

**Table 46 • LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**  
(continued)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
4 mA	Slow	3.095	3.641	2.705	3.182	3.088	3.633	4.738	5.575	4.348	5.116	ns
	Medium	2.825	3.324	2.488	2.927	2.823	3.321	4.492	5.285	4.063	4.781	ns
	Medium fast	2.701	3.178	2.384	2.804	2.698	3.173	4.364	5.135	3.945	4.642	ns
	Fast	2.69	3.165	2.377	2.796	2.687	3.161	4.359	5.129	3.94	4.636	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.919	3.434	2.491	2.93	2.902	3.414	5.085	5.983	4.674	5.5	ns
	Medium	2.65	3.118	2.279	2.681	2.642	3.108	4.845	5.701	4.375	5.148	ns
	Medium fast	2.529	2.975	2.176	2.56	2.521	2.965	4.724	5.558	4.259	5.011	ns
	Fast	2.516	2.96	2.168	2.551	2.508	2.95	4.717	5.55	4.251	5.002	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.863	3.368	2.427	2.855	2.844	3.346	5.196	6.114	4.769	5.612	ns
	Medium	2.599	3.058	2.217	2.608	2.59	3.047	4.952	5.827	4.471	5.261	ns
	Medium fast	2.483	2.921	2.114	2.487	2.473	2.91	4.832	5.685	4.364	5.134	ns
	Fast	2.467	2.902	2.106	2.478	2.457	2.89	4.826	5.678	4.348	5.116	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.747	3.232	2.296	2.701	2.724	3.204	5.39	6.342	4.938	5.81	ns
	Medium	2.493	2.934	2.102	2.473	2.483	2.921	5.166	6.078	4.65	5.471	ns
	Medium fast	2.382	2.803	2.006	2.36	2.371	2.789	5.067	5.962	4.546	5.349	ns
	Fast	2.369	2.787	1.999	2.352	2.357	2.773	5.063	5.958	4.538	5.339	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.677	3.149	2.213	2.604	2.649	3.116	5.575	6.56	5.08	5.977	ns
	Medium	2.432	2.862	2.028	2.386	2.421	2.848	5.372	6.32	4.801	5.649	ns
	Medium fast	2.324	2.734	1.937	2.278	2.311	2.718	5.297	6.233	4.7	5.531	ns
	Fast	2.313	2.721	1.929	2.269	2.3	2.706	5.296	6.231	4.699	5.529	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

**Table 47 • LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.48	4.095	3.855	4.534	3.785	4.453	2.12	2.494	3.45	4.059	ns
4 mA	Slow	2.583	3.039	3.042	3.579	3.138	3.691	4.143	4.874	4.687	5.513	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.392	2.815	2.669	3.139	2.82	3.317	4.909	5.775	5.083	5.98	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.309	2.717	2.565	3.017	2.74	3.223	5.812	6.837	5.523	6.497	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.333	2.745	2.437	2.867	2.626	3.089	6.131	7.213	5.712	6.72	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.412	2.838	2.335	2.747	2.533	2.979	6.54	7.694	6.007	7.067	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

**Table 53 • LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	Rodt_cal	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	$\Omega$

**Table 54 • LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	R <sub>ENT</sub>	2k	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	C <sub>ENT</sub>	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T <sub>DP</sub> )	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	5	pF

**Table 55 • LVCMOS 1.8 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection			V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	IOH (at V <sub>OH</sub> )	IOL (at V <sub>OL</sub> )
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank	Min	Max	mA	mA
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> - 0.45	0.45	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> - 0.45	0.45	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> - 0.45	0.45	6	6
8 mA	8 mA	8 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> - 0.45	0.45	8	8
10 mA	10 mA	10 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> - 0.45	0.45	10	10
12 mA		12 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> - 0.45	0.45	12	12
		16 mA <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>DDI</sub> - 0.45	0.45	16	16

1. 16 mA drive strengths, all slews, meets LPDDR JEDEC electrical compliance.

### AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V, V<sub>DDI</sub> = 1.71 V

**Table 56 • LVCMOS 1.8 V Receiver Characteristics (Input Buffers)**

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>py</sub>		T <sub>pys</sub>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
LVCMOS 1.8 V (for DDRIO I/O bank with Fixed Codes)	None	1.968	2.315	2.099	2.47	ns
	None	2.898	3.411	2.883	3.393	ns
	50	3.05	3.59	3.044	3.583	ns
LVCMOS 1.8 V (for MSIO I/O bank)	75	2.999	3.53	2.987	3.516	ns
	150	2.947	3.469	2.933	3.452	ns
	None	2.611	3.071	2.598	3.057	ns
LVCMOS 1.8 V (for MSIOD I/O bank)	50	2.775	3.264	2.775	3.265	ns
	75	2.72	3.2	2.712	3.19	ns
	150	2.666	3.137	2.655	3.123	ns
	None	2.611	3.071	2.598	3.057	ns

**Table 85 • LVCMOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	$T_{DP}$		$T_{ZL}$		$T_{ZH}$		$T_{HZ}^1$		$T_{LZ}^1$		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.883	4.568	4.868	5.726	5.329	6.269	7.994	9.404	7.527	8.855	ns
4 mA	Slow	3.774	4.44	4.188	4.926	4.613	5.426	8.972	10.555	8.315	9.782	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

### 2.3.5.11 3.3 V PCI/PCIX

Peripheral Component Interface (PCI) for 3.3 V standards specify support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI bus applications.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification (Applicable to MSIO Bank Only)

**Table 86 • PCI/PCI-X DC Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

**Table 87 • PCI/PCI-X DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	$V_I$	0	3.45	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}(DC)$			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}(DC)$			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 88 • PCI/PCI-X DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$		Per PCI specification		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		Per PCI specification		V

**Table 89 • PCI/PCI-X Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	630	Mbps	AC Loading: per JEDEC specifications

**Table 90 • PCI/PCI-X AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path (falling edge)	$V_{TRIP}$	$0.615 \times V_{DDI}$	V
Measuring/trip point for data path (rising edge)	$V_{TRIP}$	$0.285 \times V_{DDI}$	V
Resistance for data test path	$R_{TT\_TEST}$	25	$\Omega$
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path ( $T_{DP}$ )	$C_{LOAD}$	10	pF

**Table 107 • SSTL2 AC Differential Voltage Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	$V_{DIFF} (AC)$	0.7		V
AC differential cross point voltage	$V_x (AC)$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} - 0.2$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} + 0.2$	V

**Table 108 • SSTL2 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	575	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	700	Mbps	AC loading: 3 pF / 50 $\Omega$ load
		510	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load

**Table 109 • SSTL2 AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	20, 42	$\Omega$	Reference resistor = 150 $\Omega$

**Table 110 • DDR1/SSTL2 AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{TRIP}$	1.25	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class I ( $T_{DP}$ )	$R_{TT\_TEST}$	50	$\Omega$
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class II ( $T_{DP}$ )	$R_{TT\_TEST}$	25	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for data path ( $T_{DP}$ )	$C_{LOAD}$	5	pF

**AC Switching Characteristics**

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$

**Table 111 • SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		Unit
		-1	-Std	
Pseudo differential	None	1.549	1.821	ns
True differential	None	1.589	1.87	ns

**Table 128 • DDR2/SSTL18 Transmitter Characteristics (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	$T_{DP}$		$T_{ZL}$		$T_{ZH}$		$T_{HZ}$		$T_{LZ}$		Unit
	-1	-Std									
<b>SSTL18 Class I (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>											
Single-ended	2.383	2.804	2.23	2.623	2.229	2.622	2.202	2.591	2.201	2.59	ns
Differential	2.413	2.84	2.797	3.29	2.797	3.29	2.282	2.685	2.282	2.685	ns
<b>SSTL18 Class II (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>											
Single-ended	2.281	2.683	2.196	2.584	2.195	2.583	2.171	2.555	2.17	2.554	ns
Differential	2.315	2.724	2.698	3.173	2.698	3.173	2.242	2.639	2.242	2.639	ns

### 2.3.6.5 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 1.5 V (SSTL15)

SSTL15 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs, and also comply with the reduced and full drive double data rate (DDR3) standard. IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os supports both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL18. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

The following table lists the SSTL15 DC voltage specifications for DDRIO bank.

**Table 129 • SSTL15 DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
Termination voltage	$V_{TT}$	0.698	0.750	0.803	V
Input reference voltage	$V_{REF}$	0.698	0.750	0.803	V

**Table 130 • SSTL15 DC Input Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	$V_{IH}(DC)$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	1.575	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}(DC)$	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}(DC)$			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}(DC)$			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 162 • LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 163 • LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	$V_{OD}$	250	350	450	mV
Output common mode voltage	$V_{OCM}$	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
Input common mode voltage	$V_{ICM}$	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
Input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$	100	350	600	mV

**Table 164 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	535	Mbps	AC loading: 12 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) no pre-emphasis	$D_{MAX}$	620	Mbps	AC loading: 10 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load
		700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load

**Table 165 • LVDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Termination resistance	$R_T$	100		$\Omega$

**Table 166 • LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{TRIP}$	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF

**LVDS25 AC Switching Characteristics**

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$

**Table 167 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		Unit
	-1	-Std	
None	2.774	3.263	ns
100	2.775	3.264	ns

**Table 232 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 2K × 9 (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	–1		–Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Address setup time	$T_{ADDRSU}$	0.475		0.559		ns
Address hold time	$T_{ADDRHD}$	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	$T_{DSU}$	0.336		0.395		ns
Data hold time	$T_{DHD}$	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	$T_{BLKSU}$	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	$T_{BLKHD}$	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	$T_{BLK2Q}$		1.529		1.799	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	$T_{BLKMPW}$	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	$T_{RDESU}$	0.485		0.57		ns
Read enable hold time	$T_{RDEHD}$	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	$T_{R2Q}$		1.514		1.781	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{RSTREM}$	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{RSTREC}$	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{RSTMPW}$	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	$T_{SRSTSU}$	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	$T_{SRSTHD}$	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	$T_{WESU}$	0.415		0.488		ns
Write enable hold time	$T_{WEHD}$	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	$F_{MAX}$		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 4K × 4 in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 233 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 4K × 4**

Parameter	Symbol	–1		–Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	$T_{CY}$	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	$T_{PLCY}$	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns

**Table 233 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 4K x 4 (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	–1		–Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.323		0.38	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	$T_{CLK2Q}$		2.273		2.673	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.511		1.778	ns
Address setup time	$T_{ADDRSU}$	0.543		0.638		ns
Address hold time	$T_{ADDRHD}$	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	$T_{DSU}$	0.334		0.393		ns
Data hold time	$T_{DHD}$	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	$T_{BLKSU}$	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	$T_{BLKHD}$	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	$T_{BLK2Q}$		1.511		1.778	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	$T_{BLKMPW}$	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	$T_{RDESU}$	0.516		0.607		ns
Read enable hold time	$T_{RDEHD}$	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	$T_{R2Q}$		1.507		1.773	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{RSTREM}$	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{RSTREC}$	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{RSTMPW}$	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	$T_{SRSTSU}$	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	$T_{SRSTHD}$	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	$T_{WESU}$	0.458		0.539		ns
Write enable hold time	$T_{WEHD}$	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	$F_{MAX}$		400		340	MHz

**Table 239 •  $\mu$ SRAM (RAM128x9) in 128 × 9 Mode (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023		-0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREM}$	0.046		0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507		0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREC}$	0.236		0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	$T_{R2Q}$		0.835		0.982	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	$T_{SRSTSU}$	0.271		0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	$T_{SRSTHD}$	0.061		0.071		ns
Write clock period	$T_{CCY}$	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	$T_{BLKCSU}$	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	$T_{BLKCHD}$	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	$T_{DINCSU}$	0.115		0.135		ns
Write input data hold time	$T_{DINCHD}$	0.15		0.177		ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.128		0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	$T_{WECSU}$	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	$T_{WECHD}$	-0.026		-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	$F_{MAX}$		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the  $\mu$ SRAM in 128 × 8 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 240 •  $\mu$ SRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read clock period	$T_{CY}$	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	$T_{PLCY}$	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.266		0.313	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	$T_{CLK2Q}$		1.677		1.973	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode		0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode	$T_{ADDRSU}$	1.856		2.184		ns

The following table lists the  $\mu$ SRAM in  $256 \times 4$  mode in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 241 •  $\mu$ SRAM (RAM256x4) in  $256 \times 4$  Mode**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read clock period	$T_{CY}$	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	$T_{PLCY}$	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	$T_{CLK2Q}$		0.27		0.31	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.75		2.06	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	$T_{ADDRSU}$	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.931		2.272		ns
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	$T_{ADDRHD}$	0.121		0.142		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.65		-0.76		ns
Read enable setup time	$T_{RDENSU}$	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	$T_{RDENHD}$	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	$T_{BLKSU}$	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	$T_{BLKHD}$	-0.65		-0.77		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	$T_{BLK2Q}$		2.09		2.46	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREM}$	-0.02		-0.03		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)		0.046		0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREC}$	0.507		0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)		0.236		0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	$T_{R2Q}$		0.83		0.98	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	$T_{SRSTSU}$	0.271		0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	$T_{SRSTHD}$	0.061		0.071		ns
Write clock period	$T_{CCY}$	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	$T_{BLKCSU}$	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	$T_{BLKCHD}$	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	$T_{DINCSU}$	0.101		0.118		ns
Write input data hold time	$T_{DINCHD}$	0.137		0.161		ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104		ns

**Table 243 •  $\mu$ SRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 x 1 Mode (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREC}$	0.507		0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)		0.236		0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	$T_{R2Q}$		0.83		0.98	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	$T_{SRSTSU}$	0.271		0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	$T_{SRSTHD}$	0.061		0.071		ns
Write clock period	$T_{CCY}$	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	$T_{BLKCSU}$	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	$T_{BLKCHD}$	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	$T_{DINCSU}$	0.003		0.004		ns
Write input data hold time	$T_{DINCHD}$	0.137		0.161		ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.247		0.29		ns
Write enable setup time	$T_{WECSU}$	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	$T_{WECHD}$	-0.03		-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	$F_{MAX}$		250		250	MHz

### 2.3.13 Programming Times

The following tables list the programming times in typical conditions when  $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.2\text{ V}$ . External SPI flash part# AT25DF641-s3H is used during this measurement.

**Table 244 • JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL				
Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	22	10	Sec
010	568784	28	18	Sec
025	1223504	51	26	Sec
050	2424832	66	54	Sec
060	2418896	77	54	Sec
090	3645968	113	126	Sec
150	6139184	155	193	Sec

## 2.3.14 Math Block Timing Characteristics

The fundamental building block in any digital signal processing algorithm is the multiply-accumulate function. Each IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC math block supports 18×18 signed multiplication, dot product, and built-in addition, subtraction, and accumulation units to combine multiplication results efficiently. The following table lists the math blocks with all registers used in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 268 • Math Blocks with all Registers Used**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input, control register setup time	$T_{MISU}$	0.149		0.176		ns
Input, control register hold time	$T_{MIHD}$	1.68		1.976		ns
CDIN input setup time	$T_{MOCDINSU}$	0.185		0.218		ns
CDIN input hold time	$T_{MOCDINHHD}$	0.08		0.094		ns
Synchronous reset/enable setup time	$T_{MSRSTENSU}$	-0.419		-0.493		ns
Synchronous reset/enable hold time	$T_{MSRSTENHD}$	0.011		0.013		ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{MARSTREM}$	0		0		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{MARSTREC}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Output register clock to out delay	$T_{MOCQ}$		0.232		0.273	ns
CLK minimum period	$T_{MCLKMP}$	2.245		2.641		ns

The following table lists the math blocks with input bypassed and output registers used in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 269 • Math Block with Input Bypassed and Output Registers Used**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output register setup time	$T_{MOSU}$	2.294		2.699		ns
Output register hold time	$T_{MOHD}$	1.68		1.976		ns
CDIN input setup time	$T_{MOCDINSU}$	0.115		0.136		ns
CDIN input hold time	$T_{MOCDINHHD}$	-0.444		-0.522		ns
Synchronous reset/enable setup time	$T_{MSRSTENSU}$	-0.419		-0.493		ns
Synchronous reset/enable hold time	$T_{MSRSTENHD}$	0.011		0.013		ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{MARSTREM}$	0		0		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{MARSTREC}$	0.014		0.017		ns
Output register clock to out delay	$T_{MOCQ}$		0.232		0.273	ns
CLK minimum period	$T_{MCLKMP}$	2.179		2.563		ns

The following table lists the receiver pa in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 297 • Receiver Parameters**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
VRX-IN-PP-CC	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (2.5 Gbps)	0.238		1.2	V
	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (2.5 Gbps, de-emphasized)	0.219		1.2	V
	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (5.0 Gbps)	0.300		1.2	V
	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (5.0 Gbps, de-emphasized)	0.300		1.2	V
VRX-CM-AC-P	Input common mode range (AC coupled)			150	mV
ZRX-DIFF-DC	Differential input termination	80	100	120	$\Omega$
REXT	External calibration resistor	1,188	1,200	1,212	$\Omega$
CDR-LOCK-RST	CDR relock time from reset			15	$\mu\text{s}$
RLRX-DIFF	Return loss differential mode (2.5 Gbps)	-10			dB
	Return loss differential mode (5.0 Gbps)				
	0.05 GHz to 1.25 GHz	-10			dB
	1.25 GHz to 2.5 GHz	-8			dB
RLRX-CM	Return loss common mode (2.5 Gbps, 5.0 Gbps)	-6			dB
RX-CID <sup>1</sup>	CID limit PCIe Gen1/2			200	UI
VRX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-PP	Signal detect limit	65		175	mV

1. AC-coupled, BER =  $e^{-12}$ , using synchronous clock.

**Table 298 • SerDes Protocol Compliance**

Protocol	Maximum Data Rate (Gbps)	-1	-Std
PCIe Gen 1	2.5	Yes	Yes
PCIe Gen 2	5.0	Yes	
XAUI	3.125	Yes	
Generic EPCS	3.2	Yes	
Generic EPCS	2.5	Yes	Yes

**Table 310 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	15			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	–2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 3.5			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	3			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	2.5			ns	

1. For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. For allowable pclk configurations, see the Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

**Figure 23 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)**

