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### **Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	56340
Total RAM Bits	1869824
Number of I/O	377
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	896-BGA
Supplier Device Package	896-FBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl050ts-fg896i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl050ts-fg896i</a>

# Contents

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<b>1 Revision History .....</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Revision 11.0 .....	1
1.2 Revision 10.0 .....	1
1.3 Revision 9.0 .....	1
1.4 Revision 8.0 .....	2
1.5 Revision 7.0 .....	2
1.6 Revision 6.0 .....	2
1.7 Revision 5.0 .....	2
1.8 Revision 4.0 .....	2
1.9 Revision 3.0 .....	3
1.10 Revision 2.0 .....	3
1.11 Revision 1.0 .....	3
<b>2 IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA .....</b>	<b>4</b>
2.1 Device Status .....	4
2.2 References .....	5
2.3 Electrical Specifications .....	5
2.3.1 Operating Conditions .....	5
2.3.2 Power Consumption .....	12
2.3.3 Average Fabric Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors .....	14
2.3.4 Timing Model .....	15
2.3.5 User I/O Characteristics .....	17
2.3.6 Logic Element Specifications .....	75
2.3.7 Global Resource Characteristics .....	78
2.3.8 FPGA Fabric SRAM .....	79
2.3.9 Programming Times .....	94
2.3.10 Math Block Timing Characteristics .....	103
2.3.11 Embedded NVM (eNVM) Characteristics .....	104
2.3.12 SRAM PUF .....	105
2.3.13 Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics .....	106
2.3.14 Cryptographic Block Characteristics .....	106
2.3.15 Crystal Oscillator .....	107
2.3.16 On-Chip Oscillator .....	109
2.3.17 Clock Conditioning Circuits (CCC) .....	110
2.3.18 JTAG .....	112
2.3.19 System Controller SPI Characteristics .....	113
2.3.20 Power-up to Functional Times .....	114
2.3.21 DEVRST_N Characteristics .....	116
2.3.22 DEVRST_N to Functional Times .....	116
2.3.23 Flash*Freeze Timing Characteristics .....	119
2.3.24 DDR Memory Interface Characteristics .....	120
2.3.25 SFP Transceiver Characteristics .....	120
2.3.26 SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics .....	121
2.3.27 SmartFusion2 Specifications .....	123
2.3.28 CAN Controller Characteristics .....	128
2.3.29 USB Characteristics .....	128
2.3.30 MMUART Characteristics .....	129
2.3.31 IGLOO2 Specifications .....	129

- Added [Table 244](#), page 94 and [Table 256](#), page 99 (SAR 73971).
- Updated the [SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics](#), page 121 (SAR 71171).
- Added the [DEVRST\\_N Characteristics](#), page 116 (SAR 64100, 72103).
- Added [Table 298](#), page 122 (SAR 71897).
- Updated [Table 25](#), page 22, [Table 26](#), page 23, and [Table 27](#), page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Added 060 devices in [Table 277](#), page 107, [Table 278](#), page 108, and [Table 279](#), page 108 (SAR 57898).
- Updated duty cycle parameter of crystal in [Table 280](#), page 109 and [Table 281](#), page 109 (SAR 57898).
- Added 32 KHz mode PLL acquisition time in [Table 282](#), page 110 (SAR 68281).
- Updated [Table 293](#), page 119 for 060 devices (SAR 57828).
- Updated [Table 297](#), page 122 for CID value (SAR 70878).

## 1.4

### Revision 8.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 8.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 11](#), page 12 (SAR 69218).
- Updated [Table 12](#), page 13 (SAR 69218).
- Updated [Table 283](#), page 111 (SAR 69000).

## 1.5

### Revision 7.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 7.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 1](#), page 4 (SAR 68620).

## 1.6

### Revision 6.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 6.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 5](#), page 7 (SAR 65949).
- Updated [Table 9](#), page 10 (SAR 62995).
- Updated [Table 123](#), page 47 and [Table 133](#), page 49 (SAR 67210).
- Added [Embedded NVM \(eNVM\) Characteristics](#), page 104 (SAR 52509).
- Updated [Table 277](#), page 107 (SAR 64855).
- Updated [Table 282](#), page 110 (SAR 65958 and SAR 56666).
- Added [DDR Memory Interface Characteristics](#), page 120 (SAR 66223).
- Added [SFP Transceiver Characteristics](#), page 120 (SAR 63105).
- Updated [Table 302](#), page 123 and [Table 309](#), page 129 (SAR 66314).

## 1.7

### Revision 5.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 5.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 1](#), page 4.
- Updated [Table 4](#), page 6 for  $T_J$  symbol information.
- Updated [Table 5](#), page 7 (SAR 63109).
- Updated [Table 9](#), page 10.
- Updated [Table 282](#), page 110 (SAR 62012).
- Added [Table 290](#), page 116 (SAR 64100).
- Added [Table 306](#), page 128, [Table 307](#), page 128 (SAR 50424).

## 1.8

### Revision 4.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 4.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 1](#), page 4. Changed the Status of 090 devices to "Production" (SAR 62750).
- Updated [Figure 10](#), page 70. Removed inverter bubble from DDR\_IN latch (SAR 61418).
- Updated [SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics](#), page 121 (SAR 62836).

- For flash programming and retention maximum limits, see Table 5, page 7. For recommended operating conditions, see Table 4, page 6.

**Table 4 • Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Operating junction temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	0	25	85	°C	Commercial
		-40	25	100	°C	Industrial
Programming junction temperatures <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>J</sub>	0	25	85	°C	Commercial
		-40	25	100	°C	Industrial
DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.	V <sub>DD</sub>	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming) for the 005, 010, 025, 050, 060 devices	V <sub>PP</sub>	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming) for the 090 and 150 devices	V <sub>PP</sub>	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for FDDR PLL	FDDR_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_V DDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_ VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for PLL0 to PLL5	CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
High supply voltage for PLL SerDes[01]	SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power for SerDes[01] PLL Lane 0 to Lane 3. This is a 2.5 V SerDes internal PLL supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VD DAPLL	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SerDesIF0. This is a 1.2 V SerDes PMA supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VD DAIO	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
PCIe/PCS power supply	SERDES_[01]_VDD	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
1.2 V DC supply voltage	V <sub>DD1x</sub>	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
1.5 V DC supply voltage	V <sub>DD1x</sub>	1.425	1.5	1.575	V	
1.8 V DC supply voltage	V <sub>DD1x</sub>	1.71	1.8	1.89	V	
2.5 V DC supply voltage	V <sub>DD1x</sub>	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	

**Table 19 • Maximum Data Rate Summary Table for Voltage-Referenced I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions**

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	DDRIO	Unit
LPDDR			400	Mbps
HSTL 1.5 V			400	Mbps
SSTL 2.5 V	510	700	400	Mbps
SSTL 1.8 V			667	Mbps
SSTL 1.5 V			667	Mbps

**Table 20 • Maximum Data Rate Summary Table for Differential I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions**

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	Unit
LVPECL (input only)	900		Mbps
LVDS 3.3 V	535		Mbps
LVDS 2.5 V	535	700	Mbps
RSDS	520	700	Mbps
BLVDS	500		Mbps
MLVDS	500		Mbps
Mini-LVDS	520	700	Mbps

**Table 21 • Maximum Frequency Summary Table for Single-Ended I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions**

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	DDRIO	Unit
PCI 3.3 V	315			MHz
LVTTL 3.3 V	300			MHz
LVCMOS 3.3 V	300			MHz
LVCMOS 2.5 V	205	210	200	MHz
LVCMOS 1.8 V	147.5	200	200	MHz
LVCMOS 1.5 V	80	110	118	MHz
LVCMOS 1.2 V	60	80	100	MHz
LPDDR– LVCMOS 1.8 V mode			200	MHz

### 2.3.5.6 Single-Ended I/O Standards

#### 2.3.5.6.1 Low Voltage Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (LVCMOS)

LVCMOS is a widely used switching standard implemented in CMOS transistors. This standard is defined by JEDEC (JESD 8-5). The LVCMOS standards supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs are: LVCMOS12, LVCMOS15, LVCMOS18, LVCMOS25, and LVCMOS33.

#### 2.3.5.6.2 3.3 V LVCMOS/LVTTL

LVCMOS 3.3 V or Low-Voltage Transistor-Transistor Logic (LVTTL) is a general standard for 3.3 V applications.

##### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 29 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

**Table 30 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V Input Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	2.0	3.45	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}$ (DC)	-0.3	0.8	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 31 • LVCMOS 3.3 V DC Output Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high <sup>1</sup>	$V_{OH}$	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$		V
DC output logic low <sup>1</sup>	$V_{OL}$		0.4	V

1. The  $V_{OH}/V_{OL}$  test points selected ensure compliance with LVCMOS 3.3 V JESD8-B requirements.

**Table 32 • LVTTL 3.3 V DC Output Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	2.4		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		0.4	V

**Table 33 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V AC Maximum Switching Speed (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	600	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

**Table 72 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>	
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	Unit
2 mA	Slow	2.735	3.218	3.371	3.966	3.618	4.257	6.03	7.095	5.705	6.712 ns
4 mA	Slow	2.426	2.854	2.992	3.521	3.221	3.79	6.738	7.927	6.298	7.41 ns
6 mA	Slow	2.433	2.862	2.81	3.306	3.031	3.566	7.123	8.38	6.596	7.76 ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

### 2.3.5.10 1.2 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 1.2 is a general standard for 1.2 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-12A.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 73 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>DDI</sub>	1.140	1.2	1.26	V

**Table 74 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	0.65 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	1.26	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	0.65 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub> (DC)	-0.3	0.35 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IL</sub> (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 75 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.75		V
DC output logic low	V <sub>OL</sub>		V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.25	V

**Table 76 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	200	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	120	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	160	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

**Table 77 • LVC MOS 1.2 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	RODT_CAL	75, 60, 50, 40	Ω

**Table 78 • LVC MOS 1.2 V AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	0.6	V
Resistance for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	R <sub>ENT</sub>	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	C <sub>ENT</sub>	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T <sub>DP</sub> )	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	5	pF

**Table 79 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection			V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	I <sub>OH</sub> (at V <sub>OH</sub> ) mA	I <sub>OL</sub> (at V <sub>OL</sub> ) mA
	MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank	Min	Max	
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.75	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.25	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.75	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.25	4	4
		6 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.75	V <sub>DDI</sub> × 0.25	6	6

**Note:** For a detailed I/V curve, use the corresponding IBIS models:  
[www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx).

#### AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V, V<sub>DDI</sub> = 1.14 V

**Table 80 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		T <sub>PYS</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	2.448	2.88	2.466	2.901	ns

**Table 81 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		T <sub>PYS</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	4.714	5.545	4.675	5.5	ns
50	6.668	7.845	6.579	7.74	ns
75	5.832	6.862	5.76	6.777	ns
150	5.162	6.073	5.111	6.014	ns

### 2.3.6.6 Low Power Double Data Rate (LPDDR)

LPDDR reduced and full drive low power double data rate standards are supported in IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 139 • LPDDR DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	1.71	1.8	1.89
Termination voltage	$V_{TT}$	0.838	0.900	0.964
Input reference voltage	$V_{REF}$	0.838	0.900	0.964

**Table 140 • LPDDR DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max
DC input logic high	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	$0.7 \times V_{DDI}$	1.89
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}$ (DC)	-0.3	$0.3 \times V_{DDI}$
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)		
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)		

1. See [Table 24](#), page 22.

**Table 141 • LPDDR DC Output Voltage Specification Reduced Drive**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$0.9 \times V_{DDI}$	
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$0.1 \times V_{DDI}$
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	0.1	
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$		-0.1

**Table 142 • LPDDR DC Output Voltage Specification Full Drive<sup>1</sup>**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$0.9 \times V_{DDI}$	
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$0.1 \times V_{DDI}$
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	0.1	
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$		-0.1

1. To meet JEDEC Electrical Compliance, use LPDDR Full Drive Transmitter.

**Table 143 • LPDDR DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min
DC input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$ (DC)	$0.4 \times V_{DDI}$

**Table 162 • LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V <sub>OL</sub>	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 163 • LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V <sub>OD</sub>	250	350	450	mV
Output common mode voltage	V <sub>OCM</sub>	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
Input common mode voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
Input differential voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	350	600	mV

**Table 164 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	535	Mbps	AC loading: 12 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) no pre-emphasis	D <sub>MAX</sub>	620	Mbps	AC loading: 10 pF / 100 Ω differential load
		700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

**Table 165 • LVDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Termination resistance	R <sub>T</sub>	100		Ω

**Table 166 • LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	R <sub>ENT</sub>	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	C <sub>ENT</sub>	5	pF

**LVDS25 AC Switching Characteristics**Worst commercial-case conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V, V<sub>DDI</sub> = 2.375 V**Table 167 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.774	3.263	ns
100	2.775	3.264	ns

### 2.3.7.2 B-LVDS

Bus LVDS (B-LVDS) specifications extend the existing LVDS standard to high-performance multipoint bus applications. Multidrop and multipoint bus configurations may contain any combination of drivers, receivers, and transceivers.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 173 • B-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

**Table 174 • B-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	$V_I$	0	2.925	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See [Table 24](#), page 22.

**Table 175 • B-LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification (for MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 176 • B-LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing (for MSIO I/O bank only)	$V_{OD}$	65	460	mV
Output common mode voltage (for MSIO I/O bank only)	$V_{OCM}$	1.1	1.5	V
Input common mode voltage	$V_{ICM}$	0.05	2.4	V
Input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$	0.1	$V_{DDI}$	V

**Table 177 • B-LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	500	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

**Table 178 • B-LVDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Termination resistance	$R_T$	27	Ω

**Table 179 • B-LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{TRIP}$	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF

### AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ .

**Table 180 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.738	3.221	ns
100	2.735	3.218	ns

**Table 181 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.495	2.934	ns
100	2.495	2.935	ns

**Table 182 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

$T_{DP}$		$T_{ZL}$		$T_{ZH}$		$T_{HZ}$		$T_{LZ}$		Unit
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2.258	2.656	2.343	2.756	2.329	2.74	2.12	2.494	2.123	2.497	ns

### 2.3.7.3 M-LVDS

M-LVDS specifications extend the existing LVDS standard to high-performance multipoint bus applications. Multidrop and multipoint bus configurations may contain any combination of drivers, receivers, and transceivers.

#### Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 183 • M-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

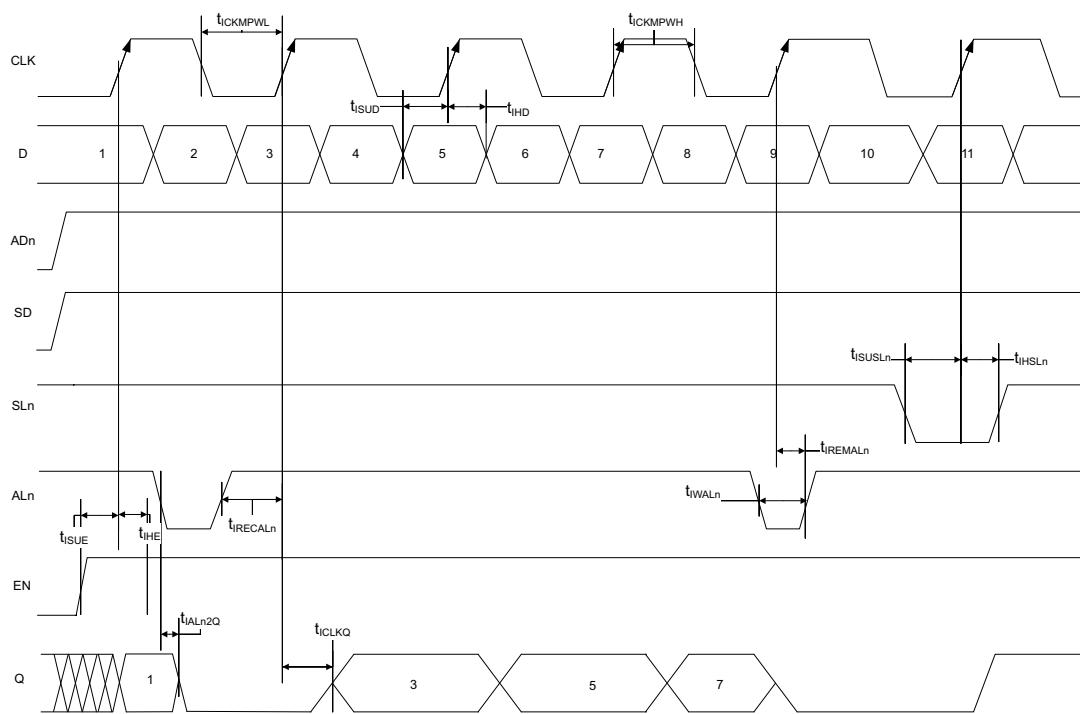
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage <sup>1</sup>	$V_{DDI}$	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

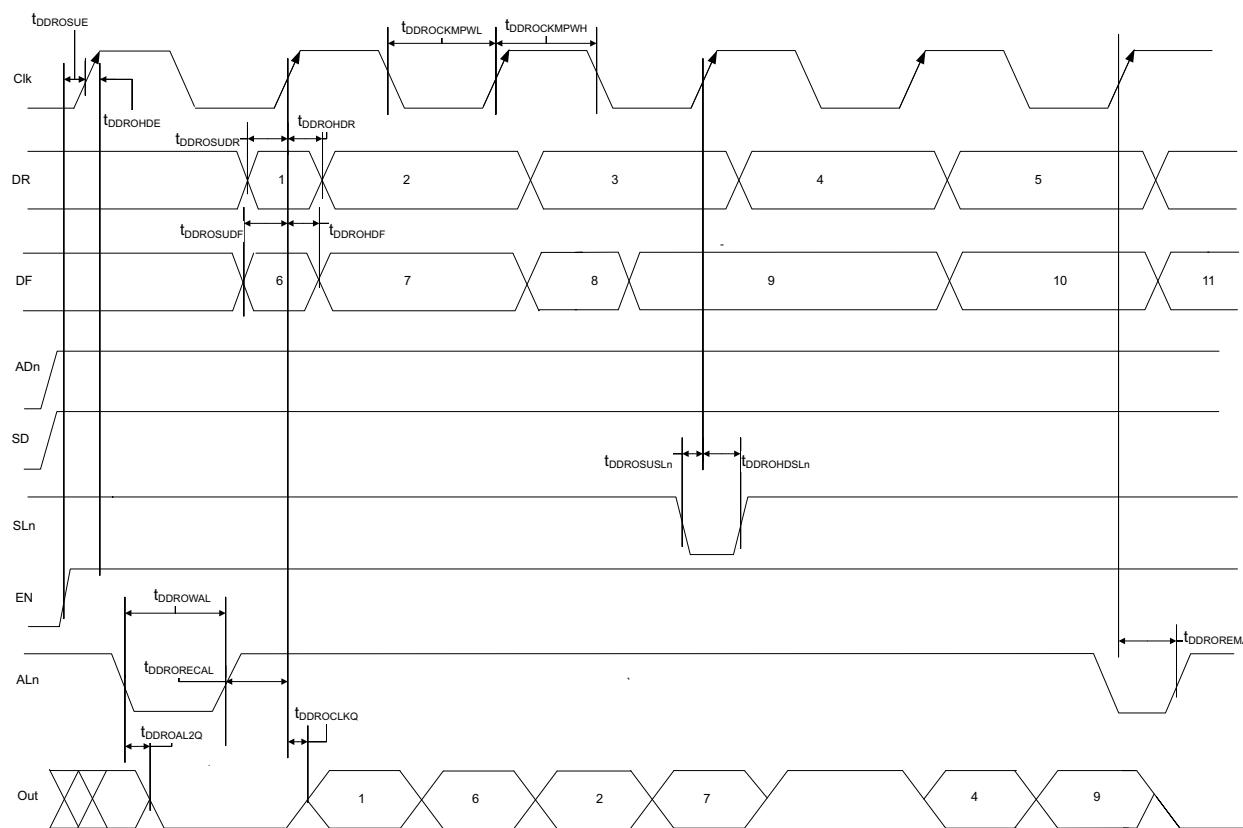
1. Only M-LVDS TYPE I is supported.

**Table 184 • M-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	$V_I$	0	2.925	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>2</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Figure 7 • I/O Register Input Timing Diagram**

**Figure 13 • Output DDR Timing Diagram****2.3.9.5 Timing Characteristics**

The following table lists the output DDR propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 222 • Output DDR Propagation Delays**

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	-1	-Std	Unit
$T_{DDROCLKQ}$	Clock-to-out of DDR for output DDR	E, G	0.263	0.309	ns
$T_{DDROSUDF}$	Data_F data setup for output DDR	F, E	0.143	0.168	ns
$T_{DDROSUDR}$	Data_R data setup for output DDR	A, E	0.19	0.223	ns
$T_{DDROHDF}$	Data_F data hold for output DDR	F, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROHDR}$	Data_R data hold for output DDR	A, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROSUE}$	Enable setup for input DDR	B, E	0.419	0.493	ns
$T_{DDROHE}$	Enable hold for input DDR	B, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROSUSLN}$	Synchronous load setup for input DDR	D, E	0.196	0.231	ns
$T_{DDROHSLN}$	Synchronous load hold for input DDR	D, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROAL2Q}$	Asynchronous load-to-out for output DDR	C, G	0.528	0.621	ns
$T_{DDROREM}$	Asynchronous load removal time for output DDR	C, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDRORECAL}$	Asynchronous load recovery time for output DDR	C, E	0.034	0.04	ns

The following table lists the 010 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 229 • 010 Device Global Resource**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Input low delay for global clock	$T_{RCKL}$	0.626	0.669	0.627	0.668	ns
Input high delay for global clock	$T_{RCKH}$	1.112	1.182	1.308	1.393	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	$T_{RCKSW}$		0.07		0.085	ns

The following table lists the 005 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 230 • 005 Device Global Resource**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Input low delay for global clock	$T_{RCKL}$	0.625	0.66	0.628	0.66	ns
Input high delay for global clock	$T_{RCKH}$	1.126	1.187	1.325	1.397	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	$T_{RCKSW}$		0.061		0.072	ns

## 2.3.12 FPGA Fabric SRAM

See *UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide* for more information.

### 2.3.12.1 FPGA Fabric Large SRAM (LSRAM)

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 1K × 18 in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 231 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 1K × 18**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Clock period	$T_{CY}$	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	$T_{PLCY}$	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.334		0.393	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	$T_{CLK2Q}$		2.273		2.674	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.529		1.799	ns
Address setup time	$T_{ADDRSU}$	0.441		0.519		ns
Address hold time	$T_{ADDRHD}$	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	$T_{DSU}$	0.341		0.401		ns
Data hold time	$T_{DHD}$	0.107		0.126		ns
Block select setup time	$T_{BLKSU}$	0.207		0.244		ns

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 16K × 1 in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 235 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 16K × 1**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Clock period	$T_{CY}$	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	$T_{PLCY}$	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.32		0.377	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	$T_{CLK2Q}$		2.269		2.669	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.51		1.777	ns
Address setup time	$T_{ADDRSU}$	0.626		0.737		ns
Address hold time	$T_{ADDRHD}$	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	$T_{DSU}$	0.322		0.378		ns
Data hold time	$T_{DHD}$	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	$T_{BLKSU}$	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	$T_{BLKHD}$	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	$T_{BLK2Q}$		1.51		1.777	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	$T_{BLKMPW}$	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	$T_{RDESU}$	0.53		0.624		ns
Read enable hold time	$T_{RDEHD}$	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	$T_{R2Q}$		1.547		1.82	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{RSTREM}$	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{RSTREC}$	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{RSTMPW}$	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	-0.279		-0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	$T_{SRSTSU}$	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	$T_{SRSTHD}$	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	$T_{WESU}$	0.454		0.534		ns
Write enable hold time	$T_{WEHD}$	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	$F_{MAX}$		400		340	MHz

**Table 251 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only) (continued)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
150	544496	10	158	15	Sec

**Table 252 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	9	61	11	Sec
010	842688	15	107	21	Sec
025	1497408	26	121	35	Sec
050	2695168	43	141	55	Sec
060	2686464	48	143	60	Sec
090	4190208	75	244	91	Sec
150	6682768	117	296	141	Sec

**Table 253 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming		Programming Recovery		Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz		
005	47	27	28		Sec
010	77	35	35		Sec
025	150	42	41		Sec
050	33 <sup>1</sup>	Not Supported	Not Supported		Sec
060	291	83	82		Sec
090	427	109	108		Sec
150	708	157	160		Sec

1. Auto Programming in 050 device is done through SC\_SPI, and SPI CLK is set to 6.25 MHz.

**Table 254 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming		Programming Recovery		Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz		
005	41	48	49		Sec
010	86	87	87		Sec
025	87	85	86		Sec
050	85	Not Supported	Not Supported		Sec
060	78	86	86		Sec
090	154	162	162		Sec

### 2.3.16 SRAM PUF

For more details on static random-access memory (SRAM) physical unclonable functions (PUF) services, see [AC434: Using SRAM PUF System Service in SmartFusion2 Application Note](#).

The following table lists the SRAM PUF in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 274 • SRAM PUF**

<b>Service</b>	<b>PUF Off</b>		<b>PUF On</b>		<b>Unit</b>
	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Create activation code	709.1	746.4	754.4	762.5	ms
Delete activation code	1329.3	1399.3	1414.1	1429.3	ms
Create intrinsic keycode	656.6	691.1	698.5	706.0	ms
Create extrinsic keycode	656.6	691.1	698.5	706.0	ms
Get number of keys	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	ms
Export (Kc0, Kc1)	998.0	1050.5	1061.7	1073.1	ms
Export 2 keycodes	2020.2	2126.5	2149.2	2172.3	ms
Export 4 keycodes	3065.7	3227.0	3261.3	3296.4	ms
Export 8 keycodes	5101.0	5369.5	5426.6	5485.0	ms
Export 16 keycodes	9212.1	9697.0	9800.1	9905.5	ms
Import (Kc0, Kc1)	39.7	41.8	42.2	42.7	ms
Import 2 keycodes	50.1	52.7	53.3	53.9	ms
Import 4 keycodes	60.6	63.8	64.5	65.2	ms
Import 8 keycodes	80.9	85.1	86.1	87.0	ms
Import 16 keycodes	123.8	130.4	131.7	133.2	ms
Delete keycode	552.5	581.6	587.8	594.1	ms
Fetch key	31.4	33.0	33.4	33.7	ms
Fetch ecc key	20.0	21.1	21.3	21.5	ms
Get seed	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	ms

### 2.3.20 On-Chip Oscillator

The following tables describe the electrical characteristics of the available on-chip oscillators in the IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs.

**Table 280 • Electrical Characteristics of the 50 MHz RC Oscillator**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Operating frequency	F50RC	50		MHz	
Accuracy	ACC50RC	1	4	%	050 devices
		1	5	%	005, 025, and 060 devices
		1	6.3	%	090 devices
		1	7.1	%	010 and 150 devices
Output duty cycle	CYC50RC	49–51	46.5–53.5	%	
Output jitter (peak to peak)	JIT50RC				Period Jitter
		200	300	ps	005, 010, 050, and 060 devices
		200	400	ps	150 devices
		300	500	ps	025 and 090 devices
					Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter
		200	300	ps	005 and 050 devices
		320	420	ps	010, 060, and 150 devices
		320	850	ps	025 and 090 devices
Operating current	IDYN50RC	6.5		mA	

**Table 281 • Electrical Characteristics of the 1 MHz RC Oscillator**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Operating frequency	F1RC	1		MHz	
Accuracy	ACC1RC	1	3	%	005, 010, 025, and 050 devices
		1	4.5	%	060, and 150 devices
		1	5.6	%	090 devices
Output duty cycle	CYC1RC	49–51	46.5–53.5	%	005, 010, 025, 050, 090 and 150 devices
		49–51	46.0–54.0	%	060 devices
Output jitter (peak to peak)	JIT1RC				Period Jitter
		10	20	ns	005, 010, 025, and 050 devices
		10	28	ns	060, 090 and 150 devices
					Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter
		10	20	ns	005, 010, and 050 devices
		10	35	ns	025, 060, and 150 devices
		10	45	ns	090 devices
Operating current	IDYN1RC	0.1		mA	
Startup time	SU1RC	17	$\mu$ s		050, 090, and 150 devices
		18	$\mu$ s		005, 010, and 025 devices

### 2.3.30 SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics

PCIe is a high-speed, packet-based, point-to-point, low-pin-count, serial interconnect bus. The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs has up to four hard high-speed serial interface blocks. Each SerDes block contains a PCIe system block. The PCIe system is connected to the SerDes block.

The following table lists the transmitter parameters in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 296 • Transmitter Parameters**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
VTX-DIFF-PP	Differential swing (2.5 Gbps, 5.0 Gbps)	0.8	1.2	V
VTX-CM-AC-P	Output common mode voltage (2.5 Gbps)	20		mV
VTX-CM-AC-PP	Output common mode voltage (5.0 Gbps)	100		mV
VTX-RISE-FALL	Rise and fall time (20% to 80%, 2.5 Gbps)	0.125		UI
	Rise and fall time (20% to 80%, 5.0 Gbps)	0.15		UI
ZTX-DIFF-DC	Output impedance–differential	80	120	$\Omega$
LTX-SKEW	Lane-to-lane TX skew within a SerDes block (2.5 Gbps)	500 ps + 2 UI		ps
	Lane-to-lane TX skew within a SerDes block (5.0 Gbps)	500 ps + 4 UI		ps
RLTX-DIFF	Return loss differential mode (2.5 Gbps)	-10		dB
	Return loss differential mode (5.0 Gbps)	-10		dB
	0.05 GHz to 1.25 GHz	-10		dB
	1.25 GHz to 2.5 GHz	-8		dB
RLTX-CM	Return loss common mode (2.5 Gbps, 5.0 Gbps)	-6		dB
TX-LOCK-RST	Transmit PLL lock time from reset	10		$\mu\text{s}$
VTX-AMP	100 mV setting	90	150	mV
	400 mV setting	320	480	mV
	800 mV setting	660	940	mV
	1200 mV setting	950	1400	mV

**Table 305 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
sp5	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS fall time (10%– 90%) <sup>1</sup>		2.906		ns	IO Configuration: LVC MOS 2.5 V-8 mA AC Loading: 35 pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25 °C
SPI master configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 8.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 2.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	12			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 17.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) + 3.0			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	2			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	7			ns	
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	15			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	–2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) - 3.5			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	3			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	2.5			ns	

- For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
- For allowable pclk configurations, see Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.