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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	56520
Total RAM Bits	1869824
Number of I/O	200
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	325-TFBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	325-FCBGA (11x11)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl060t-1fcsg325i



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2.3.5 User I/O Characteristics

There are three types of I/Os supported in the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA families: MSIO, MSIOD, and DDRIO I/O banks. The I/O standards supported by the different I/O banks is described in the I/Os section of the [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#).

2.3.5.1 Input Buffer and AC Loading

The following figure shows the input buffer and AC loading.

Figure 3 • Input Buffer AC Loading

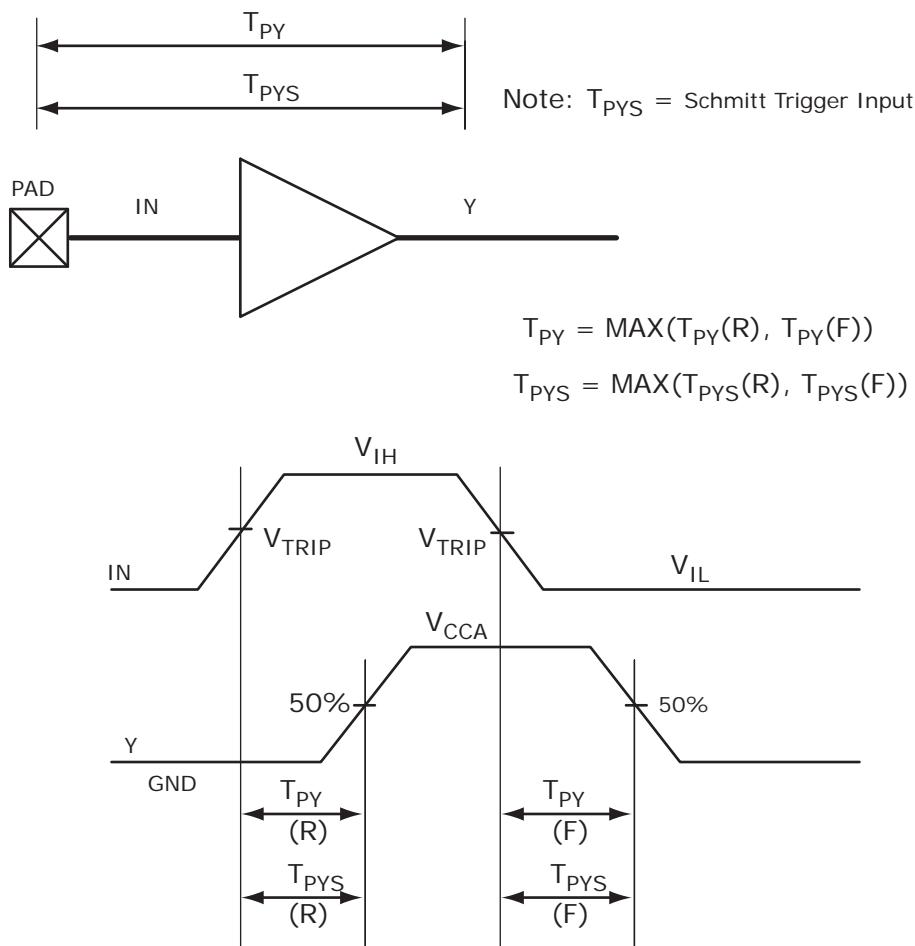


Table 58 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.441	4.047	4.165	4.9	4.413	5.192	4.891	5.755	5.138	6.044	ns
4 mA	Slow	3.218	3.786	3.642	4.284	3.941	4.636	5.665	6.665	5.568	6.551	ns
6 mA	Slow	3.141	3.694	3.501	4.118	3.823	4.498	6.587	7.75	6.032	7.096	ns
8 mA	Slow	3.165	3.723	3.319	3.904	3.654	4.298	6.898	8.115	6.216	7.313	ns
10 mA	Slow	3.202	3.767	3.278	3.857	3.616	4.254	7.25	8.529	6.435	7.571	ns
12 mA	Slow	3.277	3.855	3.175	3.736	3.519	4.139	7.392	8.697	6.538	7.692	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 59 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	2.725	3.206	3.316	3.901	3.484	4.099	5.204	6.123	4.997	5.88	ns
4 mA	Slow	2.242	2.638	2.777	3.267	2.947	3.466	5.729	6.74	5.448	6.41	ns
6 mA	Slow	1.995	2.347	2.466	2.901	2.63	3.094	6.372	7.496	5.987	7.043	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.001	2.354	2.44	2.87	2.6	3.058	6.633	7.804	6.193	7.286	ns
10 mA	Slow	2.025	2.382	2.312	2.719	2.47	2.906	6.94	8.165	6.412	7.544	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.9 1.5 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 1.5 is a general standard for 1.5 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-11A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 60 • LVC MOS 1.5 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Table 61 • LVC MOS 1.5 V DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high for (MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V _{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V _{DDI}	1.575	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V _{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V _{DDI}	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V _{IL} (DC)	-0.3	0.35 × V _{DDI}	V
Input current high ¹	I _{IH} (DC)			-
Input current low ¹	I _{IL} (DC)			-

1. See Table 24, page 22.

AC Switching CharacteristicsWorst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.425\text{ V}$ **Table 67 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}		T _{PYS}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	2.051	2.413	2.086	2.455	ns

Table 68 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}		T _{PYS}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	3.311	3.896	3.285	3.865	ns
50	3.654	4.299	3.623	4.263	ns
75	3.533	4.156	3.501	4.119	ns
150	3.415	4.018	3.388	3.986	ns

Table 69 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}		T _{PYS}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	2.959	3.481	2.93	3.447	ns
50	3.298	3.88	3.268	3.845	ns
75	3.162	3.719	3.128	3.68	ns
150	3.053	3.592	3.021	3.554	ns

Table 70 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	5.122	6.026	4.31	5.07	5.145	6.052	5.258	6.186	4.672	5.496	ns
	Medium	4.58	5.389	3.86	4.54	4.6	5.411	4.977	5.855	4.357	5.126	ns
	Medium fast	4.323	5.086	3.629	4.269	4.341	5.107	4.804	5.652	4.228	4.974	ns
	Fast	4.296	5.054	3.609	4.245	4.314	5.075	4.791	5.636	4.219	4.963	ns
4 mA	Slow	4.449	5.235	3.707	4.361	4.443	5.227	6.058	7.127	5.458	6.421	ns
	Medium	3.961	4.66	3.264	3.839	3.954	4.651	5.778	6.797	5.116	6.018	ns
	Medium fast	3.729	4.387	3.043	3.579	3.72	4.376	5.63	6.624	4.981	5.86	ns
	Fast	3.704	4.358	3.027	3.56	3.695	4.347	5.624	6.617	4.973	5.851	ns

Table 107 • SSTL2 AC Differential Voltage Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V _{DIFF} (AC)	0.7		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V _x (AC)	0.5 × V _{DDI} - 0.2	0.5 × V _{DDI} + 0.2	V

Table 108 • SSTL2 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	575	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	700	Mbps	AC loading: 3 pF / 50 Ω load
		510	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load

Table 109 • SSTL2 AC Impedance Specifications

Parameter	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

Table 110 • DDR1/SSTL2 AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V _{TRIP}	1.25	V
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	C _{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class I (T _{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class II (T _{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP})	C _{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching CharacteristicsWorst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 2.375 V**Table 111 • SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PD}			Unit
	-1	-Std		
Pseudo differential	None	1.549	1.821	ns
True differential	None	1.589	1.87	ns

Table 185 • M-LVDS DC Voltage Specification Output Voltage Specification (for MSIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V _{OH}	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V _{OL}	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

Table 186 • M-LVDS Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing (for MSIO I/O bank only)	V _{OD}	300	650	mV
Output common mode voltage (for MSIO I/O bank only)	V _{OCM}	0.3	2.1	V
Input common mode voltage	V _{ICM}	0.3	1.2	V
Input differential voltage	V _{ID}	50	2400	mV

Table 187 • M-LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed for MSIO I/O Bank

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	D _{MAX}	500	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

Table 188 • M-LVDS AC Impedance Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Termination resistance	R _T	50	Ω

Table 189 • M-LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V _{TRIP}	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	C _{ENT}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

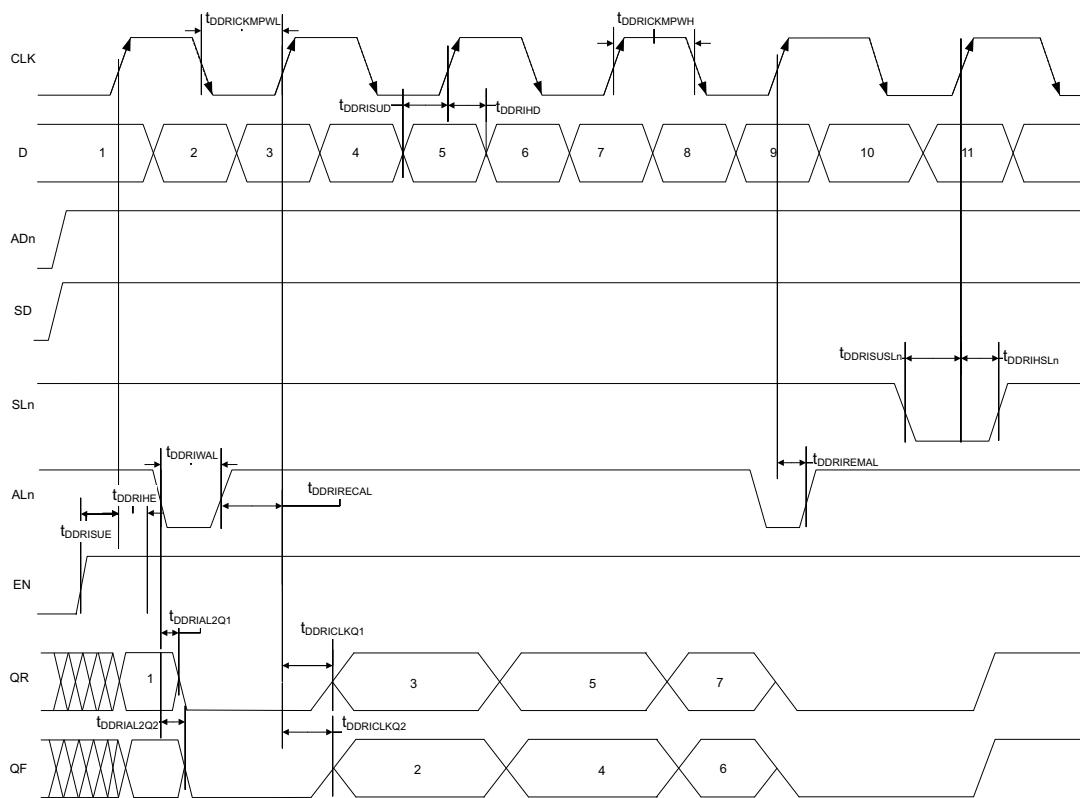
Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 2.375 V

Table 190 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIO I/O Bank - Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.738	3.221	ns
100	2.735	3.218	ns

2.3.9.2 Input DDR Timing Diagram

Figure 11 • Input DDR Timing Diagram



2.3.9.3 Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the input DDR propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 221 • Input DDR Propagation Delays

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	-1	-Std	Unit
$T_{DDRICLKQ1}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QR for input DDR	B, C	0.16	0.188	ns
$T_{DDRICLKQ2}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QF for input DDR	B, D	0.166	0.195	ns
$T_{DDRISUD}$	Data setup for input DDR	A, B	0.357	0.421	ns
T_{DDRIHD}	Data hold for input DDR	A, B	0	0	ns
$T_{DDRISUE}$	Enable setup for input DDR	E, B	0.46	0.542	ns
T_{DDRIHE}	Enable hold for input DDR	E, B	0	0	ns
$T_{DDRISUSLN}$	Synchronous load setup for input DDR	G, B	0.46	0.542	ns
$T_{DDRIHSLN}$	Synchronous load hold for input DDR	G, B	0	0	ns
$T_{DDRIAL2Q1}$	Asynchronous load-to-out QR for input DDR	F, C	0.587	0.69	ns
$T_{DDRIAL2Q2}$	Asynchronous load-to-out QF for input DDR	F, D	0.541	0.636	ns
$T_{DDRIREMAL}$	Asynchronous load removal time for input DDR	F, B	0	0	ns
$T_{DDRIRECAL}$	Asynchronous load recovery time for input DDR	F, B	0.074	0.087	ns

2.3.10.2 Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the combinatorial cell propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 223 • Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays

Combinatorial Cell	Equation	Symbol	-1	-Std	Unit
INV	$Y = !A$	T_{PD}	0.1	0.118	ns
AND2	$Y = A \cdot B$	T_{PD}	0.164	0.193	ns
NAND2	$Y = !(A \cdot B)$	T_{PD}	0.147	0.173	ns
OR2	$Y = A + B$	T_{PD}	0.164	0.193	ns
NOR2	$Y = !(A + B)$	T_{PD}	0.147	0.173	ns
XOR2	$Y = A \oplus B$	T_{PD}	0.164	0.193	ns
XOR3	$Y = A \oplus B \oplus C$	T_{PD}	0.225	0.265	ns
AND3	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C$	T_{PD}	0.209	0.246	ns
AND4	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D$	T_{PD}	0.287	0.338	ns

2.3.10.3 Sequential Module

IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs offer a separate flip-flop which can be used independently from the LUT. The flip-flop can be configured as a register or a latch and has a data input and optional enable, synchronous load (clear or preset), and asynchronous load (clear or preset).

Figure 15 • Sequential Module

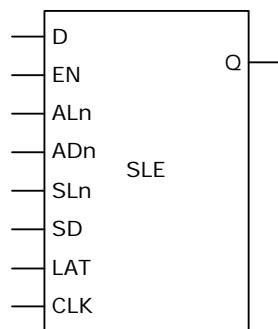


Table 231 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 1K × 18 (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Block select hold time	T _{BLKHD}	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T _{BLK2Q}		1.529		1.799	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T _{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T _{RDESU}	0.449		0.528		ns
Read enable hold time	T _{RDEHD}	0.167		0.197		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T _{RDPLESU}	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T _{RDPLEHD}	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T _{R2Q}	–	1.506	–	1.772	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T _{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T _{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T _{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	T _{PLRSTREM}	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	T _{PLRSTREC}	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T _{PLRSTMPW}	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T _{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T _{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WESU}	0.39		0.458		ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WEHD}	0.242		0.285		ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 2K × 9 in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 232 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 2K × 9

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	T _{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CLKMPWH}	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CLKMPWL}	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T _{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	T _{PLCLKMPWH}	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	T _{PLCLKMPWL}	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.334		0.393	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T _{CLK2Q}		2.273		2.674	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.529		1.799	ns

2.3.12.2 FPGA Fabric Micro SRAM (μ SRAM)

The following table lists the μ SRAM in 64×18 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 237 • μ SRAM (RAM64x18) in 64×18 Mode

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std	
		Min	Max	Min	Max
Read clock period	T_{CY}	4	4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8	1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8	1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	T_{PLCY}	4	4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8	1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8	1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		0.266	0.313	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.677	1.973	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T_{ADDRSU}	0.301	0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.856	2.184		ns
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T_{ADDRHD}	0.091	0.107		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.778	-0.915		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDENSU}	0.278	0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDENHD}	0.057	0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	1.839	2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	-0.65	-0.765		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		2.036	2.396	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023	-0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	T_{RSTREM}	0.046	0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507	0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	T_{RSTREC}	0.236	0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T_{R2Q}		0.839	0.987	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.271	0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.061	0.071		ns
Write clock period	T_{CCY}	4	4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8	1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8	1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T_{BLKCSU}	0.404	0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T_{BLKCHD}	0.007	0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T_{DINCSU}	0.115	0.135		ns
Write input data hold time	T_{DINCHD}	0.15	0.177		ns

Table 237 • μSRAM (RAM64x18) in 64 × 18 Mode (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Write address setup time	T _{ADDRCSU}	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	T _{ADDRCHD}	0.128		0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WECSU}	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WECHD}	-0.026		-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the μSRAM in 64 × 16 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 238 • μSRAM (RAM64x16) in 64 × 16 Mode

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read clock period	T _{CY}	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CLKMPWH}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CLKMPWL}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	T _{PLCY}	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	T _{PLCLKMPWH}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	T _{PLCLKMPWL}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T _{CLK2Q}		0.266		0.313	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.677		1.973	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T _{ADDRSU}	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.856		2.184		ns
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T _{ADDRHD}	0.091		0.107		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.778		-0.915		ns
Read enable setup time	T _{RDENSU}	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T _{RDENHD}	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T _{BLKSU}	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T _{BLKHD}	-0.65		-0.765		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T _{BLK2Q}		2.036		2.396	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023		-0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREM}	0.046		0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507		0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREC}	0.236		0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T _{R2Q}		0.835		0.983	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T _{SRSTSU}	0.271		0.319		ns

Table 241 • μSRAM (RAM256x4) in 256 × 4 Mode (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Write address hold time	T _{ADDRCHD}	0.245		0.288		ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WECSU}	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WECHD}	-0.03		-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		250	250	MHz	

The following table lists the μSRAM in 512 × 2 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 242 • μSRAM (RAM512x2) in 512 × 2 Mode

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read clock period	T _{CY}	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CLKMPWH}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CLKMPWL}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	T _{PLCY}	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	T _{PLCLKMPWH}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	T _{PLCLKMPWL}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T _{CLK2Q}		0.27		0.31	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.76		2.08	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T _{ADDRSU}	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.96		2.306		ns
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T _{ADDRHD}	0.137		0.161		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.58		-0.68		ns
Read enable setup time	T _{RDENSU}	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T _{RDENHD}	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T _{BLKSU}	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T _{BLKHD}	-0.65		-0.77		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T _{BLK2Q}		2.14		2.52	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREM}	-0.02		-0.03		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)		0.046		0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREC}	0.507		0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)		0.236		0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T _{R2Q}		0.83		0.98	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T _{SRSTSU}	0.271		0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T _{SRSTHD}	0.061		0.071		ns

Table 259 • 2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Bytes	Image size			
		Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	4	39	6	Sec
010	568784	7	45	12	Sec
025	1223504	14	55	23	Sec
050	2424832	29	74	40	Sec
060	2418896	39	83	50	Sec
090	3645968	60	106	73	Sec
150	6139184	100	154	120	Sec

Table 260 • 2 Step IAP Programming (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Bytes	Image size			
		Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	2	59	5	Sec
010	274816	4	98	11	Sec
025	274816	4	100	10	Sec
050	2,78,528	3	107	9	Sec
060	268480	5	98	22	Sec
090	544496	10	174	43	Sec
150	544496	10	175	44	Sec

Table 261 • 2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)

M2S/M2GL Device	Bytes	Image size			
		Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	6	78	11	Sec
010	842688	11	122	21	Sec
025	1497408	19	135	32	Sec
050	2695168	32	158	48	Sec
060	2686464	43	159	70	Sec
090	4190208	68	258	115	Sec
150	6682768	109	308	162	Sec

Table 262 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	6	41	8	Sec
010	568784	10	48	14	Sec
025	1223504	21	61	29	Sec
050	2424832	39	82	50	Sec
060	2418896	44	87	54	Sec
090	3645968	66	112	79	Sec
150	6139184	108	162	128	Sec

Table 263 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	3	64	4	Sec
010	274816	4	104	7	Sec
025	274816	4	104	8	Sec
050	2,78,528	4	102	8	Sec
060	268480	6	102	8	Sec
090	544496	10	179	15	Sec
150	544496	10	180	15	Sec

Table 264 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	9	83	11	Sec
010	842688	15	129	21	Sec
025	1497408	26	143	35	Sec
050	2695168	43	163	55	Sec
060	2686464	48	165	60	Sec
090	4190208	75	266	91	Sec
150	6682768	117	318	141	Sec

1. The minimum output clock frequency is limited by the PLL. For more information, see [UG0449: SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Clocking Resources User Guide](#).
2. The PLL is used in conjunction with the Clock Conditioning Circuitry. Performance is limited by the CCC output frequency.

The following table lists the CCC/PLL jitter specifications in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 283 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Jitter Specifications

CCC Output Maximum Peak-to-Peak Period Jitter F_{OUT_CCC}					
Parameter	Conditions/Package Combinations				Unit
10 FG484, 050 FG896/FG484/FCS325 Packages¹	SSO = 0	0 < SSO <= 2	SSO <= 4	SSO <= 8	SSO <= 16
20 MHz to 100 MHz	Max(110, $\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT_CCC})$)	Max(150, $\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT_CCC})$)			ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	Max(120, $\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT_CCC})$)	Max(150, $\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT_CCC})$)	Max(170, $\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT_CCC})$)		ps
025 FG484/FCS325 Package¹	0 < SSO <= 16				
20 MHz to 74 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT_CCC})$				ps
74 MHz to 400 MHz	210				ps
005 FG484 Package¹	0 < SSO <= 16				
20 MHz to 53 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT_CCC})$				ps
53 MHz to 400 MHz	270				ps
090 FG676 and FC325 Package¹	0 < SSO <= 16				
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT_CCC})$				ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	150				ps
060 FG676 Package¹	0 < SSO <= 16				
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT_CCC})$				ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	150				
150 FC1152 Package¹	0 < SSO <= 16				
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT_CCC})$				ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	120				ps

1. SSO data is based on LVCMS 2.5 V MSIO and/or MSLOD bank I/Os.

Table 303 • I²C Characteristics (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	D _{MAX}			400	Kbps	Fast mode
				100	Kbps	Standard mode
Pulse width of spikes which must be suppressed by the input filter	T _{FILT}	50		ns		Fast mode

1. These values are provided for MSIO Bank–LVTTL 8 mA Low Drive at 25 °C, typical conditions. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. These maximum values are provided for information only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on V_{DDIx}, drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
3. R(PULL-DOWN-MAX) = (VOLspec)/IOLspec.
4. R(PULL-UP-MAX) = (VDDImax–VOHspec)/IOHspec.

The following table lists the I²C switching characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V

Table 304 • I²C Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	-1		Std
		Min	Min	Unit
Low period of I ² C_x_SCL	T _{LOW}	1	1	PCLK cycles
High period of I ² C_x_SCL	T _{HIGH}	1	1	PCLK cycles
START hold time	T _{HD;STA}	1	1	PCLK cycles
START setup time	T _{SU;STA}	1	1	PCLK cycles
DATA hold time	T _{HD;DAT}	1	1	PCLK cycles
DATA setup time	T _{SU;DAT}	1	1	PCLK cycles
STOP setup time	T _{SU;STO}	1	1	PCLK cycles

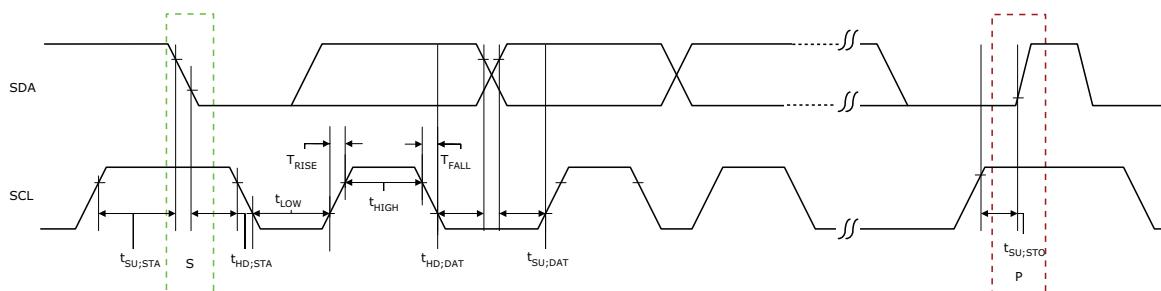
Figure 21 • I²C Timing Parameter Definition

Table 305 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
sp5	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS fall time (10%– 90%) ¹		2.906		ns	IO Configuration: LVC MOS 2.5 V-8 mA AC Loading: 35 pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25 °C
SPI master configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 8.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 2.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	12			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 17.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) + 3.0			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	2			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	7			ns	
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	15			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	–2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) - 3.5			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	3			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5			ns	

- For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
- For allowable pclk configurations, see Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

Table 310 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	15			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	–2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) - 3.5			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	3			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5			ns	

1. For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. For allowable pcik configurations, see the Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

Figure 23 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)