



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Product Status | Active |
| Number of LABs/CLBs | - |
| Number of Logic Elements/Cells | 56520 |
| Total RAM Bits | 1869824 |
| Number of I/O | 267 |
| Number of Gates | - |
| Voltage - Supply | 1.14V ~ 2.625V |
| Mounting Type | Surface Mount |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C ~ 100°C (TJ) |
| Package / Case | 484-BGA |
| Supplier Device Package | 484-FPBGA (23x23) |
| Purchase URL | https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl060t-1fg484i |

1.9 Revision 3.0

In revision 3.0 of this document, the Theta B/C columns and FCS325 package was updated. For more information, see Table 9, page 10 (SAR 62002).

1.10 Revision 2.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 2.0 of this document.

- Table 1, page 4 was updated (SAR 59056).
- Table 7, page 8 temperature and data retention information was updated SAR (61363).
- Storage Operating Table was updated and split into three tables – Table 5, page 7, Table 7, page 8 (SAR 58725).
- Updated Theta B/C columns and FCS325 package in Table 9, page 10 (SAR 62002).
- Added 090-FCS325 thermal resistance to Table 9, page 10 (SAR 59384).
- TQ144 package was added to Table 9, page 10 (SAR 57708).
- Added PLL jitter data for the VF400 package (SAR 53162).
- Added Additional Worst Case IDD to Table 11, page 12 and Table 12, page 13 (SAR 59077).
- Table 13, page 13, Table 14, page 13, and Table 15, page 14 were added to verify Inrush currents (SAR 56348).
- Table 18, page 19 and Table 21, page 20 – I/O speeds were replaced.
- Max speed was changed in Table 41, page 26 (SAR 57221) and in Table 52, page 29 (SAR 57113).
- Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification, page 29 and Table 49, page 29–Table 57, page 31 were added.
- Added Cload to Table 89, page 39 (SAR 56238).
- Removed "Rs" information in DDR Timing Measurement Table 123, page 47, Table 133, page 49, and Table 144, page 52.
- Updated drive programming for M/B-LVDS outputs (SAR 58154).
- Added an inverter bubble to DDR_IN latch in Figure 10, page 70 (SAR 61418).
- QF waveform in Figure 11, page 71 was updated (SAR 59816).
- uSRAM Write Clock minimum values were updated in Table 237, page 86–Table 243, page 93 (SAR 55236).
- Fixed typo in the 32 kHz Crystal (XTAL) oscillator accuracy data section (SAR 59669).
- The "On-Chip Oscillator" section was split, and the Embedded NVM (eNVM) Characteristics, page 104 was added. Table 277, page 107–Table 281, page 109 were revised.(SARs 57898 and 59669).
- PLL VCP Frequency and conditions were added to Table 282, page 110 (SAR 57416).
- Fixed typo for PLL jitter data in the 100-400 MHz range (SAR 60727).
- Updated FCCC information in Table 282, page 110 and Table 283, page 111 (SAR 60799).
- Device 025 specifications were added to Table 283, page 111 (SAR 51625).
- JTAG Table 284, page 112 was replaced (SAR 51188).
- Flash*Freeze Table 293, page 119 was replaced (SAR 57828).
- Added support for HCSL I/O Standard for SERDES reference clocks in Table 300, page 123 and Table 301, page 123 (SAR 50748).
- Tir and Tif parameters were added to Table 303, page 124 (SAR 52203).
- Speed grade consistency was fixed in tables throughout the datasheet (SAR 50722).
- Added jitter attenuation information (SAR 59405).

1.11 Revision 1.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 1.0 of this document.

- The IGLOO2 v2 and the SmartFusion2 v5 datasheets are combined into this single product family datasheet.

2 IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA

Microsemi's mainstream SmartFusion[®]2 SoC and IGLOO[®]2 FPGA families integrate an industry standard 4-input lookup table-based (LUT) FPGA fabric with integrated math blocks, multiple embedded memory blocks, and high-performance SerDes communication interfaces on a single chip. Both families benefit from low-power flash technology and are the most secure and reliable FPGAs in the industry. These next generation devices offer up to 150K Logic Elements, up to 5 MBs of embedded RAM, up to 16 SerDes lanes, and up to four PCI Express Gen 2 endpoints, as well as integrated hard DDR3 memory controllers with error correction.

SmartFusion2 devices integrate an entire low-power, real-time microcontroller subsystem (MSS) with a rich set of industry-standard peripherals including Ethernet, USB, and CAN, while IGLOO2 devices integrate a high-performance memory subsystem with on-chip flash, 32 Kbyte embedded SRAM, and multiple DMA controllers.

2.1 Device Status

The following table shows the design security densities and development status of the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices.

Table 1 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 Design Security Densities

| Design Security Device Densities | Status |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| 005 | Production |
| 010, 010T | Production |
| 025, 025T | Production |
| 050, 050T | Production |
| 060, 060T | Production |
| 090, 090T | Production |
| 150, 150T | Production |

The following table shows the data security densities and development status of the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices.

Table 2 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 Data Security Densities

| Data Security Device Densities | Status |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| 005S | Production |
| 010TS | Production |
| 025TS | Production |
| 050TS | Production |
| 060TS | Production |
| 090TS | Production |
| 150TS | Production |

Figure 1 • High Temperature Data Retention (HTR)**2.3.1.1 Overshoot/Undershoot Limits**

For AC signals, the input signal may undershoot during transitions to -1.0 V for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

For AC signals, the input signal may overshoot during transitions to $V_{CC1} + 1.0$ V for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

Note: The above specifications do not apply to the PCI standard. The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 PCI I/Os are compliant with the PCI standard including the PCI overshoot/undershoot specifications.

2.3.1.2 Thermal Characteristics

The temperature variable in the Microsemi SoC Products Group Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption causes the chip's junction temperature to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures.

EQ1 through EQ3 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient, and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 1

$$\theta_{JB} = \frac{T_J - T_B}{P}$$

EQ 2

$$\theta_{JC} = \frac{T_J - T_C}{P}$$

EQ 3

Table 11 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current ($V_{DD} = 1.2 \text{ V}$) – Typical Process

| Symbol | Modes | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 060 | 090 | 150 | Unit | Conditions |
|--------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| IDC2 | Flash*Freeze | 1.4 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 8.9 | mA | Typical ($T_J = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) |
| | | 12.0 | 20.0 | 26.6 | 35.3 | 35.4 | 35.7 | 57.8 | mA | Commercial ($T_J = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) |
| | | 18.5 | 30.8 | 41.0 | 54.5 | 54.5 | 55.0 | 89.0 | mA | Industrial ($T_J = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) |

Table 12 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current ($V_{DD} = 1.26 \text{ V}$) – Worst-Case Process

| Symbol | Modes | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 060 | 090 | 150 | Unit | Conditions |
|--------|------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|--|
| IDC1 | Non-Flash*Freeze | 43.8 | 57.0 | 84.6 | 132.3 | 161.4 | 163.0 | 242.5 | mA | Commercial ($T_J = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) |
| | | 65.3 | 85.7 | 127.8 | 200.9 | 245.4 | 247.8 | 369.0 | mA | Industrial ($T_J = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) |
| IDC2 | Flash*Freeze | 29.1 | 45.6 | 51.7 | 62.7 | 69.3 | 70.0 | 84.8 | mA | Commercial ($T_J = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) |
| | | 44.9 | 70.3 | 79.7 | 96.5 | 106.8 | 107.8 | 130.6 | mA | Industrial ($T_J = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) |

2.3.2.2 Programming Currents

The following tables represent programming, verify and Inrush currents for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGA devices.

Table 13 • Currents During Program Cycle, $0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ – Typical Process

| Power Supplies | Voltage (V) | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 060 | 090 | 150 ¹ | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------------|------|
| V_{DD} | 1.26 | 46 | 53 | 55 | 58 | 30 | 42 | 52 | mA |
| V_{PP} | 3.46 | 8 | 11 | 6 | 10 | 9 | 12 | 12 | mA |
| V_{PPNVM} | 3.46 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | mA |
| V_{DDI} | 2.62 | 31 | 16 | 17 | 1 | 12 | 12 | 81 | mA |
| | 3.46 | 62 | 31 | 36 | 1 | 12 | 17 | 84 | mA |
| Number of banks | | 7 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 19 | |

1. V_{PP} and V_{PPNVM} are internally shorted.

Table 14 • Currents During Verify Cycle, $0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ – Typical Process

| Power Supplies | Voltage (V) | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 060 | 090 | 150 ¹ | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------------|------|
| V_{DD} | 1.26 | 44 | 53 | 55 | 58 | 33 | 41 | 51 | mA |
| V_{PP} | 3.46 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 15 | 8 | 11 | 12 | mA |
| V_{PPNVM} | 3.46 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | mA |
| V_{DDI} | 2.62 | 31 | 16 | 17 | 1 | 12 | 11 | 81 | mA |
| | 3.46 | 61 | 32 | 36 | 1 | 12 | 17 | 84 | mA |
| Number of banks | | 7 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 19 | |

1. V_{PP} and V_{PPNVM} are internally shorted.

2.3.5.7 2.5 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 2.5 V is a general standard for 2.5 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs that are in compliance with the JEDEC specification JESD8-5A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 38 • LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|-----------|-------|-----|-------|------|
| Supply voltage | V_{DDI} | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V |

Table 39 • LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Input Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|---------------|------|-------|------|
| DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks) | V_{IH} (DC) | 1.7 | 2.625 | V |
| DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank) | V_{IH} (DC) | 1.7 | 3.45 | V |
| DC input logic low | V_{IL} (DC) | -0.3 | 0.7 | V |
| Input current high ¹ | I_{IH} (DC) | | | |
| Input current low ¹ | I_{IL} (DC) | | | |

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 40 • LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Output Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----|------|
| DC output logic high | V_{OH} ¹ | $V_{DDI} - 0.4$ | - | V |
| DC output logic low | V_{OL} ² | | 0.4 | V |

1. The VOH/VOL test points selected ensure compliance with LVCMOS 2.5 V JEDEC8-5A requirements.

Table 41 • LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Minimum and Maximum Switching Speed

| Parameter | Symbol | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|--|-----------|-----|------|--|
| Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank) | D_{MAX} | 400 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |
| Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank) | D_{MAX} | 410 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |
| Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) | D_{MAX} | 420 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |

Table 42 • LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Unit |
|---|----------|------------------------|----------|
| Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank) | Rodt_cal | 75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20 | Ω |

Table 48 • LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| Output Drive Selection | Slew Control | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} ¹ | | T _{LZ} ¹ | | Unit |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------|
| | | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| 2 mA | Slow | 2.206 | 2.596 | 2.678 | 3.15 | 2.64 | 3.106 | 4.935 | 5.805 | 4.74 | 5.576 | ns |
| 4 mA | Slow | 1.835 | 2.159 | 2.242 | 2.637 | 2.256 | 2.654 | 5.413 | 6.368 | 5.15 | 6.059 | ns |
| 6 mA | Slow | 1.709 | 2.01 | 2.132 | 2.508 | 2.167 | 2.549 | 5.813 | 6.838 | 5.499 | 6.469 | ns |
| 8 mA | Slow | 1.63 | 1.918 | 1.958 | 2.303 | 2.012 | 2.367 | 6.226 | 7.324 | 5.816 | 6.842 | ns |
| 12 mA | Slow | 1.648 | 1.939 | 1.86 | 2.187 | 1.921 | 2.259 | 6.519 | 7.669 | 6.027 | 7.09 | ns |

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.8 1.8 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 1.8 is a general standard for 1.8 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-7A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 49 • LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|------------------|-------|-----|------|------|
| LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions | | | | | |
| Supply voltage | V _{DDI} | 1.710 | 1.8 | 1.89 | V |

Table 50 • LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Input Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks) | V _{IH} (DC) | 0.65 × V _{DDI} | 1.89 | V |
| DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank) | V _{IH} (DC) | 0.65 × V _{DDI} | 3.45 | V |
| DC input logic low | V _{IL} (DC) | -0.3 | 0.35 × V _{DDI} | V |
| Input current high ¹ | I _{IH} (DC) | | | - |
| Input current low ¹ | I _{IL} (DC) | | | - |

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 51 • LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Output Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|------|
| DC output logic high | V _{OH} | V _{DDI} - 0.45 | | V |
| DC output logic low | V _{OL} | | 0.45 | V |

Table 52 • LVCMOS 1.8 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

| Parameter | Symbol | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|---|------------------|-----|------|--|
| Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank) ¹ | D _{MAX} | 400 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |
| Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank) | D _{MAX} | 295 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |
| Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) ¹ | D _{MAX} | 400 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |

1. Maximum Data Rate applies for Drive Strength 8 mA and above, All Slews.

Table 57 • LVCMOS 1.8 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| Output Drive Selection | Slew Control | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} ¹ | | T _{LZ} ¹ | | Unit |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------|
| | | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| 2 mA | Slow | 4.234 | 4.981 | 3.646 | 4.29 | 4.245 | 4.995 | 4.908 | 5.774 | 4.434 | 5.216 | ns |
| | Medium | 3.824 | 4.498 | 3.282 | 3.861 | 3.834 | 4.511 | 4.625 | 5.441 | 4.116 | 4.843 | ns |
| | Medium fast | 3.627 | 4.267 | 3.111 | 3.66 | 3.637 | 4.279 | 4.481 | 5.272 | 3.984 | 4.687 | ns |
| | Fast | 3.605 | 4.241 | 3.097 | 3.644 | 3.615 | 4.253 | 4.472 | 5.262 | 3.973 | 4.674 | ns |
| 4 mA | Slow | 3.923 | 4.615 | 3.314 | 3.9 | 3.918 | 4.61 | 5.403 | 6.356 | 4.894 | 5.757 | ns |
| | Medium | 3.518 | 4.138 | 2.961 | 3.484 | 3.515 | 4.135 | 5.121 | 6.025 | 4.561 | 5.366 | ns |
| | Medium fast | 3.321 | 3.907 | 2.783 | 3.275 | 3.317 | 3.903 | 4.966 | 5.843 | 4.426 | 5.206 | ns |
| | Fast | 3.301 | 3.883 | 2.77 | 3.259 | 3.296 | 3.878 | 4.957 | 5.831 | 4.417 | 5.196 | ns |
| 6 mA | Slow | 3.71 | 4.364 | 3.104 | 3.652 | 3.702 | 4.355 | 5.62 | 6.612 | 5.08 | 5.977 | ns |
| | Medium | 3.333 | 3.921 | 2.779 | 3.27 | 3.325 | 3.913 | 5.346 | 6.289 | 4.777 | 5.62 | ns |
| | Medium fast | 3.155 | 3.712 | 2.62 | 3.083 | 3.146 | 3.702 | 5.21 | 6.13 | 4.657 | 5.479 | ns |
| | Fast | 3.134 | 3.688 | 2.608 | 3.068 | 3.125 | 3.677 | 5.202 | 6.12 | 4.648 | 5.468 | ns |
| 8 mA | Slow | 3.619 | 4.258 | 3.007 | 3.538 | 3.607 | 4.244 | 5.815 | 6.841 | 5.249 | 6.175 | ns |
| | Medium | 3.246 | 3.819 | 2.686 | 3.16 | 3.236 | 3.807 | 5.542 | 6.52 | 4.936 | 5.807 | ns |
| | Medium fast | 3.066 | 3.607 | 2.525 | 2.971 | 3.054 | 3.593 | 5.405 | 6.359 | 4.811 | 5.66 | ns |
| | Fast | 3.046 | 3.584 | 2.513 | 2.957 | 3.034 | 3.57 | 5.401 | 6.353 | 4.803 | 5.651 | ns |
| 10 mA | Slow | 3.498 | 4.115 | 2.878 | 3.386 | 3.481 | 4.096 | 6.046 | 7.113 | 5.444 | 6.404 | ns |
| | Medium | 3.138 | 3.692 | 2.569 | 3.023 | 3.126 | 3.678 | 5.782 | 6.803 | 5.129 | 6.034 | ns |
| | Medium fast | 2.966 | 3.489 | 2.414 | 2.841 | 2.951 | 3.472 | 5.666 | 6.665 | 5.013 | 5.897 | ns |
| | Fast | 2.945 | 3.464 | 2.401 | 2.826 | 2.93 | 3.448 | 5.659 | 6.658 | 5.003 | 5.886 | ns |
| 12 mA | Slow | 3.417 | 4.02 | 2.807 | 3.303 | 3.401 | 4.002 | 6.083 | 7.156 | 5.464 | 6.428 | ns |
| | Medium | 3.076 | 3.618 | 2.519 | 2.964 | 3.063 | 3.604 | 5.828 | 6.856 | 5.176 | 6.089 | ns |
| | Medium fast | 2.913 | 3.427 | 2.376 | 2.795 | 2.898 | 3.41 | 5.725 | 6.736 | 5.072 | 5.966 | ns |
| | Fast | 2.894 | 3.405 | 2.362 | 2.78 | 2.879 | 3.388 | 5.715 | 6.724 | 5.064 | 5.957 | ns |
| 16 mA | Slow | 3.366 | 3.96 | 2.751 | 3.237 | 3.348 | 3.939 | 6.226 | 7.324 | 5.576 | 6.56 | ns |
| | Medium | 3.03 | 3.565 | 2.47 | 2.906 | 3.017 | 3.55 | 5.981 | 7.036 | 5.282 | 6.214 | ns |
| | Medium fast | 2.87 | 3.377 | 2.328 | 2.739 | 2.854 | 3.358 | 5.895 | 6.935 | 5.18 | 6.094 | ns |
| | Fast | 2.853 | 3.357 | 2.314 | 2.723 | 2.837 | 3.338 | 5.889 | 6.929 | 5.177 | 6.09 | ns |

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 58 • LVCMOS 1.8 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank

| Output Drive Selection | Slew Control | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} ¹ | | T _{LZ} ¹ | | Unit |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------|
| | | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| 2 mA | Slow | 3.441 | 4.047 | 4.165 | 4.9 | 4.413 | 5.192 | 4.891 | 5.755 | 5.138 | 6.044 | ns |
| 4 mA | Slow | 3.218 | 3.786 | 3.642 | 4.284 | 3.941 | 4.636 | 5.665 | 6.665 | 5.568 | 6.551 | ns |
| 6 mA | Slow | 3.141 | 3.694 | 3.501 | 4.118 | 3.823 | 4.498 | 6.587 | 7.75 | 6.032 | 7.096 | ns |
| 8 mA | Slow | 3.165 | 3.723 | 3.319 | 3.904 | 3.654 | 4.298 | 6.898 | 8.115 | 6.216 | 7.313 | ns |
| 10 mA | Slow | 3.202 | 3.767 | 3.278 | 3.857 | 3.616 | 4.254 | 7.25 | 8.529 | 6.435 | 7.571 | ns |
| 12 mA | Slow | 3.277 | 3.855 | 3.175 | 3.736 | 3.519 | 4.139 | 7.392 | 8.697 | 6.538 | 7.692 | ns |

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 59 • LVCMOS 1.8 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank

| Output Drive Selection | Slew Control | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} ¹ | | T _{LZ} ¹ | | Unit |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------|
| | | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| 2 mA | Slow | 2.725 | 3.206 | 3.316 | 3.901 | 3.484 | 4.099 | 5.204 | 6.123 | 4.997 | 5.88 | ns |
| 4 mA | Slow | 2.242 | 2.638 | 2.777 | 3.267 | 2.947 | 3.466 | 5.729 | 6.74 | 5.448 | 6.41 | ns |
| 6 mA | Slow | 1.995 | 2.347 | 2.466 | 2.901 | 2.63 | 3.094 | 6.372 | 7.496 | 5.987 | 7.043 | ns |
| 8 mA | Slow | 2.001 | 2.354 | 2.44 | 2.87 | 2.6 | 3.058 | 6.633 | 7.804 | 6.193 | 7.286 | ns |
| 10 mA | Slow | 2.025 | 2.382 | 2.312 | 2.719 | 2.47 | 2.906 | 6.94 | 8.165 | 6.412 | 7.544 | ns |

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.9 1.5 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 1.5 is a general standard for 1.5 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-11A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 60 • LVCMOS 1.5 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|------------------|-------|-----|-------|------|
| Supply voltage | V _{DDI} | 1.425 | 1.5 | 1.575 | V |

Table 61 • LVCMOS 1.5 V DC Input Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| DC input logic high for (MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks) | V _{IH} (DC) | 0.65 × V _{DDI} | 1.575 | V |
| DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank) | V _{IH} (DC) | 0.65 × V _{DDI} | 3.45 | V |
| DC input logic low | V _{IL} (DC) | -0.3 | 0.35 × V _{DDI} | V |
| Input current high ¹ | I _{IH} (DC) | | | - |
| Input current low ¹ | I _{IL} (DC) | | | - |

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 72 • LVCMOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| Output Drive Selection | Slew Control | T_{DP} | | T_{ZL} | | T_{ZH} | | T_{HZ}^1 | | T_{LZ}^1 | | Unit |
|------------------------|--------------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------|
| | | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| 2 mA | Slow | 2.735 | 3.218 | 3.371 | 3.966 | 3.618 | 4.257 | 6.03 | 7.095 | 5.705 | 6.712 | ns |
| 4 mA | Slow | 2.426 | 2.854 | 2.992 | 3.521 | 3.221 | 3.79 | 6.738 | 7.927 | 6.298 | 7.41 | ns |
| 6 mA | Slow | 2.433 | 2.862 | 2.81 | 3.306 | 3.031 | 3.566 | 7.123 | 8.38 | 6.596 | 7.76 | ns |

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.10 1.2 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 1.2 is a general standard for 1.2 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-12A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 73 • LVCMOS 1.2 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|-----------|-------|-----|------|------|
| Supply voltage | V_{DDI} | 1.140 | 1.2 | 1.26 | V |

Table 74 • LVCMOS 1.2 V DC Input Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks) | $V_{IH} (DC)$ | $0.65 \times V_{DDI}$ | 1.26 | V |
| DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank) | $V_{IH} (DC)$ | $0.65 \times V_{DDI}$ | 3.45 | V |
| DC input logic low | $V_{IL} (DC)$ | -0.3 | $0.35 \times V_{DDI}$ | V |
| Input current high ¹ | $I_{IH} (DC)$ | | | |
| Input current low ¹ | $I_{IL} (DC)$ | | | |

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 75 • LVCMOS 1.2 V DC Output Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| DC output logic high | V_{OH} | $V_{DDI} \times 0.75$ | | V |
| DC output logic low | V_{OL} | | $V_{DDI} \times 0.25$ | V |

Table 76 • LVCMOS 1.2 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

| Parameter | Symbol | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|--|-----------|-----|------|--|
| Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank) | D_{MAX} | 200 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |
| Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank) | D_{MAX} | 120 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |
| Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) | D_{MAX} | 160 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |

Table 112 • SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

| | On-Die Termination (ODT) | T _{PY} | | Unit |
|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| | | -1 | -Std | |
| Pseudo differential | None | 2.798 | 3.293 | ns |
| True differential | None | 2.733 | 3.215 | ns |

Table 113 • DDR1/SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

| | On-Die Termination (ODT) | T _{PY} | | Unit |
|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| | | -1 | -Std | |
| Pseudo differential | None | 2.476 | 2.913 | ns |
| True differential | None | 2.475 | 2.911 | ns |

Table 114 • SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} | | T _{LZ} | | Unit |
|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | |
| Single-ended | 2.26 | 2.66 | 1.99 | 2.341 | 1.985 | 2.335 | 2.135 | 2.512 | 2.13 | 2.505 | ns |
| Differential | 2.26 | 2.658 | 2.202 | 2.591 | 2.201 | 2.589 | 2.393 | 2.815 | 2.392 | 2.814 | ns |

Table 115 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} | | T _{LZ} | | Unit |
|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | |
| Single-ended | 2.055 | 2.417 | 2.037 | 2.396 | 2.03 | 2.388 | 2.068 | 2.433 | 2.061 | 2.425 | ns |
| Differential | 2.192 | 2.58 | 2.434 | 2.864 | 2.425 | 2.852 | 2.164 | 2.545 | 2.156 | 2.536 | ns |

Table 116 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} | | T _{LZ} | | Unit |
|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | |
| Single-ended | 1.512 | 1.779 | 1.462 | 1.72 | 1.462 | 1.72 | 1.676 | 1.972 | 1.676 | 1.971 | ns |
| Differential | 1.676 | 1.971 | 1.774 | 2.087 | 1.766 | 2.077 | 1.854 | 2.181 | 1.845 | 2.171 | ns |

Table 117 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class II Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} | | T _{LZ} | | Unit |
|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | |
| Single-ended | 2.122 | 2.497 | 1.906 | 2.243 | 1.902 | 2.237 | 2.061 | 2.424 | 2.056 | 2.418 | ns |
| Differential | 2.127 | 2.501 | 2.042 | 2.402 | 2.043 | 2.403 | 2.363 | 2.78 | 2.365 | 2.781 | ns |

Table 150 • LPDDR Full Drive for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| | T_{DP} | | T_{ENZL} | | T_{ENZH} | | T_{ENHZ} | | T_{ENLZ} | | Unit |
|--------------|----------|-------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| Single-ended | 2.281 | 2.683 | 2.196 | 2.584 | 2.195 | 2.583 | 2.171 | 2.555 | 2.17 | 2.554 | ns |
| Differential | 2.298 | 2.703 | 2.288 | 2.692 | 2.288 | 2.692 | 2.593 | 3.051 | 2.593 | 3.051 | ns |

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification using LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode

Table 151 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode Recommended DC Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|-----------|-------|-----|------|------|
| Supply voltage | V_{DDI} | 1.710 | 1.8 | 1.89 | V |

Table 152 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode DC Input Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks) | V_{IH} (DC) | $0.65 \times V_{DDI}$ | 1.89 | V |
| DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank) | V_{IH} (DC) | $0.65 \times V_{DDI}$ | 3.45 | V |
| DC input logic low | V_{IL} (DC) | -0.3 | $0.35 \times V_{DDI}$ | V |
| Input current high ¹ | I_{IH} (DC) | | | |
| Input current low ¹ | I_{IL} (DC) | | | |

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 153 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode DC Output Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|----------|------------------|------|------|
| DC output logic high | V_{OH} | $V_{DDI} - 0.45$ | | V |
| DC output logic low | V_{OL} | | 0.45 | V |

Table 154 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds

| Parameter | Symbol | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|--|-----------|-----|------|--|
| Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank) | D_{MAX} | 400 | Mbps | AC loading: 17pf load, 8 ma drive and above/all slew |

Table 155 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Calibrated Impedance Option

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Unit |
|---|----------|------------------------|----------|
| Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank) | RODT_CAL | 75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20 | Ω |

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$.

Table 180 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

| On-Die Termination (ODT) | T_{PY} | | Unit |
|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | |
| None | 2.738 | 3.221 | ns |
| 100 | 2.735 | 3.218 | ns |

Table 181 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

| On-Die Termination (ODT) | T_{PY} | | Unit |
|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | |
| None | 2.495 | 2.934 | ns |
| 100 | 2.495 | 2.935 | ns |

Table 182 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)

| T_{DP} | | T_{ZL} | | T_{ZH} | | T_{HZ} | | T_{LZ} | | Unit |
|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|------|----------|-------|----------|-------|------|
| -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| 2.258 | 2.656 | 2.343 | 2.756 | 2.329 | 2.74 | 2.12 | 2.494 | 2.123 | 2.497 | ns |

2.3.7.3 M-LVDS

M-LVDS specifications extend the existing LVDS standard to high-performance multipoint bus applications. Multidrop and multipoint bus configurations may contain any combination of drivers, receivers, and transceivers.

Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

Table 183 • M-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------|-----|-------|------|
| Supply voltage ¹ | V_{DDI} | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V |

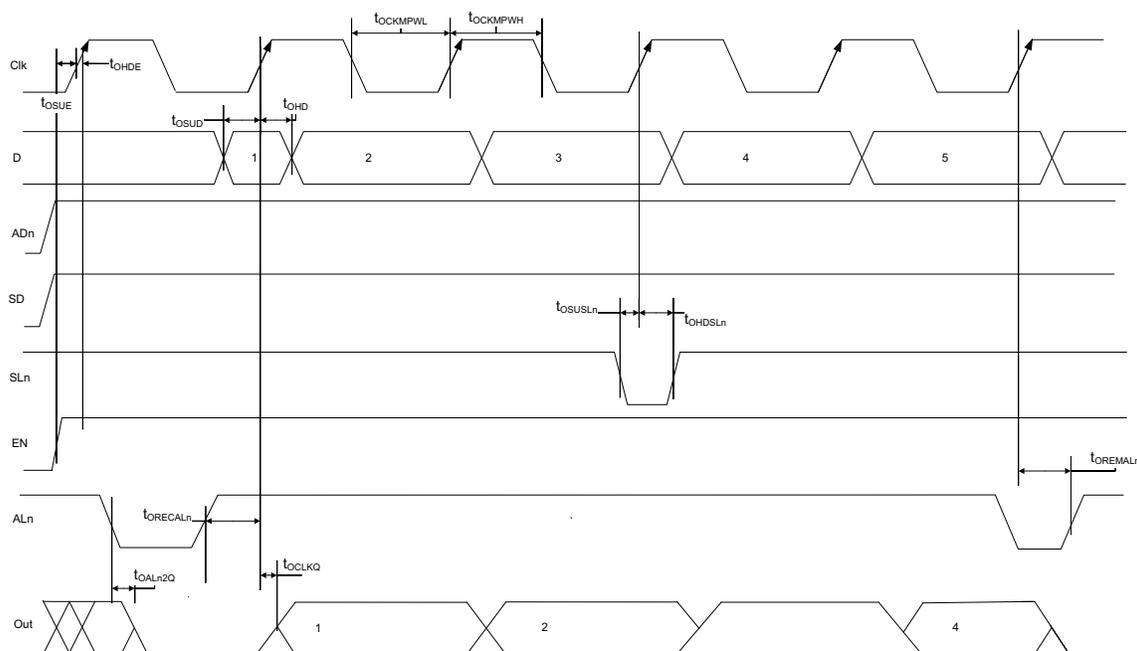
1. Only M-LVDS TYPE I is supported.

Table 184 • M-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-----|-------|------|
| DC input voltage | V_I | 0 | 2.925 | V |
| Input current high ¹ | I_{IH} (DC) | | | |
| Input current low ² | I_{IL} (DC) | | | |

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Figure 9 • I/O Register Output Timing Diagram



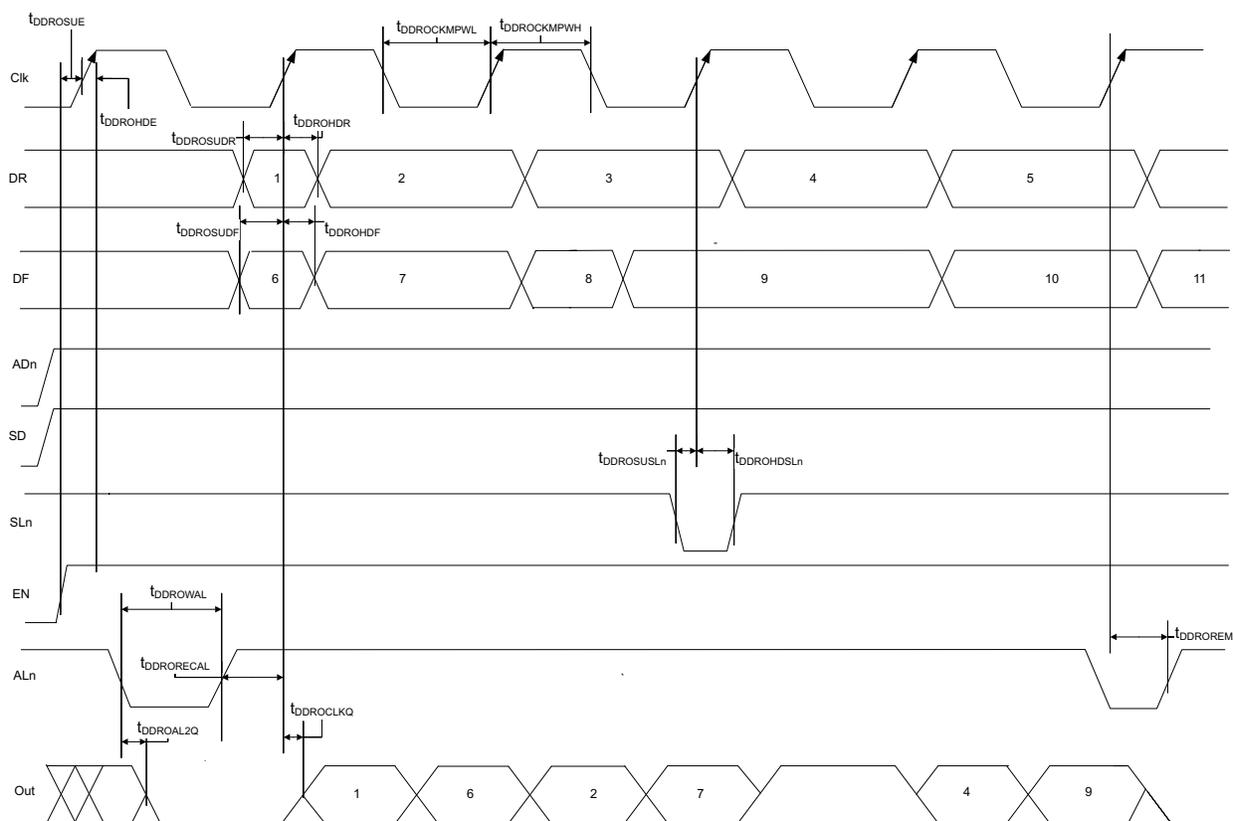
The following table lists the output/enable propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 220 • Output/Enable Data Register Propagation Delays

| Parameter | Symbol | Measuring Nodes (from, to) ¹ | -1 | -Std | Unit |
|---|----------------|---|-------|-------|------|
| Bypass delay of the output/enable register | T_{OBYP} | F, G or H, I | 0.353 | 0.415 | ns |
| Clock-to-Q of the output/enable register | T_{OCLKQ} | E, G or E, I | 0.263 | 0.309 | ns |
| Data setup time for the output/enable register | T_{OSUD} | A, E or J, E | 0.19 | 0.223 | ns |
| Data hold time for the output/enable register | T_{OHD} | A, E or J, E | 0 | 0 | ns |
| Enable setup time for the output/enable register | T_{OSUE} | B, E | 0.419 | 0.493 | ns |
| Enable hold time for the output/enable register | T_{OHE} | B, E | 0 | 0 | ns |
| Synchronous load setup time for the output/enable register | T_{OSUSL} | D, E | 0.196 | 0.231 | ns |
| Synchronous load hold time for the output/enable register | T_{OHSL} | D, E | 0 | 0 | ns |
| Asynchronous clear-to-q of the output/enable register ($AD_n = 1$) | T_{OALN2Q} | C, G or C, I | 0.505 | 0.594 | ns |
| Asynchronous preset-to-q of the output/enable register ($AD_n = 0$) | | C, G or C, I | 0.528 | 0.621 | ns |
| Asynchronous load removal time for the output/enable register | $T_{OREMALN}$ | C, E | 0 | 0 | ns |
| Asynchronous load recovery time for the output/enable register | $T_{ORECALN}$ | C, E | 0.034 | 0.04 | ns |
| Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for the output/enable register | T_{OWALN} | C, C | 0.304 | 0.357 | ns |
| Clock minimum pulse width high for the output/enable register | $T_{OACKMPWH}$ | E, E | 0.075 | 0.088 | ns |
| Clock minimum pulse width low for the output/enable register | $T_{OACKMPWL}$ | E, E | 0.159 | 0.187 | ns |

1. For the derating values at specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, see Table 16, page 14 for derating values.

Figure 13 • Output DDR Timing Diagram



2.3.9.5 Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the output DDR propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 222 • Output DDR Propagation Delays

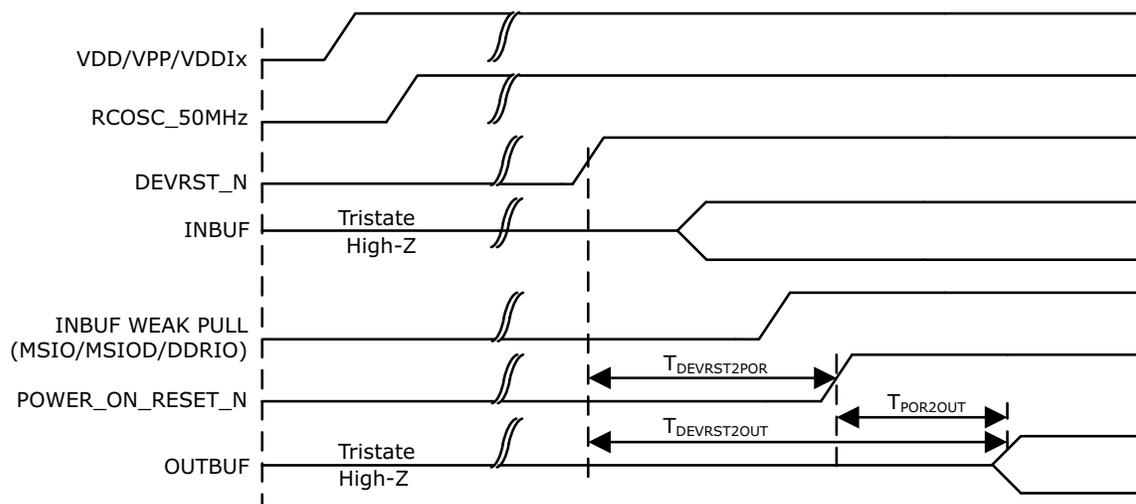
| Symbol | Description | Measuring Nodes (from, to) | -1 | -Std | Unit |
|-----------------|--|----------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| $T_{DDROCLKQ}$ | Clock-to-out of DDR for output DDR | E, G | 0.263 | 0.309 | ns |
| $T_{DDROSUDF}$ | Data_F data setup for output DDR | F, E | 0.143 | 0.168 | ns |
| $T_{DDROSUDR}$ | Data_R data setup for output DDR | A, E | 0.19 | 0.223 | ns |
| $T_{DDROHDF}$ | Data_F data hold for output DDR | F, E | 0 | 0 | ns |
| $T_{DDROHDR}$ | Data_R data hold for output DDR | A, E | 0 | 0 | ns |
| $T_{DDROSUE}$ | Enable setup for input DDR | B, E | 0.419 | 0.493 | ns |
| T_{DDROHE} | Enable hold for input DDR | B, E | 0 | 0 | ns |
| $T_{DDROSUSLn}$ | Synchronous load setup for input DDR | D, E | 0.196 | 0.231 | ns |
| $T_{DDROHSLn}$ | Synchronous load hold for input DDR | D, E | 0 | 0 | ns |
| $T_{DDROAL2Q}$ | Asynchronous load-to-out for output DDR | C, G | 0.528 | 0.621 | ns |
| $T_{DDROREMA}$ | Asynchronous load removal time for output DDR | C, E | 0 | 0 | ns |
| $T_{DDRORECAL}$ | Asynchronous load recovery time for output DDR | C, E | 0.034 | 0.04 | ns |

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 16K × 1 in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 235 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 16K × 1

| Parameter | Symbol | –1 | | –Std | | Unit |
|--|-----------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Clock period | T_{CY} | 2.5 | | 2.941 | | ns |
| Clock minimum pulse width high | $T_{CLKMPWH}$ | 1.125 | | 1.323 | | ns |
| Clock minimum pulse width low | $T_{CLKMPWL}$ | 1.125 | | 1.323 | | ns |
| Pipelined clock period | T_{PLCY} | 2.5 | | 2.941 | | ns |
| Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high | $T_{PLCLKMPWH}$ | 1.125 | | 1.323 | | ns |
| Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low | $T_{PLCLKMPWL}$ | 1.125 | | 1.323 | | ns |
| Read access time with pipeline register | | | 0.32 | | 0.377 | ns |
| Read access time without pipeline register | T_{CLK2Q} | | 2.269 | | 2.669 | ns |
| Access time with feed-through write timing | | | 1.51 | | 1.777 | ns |
| Address setup time | T_{ADDRSU} | 0.626 | | 0.737 | | ns |
| Address hold time | T_{ADDRHD} | 0.274 | | 0.322 | | ns |
| Data setup time | T_{DSU} | 0.322 | | 0.378 | | ns |
| Data hold time | T_{DHD} | 0.082 | | 0.096 | | ns |
| Block select setup time | T_{BLKSU} | 0.207 | | 0.244 | | ns |
| Block select hold time | T_{BLKHD} | 0.216 | | 0.254 | | ns |
| Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled) | T_{BLK2Q} | | 1.51 | | 1.777 | ns |
| Block select minimum pulse width | T_{BLKMPW} | 0.186 | | 0.219 | | ns |
| Read enable setup time | T_{RDESU} | 0.53 | | 0.624 | | ns |
| Read enable hold time | T_{RDEHD} | 0.071 | | 0.083 | | ns |
| Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN) | $T_{RDPLESU}$ | 0.248 | | 0.291 | | ns |
| Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN) | $T_{RDPLEHD}$ | 0.102 | | 0.12 | | ns |
| Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay | T_{R2Q} | | 1.547 | | 1.82 | ns |
| Asynchronous reset removal time | T_{RSTREM} | 0.506 | | 0.595 | | ns |
| Asynchronous reset recovery time | T_{RSTREC} | 0.004 | | 0.005 | | ns |
| Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width | T_{RSTMPW} | 0.301 | | 0.354 | | ns |
| Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time | $T_{PLRSTREM}$ | –0.279 | | –0.328 | | ns |
| Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time | $T_{PLRSTREC}$ | 0.327 | | 0.385 | | ns |
| Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width | $T_{PLRSTMPW}$ | 0.282 | | 0.332 | | ns |
| Synchronous reset setup time | T_{SRSTSU} | 0.226 | | 0.265 | | ns |
| Synchronous reset hold time | T_{SRSTHD} | 0.036 | | 0.043 | | ns |
| Write enable setup time | T_{WESU} | 0.454 | | 0.534 | | ns |
| Write enable hold time | T_{WEHD} | 0.048 | | 0.057 | | ns |
| Maximum frequency | F_{MAX} | | 400 | | 340 | MHz |

Figure 20 • DEVRST_N to Functional Timing Diagram for IGLOO2



2.3.27 Flash*Freeze Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the Flash*Freeze entry and exit times in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 293 • Flash*Freeze Entry and Exit Times

| Parameter | Symbol | Entry/Exit Timing | | | Unit | Conditions |
|--|-----------|----------------------------------|-----|--------------|---------------|---|
| | | FCLK = 100MHz | | FCLK = 3 MHz | | |
| | | 005, 010, 025, 060, 090, and 150 | 050 | All Devices | | |
| Entry time | TFF_ENTRY | 160 | 150 | 320 | μs | eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON |
| | | 215 | 200 | 430 | μs | eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL= OFF |
| Exit time with respect to the MSS PLL Lock | TFF_EXIT | 100 | 100 | 140 | μs | eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F |
| | | 136 | 120 | 190 | μs | eNVM = ON and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and MSS/HPMS PLL turned back on at exit |
| | | 200 | 200 | 285 | μs | eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit |
| | | 200 | 200 | 285 | μs | eNVM = OFF and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F and eNVM turned back on at exit |

The following table lists the receiver pa in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 297 • Receiver Parameters

| Symbol | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|---------------|
| VRX-IN-PP-CC | Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (2.5 Gbps) | 0.238 | | 1.2 | V |
| | Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (2.5 Gbps, de-emphasized) | 0.219 | | 1.2 | V |
| | Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (5.0 Gbps) | 0.300 | | 1.2 | V |
| | Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (5.0 Gbps, de-emphasized) | 0.300 | | 1.2 | V |
| VRX-CM-AC-P | Input common mode range (AC coupled) | | | 150 | mV |
| ZRX-DIFF-DC | Differential input termination | 80 | 100 | 120 | Ω |
| REXT | External calibration resistor | 1,188 | 1,200 | 1,212 | Ω |
| CDR-LOCK-RST | CDR relock time from reset | | | 15 | μs |
| RLRX-DIFF | Return loss differential mode (2.5 Gbps) | -10 | | | dB |
| | Return loss differential mode (5.0 Gbps) | | | | |
| | 0.05 GHz to 1.25 GHz | -10 | | | dB |
| | 1.25 GHz to 2.5 GHz | -8 | | | dB |
| RLRX-CM | Return loss common mode (2.5 Gbps, 5.0 Gbps) | -6 | | | dB |
| RX-CID ¹ | CID limit PCIe Gen1/2 | | | 200 | UI |
| VRX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-PP | Signal detect limit | 65 | | 175 | mV |

1. AC-coupled, BER = e^{-12} , using synchronous clock.

Table 298 • SerDes Protocol Compliance

| Protocol | Maximum Data Rate (Gbps) | -1 | -Std |
|--------------|--------------------------|-----|------|
| PCIe Gen 1 | 2.5 | Yes | Yes |
| PCIe Gen 2 | 5.0 | Yes | |
| XAUI | 3.125 | Yes | |
| Generic EPCS | 3.2 | Yes | |
| Generic EPCS | 2.5 | Yes | Yes |

2.3.31.2 SmartFusion2 Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C) Characteristics

This section describes the DC and switching of the I²C interface. Unless otherwise noted, all output characteristics given are for a 100 pF load on the pins. For timing parameter definitions, see Figure 21, page 125.

The following table lists the I²C characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Table 303 • I²C Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|---------------|---|
| Input low voltage | V_{IL} | -0.3 | | 0.8 | V | See Single-Ended I/O Standards, page 24 for more information. I/O standard used for illustration: MSIO bank-LVTTL 8 mA low drive. |
| Input high voltage | V_{IH} | 2 | | 3.45 | V | See Single-Ended I/O Standards, page 24 for more information. I/O standard used for illustration: MSIO bank-LVTTL 8 mA low drive. |
| Hysteresis of schmitt triggered inputs for $V_{DDI} > 2\text{ V}$ | V_{HYS} | $0.05 \times V_{DDI}$ | | | V | See Table 28, page 23 for more information. |
| Input current high | I_{IL} | | | 10 | μA | See Single-Ended I/O Standards, page 24 for more information. |
| Input current low | I_{IH} | | | 10 | μA | See Single-Ended I/O Standards, page 24 for more information. |
| Input rise time | T_{ir} | | | 1000 | ns | Standard mode |
| | | | | 300 | ns | Fast mode |
| Input fall time | T_{if} | | | 300 | ns | Standard mode |
| | | | | 300 | ns | Fast mode |
| Maximum output voltage low (open drain) at 3 mA sink current for $V_{DDI} > 2\text{ V}$ | V_{OL} | | | 0.4 | V | See Single-Ended I/O Standards, page 24 for more information. I/O standard used for illustration: MSIO bank-LVTTL 8 mA low drive. |
| Pin capacitance | C_{in} | | | 10 | pF | $V_{IN} = 0$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ |
| Output fall time from V_{IHMin} to V_{ILMax}^1 | t_{OF}^1 | | 21.04 | | ns | V_{IHmin} to V_{ILMax} , $C_{LOAD} = 400\text{ pF}$ |
| | | | 5.556 | | ns | V_{IHmin} to V_{ILMax} , $C_{LOAD} = 100\text{ pF}$ |
| Output rise time from V_{ILMax} to V_{IHMin}^1 | t_{OR}^1 | | 19.887 | | ns | V_{ILMax} to V_{IHmin} , $C_{LOAD} = 400\text{ pF}$ |
| | | | 5.218 | | ns | V_{ILMax} to V_{IHmin} , $C_{LOAD} = 100\text{ pF}$ |
| Output buffer maximum pull-down resistance ^{2,3} | $R_{pull-up}^{2,3}$ | | | 50 | Ω | |
| Output buffer maximum pull-up resistance ^{2,4} | $R_{pull-down}^{2,4}$ | | | 131.25 | Ω | |

Table 305 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)

| Symbol | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-------|-----|------|--|
| sp5 | SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS fall time (10%–90%) ¹ | | 2.906 | | ns | IO Configuration: LVCMOS 2.5 V-8 mA AC Loading: 35 pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25 °C |
| SPI master configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices) | | | | | | |
| sp6m | SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ² | (SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 8.0 | | | ns | |
| sp7m | SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ² | (SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 2.5 | | | ns | |
| sp8m | SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ² | 12 | | | ns | |
| sp9m | SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ² | 2.5 | | | ns | |
| SPI slave configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices) | | | | | | |
| sp6s | SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ² | (SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 17.0 | | | ns | |
| sp7s | SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ² | (SPI_x_CLK_period/2) + 3.0 | | | ns | |
| sp8s | SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ² | 2 | | | ns | |
| sp9s | SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ² | 7 | | | ns | |
| SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices) | | | | | | |
| sp6m | SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ² | (SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0 | | | ns | |
| sp7m | SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ² | (SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5 | | | ns | |
| sp8m | SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ² | 15 | | | ns | |
| sp9m | SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ² | –2.5 | | | ns | |
| SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices) | | | | | | |
| sp6s | SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ² | (SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0 | | | ns | |
| sp7s | SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ² | (SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 3.5 | | | ns | |
| sp8s | SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ² | 3 | | | ns | |
| sp9s | SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ² | 2.5 | | | ns | |

1. For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. For allowable pclk configurations, see Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.