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Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	56520
Total RAM Bits	1869824
Number of I/O	387
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	676-BGA
Supplier Device Package	676-FBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl060t-fgg676i

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- Added Table 244, page 94 and Table 256, page 99 (SAR 73971).
- Updated the SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics, page 121 (SAR 71171).
- Added the DEVRST_N Characteristics, page 116 (SAR 64100, 72103).
- Added Table 298, page 122 (SAR 71897).
- Updated Table 25, page 22, Table 26, page 23, and Table 27, page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Added 060 devices in Table 277, page 107, Table 278, page 108, and Table 279, page 108 (SAR 57898).
- Updated duty cycle parameter of crystal in Table 280, page 109 and Table 281, page 109 (SAR 57898).
- Added 32 KHz mode PLL acquisition time in Table 282, page 110 (SAR 68281).
- Updated Table 293, page 119 for 060 devices (SAR 57828).
- Updated Table 297, page 122 for CID value (SAR 70878).

1.4 Revision 8.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 8.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 11, page 12 (SAR 69218).
- Updated Table 12, page 13 (SAR 69218).
- Updated Table 283, page 111 (SAR 69000).

1.5 Revision 7.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 7.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 1, page 4 (SAR 68620).

1.6 Revision 6.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 6.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 5, page 7 (SAR 65949).
- Updated Table 9, page 10 (SAR 62995).
- Updated Table 123, page 47 and Table 133, page 49 (SAR 67210).
- Added Embedded NVM (eNVM) Characteristics, page 104 (SAR 52509).
- Updated Table 277, page 107 (SAR 64855).
- Updated Table 282, page 110 (SAR 65958 and SAR 56666).
- Added DDR Memory Interface Characteristics, page 120 (SAR 66223).
- Added SFP Transceiver Characteristics, page 120 (SAR 63105).
- Updated Table 302, page 123 and Table 309, page 129 (SAR 66314).

1.7 Revision 5.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 5.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 1, page 4.
- Updated Table 4, page 6 for T_J symbol information.
- Updated Table 5, page 7 (SAR 63109).
- Updated Table 9, page 10.
- Updated Table 282, page 110 (SAR 62012).
- Added Table 290, page 116 (SAR 64100).
- Added Table 306, page 128, Table 307, page 128 (SAR 50424).

1.8 Revision 4.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 4.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 1, page 4. Changed the Status of 090 devices to "Production" (SAR 62750).
- Updated Figure 10, page 70. Removed inverter bubble from DDR_IN latch (SAR 61418).
- Updated SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics, page 121 (SAR 62836).

The following table lists the embedded operating flash limits.

Table 6 • Embedded Operating Flash Limits

Product Grade	Element	Programming Temperature	Maximum Operating Temperature	Programming Cycles	Retention (Biased/Unbiased)
Commercial	Embedded flash	Min $T_J = 0^\circ\text{C}$	Min $T_J = 0^\circ\text{C}$	< 1000 cycles per page, up to two million cycles per eNVM array	20 years
		Max $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$	Max $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$	Min $T_J = 0^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$	< 10000 cycles per page, 10 years up to 20 million cycles per eNVM array
Industrial	Embedded flash	Min $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Min $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$	< 1000 cycles per page, up to two million cycles per eNVM array	20 years
		Max $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Max $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Min $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	< 10000 cycles per page, 10 years up to 20 million cycles per eNVM array

Note: If your product qualification requires accelerated programming cycles, see *Microsemi SoC Products Quality and Reliability Report* about recommended methodologies.

Table 7 • Device Storage Temperature and Retention

Product Grade	Storage Temperature (T_{stg})	Retention
Commercial	Min $T_J = 0^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$	20 years
Industrial	Min $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ Max $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	20 years

Table 8 • High Temperature Data Retention (HTR) Lifetime

T_J (C)	HTR Lifetime ¹ (yrs)
90	20.5
95	20.5
100	20.5
105	17.0
110	15.0
115	13.0
120	11.5
125	10.0
130	8.0
135	6.0
140	4.5
145	3.0
150	1.5

1. HTR Lifetime is the period during which a verify failure is not expected due to flash leakage.

Figure 1 • High Temperature Data Retention (HTR)

2.3.1.1 Overshoot/Undershoot Limits

For AC signals, the input signal may undershoot during transitions to -1.0 V for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

For AC signals, the input signal may overshoot during transitions to $V_{CC1} + 1.0\text{ V}$ for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

Note: The above specifications do not apply to the PCI standard. The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 PCI I/Os are compliant with the PCI standard including the PCI overshoot/undershoot specifications.

2.3.1.2 Thermal Characteristics

The temperature variable in the Microsemi SoC Products Group Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption causes the chip's junction temperature to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures.

EQ1 through EQ3 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient, and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P} \quad EQ\ 1$$

$$\theta_{JB} = \frac{T_J - T_B}{P} \quad EQ\ 2$$

$$\theta_{JC} = \frac{T_J - T_C}{P} \quad EQ\ 3$$

where

- θ_{JA} = Junction-to-air thermal resistance
- θ_{JB} = Junction-to-board thermal resistance
- θ_{JC} = Junction-to-case thermal resistance
- T_J = Junction temperature
- T_A = Ambient temperature
- T_B = Board temperature (measured 1.0 mm away from the package edge)
- T_C = Case temperature
- P = Total power dissipated by the device

Table 9 • Package Thermal Resistance of SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices

Device	Still Air	1.0 m/s	2.5 m/s	θ_{JB}	θ_{JC}	Unit
		θ_{JA}				
005						
FG484	19.36	15.81	14.63	9.74	5.27	°C/W
VF256	41.30	38.16	35.30	28.41	3.94	°C/W
VF400	20.19	16.94	15.41	8.86	4.95	°C/W
TQ144	42.80	36.80	34.50	37.20	10.80	°C/W
010						
FG484	18.22	14.83	13.62	8.83	4.92	°C/W
VF256	37.36	34.26	31.45	24.84	7.89	°C/W
VF400	19.40	15.75	14.22	8.11	4.22	°C/W
TQ144	38.60	32.60	30.30	31.80	8.60	°C/W
025						
FG484	17.03	13.66	12.45	7.66	4.18	°C/W
VF256	33.85	30.59	27.85	21.63	6.13	°C/W
VF400	18.36	14.89	13.36	7.12	3.41	°C/W
FCS325	29.17	24.87	23.12	14.44	2.31	°C/W
050						
FG484	15.29	12.19	10.99	6.27	3.24	°C/W
FG896	14.70	12.50	10.90	7.20	4.90	°C/W
VF400	17.53	14.17	12.63	6.32	2.81	°C/W
FCS325	27.38	23.18	21.41	12.47	1.59	°C/W
060						
FG484	15.40	12.06	10.85	6.14	3.15	°C/W
FG676	15.49	12.21	11.06	7.07	3.87	°C/W
VF400	17.45	14.01	12.47	6.22	2.69	°C/W
FCS325	27.03	22.91	21.25	12.33	1.54	°C/W
090						
FG484	14.64	11.37	10.16	5.43	2.77	°C/W
FG676	14.52	11.19	10.37	6.17	3.24	°C/W
FCS325	26.63	22.26	20.13	14.24	2.50	°C/W

2.3.4 Timing Model

This section describes timing model and timing parameters.

Figure 2 • Timing Model

The following table lists the timing model parameters in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 17 • Timing Model Parameters

Index	Symbol	Description	-1	Unit	For More Information
A	T_{PY}	Propagation delay of DDR3 receiver	1.605	ns	See Table 137, page 50
B	T_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the input data register	0.16	ns	See Table 221, page 71
	T_{ISUD}	Setup time of the input data register	0.357	ns	See Table 221, page 71
C	T_{RCKH}	Input high delay for global clock	1.53	ns	See Table 227, page 78
	T_{RCKL}	Input low delay for global clock	0.897	ns	See Table 227, page 78
D	T_{PY}	Input propagation delay of LVDS receiver	2.774	ns	See Table 167, page 56
E	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of a three-input AND gate	0.198	ns	See Table 223, page 76

Table 17 • Timing Model Parameters (continued)

Index	Symbol	Description	-1	Unit	For More Information
F	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of an OR gate	0.179	ns	See Table 223, page 76
G	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of an LVDS transmitter	2.136	ns	See Table 169, page 57
H	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of a three-input XOR Gate	0.241	ns	See Table 223, page 76
I	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of LVCMOS 2.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 16 mA on the MSIO bank	2.412	ns	See Table 46, page 27
J	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of a two-input NAND gate	0.179	ns	See Table 223, page 76
K	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of LVCMOS 2.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 8 mA on the MSIO bank	2.309	ns	See Table 46, page 27
L	T _{CLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the data register	0.108	ns	See Table 224, page 77
	T _{SUD}	Setup time of the data register	0.254	ns	See Table 224, page 77
M	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of a two-input AND gate	0.179	ns	See Table 223, page 76
N	T _{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the output data register	0.263	ns	See Table 220, page 69
	T _{OSUD}	Setup time of the output data register	0.19	ns	See Table 220, page 69
O	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of SSTL2, Class I transmitter on the MSIO bank	2.055	ns	See Table 114, page 45
P	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of LVCMOS 1.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 12 mA, fast slew on the DDRIO bank	3.316	ns	See Table 70, page 34

The following table lists the minimum and maximum I/O weak pull-up/pull-down resistance values of MSIO I/O bank at V_{OH}/V_{OL} Level.

Table 26 • I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistances for MSIO I/O Bank

V_{DDI} Domain	R(WEAK PULL-UP) at V_{OH} (Ω)		R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) at V_{OL} (Ω)	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
3.3 V	9.9K	17.1K	9.98K	17.5K
2.5 V ^{1, 2}	10K	17.6K	10.1K	18.4K
1.8 V ^{1, 2}	10.4K	19.1K	10.4K	20.4K
1.5 V ^{1, 2}	10.7K	20.4K	10.8K	22.2K
1.2 V ^{1, 2}	11.3K	23.2K	11.5K	26.7K

1. $R(\text{WEAK PULL-DOWN}) = (\text{VOLspec})/\text{I}(\text{WEAK PULL-DOWN MAX})$.

2. $R(\text{WEAK PULL-UP}) = (\text{VDDImax} - \text{VOHspec})/\text{I}(\text{WEAK PULL-UP MIN})$.

The following table lists the minimum and maximum I/O weak pull-up/pull-down resistance values of MSIOD I/O bank at V_{OH}/V_{OL} Level.

Table 27 • I/O Weak Pull-up/Pull-down Resistances for MSIOD I/O Bank

V_{DDI} Domain	R(WEAK PULL-UP) at V_{OH} (Ω)		R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) at V_{OL} (Ω)	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
2.5 V ^{1, 2}	9.6K	16.6K	9.5K	16.4K
1.8 V ^{1, 2}	9.7K	17.3K	9.7K	17.1K
1.5 V ^{1, 2}	9.9K	18K	9.8K	17.6K
1.2 V ^{1, 2}	10.3K	19.6K	10K	19.1K

1. $R(\text{WEAK PULL-DOWN}) = (\text{VOLspec})/\text{I}(\text{WEAK PULL-DOWN MAX})$.

2. $R(\text{WEAK PULL-UP}) = (\text{VDDImax} - \text{VOHspec})/\text{I}(\text{WEAK PULL-UP MIN})$.

The following table lists the hysteresis voltage value for schmitt trigger mode input buffers.

Table 28 • Schmitt Trigger Input Hysteresis

Input Buffer Configuration	Hysteresis Value (Typical, unless otherwise noted)
3.3 V LVTTL/LVC MOS/ PCI/PCI-X	$0.05 \times V_{DDI}$ (worst-case)
2.5 V LVC MOS	$0.05 \times V_{DDI}$ (worst-case)
1.8 V LVC MOS	$0.1 \times V_{DDI}$ (worst-case)
1.5 V LVC MOS	60 mV
1.2 V LVC MOS	20 mV

Table 46 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers) (continued)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
4 mA	Slow	3.095	3.641	2.705	3.182	3.088	3.633	4.738	5.575	4.348	5.116	ns
	Medium	2.825	3.324	2.488	2.927	2.823	3.321	4.492	5.285	4.063	4.781	ns
	Medium fast	2.701	3.178	2.384	2.804	2.698	3.173	4.364	5.135	3.945	4.642	ns
	Fast	2.69	3.165	2.377	2.796	2.687	3.161	4.359	5.129	3.94	4.636	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.919	3.434	2.491	2.93	2.902	3.414	5.085	5.983	4.674	5.5	ns
	Medium	2.65	3.118	2.279	2.681	2.642	3.108	4.845	5.701	4.375	5.148	ns
	Medium fast	2.529	2.975	2.176	2.56	2.521	2.965	4.724	5.558	4.259	5.011	ns
	Fast	2.516	2.96	2.168	2.551	2.508	2.95	4.717	5.55	4.251	5.002	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.863	3.368	2.427	2.855	2.844	3.346	5.196	6.114	4.769	5.612	ns
	Medium	2.599	3.058	2.217	2.608	2.59	3.047	4.952	5.827	4.471	5.261	ns
	Medium fast	2.483	2.921	2.114	2.487	2.473	2.91	4.832	5.685	4.364	5.134	ns
	Fast	2.467	2.902	2.106	2.478	2.457	2.89	4.826	5.678	4.348	5.116	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.747	3.232	2.296	2.701	2.724	3.204	5.39	6.342	4.938	5.81	ns
	Medium	2.493	2.934	2.102	2.473	2.483	2.921	5.166	6.078	4.65	5.471	ns
	Medium fast	2.382	2.803	2.006	2.36	2.371	2.789	5.067	5.962	4.546	5.349	ns
	Fast	2.369	2.787	1.999	2.352	2.357	2.773	5.063	5.958	4.538	5.339	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.677	3.149	2.213	2.604	2.649	3.116	5.575	6.56	5.08	5.977	ns
	Medium	2.432	2.862	2.028	2.386	2.421	2.848	5.372	6.32	4.801	5.649	ns
	Medium fast	2.324	2.734	1.937	2.278	2.311	2.718	5.297	6.233	4.7	5.531	ns
	Fast	2.313	2.721	1.929	2.269	2.3	2.706	5.296	6.231	4.699	5.529	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 47 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.48	4.095	3.855	4.534	3.785	4.453	2.12	2.494	3.45	4.059	ns
4 mA	Slow	2.583	3.039	3.042	3.579	3.138	3.691	4.143	4.874	4.687	5.513	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.392	2.815	2.669	3.139	2.82	3.317	4.909	5.775	5.083	5.98	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.309	2.717	2.565	3.017	2.74	3.223	5.812	6.837	5.523	6.497	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.333	2.745	2.437	2.867	2.626	3.089	6.131	7.213	5.712	6.72	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.412	2.838	2.335	2.747	2.533	2.979	6.54	7.694	6.007	7.067	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 53 • LVC MOS 1.8 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R _{ODT_CAL}	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	Ω

Table 54 • LVC MOS 1.8 V AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V _{TRIP}	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2k	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , C _{ENT} T _{LZ})		5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP})	C _{LOAD}	5	pF

Table 55 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications

Output Drive Selection			V _{OH} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	I _{OH} (at V _{OH}) mA	I _{OL} (at V _{OL}) mA
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank	Min	Max		
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	6	6
8 mA	8 mA	8 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	8	8
10 mA	10 mA	10 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	10	10
12 mA		12 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	12	12
		16 mA ¹	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	16	16

1. 16 mA drive strengths, all slews, meets LPDDR JEDEC electrical compliance.

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 1.71 V

Table 56 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Receiver Characteristics (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}				T _{PYS}	
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit	
LVC MOS 1.8 V (for DDRIO I/O bank with Fixed Codes)	None	1.968	2.315	2.099	2.47	ns
	None	2.898	3.411	2.883	3.393	ns
	50	3.05	3.59	3.044	3.583	ns
LVC MOS 1.8 V (for MSIO I/O bank)	75	2.999	3.53	2.987	3.516	ns
	150	2.947	3.469	2.933	3.452	ns
	None	2.611	3.071	2.598	3.057	ns
	50	2.775	3.264	2.775	3.265	ns
LVC MOS 1.8 V (for MSIOD I/O bank)	75	2.72	3.2	2.712	3.19	ns
	150	2.666	3.137	2.655	3.123	ns

Table 70 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers) (continued)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
6 mA	Slow	4.244	4.993	3.465	4.076	4.233	4.979	6.39	7.518	5.736	6.748	ns
	Medium	3.774	4.44	3.05	3.587	3.762	4.426	6.114	7.193	5.397	6.35	ns
	Medium fast	3.544	4.17	2.839	3.339	3.529	4.152	5.978	7.033	5.27	6.2	ns
	Fast	3.519	4.14	2.82	3.317	3.504	4.122	5.965	7.017	5.259	6.187	ns
8 mA	Slow	4.099	4.823	3.311	3.894	4.087	4.807	6.584	7.746	5.854	6.888	ns
	Medium	3.656	4.301	2.927	3.443	3.642	4.284	6.311	7.425	5.553	6.533	ns
	Medium fast	3.437	4.044	2.731	3.213	3.42	4.023	6.182	7.273	5.435	6.394	ns
	Fast	3.41	4.012	2.715	3.193	3.393	3.991	6.178	7.269	5.425	6.383	ns
10 mA	Slow	4.029	4.74	3.238	3.809	4.015	4.723	6.732	7.921	5.965	7.018	ns
	Medium	3.601	4.237	2.867	3.372	3.586	4.218	6.473	7.615	5.669	6.669	ns
	Medium fast	3.384	3.981	2.672	3.143	3.365	3.958	6.351	7.471	5.55	6.529	ns
	Fast	3.357	3.949	2.655	3.123	3.338	3.927	6.345	7.464	5.54	6.518	ns
12 mA	Slow	3.974	4.675	3.196	3.759	3.958	4.656	6.842	8.049	6.068	7.139	ns
	Medium	3.55	4.176	2.827	3.326	3.534	4.157	6.584	7.746	5.751	6.766	ns
	Medium fast	3.345	3.935	2.638	3.103	3.325	3.911	6.488	7.633	5.641	6.637	ns
	Fast	3.316	3.902	2.621	3.083	3.297	3.878	6.486	7.63	5.626	6.619	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 71 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	4.423	5.203	5.397	6.35	5.686	6.69	5.609	6.599	5.561	6.542	ns
4 mA	Slow	4.05	4.765	4.503	5.298	4.92	5.788	7.358	8.657	6.525	7.677	ns
6 mA	Slow	4.081	4.801	4.259	5.012	4.699	5.528	7.659	9.011	6.709	7.893	ns
8 mA	Slow	4.234	4.98	4.068	4.786	4.521	5.319	8.218	9.668	7.05	8.294	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 159 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers) (continued)

medium	3.246	3.819	2.686	3.16	3.236	3.807	5.542	6.52	4.936	5.807	ns	
medium_fast	3.066	3.607	2.525	2.971	3.054	3.593	5.405	6.359	4.811	5.66	ns	
fast	3.046	3.584	2.513	2.957	3.034	3.57	5.401	6.353	4.803	5.651	ns	
10 mA	slow	3.498	4.115	2.878	3.386	3.481	4.096	6.046	7.113	5.444	6.404	ns
	medium	3.138	3.692	2.569	3.023	3.126	3.678	5.782	6.803	5.129	6.034	ns
	medium_fast	2.966	3.489	2.414	2.841	2.951	3.472	5.666	6.665	5.013	5.897	ns
	fast	2.945	3.464	2.401	2.826	2.93	3.448	5.659	6.658	5.003	5.886	ns
12 mA	slow	3.417	4.02	2.807	3.303	3.401	4.002	6.083	7.156	5.464	6.428	ns
	medium	3.076	3.618	2.519	2.964	3.063	3.604	5.828	6.856	5.176	6.089	ns
	medium_fast	2.913	3.427	2.376	2.795	2.898	3.41	5.725	6.736	5.072	5.966	ns
	fast	2.894	3.405	2.362	2.78	2.879	3.388	5.715	6.724	5.064	5.957	ns
16 mA	slow	3.366	3.96	2.751	3.237	3.348	3.939	6.226	7.324	5.576	6.56	ns
	medium	3.03	3.565	2.47	2.906	3.017	3.55	5.981	7.036	5.282	6.214	ns
	medium_fast	2.87	3.377	2.328	2.739	2.854	3.358	5.895	6.935	5.18	6.094	ns
	fast	2.853	3.357	2.314	2.723	2.837	3.338	5.889	6.929	5.177	6.09	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management).

2.3.7 Differential I/O Standards

Configuration of the I/O modules as a differential pair is handled by Microsemi SoC Products Group Libero software when the user instantiates a differential I/O macro in the design. Differential I/Os can also be used in conjunction with the embedded Input register (InReg), Output register (OutReg), Enable register (EnReg), and Double Data Rate registers (DDR).

2.3.7.1 LVDS

Low-Voltage Differential Signaling (ANSI/TIA/EIA-644) is a high-speed, differential I/O standard.

Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

Table 160 • LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range

Table 161 • LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
DC Input voltage	V _I	0	2.925	V	2.5 V range
DC input voltage	V _I	0	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Input current high ¹	I _{IH} (DC)				
Input current low ¹	I _{IL} (DC)				

1. See Table 24, page 22.

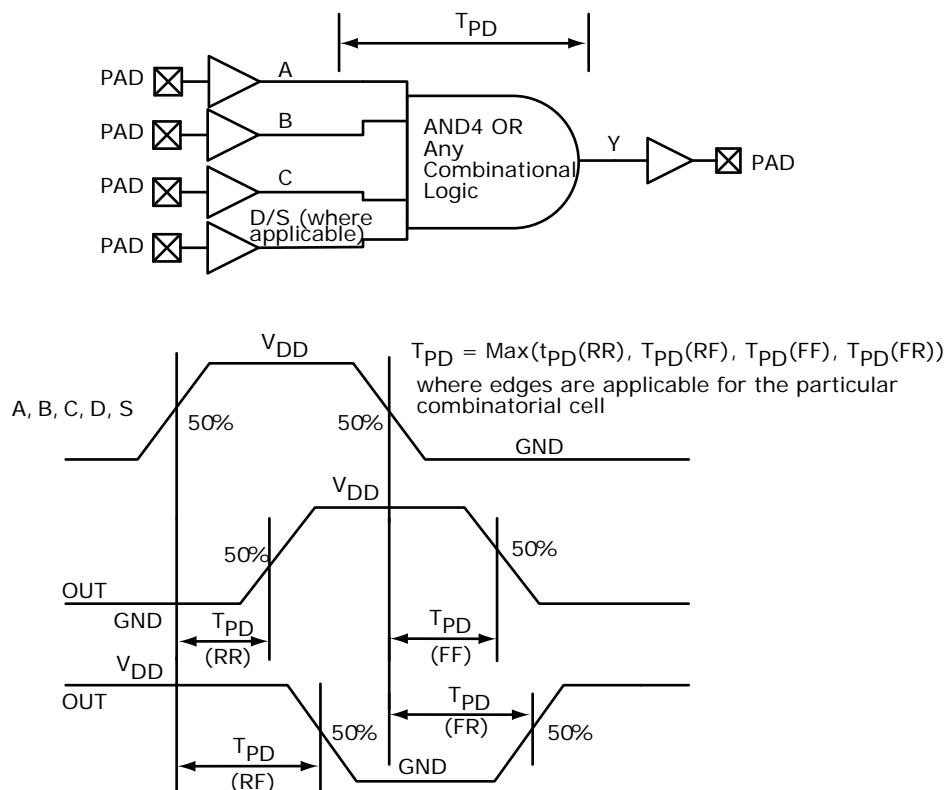
Table 222 • Output DDR Propagation Delays (continued)

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	-1	-Std	Unit
$T_{DDROWAL}$	Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for output DDR	C, C	0.304	0.357	ns
$T_{DDROCKMPWH}$	Clock minimum pulse width high for the output DDR	E, E	0.075	0.088	ns
$T_{DDROCKMPWL}$	Clock minimum pulse width low for the output DDR	E, E	0.159	0.187	ns

2.3.10 Logic Element Specifications

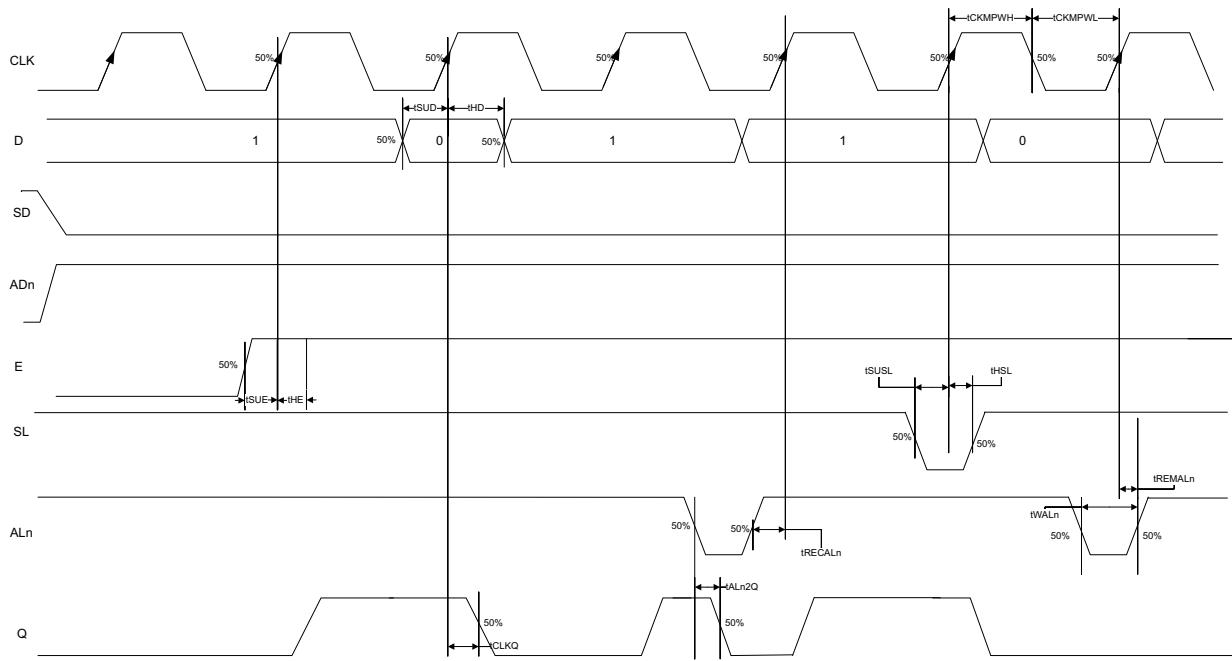
2.3.10.1 4-input LUT (LUT-4)

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs offer a fully permutable 4-input LUT. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a sample of the library. For more details, see *SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Macro Library Guide*.

Figure 14 • LUT-4

The following figure shows a configuration with SD = 0 (synchronous clear) and ADn = 1 (asynchronous clear) for a flip-flop (LAT = 0).

Figure 16 • Sequential Module Timing Diagram



2.3.10.3.1 Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the register delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 224 • Register Delays

Parameter	Symbol	-1	-Std	Unit
Clock-to-Q of the core register	T_{CLKQ}	0.108	0.127	ns
Data setup time for the core register	T_{SUD}	0.254	0.298	ns
Data hold time for the core register	T_{HD}	0	0	ns
Enable setup time for the core register	T_{SUE}	0.335	0.394	ns
Enable hold time for the core register	T_{HE}	0	0	ns
Synchronous load setup time for the core register	T_{SUSL}	0.335	0.394	ns
Synchronous load hold time for the core register	T_{HSL}	0	0	ns
Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the core register (ADn = 1)	T_{ALN2Q}	0.473	0.556	ns
Asynchronous preset-to-Q of the core register (ADn = 0)	T_{ALN2Q}	0.451	0.531	ns
Asynchronous load removal time for the core register	T_{REMLN}	0	0	ns
Asynchronous load recovery time for the core register	T_{RECALN}	0.353	0.415	ns
Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for the core register	T_{WALN}	0.266	0.313	ns
Clock minimum pulse width high for the core register	T_{CKMPWH}	0.065	0.077	ns
Clock minimum pulse width low for the core register	T_{CKMPWL}	0.139	0.164	ns

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 8K × 2 in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 234 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 8K × 2

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std	
		Min	Max	Min	Max
Clock period	T_{CY}	2.5	2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125	1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125	1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T_{PLCY}	2.5	2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125	1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125	1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.32	0.377	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		2.272	2.673	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.511	1.778	ns
Address setup time	T_{ADDRSU}	0.612	0.72		ns
Address hold time	T_{ADDRHD}	0.274	0.322		ns
Data setup time	T_{DSU}	0.33	0.388		ns
Data hold time	T_{DHD}	0.082	0.096		ns
Block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	0.207	0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	0.216	0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		1.511	1.778	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T_{BLKMPW}	0.186	0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDESU}	0.529	0.622		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDEHD}	0.071	0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248	0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102	0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T_{R2Q}		1.528	1.797	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T_{RSTREM}	0.506	0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T_{RSTREC}	0.004	0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T_{RSTMPW}	0.301	0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	-0.279	-0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327	0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282	0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.226	0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.036	0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WESU}	0.488	0.574		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WEHD}	0.048	0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		400	340	MHz

Table 245 • JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	39	4	Sec
010	274816	78	9	Sec
025	274816	78	9	Sec
050	278528	84	8	Sec
060	268480	76	8	Sec
090	544496	154	15	Sec
150	544496	155	15	Sec

Table 246 • JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	59	11	Sec
010	842688	107	20	Sec
025	1497408	120	35	Sec
050	2695168	162	59	Sec
060	2686464	158	70	Sec
090	4190208	266	147	Sec
150	6682768	316	231	Sec

Table 247 • 2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	4	17	6	Sec
010	568784	7	23	12	Sec
025	1223504	14	33	23	Sec
050	2424832	29	52	40	Sec
060	2418896	39	61	50	Sec
090	3645968	60	84	73	Sec
150	6139184	100	132	120	Sec

Table 248 • 2 Step IAP Programming (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL	Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	2	37	5	Sec	
010	274816	4	76	11	Sec	
025	274816	4	78	10	Sec	
050	278528	3	85	9	Sec	
060	268480	5	76	22	Sec	
090	544496	10	152	43	Sec	
150	544496	10	153	44	Sec	

Table 249 • 2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)

M2S/M2GL	Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	6	56	11	Sec	
010	842688	11	100	21	Sec	
025	1497408	19	113	32	Sec	
050	2695168	32	136	48	Sec	
060	2686464	43	137	70	Sec	
090	4190208	68	236	115	Sec	
150	6682768	109	286	162	Sec	

Table 250 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL	Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	6	19	8	Sec	
010	568784	10	26	14	Sec	
025	1223504	21	39	29	Sec	
050	2424832	39	60	50	Sec	
060	2418896	44	65	54	Sec	
090	3645968	66	90	79	Sec	
150	6139184	108	140	128	Sec	

Table 251 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL	Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	3	42	4	Sec	
010	274816	4	82	7	Sec	
025	274816	4	82	8	Sec	
050	278528	4	80	8	Sec	
060	268480	6	80	8	Sec	
090	544496	10	157	15	Sec	

2.3.21 Clock Conditioning Circuits (CCC)

The following table lists the CCC/PLL specifications in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 282 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Specification

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Clock conditioning circuitry input frequency F_{IN_CCC}	1 0.032	200	200	MHz	All CCC 32 kHz capable CCC
Clock conditioning circuitry output frequency F_{OUT_CCC} ¹	0.078	400	400	MHz	
PLL VCO frequency ²	500	1000	1000	MHz	
Delay increments in programmable delay blocks	75	100	100	ps	
Number of programmable values in each programmable delay block		64			
Acquisition time	70 1	100 16	100 ms	μs ms	$F_{IN} \geq 1\text{ MHz}$ $F_{IN} = 32\text{ kHz}$
Input duty cycle (reference clock)					Internal Feedback
	10	90	90	%	$1\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$
	25	75	75	%	$25\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$
	35	65	65	%	$100\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 150\text{ MHz}$
	45	55	55	%	$150\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 200\text{ MHz}$
					External Feedback (CCC, FPGA, Off-chip)
	25	75	75	%	$1\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$
	35	65	65	%	$25\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 35\text{ MHz}$
	45	55	55	%	$35\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 50\text{ MHz}$
Output duty cycle	48	52	52	%	050 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	005, 010, and 025 devices $F_{OUT} < 350\text{ MHz}$
	46	54	54	%	005, 010, and 025 devices $350\text{ MHz} \leq F_{out} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	060 and 090 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$
	44	52	52	%	060 and 090 devices $100\text{ MHz} \leq F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	150 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 120\text{ MHz}$
	45	52	52	%	150 devices $120\text{ MHz} \leq F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
Spread Spectrum Characteristics					
Modulation frequency range	25	35	50	k	
Modulation depth range	0	1.5	1.5	%	
Modulation depth control		0.5	0.5	%	