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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	56520
Total RAM Bits	1869824
Number of I/O	200
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	325-TFBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	325-FCBGA (11x11)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl060ts-1fcsg325i

Figures

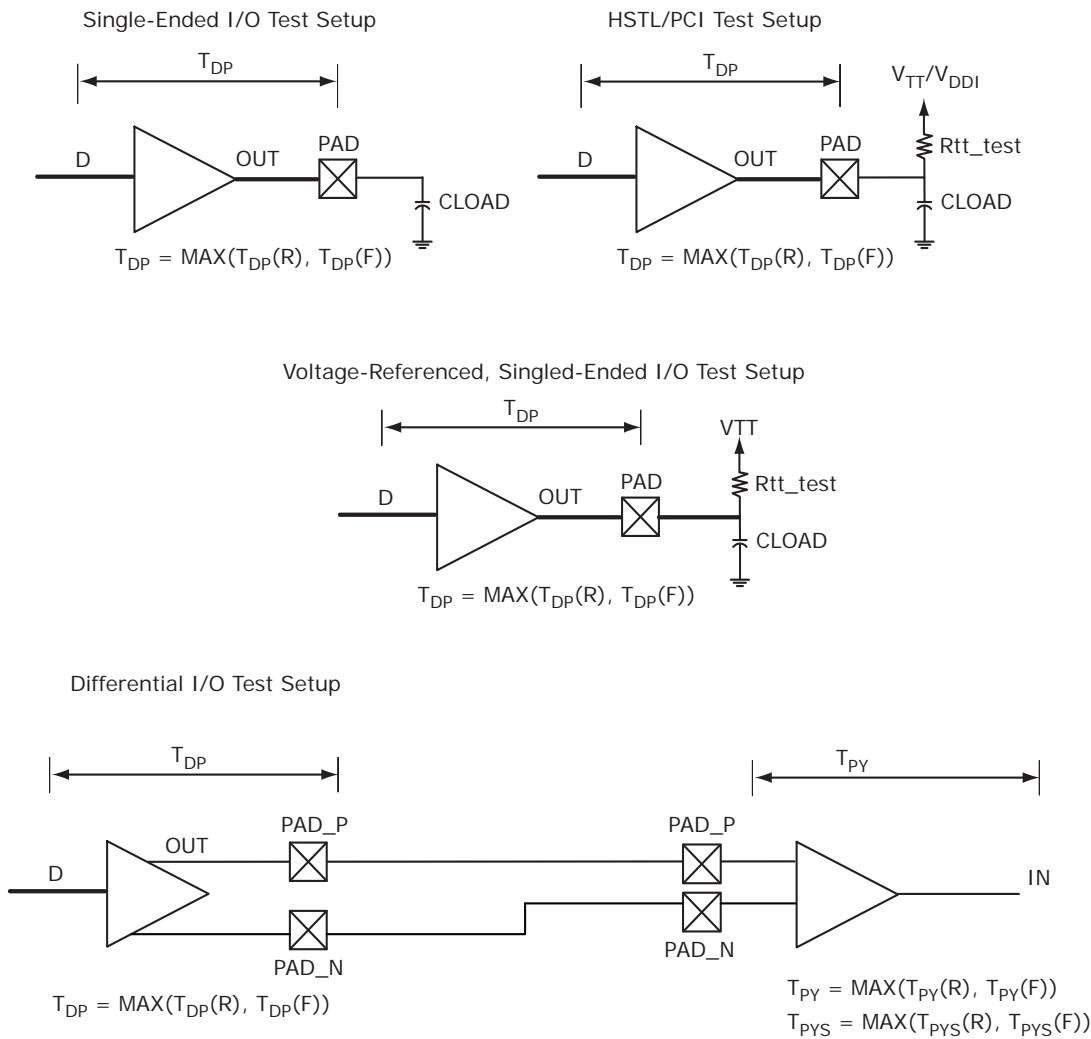
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2.3.5.2 Output Buffer and AC Loading

The following figure shows the output buffer and AC loading.

Figure 4 • Output Buffer AC Loading



2.3.5.7 2.5 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 2.5 V is a general standard for 2.5 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs that are in compliance with the JEDEC specification JESD8-5A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 38 • LVC MOS 2.5 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

Table 39 • LVC MOS 2.5 V DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V_{IH} (DC)	1.7	2.625	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V_{IH} (DC)	1.7	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	-0.3	0.7	V
Input current high ¹	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See [Table 24](#), page 22.

Table 40 • LVC MOS 2.5 V DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH} ¹	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	-	V
DC output logic low	V_{OL} ²		0.4	V

1. The VOH/VOL test points selected ensure compliance with LVC MOS 2.5 V JEDEC8-5A requirements.

Table 41 • LVC MOS 2.5 V AC Minimum and Maximum Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	410	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	420	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

Table 42 • LVC MOS 2.5 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R_{odt_cal}	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	Ω

Table 72 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹	
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	Unit
2 mA	Slow	2.735	3.218	3.371	3.966	3.618	4.257	6.03	7.095	5.705	6.712 ns
4 mA	Slow	2.426	2.854	2.992	3.521	3.221	3.79	6.738	7.927	6.298	7.41 ns
6 mA	Slow	2.433	2.862	2.81	3.306	3.031	3.566	7.123	8.38	6.596	7.76 ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.10 1.2 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 1.2 is a general standard for 1.2 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-12A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 73 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	1.140	1.2	1.26	V

Table 74 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V _{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V _{DDI}	1.26	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V _{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V _{DDI}	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V _{IL} (DC)	-0.3	0.35 × V _{DDI}	V
Input current high ¹	I _{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I _{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 75 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V _{OH}	V _{DDI} × 0.75		V
DC output logic low	V _{OL}		V _{DDI} × 0.25	V

Table 76 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	200	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	120	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	160	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

Table 77 • LVC MOS 1.2 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	RODT_CAL	75, 60, 50, 40	Ω

Table 78 • LVC MOS 1.2 V AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point	V _{TRIP}	0.6	V
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	C _{ENT}	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP})	C _{LOAD}	5	pF

Table 79 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications

Output Drive Selection			V _{OH} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	I _{OH} (at V _{OH}) mA	I _{OL} (at V _{OL}) mA
	MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank	Min	Max	
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	V _{DDI} × 0.75	V _{DDI} × 0.25	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	V _{DDI} × 0.75	V _{DDI} × 0.25	4	4
		6 mA	V _{DDI} × 0.75	V _{DDI} × 0.25	6	6

Note: For a detailed I/V curve, use the corresponding IBIS models:
www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx.

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 1.14 V

Table 80 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}		T _{PYS}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	2.448	2.88	2.466	2.901	ns

Table 81 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination ODT)	T _{PY}		T _{PYS}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	4.714	5.545	4.675	5.5	ns
50	6.668	7.845	6.579	7.74	ns
75	5.832	6.862	5.76	6.777	ns
150	5.162	6.073	5.111	6.014	ns

Table 85 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.883	4.568	4.868	5.726	5.329	6.269	7.994	9.404	7.527	8.855	ns
4 mA	Slow	3.774	4.44	4.188	4.926	4.613	5.426	8.972	10.555	8.315	9.782	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.11 3.3 V PCI/PCIX

Peripheral Component Interface (PCI) for 3.3 V standards specify support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI bus applications.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification (Applicable to MSIO Bank Only)

Table 86 • PCI/PCI-X DC Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

Table 87 • PCI/PCI-X DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	V _I	0	3.45	V
Input current high ¹	I _{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I _{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 88 • PCI/PCI-X DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V _{OH}		Per PCI specification		V
DC output logic low	V _{OL}		Per PCI specification		V

Table 89 • PCI/PCI-X Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	630	Mbps	AC Loading: per JEDEC specifications

Table 90 • PCI/PCI-X AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path (falling edge)	V _{TRIP}	0.615 × V _{DDI}	V
Measuring/trip point for data path (rising edge)	V _{TRIP}	0.285 × V _{DDI}	V
Resistance for data test path	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	C _{ENT}	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP})	C _{LOAD}	10	pF

Table 122 • SSTL18 DC Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID} (DC)	0.3	V

Table 123 • SSTL18 AC Differential Voltage Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF} (AC)	0.5		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x (AC)	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} - 0.175$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} + 0.175$	V

Table 124 • SSTL18 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	667	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specification

Table 125 • SSTL18 AC Impedance Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R_{REF}	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT)	R_{TT}	50, 75, 150	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

Table 126 • SSTL18 AC Test Parameter Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class I (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class II (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching CharacteristicsWorst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14$ V, $V_{DDI} = 1.71$ V**Table 127 • DDR2/SSTL18 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		
	-1	-Std	Unit
Pseudo differential None	1.567	1.844	ns
True differential None	1.588	1.869	ns

2.3.9 DDR Module Specification

This section describes input and output DDR module and timing specifications.

2.3.9.1 Input DDR Module

Figure 10 • Input DDR Module

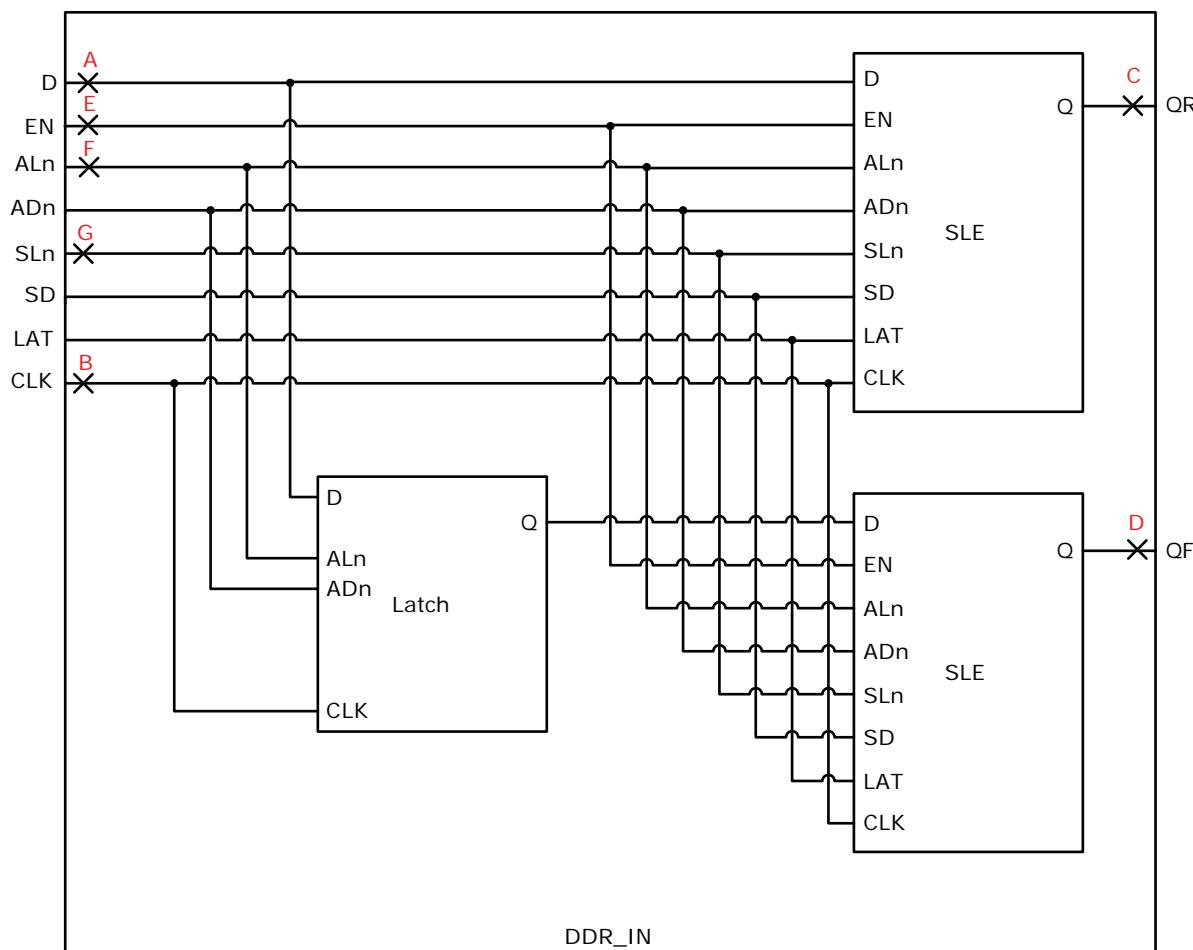
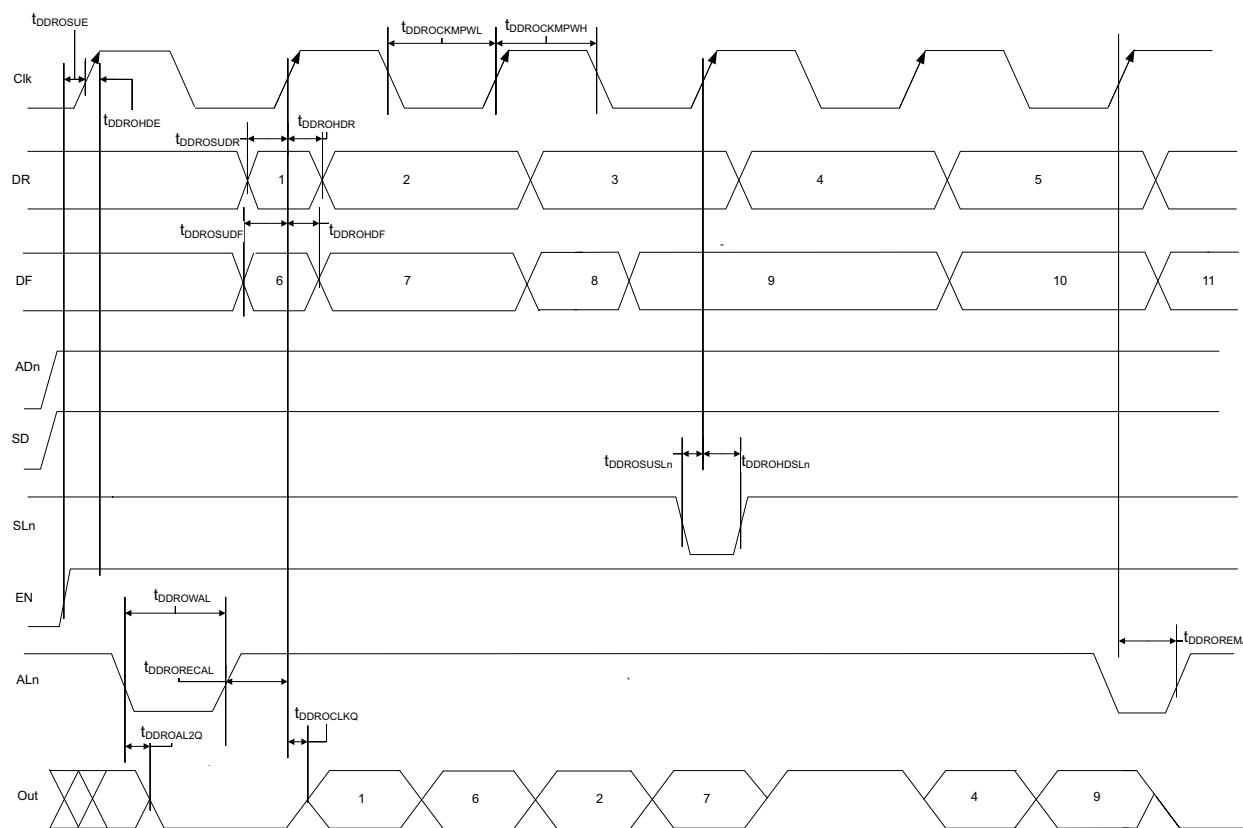


Figure 13 • Output DDR Timing Diagram**2.3.9.5 Timing Characteristics**

The following table lists the output DDR propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 222 • Output DDR Propagation Delays

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	-1	-Std	Unit
$T_{DDROCLKQ}$	Clock-to-out of DDR for output DDR	E, G	0.263	0.309	ns
$T_{DDROSUDF}$	Data_F data setup for output DDR	F, E	0.143	0.168	ns
$T_{DDROSUDR}$	Data_R data setup for output DDR	A, E	0.19	0.223	ns
$T_{DDROHDF}$	Data_F data hold for output DDR	F, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROHDR}$	Data_R data hold for output DDR	A, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROSUE}$	Enable setup for input DDR	B, E	0.419	0.493	ns
T_{DDROHE}	Enable hold for input DDR	B, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROSUSLN}$	Synchronous load setup for input DDR	D, E	0.196	0.231	ns
$T_{DDROHSLN}$	Synchronous load hold for input DDR	D, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROAL2Q}$	Asynchronous load-to-out for output DDR	C, G	0.528	0.621	ns
$T_{DDROREM}$	Asynchronous load removal time for output DDR	C, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDRORECAL}$	Asynchronous load recovery time for output DDR	C, E	0.034	0.04	ns

The following table lists the 010 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 229 • 010 Device Global Resource

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input low delay for global clock	T_{RCKL}	0.626	0.669	0.627	0.668	ns
Input high delay for global clock	T_{RCKH}	1.112	1.182	1.308	1.393	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	T_{RCKSW}		0.07		0.085	ns

The following table lists the 005 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 230 • 005 Device Global Resource

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input low delay for global clock	T_{RCKL}	0.625	0.66	0.628	0.66	ns
Input high delay for global clock	T_{RCKH}	1.126	1.187	1.325	1.397	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	T_{RCKSW}		0.061		0.072	ns

2.3.12 FPGA Fabric SRAM

See *UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide* for more information.

2.3.12.1 FPGA Fabric Large SRAM (LSRAM)

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 1K × 18 in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 231 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 1K × 18

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	T_{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T_{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.334		0.393	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		2.273		2.674	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.529		1.799	ns
Address setup time	T_{ADDRSU}	0.441		0.519		ns
Address hold time	T_{ADDRHD}	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T_{DSU}	0.341		0.401		ns
Data hold time	T_{DHD}	0.107		0.126		ns
Block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	0.207		0.244		ns

Table 232 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 2K × 9 (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Address setup time	T _{ADDRSU}	0.475		0.559		ns
Address hold time	T _{ADDRHD}	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T _{DSU}	0.336		0.395		ns
Data hold time	T _{DHD}	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	T _{BLKSU}	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T _{BLKHD}	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T _{BLK2Q}		1.529		1.799	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T _{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T _{RDESU}	0.485		0.57		ns
Read enable hold time	T _{RDEHD}	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T _{RDPLESU}	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T _{RDPLEHD}	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T _{R2Q}		1.514		1.781	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T _{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T _{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T _{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	T _{PLRSTREM}	-0.279		-0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	T _{PLRSTREC}	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T _{PLRSTMPW}	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T _{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T _{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WESU}	0.415		0.488		ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WEHD}	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 4K × 4 in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 233 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 4K × 4

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	T _{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CLKMPWH}	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CLKMPWL}	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T _{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	T _{PLCLKMPWH}	1.125		1.323		ns

Table 242 • μSRAM (RAM512x2) in 512 × 2 Mode (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Write clock period	T _{CCY}	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CCLKMPWH}	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CCLKMPWL}	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T _{BLKCSU}	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T _{BLKCHD}	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T _{DINCSU}	0.101		0.118		ns
Write input data hold time	T _{DINCHD}	0.137		0.161		ns
Write address setup time	T _{ADDRCSU}	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	T _{ADDRCHD}	0.247		0.29		ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WECSU}	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WECHD}	-0.03		-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the μSRAM in 1024 × 1 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 243 • μSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 × 1 Mode

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read clock period	T _{CY}	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CLKMPWH}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CLKMPWL}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	T _{PLCY}	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	T _{PLCLKMPWH}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	T _{PLCLKMPWL}	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T _{CLK2Q}		0.27		0.31	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.78		2.1	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T _{ADDRSU}	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.978		2.327		ns
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T _{ADDRHD}	0.137		0.161		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.6		-0.71		ns
Read enable setup time	T _{RDENSU}	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T _{RDENHD}	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T _{BLKSU}	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T _{BLKHD}	-0.65		-0.77		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T _{BLK2Q}		2.16		2.54	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREM}	-0.02		-0.03		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)		0.046		0.054		ns

Table 243 • μSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 × 1 Mode (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std	
		Min	Max	Min	Max
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)	T_{RSTREC}	0.507		0.597	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)		0.236		0.278	ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T_{R2Q}		0.83	0.98	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.271		0.319	ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.061		0.071	ns
Write clock period	T_{CCY}	4		4	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Write block setup time	T_{BLKCSU}	0.404		0.476	ns
Write block hold time	T_{BLKCHD}	0.007		0.008	ns
Write input data setup time	T_{DINCSU}	0.003		0.004	ns
Write input data hold time	T_{DINCHD}	0.137		0.161	ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104	ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.247		0.29	ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WECSU}	0.397		0.467	ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WECHD}	-0.03		-0.03	ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		250	250	MHz

2.3.13 Programming Times

The following tables list the programming times in typical conditions when $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.2\text{ V}$. External SPI flash part# AT25DF641-s3H is used during this measurement.

Table 244 • JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	22	10	Sec
010	568784	28	18	Sec
025	1223504	51	26	Sec
050	2424832	66	54	Sec
060	2418896	77	54	Sec
090	3645968	113	126	Sec
150	6139184	155	193	Sec

Table 265 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming 100 kHz	Auto Update 25 MHz	Programming Recovery 12.5 MHz	Unit
005	69	49	50	Sec
010	99	57	57	Sec
025	150	64	63	Sec
050	55 ¹	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	313	105	104	Sec
090	449	131	130	Sec
150	730	179	183	Sec

1. Auto programming in 050 device is done through SC_SPI, and SPI CLK is set to 6.25 MHz.

Table 266 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming 100 kHz	Auto Update 25 MHz	Programming Recovery 12.5 MHz	Unit
005	63	70	71	Sec
010	108	109	109	Sec
025	109	107	108	Sec
050	107	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	100	108	108	Sec
090	176	184	184	Sec
150	183	183	183	Sec

Table 267 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric and eNVM)

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming 100 kHz	Auto Update 25 MHz	Programming Recovery 12.5 MHz	Unit
005	109	89	88	Sec
010	183	135	135	Sec
025	251	142	143	Sec
050	134	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	390	183	180	Sec
090	604	283	282	Sec
150	889	331	332	Sec

2.3.14 Math Block Timing Characteristics

The fundamental building block in any digital signal processing algorithm is the multiply-accumulate function. Each IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC math block supports 18×18 signed multiplication, dot product, and built-in addition, subtraction, and accumulation units to combine multiplication results efficiently. The following table lists the math blocks with all registers used in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 268 • Math Blocks with all Registers Used

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input, control register setup time	T_{MISU}	0.149		0.176		ns
Input, control register hold time	T_{MIHD}	1.68		1.976		ns
CDIN input setup time	$T_{MOCDINSU}$	0.185		0.218		ns
CDIN input hold time	$T_{MOCDINHD}$	0.08		0.094		ns
Synchronous reset/enable setup time	$T_{MSRSTENSU}$	-0.419		-0.493		ns
Synchronous reset/enable hold time	$T_{MSRSTENHD}$	0.011		0.013		ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{MARSTREM}$	0		0		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{MARSTREC}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Output register clock to out delay	T_{MOCQ}		0.232		0.273	ns
CLK minimum period	T_{MCLKMP}	2.245		2.641		ns

The following table lists the math blocks with input bypassed and output registers used in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 269 • Math Block with Input Bypassed and Output Registers Used

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output register setup time	T_{MOSU}	2.294		2.699		ns
Output register hold time	T_{MOHD}	1.68		1.976		ns
CDIN input setup time	$T_{MOCDINSU}$	0.115		0.136		ns
CDIN input hold time	$T_{MOCDINHD}$	-0.444		-0.522		ns
Synchronous reset/enable setup time	$T_{MSRSTENSU}$	-0.419		-0.493		ns
Synchronous reset/enable hold time	$T_{MSRSTENHD}$	0.011		0.013		ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{MARSTREM}$	0		0		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{MARSTREC}$	0.014		0.017		ns
Output register clock to out delay	T_{MOCQ}		0.232		0.273	ns
CLK minimum period	T_{MCLKMP}	2.179		2.563		ns

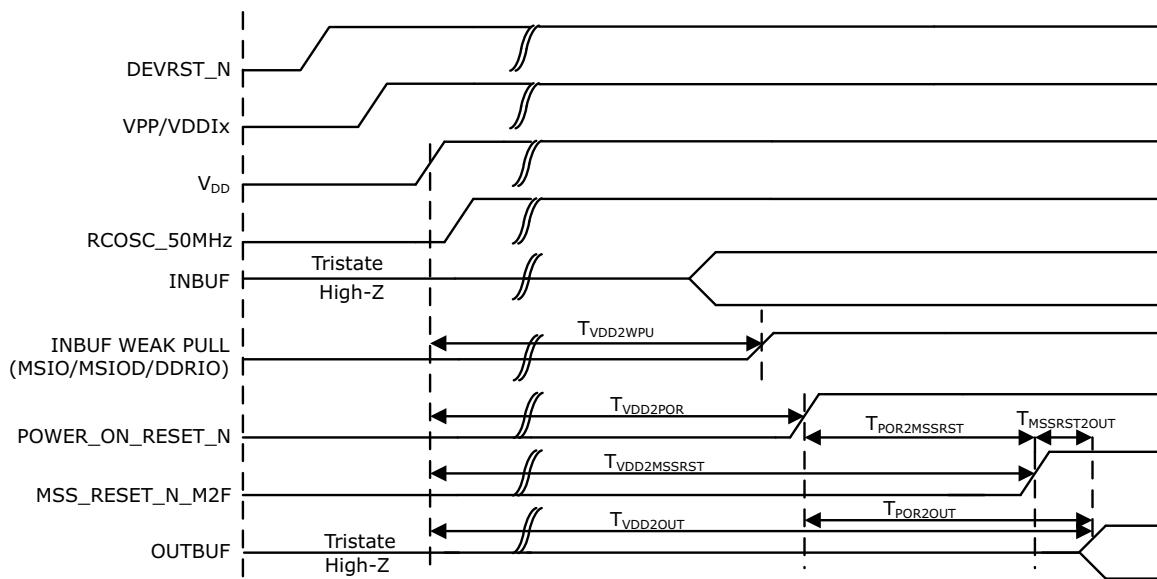
2.3.24 Power-up to Functional Times

The following table lists the SmartFusion2 power-up to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 288 • Power-up to Functional Times for SmartFusion2

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
$T_{POR2OUT}$	POWER_ON _RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	647	500	531	483	474	524	647
$T_{POR2MSSRST}$	POWER_ON _RESET_N	MSS_RESET_T_N_M2F	Fabric to MSS	644	497	528	480	468	518	641
$T_{MSSRST2OUT}$	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	Output available at I/O	MSS to output	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.4	4.9	4.8	4.8
$T_{VDD2OUT}$	V_{DD}	Output available at I/O	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	3096	2975	3012	2959	2869	2992	3225
$T_{VDD2POR}$	V_{DD}	POWER_ON_RESET_N	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	2476	2487	2496	2486	2406	2563	2602
$T_{VDD2MSSRST}$	V_{DD}	MSS_RESET_T_N_M2F	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to MSS	3093	2972	3008	2956	2864	2987	3220
$T_{VDD2WPU}$	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2500	2487	2509	2475	2507	2519	2617
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2504	2491	2510	2478	2517	2525	2620
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2479	2468	2493	2458	2486	2499	2595

Note: For more information about power-up times, see [UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide](#).

Figure 17 • Power-up to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2

The following table lists the IGLOO2 power-up to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 289 • Power-up to Functional Times for IGLOO2

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for IGLOO2 (μs)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
$T_{POR2OUT}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	114	114	114	113	114	114	114
$T_{VDD2OUT}$	V_{DD}	Output available at I/O	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	2587	2600	2607	2558	2591	2600	2699
$T_{VDD2POR}$	V_{DD}	POWER_ON_RESET_N	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	2474	2486	2493	2445	2477	2486	2585
$T_{VDD2WPU}$	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2500	2487	2509	2475	2507	2519	2617
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2504	2491	2510	2478	2517	2525	2620
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2479	2468	2493	2458	2486	2499	2595

Note: For more information about power-up times, see [UG0448: IGLOO2 FPGA High Performance Memory Subsystem User Guide](#).

Table 291 • DEVRST_N to Functional Times for SmartFusion2 (continued)

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)							
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150	
T _{DEVRST2POR}	DEVRST_N	POWER_O_N_RESET_N	V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	233	289	216	213	237	234	219	
T _{DEVRST2MSSRST}	DEVRST_N	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to MSS	702	765	712	688	636	630	866	
T _{DEVRST2WPU}	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215	
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215	
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215	

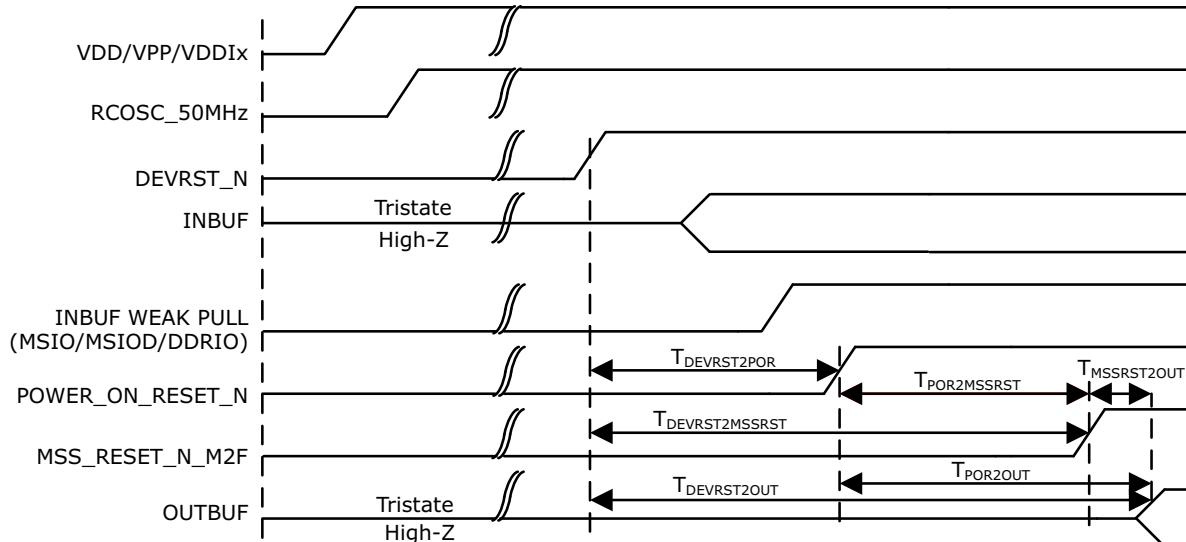
Figure 19 • DEVRST_N to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2

Table 293 • Flash*Freeze Entry and Exit Times (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Entry/Exit Timing FCLK = 100MHz		Entry/Exit Timing FCLK = 3 MHz		
		005, 010, 025, 060, 090, and	150	050	All Devices	Unit
Exit time with respect to the fabric PLL lock ¹	TFF_EXIT	1.5	1.5	1.5	ms	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		1.5	1.5	1.5		eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit
Exit time with respect to the fabric buffer output	TFF_EXIT	21	15	21	μs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		65	55	65		eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit

1. PLL Lock Delay set to 1024 cycles (default).

2.3.28 DDR Memory Interface Characteristics

The following table lists the DDR memory interface characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 294 • DDR Memory Interface Characteristics

Standard	Supported Data Rate		
	Min	Max	Unit
DDR3	667	667	Mbps
DDR2	667	667	Mbps
LPDDR	50	400	Mbps

2.3.29 SFP Transceiver Characteristics

IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SerDes complies with small form-factor pluggable (SFP) requirements as specified in SFP INF-80741. The following table provides the electrical characteristics.

The following table lists the SFP transceiver electrical characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 295 • SFP Transceiver Electrical Characteristics

Pin	Direction	Differential Peak-Peak Voltage		
		Min	Max	Unit
RD+/- ¹	Output	1600	2400	mV
TD+/- ²	Input	350	2400	mV

1. Based on default SerDes transmitter settings for PCIe Gen1. Lower amplitudes are available through programming changes to TX_AMP setting.
2. Based on Input Voltage Common-Mode (VICM) = 0 V. Requires AC Coupling.