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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	56520
Total RAM Bits	1869824
Number of I/O	387
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	676-BGA
Supplier Device Package	676-FBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl060ts-fg676

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- Added Table 244, page 94 and Table 256, page 99 (SAR 73971).
- Updated the SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics, page 121 (SAR 71171).
- Added the DEVRST_N Characteristics, page 116 (SAR 64100, 72103).
- Added Table 298, page 122 (SAR 71897).
- Updated Table 25, page 22, Table 26, page 23, and Table 27, page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Added 060 devices in Table 277, page 107, Table 278, page 108, and Table 279, page 108 (SAR 57898).
- Updated duty cycle parameter of crystal in Table 280, page 109 and Table 281, page 109 (SAR 57898).
- Added 32 KHz mode PLL acquisition time in Table 282, page 110 (SAR 68281).
- Updated Table 293, page 119 for 060 devices (SAR 57828).
- Updated Table 297, page 122 for CID value (SAR 70878).

1.4 Revision 8.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 8.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 11, page 12 (SAR 69218).
- Updated Table 12, page 13 (SAR 69218).
- Updated Table 283, page 111 (SAR 69000).

1.5 Revision 7.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 7.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 1, page 4 (SAR 68620).

1.6 Revision 6.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 6.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 5, page 7 (SAR 65949).
- Updated Table 9, page 10 (SAR 62995).
- Updated Table 123, page 47 and Table 133, page 49 (SAR 67210).
- Added Embedded NVM (eNVM) Characteristics, page 104 (SAR 52509).
- Updated Table 277, page 107 (SAR 64855).
- Updated Table 282, page 110 (SAR 65958 and SAR 56666).
- Added DDR Memory Interface Characteristics, page 120 (SAR 66223).
- Added SFP Transceiver Characteristics, page 120 (SAR 63105).
- Updated Table 302, page 123 and Table 309, page 129 (SAR 66314).

1.7 Revision 5.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 5.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 1, page 4.
- Updated Table 4, page 6 for T_J symbol information.
- Updated Table 5, page 7 (SAR 63109).
- Updated Table 9, page 10.
- Updated Table 282, page 110 (SAR 62012).
- Added Table 290, page 116 (SAR 64100).
- Added Table 306, page 128, Table 307, page 128 (SAR 50424).

1.8 Revision 4.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 4.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 1, page 4. Changed the Status of 090 devices to "Production" (SAR 62750).
- Updated Figure 10, page 70. Removed inverter bubble from DDR_IN latch (SAR 61418).
- Updated SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics, page 121 (SAR 62836).

2.2 References

The following documents are recommended references:

- *PB0121: IGLOO2 Product Brief*
- *DS0124: IGLOO2 Pin Descriptions*
- *PB0115: SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Product Brief*
- *DS0115: SmartFusion2 Pin Descriptions*

All product documentation for IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 is available at:

<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/fpga/igloo2-fpga>

<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/soc-fpga/smartfusion2#overview>

2.3 Electrical Specifications

2.3.1 Operating Conditions

The following table lists the stress limits. Stress applied above the specified limit may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the recommended operating conditions specified in the following table are not implied.

Table 3 • Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.	V_{DD}	-0.3	1.32	V
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming). Must always power this pin.	V_{PP}	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for FDDR PLL	FDDR_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for PLL0–5	CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
High supply voltage for PLL SerDes[01]	SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power for SerDes[01] PLL lane0 to lane3. This is a 2.5 V SerDes internal PLL supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL	-0.3	2.75	V
TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SerDesI0. This is a 1.2 V SerDes PMA supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIO	-0.3	1.32	V
PCIe/PCS power supply	SERDES_[01]_VDD	-0.3	1.32	V
DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIO I/O bank	V_{DDIx}	-0.3	3.63	V
DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O banks	V_{DDIx}	-0.3	2.75	V
I/O Input voltage for MSIO I/O bank	V_I	-0.3	3.63	V
I/O Input voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O bank	V_I	-0.3	2.75	V
Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to V_{PP} .	V_{PPNVM}	-0.3	3.63	V
Storage temperature ¹	T_{STG}	-65	150	°C
Junction temperature	T_J	-55	135	°C

where

- θ_{JA} = Junction-to-air thermal resistance
- θ_{JB} = Junction-to-board thermal resistance
- θ_{JC} = Junction-to-case thermal resistance
- T_J = Junction temperature
- T_A = Ambient temperature
- T_B = Board temperature (measured 1.0 mm away from the package edge)
- T_C = Case temperature
- P = Total power dissipated by the device

Table 9 • Package Thermal Resistance of SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices

Device	Still Air	1.0 m/s	2.5 m/s	θ_{JB}	θ_{JC}	Unit
		θ_{JA}				
005						
FG484	19.36	15.81	14.63	9.74	5.27	°C/W
VF256	41.30	38.16	35.30	28.41	3.94	°C/W
VF400	20.19	16.94	15.41	8.86	4.95	°C/W
TQ144	42.80	36.80	34.50	37.20	10.80	°C/W
010						
FG484	18.22	14.83	13.62	8.83	4.92	°C/W
VF256	37.36	34.26	31.45	24.84	7.89	°C/W
VF400	19.40	15.75	14.22	8.11	4.22	°C/W
TQ144	38.60	32.60	30.30	31.80	8.60	°C/W
025						
FG484	17.03	13.66	12.45	7.66	4.18	°C/W
VF256	33.85	30.59	27.85	21.63	6.13	°C/W
VF400	18.36	14.89	13.36	7.12	3.41	°C/W
FCS325	29.17	24.87	23.12	14.44	2.31	°C/W
050						
FG484	15.29	12.19	10.99	6.27	3.24	°C/W
FG896	14.70	12.50	10.90	7.20	4.90	°C/W
VF400	17.53	14.17	12.63	6.32	2.81	°C/W
FCS325	27.38	23.18	21.41	12.47	1.59	°C/W
060						
FG484	15.40	12.06	10.85	6.14	3.15	°C/W
FG676	15.49	12.21	11.06	7.07	3.87	°C/W
VF400	17.45	14.01	12.47	6.22	2.69	°C/W
FCS325	27.03	22.91	21.25	12.33	1.54	°C/W
090						
FG484	14.64	11.37	10.16	5.43	2.77	°C/W
FG676	14.52	11.19	10.37	6.17	3.24	°C/W
FCS325	26.63	22.26	20.13	14.24	2.50	°C/W

2.3.5.2 Output Buffer and AC Loading

The following figure shows the output buffer and AC loading.

Figure 4 • Output Buffer AC Loading

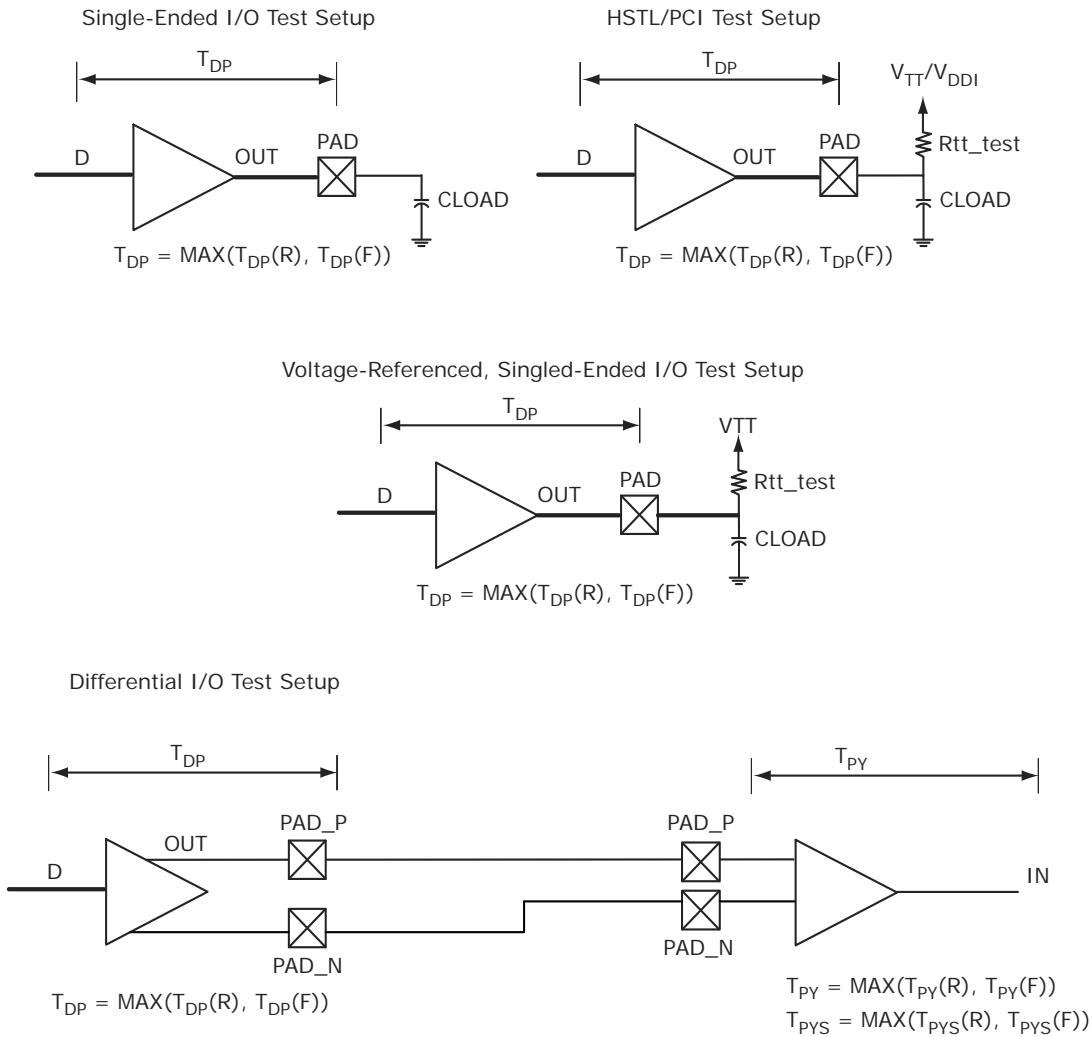


Table 19 • Maximum Data Rate Summary Table for Voltage-Referenced I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	DDRIO	Unit
LPDDR			400	Mbps
HSTL 1.5 V			400	Mbps
SSTL 2.5 V	510	700	400	Mbps
SSTL 1.8 V			667	Mbps
SSTL 1.5 V			667	Mbps

Table 20 • Maximum Data Rate Summary Table for Differential I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	Unit
LVPECL (input only)	900		Mbps
LVDS 3.3 V	535		Mbps
LVDS 2.5 V	535	700	Mbps
RSDS	520	700	Mbps
BLVDS	500		Mbps
MLVDS	500		Mbps
Mini-LVDS	520	700	Mbps

Table 21 • Maximum Frequency Summary Table for Single-Ended I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	DDRIO	Unit
PCI 3.3 V	315			MHz
LVTTL 3.3 V	300			MHz
LVCMOS 3.3 V	300			MHz
LVCMOS 2.5 V	205	210	200	MHz
LVCMOS 1.8 V	147.5	200	200	MHz
LVCMOS 1.5 V	80	110	118	MHz
LVCMOS 1.2 V	60	80	100	MHz
LPDDR– LVCMOS 1.8 V mode			200	MHz

Table 53 • LVC MOS 1.8 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R _{ODT_CAL}	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	Ω

Table 54 • LVC MOS 1.8 V AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V _{TRIP}	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2k	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , C _{ENT} T _{LZ})		5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP})	C _{LOAD}	5	pF

Table 55 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications

Output Drive Selection			V _{OH} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	I _{OH} (at V _{OH}) mA	I _{OL} (at V _{OL}) mA
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank	Min	Max		
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	6	6
8 mA	8 mA	8 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	8	8
10 mA	10 mA	10 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	10	10
12 mA		12 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	12	12
		16 mA ¹	V _{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	16	16

1. 16 mA drive strengths, all slews, meets LPDDR JEDEC electrical compliance.

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 1.71 V

Table 56 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Receiver Characteristics (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}				T _{PYS}	
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit	
LVC MOS 1.8 V (for DDRIO I/O bank with Fixed Codes)	None	1.968	2.315	2.099	2.47	ns
	None	2.898	3.411	2.883	3.393	ns
	50	3.05	3.59	3.044	3.583	ns
LVC MOS 1.8 V (for MSIO I/O bank)	75	2.999	3.53	2.987	3.516	ns
	150	2.947	3.469	2.933	3.452	ns
	None	2.611	3.071	2.598	3.057	ns
	50	2.775	3.264	2.775	3.265	ns
LVC MOS 1.8 V (for MSIOD I/O bank)	75	2.72	3.2	2.712	3.19	ns
	150	2.666	3.137	2.655	3.123	ns

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 3.0\text{ V}$

Table 91 • PCI/PCIX AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		T_{PYS}			Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std		
None	2.229	2.623	2.238	2.633	ns	

Table 92 • PCI/PCIX AC switching Characteristics for Transmitter for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

T_{DP}	T_{ZL}	T_{ZH}	T_{HZ}	T_{LZ}		
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit
2.146	2.525	2.043	2.404	2.084	2.452	6.095 7.171 5.558 6.539 ns

2.3.6 Memory Interface and Voltage Referenced I/O Standards

This section describes High-Speed Transceiver Logic (HSTL) memory interface and voltage reference I/O standards.

2.3.6.1 High-Speed Transceiver Logic (HSTL)

The HSTL standard is a general purpose high-speed bus standard sponsored by IBM (EIA/JESD8-6). IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices support two classes of the 1.5 V HSTL. These differential versions of the standard require a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Table 93 • HSTL Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
Termination voltage	V_{TT}	0.698	0.750	0.803	V
Input reference voltage	V_{REF}	0.698	0.750	0.803	V

Table 94 • HSTL DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	V_{IH} (DC)	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	1.575	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	V
Input current high ¹	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 168 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
	-1	-Std	Unit	
None	2.554	3.004	ns	
100	2.549	2.999	ns	

Table 169 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

T _{DP}	T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2.136	2.513	2.416	2.842	2.402	2.825	2.423	2.85	2.409	2.833 ns

Table 170 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
No pre-emphasis	1.61	1.893	1.749	2.058	1.735	2.041	1.897	2.231	1.866	2.195	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.527	1.796	1.757	2.067	1.744	2.052	1.905	2.241	1.876	2.207	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.496	1.76	1.765	2.077	1.751	2.06	1.914	2.252	1.884	2.216	ns

LVDS33 AC Switching Characteristics**Table 171 • LVDS33 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
	-1	-Std	Unit	
None	2.572	3.025	ns	
100	2.569	3.023	ns	

Table 172 • LVDS33 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

T _{DP}	T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
1.942	2.284	1.98	2.33	1.97	2.318	1.953	2.298	1.96	2.307 ns

Table 185 • M-LVDS DC Voltage Specification Output Voltage Specification (for MSIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

Table 186 • M-LVDS Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing (for MSIO I/O bank only)	V_{OD}	300	650	mV
Output common mode voltage (for MSIO I/O bank only)	V_{OCM}	0.3	2.1	V
Input common mode voltage	V_{ICM}	0.3	1.2	V
Input differential voltage	V_{ID}	50	2400	mV

Table 187 • M-LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed for MSIO I/O Bank

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	D_{MAX}	500	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

Table 188 • M-LVDS AC Impedance Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Termination resistance	R_T	50	Ω

Table 189 • M-LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF

AC Switching CharacteristicsWorst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ **Table 190 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIO I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.738	3.221	ns
100	2.735	3.218	ns

Table 191 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
	-1	-Std		
None	2.495	2.934	ns	
100	2.495	2.935	ns	

Table 192 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)

T _{DP}	T _{ZL}	T _{ZH}	T _{HZ}	T _{LZ}						
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit
2.258	2.656	2.348	2.762	2.334	2.746	2.123	2.497	2.125	2.5	ns

2.3.7.4 Mini-LVDS

Mini-LVDS is an unidirectional interface from the timing controller to the column drivers and is designed to the Texas Instruments Standard SLDA007A.

Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

Table 193 • Mini-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

Table 194 • Mini-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC Input voltage	V _I	0	2.925	V

Table 195 • Mini-LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V _{OH}	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V _{OL}	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

Table 196 • Mini-LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V _{OD}	300	600	mV
Output common mode voltage	V _{OCM}	1	1.4	V
Input common mode voltage	V _{ICM}	0.3	1.2	V
Input differential voltage	V _{ID}	100	600	mV

Table 197 • Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	520	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

2.3.10.2 Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the combinatorial cell propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 223 • Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays

Combinatorial Cell	Equation	Symbol	-1	-Std	Unit
INV	$Y = !A$	T_{PD}	0.1	0.118	ns
AND2	$Y = A \cdot B$	T_{PD}	0.164	0.193	ns
NAND2	$Y = !(A \cdot B)$	T_{PD}	0.147	0.173	ns
OR2	$Y = A + B$	T_{PD}	0.164	0.193	ns
NOR2	$Y = !(A + B)$	T_{PD}	0.147	0.173	ns
XOR2	$Y = A \oplus B$	T_{PD}	0.164	0.193	ns
XOR3	$Y = A \oplus B \oplus C$	T_{PD}	0.225	0.265	ns
AND3	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C$	T_{PD}	0.209	0.246	ns
AND4	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D$	T_{PD}	0.287	0.338	ns

2.3.10.3 Sequential Module

IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs offer a separate flip-flop which can be used independently from the LUT. The flip-flop can be configured as a register or a latch and has a data input and optional enable, synchronous load (clear or preset), and asynchronous load (clear or preset).

Figure 15 • Sequential Module

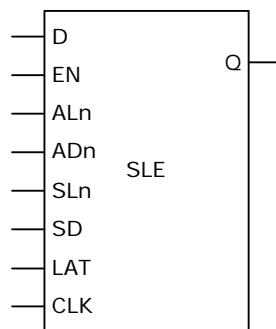


Table 232 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 2K × 9 (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Address setup time	T_ADDRSU	0.475		0.559		ns
Address hold time	T_ADDRHD	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T_DSU	0.336		0.395		ns
Data hold time	T_DHD	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	T_BLKSU	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T_BLKHD	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_BLK2Q		1.529		1.799	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T_BLKMPW	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T_RDESU	0.485		0.57		ns
Read enable hold time	T_RDEHD	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T_RDPLESU	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T_RDPLEHD	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T_R2Q		1.514		1.781	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T_RSTREM	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T_RSTREC	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T_RSTMPW	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	T_PLRSTREM	-0.279		-0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	T_PLRSTREC	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T_PLRSTMPW	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T_SRSTSU	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T_SRSTHD	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T_WESU	0.415		0.488		ns
Write enable hold time	T_WEHD	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	F_MAX		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 4K × 4 in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 233 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 4K × 4

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	T _{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CLKMPWH}	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CLKMPWL}	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T _{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	T _{PLCLKMPWH}	1.125		1.323		ns

Table 248 • 2 Step IAP Programming (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL	Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	2	37	5	Sec	
010	274816	4	76	11	Sec	
025	274816	4	78	10	Sec	
050	278528	3	85	9	Sec	
060	268480	5	76	22	Sec	
090	544496	10	152	43	Sec	
150	544496	10	153	44	Sec	

Table 249 • 2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)

M2S/M2GL	Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	6	56	11	Sec	
010	842688	11	100	21	Sec	
025	1497408	19	113	32	Sec	
050	2695168	32	136	48	Sec	
060	2686464	43	137	70	Sec	
090	4190208	68	236	115	Sec	
150	6682768	109	286	162	Sec	

Table 250 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL	Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	6	19	8	Sec	
010	568784	10	26	14	Sec	
025	1223504	21	39	29	Sec	
050	2424832	39	60	50	Sec	
060	2418896	44	65	54	Sec	
090	3645968	66	90	79	Sec	
150	6139184	108	140	128	Sec	

Table 251 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL	Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	3	42	4	Sec	
010	274816	4	82	7	Sec	
025	274816	4	82	8	Sec	
050	278528	4	80	8	Sec	
060	268480	6	80	8	Sec	
090	544496	10	157	15	Sec	

2.3.17 Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics

For more information about NRBG, see *AC407: Using NRBG Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note*. The following table lists the NRBG in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 275 • Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG)

Service	Timing	Unit	Conditions	
			Prediction Resistance	Additional Input
Instantiate	85	ms	OFF	X
Generate (after Instantiate) ¹	4.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	6.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	7.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (after Instantiate)	47	ms	ON	X
Generate (subsequent) ¹	0.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	2.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	3.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (subsequent)	43	ms	ON	X
Reseed	40	ms		
Unstantiate	0.16	ms		
Reset	0.10	ms		
Self test	20	ms	First time after power-up	
	6	ms	Subsequent	

1. If PUF_OFF, generate will incur additional PUF delay time for consecutive service calls.

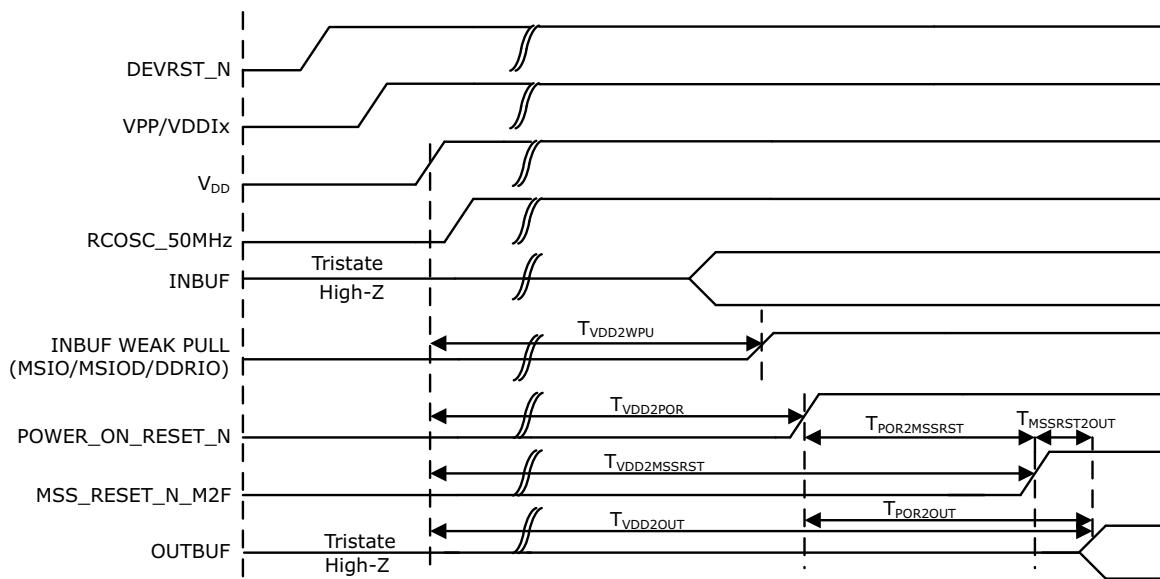
2.3.18 Cryptographic Block Characteristics

For more information about cryptographic block and associated services, see *AC410: Using AES System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note* and *AC432: Using SHA-256 System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note*.

The following table lists the cryptographic block characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 276 • Cryptographic Block Characteristics

Service	Conditions	Timing	Unit
Any service	First certificate check penalty at boot	11.5	ms
AES128/256 (encoding / decoding) ¹	100 blocks up to 64k blocks	700	kbps

Figure 17 • Power-up to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2

The following table lists the IGLOO2 power-up to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

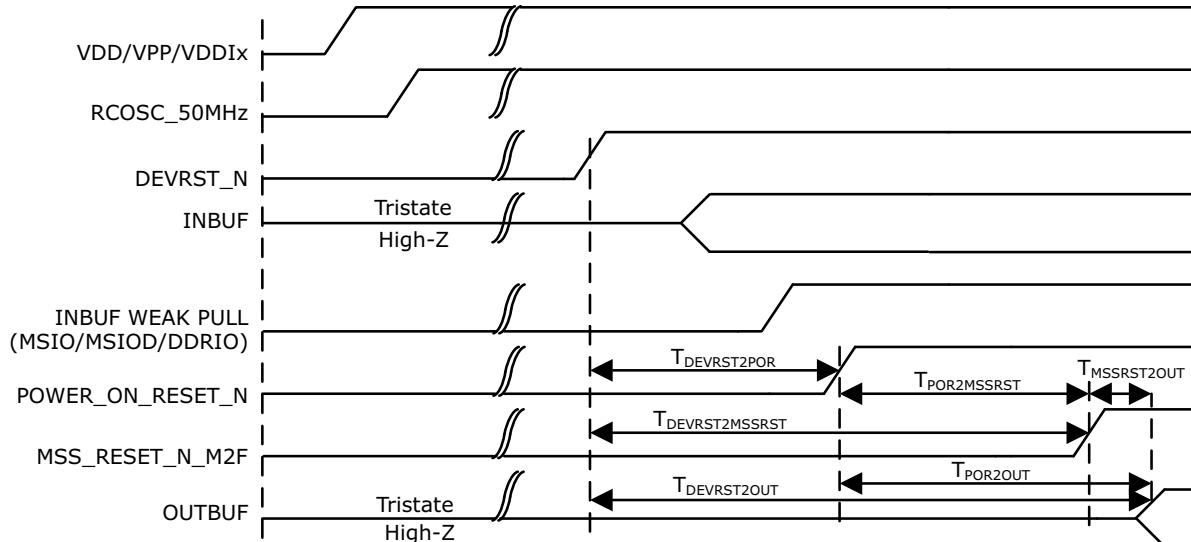
Table 289 • Power-up to Functional Times for IGLOO2

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for IGLOO2 (μs)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
$T_{POR2OUT}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	114	114	114	113	114	114	114
$T_{VDD2OUT}$	V_{DD}	Output available at I/O	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	2587	2600	2607	2558	2591	2600	2699
$T_{VDD2POR}$	V_{DD}	POWER_ON_RESET_N	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	2474	2486	2493	2445	2477	2486	2585
$T_{VDD2WPU}$	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2500	2487	2509	2475	2507	2519	2617
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2504	2491	2510	2478	2517	2525	2620
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2479	2468	2493	2458	2486	2499	2595

Note: For more information about power-up times, see *UG0448: IGLOO2 FPGA High Performance Memory Subsystem User Guide*.

Table 291 • DEVRST_N to Functional Times for SmartFusion2 (continued)

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
T _{DEVRST2POR}	DEVRST_N	POWER_O N_RESET_ N	V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	233	289	216	213	237	234	219
T _{DEVRST2MSSRST}	DEVRST_N	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to MSS	702	765	712	688	636	630	866
T _{DEVRST2WPU}	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215

Figure 19 • DEVRST_N to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2

The following table lists the IGLOO2 DEVRST_N to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 292 • DEVRST_N to Functional Times for IGLOO2

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for IGLOO2 (μs)							
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150	
T _{POR2OUT}	POWER_ON_RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	114	116	113	113	115	115	114	
T _{DEVRST2OUT}	DEVRST_N	Output available at I/O	V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	314	353	314	307	343	341	341	
T _{DEVRST2POR}	DEVRST_N	POWER_ON_RESET_N	V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	200	238	201	195	230	229	227	
T _{DEVRST2WPU}	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215	
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215	
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215	

Table 293 • Flash*Freeze Entry and Exit Times (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Entry/Exit Timing FCLK = 100MHz		Entry/Exit Timing FCLK = 3 MHz		
		005, 010, 025, 060, 090, and	150	050	All Devices	Unit
Exit time with respect to the fabric PLL lock ¹	TFF_EXIT	1.5	1.5	1.5	ms	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		1.5	1.5	1.5		eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit
Exit time with respect to the fabric buffer output	TFF_EXIT	21	15	21	μs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		65	55	65		eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit

1. PLL Lock Delay set to 1024 cycles (default).

2.3.28 DDR Memory Interface Characteristics

The following table lists the DDR memory interface characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 294 • DDR Memory Interface Characteristics

Standard	Supported Data Rate		
	Min	Max	Unit
DDR3	667	667	Mbps
DDR2	667	667	Mbps
LPDDR	50	400	Mbps

2.3.29 SFP Transceiver Characteristics

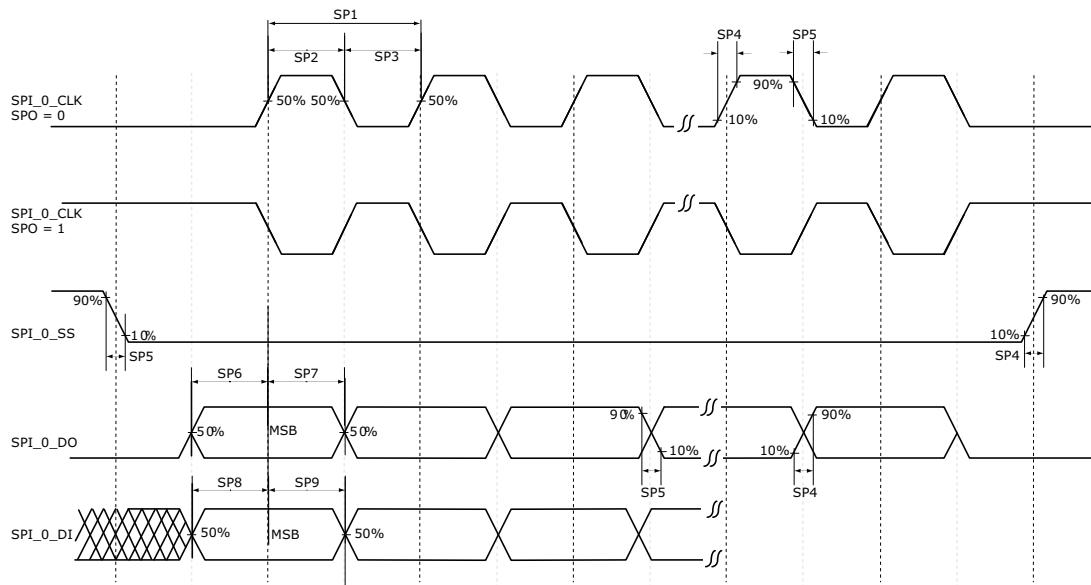
IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SerDes complies with small form-factor pluggable (SFP) requirements as specified in SFP INF-80741. The following table provides the electrical characteristics.

The following table lists the SFP transceiver electrical characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 295 • SFP Transceiver Electrical Characteristics

Pin	Direction	Differential Peak-Peak Voltage		
		Min	Max	Unit
RD+/- ¹	Output	1600	2400	mV
TD+/- ²	Input	350	2400	mV

- Based on default SerDes transmitter settings for PCIe Gen1. Lower amplitudes are available through programming changes to TX_AMP setting.
- Based on Input Voltage Common-Mode (VICM) = 0 V. Requires AC Coupling.

Figure 22 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)

2.3.32 CAN Controller Characteristics

The following table lists the CAN controller characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 306 • CAN Controller Characteristics

Parameter	Description	-1	-Std	Unit
FCANREFCLK ¹	Internally sourced CAN reference clock frequency	160	136	MHz
BAUDCANMAX	Maximum CAN performance baud rate	1	1	Mbps
BAUDCANMIN	Minimum CAN performance baud rate	0.05	0.05	Mbps

1. PCLK to CAN controller must be a multiple of 8 MHz.

2.3.33 USB Characteristics

The following table lists the USB characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 307 • USB Characteristics

Parameter	Description	-1	-Std	Unit
FUSBREFCLK	Internally sourced USB reference clock frequency	166	142	MHz
TUSBCLK	USB clock period	16.66	16.66	ns
TUSBPD	Clock to USB data propagation delay	9.0	9.0	ns
TUSBSU	Setup time for USB data	6.0	6.0	ns
TUSBHD	Hold time for USB data	0	0	ns