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Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	86316
Total RAM Bits	2648064
Number of I/O	425
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	676-BGA
Supplier Device Package	676-FBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl090-fg676



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1. For flash programming and retention maximum limits, see [Table 5](#), page 7. For recommended operating conditions, see [Table 4](#), page 6.

Table 4 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Operating junction temperature	T_J	0	25	85	°C	Commercial
		-40	25	100	°C	Industrial
Programming junction temperatures ¹	T_J	0	25	85	°C	Commercial
		-40	25	100	°C	Industrial
DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.	V_{DD}	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming) for the 005, 010, 025, 050, 060 devices	V_{PP}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming) for the 090 and 150 devices	V_{PP}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for FDDR PLL	FDDR_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_V DDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_ VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for PLL0 to PLL5	CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
High supply voltage for PLL SerDes[01]	SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power for SerDes[01] PLL Lane 0 to Lane 3. This is a 2.5 V SerDes internal PLL supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VD DAPLL	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SerDesIF0. This is a 1.2 V SerDes PMA supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VD DAIO	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
PCIe/PCS power supply	SERDES_[01]_VDD	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
1.2 V DC supply voltage	V_{DDIx}	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
1.5 V DC supply voltage	V_{DDIx}	1.425	1.5	1.575	V	
1.8 V DC supply voltage	V_{DDIx}	1.71	1.8	1.89	V	
2.5 V DC supply voltage	V_{DDIx}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	

2.3.2 Power Consumption

The following sections describe the power consumptions of the devices.

2.3.2.1 Quiescent Supply Current

Table 10 • Quiescent Supply Current Characteristics

Power Supplies/Blocks	Modes and Configurations	
	Non-Flash*Freeze	Flash*Freeze
FPGA Core	On	Off
V _{DD} /SERDES_[01]_VDD ¹	On	On
V _{PP} /V _{PPNVM}	On	On
HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA/FDDR_PLL_VDDA/ CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA/PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_VDD A	0 V	0 V
SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA ²	0 V	0 V
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL/VDD_2V5 ²	On	On
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIIO ²	On	On
V _{DDI_x} ^{3, 4}	On	On
V _{REFx}	On	On
MSSDDR CLK	32 kHz	32 kHz
RAM	On	Sleep state
System controller	50 MHz	50 MHz
50 MHz oscillator (enable/disable)	Enable	Disabled
1 MHz oscillator (enable/disable)	Disabled	Disabled
Crystal oscillator (enable/disable)	Disabled	Disabled

1. SERDES_[01]_VDD Power Supply is shorted to V_{DD}.
2. SerDes and DDR blocks to be unused.
3. V_{DDI_x} has been set to ON for test conditions as described. Banks on the east side should always be powered with the appropriate V_{DDI} bank supplies. For details on bank power supplies, see "Recommendation for Unused Bank Supplies" table in the *AC393: SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Board Design Guidelines Application Note*.
4. No Differential (that is to say, LVDS) I/Os or ODT attributes to be used.

Table 11 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current (V_{DD} = 1.2 V) – Typical Process

Symbol	Modes	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit	Conditions
IDC1	Non-Flash*Freeze	6.2	6.9	8.9	13.1	15.3	15.4	27.5	mA	Typical (T _J = 25 °C)
		24.0	28.4	40.6	67.8	80.6	81.4	144.7	mA	Commercial (T _J = 85 °C)
		35.2	41.9	60.5	102.1	121.4	122.6	219.1	mA	Industrial (T _J = 100 °C)

Table 15 • Inrush Currents at Power up, $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ – Typical Process

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit
V_{DD}	1.26	25	32	38	48	45	77	109	mA
V_{PP}	3.46	33	49	36	180	13	36	51	mA
V_{DDI}	2.62	134	141	161	187	93	272	388	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

2.3.3 Average Fabric Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

The following table lists the average temperature and voltage derating factors for fabric timing delays normalized to $T_J = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, in worst-case $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 16 • Average Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Fabric Timing Delays

Array Voltage V_{DD} (V)	$-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
1.14	0.83	0.89	0.92	0.98	1.00	1.02
1.2	0.75	0.80	0.83	0.89	0.91	0.93
1.26	0.69	0.73	0.76	0.81	0.83	0.85

Table 46 • LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)
(continued)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
4 mA	Slow	3.095	3.641	2.705	3.182	3.088	3.633	4.738	5.575	4.348	5.116	ns
	Medium	2.825	3.324	2.488	2.927	2.823	3.321	4.492	5.285	4.063	4.781	ns
	Medium fast	2.701	3.178	2.384	2.804	2.698	3.173	4.364	5.135	3.945	4.642	ns
	Fast	2.69	3.165	2.377	2.796	2.687	3.161	4.359	5.129	3.94	4.636	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.919	3.434	2.491	2.93	2.902	3.414	5.085	5.983	4.674	5.5	ns
	Medium	2.65	3.118	2.279	2.681	2.642	3.108	4.845	5.701	4.375	5.148	ns
	Medium fast	2.529	2.975	2.176	2.56	2.521	2.965	4.724	5.558	4.259	5.011	ns
	Fast	2.516	2.96	2.168	2.551	2.508	2.95	4.717	5.55	4.251	5.002	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.863	3.368	2.427	2.855	2.844	3.346	5.196	6.114	4.769	5.612	ns
	Medium	2.599	3.058	2.217	2.608	2.59	3.047	4.952	5.827	4.471	5.261	ns
	Medium fast	2.483	2.921	2.114	2.487	2.473	2.91	4.832	5.685	4.364	5.134	ns
	Fast	2.467	2.902	2.106	2.478	2.457	2.89	4.826	5.678	4.348	5.116	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.747	3.232	2.296	2.701	2.724	3.204	5.39	6.342	4.938	5.81	ns
	Medium	2.493	2.934	2.102	2.473	2.483	2.921	5.166	6.078	4.65	5.471	ns
	Medium fast	2.382	2.803	2.006	2.36	2.371	2.789	5.067	5.962	4.546	5.349	ns
	Fast	2.369	2.787	1.999	2.352	2.357	2.773	5.063	5.958	4.538	5.339	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.677	3.149	2.213	2.604	2.649	3.116	5.575	6.56	5.08	5.977	ns
	Medium	2.432	2.862	2.028	2.386	2.421	2.848	5.372	6.32	4.801	5.649	ns
	Medium fast	2.324	2.734	1.937	2.278	2.311	2.718	5.297	6.233	4.7	5.531	ns
	Fast	2.313	2.721	1.929	2.269	2.3	2.706	5.296	6.231	4.699	5.529	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 47 • LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.48	4.095	3.855	4.534	3.785	4.453	2.12	2.494	3.45	4.059	ns
4 mA	Slow	2.583	3.039	3.042	3.579	3.138	3.691	4.143	4.874	4.687	5.513	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.392	2.815	2.669	3.139	2.82	3.317	4.909	5.775	5.083	5.98	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.309	2.717	2.565	3.017	2.74	3.223	5.812	6.837	5.523	6.497	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.333	2.745	2.437	2.867	2.626	3.089	6.131	7.213	5.712	6.72	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.412	2.838	2.335	2.747	2.533	2.979	6.54	7.694	6.007	7.067	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 57 • LVCMOS 1.8 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	4.234	4.981	3.646	4.29	4.245	4.995	4.908	5.774	4.434	5.216	ns
	Medium	3.824	4.498	3.282	3.861	3.834	4.511	4.625	5.441	4.116	4.843	ns
	Medium fast	3.627	4.267	3.111	3.66	3.637	4.279	4.481	5.272	3.984	4.687	ns
	Fast	3.605	4.241	3.097	3.644	3.615	4.253	4.472	5.262	3.973	4.674	ns
4 mA	Slow	3.923	4.615	3.314	3.9	3.918	4.61	5.403	6.356	4.894	5.757	ns
	Medium	3.518	4.138	2.961	3.484	3.515	4.135	5.121	6.025	4.561	5.366	ns
	Medium fast	3.321	3.907	2.783	3.275	3.317	3.903	4.966	5.843	4.426	5.206	ns
	Fast	3.301	3.883	2.77	3.259	3.296	3.878	4.957	5.831	4.417	5.196	ns
6 mA	Slow	3.71	4.364	3.104	3.652	3.702	4.355	5.62	6.612	5.08	5.977	ns
	Medium	3.333	3.921	2.779	3.27	3.325	3.913	5.346	6.289	4.777	5.62	ns
	Medium fast	3.155	3.712	2.62	3.083	3.146	3.702	5.21	6.13	4.657	5.479	ns
	Fast	3.134	3.688	2.608	3.068	3.125	3.677	5.202	6.12	4.648	5.468	ns
8 mA	Slow	3.619	4.258	3.007	3.538	3.607	4.244	5.815	6.841	5.249	6.175	ns
	Medium	3.246	3.819	2.686	3.16	3.236	3.807	5.542	6.52	4.936	5.807	ns
	Medium fast	3.066	3.607	2.525	2.971	3.054	3.593	5.405	6.359	4.811	5.66	ns
	Fast	3.046	3.584	2.513	2.957	3.034	3.57	5.401	6.353	4.803	5.651	ns
10 mA	Slow	3.498	4.115	2.878	3.386	3.481	4.096	6.046	7.113	5.444	6.404	ns
	Medium	3.138	3.692	2.569	3.023	3.126	3.678	5.782	6.803	5.129	6.034	ns
	Medium fast	2.966	3.489	2.414	2.841	2.951	3.472	5.666	6.665	5.013	5.897	ns
	Fast	2.945	3.464	2.401	2.826	2.93	3.448	5.659	6.658	5.003	5.886	ns
12 mA	Slow	3.417	4.02	2.807	3.303	3.401	4.002	6.083	7.156	5.464	6.428	ns
	Medium	3.076	3.618	2.519	2.964	3.063	3.604	5.828	6.856	5.176	6.089	ns
	Medium fast	2.913	3.427	2.376	2.795	2.898	3.41	5.725	6.736	5.072	5.966	ns
	Fast	2.894	3.405	2.362	2.78	2.879	3.388	5.715	6.724	5.064	5.957	ns
16 mA	Slow	3.366	3.96	2.751	3.237	3.348	3.939	6.226	7.324	5.576	6.56	ns
	Medium	3.03	3.565	2.47	2.906	3.017	3.55	5.981	7.036	5.282	6.214	ns
	Medium fast	2.87	3.377	2.328	2.739	2.854	3.358	5.895	6.935	5.18	6.094	ns
	Fast	2.853	3.357	2.314	2.723	2.837	3.338	5.889	6.929	5.177	6.09	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.6.3 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 2.5 V (SSTL2)

SSTL2 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs and also comply with reduced and full drive of double data rate (DDR) standards. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os supports both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL2. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 103 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
Termination voltage	V_{TT}	1.164	1.250	1.339	V
Input reference voltage	V_{REF}	1.164	1.250	1.339	V

Table 104 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	$V_{IH} (DC)$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	2.625	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL} (DC)$	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	V
Input current high ¹	$I_{IH} (DC)$			
Input current low ¹	$I_{IL} (DC)$			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 105 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
SSTL2 Class I (DDR Reduced Drive)				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	$V_{TT} + 0.608$		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		$V_{TT} - 0.608$	V
Output minimum source DC current	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	8.1		mA
Output minimum sink current	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	-8.1		mA
SSTL2 Class II (DDR Full Drive) – Applicable to MSIO and DDRIO I/O Bank Only				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	$V_{TT} + 0.81$		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		$V_{TT} - 0.81$	V
Output minimum source DC current	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	16.2		mA
Output minimum sink current	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	-16.2		mA

Table 106 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	$V_{ID} (DC)$	0.3	V

Table 112 • SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

		T_{PY}		Unit
	On-Die Termination (ODT)	-1	-Std	
Pseudo differential	None	2.798	3.293	ns
True differential	None	2.733	3.215	ns

Table 113 • DDR1/SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

		T_{PY}		Unit
	On-Die Termination (ODT)	-1	-Std	
Pseudo differential	None	2.476	2.913	ns
True differential	None	2.475	2.911	ns

Table 114 • SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
Single-ended	2.26	2.66	1.99	2.341	1.985	2.335	2.135	2.512	2.13	2.505	ns
Differential	2.26	2.658	2.202	2.591	2.201	2.589	2.393	2.815	2.392	2.814	ns

Table 115 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
Single-ended	2.055	2.417	2.037	2.396	2.03	2.388	2.068	2.433	2.061	2.425	ns
Differential	2.192	2.58	2.434	2.864	2.425	2.852	2.164	2.545	2.156	2.536	ns

Table 116 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
Single-ended	1.512	1.779	1.462	1.72	1.462	1.72	1.676	1.972	1.676	1.971	ns
Differential	1.676	1.971	1.774	2.087	1.766	2.077	1.854	2.181	1.845	2.171	ns

Table 117 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class II Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
Single-ended	2.122	2.497	1.906	2.243	1.902	2.237	2.061	2.424	2.056	2.418	ns
Differential	2.127	2.501	2.042	2.402	2.043	2.403	2.363	2.78	2.365	2.781	ns

Table 122 • SSTL18 DC Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID} (DC)	0.3	V

Table 123 • SSTL18 AC Differential Voltage Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF} (AC)	0.5		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x (AC)	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} - 0.175$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} + 0.175$	V

Table 124 • SSTL18 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	667	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specification

Table 125 • SSTL18 AC Impedance Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R_{REF}	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT)	R_{TT}	50, 75, 150	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

Table 126 • SSTL18 AC Test Parameter Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class I (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class II (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.71\text{ V}$

Table 127 • DDR2/SSTL18 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code

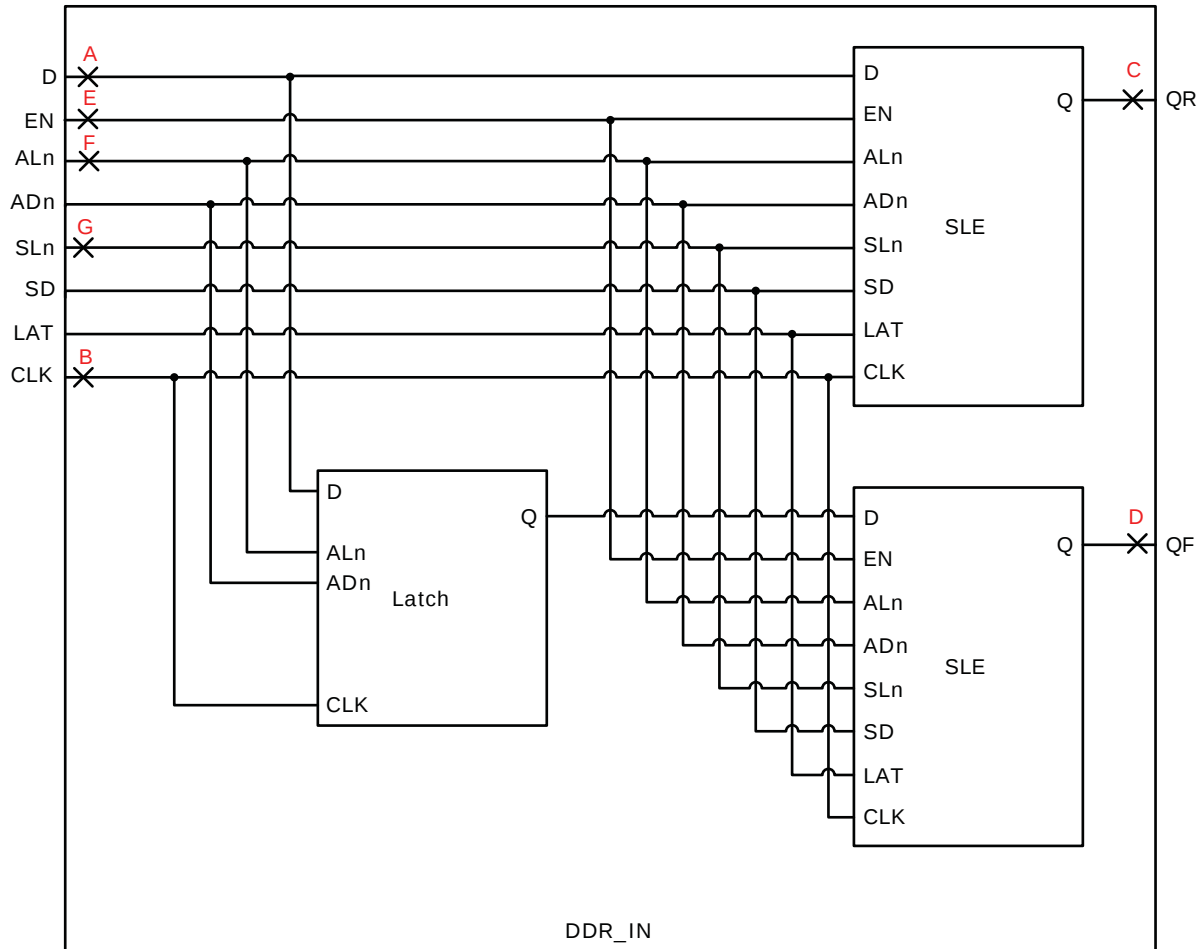
		T_{PY}		Unit
		-1	-Std	
Pseudo differential	None	1.567	1.844	ns
True differential	None	1.588	1.869	ns

2.3.9 DDR Module Specification

This section describes input and output DDR module and timing specifications.

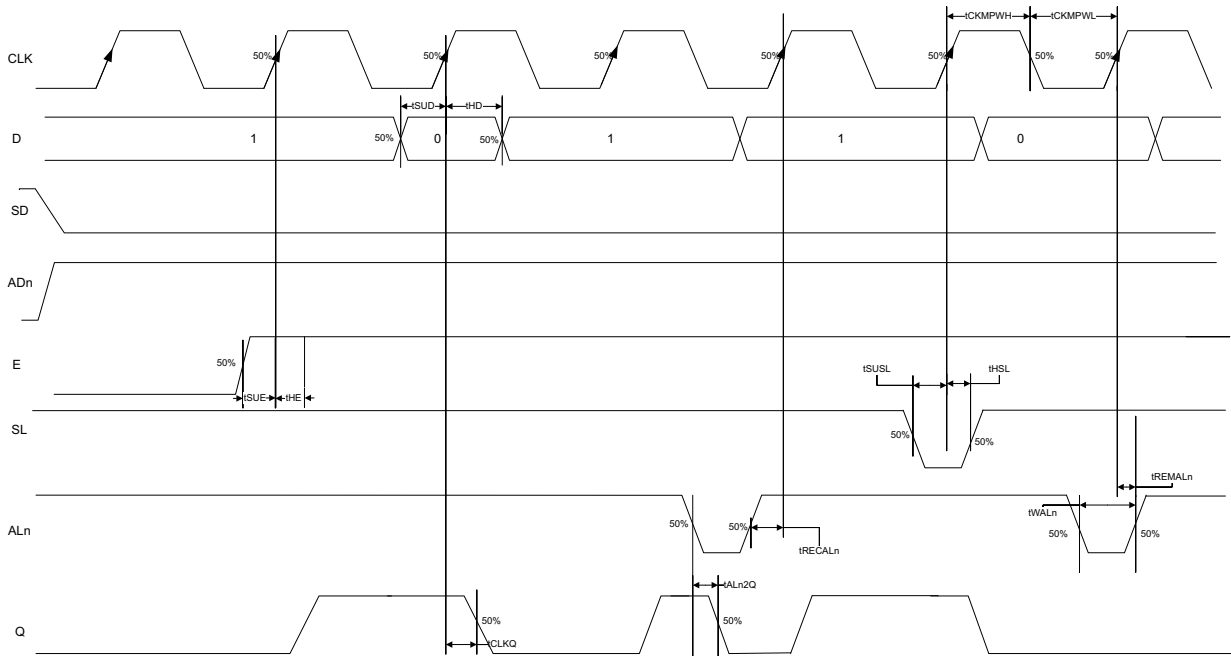
2.3.9.1 Input DDR Module

Figure 10 • Input DDR Module



The following figure shows a configuration with SD = 0 (synchronous clear) and ADn = 1 (asynchronous clear) for a flip-flop (LAT = 0).

Figure 16 • Sequential Module Timing Diagram



2.3.10.3.1 Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the register delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 224 • Register Delays

Parameter	Symbol	-1	-Std	Unit
Clock-to-Q of the core register	T_{CLKQ}	0.108	0.127	ns
Data setup time for the core register	T_{SUD}	0.254	0.298	ns
Data hold time for the core register	T_{HD}	0	0	ns
Enable setup time for the core register	T_{SUE}	0.335	0.394	ns
Enable hold time for the core register	T_{HE}	0	0	ns
Synchronous load setup time for the core register	T_{SUSL}	0.335	0.394	ns
Synchronous load hold time for the core register	T_{HSL}	0	0	ns
Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the core register (ADn = 1)	T_{ALN2Q}	0.473	0.556	ns
Asynchronous preset-to-Q of the core register (ADn = 0)		0.451	0.531	ns
Asynchronous load removal time for the core register	T_{RECALN}	0	0	ns
Asynchronous load recovery time for the core register	T_{RECALN}	0.353	0.415	ns
Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for the core register	T_{WALN}	0.266	0.313	ns
Clock minimum pulse width high for the core register	T_{CKMPWH}	0.065	0.077	ns
Clock minimum pulse width low for the core register	T_{CKMPWL}	0.139	0.164	ns

Table 233 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 4K × 4 (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	–1		–Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	T _{PLCLKMPWL}	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T _{CLK2Q}		0.323		0.38	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			2.273		2.673	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.511		1.778	ns
Address setup time	T _{ADDRSU}	0.543		0.638		ns
Address hold time	T _{ADDRHD}	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T _{DSU}	0.334		0.393		ns
Data hold time	T _{DHD}	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	T _{BLKSU}	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T _{BLKHD}	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T _{BLK2Q}		1.511		1.778	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T _{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T _{RDESU}	0.516		0.607		ns
Read enable hold time	T _{RDEHD}	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T _{RDPLESU}	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T _{RDPLEHD}	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T _{R2Q}		1.507		1.773	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T _{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T _{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T _{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	T _{PLRSTREM}	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	T _{PLRSTREC}	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T _{PLRSTMPW}	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T _{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T _{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WESU}	0.458		0.539		ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WEHD}	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – two-port mode for depth × width configuration 512 × 36 in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 236 • RAM1K18 – Two-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 512 × 36

Parameter	Symbol	–1		–Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	T_{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T_{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		0.334		0.393	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			2.25		2.647	ns
Address setup time	T_{ADDRSU}	0.313		0.368		ns
Address hold time	T_{ADDRHD}	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T_{DSU}	0.337		0.396		ns
Data hold time	T_{DHD}	0.111		0.13		ns
Block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	0.201		0.237		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		2.25		2.647	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T_{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDESU}	0.449		0.528		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDEHD}	0.167		0.197		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T_{R2Q}		1.506		1.772	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T_{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T_{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T_{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WESU}	0.39		0.458		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WEHD}	0.242		0.285		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		400		340	MHz

2.3.16 SRAM PUF

For more details on static random-access memory (SRAM) physical unclonable functions (PUF) services, see [AC434: Using SRAM PUF System Service in SmartFusion2 Application Note](#).

The following table lists the SRAM PUF in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 274 • SRAM PUF

Service	PUF Off		PUF On		Unit
	Typ	Max	Typ	Max	
Create activation code	709.1	746.4	754.4	762.5	ms
Delete activation code	1329.3	1399.3	1414.1	1429.3	ms
Create intrinsic keycode	656.6	691.1	698.5	706.0	ms
Create extrinsic keycode	656.6	691.1	698.5	706.0	ms
Get number of keys	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	ms
Export (Kc0, Kc1)	998.0	1050.5	1061.7	1073.1	ms
Export 2 keycodes	2020.2	2126.5	2149.2	2172.3	ms
Export 4 keycodes	3065.7	3227.0	3261.3	3296.4	ms
Export 8 keycodes	5101.0	5369.5	5426.6	5485.0	ms
Export 16 keycodes	9212.1	9697.0	9800.1	9905.5	ms
Import (Kc0, Kc1)	39.7	41.8	42.2	42.7	ms
Import 2 keycodes	50.1	52.7	53.3	53.9	ms
Import 4 keycodes	60.6	63.8	64.5	65.2	ms
Import 8 keycodes	80.9	85.1	86.1	87.0	ms
Import 16 keycodes	123.8	130.4	131.7	133.2	ms
Delete keycode	552.5	581.6	587.8	594.1	ms
Fetch key	31.4	33.0	33.4	33.7	ms
Fetch ecc key	20.0	21.1	21.3	21.5	ms
Get seed	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	ms

2.3.17 Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics

For more information about NRBG, see [AC407: Using NRBG Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note](#). The following table lists the NRBG in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 275 • Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG)

Service	Timing	Unit	Conditions	
			Prediction Resistance	Additional Input
Instantiate	85	ms	OFF	X
Generate (after Instantiate) ¹	4.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	6.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	7.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (after Instantiate)	47	ms	ON	X
Generate (subsequent) ¹	0.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	2.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	3.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (subsequent)	43	ms	ON	X
Reseed	40	ms		
Uninstantiate	0.16	ms		
Reset	0.10	ms		
Self test	20	ms	First time after power-up	
	6	ms	Subsequent	

1. If PUF_OFF, generate will incur additional PUF delay time for consecutive service calls.

2.3.18 Cryptographic Block Characteristics

For more information about cryptographic block and associated services, see [AC410: Using AES System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note](#) and [AC432: Using SHA-256 System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note](#).

The following table lists the cryptographic block characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 276 • Cryptographic Block Characteristics

Service	Conditions	Timing	Unit
Any service	First certificate check penalty at boot	11.5	ms
AES128/256 (encoding-/decoding) ¹	100 blocks up to 64k blocks	700	kbps

2.3.21 Clock Conditioning Circuits (CCC)

The following table lists the CCC/PLL specifications in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 282 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Specification

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Clock conditioning circuitry input frequency F_{IN_CCC}	1		200	MHz	All CCC
	0.032		200	MHz	32 kHz capable CCC
Clock conditioning circuitry output frequency $F_{OUT_CCC}^1$	0.078		400	MHz	
PLL VCO frequency ²	500		1000	MHz	
Delay increments in programmable delay blocks		75	100	ps	
Number of programmable values in each programmable delay block			64		
Acquisition time		70	100	μs	$F_{IN} \geq 1\text{ MHz}$
		1	16	ms	$F_{IN} = 32\text{ kHz}$
Input duty cycle (reference clock)					Internal Feedback
	10		90	%	$1\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$
	25		75	%	$25\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$
	35		65	%	$100\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 150\text{ MHz}$
	45		55	%	$150\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 200\text{ MHz}$
					External Feedback (CCC, FPGA, Off-chip)
	25		75	%	$1\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$
	35		65	%	$25\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 35\text{ MHz}$
	45		55	%	$35\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN_CCC} \leq 50\text{ MHz}$
	48		52	%	050 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48		52	%	005, 010, and 025 devices $F_{OUT} < 350\text{ MHz}$
	46		54	%	005, 010, and 025 devices $350\text{ MHz} \leq F_{out} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
Output duty cycle	48		52	%	060 and 090 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$
	44		52	%	060 and 090 devices $100\text{ MHz} \leq F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48		52	%	150 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 120\text{ MHz}$
	45		52	%	150 devices $120\text{ MHz} \leq F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
Spread Spectrum Characteristics					
Modulation frequency range	25	35	50	k	
Modulation depth range	0		1.5	%	
Modulation depth control		0.5		%	

Table 291 • DEVRST_N to Functional Times for SmartFusion2 (continued)

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
$T_{\text{DEVRST2POR}}$	DEVRST_N	POWER_ON_RESET_N	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	233	289	216	213	237	234	219
$T_{\text{DEVRST2MSSRST}}$	DEVRST_N	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to MSS	702	765	712	688	636	630	866
$T_{\text{DEVRST2WPU}}$	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215

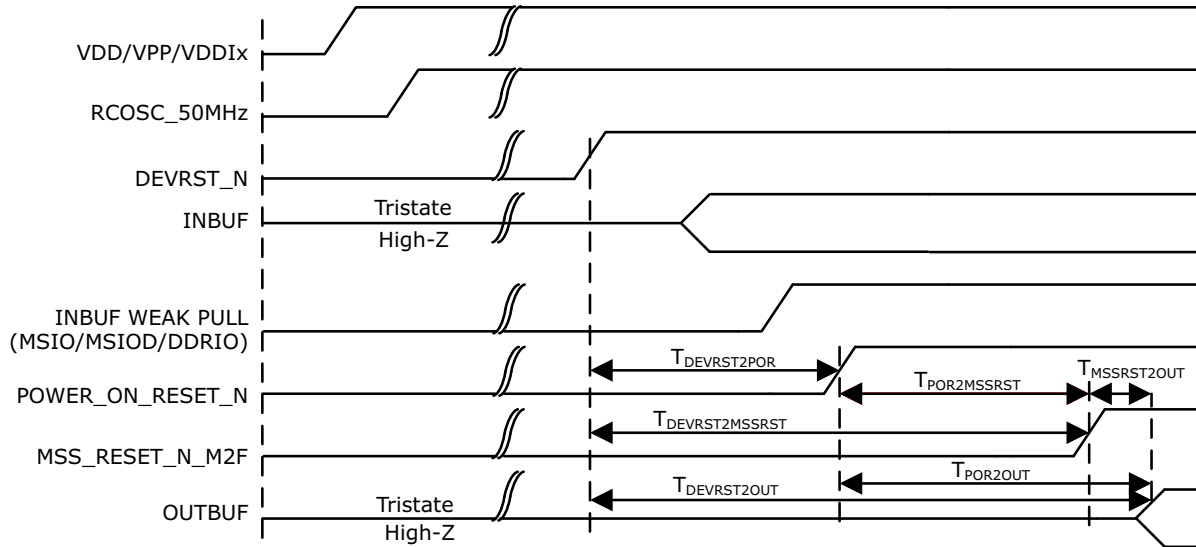
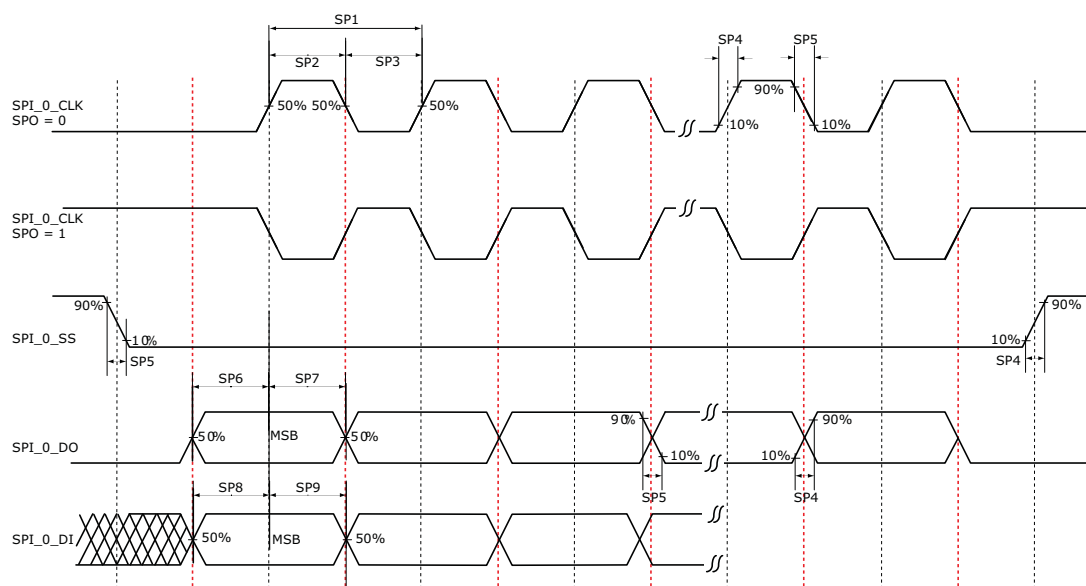
Figure 19 • DEVRST_N to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2

Figure 22 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)

2.3.32 CAN Controller Characteristics

The following table lists the CAN controller characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 306 • CAN Controller Characteristics

Parameter	Description	–1	–Std	Unit
FCANREFCLK ¹	Internally sourced CAN reference clock frequency	160	136	MHz
BAUDCANMAX	Maximum CAN performance baud rate	1	1	Mbps
BAUDCANMIN	Minimum CAN performance baud rate	0.05	0.05	Mbps

1. PCLK to CAN controller must be a multiple of 8 MHz.

2.3.33 USB Characteristics

The following table lists the USB characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 307 • USB Characteristics

Parameter	Description	–1	–Std	Unit
FUSBREFCLK	Internally sourced USB reference clock frequency	166	142	MHz
TUSBCLK	USB clock period	16.66	16.66	ns
TUSBPD	Clock to USB data propagation delay	9.0	9.0	ns
TUSBSU	Setup time for USB data	6.0	6.0	ns
TUSBHD	Hold time for USB data	0	0	ns

Table 310 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	$(\text{SPI_x_CLK_period}/2) - 7.0$			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	$(\text{SPI_x_CLK_period}/2) - 9.5$			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	15			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	-2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	$(\text{SPI_x_CLK_period}/2) - 16.0$			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	$(\text{SPI_x_CLK_period}/2) - 3.5$			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	3			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5			ns	

- For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
- For allowable pclk configurations, see the Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

Figure 23 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)