

Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	86316
Total RAM Bits	2648064
Number of I/O	425
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	676-BGA
Supplier Device Package	676-FBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl090t-1fgg676

Table 214	LVPECL Recommended DC Operating Conditions	64
Table 215	LVPECL Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank	65
Table 216	LVPECL DC Input Voltage Specification	65
Table 217	LVPECL DC Differential Voltage Specification	65
Table 218	LVPECL Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds	65
Table 219	Input Data Register Propagation Delays	67
Table 220	Output/Enable Data Register Propagation Delays	69
Table 221	Input DDR Propagation Delays	71
Table 222	Output DDR Propagation Delays	74
Table 223	Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays	76
Table 224	Register Delays	77
Table 225	150 Device Global Resource	78
Table 226	090 Device Global Resource	78
Table 227	050 Device Global Resource	78
Table 228	025 Device Global Resource	78
Table 229	010 Device Global Resource	79
Table 230	005 Device Global Resource	79
Table 231	RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 1K × 18	79
Table 232	RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 2K × 9	80
Table 233	RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 4K × 4	81
Table 234	RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 8K × 2	83
Table 235	RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 16K × 1	84
Table 236	RAM1K18 – Two-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 512 × 36	85
Table 237	μSRAM (RAM64x18) in 64 × 18 Mode	86
Table 238	μSRAM (RAM64x16) in 64 × 16 Mode	87
Table 239	μSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128 × 9 Mode	88
Table 240	μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode	89
Table 241	μSRAM (RAM256x4) in 256 × 4 Mode	91
Table 242	μSRAM (RAM512x2) in 512 × 2 Mode	92
Table 243	μSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 × 1 Mode	93
Table 244	JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)	94
Table 245	JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)	95
Table 246	JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	95
Table 247	2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric Only)	95
Table 248	2 Step IAP Programming (eNVM Only)	96
Table 249	2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	96
Table 250	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)	96
Table 251	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)	96
Table 252	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	97
Table 253	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)	97
Table 254	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)	97
Table 255	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric and eNVM)	98
Table 256	JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)	99
Table 257	JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)	99
Table 258	JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	99
Table 259	2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric Only)	100
Table 260	2 Step IAP Programming (eNVM Only)	100
Table 261	2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	100
Table 262	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)	101
Table 263	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)	101
Table 264	SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)	101
Table 265	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)	102
Table 266	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)	102
Table 267	Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric and eNVM)	102
Table 268	Math Blocks with all Registers Used	103
Table 269	Math Block with Input Bypassed and Output Registers Used	103
Table 270	Math Block with Input Register Used and Output in Bypass Mode	104
Table 271	Math Block with Input and Output in Bypass Mode	104
Table 272	eNVM Read Performance	104

- Added Table 244, page 94 and Table 256, page 99 (SAR 73971).
- Updated the SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics, page 121 (SAR 71171).
- Added the DEVRST_N Characteristics, page 116 (SAR 64100, 72103).
- Added Table 298, page 122 (SAR 71897).
- Updated Table 25, page 22, Table 26, page 23, and Table 27, page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Added 060 devices in Table 277, page 107, Table 278, page 108, and Table 279, page 108 (SAR 57898).
- Updated duty cycle parameter of crystal in Table 280, page 109 and Table 281, page 109 (SAR 57898).
- Added 32 KHz mode PLL acquisition time in Table 282, page 110 (SAR 68281).
- Updated Table 293, page 119 for 060 devices (SAR 57828).
- Updated Table 297, page 122 for CID value (SAR 70878).

1.4 Revision 8.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 8.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 11, page 12 (SAR 69218).
- Updated Table 12, page 13 (SAR 69218).
- Updated Table 283, page 111 (SAR 69000).

1.5 Revision 7.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 7.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 1, page 4 (SAR 68620).

1.6 Revision 6.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 6.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 5, page 7 (SAR 65949).
- Updated Table 9, page 10 (SAR 62995).
- Updated Table 123, page 47 and Table 133, page 49 (SAR 67210).
- Added Embedded NVM (eNVM) Characteristics, page 104 (SAR 52509).
- Updated Table 277, page 107 (SAR 64855).
- Updated Table 282, page 110 (SAR 65958 and SAR 56666).
- Added DDR Memory Interface Characteristics, page 120 (SAR 66223).
- Added SFP Transceiver Characteristics, page 120 (SAR 63105).
- Updated Table 302, page 123 and Table 309, page 129 (SAR 66314).

1.7 Revision 5.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 5.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 1, page 4.
- Updated Table 4, page 6 for T_J symbol information.
- Updated Table 5, page 7 (SAR 63109).
- Updated Table 9, page 10.
- Updated Table 282, page 110 (SAR 62012).
- Added Table 290, page 116 (SAR 64100).
- Added Table 306, page 128, Table 307, page 128 (SAR 50424).

1.8 Revision 4.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 4.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 1, page 4. Changed the Status of 090 devices to "Production" (SAR 62750).
- Updated Figure 10, page 70. Removed inverter bubble from DDR_IN latch (SAR 61418).
- Updated SerDes Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics, page 121 (SAR 62836).

Table 11 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current ($V_{DD} = 1.2$ V) – Typical Process

Symbol	Modes	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit	Conditions
IDC2	Flash*Freeze	1.4	2.6	3.7	5.1	5.0	5.1	8.9	mA	Typical ($T_J = 25$ °C)
		12.0	20.0	26.6	35.3	35.4	35.7	57.8	mA	Commercial ($T_J = 85$ °C)
		18.5	30.8	41.0	54.5	54.5	55.0	89.0	mA	Industrial ($T_J = 100$ °C)

Table 12 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current ($V_{DD} = 1.26$ V) – Worst-Case Process

Symbol	Modes	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit	Conditions
IDC1	Non-Flash*Freeze	43.8	57.0	84.6	132.3	161.4	163.0	242.5	mA	Commercial ($T_J = 85$ °C)
		65.3	85.7	127.8	200.9	245.4	247.8	369.0	mA	Industrial ($T_J = 100$ °C)
IDC2	Flash*Freeze	29.1	45.6	51.7	62.7	69.3	70.0	84.8	mA	Commercial ($T_J = 85$ °C)
		44.9	70.3	79.7	96.5	106.8	107.8	130.6	mA	Industrial ($T_J = 100$ °C)

2.3.2.2 Programming Currents

The following tables represent programming, verify and Inrush currents for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGA devices.

Table 13 • Currents During Program Cycle, 0 °C <= T_J <= 85 °C – Typical Process

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150 ¹	Unit
V_{DD}	1.26	46	53	55	58	30	42	52	mA
V_{PP}	3.46	8	11	6	10	9	12	12	mA
V_{PPNVM}	3.46	1	2	2	3	3	3		mA
V_{DDI}	2.62	31	16	17	1	12	12	81	mA
	3.46	62	31	36	1	12	17	84	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

1. V_{PP} and V_{PPNVM} are internally shorted.

Table 14 • Currents During Verify Cycle, 0 °C <= T_J <= 85 °C – Typical Process

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150 ¹	Unit
V_{DD}	1.26	44	53	55	58	33	41	51	mA
V_{PP}	3.46	6	5	3	15	8	11	12	mA
V_{PPNVM}	3.46	1	0	0	1	1	1		mA
V_{DDI}	2.62	31	16	17	1	12	11	81	mA
	3.46	61	32	36	1	12	17	84	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

1. V_{PP} and V_{PPNVM} are internally shorted.

2.3.4 Timing Model

This section describes timing model and timing parameters.

Figure 2 • Timing Model

The following table lists the timing model parameters in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 17 • Timing Model Parameters

Index	Symbol	Description	-1	Unit	For More Information
A	T_{PY}	Propagation delay of DDR3 receiver	1.605	ns	See Table 137, page 50
B	T_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the input data register	0.16	ns	See Table 221, page 71
	T_{ISUD}	Setup time of the input data register	0.357	ns	See Table 221, page 71
C	T_{RCKH}	Input high delay for global clock	1.53	ns	See Table 227, page 78
	T_{RCKL}	Input low delay for global clock	0.897	ns	See Table 227, page 78
D	T_{PY}	Input propagation delay of LVDS receiver	2.774	ns	See Table 167, page 56
E	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of a three-input AND gate	0.198	ns	See Table 223, page 76

Table 17 • Timing Model Parameters (continued)

Index	Symbol	Description	-1	Unit	For More Information
F	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of an OR gate	0.179	ns	See Table 223, page 76
G	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of an LVDS transmitter	2.136	ns	See Table 169, page 57
H	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of a three-input XOR Gate	0.241	ns	See Table 223, page 76
I	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of LVCMOS 2.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 16 mA on the MSIO bank	2.412	ns	See Table 46, page 27
J	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of a two-input NAND gate	0.179	ns	See Table 223, page 76
K	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of LVCMOS 2.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 8 mA on the MSIO bank	2.309	ns	See Table 46, page 27
L	T _{CLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the data register	0.108	ns	See Table 224, page 77
	T _{SUD}	Setup time of the data register	0.254	ns	See Table 224, page 77
M	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of a two-input AND gate	0.179	ns	See Table 223, page 76
N	T _{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the output data register	0.263	ns	See Table 220, page 69
	T _{OSUD}	Setup time of the output data register	0.19	ns	See Table 220, page 69
O	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of SSTL2, Class I transmitter on the MSIO bank	2.055	ns	See Table 114, page 45
P	T _{DP}	Propagation delay of LVCMOS 1.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 12 mA, fast slew on the DDRIO bank	3.316	ns	See Table 70, page 34

2.3.5.6 Single-Ended I/O Standards

2.3.5.6.1 Low Voltage Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (LVCMOS)

LVCMOS is a widely used switching standard implemented in CMOS transistors. This standard is defined by JEDEC (JESD 8-5). The LVCMOS standards supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs are: LVCMOS12, LVCMOS15, LVCMOS18, LVCMOS25, and LVCMOS33.

2.3.5.6.2 3.3 V LVCMOS/LVTTL

LVCMOS 3.3 V or Low-Voltage Transistor-Transistor Logic (LVTTL) is a general standard for 3.3 V applications.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 29 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

Table 30 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V Input Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	V_{IH} (DC)	2.0	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	-0.3	0.8	V
Input current high ¹	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 31 • LVCMOS 3.3 V DC Output Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high ¹	V_{OH}	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$		V
DC output logic low ¹	V_{OL}		0.4	V

1. The V_{OH}/V_{OL} test points selected ensure compliance with LVCMOS 3.3 V JESD8-B requirements.

Table 32 • LVTTL 3.3 V DC Output Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	2.4		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.4	V

Table 33 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V AC Maximum Switching Speed (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	600	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

Table 48 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	2.206	2.596	2.678	3.15	2.64	3.106	4.935	5.805	4.74	5.576	ns
4 mA	Slow	1.835	2.159	2.242	2.637	2.256	2.654	5.413	6.368	5.15	6.059	ns
6 mA	Slow	1.709	2.01	2.132	2.508	2.167	2.549	5.813	6.838	5.499	6.469	ns
8 mA	Slow	1.63	1.918	1.958	2.303	2.012	2.367	6.226	7.324	5.816	6.842	ns
12 mA	Slow	1.648	1.939	1.86	2.187	1.921	2.259	6.519	7.669	6.027	7.09	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.8 1.8 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 1.8 is a general standard for 1.8 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-7A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 49 • LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions					
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	1.710	1.8	1.89	V

Table 50 • LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V _{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V _{DDI}	1.89	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V _{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V _{DDI}	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V _{IL} (DC)	-0.3	0.35 × V _{DDI}	V
Input current high ¹	I _{IH} (DC)			-
Input current low ¹	I _{IL} (DC)			-

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 51 • LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V _{OH}	V _{DDI} - 0.45		V
DC output logic low	V _{OL}		0.45	V

Table 52 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank) ¹	D _{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	295	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) ¹	D _{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

1. Maximum Data Rate applies for Drive Strength 8 mA and above, All Slew.

Table 112 • SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
		-1	-Std		
Pseudo differential	None	2.798	3.293	ns	
True differential	None	2.733	3.215	ns	

Table 113 • DDR1/SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
		-1	-Std		
Pseudo differential	None	2.476	2.913	ns	
True differential	None	2.475	2.911	ns	

Table 114 • SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	2.26	2.66	1.99	2.341	1.985	2.335	2.135	2.512	2.13	2.505	ns
Differential	2.26	2.658	2.202	2.591	2.201	2.589	2.393	2.815	2.392	2.814	ns

Table 115 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	2.055	2.417	2.037	2.396	2.03	2.388	2.068	2.433	2.061	2.425	ns
Differential	2.192	2.58	2.434	2.864	2.425	2.852	2.164	2.545	2.156	2.536	ns

Table 116 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class I Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	1.512	1.779	1.462	1.72	1.462	1.72	1.676	1.972	1.676	1.971	ns
Differential	1.676	1.971	1.774	2.087	1.766	2.077	1.854	2.181	1.845	2.171	ns

Table 117 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class II Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	2.122	2.497	1.906	2.243	1.902	2.237	2.061	2.424	2.056	2.418	ns
Differential	2.127	2.501	2.042	2.402	2.043	2.403	2.363	2.78	2.365	2.781	ns

Table 118 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class II Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	2.29	2.693	1.988	2.338	1.978	2.326	1.989	2.34	1.979	2.328	ns
Differential	2.418	2.846	2.304	2.711	2.297	2.702	2.131	2.506	2.124	2.499	ns

2.3.6.4 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 1.8 V (SSTL18)

SSTL18 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs, and also comply with the reduced and full drive double date rate (DDR2) standard. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os support both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL18. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification**Table 119 • SSTL18 DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
Termination voltage	V_{TT}	0.838	0.900	0.964	V
Input reference voltage	V_{REF}	0.838	0.900	0.964	V

Table 120 • SSTL18 DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	V_{IH} (DC)	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	1.89	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	V
Input current high ¹	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 121 • SSTL18 DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
SSTL18 Class I (DDR2 Reduced Drive)				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	$V_{TT} + 0.603$		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		$V_{TT} - 0.603$	V
Output minimum source DC current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	6.5		mA
Output minimum sink current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	-6.5		mA
SSTL18 Class II (DDR2 Full Drive)¹				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	$V_{TT} + 0.603$		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		$V_{TT} - 0.603$	V
Output minimum source DC current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	13.4		mA
Output minimum sink current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	-13.4		mA

1. To meet JEDEC Electrical Compliance, use DDR2 Full Drive Transmitter.

Table 128 • DDR2/SSTL18 Transmitter Characteristics (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
SSTL18 Class I (for DDRIO I/O Bank)											
Single-ended	2.383	2.804	2.23	2.623	2.229	2.622	2.202	2.591	2.201	2.59	ns
Differential	2.413	2.84	2.797	3.29	2.797	3.29	2.282	2.685	2.282	2.685	ns
SSTL18 Class II (for DDRIO I/O Bank)											
Single-ended	2.281	2.683	2.196	2.584	2.195	2.583	2.171	2.555	2.17	2.554	ns
Differential	2.315	2.724	2.698	3.173	2.698	3.173	2.242	2.639	2.242	2.639	ns

2.3.6.5 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 1.5 V (SSTL15)

SSTL15 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs, and also comply with the reduced and full drive double data rate (DDR3) standard. IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os supports both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL18. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

The following table lists the SSTL15 DC voltage specifications for DDRIO bank.

Table 129 • SSTL15 DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
Termination voltage	V_{TT}	0.698	0.750	0.803	V
Input reference voltage	V_{REF}	0.698	0.750	0.803	V

Table 130 • SSTL15 DC Input Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	$V_{IH}(DC)$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	1.575	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}(DC)$	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	V
Input current high ¹	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

2.3.11 Global Resource Characteristics

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices offer a powerful, low skew global routing network which provides an effective clock distribution throughout the FPGA fabric. See *UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide* for the positions of various global routing resources.

The following table lists the 150 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 225 • 150 Device Global Resource

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input low delay for global clock	T_{RCKL}	0.83	0.911	0.831	0.913	ns
Input high delay for global clock	T_{RCKH}	1.457	1.588	1.715	1.869	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	T_{RCKSW}		0.131		0.154	ns

The following table lists the 090 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 226 • 090 Device Global Resource

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input low delay for global clock	T_{RCKL}	0.835	0.888	0.833	0.886	ns
Input high delay for global clock	T_{RCKH}	1.405	1.489	1.654	1.752	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	T_{RCKSW}		0.084		0.098	ns

The following table lists the 050 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 227 • 050 Device Global Resource

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input low delay for global clock	T_{RCKL}	0.827	0.897	0.826	0.896	ns
Input high delay for global clock	T_{RCKH}	1.419	1.53	1.671	1.8	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	T_{RCKSW}		0.111		0.129	ns

The following table lists the 025 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 228 • 025 Device Global Resource

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input low delay for global clock	T_{RCKL}	0.747	0.799	0.745	0.797	ns
Input high delay for global clock	T_{RCKH}	1.294	1.378	1.522	1.621	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	T_{RCKSW}		0.084		0.099	ns

Table 239 • μSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128 × 9 Mode (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std	
		Min	Max	Min	Max
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023		-0.027	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREM}	0.046		0.054	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507		0.597	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREC}	0.236		0.278	ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T _{R2Q}		0.835		0.982 ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T _{SRSTSU}	0.271		0.319	ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T _{SRSTHD}	0.061		0.071	ns
Write clock period	T _{CCY}	4		4	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CCLKMPWH}	1.8		1.8	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CCLKMPWL}	1.8		1.8	ns
Write block setup time	T _{BLKCSU}	0.404		0.476	ns
Write block hold time	T _{BLKCHD}	0.007		0.008	ns
Write input data setup time	T _{DINCSU}	0.115		0.135	ns
Write input data hold time	T _{DINCHD}	0.15		0.177	ns
Write address setup time	T _{ADDRCSU}	0.088		0.104	ns
Write address hold time	T _{ADDRCHD}	0.128		0.15	ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WECSU}	0.397		0.467	ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WECHD}	-0.026		-0.03	ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		250		250 MHz

The following table lists the μSRAM in 128 × 8 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 240 • μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std	
		Min	Max	Min	Max
Read clock period	T _{CY}	4		4	ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CLKMPWH}	1.8		1.8	ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CLKMPWL}	1.8		1.8	ns
Read pipeline clock period	T _{PLCY}	4		4	ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	T _{PLCLKMPWH}	1.8		1.8	ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	T _{PLCLKMPWL}	1.8		1.8	ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.266		0.313 ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T _{CLK2Q}		1.677		1.973 ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T _{ADDRSU}	0.301		0.354	ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.856		2.184	ns

Table 240 • μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std	
		Min	Max	Min	Max
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T _{ADDRHD}	0.091	0.107		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.778	-0.915		ns
Read enable setup time	T _{RDENSU}	0.278	0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T _{RDENHD}	0.057	0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T _{BLKSU}	1.839	2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T _{BLKHD}	-0.65	-0.765		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T _{BLK2Q}		2.036	2.396	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023	-0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREM}	0.046	0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507	0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	T _{RSTREC}	0.236	0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T _{R2Q}		0.835	0.982	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T _{SRSTSU}	0.271	0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T _{SRSTHD}	0.061	0.071		ns
Write clock period	T _{CCY}	4	4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CCLKMPWH}	1.8	1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CCLKMPWL}	1.8	1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T _{BLKCSU}	0.404	0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T _{BLKCHD}	0.007	0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T _{DINCSU}	0.115	0.135		ns
Write input data hold time	T _{DINCHD}	0.15	0.177		ns
Write address setup time	T _{ADDRCSU}	0.088	0.104		ns
Write address hold time	T _{ADDRCHD}	0.128	0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WECSU}	0.397	0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WECHD}	-0.026	-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		250	250	MHz

Table 262 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	6	41	8	Sec
010	568784	10	48	14	Sec
025	1223504	21	61	29	Sec
050	2424832	39	82	50	Sec
060	2418896	44	87	54	Sec
090	3645968	66	112	79	Sec
150	6139184	108	162	128	Sec

Table 263 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	3	64	4	Sec
010	274816	4	104	7	Sec
025	274816	4	104	8	Sec
050	2,78,528	4	102	8	Sec
060	268480	6	102	8	Sec
090	544496	10	179	15	Sec
150	544496	10	180	15	Sec

Table 264 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	9	83	11	Sec
010	842688	15	129	21	Sec
025	1497408	26	143	35	Sec
050	2695168	43	163	55	Sec
060	2686464	48	165	60	Sec
090	4190208	75	266	91	Sec
150	6682768	117	318	141	Sec

2.3.17 Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics

For more information about NRBG, see *AC407: Using NRBG Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note*. The following table lists the NRBG in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 275 • Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG)

Service	Timing	Unit	Conditions	
			Prediction Resistance	Additional Input
Instantiate	85	ms	OFF	X
Generate (after Instantiate) ¹	4.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	6.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	7.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (after Instantiate)	47	ms	ON	X
Generate (subsequent) ¹	0.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	2.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	3.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (subsequent)	43	ms	ON	X
Reseed	40	ms		
Unstantiate	0.16	ms		
Reset	0.10	ms		
Self test	20	ms	First time after power-up	
	6	ms	Subsequent	

1. If PUF_OFF, generate will incur additional PUF delay time for consecutive service calls.

2.3.18 Cryptographic Block Characteristics

For more information about cryptographic block and associated services, see *AC410: Using AES System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note* and *AC432: Using SHA-256 System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note*.

The following table lists the cryptographic block characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 276 • Cryptographic Block Characteristics

Service	Conditions	Timing	Unit
Any service	First certificate check penalty at boot	11.5	ms
AES128/256 (encoding / decoding) ¹	100 blocks up to 64k blocks	700	kbps

2.3.24 Power-up to Functional Times

The following table lists the SmartFusion2 power-up to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

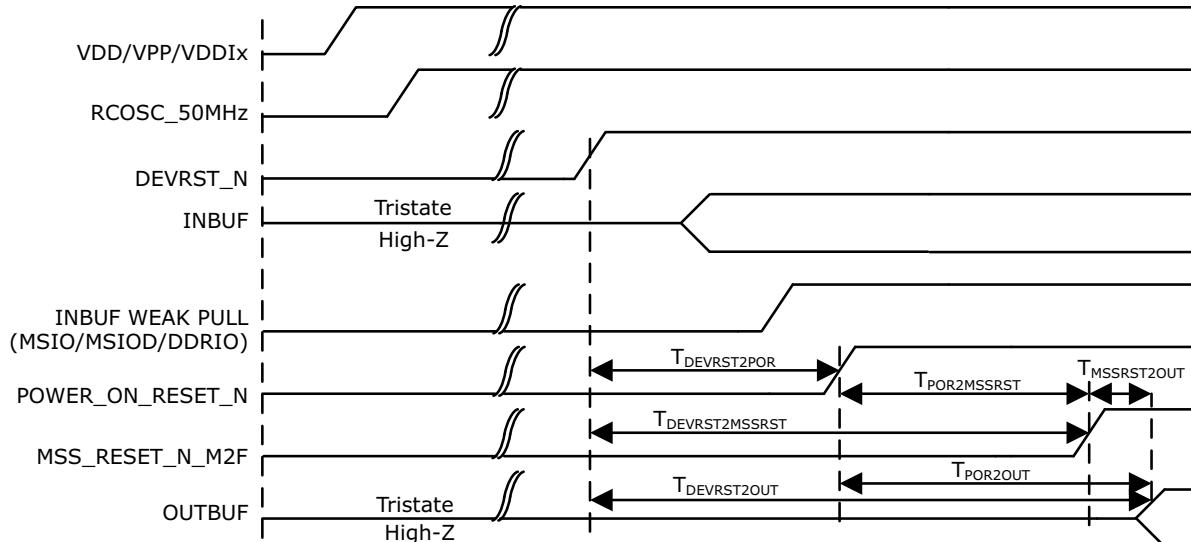
Table 288 • Power-up to Functional Times for SmartFusion2

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
$T_{POR2OUT}$	POWER_ON _RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	647	500	531	483	474	524	647
$T_{POR2MSSRST}$	POWER_ON _RESET_N	MSS_RESET_T_N_M2F	Fabric to MSS	644	497	528	480	468	518	641
$T_{MSSRST2OUT}$	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	Output available at I/O	MSS to output	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.4	4.9	4.8	4.8
$T_{VDD2OUT}$	V_{DD}	Output available at I/O	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	3096	2975	3012	2959	2869	2992	3225
$T_{VDD2POR}$	V_{DD}	POWER_ON_RESET_N	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	2476	2487	2496	2486	2406	2563	2602
$T_{VDD2MSSRST}$	V_{DD}	MSS_RESET_T_N_M2F	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to MSS	3093	2972	3008	2956	2864	2987	3220
$T_{VDD2WPU}$	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2500	2487	2509	2475	2507	2519	2617
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2504	2491	2510	2478	2517	2525	2620
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2479	2468	2493	2458	2486	2499	2595

Note: For more information about power-up times, see *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

Table 291 • DEVRST_N to Functional Times for SmartFusion2 (continued)

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
T _{DEVRST2POR}	DEVRST_N	POWER_O N_RESET_ N	V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	233	289	216	213	237	234	219
T _{DEVRST2MSSRST}	DEVRST_N	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to MSS	702	765	712	688	636	630	866
T _{DEVRST2WPU}	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215

Figure 19 • DEVRST_N to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2

The following table lists the IGLOO2 DEVRST_N to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 292 • DEVRST_N to Functional Times for IGLOO2

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for IGLOO2 (μs)							
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150	
T _{POR2OUT}	POWER_ON_RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	114	116	113	113	115	115	114	
T _{DEVRST2OUT}	DEVRST_N	Output available at I/O	V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	314	353	314	307	343	341	341	
T _{DEVRST2POR}	DEVRST_N	POWER_ON_RESET_N	V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	200	238	201	195	230	229	227	
T _{DEVRST2WPU}	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215	
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215	
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215	

Table 293 • Flash*Freeze Entry and Exit Times (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Entry/Exit Timing FCLK = 100MHz		Entry/Exit Timing FCLK = 3 MHz		
		005, 010, 025, 060, 090, and	150	050	All Devices	Unit
Exit time with respect to the fabric PLL lock ¹	TFF_EXIT	1.5	1.5	1.5	ms	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		1.5	1.5	1.5		eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit
Exit time with respect to the fabric buffer output	TFF_EXIT	21	15	21	μs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		65	55	65		eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit

1. PLL Lock Delay set to 1024 cycles (default).

2.3.28 DDR Memory Interface Characteristics

The following table lists the DDR memory interface characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 294 • DDR Memory Interface Characteristics

Standard	Supported Data Rate		
	Min	Max	Unit
DDR3	667	667	Mbps
DDR2	667	667	Mbps
LPDDR	50	400	Mbps

2.3.29 SFP Transceiver Characteristics

IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SerDes complies with small form-factor pluggable (SFP) requirements as specified in SFP INF-80741. The following table provides the electrical characteristics.

The following table lists the SFP transceiver electrical characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 295 • SFP Transceiver Electrical Characteristics

Pin	Direction	Differential Peak-Peak Voltage		
		Min	Max	Unit
RD+/- ¹	Output	1600	2400	mV
TD+/- ²	Input	350	2400	mV

- Based on default SerDes transmitter settings for PCIe Gen1. Lower amplitudes are available through programming changes to TX_AMP setting.
- Based on Input Voltage Common-Mode (VICM) = 0 V. Requires AC Coupling.

Table 310 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	15			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	-2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) - 3.5			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	3			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5			ns	

1. For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. For allowable pclk configurations, see the Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

Figure 23 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)