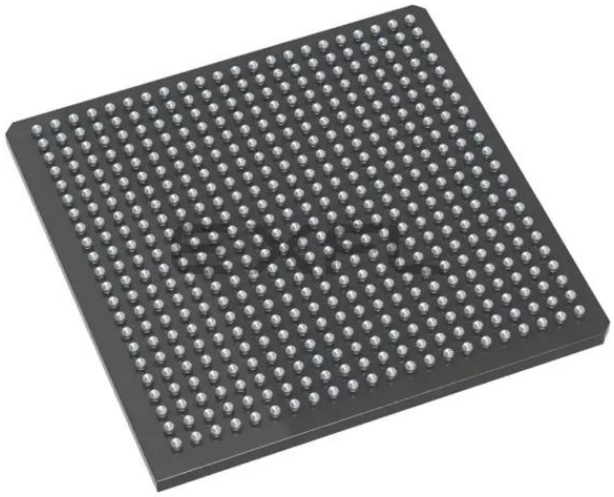
Microchip Technology - M2GL150T-1FCVG484I Datasheet



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Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	146124
Total RAM Bits	5120000
Number of I/O	248
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BFBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-BGA
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl150t-1fcvg484i

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Tables

1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 11.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 11.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 24, page 22 with minimum and maximum values for input current low and high (SAR 73114 and 80314).
- Added Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics, page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79517).
- Added 060 device in Table 282, page 110 (SAR 79860).
- Added DEVRST_N to Functional Times, page 116 (SAR 73114).
- Added Cryptographic Block Characteristics, page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79516).
- Update Table 296, page 121 with VTX-AMP details (SAR 81756).
- Update note in Table 297, page 122 (SAR 74570 and 80677).
- Update Table 298, page 122 with generic EPCS details (SAR 75307).
- Added Table 308, page 129 (SAR 50424).

1.2 Revision 10.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 10.0 of this document.

- The Surge Current on VDD during DEVRST_B Assertion and Surge Current on VDD during Digest Check using System Services tables were deleted and added reference to *AC393: Board Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs Application Note*. (SAR 76865 and 76623).
- Added 060 device in Table 4, page 6 (SAR 76383).
- Updated Table 24, page 22 for ramp time input (SAR 72103).
- Added 060 device details in Table 284, page 112 (SAR 74927).
- Updated Table 290, page 116 for name change (SAR 74925).
- Updated Table 283, page 111 for 060 FG676 Package details (SAR 78849).
- Updated Table 305, page 126 for SmartFusion2 and Table 310, page 129 for IGLOO2 for SPI timing and Fmax (SAR 56645, 75331).
- Updated Table 293, page 119 for Flash*Freeze entry and exit times (SAR 75329, 75330).
- Updated Table 297, page 122 for RX-CID information (SAR 78271).
- Added Table 8, page 8 and Figure 1, page 9 (SAR 78932).
- Updated Table 223, page 76 for timing characteristics and Table 224, page 77(SAR 75998).
- Added SRAM PUF, page 105 (SAR 64406).
- Added a footnote on digest cycle in Table 5, page 7 (SAR 79812).

1.3 Revision 9.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 9.0 of this document.

- Added a note in Table 5, page 7 (SAR 71506).
- Added a note in Table 6, page 8 (SAR 74616).
- Added a note in Figure 3, page 17 (SAR 71506).
- Updated Quiescent Supply Current for 060 in Table 11, page 12 and Table 12, page 13 (SAR 74483).
- Updated programming currents for 060 in Table 13, page 13, Table 14, page 13, and Table 15, page 14.
- Added DEVRST_B assertion tables (SAR 74708).
- Updated I/O speeds for LVDS 3.3 V in Table 18, page 19 and Table 21, page 20 (SAR 69829).
- Updated Table 24, page 22 (SAR 69418).
- Updated Table 25, page 22, Table 26, page 23, Table 27, page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Updated all AC/DC table to link to the Input Capacitance, Leakage Current, and Ramp Time, page 22 for reference (SAR 69418).

2.2 References

The following documents are recommended references:

- *PB0121: IGLOO2 Product Brief*
- *DS0124: IGLOO2 Pin Descriptions*
- *PB0115: SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Product Brief*
- *DS0115: SmartFusion2 Pin Descriptions*

All product documentation for IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 is available at:
http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/fpga/igloo2-fpga
http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/soc-fpga/smartfusion2#overview

2.3 Electrical Specifications

2.3.1 Operating Conditions

The following table lists the stress limits. Stress applied above the specified limit may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the recommended operating conditions specified in the following table are not implied.

Table 3 • **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.	V_{DD}	–0.3	1.32	V
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming). Must always power this pin.	V_{PP}	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for FDDR PLL	FDDR_PLL_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for PLL0–5	CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
High supply voltage for PLL SerDes[01]	SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power for SerDes[01] PLL lane0 to lane3. This is a 2.5 V SerDes internal PLL supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL	–0.3	2.75	V
TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SerDesIF0. This is a 1.2 V SerDes PMA supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIO	–0.3	1.32	V
PCIe/PCS power supply	SERDES_[01]_VDD	–0.3	1.32	V
DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIO I/O bank	V_{DDIx}	–0.3	3.63	V
DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O banks	V_{DDIx}	–0.3	2.75	V
I/O Input voltage for MSIO I/O bank	V_I	–0.3	3.63	V
I/O Input voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O bank	V_I	–0.3	2.75	V
Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to V_{PP}.	V_{PPNVM}	–0.3	3.63	V
Storage temperature[1]	T_{STG}	–65	150	°C
Junction temperature	T_J	–55	135	°C

The following table lists the embedded operating flash limits.

Table 6 • **Embedded Operating Flash Limits**

Product Grade	Element	Programming Temperature	Maximum Operating Temperature	Programming Cycles	Retention (Biased/Unbiased)
Commercial	Embedded flash	Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	< 1000 cycles per page, up to two million cycles per eNVM array	20 years
			Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	< 10000 cycles per page, up to 20 million cycles per eNVM array	10 years
Industrial	Embedded flash	Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	< 1000 cycles per page, up to two million cycles per eNVM array	20 years
			Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	< 10000 cycles per page, up to 20 million cycles per eNVM array	10 years

Note: If your product qualification requires accelerated programming cycles, see *Microsemi SoC Products Quality and Reliability Report* about recommended methodologies.

Table 7 • **Device Storage Temperature and Retention**

Product Grade	Storage Temperature (Tstg)	Retention
Commercial	Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	20 years
Industrial	Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	20 years

Table 8 • **High Temperature Data Retention (HTR) Lifetime**

T_J (C)	HTR Lifetime[1] (yrs)
90	20.5
95	20.5
100	20.5
105	17.0
110	15.0
115	13.0
120	11.5
125	10.0
130	8.0
135	6.0
140	4.5
145	3.0
150	1.5

1. HTR Lifetime is the period during which a verify failure is not expected due to flash leakage.

Table 17 • **Timing Model Parameters *(continued)***

Index	Symbol	Description	–1	Unit	For More Information
F	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of an OR gate	0.179	ns	See Table 223, page 76
G	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of an LVDS transmitter	2.136	ns	See Table 169, page 57
H	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of a three-input XOR Gate	0.241	ns	See Table 223, page 76
I	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of LVCMOS 2.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 16 mA on the MSIO bank	2.412	ns	See Table 46, page 27
J	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of a two-input NAND gate	0.179	ns	See Table 223, page 76
K	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of LVCMOS 2.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 8 mA on the MSIO bank	2.309	ns	See Table 46, page 27
L	T_{CLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the data register	0.108	ns	See Table 224, page 77
	T_{SUD}	Setup time of the data register	0.254	ns	See Table 224, page 77
M	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of a two-input AND gate	0.179	ns	See Table 223, page 76
N	T_{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the output data register	0.263	ns	See Table 220, page 69
	T_{OSUD}	Setup time of the output data register	0.19	ns	See Table 220, page 69
O	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of SSTL2, Class I transmitter on the MSIO bank	2.055	ns	See Table 114, page 45
P	T_{DP}	Propagation delay of LVCMOS 1.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 12 mA, fast slew on the DDRIO bank	3.316	ns	See Table 70, page 34

The following table lists the minimum and maximum I/O weak pull-up/pull-down resistance values of MSIO I/O bank at V_{OH}/V_{OL} Level.

Table 26 • **I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistances for MSIO I/O Bank**

	R(WEAK PULL-UP) at V_{OH} (Ω)		R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) at V_{OL} (Ω)	
V_{DDI} Domain	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**
3.3 V	9.9K	17.1K	9.98K	17.5K
2.5 V[1, 2]	10K	17.6K	10.1K	18.4K
1.8 V[1, 2]	10.4K	19.1K	10.4K	20.4K
1.5 V[1, 2]	10.7K	20.4K	10.8K	22.2K
1.2 V[1, 2]	11.3K	23.2K	11.5K	26.7K

1. R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) = (VOLspec)/I(WEAK PULL-DOWN MAX).
2. R(WEAK PULL-UP) = (VDDImax – VOHspec)/I(WEAK PULL-UP MIN).

The following table lists the minimum and maximum I/O weak pull-up/pull-down resistance values of MSIOD I/O bank at V_{OH}/V_{OL} Level.

Table 27 • **I/O Weak Pull-up/Pull-down Resistances for MSIOD I/O Bank**

	R(WEAK PULL-UP) at V_{OH} (Ω)		R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) at V_{OL} (Ω)	
V_{DDI} Domain	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**
2.5 V[1, 2]	9.6K	16.6K	9.5K	16.4K
1.8 V[1, 2]	9.7K	17.3K	9.7K	17.1K
1.5 V[1, 2]	9.9K	18K	9.8K	17.6K
1.2 V[1, 2]	10.3K	19.6K	10K	19.1K

1. R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) = (VOLspec)/I(WEAK PULL-DOWN MAX).
2. R(WEAK PULL-UP) = (VDDImax – VOHspec)/I(WEAK PULL-UP MIN).

The following table lists the hysteresis voltage value for schmitt trigger mode input buffers.

Table 28 • **Schmitt Trigger Input Hysteresis**

Input Buffer Configuration	Hysteresis Value (Typical, unless otherwise noted)
3.3 V LVTTL/LVCMOS/ PCI/PCI-X	0.05 × V_{DDI} (worst-case)
2.5 V LVCMOS	0.05 × V_{DDI} (worst-case)
1.8 V LVCMOS	0.1 × V_{DDI} (worst-case)
1.5 V LVCMOS	60 mV
1.2 V LVCMOS	20 mV

Table 62 • LVCMOS 1.5 V DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	VOH	V_{DDI} × 0.75		V
DC output logic low	VOL		V_{DDI} × 0.25	V

Table 63 • LVCMOS 1.5 V AC Minimum and Maximum Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	235	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	160	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	220	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

Table 64 • LVCMOS 1.5 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	RODT_CAL	75, 60, 50, 40	Ω

Table 65 • LVCMOS 1.5 V AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point	V_{TRIP}	0.75	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

Table 66 • LVCMOS 1.5 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications

Output Drive Selection			V_{OH} (V)	V_{OL} (V)	IOH (at V_{OH})	IOL (at V_{OL})
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank	Min	Max	mA	mA
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	V_{DDI} × 0.75	V_{DDI} × 0.25	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	V_{DDI} × 0.75	V_{DDI} × 0.25	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	V_{DDI} × 0.75	V_{DDI} × 0.25	6	6
8 mA		8 mA	V_{DDI} × 0.75	V_{DDI} × 0.25	8	8
		10 mA	V_{DDI} × 0.75	V_{DDI} × 0.25	10	10
		12 mA	V_{DDI} × 0.75	V_{DDI} × 0.25	12	12

Note: For a detailed I/V curve, use the corresponding IBIS models: www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx.

Table 122 • SSTL18 DC Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID} (DC)	0.3	V

Table 123 • SSTL18 AC Differential Voltage Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF} (AC)	0.5		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x (AC)	0.5 × V_{DDI} – 0.175	0.5 × V_{DDI} + 0.175	V

Table 124 • SSTL18 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	667	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specification

Table 125 • SSTL18 AC Impedance Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R_{REF}	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT)	R_{TT}	50, 75, 150	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

Table 126 • SSTL18 AC Test Parameter Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class I (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class II (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 1.71 V

Table 127 • DDR2/SSTL18 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code

		T_{PY}		
	On-Die Termination (ODT)	–1	–Std	Unit
Pseudo differential	None	1.567	1.844	ns
True differential	None	1.588	1.869	ns

Table 162 • LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

Table 163 • LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V_{OD}	250	350	450	mV
Output common mode voltage	V_{OCM}	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
Input common mode voltage	V_{ICM}	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
Input differential voltage	V_{ID}	100	350	600	mV

Table 164 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	535	Mbps	AC loading: 12 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) no pre-emphasis	D_{MAX}	620	Mbps	AC loading: 10 pF / 100 Ω differential load
		700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

Table 165 • LVDS AC Impedance Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Termination resistance	RT	100		Ω

Table 166 • LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF

LVDS25 AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 2.375 V

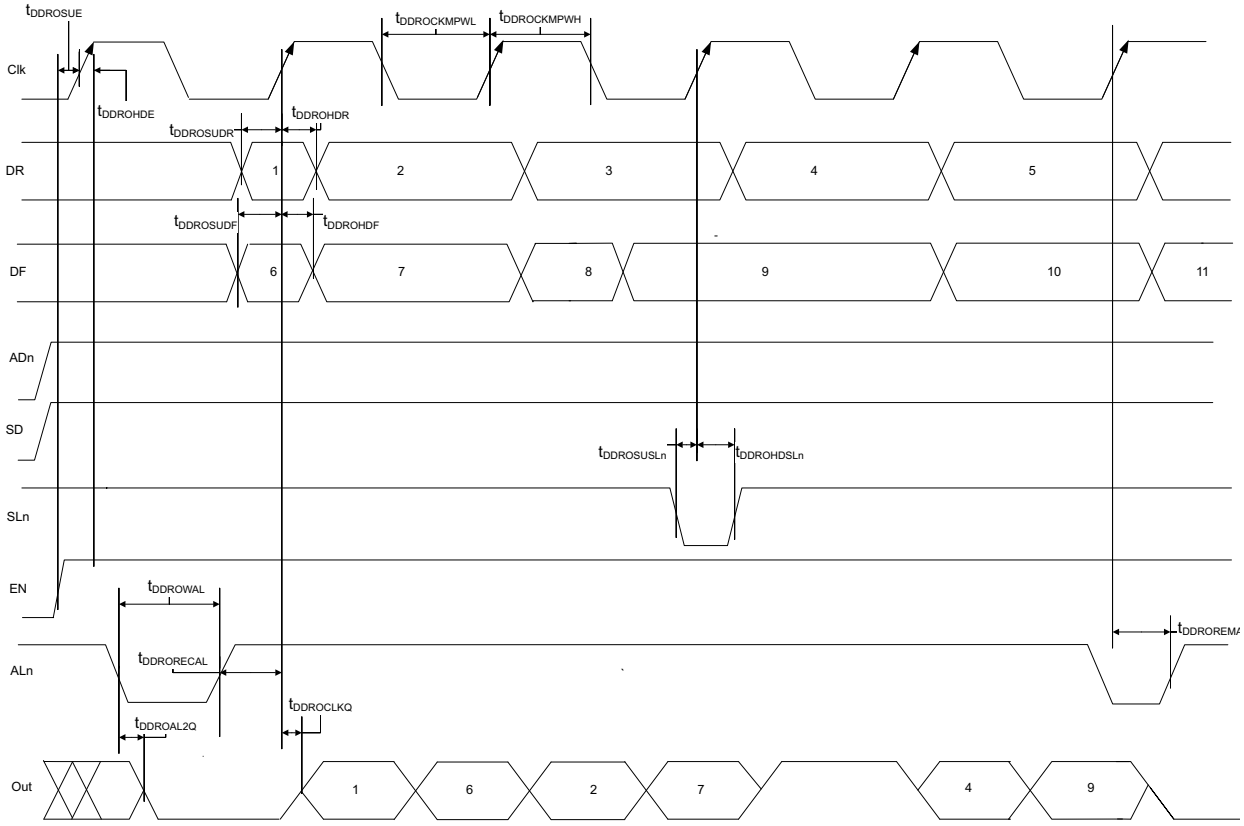
Table 167 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

	T_{PY}		
On-Die Termination (ODT)	–1	–Std	Unit
None	2.774	3.263	ns
100	2.775	3.264	ns

Table 221 • **Input DDR Propagation Delays *(continued)***

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	–1	–Std	Unit
$T_{DDRIWAL}$	Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for input DDR	F, F	0.304	0.357	ns
$T_{DDRICKMPWH}$	Clock minimum pulse width high for input DDR	B, B	0.075	0.088	ns
$T_{DDRICKMPWL}$	Clock minimum pulse width low for input DDR	B, B	0.159	0.187	ns

Figure 13 • **Output DDR Timing Diagram**



2.3.9.5 Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the output DDR propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 222 • **Output DDR Propagation Delays**

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	–1	–Std	Unit
$T_{DDROCLKQ}$	Clock-to-out of DDR for output DDR	E, G	0.263	0.309	ns
$T_{DDROSUDF}$	Data_F data setup for output DDR	F, E	0.143	0.168	ns
$T_{DDROSUDR}$	Data_R data setup for output DDR	A, E	0.19	0.223	ns
$T_{DDROHDF}$	Data_F data hold for output DDR	F, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROHDR}$	Data_R data hold for output DDR	A, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROSUE}$	Enable setup for input DDR	B, E	0.419	0.493	ns
T_{DDROHE}	Enable hold for input DDR	B, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROSUSLN}$	Synchronous load setup for input DDR	D, E	0.196	0.231	ns
$T_{DDROHSLN}$	Synchronous load hold for input DDR	D, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDROAL2Q}$	Asynchronous load-to-out for output DDR	C, G	0.528	0.621	ns
$T_{DDROREMAL}$	Asynchronous load removal time for output DDR	C, E	0	0	ns
$T_{DDRORECAL}$	Asynchronous load recovery time for output DDR	C, E	0.034	0.04	ns

Table 239 • **µSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128 × 9 Mode *(continued)***

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)	T_{RSTREM}	–0.023		–0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)		0.046		0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)	T_{RSTREC}	0.507		0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)		0.236		0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T_{R2Q}		0.835		0.982	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.271		0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.061		0.071		ns
Write clock period	T_{CCY}	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T_{BLKCSU}	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T_{BLKCHD}	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T_{DINCSU}	0.115		0.135		ns
Write input data hold time	T_{DINCHD}	0.15		0.177		ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.128		0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WECSU}	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WECHD}	–0.026		–0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the µSRAM in 128 × 8 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 240 • **µSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Read clock period	T_{CY}	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	T_{PLCY}	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		0.266		0.313	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.677		1.973	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T_{ADDRSU}	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.856		2.184		ns

Table 242 • **µSRAM (RAM512x2) in 512 × 2 Mode *(continued)***

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Write clock period	T_{CCY}	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T_{BLKCSU}	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T_{BLKCHD}	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T_{DINCSU}	0.101		0.118		ns
Write input data hold time	T_{DINCHD}	0.137		0.161		ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.247		0.29		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WECSU}	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WECHD}	–0.03		–0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the µSRAM in 1024 × 1 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 243 • **µSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 × 1 Mode**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Read clock period	T_{CY}	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	T_{PLCY}	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		0.27		0.31	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.78		2.1	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T_{ADDRSU}	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.978		2.327		ns
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T_{ADDRHD}	0.137		0.161		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		–0.6		–0.71		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDENSU}	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDENHD}	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	–0.65		–0.77		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		2.16		2.54	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)	T_{RSTREM}	–0.02		–0.03		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)		0.046		0.054		ns

The following table lists the programming times in worst-case conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V. External SPI flash part# AT25DF641-s3H is used during this measurement.

Table 256 • **JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	44	10	Sec
010	568784	50	18	Sec
025	1223504	73	26	Sec
050	2424832	88	54	Sec
060	2418896	99	54	Sec
090	3645968	135	126	Sec
150	6139184	177	193	Sec

Table 257 • **JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	61	4	Sec
010	274816	100	9	Sec
025	274816	100	9	Sec
050	2,78,528	106	8	Sec
060	268480	98	8	Sec
090	544496	176	15	Sec
150	544496	177	15	Sec

Table 258 • **JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	71	11	Sec
010	842688	129	20	Sec
025	1497408	142	35	Sec
050	2695168	184	59	Sec
060	2686464	180	70	Sec
090	4190208	288	147	Sec
150	6682768	338	231	Sec

The following table lists the math blocks with input register used and output in bypass mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 270 • **Math Block with Input Register Used and Output in Bypass Mode**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Input register setup time	T_{MISU}	0.149		0.176		ns
Input register hold time	T_{MIHD}	0.185		0.218		ns
Synchronous reset/enable setup time	$T_{MSRSTENSU}$	0.08		0.094		ns
Synchronous reset/enable hold time	$T_{MSRSTENHD}$	–0.012		–0.014		ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{MARSTREM}$	–0.005		–0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{MARSTREC}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Input register clock to output delay	T_{MICQ}		2.52		2.964	ns
CDIN to output delay	$T_{MCDIN2Q}$		1.951		2.295	ns

The following table lists the math blocks with input and output in bypass mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 271 • **Math Block with Input and Output in Bypass Mode**

		–1	–Std	
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Max**	**Max**	**Unit**
Input to output delay	T_{MIQ}	2.568	3.022	ns
CDIN to output delay	$T_{MCDIN2Q}$	1.951	2.295	ns

2.3.15 Embedded NVM (eNVM) Characteristics

The following table lists the eNVM read performance in worst-case conditions when V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{PPNVM} = V_{PP} = 2.375 V.

Table 272 • **eNVM Read Performance**

		Operating Temperature Range						
Symbol	**Description**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
T_J	Junction temperature range	–55 °C to 125 °C		–40 °C to 100 °C		0 °C to 85 °C		°C
$F_{MAXREAD}$	eNVM maximum read frequency	25	25	25	25	25	25	MHz

The following table lists the eNVM page programming in worst-case conditions when V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{PPNVM} = V_{PP} = 2.375 V.

Table 273 • **eNVM Page Programming**

		Operating Temperature Range						
Symbol	**Description**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
T_J	Junction temperature range	–55 °C to 125 °C		–40 °C to 100 °C		0 °C to 85 °C		°C
$T_{PAGEPGM}$	eNVM page programming time	40	40	40	40	40	40	ms

2.3.21 Clock Conditioning Circuits (CCC)

The following table lists the CCC/PLL specifications in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 282 • **IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Specification**

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Clock conditioning circuitry input frequency F_{IN_CCC}	1		200	MHz	All CCC
	0.032		200	MHz	32 kHz capable CCC
Clock conditioning circuitry output frequency F_{OUT_CCC}[1]	0.078		400	MHz	
PLL VCO frequency[2]	500		1000	MHz	
Delay increments in programmable delay blocks		75	100	ps	
Number of programmable values in each programmable delay block			64		
Acquisition time		70	100	µs	F_{IN} >= 1 MHz
		1	16	ms	F_{IN} = 32 kHz
Input duty cycle (reference clock)					Internal Feedback
	10		90	%	1 MHz ≤ F_{IN_CCC} ≤ 25 MHz
	25		75	%	25 MHz ≤ F_{IN_CCC}≤ 100 MHz
	35		65	%	100 MHz ≤ F_{IN_CCC} ≤ 150 MHz
	45		55	%	150 MHz ≤ F_{IN_CCC} ≤ 200 MHz
					External Feedback (CCC, FPGA, Off-chip)
	25		75	%	1 MHz ≤ F_{IN_CCC} ≤ 25 MHz
	35		65	%	25 MHz ≤ F_{IN_CCC} ≤ 35 MHz
	45		55	%	35 MHz ≤ F_{IN_CCC} ≤ 50 MHz
Output duty cycle	48		52	%	050 devices F_{OUT} ≤ 400 MHz
	48		52	%	005, 010, and 025 devices F_{OUT} < 350 MHz
	46		54	%	005, 010, and 025 devices 350 MHz ≤ F_{out} ≤ 400 MHz
	48		52	%	060 and 090 devices F_{OUT} ≤ 100 MHz
	44		52	%	060 and 090 devices 100 MHz ≤ F_{OUT} ≤ 400 MHz
	48		52	%	150 devices F_{OUT} ≤ 120 MHz
	45		52	%	150 devices 120 MHz ≤ F_{OUT} ≤ 400 MHz
Spread Spectrum Characteristics					
Modulation frequency range	25	35	50	k	
Modulation depth range	0		1.5	%	
Modulation depth control		0.5		%	

The following table lists the receiver pa in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 297 • **Receiver Parameters**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
VRX-IN-PP-CC	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (2.5 Gbps)	0.238		1.2	V
	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (2.5 Gbps, de-emphasized)	0.219		1.2	V
	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (5.0 Gbps)	0.300		1.2	V
	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (5.0 Gbps, de-emphasized)	0.300		1.2	V
VRX-CM-AC-P	Input common mode range (AC coupled)			150	mV
ZRX-DIFF-DC	Differential input termination	80	100	120	Ω
REXT	External calibration resistor	1,188	1,200	1,212	Ω
CDR-LOCK-RST	CDR relock time from reset			15	µs
RLRX-DIFF	Return loss differential mode (2.5 Gbps)	–10			dB
	Return loss differential mode (5.0 Gbps)				
	0.05 GHz to 1.25 GHz	–10			dB
	1.25 GHz to 2.5 GHz	–8			dB
RLRX-CM	Return loss common mode (2.5 Gbps, 5.0 Gbps)	–6			dB
RX-CID[1]	CID limit PCIe Gen1/2			200	UI
VRX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-PP	Signal detect limit	65		175	mV

1. AC-coupled, BER = e^{-12}, using synchronous clock.

Table 298 • **SerDes Protocol Compliance**

Protocol	Maximum Data Rate (Gbps)	–1	–Std
PCIe Gen 1	2.5	Yes	Yes
PCIe Gen 2	5.0	Yes	
XAUI	3.125	Yes	
Generic EPCS	3.2	Yes	
Generic EPCS	2.5	Yes	Yes