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### **Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	146124
Total RAM Bits	5120000
Number of I/O	293
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	536-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	536-CSPBGA (16x16)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl150ts-1fcs536i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl150ts-1fcs536i</a>



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## 2 IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA

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Microsemi's mainstream SmartFusion®2 SoC and IGLOO®2 FPGA families integrate an industry standard 4-input lookup table-based (LUT) FPGA fabric with integrated math blocks, multiple embedded memory blocks, and high-performance SerDes communication interfaces on a single chip. Both families benefit from low-power flash technology and are the most secure and reliable FPGAs in the industry. These next generation devices offer up to 150K Logic Elements, up to 5 MBs of embedded RAM, up to 16 SerDes lanes, and up to four PCI Express Gen 2 endpoints, as well as integrated hard DDR3 memory controllers with error correction.

SmartFusion2 devices integrate an entire low-power, real-time microcontroller subsystem (MSS) with a rich set of industry-standard peripherals including Ethernet, USB, and CAN, while IGLOO2 devices integrate a high-performance memory subsystem with on-chip flash, 32 Kbyte embedded SRAM, and multiple DMA controllers.

### 2.1 Device Status

The following table shows the design security densities and development status of the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices.

**Table 1 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 Design Security Densities**

Design Security Device Densities	Status
005	Production
010, 010T	Production
025, 025T	Production
050, 050T	Production
060, 060T	Production
090, 090T	Production
150, 150T	Production

The following table shows the data security densities and development status of the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices.

**Table 2 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 Data Security Densities**

Data Security Device Densities	Status
005S	Production
010TS	Production
025TS	Production
050TS	Production
060TS	Production
090TS	Production
150TS	Production

## 2.2 References

The following documents are recommended references:

- [PB0121: IGLOO2 Product Brief](#)
- [DS0124: IGLOO2 Pin Descriptions](#)
- [PB0115: SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Product Brief](#)
- [DS0115: SmartFusion2 Pin Descriptions](#)

All product documentation for IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 is available at:

<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/fpga/igloo2-fpga>

<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/soc-fpga/smartfusion2#overview>

## 2.3 Electrical Specifications

### 2.3.1 Operating Conditions

The following table lists the stress limits. Stress applied above the specified limit may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the recommended operating conditions specified in the following table are not implied.

**Table 3 • Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.	V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	1.32	V
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming). Must always power this pin.	V <sub>PP</sub>	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for FDDR PLL	FDDR_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for PLL0–5	CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
High supply voltage for PLL SerDes[01]	SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	-0.3	3.63	V
Analog power for SerDes[01] PLL lane0 to lane3. This is a 2.5 V SerDes internal PLL supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL	-0.3	2.75	V
TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SerDesI0. This is a 1.2 V SerDes PMA supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIO	-0.3	1.32	V
PCIe/PCS power supply	SERDES_[01]_VDD	-0.3	1.32	V
DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIO I/O bank	V <sub>DDIx</sub>	-0.3	3.63	V
DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O banks	V <sub>DDIx</sub>	-0.3	2.75	V
I/O Input voltage for MSIO I/O bank	V <sub>I</sub>	-0.3	3.63	V
I/O Input voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O bank	V <sub>I</sub>	-0.3	2.75	V
Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to V <sub>PP</sub> .	V <sub>PPNVM</sub>	-0.3	3.63	V
Storage temperature <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65	150	°C
Junction temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	-55	135	°C

- For flash programming and retention maximum limits, see Table 5, page 7. For recommended operating conditions, see Table 4, page 6.

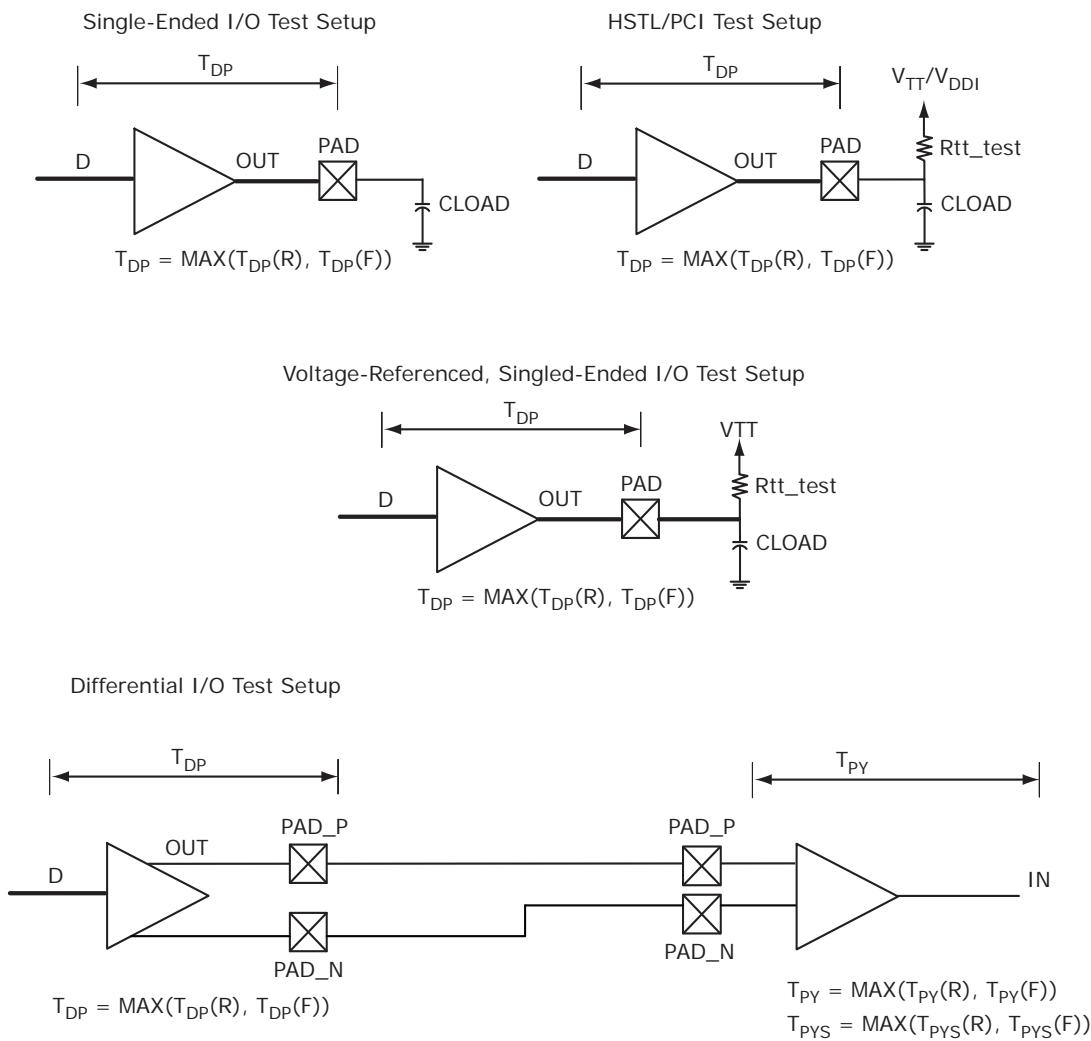
**Table 4 • Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Operating junction temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	0	25	85	°C	Commercial
		-40	25	100	°C	Industrial
Programming junction temperatures <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>J</sub>	0	25	85	°C	Commercial
		-40	25	100	°C	Industrial
DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.	V <sub>DD</sub>	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming) for the 005, 010, 025, 050, 060 devices	V <sub>PP</sub>	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming) for the 090 and 150 devices	V <sub>PP</sub>	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for FDDR PLL	FDDR_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_V DDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_ VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power pad for PLL0 to PLL5	CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
High supply voltage for PLL SerDes[01]	SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Analog power for SerDes[01] PLL Lane 0 to Lane 3. This is a 2.5 V SerDes internal PLL supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VD DAPLL	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SerDesIF0. This is a 1.2 V SerDes PMA supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VD DAIO	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
PCIe/PCS power supply	SERDES_[01]_VDD	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
1.2 V DC supply voltage	V <sub>DD1x</sub>	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
1.5 V DC supply voltage	V <sub>DD1x</sub>	1.425	1.5	1.575	V	
1.8 V DC supply voltage	V <sub>DD1x</sub>	1.71	1.8	1.89	V	
2.5 V DC supply voltage	V <sub>DD1x</sub>	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	

### 2.3.5.2 Output Buffer and AC Loading

The following figure shows the output buffer and AC loading.

**Figure 4 • Output Buffer AC Loading**



**Table 34 • LVTT/LVCMOS 3.3 V AC Test Parameter Specifications (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	1.4	V
Resistance for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	R <sub>ENT</sub>	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	C <sub>ENT</sub>	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T <sub>DP</sub> )	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	5	pF

**Table 35 • LVTT/LVCMOS 3.3 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications for MSIO I/O Bank**

Output Drive Selection	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	I <sub>OH</sub> (at V <sub>OH</sub> ) mA	I <sub>OL</sub> (at V <sub>OL</sub> ) mA
2 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4	2	2
4 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4	4	4
8 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4	8	8
12 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4	12	12
16 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4	16	16
20 mA	V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4	20	20

**Note:** For a detailed I/V curve, use the corresponding IBIS models:  
[www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx).

#### AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V, V<sub>DDI</sub> = 3.0 V

**Table 36 • LVTT/LVCMOS 3.3 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>				T <sub>PYS</sub>	Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std		
None	2.262	2.663	2.289	2.695	ns	

**Table 37 • LVTT/LVCMOS 3.3 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>			T <sub>ZL</sub>			T <sub>ZH</sub>			T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>			T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit		
2 mA	Slow	3.192	3.755	3.47	4.083	2.969	3.494	1.856	2.183	3.337	3.926	ns				
4 mA	Slow	2.331	2.742	2.673	3.145	2.526	2.973	3.034	3.569	4.451	5.236	ns				
8 mA	Slow	2.135	2.511	2.33	2.741	2.297	2.703	4.532	5.331	4.825	5.676	ns				
12 mA	Slow	2.052	2.414	2.107	2.479	2.162	2.544	5.75	6.764	5.445	6.406	ns				
16 mA	Slow	2.062	2.425	2.072	2.438	2.145	2.525	5.993	7.05	5.625	6.618	ns				
20 mA	Slow	2.148	2.527	1.999	2.353	2.088	2.458	6.262	7.367	5.876	6.913	ns				

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

**AC Switching Characteristics**Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.425\text{ V}$ **Table 67 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		T <sub>PYS</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	2.051	2.413	2.086	2.455	ns

**Table 68 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		T <sub>PYS</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	3.311	3.896	3.285	3.865	ns
50	3.654	4.299	3.623	4.263	ns
75	3.533	4.156	3.501	4.119	ns
150	3.415	4.018	3.388	3.986	ns

**Table 69 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		T <sub>PYS</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	2.959	3.481	2.93	3.447	ns
50	3.298	3.88	3.268	3.845	ns
75	3.162	3.719	3.128	3.68	ns
150	3.053	3.592	3.021	3.554	ns

**Table 70 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	5.122	6.026	4.31	5.07	5.145	6.052	5.258	6.186	4.672	5.496	ns
	Medium	4.58	5.389	3.86	4.54	4.6	5.411	4.977	5.855	4.357	5.126	ns
	Medium fast	4.323	5.086	3.629	4.269	4.341	5.107	4.804	5.652	4.228	4.974	ns
	Fast	4.296	5.054	3.609	4.245	4.314	5.075	4.791	5.636	4.219	4.963	ns
4 mA	Slow	4.449	5.235	3.707	4.361	4.443	5.227	6.058	7.127	5.458	6.421	ns
	Medium	3.961	4.66	3.264	3.839	3.954	4.651	5.778	6.797	5.116	6.018	ns
	Medium fast	3.729	4.387	3.043	3.579	3.72	4.376	5.63	6.624	4.981	5.86	ns
	Fast	3.704	4.358	3.027	3.56	3.695	4.347	5.624	6.617	4.973	5.851	ns

### AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 3.0\text{ V}$

**Table 91 • PCI/PCIX AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		$T_{PYS}$		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
None	2.229	2.623	2.238	2.633	ns

**Table 92 • PCI/PCIX AC switching Characteristics for Transmitter for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

$T_{DP}$	$T_{ZL}$	$T_{ZH}$	$T_{HZ}$	$T_{LZ}$		
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit
2.146	2.525	2.043	2.404	2.084	2.452	6.095
					7.171	5.558
					6.539	ns

### 2.3.6 Memory Interface and Voltage Referenced I/O Standards

This section describes High-Speed Transceiver Logic (HSTL) memory interface and voltage reference I/O standards.

#### 2.3.6.1 High-Speed Transceiver Logic (HSTL)

The HSTL standard is a general purpose high-speed bus standard sponsored by IBM (EIA/JESD8-6). IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices support two classes of the 1.5 V HSTL. These differential versions of the standard require a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

**Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

**Table 93 • HSTL Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
Termination voltage	$V_{TT}$	0.698	0.750	0.803	V
Input reference voltage	$V_{REF}$	0.698	0.750	0.803	V

**Table 94 • HSTL DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	1.575	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}$ (DC)	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 95 • HSTL DC Output Voltage Specification Applicable to DDRIO I/O Bank Only**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>HSTL Class I</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		0.4	V
Output minimum source DC current (MSIO and DDRIO I/O banks)	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	-8.0		mA
Output minimum sink current (MSIO and DDRIO I/O banks)	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	8.0		mA
<b>HSTL Class II</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		0.4	V
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	-16.0		mA
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	16.0		mA

**Table 96 • HSTL DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$ (DC)	0.2		V

**Table 97 • HSTL AC Differential Voltage Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	$V_{DIFF}$	0.4		V
AC differential cross point voltage	$V_x$	0.68	0.9	V

**Table 98 • HSTL Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	$D_{MAX}$	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications

**Table 99 • HSTL Impedance Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$R_{REF}$	25.5, 47.8	$\Omega$	Reference resistance = 191 $\Omega$
Effective impedance value (ODT for DDRIO I/O bank only)	$R_{TT}$	47.8	$\Omega$	Reference resistance = 191 $\Omega$

**Table 100 • HSTL AC Test Parameter Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	0.75	V
Resistance for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	R <sub>ENT</sub>	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	C <sub>ENT</sub>	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for HSTL15 Class I (T <sub>DP</sub> )	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for HSTL15 Class II (T <sub>DP</sub> )	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T <sub>DP</sub> )	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	5	pF

**AC Switching Characteristics**

Worst-case commercial conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V, worst-case V<sub>DDI</sub>.

**Table 101 • HSTL Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		
	-1	-Std	Unit
Pseudo differential	None	1.605	ns
	47.8	1.614	ns
True differential	None	1.622	ns
	47.8	1.628	ns

**Table 102 • HSTL Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub>		T <sub>LZ</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std									
<b>HSTL Class I</b>											
Single-ended	2.6	3.059	2.514	2.958	2.514	2.958	2.431	2.86	2.431	2.86	ns
Differential	2.621	3.083	2.648	3.115	2.647	3.113	2.925	3.442	2.923	3.44	ns
<b>HSTL Class II</b>											
Single-ended	2.511	2.954	2.488	2.927	2.49	2.93	2.409	2.833	2.411	2.836	ns
Differential	2.528	2.974	2.552	3.003	2.551	3.001	2.897	3.409	2.896	3.408	ns

**2.3.6.2 Stub-Series Terminated Logic**

Stub-Series Terminated Logic (SSTL) for 2.5 V (SSTL2), 1.8 V (SSTL18), and 1.5 V (SSTL15) is supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs. SSTL2 is defined by JEDEC standard JESD8-9B and SSTL18 is defined by JEDEC standard JESD8-15. IGLOO2 SSTL I/O configurations are designed to meet double data rate standards DDR/2/3 for general purpose memory buses. Double data rate standards are designed to meet their JEDEC specifications as defined by JEDEC standard JESD79F for DDR, JEDEC standard JESD79-2F for DDR, JEDEC standard JESD79-3D for DDR3, and JEDEC standard JESD209A for LPDDR.

### 2.3.6.3 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 2.5 V (SSTL2)

SSTL2 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs and also comply with reduced and full drive of double data rate (DDR) standards. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os supports both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL2. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 103 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
Termination voltage	$V_{TT}$	1.164	1.250	1.339	V
Input reference voltage	$V_{REF}$	1.164	1.250	1.339	V

**Table 104 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	2.625	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}$ (DC)	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See [Table 24](#), page 22.

**Table 105 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>SSTL2 Class I (DDR Reduced Drive)</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$V_{TT} + 0.608$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$V_{TT} - 0.608$	V
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	8.1		mA
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	-8.1		mA
<b>SSTL2 Class II (DDR Full Drive) – Applicable to MSIO and DDRIO I/O Bank Only</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$V_{TT} + 0.81$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$V_{TT} - 0.81$	V
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	16.2		mA
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	-16.2		mA

**Table 106 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$ (DC)	0.3	V

**Table 215 • LVPECL DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	$V_I$	0	3.45	V

**Table 216 • LVPECL DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input common mode voltage	$V_{ICM}$	0.3		2.8	V
Input differential voltage	$V_{IDIFF}$	100	300	1,000	mV

**Table 217 • LVPECL Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit
Maximum data rate	$D_{MAX}$	900	Mbps

### AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ .

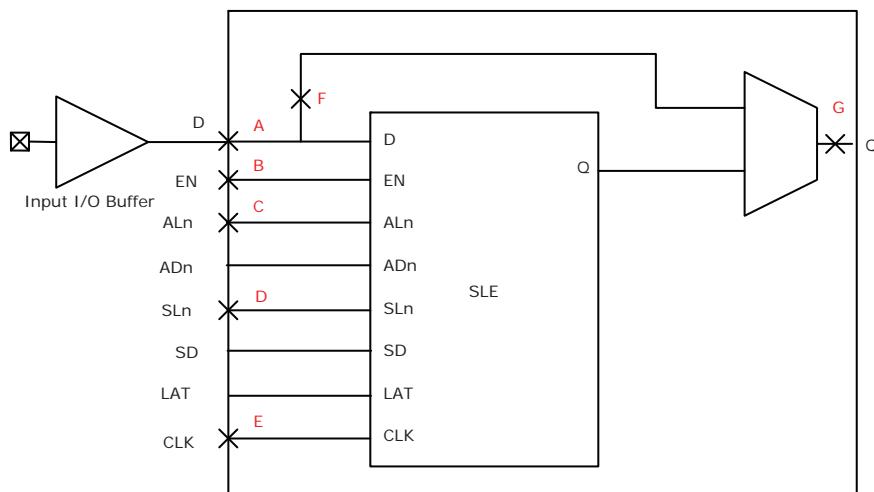
**Table 218 • LVPECL Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		Unit
	-1	-Std	
None	2.572	3.025	ns
100	2.569	3.023	ns

## 2.3.8 I/O Register Specifications

This section describes input and output register specifications.

### 2.3.8.1 Input Register

**Figure 6 • Timing Model for Input Register**

### 2.3.11 Global Resource Characteristics

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices offer a powerful, low skew global routing network which provides an effective clock distribution throughout the FPGA fabric. See [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#) for the positions of various global routing resources.

The following table lists the 150 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 225 • 150 Device Global Resource**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Input low delay for global clock	$T_{RCKL}$	0.83	0.911	0.831	0.913	ns
Input high delay for global clock	$T_{RCKH}$	1.457	1.588	1.715	1.869	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	$T_{RCKSW}$		0.131		0.154	ns

The following table lists the 090 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 226 • 090 Device Global Resource**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Input low delay for global clock	$T_{RCKL}$	0.835	0.888	0.833	0.886	ns
Input high delay for global clock	$T_{RCKH}$	1.405	1.489	1.654	1.752	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	$T_{RCKSW}$		0.084		0.098	ns

The following table lists the 050 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 227 • 050 Device Global Resource**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Input low delay for global clock	$T_{RCKL}$	0.827	0.897	0.826	0.896	ns
Input high delay for global clock	$T_{RCKH}$	1.419	1.53	1.671	1.8	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	$T_{RCKSW}$		0.111		0.129	ns

The following table lists the 025 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 228 • 025 Device Global Resource**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Input low delay for global clock	$T_{RCKL}$	0.747	0.799	0.745	0.797	ns
Input high delay for global clock	$T_{RCKH}$	1.294	1.378	1.522	1.621	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	$T_{RCKSW}$		0.084		0.099	ns

**Table 237 • μSRAM (RAM64x18) in 64 × 18 Mode (continued)**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Write address setup time	T <sub>ADDRCSU</sub>	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	T <sub>ADDRCHD</sub>	0.128		0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	T <sub>WECSU</sub>	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T <sub>WECHD</sub>	-0.026		-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F <sub>MAX</sub>		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the μSRAM in 64 × 16 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V.

**Table 238 • μSRAM (RAM64x16) in 64 × 16 Mode**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Read clock period	T <sub>CY</sub>	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>CLKMPWH</sub>	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>CLKMPWL</sub>	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	T <sub>PLCY</sub>	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>PLCLKMPWH</sub>	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>PLCLKMPWL</sub>	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T <sub>CLK2Q</sub>		0.266		0.313	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.677		1.973	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T <sub>ADDRSU</sub>	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.856		2.184		ns
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T <sub>ADDRHD</sub>	0.091		0.107		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.778		-0.915		ns
Read enable setup time	T <sub>RDENSU</sub>	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T <sub>RDENHD</sub>	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T <sub>BLKSU</sub>	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T <sub>BLKHD</sub>	-0.65		-0.765		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T <sub>BLK2Q</sub>		2.036		2.396	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023		-0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	T <sub>RSTREM</sub>	0.046		0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507		0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	T <sub>RSTREC</sub>	0.236		0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T <sub>R2Q</sub>		0.835		0.983	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T <sub>SRSTSU</sub>	0.271		0.319		ns

**Table 239 • μSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128 × 9 Mode (continued)**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>	
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023		-0.027	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREM}$	0.046		0.054	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507		0.597	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREC}$	0.236		0.278	ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	$T_{R2Q}$		0.835		0.982 ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	$T_{SRSTSU}$	0.271		0.319	ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	$T_{SRSTHD}$	0.061		0.071	ns
Write clock period	$T_{CCY}$	4		4	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Write block setup time	$T_{BLKCSU}$	0.404		0.476	ns
Write block hold time	$T_{BLKCHD}$	0.007		0.008	ns
Write input data setup time	$T_{DINCSU}$	0.115		0.135	ns
Write input data hold time	$T_{DINCHD}$	0.15		0.177	ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104	ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.128		0.15	ns
Write enable setup time	$T_{WECSU}$	0.397		0.467	ns
Write enable hold time	$T_{WECHD}$	-0.026		-0.03	ns
Maximum frequency	$F_{MAX}$		250		250 MHz

The following table lists the μSRAM in 128 × 8 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 240 • μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>	
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>
Read clock period	$T_{CY}$	4		4	ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read pipeline clock period	$T_{PLCY}$	4		4	ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8	ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.266		0.313 ns
Read access time without pipeline register	$T_{CLK2Q}$		1.677		1.973 ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode		0.301		0.354	ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode	$T_{ADDRSU}$	1.856		2.184	ns

**Table 240 • μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode (continued)**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>	
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T <sub>ADDRHD</sub>	0.091	0.107		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.778	-0.915		ns
Read enable setup time	T <sub>RDENSU</sub>	0.278	0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T <sub>RDENHD</sub>	0.057	0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T <sub>BLKSU</sub>	1.839	2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T <sub>BLKHD</sub>	-0.65	-0.765		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T <sub>BLK2Q</sub>		2.036	2.396	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023	-0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	T <sub>RSTREM</sub>	0.046	0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507	0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	T <sub>RSTREC</sub>	0.236	0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T <sub>R2Q</sub>		0.835	0.982	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T <sub>SRSTSU</sub>	0.271	0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T <sub>SRSTHD</sub>	0.061	0.071		ns
Write clock period	T <sub>CCY</sub>	4	4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>CCLKMPWH</sub>	1.8	1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>CCLKMPWL</sub>	1.8	1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T <sub>BLKCSU</sub>	0.404	0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T <sub>BLKCHD</sub>	0.007	0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T <sub>DINCSU</sub>	0.115	0.135		ns
Write input data hold time	T <sub>DINCHD</sub>	0.15	0.177		ns
Write address setup time	T <sub>ADDRCSU</sub>	0.088	0.104		ns
Write address hold time	T <sub>ADDRCHD</sub>	0.128	0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	T <sub>WECSU</sub>	0.397	0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T <sub>WECHD</sub>	-0.026	-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F <sub>MAX</sub>		250	250	MHz

**Table 243 • μSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 × 1 Mode (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std	
		Min	Max	Min	Max
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)	T <sub>RSTREC</sub>	0.507		0.597	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)		0.236		0.278	ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T <sub>R2Q</sub>		0.83	0.98	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T <sub>SRSTSU</sub>	0.271		0.319	ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T <sub>SRSTHD</sub>	0.061		0.071	ns
Write clock period	T <sub>CCY</sub>	4		4	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>CCLKMPWH</sub>	1.8		1.8	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>CCLKMPWL</sub>	1.8		1.8	ns
Write block setup time	T <sub>BLKCSU</sub>	0.404		0.476	ns
Write block hold time	T <sub>BLKCHD</sub>	0.007		0.008	ns
Write input data setup time	T <sub>DINCSU</sub>	0.003		0.004	ns
Write input data hold time	T <sub>DINCHD</sub>	0.137		0.161	ns
Write address setup time	T <sub>ADDRCSU</sub>	0.088		0.104	ns
Write address hold time	T <sub>ADDRCHD</sub>	0.247		0.29	ns
Write enable setup time	T <sub>WECSU</sub>	0.397		0.467	ns
Write enable hold time	T <sub>WECHD</sub>	-0.03		-0.03	ns
Maximum frequency	F <sub>MAX</sub>		250	250	MHz

### 2.3.13 Programming Times

The following tables list the programming times in typical conditions when T<sub>J</sub> = 25 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.2 V. External SPI flash part# AT25DF641-s3H is used during this measurement.

**Table 244 • JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	22	10	Sec
010	568784	28	18	Sec
025	1223504	51	26	Sec
050	2424832	66	54	Sec
060	2418896	77	54	Sec
090	3645968	113	126	Sec
150	6139184	155	193	Sec

**Table 251 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only) (continued)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
150	544496	10	158	15	Sec

**Table 252 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	9	61	11	Sec
010	842688	15	107	21	Sec
025	1497408	26	121	35	Sec
050	2695168	43	141	55	Sec
060	2686464	48	143	60	Sec
090	4190208	75	244	91	Sec
150	6682768	117	296	141	Sec

**Table 253 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming		Programming Recovery		Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz		
005	47	27	28		Sec
010	77	35	35		Sec
025	150	42	41		Sec
050	33 <sup>1</sup>	Not Supported	Not Supported		Sec
060	291	83	82		Sec
090	427	109	108		Sec
150	708	157	160		Sec

1. Auto Programming in 050 device is done through SC\_SPI, and SPI CLK is set to 6.25 MHz.

**Table 254 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming		Programming Recovery		Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz		
005	41	48	49		Sec
010	86	87	87		Sec
025	87	85	86		Sec
050	85	Not Supported	Not Supported		Sec
060	78	86	86		Sec
090	154	162	162		Sec

### 2.3.22 JTAG

Table 284 • JTAG 1532 for 005, 010, 025, and 050 Devices

Parameter	Symbol	005		010		025		050		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
Clock to Q (data out)	$T_{TCK2Q}$	7.47	8.79	7.73	9.09	7.75	9.12	7.89	9.28	ns
Reset to Q (data out)	$T_{RSTB2Q}$	7.65	9	6.43	7.56	6.13	7.21	7.40	8.70	ns
Test data input setup time	$T_{DISU}$	-1.05	-0.89	-0.69	-0.59	-0.67	-0.57	-0.30	-0.25	ns
Test data input hold time	$T_{DIHD}$	2.38	2.8	2.38	2.8	2.42	2.85	2.09	2.45	ns
Test mode select setup time	$T_{TMSSU}$	-0.73	-0.62	-1.03	-1.21	-1.1	-0.94	0.28	0.33	ns
Test mode select hold time	$T_{TMDHD}$	1.36	1.6	1.43	1.68	1.93	2.27	0.16	0.19	ns
ResetB removal time	$T_{TRSTREM}$	-0.77	-0.65	-1.08	-0.92	-1.33	-1.13	-0.45	-0.38	ns
ResetB recovery time	$T_{TRSTREC}$	-0.76	-0.65	-1.07	-0.91	-1.34	-1.14	-0.45	-0.38	ns
TCK maximum frequency	$F_{TCKMAX}$	25	21.25	25	21.25	25	21.25	25.00	21.25	MHz

Table 285 • JTAG 1532 for 060, 090, and 150 Devices

Parameter	Symbol	060		090		150		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
Clock to Q (data out)	$T_{TCK2Q}$	8.38	9.86	8.96	10.54	8.66	10.19	ns
Reset to Q (data out)	$T_{RSTB2Q}$	8.54	10.04	7.75	9.12	8.79	10.34	ns
Test data input setup time	$T_{DISU}$	-1.18	-1	-1.31	-1.11	-0.96	-0.82	ns
Test data input hold time	$T_{DIHD}$	2.52	2.97	2.68	3.15	2.57	3.02	ns
Test mode select setup time	$T_{TMSSU}$	-0.97	-0.83	-1.02	-0.87	-0.53	-0.45	ns
Test mode select hold time	$T_{TMDHD}$	1.7	2	1.67	1.96	1.02	1.2	ns
ResetB removal time	$T_{TRSTREM}$	-1.21	-1.03	-0.76	-0.65	-1.03	-0.88	ns
ResetB recovery time	$T_{TRSTREC}$	-1.21	-1.03	-0.77	-0.65	-1.03	-0.88	ns
TCK maximum frequency	$F_{TCKMAX}$	25	21.25	25	21.25	25	21.25	MHz

### 2.3.23 System Controller SPI Characteristics