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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Product Status | Active |
| Number of LABs/CLBs | - |
| Number of Logic Elements/Cells | 146124 |
| Total RAM Bits | 5120000 |
| Number of I/O | 293 |
| Number of Gates | - |
| Voltage - Supply | 1.14V ~ 2.625V |
| Mounting Type | Surface Mount |
| Operating Temperature | 0°C ~ 85°C (TJ) |
| Package / Case | 536-LFBGA, CSPBGA |
| Supplier Device Package | 536-CSPBGA (16x16) |
| Purchase URL | https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2gl150ts-fcs536 |

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1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 11.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 11.0 of this document.

- Updated [Table 24](#), page 22 with minimum and maximum values for input current low and high (SAR 73114 and 80314).
- Added [Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator \(NRBG\) Characteristics](#), page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79517).
- Added 060 device in [Table 282](#), page 110 (SAR 79860).
- Added [DEVRST_N to Functional Times](#), page 116 (SAR 73114).
- Added [Cryptographic Block Characteristics](#), page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79516).
- Update [Table 296](#), page 121 with VTX-AMP details (SAR 81756).
- Update note in [Table 297](#), page 122 (SAR 74570 and 80677).
- Update [Table 298](#), page 122 with generic EPICS details (SAR 75307).
- Added [Table 308](#), page 129 (SAR 50424).

1.2 Revision 10.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 10.0 of this document.

- The Surge Current on VDD during DEVRST_B Assertion and Surge Current on VDD during Digest Check using System Services tables were deleted and added reference to [AC393: Board Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs Application Note](#). (SAR 76865 and 76623).
- Added 060 device in [Table 4](#), page 6 (SAR 76383).
- Updated [Table 24](#), page 22 for ramp time input (SAR 72103).
- Added 060 device details in [Table 284](#), page 112 (SAR 74927).
- Updated [Table 290](#), page 116 for name change (SAR 74925).
- Updated [Table 283](#), page 111 for 060 FG676 Package details (SAR 78849).
- Updated [Table 305](#), page 126 for SmartFusion2 and [Table 310](#), page 129 for IGLOO2 for SPI timing and Fmax (SAR 56645, 75331).
- Updated [Table 293](#), page 119 for Flash*Freeze entry and exit times (SAR 75329, 75330).
- Updated [Table 297](#), page 122 for RX-CID information (SAR 78271).
- Added [Table 8](#), page 8 and [Figure 1](#), page 9 (SAR 78932).
- Updated [Table 223](#), page 76 for timing characteristics and [Table 224](#), page 77(SAR 75998).
- Added [SRAM PUF](#), page 105 (SAR 64406).
- Added a footnote on digest cycle in [Table 5](#), page 7 (SAR 79812).

1.3 Revision 9.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 9.0 of this document.

- Added a note in [Table 5](#), page 7 (SAR 71506).
- Added a note in [Table 6](#), page 8 (SAR 74616).
- Added a note in [Figure 3](#), page 17 (SAR 71506).
- Updated Quiescent Supply Current for 060 in [Table 11](#), page 12 and [Table 12](#), page 13 (SAR 74483).
- Updated programming currents for 060 in [Table 13](#), page 13, [Table 14](#), page 13, and [Table 15](#), page 14.
- Added DEVRST_B assertion tables (SAR 74708).
- Updated I/O speeds for LVDS 3.3 V in [Table 18](#), page 19 and [Table 21](#), page 20 (SAR 69829).
- Updated [Table 24](#), page 22 (SAR 69418).
- Updated [Table 25](#), page 22, [Table 26](#), page 23, [Table 27](#), page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Updated all AC/DC table to link to the [Input Capacitance, Leakage Current, and Ramp Time](#), page 22 for reference (SAR 69418).

- For flash programming and retention maximum limits, see Table 5, page 7. For recommended operating conditions, see Table 4, page 6.

Table 4 • Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|---|---------------------------------|-------|-----|-------|------|-------------|
| Operating junction temperature | T _J | 0 | 25 | 85 | °C | Commercial |
| | | -40 | 25 | 100 | °C | Industrial |
| Programming junction temperatures ¹ | T _J | 0 | 25 | 85 | °C | Commercial |
| | | -40 | 25 | 100 | °C | Industrial |
| DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin. | V _{DD} | 1.14 | 1.2 | 1.26 | V | |
| Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming) for the 005, 010, 025, 050, 060 devices | V _{PP} | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | 2.5 V range |
| | | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | 3.3 V range |
| Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming) for the 090 and 150 devices | V _{PP} | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | 3.3 V range |
| Analog power pad for MDDR PLL | MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | 2.5 V range |
| | | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | 3.3 V range |
| Analog power pad for MDDR PLL | HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | 2.5 V range |
| | | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | 3.3 V range |
| Analog power pad for FDDR PLL | FDDR_PLL_VDDA | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | 2.5 V range |
| | | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | 3.3 V range |
| Analog power pad for MDDR PLL | PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_V DDA | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | 2.5 V range |
| | | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | 3.3 V range |
| Analog power pad for MDDR PLL | PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_ VDDA | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | 2.5 V range |
| | | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | 3.3 V range |
| Analog power pad for PLL0 to PLL5 | CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | 2.5 V range |
| | | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | 3.3 V range |
| High supply voltage for PLL SerDes[01] | SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | 2.5 V range |
| | | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | 3.3 V range |
| Analog power for SerDes[01] PLL Lane 0 to Lane 3. This is a 2.5 V SerDes internal PLL supply. | SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VD DAPLL | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | |
| TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SerDesIF0. This is a 1.2 V SerDes PMA supply. | SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VD DAIO | 1.14 | 1.2 | 1.26 | V | |
| PCIe/PCS power supply | SERDES_[01]_VDD | 1.14 | 1.2 | 1.26 | V | |
| 1.2 V DC supply voltage | V _{DD1x} | 1.14 | 1.2 | 1.26 | V | |
| 1.5 V DC supply voltage | V _{DD1x} | 1.425 | 1.5 | 1.575 | V | |
| 1.8 V DC supply voltage | V _{DD1x} | 1.71 | 1.8 | 1.89 | V | |
| 2.5 V DC supply voltage | V _{DD1x} | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | |

Table 4 • Recommended Operating Conditions (continued)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| 3.3 V DC supply voltage | V_{DDIx} | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | |
| LVDS differential I/O | V_{DDIx} | 2.375 | 2.5 | 3.45 | V | |
| B-LVDS, M-LVDS, Mini-LVDS, RSIDS differential I/O | V_{DDIx} | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V | |
| LVPECL differential I/O | V_{DDIx} | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | |
| Reference voltage supply for FDDR (Bank0) and MDDR (Bank5) | V_{REFx} | 0.49 × V_{DDIx} | 0.5 × V_{DDIx} | 0.51 × V_{DDIx} | V | |
| Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to V_{PP} . | V_{PPNVM} | 2.375 3.15 | 2.5 3.3 | 2.625 3.45 | V V | 2.5 V range 3.3 V range |

1. Programming at Industrial temperature range is available only with $V_{PP} = 3.3$ V.

Note: Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 5 • FPGA Operating Limits

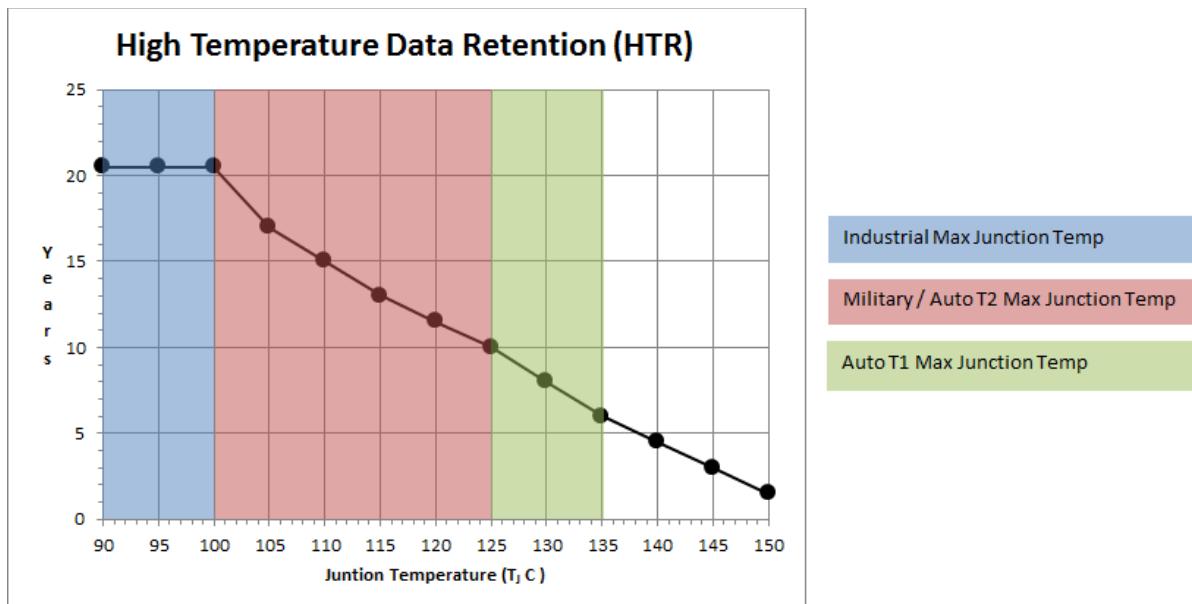
| Product Grade | Element | Programming Temperature | Operating Temperature | Programming Cycles | Digest Temperature | Digest Cycles | Retention (Biased/Unbiased) |
|-------------------------|---------|--|--|--------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Commercial | FPGA | Min $T_J = 0$ °C Max $T_J = 85$ °C | Min $T_J = 0$ °C Max $T_J = 85$ °C | 500 | Min $T_J = 0$ °C Max $T_J = 85$ °C | 2000 | 20 years |
| Industrial ¹ | FPGA | Min $T_J = -40$ °C Max $T_J = 100$ °C | Min $T_J = -40$ °C Max $T_J = 100$ °C | 500 | Min $T_J = -40$ °C Max $T_J = 100$ °C | 2000 | 20 years |

1. Programming at Industrial temperature range is available only with $V_{PP} = 3.3$ V.

Note: The retention specification is defined as the total number of programming and digest cycles. For example, 20 years of retention after 500 programming cycles.

Note: The digest cycle specification is 2000 digest cycles for every program cycle with a maximum of 500 programming cycles.

Note: If your product qualification requires accelerated programming cycles, see *Microsemi SoC Products Quality and Reliability Report* about recommended methodologies.

Figure 1 • High Temperature Data Retention (HTR)

2.3.1.1 Overshoot/Undershoot Limits

For AC signals, the input signal may undershoot during transitions to -1.0 V for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

For AC signals, the input signal may overshoot during transitions to $V_{CC1} + 1.0\text{ V}$ for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

Note: The above specifications do not apply to the PCI standard. The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 PCI I/Os are compliant with the PCI standard including the PCI overshoot/undershoot specifications.

2.3.1.2 Thermal Characteristics

The temperature variable in the Microsemi SoC Products Group Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption causes the chip's junction temperature to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures.

EQ1 through EQ3 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient, and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P} \quad EQ\ 1$$

$$\theta_{JB} = \frac{T_J - T_B}{P} \quad EQ\ 2$$

$$\theta_{JC} = \frac{T_J - T_C}{P} \quad EQ\ 3$$

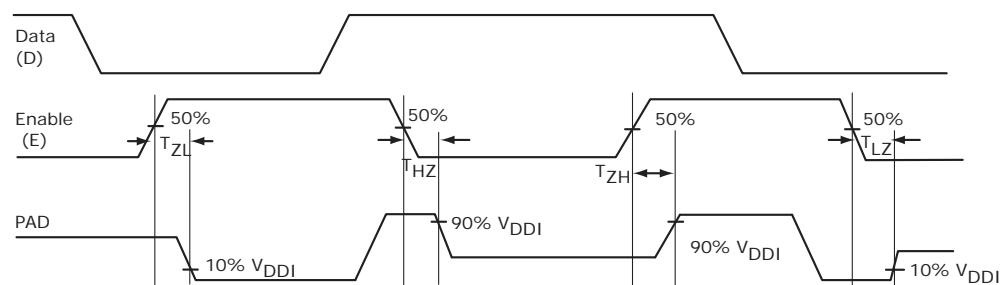
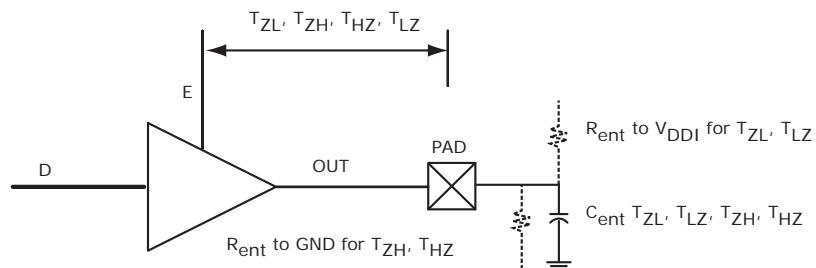
Table 17 • Timing Model Parameters (continued)

| Index | Symbol | Description | -1 | Unit | For More Information |
|-------|--------------------|---|-------|------|------------------------|
| F | T _{DP} | Propagation delay of an OR gate | 0.179 | ns | See Table 223, page 76 |
| G | T _{DP} | Propagation delay of an LVDS transmitter | 2.136 | ns | See Table 169, page 57 |
| H | T _{DP} | Propagation delay of a three-input XOR Gate | 0.241 | ns | See Table 223, page 76 |
| I | T _{DP} | Propagation delay of LVCMOS 2.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 16 mA on the MSIO bank | 2.412 | ns | See Table 46, page 27 |
| J | T _{DP} | Propagation delay of a two-input NAND gate | 0.179 | ns | See Table 223, page 76 |
| K | T _{DP} | Propagation delay of LVCMOS 2.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 8 mA on the MSIO bank | 2.309 | ns | See Table 46, page 27 |
| L | T _{CLKQ} | Clock-to-Q of the data register | 0.108 | ns | See Table 224, page 77 |
| | T _{SUD} | Setup time of the data register | 0.254 | ns | See Table 224, page 77 |
| M | T _{DP} | Propagation delay of a two-input AND gate | 0.179 | ns | See Table 223, page 76 |
| N | T _{OCLKQ} | Clock-to-Q of the output data register | 0.263 | ns | See Table 220, page 69 |
| | T _{OSUD} | Setup time of the output data register | 0.19 | ns | See Table 220, page 69 |
| O | T _{DP} | Propagation delay of SSTL2, Class I transmitter on the MSIO bank | 2.055 | ns | See Table 114, page 45 |
| P | T _{DP} | Propagation delay of LVCMOS 1.5 V transmitter, drive strength of 12 mA, fast slew on the DDRIO bank | 3.316 | ns | See Table 70, page 34 |

2.3.5.3 Tristate Buffer and AC Loading

The tristate path for enable path loadings is described in the respective specifications. The following figure shows the methodology of characterization illustrated by the enable path test point.

Figure 5 • Tristate Buffer for Enable Path Test Point



2.3.5.4 I/O Speeds

This section describes the maximum data rate summary of I/O in worst-case industrial conditions. See the individual I/O standards for operating conditions.

Table 18 • Maximum Data Rate Summary Table for Single-Ended I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions

| I/O | MSIO | MSIOD | DDRIO | Unit |
|------------------------|------|-------|-------|------|
| PCI 3.3 V | 630 | | | Mbps |
| LVTTL 3.3 V | 600 | | | Mbps |
| LVCMS 3.3 V | 600 | | | Mbps |
| LVCMS 2.5 V | 410 | 420 | 400 | Mbps |
| LVCMS 1.8 V | 295 | 400 | 400 | Mbps |
| LVCMS 1.5 V | 160 | 220 | 235 | Mbps |
| LVCMS 1.2 V | 120 | 160 | 200 | Mbps |
| LPDDR-LVCMS 1.8 V mode | | | 400 | Mbps |

Table 48 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| Output Drive Selection | Slew Control | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} ¹ | | T _{LZ} ¹ | | Unit |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------|
| | | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| 2 mA | Slow | 2.206 | 2.596 | 2.678 | 3.15 | 2.64 | 3.106 | 4.935 | 5.805 | 4.74 | 5.576 | ns |
| 4 mA | Slow | 1.835 | 2.159 | 2.242 | 2.637 | 2.256 | 2.654 | 5.413 | 6.368 | 5.15 | 6.059 | ns |
| 6 mA | Slow | 1.709 | 2.01 | 2.132 | 2.508 | 2.167 | 2.549 | 5.813 | 6.838 | 5.499 | 6.469 | ns |
| 8 mA | Slow | 1.63 | 1.918 | 1.958 | 2.303 | 2.012 | 2.367 | 6.226 | 7.324 | 5.816 | 6.842 | ns |
| 12 mA | Slow | 1.648 | 1.939 | 1.86 | 2.187 | 1.921 | 2.259 | 6.519 | 7.669 | 6.027 | 7.09 | ns |

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.8 1.8 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 1.8 is a general standard for 1.8 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-7A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 49 • LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|------------------|-------|-----|------|------|
| LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions | | | | | |
| Supply voltage | V _{DDI} | 1.710 | 1.8 | 1.89 | V |

Table 50 • LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Input Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks) | V _{IH} (DC) | 0.65 × V _{DDI} | 1.89 | V |
| DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank) | V _{IH} (DC) | 0.65 × V _{DDI} | 3.45 | V |
| DC input logic low | V _{IL} (DC) | -0.3 | 0.35 × V _{DDI} | V |
| Input current high ¹ | I _{IH} (DC) | | | — |
| Input current low ¹ | I _{IL} (DC) | | | — |

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 51 • LVC MOS 1.8 V DC Output Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|------|
| DC output logic high | V _{OH} | V _{DDI} - 0.45 | | V |
| DC output logic low | V _{OL} | | 0.45 | V |

Table 52 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

| Parameter | Symbol | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|---|------------------|-----|------|--|
| Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank) ¹ | D _{MAX} | 400 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |
| Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank) | D _{MAX} | 295 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |
| Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) ¹ | D _{MAX} | 400 | Mbps | AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew |

1. Maximum Data Rate applies for Drive Strength 8 mA and above, All Slews.

AC Switching CharacteristicsWorst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.425\text{ V}$ **Table 67 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes (Input Buffers)**

| On-Die Termination (ODT) | T _{PY} | | T _{PYS} | | Unit |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------|------------------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| None | 2.051 | 2.413 | 2.086 | 2.455 | ns |

Table 68 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

| On-Die Termination (ODT) | T _{PY} | | T _{PYS} | | Unit |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------|------------------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| None | 3.311 | 3.896 | 3.285 | 3.865 | ns |
| 50 | 3.654 | 4.299 | 3.623 | 4.263 | ns |
| 75 | 3.533 | 4.156 | 3.501 | 4.119 | ns |
| 150 | 3.415 | 4.018 | 3.388 | 3.986 | ns |

Table 69 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

| On-Die Termination (ODT) | T _{PY} | | T _{PYS} | | Unit |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------|------------------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| None | 2.959 | 3.481 | 2.93 | 3.447 | ns |
| 50 | 3.298 | 3.88 | 3.268 | 3.845 | ns |
| 75 | 3.162 | 3.719 | 3.128 | 3.68 | ns |
| 150 | 3.053 | 3.592 | 3.021 | 3.554 | ns |

Table 70 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| Output Drive Selection | Slew Control | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} ¹ | | T _{LZ} ¹ | | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------|
| | | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| 2 mA | Slow | 5.122 | 6.026 | 4.31 | 5.07 | 5.145 | 6.052 | 5.258 | 6.186 | 4.672 | 5.496 | ns |
| | Medium | 4.58 | 5.389 | 3.86 | 4.54 | 4.6 | 5.411 | 4.977 | 5.855 | 4.357 | 5.126 | ns |
| | Medium fast | 4.323 | 5.086 | 3.629 | 4.269 | 4.341 | 5.107 | 4.804 | 5.652 | 4.228 | 4.974 | ns |
| | Fast | 4.296 | 5.054 | 3.609 | 4.245 | 4.314 | 5.075 | 4.791 | 5.636 | 4.219 | 4.963 | ns |
| 4 mA | Slow | 4.449 | 5.235 | 3.707 | 4.361 | 4.443 | 5.227 | 6.058 | 7.127 | 5.458 | 6.421 | ns |
| | Medium | 3.961 | 4.66 | 3.264 | 3.839 | 3.954 | 4.651 | 5.778 | 6.797 | 5.116 | 6.018 | ns |
| | Medium fast | 3.729 | 4.387 | 3.043 | 3.579 | 3.72 | 4.376 | 5.63 | 6.624 | 4.981 | 5.86 | ns |
| | Fast | 3.704 | 4.358 | 3.027 | 3.56 | 3.695 | 4.347 | 5.624 | 6.617 | 4.973 | 5.851 | ns |

Table 85 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| Output Drive Selection | Slew Control | T _{DP} | | T _{ZL} | | T _{ZH} | | T _{HZ} ¹ | | T _{LZ} ¹ | | Unit |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|-------|------|
| | | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | |
| 2 mA | Slow | 3.883 | 4.568 | 4.868 | 5.726 | 5.329 | 6.269 | 7.994 | 9.404 | 7.527 | 8.855 | ns |
| 4 mA | Slow | 3.774 | 4.44 | 4.188 | 4.926 | 4.613 | 5.426 | 8.972 | 10.555 | 8.315 | 9.782 | ns |

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.11 3.3 V PCI/PCIX

Peripheral Component Interface (PCI) for 3.3 V standards specify support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI bus applications.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification (Applicable to MSIO Bank Only)

Table 86 • PCI/PCI-X DC Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|------------------|------|-----|------|------|
| Supply voltage | V _{DDI} | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V |

Table 87 • PCI/PCI-X DC Input Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----|------|------|
| DC input voltage | V _I | 0 | 3.45 | V |
| Input current high ¹ | I _{IH} (DC) | | | |
| Input current low ¹ | I _{IL} (DC) | | | |

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 88 • PCI/PCI-X DC Output Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|------|
| DC output logic high | V _{OH} | | Per PCI specification | | V |
| DC output logic low | V _{OL} | | Per PCI specification | | V |

Table 89 • PCI/PCI-X Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

| Parameter | Symbol | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----|------|--------------------------------------|
| Maximum data rate (MSIO I/O bank) | D _{MAX} | 630 | Mbps | AC Loading: per JEDEC specifications |

Table 90 • PCI/PCI-X AC Test Parameter Specifications

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Unit |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------|------|
| Measuring/trip point for data path (falling edge) | V _{TRIP} | 0.615 × V _{DDI} | V |
| Measuring/trip point for data path (rising edge) | V _{TRIP} | 0.285 × V _{DDI} | V |
| Resistance for data test path | RTT_TEST | 25 | Ω |
| Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ}) | R _{ENT} | 2K | Ω |
| Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ}) | C _{ENT} | 5 | pF |
| Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP}) | C _{LOAD} | 10 | pF |

2.3.6.3 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 2.5 V (SSTL2)

SSTL2 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs and also comply with reduced and full drive of double data rate (DDR) standards. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os supports both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL2. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 103 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Supply voltage | V_{DDI} | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V |
| Termination voltage | V_{TT} | 1.164 | 1.250 | 1.339 | V |
| Input reference voltage | V_{REF} | 1.164 | 1.250 | 1.339 | V |

Table 104 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Input Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|------|
| DC input logic high | V_{IH} (DC) | $V_{REF} + 0.15$ | 2.625 | V |
| DC input logic low | V_{IL} (DC) | -0.3 | $V_{REF} - 0.15$ | V |
| Input current high ¹ | I_{IH} (DC) | | | |
| Input current low ¹ | I_{IL} (DC) | | | |

1. See [Table 24](#), page 22.

Table 105 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Output Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------|
| SSTL2 Class I (DDR Reduced Drive) | | | | |
| DC output logic high | V_{OH} | $V_{TT} + 0.608$ | | V |
| DC output logic low | V_{OL} | | $V_{TT} - 0.608$ | V |
| Output minimum source DC current | I_{OH} at V_{OH} | 8.1 | | mA |
| Output minimum sink current | I_{OL} at V_{OL} | -8.1 | | mA |
| SSTL2 Class II (DDR Full Drive) – Applicable to MSIO and DDRIO I/O Bank Only | | | | |
| DC output logic high | V_{OH} | $V_{TT} + 0.81$ | | V |
| DC output logic low | V_{OL} | | $V_{TT} - 0.81$ | V |
| Output minimum source DC current | I_{OH} at V_{OH} | 16.2 | | mA |
| Output minimum sink current | I_{OL} at V_{OL} | -16.2 | | mA |

Table 106 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Differential Voltage Specification

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Unit |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-----|------|
| DC input differential voltage | V_{ID} (DC) | 0.3 | V |

Table 144 • LPDDR AC Differential Voltage Specifications (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------|
| AC input differential voltage | V_{DIFF} | $0.6 \times V_{\text{DDI}}$ | | V |
| AC differential cross point voltage | V_x | $0.4 \times V_{\text{DDI}}$ | $0.6 \times V_{\text{DDI}}$ | V |

Table 145 • LPDDR AC Specifications (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

| Parameter | Symbol | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|--------------------------------------|
| Maximum data rate | D_{MAX} | 400 | Mbps | AC loading: per JEDEC specifications |

Table 146 • LPDDR AC Calibrated Impedance Option (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Unit | Conditions |
|--|------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Supported output driver calibrated impedance | R_{REF} | 20, 42 | Ω | Reference resistor = 150 Ω |
| Effective impedance value (ODT) | R_{TT} | 50, 70, 150 | Ω | Reference resistor = 150 Ω |

Table 147 • LPDDR AC Test Parameter Specifications (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Unit |
|--|---------------------|-----|----------|
| Measuring/trip point for data path | V_{TRIP} | 0.9 | V |
| Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ}) | R_{ENT} | 2K | Ω |
| Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ}) | C_{ENT} | 5 | pF |
| Reference resistance for data test path for LPDDR (T_{DP}) | RTT_{TEST} | 50 | Ω |
| Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP}) | C_{LOAD} | 5 | Ω |

AC Switching CharacteristicsWorst-case commercial conditions: $T_J = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{\text{DD}} = 1.14$ V, worst-case V_{DDI} .**Table 148 • LPDDR Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes**

| On-Die Termination (ODT) | T_{PY} | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-------|----------|
| | -1 | -Std | Unit |
| Pseudo differential | None | 1.568 | 1.845 ns |
| True differential | None | 1.588 | 1.869 ns |

Table 149 • LPDDR Reduced Drive for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

| | T_{DP} | T_{ENZL} | | T_{ENZH} | | T_{ENHZ} | | T_{ENLZ} | | Unit |
|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|----------|
| | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | |
| Single-ended | 2.383 | 2.804 | 2.23 | 2.623 | 2.229 | 2.622 | 2.202 | 2.591 | 2.201 | 2.59 ns |
| Differential | 2.396 | 2.819 | 2.764 | 3.252 | 2.764 | 3.252 | 2.255 | 2.653 | 2.255 | 2.653 ns |

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$.

Table 210 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIO I/O Bank - Input Buffers)

| On-Die Termination (ODT) | T_{PY} | | |
|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | Unit |
| None | 2.855 | 3.359 | ns |
| 100 | 2.85 | 3.353 | ns |

Table 211 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Input Buffers)

| On-Die Termination (ODT) | T_{PY} | | |
|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | Unit |
| None | 2.602 | 3.061 | ns |
| 100 | 2.597 | 3.055 | ns |

Table 212 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)

| T_{DP} | T_{ZL} | T_{ZH} | T_{HZ} | T_{LZ} | | | | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | Unit |
| 2.097 | 2.467 | 2.303 | 2.709 | 2.291 | 2.695 | 1.961 | 2.307 | 1.947 | 2.29 | ns |

Table 213 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)

| | T_{DP} | T_{ZL} | T_{ZH} | T_{HZ} | T_{LZ} | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | -1 | -Std | Unit |
| No pre-emphasis | 1.614 | 1.899 | 1.559 | 1.834 | 1.55 | 1.823 | 1.59 | 1.87 | 1.575 | 1.852 | ns |
| Min pre-emphasis | 1.604 | 1.887 | 1.742 | 2.05 | 1.728 | 2.032 | 1.889 | 2.222 | 1.858 | 2.185 | ns |
| Med pre-emphasis | 1.521 | 1.79 | 1.753 | 2.062 | 1.737 | 2.043 | 1.9 | 2.235 | 1.868 | 2.197 | ns |
| Max pre-emphasis | 1.492 | 1.754 | 1.762 | 2.073 | 1.745 | 2.052 | 1.91 | 2.247 | 1.876 | 2.206 | ns |

2.3.7.6 LVPECL

Low-Voltage Positive Emitter-Coupled Logic (LVPECL) is another differential I/O standard. It requires that one data bit be carried through two signal lines. Similar to LVDS, two pins are needed. It also requires external resistor termination. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs support only LVPECL receivers and do not support LVPECL transmitters.

Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)

Table 214 • LVPECL Recommended DC Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|-----------|------|-----|------|------|
| Supply voltage | V_{DDI} | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V |

2.3.11 Global Resource Characteristics

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices offer a powerful, low skew global routing network which provides an effective clock distribution throughout the FPGA fabric. See [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#) for the positions of various global routing resources.

The following table lists the 150 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 225 • 150 Device Global Resource

| Parameter | Symbol | -1 | | -Std | | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Input low delay for global clock | T_{RCKL} | 0.83 | 0.911 | 0.831 | 0.913 | ns |
| Input high delay for global clock | T_{RCKH} | 1.457 | 1.588 | 1.715 | 1.869 | ns |
| Maximum skew for global clock | T_{RCKSW} | | 0.131 | | 0.154 | ns |

The following table lists the 090 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 226 • 090 Device Global Resource

| Parameter | Symbol | -1 | | -Std | | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Input low delay for global clock | T_{RCKL} | 0.835 | 0.888 | 0.833 | 0.886 | ns |
| Input high delay for global clock | T_{RCKH} | 1.405 | 1.489 | 1.654 | 1.752 | ns |
| Maximum skew for global clock | T_{RCKSW} | | 0.084 | | 0.098 | ns |

The following table lists the 050 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 227 • 050 Device Global Resource

| Parameter | Symbol | -1 | | -Std | | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Input low delay for global clock | T_{RCKL} | 0.827 | 0.897 | 0.826 | 0.896 | ns |
| Input high delay for global clock | T_{RCKH} | 1.419 | 1.53 | 1.671 | 1.8 | ns |
| Maximum skew for global clock | T_{RCKSW} | | 0.111 | | 0.129 | ns |

The following table lists the 025 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 228 • 025 Device Global Resource

| Parameter | Symbol | -1 | | -Std | | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Input low delay for global clock | T_{RCKL} | 0.747 | 0.799 | 0.745 | 0.797 | ns |
| Input high delay for global clock | T_{RCKH} | 1.294 | 1.378 | 1.522 | 1.621 | ns |
| Maximum skew for global clock | T_{RCKSW} | | 0.084 | | 0.099 | ns |

Table 231 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 1K × 18 (continued)

| Parameter | Symbol | -1 | | -Std | | Unit |
|--|-----------------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Block select hold time | T _{BLKHD} | 0.216 | | 0.254 | | ns |
| Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled) | T _{BLK2Q} | | 1.529 | | 1.799 | ns |
| Block select minimum pulse width | T _{BLKMPW} | 0.186 | | 0.219 | | ns |
| Read enable setup time | T _{RDESU} | 0.449 | | 0.528 | | ns |
| Read enable hold time | T _{RDEHD} | 0.167 | | 0.197 | | ns |
| Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN) | T _{RDPLESU} | 0.248 | | 0.291 | | ns |
| Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN) | T _{RDPLEHD} | 0.102 | | 0.12 | | ns |
| Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay | T _{R2Q} | – | 1.506 | – | 1.772 | ns |
| Asynchronous reset removal time | T _{RSTREM} | 0.506 | | 0.595 | | ns |
| Asynchronous reset recovery time | T _{RSTREC} | 0.004 | | 0.005 | | ns |
| Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width | T _{RSTMPW} | 0.301 | | 0.354 | | ns |
| Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time | T _{PLRSTREM} | –0.279 | | –0.328 | | ns |
| Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time | T _{PLRSTREC} | 0.327 | | 0.385 | | ns |
| Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width | T _{PLRSTMPW} | 0.282 | | 0.332 | | ns |
| Synchronous reset setup time | T _{SRSTSU} | 0.226 | | 0.265 | | ns |
| Synchronous reset hold time | T _{SRSTHD} | 0.036 | | 0.043 | | ns |
| Write enable setup time | T _{WESU} | 0.39 | | 0.458 | | ns |
| Write enable hold time | T _{WEHD} | 0.242 | | 0.285 | | ns |
| Maximum frequency | F _{MAX} | | 400 | | 340 | MHz |

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 2K × 9 in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 232 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 2K × 9

| Parameter | Symbol | -1 | | -Std | | Unit |
|--|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Clock period | T _{CY} | 2.5 | | 2.941 | | ns |
| Clock minimum pulse width high | T _{CLKMPWH} | 1.125 | | 1.323 | | ns |
| Clock minimum pulse width low | T _{CLKMPWL} | 1.125 | | 1.323 | | ns |
| Pipelined clock period | T _{PLCY} | 2.5 | | 2.941 | | ns |
| Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high | T _{PLCLKMPWH} | 1.125 | | 1.323 | | ns |
| Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low | T _{PLCLKMPWL} | 1.125 | | 1.323 | | ns |
| Read access time with pipeline register | | | 0.334 | | 0.393 | ns |
| Read access time without pipeline register | T _{CLK2Q} | | 2.273 | | 2.674 | ns |
| Access time with feed-through write timing | | | 1.529 | | 1.799 | ns |

Table 238 • μSRAM (RAM64x16) in 64 × 16 Mode (continued)

| Parameter | Symbol | -1 | | -Std | | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----|-------|-----|------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Read synchronous reset hold time | T _{SRSTHD} | 0.061 | | 0.071 | | ns |
| Write clock period | T _{CY} | 4 | | 4 | | ns |
| Write clock minimum pulse width high | T _{CCLKMPWH} | 1.8 | | 1.8 | | ns |
| Write clock minimum pulse width low | T _{CCLKMPWL} | 1.8 | | 1.8 | | ns |
| Write block setup time | T _{BLKCSU} | 0.404 | | 0.476 | | ns |
| Write block hold time | T _{BLKCHD} | 0.007 | | 0.008 | | ns |
| Write input data setup time | T _{DINCSU} | 0.115 | | 0.135 | | ns |
| Write input data hold time | T _{DINCHD} | 0.15 | | 0.177 | | ns |
| Write address setup time | T _{ADDRCSU} | 0.088 | | 0.104 | | ns |
| Write address hold time | T _{ADDRCHD} | 0.128 | | 0.15 | | ns |
| Write enable setup time | T _{WECSU} | 0.397 | | 0.467 | | ns |
| Write enable hold time | T _{WECHD} | -0.026 | | -0.03 | | ns |
| Maximum frequency | F _{MAX} | | 250 | | 250 | MHz |

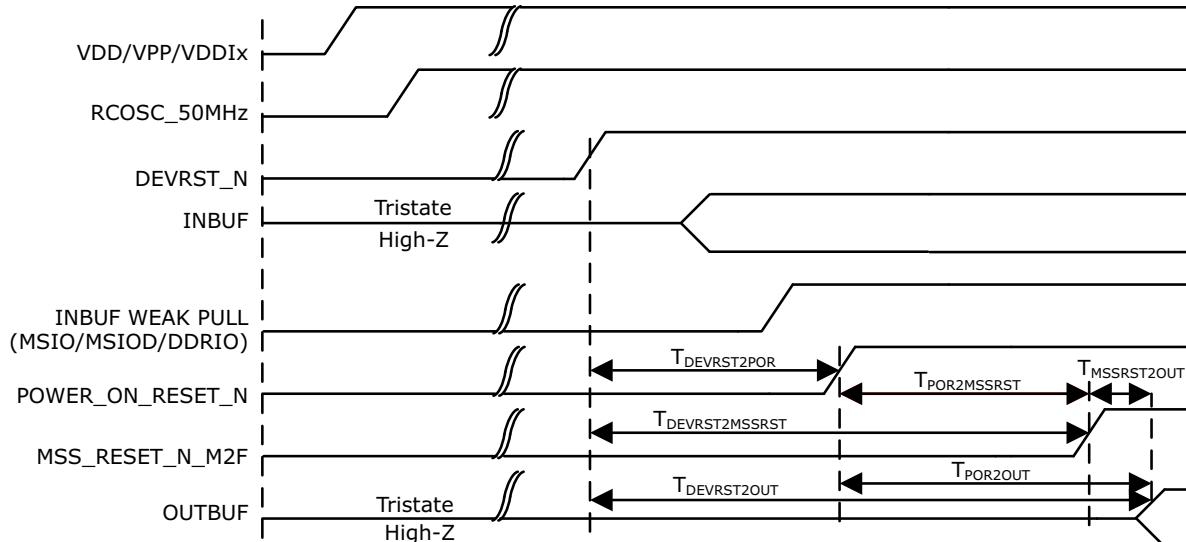
The following table lists the μSRAM in 128 × 9 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 239 • μSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128 × 9 Mode

| Parameter | Symbol | -1 | | -Std | | Unit |
|---|------------------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Read clock period | T _{CY} | 4 | | 4 | | ns |
| Read clock minimum pulse width high | T _{CLKMPWH} | 1.8 | | 1.8 | | ns |
| Read clock minimum pulse width low | T _{CLKMPWL} | 1.8 | | 1.8 | | ns |
| Read pipeline clock period | T _{PLCY} | 4 | | 4 | | ns |
| Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high | T _{PLCLKMPWH} | 1.8 | | 1.8 | | ns |
| Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low | T _{PLCLKMPWL} | 1.8 | | 1.8 | | ns |
| Read access time with pipeline register | T _{CLK2Q} | | 0.266 | | 0.313 | ns |
| Read access time without pipeline register | | | 1.677 | | 1.973 | ns |
| Read address setup time in synchronous mode | T _{ADDRSU} | 0.301 | | 0.354 | | ns |
| Read address setup time in asynchronous mode | | 1.856 | | 2.184 | | ns |
| Read address hold time in synchronous mode | T _{ADDRHD} | 0.091 | | 0.107 | | ns |
| Read address hold time in asynchronous mode | | -0.778 | | -0.915 | | ns |
| Read enable setup time | T _{RDENSU} | 0.278 | | 0.327 | | ns |
| Read enable hold time | T _{RDENHD} | 0.057 | | 0.067 | | ns |
| Read block select setup time | T _{BLKSU} | 1.839 | | 2.163 | | ns |
| Read block select hold time | T _{BLKHD} | -0.65 | | -0.765 | | ns |
| Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled) | T _{BLK2Q} | | 2.036 | | 2.396 | ns |

Table 291 • DEVRST_N to Functional Times for SmartFusion2 (continued)

| Symbol | From | To | Description | Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS) | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| | | | | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 060 | 090 | 150 | |
| T _{DEVRST2POR} | DEVRST_N | POWER_O_N_RESET_N | V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric | 233 | 289 | 216 | 213 | 237 | 234 | 219 | |
| T _{DEVRST2MSSRST} | DEVRST_N | MSS_RESET_N_M2F | V _{DD} at its minimum threshold level to MSS | 702 | 765 | 712 | 688 | 636 | 630 | 866 | |
| T _{DEVRST2WPU} | DEVRST_N | DDRIO Inbuf weak pull | DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull | 208 | 202 | 197 | 193 | 216 | 215 | 215 | |
| | DEVRST_N | MSIO Inbuf weak pull | DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull | 208 | 202 | 197 | 193 | 216 | 215 | 215 | |
| | DEVRST_N | MSIOD Inbuf weak pull | DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull | 208 | 202 | 197 | 193 | 216 | 215 | 215 | |

Figure 19 • DEVRST_N to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2

The following table lists the SerDes reference clock AC specifications in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 299 • SerDes Reference Clock AC Specifications

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------|------|------|
| Reference clock frequency | F_{REFCLK} | 100 | 160 | MHz |
| Reference clock rise time | T_{RISE} | 0.6 | 4 | V/ns |
| Reference clock fall time | T_{FALL} | 0.6 | 4 | V/ns |
| Reference clock duty cycle | T_{CYC} | 40 | 60 | % |
| Reference clock mismatch | $MMREFCLK$ | -300 | 300 | ppm |
| Reference spread spectrum clock | SSCref | 0 | 5000 | ppm |

Table 300 • HCSL Minimum and Maximum DC Input Levels (Applicable to SerDes REFCLK Only)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|-------------|-------|-----|-------|------|
| Recommended DC Operating Conditions | | | | | |
| Supply voltage | V_{DDI} | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V |
| HCSL DC Input Voltage Specification | | | | | |
| DC Input voltage | V_I | 0 | | 2.625 | V |
| HCSL Differential Voltage Specification | | | | | |
| Input common mode voltage | V_{ICM} | 0.05 | | 2.4 | V |
| Input differential voltage | V_{IDIFF} | 100 | | 1100 | mV |

Table 301 • HCSL Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds (Applicable to SerDes REFCLK Only)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| HCSL AC Specifications | | | | | |
| Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank) | F_{MAX} | | | 350 | Mbps |
| HCSL Impedance Specifications | | | | | |
| Termination resistance | R_t | | 100 | | Ω |

2.3.31 SmartFusion2 Specifications

2.3.31.1 MSS Clock Frequency

The following table lists the maximum frequency for MSS main clock in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 302 • Maximum Frequency for MSS Main Clock

| Symbol | Description | -1 | -Std | Unit |
|--------|--|-----|------|------|
| M3_CLK | Maximum frequency for the MSS main clock | 166 | 142 | MHz |