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Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)?

System On Chip (SoC) integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions, SoCs combine a central

Details

Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Flash Size	128KB
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	-
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I²C, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Speed	166MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 5K Logic Modules
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2s005-1vf256i



Power Matters.[™]

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Table 9 • Package Thermal Resistance of SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices (continued)

Device	Still Air	1.0 m/s	2.5 m/s	θ_{JC}	Unit
	θ_{JA}	θ_{JB}			
150					
FC1152	9.08	6.81	5.87	2.56	°C/W
FCS536	15.01	12.06	10.76	3.69	°C/W
FCV484	16.21	13.11	11.84	6.73	°C/W

2.3.1.2.1 Theta-JA

Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) is determined under standard conditions specified by JEDEC (JESD-51), but it has little relevance in the actual performance of the product. It must be used with caution, but it is useful for comparing the thermal performance of one package with another.

The maximum power dissipation allowed is calculated using EQ4.

$$\text{Maximum power allowed} = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A(MAX)}}{\theta_{JA}}$$

EQ 4

The absolute maximum junction temperature is 100 °C. EQ5 shows a sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for the M2GL050T-FG896 package at commercial temperature and in still air, where:

$$\theta_{JA} = 14.7 \text{ °C/W} \text{ (taken from Table 9, page 10).}$$

$$T_A = 85 \text{ °C}$$

$$\text{Maximum power allowed} = \frac{100 \text{ °C} - 85 \text{ °C}}{14.7 \text{ °C/W}} = 1.088 \text{ W}$$

EQ 5

The power consumption of a device can be calculated using the Microsemi SoC Products Group power calculator. The device's power consumption must be lower than the calculated maximum power dissipation by the package.

If the power consumption is higher than the device's maximum allowable power dissipation, a heat sink may be attached to the top of the case, or the airflow inside the system must be increased.

2.3.1.2.2 Theta-JB

Junction-to-board thermal resistance (θ_{JB}) measures the ability of the package to dissipate heat from the surface of the chip to the PCB. As defined by the JEDEC (JESD-51) standard, the thermal resistance from the junction to the board uses an isothermal ring cold plate zone concept. The ring cold plate is simply a means to generate an isothermal boundary condition at the perimeter. The cold plate is mounted on a JEDEC standard board with a minimum distance of 5.0 mm away from the package edge.

2.3.1.2.3 Theta-JC

Junction-to-case thermal resistance (θ_{JC}) measures the ability of a device to dissipate heat from the surface of the chip to the top or bottom surface of the package. It is applicable to packages used with external heat sinks. Constant temperature is applied to the surface, which acts as a boundary condition.

This only applies to situations where all or nearly all of the heat is dissipated through the surface in consideration.

2.3.1.3 ESD Performance

See [RT0001: Microsemi Corporation - SoC Products Reliability Report](#) for information about ESD.

Table 11 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current ($V_{DD} = 1.2$ V) – Typical Process

Symbol	Modes	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit	Conditions
IDC2	Flash*Freeze	1.4	2.6	3.7	5.1	5.0	5.1	8.9	mA	Typical ($T_J = 25$ °C)
		12.0	20.0	26.6	35.3	35.4	35.7	57.8	mA	Commercial ($T_J = 85$ °C)
		18.5	30.8	41.0	54.5	54.5	55.0	89.0	mA	Industrial ($T_J = 100$ °C)

Table 12 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current ($V_{DD} = 1.26$ V) – Worst-Case Process

Symbol	Modes	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit	Conditions
IDC1	Non-Flash*Freeze	43.8	57.0	84.6	132.3	161.4	163.0	242.5	mA	Commercial ($T_J = 85$ °C)
		65.3	85.7	127.8	200.9	245.4	247.8	369.0	mA	Industrial ($T_J = 100$ °C)
IDC2	Flash*Freeze	29.1	45.6	51.7	62.7	69.3	70.0	84.8	mA	Commercial ($T_J = 85$ °C)
		44.9	70.3	79.7	96.5	106.8	107.8	130.6	mA	Industrial ($T_J = 100$ °C)

2.3.2.2 Programming Currents

The following tables represent programming, verify and Inrush currents for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGA devices.

Table 13 • Currents During Program Cycle, 0 °C <= T_J <= 85 °C – Typical Process

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150 ¹	Unit
V_{DD}	1.26	46	53	55	58	30	42	52	mA
V_{PP}	3.46	8	11	6	10	9	12	12	mA
V_{PPNVM}	3.46	1	2	2	3	3	3		mA
V_{DDI}	2.62	31	16	17	1	12	12	81	mA
	3.46	62	31	36	1	12	17	84	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

1. V_{PP} and V_{PPNVM} are internally shorted.

Table 14 • Currents During Verify Cycle, 0 °C <= T_J <= 85 °C – Typical Process

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150 ¹	Unit
V_{DD}	1.26	44	53	55	58	33	41	51	mA
V_{PP}	3.46	6	5	3	15	8	11	12	mA
V_{PPNVM}	3.46	1	0	0	1	1	1		mA
V_{DDI}	2.62	31	16	17	1	12	11	81	mA
	3.46	61	32	36	1	12	17	84	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

1. V_{PP} and V_{PPNVM} are internally shorted.

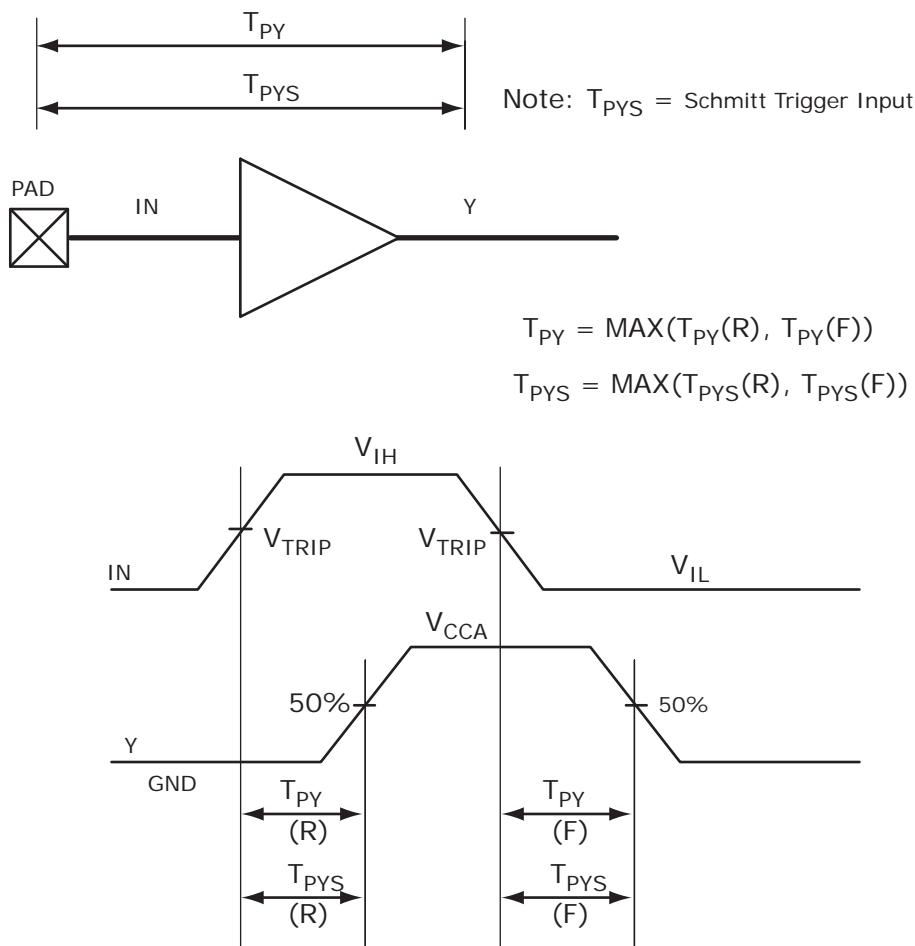
2.3.5 User I/O Characteristics

There are three types of I/Os supported in the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA families: MSIO, MSIOD, and DDRIO I/O banks. The I/O standards supported by the different I/O banks is described in the I/Os section of the [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#).

2.3.5.1 Input Buffer and AC Loading

The following figure shows the input buffer and AC loading.

Figure 3 • Input Buffer AC Loading



2.3.5.2 Output Buffer and AC Loading

The following figure shows the output buffer and AC loading.

Figure 4 • Output Buffer AC Loading

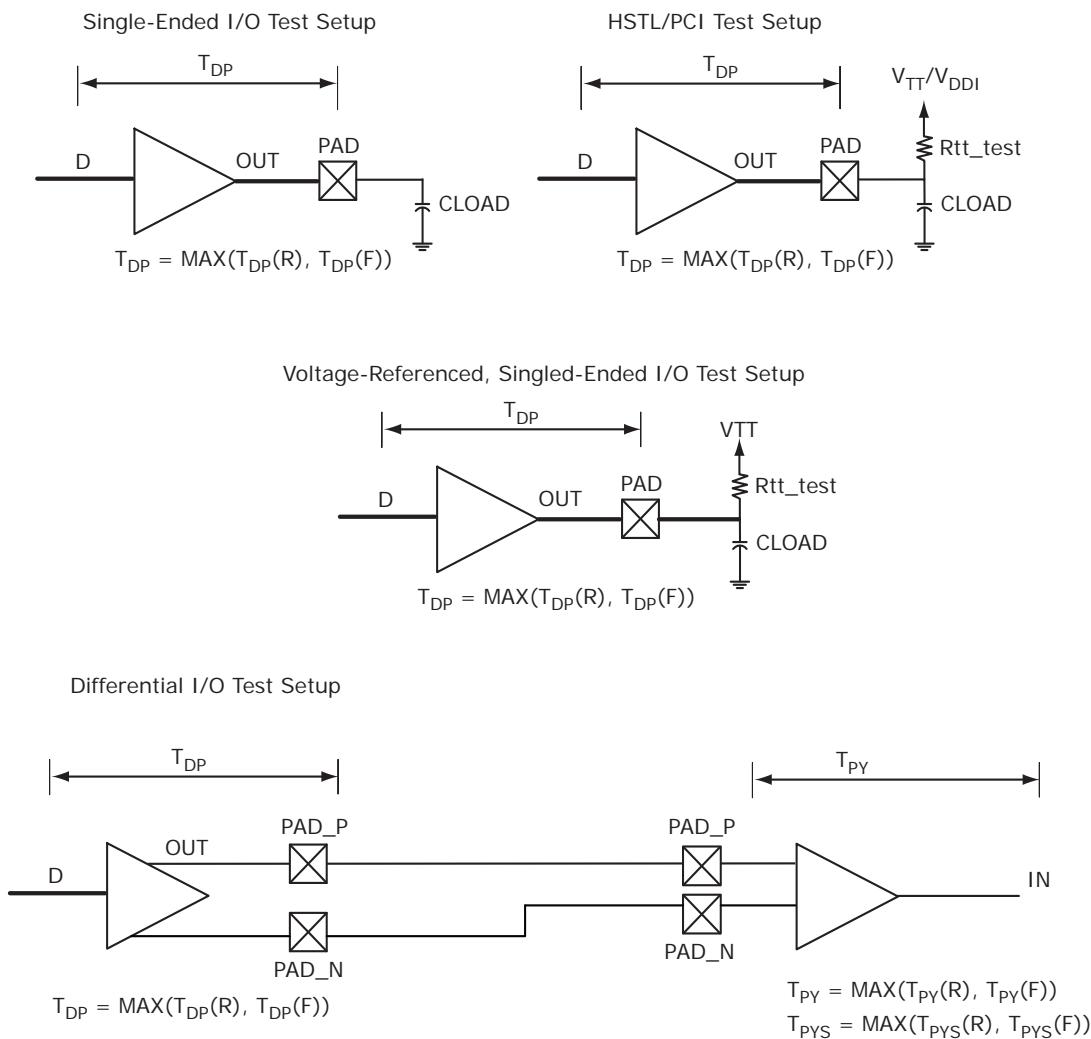


Table 22 • Maximum Frequency Summary Table for Voltage-Referenced I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	DDRIO	Unit
LPDDR			200	MHz
HSTL 1.5 V			200	MHz
SSTL 2.5 V	255	350	200	MHz
SSTL 1.8 V			334	MHz
SSTL 1.5 V			334	MHz

Table 23 • Maximum Frequency Summary Table for Differential I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	Unit
LVPECL (input only)	450		MHz
LVDS 3.3 V	267.5		MHz
LVDS 2.5 V	267.5	350	MHz
RSDS	260	350	MHz
BLVDS	250		MHz
MLVDS	250		MHz
Mini-LVDS	260	350	MHz

Table 43 • LVC MOS 2.5 V AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V _{TRIP}	1.2	V
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2K	Ωσ
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	C _{ENT}	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP})	C _{LOAD}	5	pF

Table 44 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications

Output Drive Selection			V _{OH} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	IOH (at V _{OH}) mA	I _{OL} (at V _{OL}) mA
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank (With Software Default Fixed Code)	Min	Max		
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	6	6
8 mA	8 mA	8 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	8	8
12 mA	12 mA	12 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	12	12
16 mA		16 mA	V _{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	16	16

Note: For board design considerations, output slew rates extraction, detailed output buffer resistances, and I/V Curve, use the corresponding IBIS models located at:
www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx.

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 2.375 V

Table 45 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Receiver Characteristics (Input Buffers)

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}				T _{PYS}	
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std		
LVC MOS 2.5 V (for DDRIO I/O bank)	None	1.823	2.145	1.932	2.274	ns	
LVC MOS 2.5 V (for MSIO I/O bank)	None	2.486	2.925	2.495	2.935	ns	
LVC MOS 2.5 V (for MSIOD I/O bank)	None	2.29	2.694	2.305	2.712	ns	

Table 46 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹	
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std
2 mA	Slow	3.657	4.302	3.393	3.991	3.675	4.323	3.894	4.582	3.552	4.18
	Medium	3.374	3.97	3.139	3.693	3.396	3.995	3.635	4.277	3.253	3.828
	Medium fast	3.239	3.811	3.036	3.572	3.261	3.836	3.519	4.141	3.128	3.681
	Fast	3.224	3.793	3.029	3.563	3.246	3.818	3.512	4.132	3.119	3.67

Table 46 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers) (continued)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
4 mA	Slow	3.095	3.641	2.705	3.182	3.088	3.633	4.738	5.575	4.348	5.116	ns
	Medium	2.825	3.324	2.488	2.927	2.823	3.321	4.492	5.285	4.063	4.781	ns
	Medium fast	2.701	3.178	2.384	2.804	2.698	3.173	4.364	5.135	3.945	4.642	ns
	Fast	2.69	3.165	2.377	2.796	2.687	3.161	4.359	5.129	3.94	4.636	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.919	3.434	2.491	2.93	2.902	3.414	5.085	5.983	4.674	5.5	ns
	Medium	2.65	3.118	2.279	2.681	2.642	3.108	4.845	5.701	4.375	5.148	ns
	Medium fast	2.529	2.975	2.176	2.56	2.521	2.965	4.724	5.558	4.259	5.011	ns
	Fast	2.516	2.96	2.168	2.551	2.508	2.95	4.717	5.55	4.251	5.002	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.863	3.368	2.427	2.855	2.844	3.346	5.196	6.114	4.769	5.612	ns
	Medium	2.599	3.058	2.217	2.608	2.59	3.047	4.952	5.827	4.471	5.261	ns
	Medium fast	2.483	2.921	2.114	2.487	2.473	2.91	4.832	5.685	4.364	5.134	ns
	Fast	2.467	2.902	2.106	2.478	2.457	2.89	4.826	5.678	4.348	5.116	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.747	3.232	2.296	2.701	2.724	3.204	5.39	6.342	4.938	5.81	ns
	Medium	2.493	2.934	2.102	2.473	2.483	2.921	5.166	6.078	4.65	5.471	ns
	Medium fast	2.382	2.803	2.006	2.36	2.371	2.789	5.067	5.962	4.546	5.349	ns
	Fast	2.369	2.787	1.999	2.352	2.357	2.773	5.063	5.958	4.538	5.339	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.677	3.149	2.213	2.604	2.649	3.116	5.575	6.56	5.08	5.977	ns
	Medium	2.432	2.862	2.028	2.386	2.421	2.848	5.372	6.32	4.801	5.649	ns
	Medium fast	2.324	2.734	1.937	2.278	2.311	2.718	5.297	6.233	4.7	5.531	ns
	Fast	2.313	2.721	1.929	2.269	2.3	2.706	5.296	6.231	4.699	5.529	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 47 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.48	4.095	3.855	4.534	3.785	4.453	2.12	2.494	3.45	4.059	ns
4 mA	Slow	2.583	3.039	3.042	3.579	3.138	3.691	4.143	4.874	4.687	5.513	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.392	2.815	2.669	3.139	2.82	3.317	4.909	5.775	5.083	5.98	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.309	2.717	2.565	3.017	2.74	3.223	5.812	6.837	5.523	6.497	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.333	2.745	2.437	2.867	2.626	3.089	6.131	7.213	5.712	6.72	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.412	2.838	2.335	2.747	2.533	2.979	6.54	7.694	6.007	7.067	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 72 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ} ¹		T _{LZ} ¹	
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	Unit
2 mA	Slow	2.735	3.218	3.371	3.966	3.618	4.257	6.03	7.095	5.705	6.712 ns
4 mA	Slow	2.426	2.854	2.992	3.521	3.221	3.79	6.738	7.927	6.298	7.41 ns
6 mA	Slow	2.433	2.862	2.81	3.306	3.031	3.566	7.123	8.38	6.596	7.76 ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.10 1.2 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 1.2 is a general standard for 1.2 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-12A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 73 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DDI}	1.140	1.2	1.26	V

Table 74 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V _{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V _{DDI}	1.26	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V _{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V _{DDI}	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V _{IL} (DC)	-0.3	0.35 × V _{DDI}	V
Input current high ¹	I _{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I _{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 75 • LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V _{OH}	V _{DDI} × 0.75		V
DC output logic low	V _{OL}		V _{DDI} × 0.25	V

Table 76 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	200	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	120	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	160	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

Table 107 • SSTL2 AC Differential Voltage Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V _{DIFF} (AC)	0.7		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V _x (AC)	0.5 × V _{DDI} - 0.2	0.5 × V _{DDI} + 0.2	V

Table 108 • SSTL2 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	575	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	700	Mbps	AC loading: 3 pF / 50 Ω load
		510	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load

Table 109 • SSTL2 AC Impedance Specifications

Parameter	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

Table 110 • DDR1/SSTL2 AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V _{TRIP}	1.25	V
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	C _{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class I (T _{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class II (T _{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T _{DP})	C _{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching CharacteristicsWorst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 2.375 V**Table 111 • SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PD}			Unit
	-1	-Std		
Pseudo differential	None	1.549	1.821	ns
True differential	None	1.589	1.87	ns

Table 150 • LPDDR Full Drive for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T_{DP}		T_{ENZL}		T_{ENZH}		T_{ENHZ}		T_{ENLZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
Single-ended	2.281	2.683	2.196	2.584	2.195	2.583	2.171	2.555	2.17	2.554	ns
Differential	2.298	2.703	2.288	2.692	2.288	2.692	2.593	3.051	2.593	3.051	ns

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification using LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode

Table 151 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.710	1.8	1.89	V

Table 152 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V_{IH} (DC)	$0.65 \times V_{DDI}$	1.89	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V_{IH} (DC)	$0.65 \times V_{DDI}$	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{DDI}$	V
Input current high ¹	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ¹	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See [Table 24](#), page 22.

Table 153 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	$V_{DDI} - 0.45$		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.45	V

Table 154 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17pf load, 8 ma drive and above/all slew

Table 155 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Calibrated Impedance Option

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$RODT_CAL$	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	Ω

Table 162 • LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V _{OH}	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V _{OL}	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

Table 163 • LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V _{OD}	250	350	450	mV
Output common mode voltage	V _{OCM}	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
Input common mode voltage	V _{ICM}	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
Input differential voltage	V _{ID}	100	350	600	mV

Table 164 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D _{MAX}	535	Mbps	AC loading: 12 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) no pre-emphasis	D _{MAX}	620	Mbps	AC loading: 10 pF / 100 Ω differential load
		700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

Table 165 • LVDS AC Impedance Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Termination resistance	R _T	100		Ω

Table 166 • LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V _{TRIP}	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	R _{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T _{ZH} , T _{ZL} , T _{HZ} , T _{LZ})	C _{ENT}	5	pF

LVDS25 AC Switching CharacteristicsWorst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 2.375 V**Table 167 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.774	3.263	ns
100	2.775	3.264	ns

Table 168 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
	-1	-Std	Unit	
None	2.554	3.004	ns	
100	2.549	2.999	ns	

Table 169 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

T _{DP}	T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2.136	2.513	2.416	2.842	2.402	2.825	2.423	2.85	2.409	2.833 ns

Table 170 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T _{DP}		T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std									
No pre-emphasis	1.61	1.893	1.749	2.058	1.735	2.041	1.897	2.231	1.866	2.195	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.527	1.796	1.757	2.067	1.744	2.052	1.905	2.241	1.876	2.207	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.496	1.76	1.765	2.077	1.751	2.06	1.914	2.252	1.884	2.216	ns

LVDS33 AC Switching Characteristics**Table 171 • LVDS33 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On Die Termination (ODT)	T _{PY}			Unit
	-1	-Std	Unit	
None	2.572	3.025	ns	
100	2.569	3.023	ns	

Table 172 • LVDS33 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)

T _{DP}	T _{ZL}		T _{ZH}		T _{HZ}		T _{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
1.942	2.284	1.98	2.33	1.97	2.318	1.953	2.298	1.96	2.307 ns

The following table lists the input data register propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 219 • Input Data Register Propagation Delays

Parameter	Symbol	Measuring Nodes (from, to) ¹	-1	-Std	Unit
Bypass delay of the input register	T_{IBYP}	F, G	0.353	0.415	ns
Clock-to-Q of the input register	T_{ICLKQ}	E, G	0.16	0.188	ns
Data setup time for the input register	T_{ISUD}	A, E	0.357	0.421	ns
Data hold time for the input register	T_{IHD}	A, E	0	0	ns
Enable setup time for the input register	T_{ISUE}	B, E	0.46	0.542	ns
Enable hold time for the input register	T_{IHE}	B, E	0	0	ns
Synchronous load setup time for the input register	T_{ISUSL}	D, E	0.46	0.542	ns
Synchronous load hold time for the input register	T_{IHSL}	D, E	0	0	ns
Asynchronous clear-to-Q of the input register ($ADn=1$)	T_{IALN2Q}	C, G	0.625	0.735	ns
Asynchronous preset-to-Q of the input register ($ADn=0$)		C, G	0.587	0.69	ns
Asynchronous load removal time for the input register	$T_{IREMALN}$	C, E	0	0	ns
Asynchronous load recovery time for the input register	$T_{IRECALN}$	C, E	0.074	0.087	ns
Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for the input register	T_{IWALN}	C, C	0.304	0.357	ns
Clock minimum pulse width high for the input register	$T_{ICKMPWH}$	E, E	0.075	0.088	ns
Clock minimum pulse width low for the input register	$T_{ICKMPWL}$	E, E	0.159	0.187	ns

1. For the derating values at specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, see [Table 16](#), page 14 for derating values.

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 16K × 1 in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 235 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 16K × 1

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	T_{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T_{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.32		0.377	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		2.269		2.669	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.51		1.777	ns
Address setup time	T_{ADDRSU}	0.626		0.737		ns
Address hold time	T_{ADDRHD}	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T_{DSU}	0.322		0.378		ns
Data hold time	T_{DHD}	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		1.51		1.777	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T_{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDESU}	0.53		0.624		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDEHD}	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T_{R2Q}		1.547		1.82	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T_{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T_{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T_{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	-0.279		-0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WESU}	0.454		0.534		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WEHD}	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		400		340	MHz

Table 248 • 2 Step IAP Programming (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL						
Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit	
005	137536	2	37	5	Sec	
010	274816	4	76	11	Sec	
025	274816	4	78	10	Sec	
050	278528	3	85	9	Sec	
060	268480	5	76	22	Sec	
090	544496	10	152	43	Sec	
150	544496	10	153	44	Sec	

Table 249 • 2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)

M2S/M2GL						
Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit	
005	439296	6	56	11	Sec	
010	842688	11	100	21	Sec	
025	1497408	19	113	32	Sec	
050	2695168	32	136	48	Sec	
060	2686464	43	137	70	Sec	
090	4190208	68	236	115	Sec	
150	6682768	109	286	162	Sec	

Table 250 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
Device					
005	302672	6	19	8	Sec
010	568784	10	26	14	Sec
025	1223504	21	39	29	Sec
050	2424832	39	60	50	Sec
060	2418896	44	65	54	Sec
090	3645968	66	90	79	Sec
150	6139184	108	140	128	Sec

Table 251 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
Device					
005	137536	3	42	4	Sec
010	274816	4	82	7	Sec
025	274816	4	82	8	Sec
050	278528	4	80	8	Sec
060	268480	6	80	8	Sec
090	544496	10	157	15	Sec

Table 265 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming 100 kHz	Auto Update 25 MHz	Programming Recovery 12.5 MHz	Unit
005	69	49	50	Sec
010	99	57	57	Sec
025	150	64	63	Sec
050	55 ¹	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	313	105	104	Sec
090	449	131	130	Sec
150	730	179	183	Sec

1. Auto programming in 050 device is done through SC_SPI, and SPI CLK is set to 6.25 MHz.

Table 266 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming 100 kHz	Auto Update 25 MHz	Programming Recovery 12.5 MHz	Unit
005	63	70	71	Sec
010	108	109	109	Sec
025	109	107	108	Sec
050	107	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	100	108	108	Sec
090	176	184	184	Sec
150	183	183	183	Sec

Table 267 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric and eNVM)

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming 100 kHz	Auto Update 25 MHz	Programming Recovery 12.5 MHz	Unit
005	109	89	88	Sec
010	183	135	135	Sec
025	251	142	143	Sec
050	134	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	390	183	180	Sec
090	604	283	282	Sec
150	889	331	332	Sec

2.3.24 Power-up to Functional Times

The following table lists the SmartFusion2 power-up to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 288 • Power-up to Functional Times for SmartFusion2

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
$T_{POR2OUT}$	POWER_ON _RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	647	500	531	483	474	524	647
$T_{POR2MSSRST}$	POWER_ON _RESET_N	MSS_RESET_T_N_M2F	Fabric to MSS	644	497	528	480	468	518	641
$T_{MSSRST2OUT}$	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	Output available at I/O	MSS to output	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.4	4.9	4.8	4.8
$T_{VDD2OUT}$	V_{DD}	Output available at I/O	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	3096	2975	3012	2959	2869	2992	3225
$T_{VDD2POR}$	V_{DD}	POWER_ON_RESET_N	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	2476	2487	2496	2486	2406	2563	2602
$T_{VDD2MSSRST}$	V_{DD}	MSS_RESET_T_N_M2F	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to MSS	3093	2972	3008	2956	2864	2987	3220
$T_{VDD2WPU}$	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2500	2487	2509	2475	2507	2519	2617
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2504	2491	2510	2478	2517	2525	2620
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2479	2468	2493	2458	2486	2499	2595

Note: For more information about power-up times, see [UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide](#).

Table 310 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
sp2	SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum pulse width high					
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	6			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	12.05			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	24.1			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	0.05			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	0.095			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	0.195			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	0.385			μs	
sp3	SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum pulse width low					
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	6			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	12.05			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	24.1			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	0.05			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	0.095			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	0.195			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	0.385			μs	
sp4	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS rise time (10%–90%) ¹		2.77	ns	I/O Configuration: LVC MOS 2.5 V - 8 mA AC loading: 35 pF test conditions: Typical voltage, 25 °C	
sp5	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS fall time (10%–90%) ¹		2.906	ns	I/O Configuration: LVC MOS 2.5 V - 8 mA AC loading: 35 pF test conditions: Typical voltage, 25 °C	
SPI master configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 8.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 2.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	12			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 17.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) + 3.0			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	2			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	7			ns	