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Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)?

System On Chip (SoC) integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions, SoCs combine a central

Details	
Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Flash Size	256KB
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	-
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I²C, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Speed	166MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 10K Logic Modules
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2s010-tqg144

2.2 References

The following documents are recommended references:

- *PB0121: IGLOO2 Product Brief*
- *DS0124: IGLOO2 Pin Descriptions*
- *PB0115: SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Product Brief*
- *DS0115: SmartFusion2 Pin Descriptions*

All product documentation for IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 is available at:
http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/fpga/igloo2-fpga
http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/soc-fpga/smartfusion2#overview

2.3 Electrical Specifications

2.3.1 Operating Conditions

The following table lists the stress limits. Stress applied above the specified limit may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the recommended operating conditions specified in the following table are not implied.

Table 3 • **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.	V_{DD}	–0.3	1.32	V
Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming). Must always power this pin.	V_{PP}	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for FDDR PLL	FDDR_PLL_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power pad for PLL0–5	CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
High supply voltage for PLL SerDes[01]	SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	–0.3	3.63	V
Analog power for SerDes[01] PLL lane0 to lane3. This is a 2.5 V SerDes internal PLL supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL	–0.3	2.75	V
TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SerDesIF0. This is a 1.2 V SerDes PMA supply.	SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIO	–0.3	1.32	V
PCIe/PCS power supply	SERDES_[01]_VDD	–0.3	1.32	V
DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIO I/O bank	V_{DDIx}	–0.3	3.63	V
DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O banks	V_{DDIx}	–0.3	2.75	V
I/O Input voltage for MSIO I/O bank	V_I	–0.3	3.63	V
I/O Input voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O bank	V_I	–0.3	2.75	V
Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to V_{PP}.	V_{PPNVM}	–0.3	3.63	V
Storage temperature[1]	T_{STG}	–65	150	°C
Junction temperature	T_J	–55	135	°C

The following table lists the embedded operating flash limits.

Table 6 • **Embedded Operating Flash Limits**

Product Grade	Element	Programming Temperature	Maximum Operating Temperature	Programming Cycles	Retention (Biased/Unbiased)
Commercial	Embedded flash	Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	< 1000 cycles per page, up to two million cycles per eNVM array	20 years
			Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	< 10000 cycles per page, up to 20 million cycles per eNVM array	10 years
Industrial	Embedded flash	Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	< 1000 cycles per page, up to two million cycles per eNVM array	20 years
			Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	< 10000 cycles per page, up to 20 million cycles per eNVM array	10 years

Note: If your product qualification requires accelerated programming cycles, see *Microsemi SoC Products Quality and Reliability Report* about recommended methodologies.

Table 7 • **Device Storage Temperature and Retention**

Product Grade	Storage Temperature (Tstg)	Retention
Commercial	Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	20 years
Industrial	Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	20 years

Table 8 • **High Temperature Data Retention (HTR) Lifetime**

T_J (C)	HTR Lifetime[1] (yrs)
90	20.5
95	20.5
100	20.5
105	17.0
110	15.0
115	13.0
120	11.5
125	10.0
130	8.0
135	6.0
140	4.5
145	3.0
150	1.5

1. HTR Lifetime is the period during which a verify failure is not expected due to flash leakage.

Table 11 • **SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current (V_{DD} = 1.2 V) – Typical Process**

Symbol	Modes	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit	Conditions
IDC2	Flash*Freeze	1.4	2.6	3.7	5.1	5.0	5.1	8.9	mA	Typical (T_J = 25 °C)
		12.0	20.0	26.6	35.3	35.4	35.7	57.8	mA	Commercial (T_J = 85 °C)
		18.5	30.8	41.0	54.5	54.5	55.0	89.0	mA	Industrial (T_J = 100 °C)

Table 12 • **SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current (V_{DD} = 1.26 V) – Worst-Case Process**

Symbol	Modes	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit	Conditions
IDC1	Non-Flash*Freeze	43.8	57.0	84.6	132.3	161.4	163.0	242.5	mA	Commercial (T_J= 85 °C)
		65.3	85.7	127.8	200.9	245.4	247.8	369.0	mA	Industrial (T_J = 100 °C)
IDC2	Flash*Freeze	29.1	45.6	51.7	62.7	69.3	70.0	84.8	mA	Commercial (T_J = 85 °C)
		44.9	70.3	79.7	96.5	106.8	107.8	130.6	mA	Industrial (T_J = 100 °C)

2.3.2.2 Programming Currents

The following tables represent programming, verify and Inrush currents for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGA devices.

Table 13 • **Currents During Program Cycle, 0 °C < = T_J <= 85 °C – Typical Process**

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150[1]	Unit
V_{DD}	1.26	46	53	55	58	30	42	52	mA
V_{PP}	3.46	8	11	6	10	9	12	12	mA
V_{PPNVM}	3.46	1	2	2	3	3	3		mA
V_{DDI}	2.62	31	16	17	1	12	12	81	mA
	3.46	62	31	36	1	12	17	84	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

1. V_{PP} and V_{PPNVM} are internally shorted.

Table 14 • **Currents During Verify Cycle, 0 °C <= T_J <= 85 °C – Typical Process**

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150[1]	Unit
V_{DD}	1.26	44	53	55	58	33	41	51	mA
V_{PP}	3.46	6	5	3	15	8	11	12	mA
V_{PPNVM}	3.46	1	0	0	1	1	1		mA
V_{DDI}	2.62	31	16	17	1	12	11	81	mA
	3.46	61	32	36	1	12	17	84	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

1. V_{PP} and V_{PPNVM} are internally shorted.

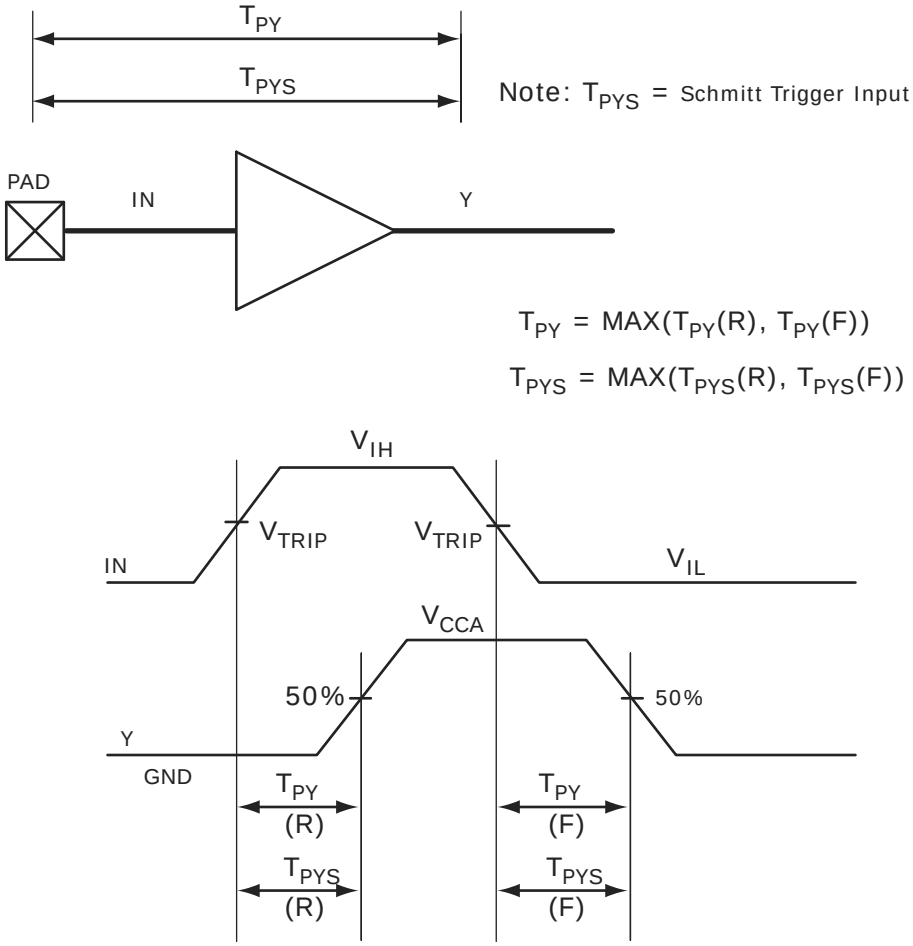
2.3.5 User I/O Characteristics

There are three types of I/Os supported in the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA families: MSIO, MSIOD, and DDRIO I/O banks. The I/O standards supported by the different I/O banks is described in the I/Os section of the *UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide*.

2.3.5.1 Input Buffer and AC Loading

The following figure shows the input buffer and AC loading.

Figure 3 • **Input Buffer AC Loading**



The following table lists the minimum and maximum I/O weak pull-up/pull-down resistance values of MSIO I/O bank at V_{OH}/V_{OL} Level.

Table 26 • **I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistances for MSIO I/O Bank**

	R(WEAK PULL-UP) at V_{OH} (Ω)		R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) at V_{OL} (Ω)	
V_{DDI} Domain	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**
3.3 V	9.9K	17.1K	9.98K	17.5K
2.5 V[1, 2]	10K	17.6K	10.1K	18.4K
1.8 V[1, 2]	10.4K	19.1K	10.4K	20.4K
1.5 V[1, 2]	10.7K	20.4K	10.8K	22.2K
1.2 V[1, 2]	11.3K	23.2K	11.5K	26.7K

1. R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) = (VOLspec)/I(WEAK PULL-DOWN MAX).
2. R(WEAK PULL-UP) = (VDDImax – VOHspec)/I(WEAK PULL-UP MIN).

The following table lists the minimum and maximum I/O weak pull-up/pull-down resistance values of MSIOD I/O bank at V_{OH}/V_{OL} Level.

Table 27 • **I/O Weak Pull-up/Pull-down Resistances for MSIOD I/O Bank**

	R(WEAK PULL-UP) at V_{OH} (Ω)		R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) at V_{OL} (Ω)	
V_{DDI} Domain	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**
2.5 V[1, 2]	9.6K	16.6K	9.5K	16.4K
1.8 V[1, 2]	9.7K	17.3K	9.7K	17.1K
1.5 V[1, 2]	9.9K	18K	9.8K	17.6K
1.2 V[1, 2]	10.3K	19.6K	10K	19.1K

1. R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) = (VOLspec)/I(WEAK PULL-DOWN MAX).
2. R(WEAK PULL-UP) = (VDDImax – VOHspec)/I(WEAK PULL-UP MIN).

The following table lists the hysteresis voltage value for schmitt trigger mode input buffers.

Table 28 • **Schmitt Trigger Input Hysteresis**

Input Buffer Configuration	Hysteresis Value (Typical, unless otherwise noted)
3.3 V LVTTL/LVCMOS/ PCI/PCI-X	0.05 × V_{DDI} (worst-case)
2.5 V LVCMOS	0.05 × V_{DDI} (worst-case)
1.8 V LVCMOS	0.1 × V_{DDI} (worst-case)
1.5 V LVCMOS	60 mV
1.2 V LVCMOS	20 mV

Table 43 • **LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	1.2	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ωσ
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

Table 44 • **LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection			VOH (V)	VOL (V)	IOH (at VOH) mA	IOL (at VOL) mA
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank (With Software Default Fixed Code)	Min	Max		
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	6	6
8 mA	8 mA	8 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	8	8
12 mA	12 mA	12 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	12	12
16 mA		16 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.4	0.4	16	16

Note: For board design considerations, output slew rates extraction, detailed output buffer resistances, and I/V Curve, use the corresponding IBIS models located at: www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx.

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 2.375 V

Table 45 • **LVCMOS 2.5 V Receiver Characteristics (Input Buffers)**

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		T_{PYS}		Unit
		–1	–Std	–1	–Std	
LVCMOS 2.5 V (for DDRIO I/O bank)	None	1.823	2.145	1.932	2.274	ns
LVCMOS 2.5 V (for MSIO I/O bank)	None	2.486	2.925	2.495	2.935	ns
LVCMOS 2.5 V (for MSIOD I/O bank)	None	2.29	2.694	2.305	2.712	ns

Table 46 • **LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}[1]		T_{LZ}[1]		Unit
		–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.657	4.302	3.393	3.991	3.675	4.323	3.894	4.582	3.552	4.18	ns
	Medium	3.374	3.97	3.139	3.693	3.396	3.995	3.635	4.277	3.253	3.828	ns
	Medium fast	3.239	3.811	3.036	3.572	3.261	3.836	3.519	4.141	3.128	3.681	ns
	Fast	3.224	3.793	3.029	3.563	3.246	3.818	3.512	4.132	3.119	3.67	ns

Table 95 • **HSTL DC Output Voltage Specification Applicable to DDRIO I/O Bank Only**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
	HSTL Class I			
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{DDI} – 0.4		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.4	V
Output minimum source DC current (MSIO and DDRIO I/O banks)	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	–8.0		mA
Output minimum sink current (MSIO and DDRIO I/O banks)	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	8.0		mA
	HSTL Class II			
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{DDI} – 0.4		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.4	V
Output minimum source DC current	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	–16.0		mA
Output minimum sink current	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	16.0		mA

Table 96 • **HSTL DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID} (DC)	0.2	V

Table 97 • **HSTL AC Differential Voltage Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF}	0.4		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x	0.68	0.9	V

Table 98 • **HSTL Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications

Table 99 • **HSTL Impedance Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R_{REF}	25.5, 47.8	Ω	Reference resistance = 191 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT for DDRIO I/O bank only)	R_{TT}	47.8	Ω	Reference resistance = 191 Ω

Table 100 • **HSTL AC Test Parameter Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.75	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for HSTL15 Class I (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for HSTL15 Class II (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst-case commercial conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, worst-case V_{DDI}.

Table 101 • **HSTL Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code (Input Buffers)**

		T_{PY}		
	On-Die Termination (ODT)	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
Pseudo differential	None	1.605	1.888	ns
	47.8	1.614	1.898	ns
True differential	None	1.622	1.909	ns
	47.8	1.628	1.916	ns

Table 102 • **HSTL Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		
	–1	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
HSTL Class I											
Single-ended	2.6	3.059	2.514	2.958	2.514	2.958	2.431	2.86	2.431	2.86	ns
Differential	2.621	3.083	2.648	3.115	2.647	3.113	2.925	3.442	2.923	3.44	ns
HSTL Class II											
Single-ended	2.511	2.954	2.488	2.927	2.49	2.93	2.409	2.833	2.411	2.836	ns
Differential	2.528	2.974	2.552	3.003	2.551	3.001	2.897	3.409	2.896	3.408	ns

2.3.6.2 Stub-Series Terminated Logic

Stub-Series Terminated Logic (SSTL) for 2.5 V (SSTL2), 1.8 V (SSTL18), and 1.5 V (SSTL15) is supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs. SSTL2 is defined by JEDEC standard JESD8-9B and SSTL18 is defined by JEDEC standard JESD8-15. IGLOO2 SSTL I/O configurations are designed to meet double data rate standards DDR/2/3 for general purpose memory buses. Double data rate standards are designed to meet their JEDEC specifications as defined by JEDEC standard JESD79F for DDR, JEDEC standard JESD79-2F for DDR, JEDEC standard JESD79-3D for DDR3, and JEDEC standard JESD209A for LPDDR.

Table 144 • **LPDDR AC Differential Voltage Specifications (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF}	0.6 × V_{DDI}		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x	0.4 × V_{DDI}	0.6 × V_{DDI}	V

Table 145 • **LPDDR AC Specifications (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications

Table 146 • **LPDDR AC Calibrated Impedance Option (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance	R_{REF}	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT)	R_{TT}	50, 70, 150	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

Table 147 • **LPDDR AC Test Parameter Specifications (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for LPDDR (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	Ω

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst-case commercial conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, worst-case V_{DDI}.

Table 148 • **LPDDR Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes**

		T_{PY}		
	On-Die Termination (ODT)	–1	–Std	Unit
Pseudo differential	None	1.568	1.845	ns
True differential	None	1.588	1.869	ns

Table 149 • **LPDDR Reduced Drive for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T_{DP}		T_{ENZL}		T_{ENZH}		T_{ENHZ}		T_{ENLZ}		
	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	Unit
Single-ended	2.383	2.804	2.23	2.623	2.229	2.622	2.202	2.591	2.201	2.59	ns
Differential	2.396	2.819	2.764	3.252	2.764	3.252	2.255	2.653	2.255	2.653	ns

Table 156 • **LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

Table 157 • **LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode Transmitter Drive Strength Specification for DDRIO Bank**

Output Drive Selection	V_{OH} (V) Min	V_{OL} (V) Max	I_{OH} (at V_{OH}) mA	I_{OL} (at V_{OL}) mA
2 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	2	2
4 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	4	4
6 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	6	6
8 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	8	8
10 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	10	10
12 mA	V_{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	12	12
16 mA[1]	V_{DDI} – 0.45	0.45	16	16

1. 16 mA Drive Strengths, All Slews, meet LPDDR JEDEC electrical compliance.

Table 158 • **LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8V AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code - Input Buffers)**

ODT (On Die Termination)	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	Unit
None	1.968	2.315	2.099	2.47	ns

Table 159 • **LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

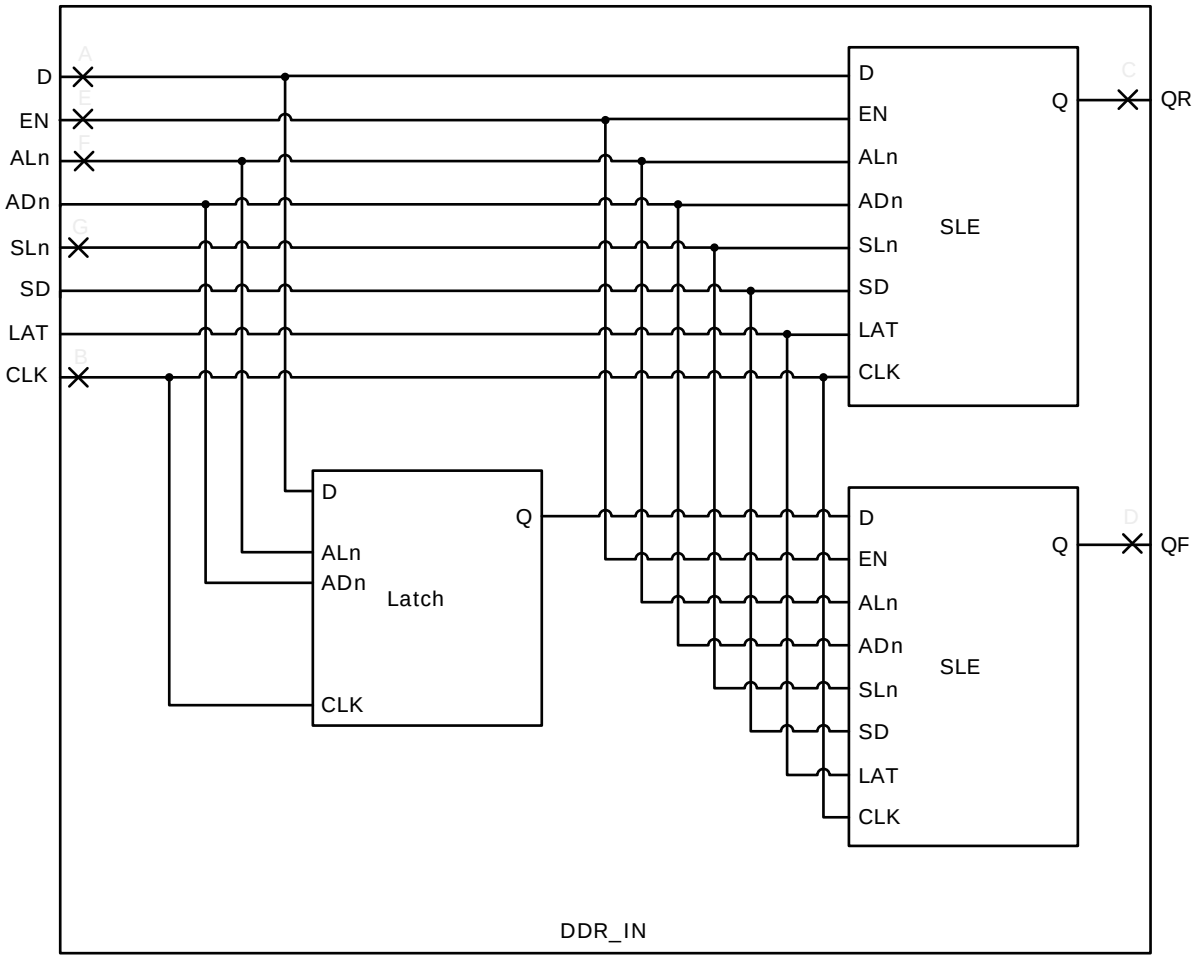
Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}[1]		T_{LZ}[1]		Unit
		–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	
2 mA	slow	4.234	4.981	3.646	4.29	4.245	4.995	4.908	5.774	4.434	5.216	ns
	medium	3.824	4.498	3.282	3.861	3.834	4.511	4.625	5.441	4.116	4.843	ns
	medium_fast	3.627	4.267	3.111	3.66	3.637	4.279	4.481	5.272	3.984	4.687	ns
	fast	3.605	4.241	3.097	3.644	3.615	4.253	4.472	5.262	3.973	4.674	ns
4 mA	slow	3.923	4.615	3.314	3.9	3.918	4.61	5.403	6.356	4.894	5.757	ns
	medium	3.518	4.138	2.961	3.484	3.515	4.135	5.121	6.025	4.561	5.366	ns
	medium_fast	3.321	3.907	2.783	3.275	3.317	3.903	4.966	5.843	4.426	5.206	ns
	fast	3.301	3.883	2.77	3.259	3.296	3.878	4.957	5.831	4.417	5.196	ns
6 mA	slow	3.71	4.364	3.104	3.652	3.702	4.355	5.62	6.612	5.08	5.977	ns
	medium	3.333	3.921	2.779	3.27	3.325	3.913	5.346	6.289	4.777	5.62	ns
	medium_fast	3.155	3.712	2.62	3.083	3.146	3.702	5.21	6.13	4.657	5.479	ns
	fast	3.134	3.688	2.608	3.068	3.125	3.677	5.202	6.12	4.648	5.468	ns
8 mA	slow	3.619	4.258	3.007	3.538	3.607	4.244	5.815	6.841	5.249	6.175	ns

2.3.9 DDR Module Specification

This section describes input and output DDR module and timing specifications.

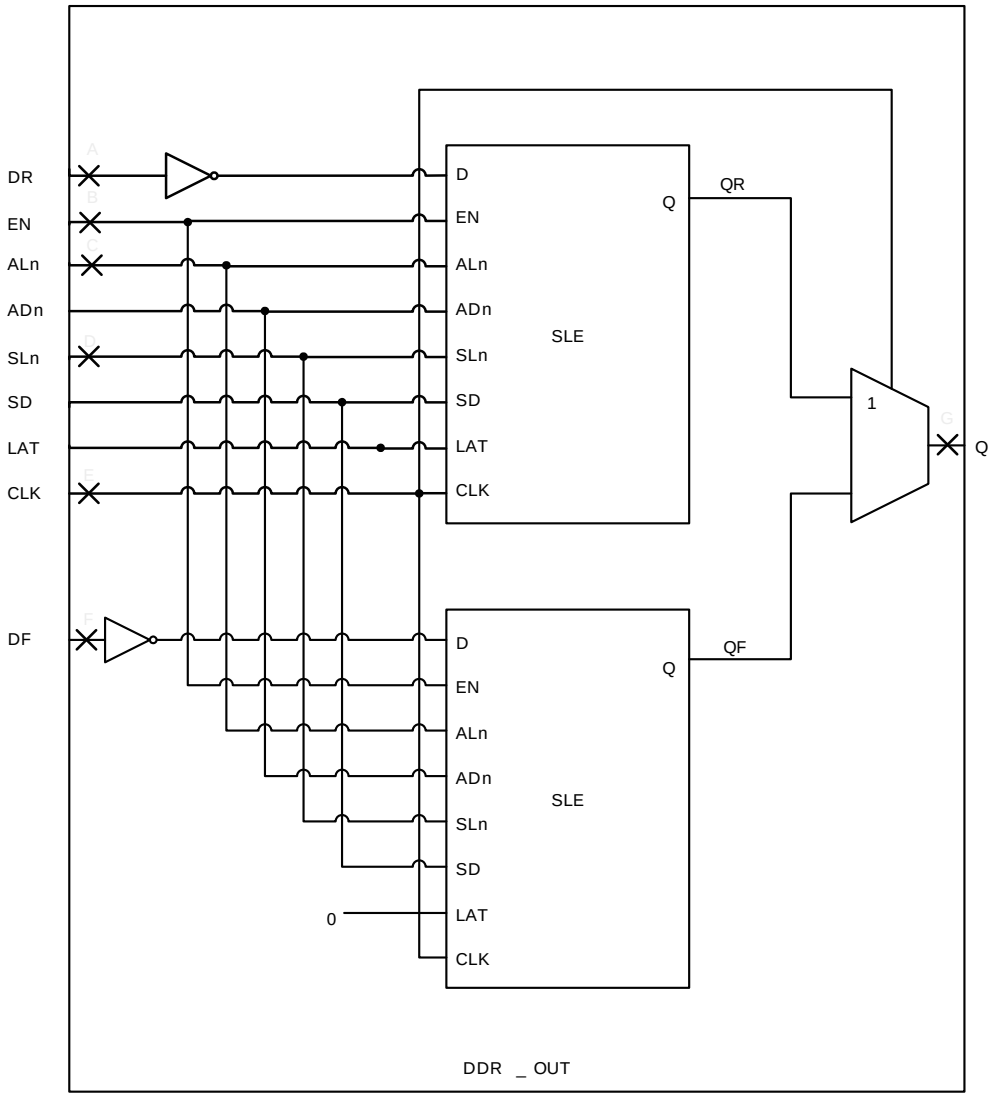
2.3.9.1 Input DDR Module

Figure 10 • **Input DDR Module**



2.3.9.4 Output DDR Module

Figure 12 • Output DDR Module



The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 16K × 1 in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 235 • **RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 16K × 1**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Clock period	T_{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T_{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		0.32		0.377	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			2.269		2.669	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.51		1.777	ns
Address setup time	T_{ADDRSU}	0.626		0.737		ns
Address hold time	T_{ADDRHD}	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T_{DSU}	0.322		0.378		ns
Data hold time	T_{DHD}	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		1.51		1.777	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T_{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDESU}	0.53		0.624		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDEHD}	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T_{R2Q}		1.547		1.82	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T_{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T_{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T_{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WESU}	0.454		0.534		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WEHD}	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – two-port mode for depth × width configuration 512 × 36 in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 236 • **RAM1K18 – Two-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 512 × 36**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Clock period	T_{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T_{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		0.334		0.393	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			2.25		2.647	ns
Address setup time	T_{ADDRSU}	0.313		0.368		ns
Address hold time	T_{ADDRHD}	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T_{DSU}	0.337		0.396		ns
Data hold time	T_{DHD}	0.111		0.13		ns
Block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	0.201		0.237		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		2.25		2.647	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T_{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDESU}	0.449		0.528		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDEHD}	0.167		0.197		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T_{R2Q}		1.506		1.772	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T_{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T_{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T_{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WESU}	0.39		0.458		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WEHD}	0.242		0.285		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		400		340	MHz

Table 245 • **JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	39	4	Sec
010	274816	78	9	Sec
025	274816	78	9	Sec
050	278528	84	8	Sec
060	268480	76	8	Sec
090	544496	154	15	Sec
150	544496	155	15	Sec

Table 246 • **JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	59	11	Sec
010	842688	107	20	Sec
025	1497408	120	35	Sec
050	2695168	162	59	Sec
060	2686464	158	70	Sec
090	4190208	266	147	Sec
150	6682768	316	231	Sec

Table 247 • **2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	4	17	6	Sec
010	568784	7	23	12	Sec
025	1223504	14	33	23	Sec
050	2424832	29	52	40	Sec
060	2418896	39	61	50	Sec
090	3645968	60	84	73	Sec
150	6139184	100	132	120	Sec

Table 251 • **SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only) *(continued)***

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
150	544496	10	158	15	Sec

Table 252 • **SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	9	61	11	Sec
010	842688	15	107	21	Sec
025	1497408	26	121	35	Sec
050	2695168	43	141	55	Sec
060	2686464	48	143	60	Sec
090	4190208	75	244	91	Sec
150	6682768	117	296	141	Sec

Table 253 • **Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming 100 kHz	Auto Update 25 MHz	Programming Recovery 12.5 MHz	Unit
005	47	27	28	Sec
010	77	35	35	Sec
025	150	42	41	Sec
050	33[1]	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	291	83	82	Sec
090	427	109	108	Sec
150	708	157	160	Sec

1. Auto Programming in 050 device is done through SC_SPI, and SPI CLK is set to 6.25 MHz.

Table 254 • **Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming 100 kHz	Auto Update 25 MHz	Programming Recovery 12.5 MHz	Unit
005	41	48	49	Sec
010	86	87	87	Sec
025	87	85	86	Sec
050	85	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	78	86	86	Sec
090	154	162	162	Sec

The following table lists the programming times in worst-case conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V. External SPI flash part# AT25DF641-s3H is used during this measurement.

Table 256 • **JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	44	10	Sec
010	568784	50	18	Sec
025	1223504	73	26	Sec
050	2424832	88	54	Sec
060	2418896	99	54	Sec
090	3645968	135	126	Sec
150	6139184	177	193	Sec

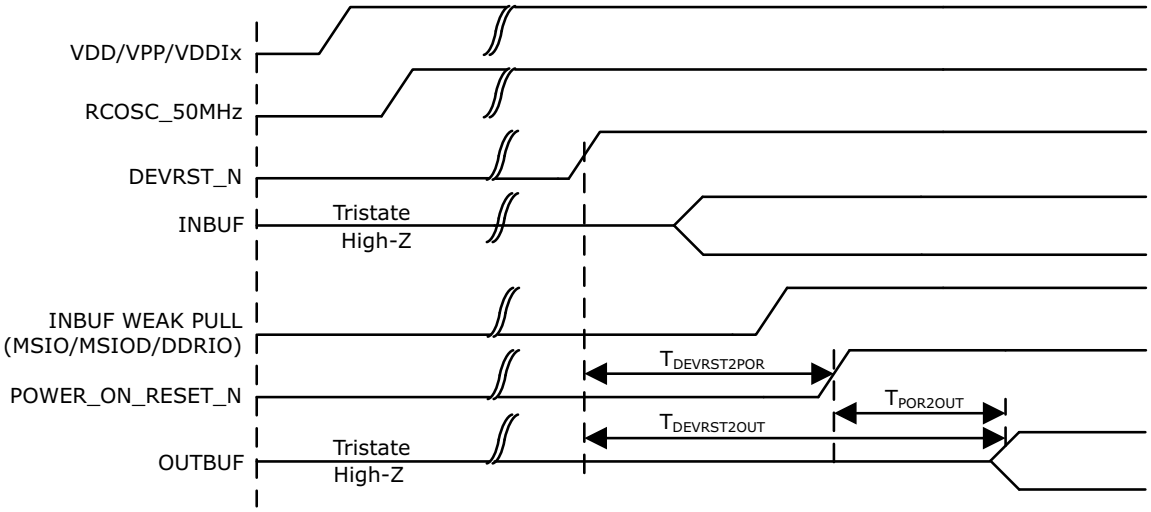
Table 257 • **JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	61	4	Sec
010	274816	100	9	Sec
025	274816	100	9	Sec
050	2,78,528	106	8	Sec
060	268480	98	8	Sec
090	544496	176	15	Sec
150	544496	177	15	Sec

Table 258 • **JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	71	11	Sec
010	842688	129	20	Sec
025	1497408	142	35	Sec
050	2695168	184	59	Sec
060	2686464	180	70	Sec
090	4190208	288	147	Sec
150	6682768	338	231	Sec

Figure 20 • **DEVRST_N to Functional Timing Diagram for IGLOO2**



2.3.27 Flash*Freeze Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the Flash*Freeze entry and exit times in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 293 • **Flash*Freeze Entry and Exit Times**

		Entry/Exit Timing FCLK = 100MHz		Entry/Exit Timing FCLK = 3 MHz		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**005, 010, 025, 060, 090, and 150**	**050**	**All Devices**	**Unit**	**Conditions**
Entry time	TFF_ENTRY	160	150	320	µs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON
		215	200	430	µs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL= OFF
Exit time with respect to the MSS PLL Lock	TFF_EXIT	100	100	140	µs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		136	120	190	µs	eNVM = ON and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and MSS/HPMS PLL turned back on at exit
		200	200	285	µs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit
		200	200	285	µs	eNVM = OFF and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F and eNVM turned back on at exit

2.3.31.3 Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Characteristics

This section describes the DC and switching of the SPI interface. Unless otherwise noted, all output characteristics given are for a 35 pF load on the pins and all sequential timing characteristics are related to SPI_x_CLK. For timing parameter definitions, see Figure 22, page 128.

The following table lists the SPI characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V

Table 305 • **SPI Characteristics for All Devices**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SPIFMAX	Maximum operating frequency of SPI interface			20	MHz	
sp1	SPI_[0|1]_CLK minimum period					
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/2	12			ns	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/4	24.1			ns	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/8	48.2			ns	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/16	0.1			µs	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/32	0.19			µs	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/64	0.39			µs	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/128	0.77			µs	
sp2	SPI_[0|1]_CLK minimum pulse width high					
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/2	6			ns	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/4	12.05			ns	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/8	24.1			ns	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/16	0.05			µs	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/32	0.095			µs	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/64	0.195			µs	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/128	0.385			µs	
sp3	SPI_[0|1]_CLK minimum pulse width low					
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/2	6			ns	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/4	12.05			ns	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/8	24.1			ns	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/16	0.05			µs	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/32	0.095			µs	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/64	0.195			µs	
	SPI_[0|1]_CLK = PCLK/128	0.385			µs	
sp4	SPI_[0|1]_CLK, SPI_[0|1]_DO, SPI_[0|1]_SS rise time (10%–90%)[1]		2.77		ns	I/O Configuration: LVCMOS 2.5 V– 8 mA AC loading: 35 pF Test conditions: Typical voltage, 25 °C