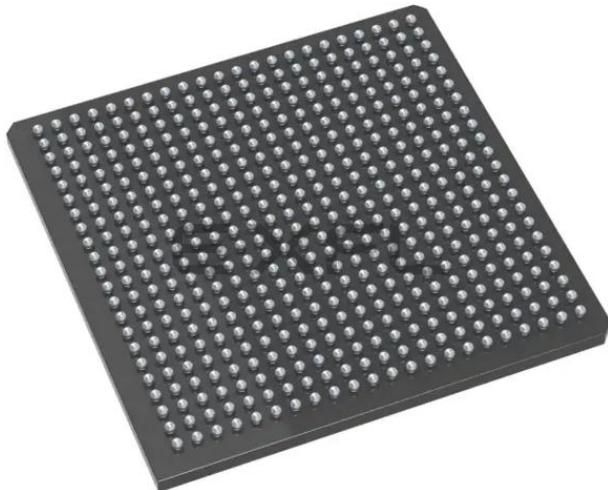


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### [\*\*Embedded - System On Chip \(SoC\): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems\*\*](#)

**Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)** refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

### **What are [Embedded - System On Chip \(SoC\)](#)?**

**System On Chip (SoC)** integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions, SoCs combine a central

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Flash Size	256KB
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	DDR, PCIe, SERDES
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I²C, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Speed	166MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 25K Logic Modules
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2s025t-fgg484">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2s025t-fgg484</a>

# 1 Revision History

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The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

## 1.1 Revision 11.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 11.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 24, page 22 with minimum and maximum values for input current low and high (SAR 73114 and 80314).
- Added Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics, page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79517).
- Added 060 device in Table 282, page 110 (SAR 79860).
- Added DEVRST\_N to Functional Times, page 116 (SAR 73114).
- Added Cryptographic Block Characteristics, page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79516).
- Update Table 296, page 121 with VTX-AMP details (SAR 81756).
- Update note in Table 297, page 122 (SAR 74570 and 80677).
- Update Table 298, page 122 with generic EPICS details (SAR 75307).
- Added Table 308, page 129 (SAR 50424).

## 1.2 Revision 10.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 10.0 of this document.

- The Surge Current on VDD during DEVRST\_B Assertion and Surge Current on VDD during Digest Check using System Services tables were deleted and added reference to *AC393: Board Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs Application Note*. (SAR 76865 and 76623).
- Added 060 device in Table 4, page 6 (SAR 76383).
- Updated Table 24, page 22 for ramp time input (SAR 72103).
- Added 060 device details in Table 284, page 112 (SAR 74927).
- Updated Table 290, page 116 for name change (SAR 74925).
- Updated Table 283, page 111 for 060 FG676 Package details (SAR 78849).
- Updated Table 305, page 126 for SmartFusion2 and Table 310, page 129 for IGLOO2 for SPI timing and Fmax (SAR 56645, 75331).
- Updated Table 293, page 119 for Flash\*Freeze entry and exit times (SAR 75329, 75330).
- Updated Table 297, page 122 for RX-CID information (SAR 78271).
- Added Table 8, page 8 and Figure 1, page 9 (SAR 78932).
- Updated Table 223, page 76 for timing characteristics and Table 224, page 77 (SAR 75998).
- Added SRAM PUF, page 105 (SAR 64406).
- Added a footnote on digest cycle in Table 5, page 7 (SAR 79812).

## 1.3 Revision 9.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 9.0 of this document.

- Added a note in Table 5, page 7 (SAR 71506).
- Added a note in Table 6, page 8 (SAR 74616).
- Added a note in Figure 3, page 17 (SAR 71506).
- Updated Quiescent Supply Current for 060 in Table 11, page 12 and Table 12, page 13 (SAR 74483).
- Updated programming currents for 060 in Table 13, page 13, Table 14, page 13, and Table 15, page 14.
- Added DEVRST\_B assertion tables (SAR 74708).
- Updated I/O speeds for LVDS 3.3 V in Table 18, page 19 and Table 21, page 20 (SAR 69829).
- Updated Table 24, page 22 (SAR 69418).
- Updated Table 25, page 22, Table 26, page 23, Table 27, page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Updated all AC/DC table to link to the Input Capacitance, Leakage Current, and Ramp Time, page 22 for reference (SAR 69418).

**Figure 1 • High Temperature Data Retention (HTR)**

### 2.3.1.1 Overshoot/Undershoot Limits

For AC signals, the input signal may undershoot during transitions to  $-1.0\text{ V}$  for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

For AC signals, the input signal may overshoot during transitions to  $V_{CC1} + 1.0\text{ V}$  for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

**Note:** The above specifications do not apply to the PCI standard. The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 PCI I/Os are compliant with the PCI standard including the PCI overshoot/undershoot specifications.

### 2.3.1.2 Thermal Characteristics

The temperature variable in the Microsemi SoC Products Group Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption causes the chip's junction temperature to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures.

EQ1 through EQ3 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient, and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P} \quad EQ\ 1$$

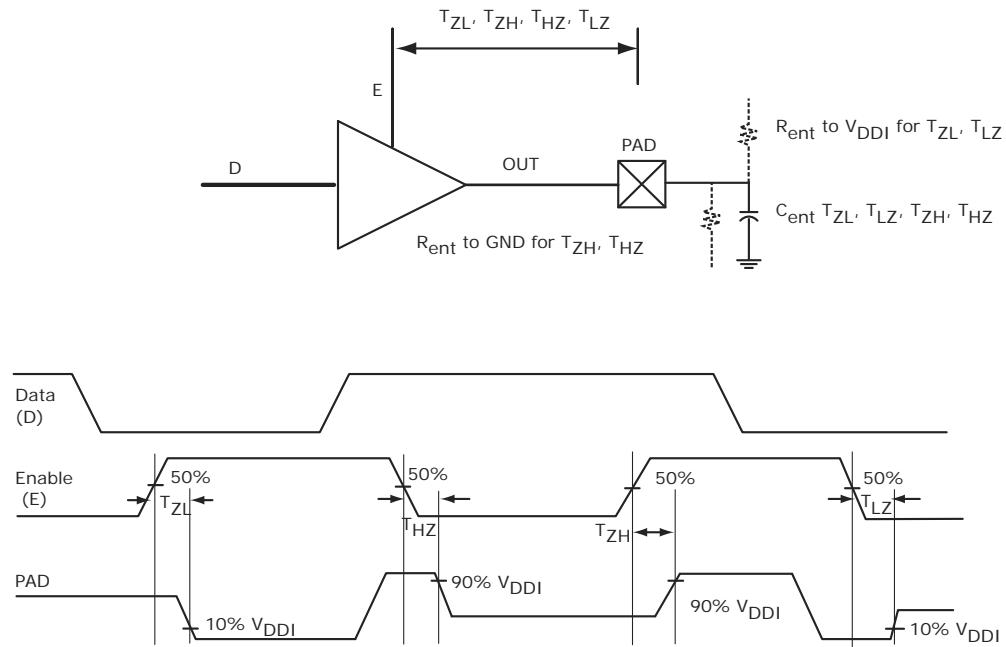
$$\theta_{JB} = \frac{T_J - T_B}{P} \quad EQ\ 2$$

$$\theta_{JC} = \frac{T_J - T_C}{P} \quad EQ\ 3$$

### 2.3.5.3 Tristate Buffer and AC Loading

The tristate path for enable path loadings is described in the respective specifications. The following figure shows the methodology of characterization illustrated by the enable path test point.

**Figure 5 • Tristate Buffer for Enable Path Test Point**



### 2.3.5.4 I/O Speeds

This section describes the maximum data rate summary of I/O in worst-case industrial conditions. See the individual I/O standards for operating conditions.

**Table 18 • Maximum Data Rate Summary Table for Single-Ended I/O in Worst-Case Industrial Conditions**

I/O	MSIO	MSIOD	DDRIO	Unit
PCI 3.3 V	630			Mbps
LVTTL 3.3 V	600			Mbps
LVCMS 3.3 V	600			Mbps
LVCMS 2.5 V	410	420	400	Mbps
LVCMS 1.8 V	295	400	400	Mbps
LVCMS 1.5 V	160	220	235	Mbps
LVCMS 1.2 V	120	160	200	Mbps
LPDDR-LVCMS 1.8 V mode			400	Mbps

**Table 43 • LVC MOS 2.5 V AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	1.2	V
Resistance for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	R <sub>ENT</sub>	2K	Ωσ
Capacitive loading for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	C <sub>ENT</sub>	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T <sub>DP</sub> )	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	5	pF

**Table 44 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection		V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	IOH (at V <sub>OH</sub> ) mA	IOL (at V <sub>OL</sub> ) mA
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank (With Software Default Fixed Code)		Min	Max
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA		V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4 2 2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA		V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4 4 4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA		V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4 6 6
8 mA	8 mA	8 mA		V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4 8 8
12 mA	12 mA	12 mA		V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4 12 12
16 mA		16 mA		V <sub>DDI</sub> – 0.4	0.4 16 16

**Note:** For board design considerations, output slew rates extraction, detailed output buffer resistances, and I/V Curve, use the corresponding IBIS models located at:  
[www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx).

#### AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V, V<sub>DDI</sub> = 2.375 V

**Table 45 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Receiver Characteristics (Input Buffers)**

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>				T <sub>PYS</sub>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std			
LVC MOS 2.5 V (for DDRIO I/O bank)	None			1.823	2.145	1.932	2.274	ns
LVC MOS 2.5 V (for MSIO I/O bank)	None			2.486	2.925	2.495	2.935	ns
LVC MOS 2.5 V (for MSIOD I/O bank)	None			2.29	2.694	2.305	2.712	ns

**Table 46 • LVC MOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.657	4.302	3.393	3.991	3.675	4.323	3.894	4.582	3.552	4.18	ns
	Medium	3.374	3.97	3.139	3.693	3.396	3.995	3.635	4.277	3.253	3.828	ns
	Medium fast	3.239	3.811	3.036	3.572	3.261	3.836	3.519	4.141	3.128	3.681	ns
	Fast	3.224	3.793	3.029	3.563	3.246	3.818	3.512	4.132	3.119	3.67	ns

**Table 85 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.883	4.568	4.868	5.726	5.329	6.269	7.994	9.404	7.527	8.855	ns
4 mA	Slow	3.774	4.44	4.188	4.926	4.613	5.426	8.972	10.555	8.315	9.782	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

### 2.3.5.11 3.3 V PCI/PCIX

Peripheral Component Interface (PCI) for 3.3 V standards specify support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI bus applications.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification (Applicable to MSIO Bank Only)

**Table 86 • PCI/PCI-X DC Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>DDI</sub>	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

**Table 87 • PCI/PCI-X DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	0	3.45	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IL</sub> (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 88 • PCI/PCI-X DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V <sub>OH</sub>		Per PCI specification		V
DC output logic low	V <sub>OL</sub>		Per PCI specification		V

**Table 89 • PCI/PCI-X Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (MSIO I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	630	Mbps	AC Loading: per JEDEC specifications

**Table 90 • PCI/PCI-X AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path (falling edge)	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	0.615 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	V
Measuring/trip point for data path (rising edge)	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	0.285 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	V
Resistance for data test path	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Resistance for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	R <sub>ENT</sub>	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	C <sub>ENT</sub>	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T <sub>DP</sub> )	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	10	pF

**Table 95 • HSTL DC Output Voltage Specification Applicable to DDRIO I/O Bank Only**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>HSTL Class I</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		0.4	V
Output minimum source DC current (MSIO and DDRIO I/O banks)	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	-8.0		mA
Output minimum sink current (MSIO and DDRIO I/O banks)	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	8.0		mA
<b>HSTL Class II</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		0.4	V
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	-16.0		mA
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	16.0		mA

**Table 96 • HSTL DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$ (DC)	0.2		V

**Table 97 • HSTL AC Differential Voltage Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	$V_{DIFF}$	0.4		V
AC differential cross point voltage	$V_x$	0.68	0.9	V

**Table 98 • HSTL Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	$D_{MAX}$	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications

**Table 99 • HSTL Impedance Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$R_{REF}$	25.5, 47.8	$\Omega$	Reference resistance = 191 $\Omega$
Effective impedance value (ODT for DDRIO I/O bank only)	$R_{TT}$	47.8	$\Omega$	Reference resistance = 191 $\Omega$

### 2.3.6.3 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 2.5 V (SSTL2)

SSTL2 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs and also comply with reduced and full drive of double data rate (DDR) standards. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os supports both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL2. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 103 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
Termination voltage	$V_{TT}$	1.164	1.250	1.339	V
Input reference voltage	$V_{REF}$	1.164	1.250	1.339	V

**Table 104 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	2.625	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}$ (DC)	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 105 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>SSTL2 Class I (DDR Reduced Drive)</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$V_{TT} + 0.608$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$V_{TT} - 0.608$	V
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	8.1		mA
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	-8.1		mA
<b>SSTL2 Class II (DDR Full Drive) – Applicable to MSIO and DDRIO I/O Bank Only</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$V_{TT} + 0.81$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$V_{TT} - 0.81$	V
Output minimum source DC current	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	16.2		mA
Output minimum sink current	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	-16.2		mA

**Table 106 • DDR1/SSTL2 DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$ (DC)	0.3	V

**Table 107 • SSTL2 AC Differential Voltage Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	$V_{\text{DIFF}}$ (AC)	0.7		V
AC differential cross point voltage	$V_x$ (AC)	$0.5 \times V_{\text{DDI}} - 0.2$	$0.5 \times V_{\text{DDI}} + 0.2$	V

**Table 108 • SSTL2 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$D_{\text{MAX}}$	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{\text{MAX}}$	575	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	$D_{\text{MAX}}$	700	Mbps	AC loading: 3 pF / 50 Ω load
		510	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load

**Table 109 • SSTL2 AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

**Table 110 • DDR1/SSTL2 AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{\text{TRIP}}$	1.25	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{\text{ENT}}$	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{\text{ENT}}$	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class I ( $T_{DP}$ )	$RTT_{\text{TEST}}$	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class II ( $T_{DP}$ )	$RTT_{\text{TEST}}$	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path ( $T_{DP}$ )	$C_{\text{LOAD}}$	5	pF

**AC Switching Characteristics**Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{DD}} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{DDI}} = 2.375\text{ V}$ **Table 111 • SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{\text{PY}}$			Unit
	-1	-Std		
Pseudo differential	None	1.549	1.821	ns
True differential	None	1.589	1.87	ns

**Table 159 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers) (continued)**

medium	3.246	3.819	2.686	3.16	3.236	3.807	5.542	6.52	4.936	5.807	ns	
medium_fast	3.066	3.607	2.525	2.971	3.054	3.593	5.405	6.359	4.811	5.66	ns	
fast	3.046	3.584	2.513	2.957	3.034	3.57	5.401	6.353	4.803	5.651	ns	
10 mA	slow	3.498	4.115	2.878	3.386	3.481	4.096	6.046	7.113	5.444	6.404	ns
	medium	3.138	3.692	2.569	3.023	3.126	3.678	5.782	6.803	5.129	6.034	ns
	medium_fast	2.966	3.489	2.414	2.841	2.951	3.472	5.666	6.665	5.013	5.897	ns
	fast	2.945	3.464	2.401	2.826	2.93	3.448	5.659	6.658	5.003	5.886	ns
12 mA	slow	3.417	4.02	2.807	3.303	3.401	4.002	6.083	7.156	5.464	6.428	ns
	medium	3.076	3.618	2.519	2.964	3.063	3.604	5.828	6.856	5.176	6.089	ns
	medium_fast	2.913	3.427	2.376	2.795	2.898	3.41	5.725	6.736	5.072	5.966	ns
	fast	2.894	3.405	2.362	2.78	2.879	3.388	5.715	6.724	5.064	5.957	ns
16 mA	slow	3.366	3.96	2.751	3.237	3.348	3.939	6.226	7.324	5.576	6.56	ns
	medium	3.03	3.565	2.47	2.906	3.017	3.55	5.981	7.036	5.282	6.214	ns
	medium_fast	2.87	3.377	2.328	2.739	2.854	3.358	5.895	6.935	5.18	6.094	ns
	fast	2.853	3.357	2.314	2.723	2.837	3.338	5.889	6.929	5.177	6.09	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management).

### 2.3.7 Differential I/O Standards

Configuration of the I/O modules as a differential pair is handled by Microsemi SoC Products Group Libero software when the user instantiates a differential I/O macro in the design. Differential I/Os can also be used in conjunction with the embedded Input register (InReg), Output register (OutReg), Enable register (EnReg), and Double Data Rate registers (DDR).

#### 2.3.7.1 LVDS

Low-Voltage Differential Signaling (ANSI/TIA/EIA-644) is a high-speed, differential I/O standard.

##### Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 160 • LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Supply voltage	V <sub>DDI</sub>	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
Supply voltage	V <sub>DDI</sub>	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range

**Table 161 • LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
DC Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	0	2.925	V	2.5 V range
DC input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	0	3.45	V	3.3 V range
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)				
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IL</sub> (DC)				

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 191 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>			Unit
	-1	-Std		
None	2.495	2.934	ns	
100	2.495	2.935	ns	

**Table 192 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>	T <sub>ZH</sub>	T <sub>HZ</sub>	T <sub>LZ</sub>						
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit
2.258	2.656	2.348	2.762	2.334	2.746	2.123	2.497	2.125	2.5	ns

### 2.3.7.4 Mini-LVDS

Mini-LVDS is an unidirectional interface from the timing controller to the column drivers and is designed to the Texas Instruments Standard SLDA007A.

#### Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 193 • Mini-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>DDI</sub>	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

**Table 194 • Mini-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	0	2.925	V

**Table 195 • Mini-LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V <sub>OL</sub>	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 196 • Mini-LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V <sub>OD</sub>	300	600	mV
Output common mode voltage	V <sub>OCM</sub>	1	1.4	V
Input common mode voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	0.3	1.2	V
Input differential voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	600	mV

**Table 197 • Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	520	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

**AC Switching Characteristics**

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ .

**Table 210 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIO I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.855	3.359	ns
100	2.85	3.353	ns

**Table 211 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.602	3.061	ns
100	2.597	3.055	ns

**Table 212 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>	T <sub>ZH</sub>	T <sub>HZ</sub>	T <sub>LZ</sub>						
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit
2.097	2.467	2.303	2.709	2.291	2.695	1.961	2.307	1.947	2.29	ns

**Table 213 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>	T <sub>ZH</sub>	T <sub>HZ</sub>	T <sub>LZ</sub>						
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit
No pre-emphasis	1.614	1.899	1.559	1.834	1.55	1.823	1.59	1.87	1.575	1.852	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.604	1.887	1.742	2.05	1.728	2.032	1.889	2.222	1.858	2.185	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.521	1.79	1.753	2.062	1.737	2.043	1.9	2.235	1.868	2.197	ns
Max pre-emphasis	1.492	1.754	1.762	2.073	1.745	2.052	1.91	2.247	1.876	2.206	ns

**2.3.7.6 LVPECL**

Low-Voltage Positive Emitter-Coupled Logic (LVPECL) is another differential I/O standard. It requires that one data bit be carried through two signal lines. Similar to LVDS, two pins are needed. It also requires external resistor termination. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs support only LVPECL receivers and do not support LVPECL transmitters.

**Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

**Table 214 • LVPECL Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

The following table lists the input data register propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 219 • Input Data Register Propagation Delays**

Parameter	Symbol	Measuring Nodes (from, to) <sup>1</sup>	-1	-Std	Unit
Bypass delay of the input register	$T_{IBYP}$	F, G	0.353	0.415	ns
Clock-to-Q of the input register	$T_{ICLKQ}$	E, G	0.16	0.188	ns
Data setup time for the input register	$T_{ISUD}$	A, E	0.357	0.421	ns
Data hold time for the input register	$T_{IHD}$	A, E	0	0	ns
Enable setup time for the input register	$T_{ISUE}$	B, E	0.46	0.542	ns
Enable hold time for the input register	$T_{IHE}$	B, E	0	0	ns
Synchronous load setup time for the input register	$T_{ISUSL}$	D, E	0.46	0.542	ns
Synchronous load hold time for the input register	$T_{IHSL}$	D, E	0	0	ns
Asynchronous clear-to-Q of the input register ( $ADn=1$ )	$T_{IALN2Q}$	C, G	0.625	0.735	ns
Asynchronous preset-to-Q of the input register ( $ADn=0$ )		C, G	0.587	0.69	ns
Asynchronous load removal time for the input register	$T_{IREMALN}$	C, E	0	0	ns
Asynchronous load recovery time for the input register	$T_{IRECALN}$	C, E	0.074	0.087	ns
Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for the input register	$T_{IWALN}$	C, C	0.304	0.357	ns
Clock minimum pulse width high for the input register	$T_{ICKMPWH}$	E, E	0.075	0.088	ns
Clock minimum pulse width low for the input register	$T_{ICKMPWL}$	E, E	0.159	0.187	ns

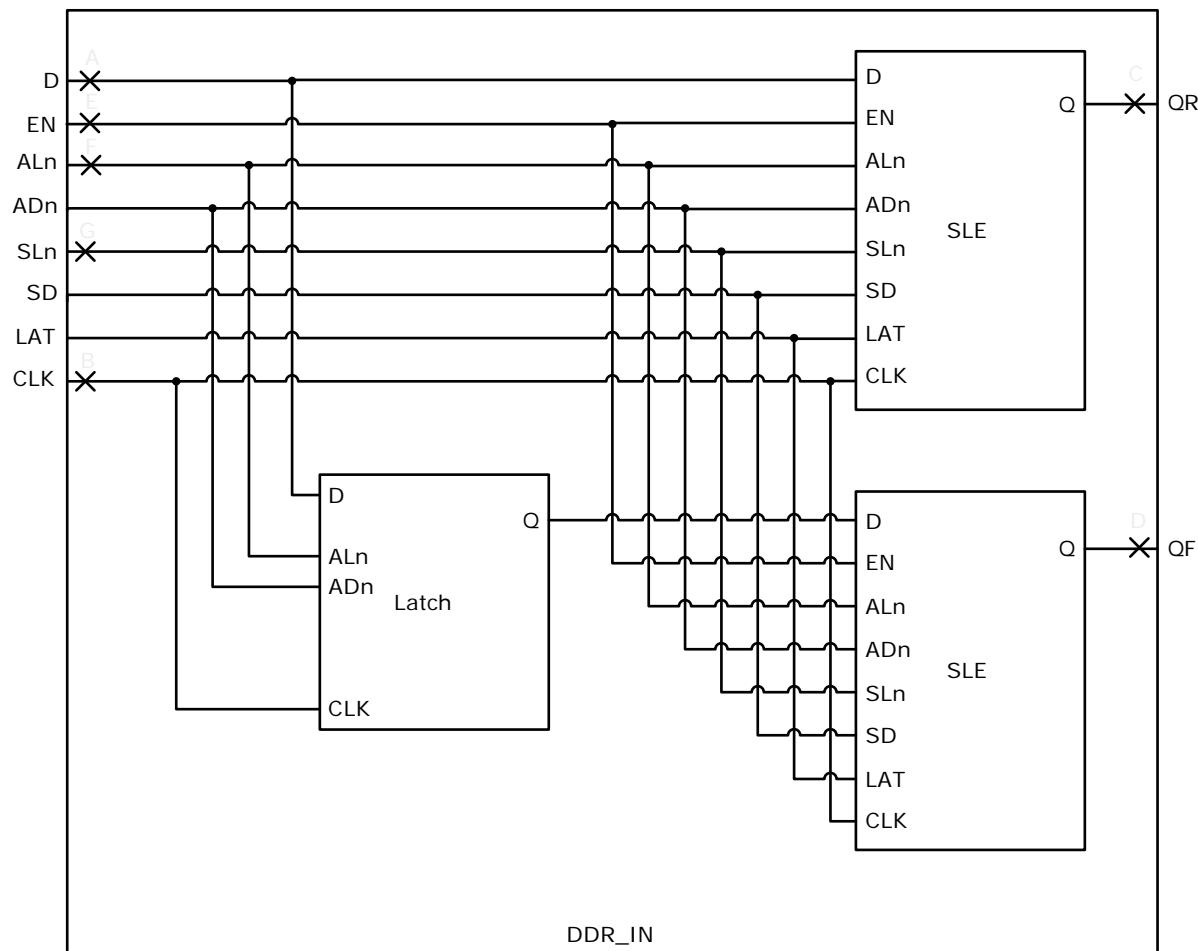
1. For the derating values at specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, see Table 16, page 14 for derating values.

### 2.3.9 DDR Module Specification

This section describes input and output DDR module and timing specifications.

#### 2.3.9.1 Input DDR Module

**Figure 10 • Input DDR Module**



**Table 240 • μSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128 × 8 Mode (continued)**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>	
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T <sub>ADDRHD</sub>	0.091	0.107		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.778	-0.915		ns
Read enable setup time	T <sub>RDENSU</sub>	0.278	0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T <sub>RDENHD</sub>	0.057	0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T <sub>BLKSU</sub>	1.839	2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T <sub>BLKHD</sub>	-0.65	-0.765		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T <sub>BLK2Q</sub>		2.036	2.396	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)		-0.023	-0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)	T <sub>RSTREM</sub>	0.046	0.054		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)		0.507	0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)	T <sub>RSTREC</sub>	0.236	0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T <sub>R2Q</sub>		0.835	0.982	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T <sub>SRSTSU</sub>	0.271	0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T <sub>SRSTHD</sub>	0.061	0.071		ns
Write clock period	T <sub>CCY</sub>	4	4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>CCLKMPWH</sub>	1.8	1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>CCLKMPWL</sub>	1.8	1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T <sub>BLKCSU</sub>	0.404	0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T <sub>BLKCHD</sub>	0.007	0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T <sub>DINCSU</sub>	0.115	0.135		ns
Write input data hold time	T <sub>DINCHD</sub>	0.15	0.177		ns
Write address setup time	T <sub>ADDRCSU</sub>	0.088	0.104		ns
Write address hold time	T <sub>ADDRCHD</sub>	0.128	0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	T <sub>WECSU</sub>	0.397	0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T <sub>WECHD</sub>	-0.026	-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F <sub>MAX</sub>		250	250	MHz

**Table 243 • μSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 × 1 Mode (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std	
		Min	Max	Min	Max
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)	T <sub>RSTREC</sub>	0.507		0.597	ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)		0.236		0.278	ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T <sub>R2Q</sub>		0.83	0.98	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T <sub>SRSTSU</sub>	0.271		0.319	ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T <sub>SRSTHD</sub>	0.061		0.071	ns
Write clock period	T <sub>CCY</sub>	4		4	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>CCLKMPWH</sub>	1.8		1.8	ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>CCLKMPWL</sub>	1.8		1.8	ns
Write block setup time	T <sub>BLKCSU</sub>	0.404		0.476	ns
Write block hold time	T <sub>BLKCHD</sub>	0.007		0.008	ns
Write input data setup time	T <sub>DINCSU</sub>	0.003		0.004	ns
Write input data hold time	T <sub>DINCHD</sub>	0.137		0.161	ns
Write address setup time	T <sub>ADDRCSU</sub>	0.088		0.104	ns
Write address hold time	T <sub>ADDRCHD</sub>	0.247		0.29	ns
Write enable setup time	T <sub>WECSU</sub>	0.397		0.467	ns
Write enable hold time	T <sub>WECHD</sub>	-0.03		-0.03	ns
Maximum frequency	F <sub>MAX</sub>		250	250	MHz

### 2.3.13 Programming Times

The following tables list the programming times in typical conditions when T<sub>J</sub> = 25 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.2 V. External SPI flash part# AT25DF641-s3H is used during this measurement.

**Table 244 • JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	22	10	Sec
010	568784	28	18	Sec
025	1223504	51	26	Sec
050	2424832	66	54	Sec
060	2418896	77	54	Sec
090	3645968	113	126	Sec
150	6139184	155	193	Sec

**Table 259 • 2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric Only)**

<b>M2S/M2GL Device</b>	<b>Image size Bytes</b>	<b>Authenticate</b>	<b>Program</b>	<b>Verify</b>	<b>Unit</b>
005	302672	4	39	6	Sec
010	568784	7	45	12	Sec
025	1223504	14	55	23	Sec
050	2424832	29	74	40	Sec
060	2418896	39	83	50	Sec
090	3645968	60	106	73	Sec
150	6139184	100	154	120	Sec

**Table 260 • 2 Step IAP Programming (eNVM Only)**

<b>M2S/M2GL Device</b>	<b>Image size Bytes</b>	<b>Authenticate</b>	<b>Program</b>	<b>Verify</b>	<b>Unit</b>
005	137536	2	59	5	Sec
010	274816	4	98	11	Sec
025	274816	4	100	10	Sec
050	2,78,528	3	107	9	Sec
060	268480	5	98	22	Sec
090	544496	10	174	43	Sec
150	544496	10	175	44	Sec

**Table 261 • 2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

<b>M2S/M2GL Device</b>	<b>Image size Bytes</b>	<b>Authenticate</b>	<b>Program</b>	<b>Verify</b>	<b>Unit</b>
005	439296	6	78	11	Sec
010	842688	11	122	21	Sec
025	1497408	19	135	32	Sec
050	2695168	32	158	48	Sec
060	2686464	43	159	70	Sec
090	4190208	68	258	115	Sec
150	6682768	109	308	162	Sec

### 2.3.21 Clock Conditioning Circuits (CCC)

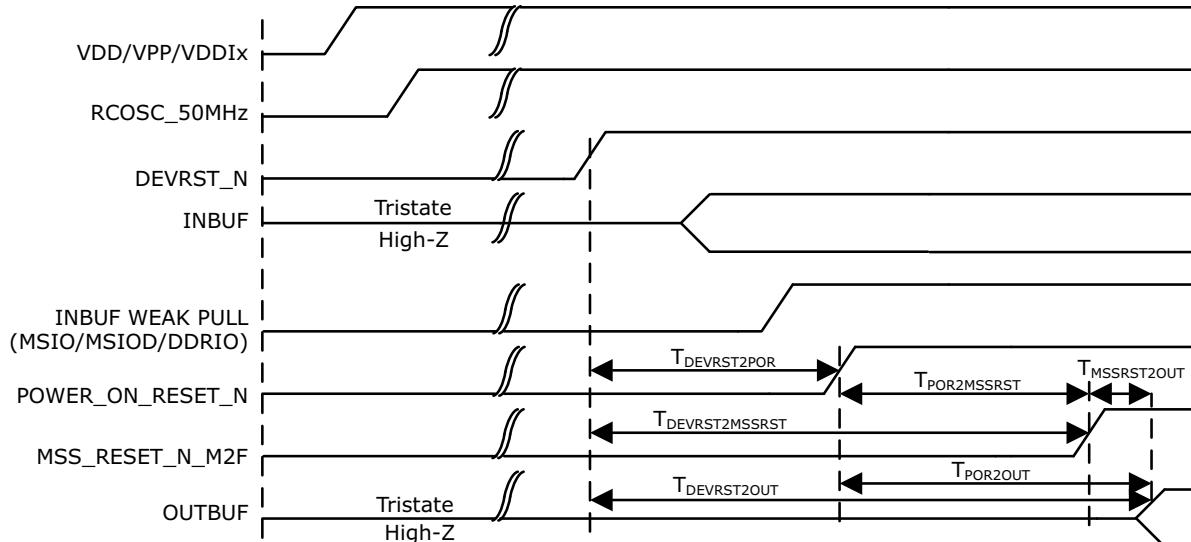
The following table lists the CCC/PLL specifications in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 282 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Specification**

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Clock conditioning circuitry input frequency $F_{IN\_CCC}$	1 0.032	200	200	MHz	All CCC 32 kHz capable CCC
Clock conditioning circuitry output frequency $F_{OUT\_CCC}$ <sup>1</sup>	0.078	400	400	MHz	
PLL VCO frequency <sup>2</sup>	500	1000	1000	MHz	
Delay increments in programmable delay blocks	75	100	100	ps	
Number of programmable values in each programmable delay block		64			
Acquisition time	70 1	100 16	100 ms	$\mu\text{s}$ ms	$F_{IN} \geq 1\text{ MHz}$ $F_{IN} = 32\text{ kHz}$
Input duty cycle (reference clock)					Internal Feedback
	10	90	90	%	$1\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$
	25	75	75	%	$25\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$
	35	65	65	%	$100\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 150\text{ MHz}$
	45	55	55	%	$150\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 200\text{ MHz}$
					External Feedback (CCC, FPGA, Off-chip)
	25	75	75	%	$1\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$
	35	65	65	%	$25\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 35\text{ MHz}$
	45	55	55	%	$35\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 50\text{ MHz}$
Output duty cycle	48	52	52	%	050 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	005, 010, and 025 devices $F_{OUT} < 350\text{ MHz}$
	46	54	54	%	005, 010, and 025 devices $350\text{ MHz} \leq F_{out} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	060 and 090 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$
	44	52	52	%	060 and 090 devices $100\text{ MHz} \leq F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	150 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 120\text{ MHz}$
	45	52	52	%	150 devices $120\text{ MHz} \leq F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
<b>Spread Spectrum Characteristics</b>					
Modulation frequency range	25	35	50	k	
Modulation depth range	0	1.5	1.5	%	
Modulation depth control		0.5	0.5	%	

**Table 291 • DEVRST\_N to Functional Times for SmartFusion2 (continued)**

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
T <sub>DEVRST2POR</sub>	DEVRST_N	POWER_O N_RESET_ N	V <sub>DD</sub> at its minimum threshold level to fabric	233	289	216	213	237	234	219
T <sub>DEVRST2MSSRST</sub>	DEVRST_N	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	V <sub>DD</sub> at its minimum threshold level to MSS	702	765	712	688	636	630	866
T <sub>DEVRST2WPU</sub>	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215

**Figure 19 • DEVRST\_N to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2**

**Table 310 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Conditions</b>
sp2	SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum pulse width high					
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	6			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	12.05			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	24.1			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	0.05			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	0.095			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	0.195			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	0.385			μs	
sp3	SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum pulse width low					
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	6			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	12.05			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	24.1			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	0.05			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	0.095			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	0.195			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	0.385			μs	
sp4	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS rise time (10%–90%) <sup>1</sup>		2.77	ns	I/O Configuration: LVC MOS 2.5 V - 8 mA AC loading: 35 pF test conditions: Typical voltage, 25 °C	
sp5	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS fall time (10%–90%) <sup>1</sup>		2.906	ns	I/O Configuration: LVC MOS 2.5 V - 8 mA AC loading: 35 pF test conditions: Typical voltage, 25 °C	
SPI master configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 8.0		ns		
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 2.5		ns		
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	12		ns		
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	2.5		ns		
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 17.0		ns		
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) + 3.0		ns		
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	2		ns		
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	7		ns		

**Table 310 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	15			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	-2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) - 3.5			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	3			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	2.5			ns	

1. For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. For allowable pclk configurations, see the Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

**Figure 23 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)**