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### [\*\*Embedded - System On Chip \(SoC\): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems\*\*](#)

**Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)** refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

#### **What are [Embedded - System On Chip \(SoC\)](#)?**

**System On Chip (SoC)** integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions, SoCs combine a central

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Flash Size	256KB
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	DDR, PCIe, SERDES
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I²C, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Speed	166MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 60K Logic Modules
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	325-TFBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	325-FCBGA (11x11)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2s060ts-fcs325i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2s060ts-fcs325i</a>

**Table 58 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.441	4.047	4.165	4.9	4.413	5.192	4.891	5.755	5.138	6.044	ns
4 mA	Slow	3.218	3.786	3.642	4.284	3.941	4.636	5.665	6.665	5.568	6.551	ns
6 mA	Slow	3.141	3.694	3.501	4.118	3.823	4.498	6.587	7.75	6.032	7.096	ns
8 mA	Slow	3.165	3.723	3.319	3.904	3.654	4.298	6.898	8.115	6.216	7.313	ns
10 mA	Slow	3.202	3.767	3.278	3.857	3.616	4.254	7.25	8.529	6.435	7.571	ns
12 mA	Slow	3.277	3.855	3.175	3.736	3.519	4.139	7.392	8.697	6.538	7.692	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

**Table 59 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		T <sub>LZ</sub> <sup>1</sup>		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	2.725	3.206	3.316	3.901	3.484	4.099	5.204	6.123	4.997	5.88	ns
4 mA	Slow	2.242	2.638	2.777	3.267	2.947	3.466	5.729	6.74	5.448	6.41	ns
6 mA	Slow	1.995	2.347	2.466	2.901	2.63	3.094	6.372	7.496	5.987	7.043	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.001	2.354	2.44	2.87	2.6	3.058	6.633	7.804	6.193	7.286	ns
10 mA	Slow	2.025	2.382	2.312	2.719	2.47	2.906	6.94	8.165	6.412	7.544	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

### 2.3.5.9 1.5 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 1.5 is a general standard for 1.5 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-11A.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 60 • LVC MOS 1.5 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>DDI</sub>	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

**Table 61 • LVC MOS 1.5 V DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high for (MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	0.65 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	1.575	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	0.65 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub> (DC)	-0.3	0.35 × V <sub>DDI</sub>	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)			-
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IL</sub> (DC)			-

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 118 • DDR1/SSTL2 Class II Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	$T_{DP}$		$T_{ZL}$		$T_{ZH}$		$T_{HZ}$		$T_{LZ}$		Unit
	-1	-Std									
Single-ended	2.29	2.693	1.988	2.338	1.978	2.326	1.989	2.34	1.979	2.328	ns
Differential	2.418	2.846	2.304	2.711	2.297	2.702	2.131	2.506	2.124	2.499	ns

**2.3.6.4 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 1.8 V (SSTL18)**

SSTL18 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs, and also comply with the reduced and full drive double date rate (DDR2) standard. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os support both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL18. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

**Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification****Table 119 • SSTL18 DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
Termination voltage	$V_{TT}$	0.838	0.900	0.964	V
Input reference voltage	$V_{REF}$	0.838	0.900	0.964	V

**Table 120 • SSTL18 DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	1.89	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}$ (DC)	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 121 • SSTL18 DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>SSTL18 Class I (DDR2 Reduced Drive)</b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$V_{TT} + 0.603$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$V_{TT} - 0.603$	V
Output minimum source DC current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	6.5		mA
Output minimum sink current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	-6.5		mA
<b>SSTL18 Class II (DDR2 Full Drive)<sup>1</sup></b>				
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	$V_{TT} + 0.603$		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		$V_{TT} - 0.603$	V
Output minimum source DC current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	$I_{OH}$ at $V_{OH}$	13.4		mA
Output minimum sink current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	$I_{OL}$ at $V_{OL}$	-13.4		mA

1. To meet JEDEC Electrical Compliance, use DDR2 Full Drive Transmitter.

**Table 122 • SSTL18 DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$ (DC)	0.3	V

**Table 123 • SSTL18 AC Differential Voltage Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	$V_{DIFF}$ (AC)	0.5		V
AC differential cross point voltage	$V_x$ (AC)	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} - 0.175$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} + 0.175$	V

**Table 124 • SSTL18 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	667	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specification

**Table 125 • SSTL18 AC Impedance Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$R_{REF}$	20, 42	$\Omega$	Reference resistor = 150 $\Omega$
Effective impedance value (ODT)	$R_{TT}$	50, 75, 150	$\Omega$	Reference resistor = 150 $\Omega$

**Table 126 • SSTL18 AC Test Parameter Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{TRIP}$	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class I ( $T_{DP}$ )	$RTT\_TEST$	50	$\Omega$
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class II ( $T_{DP}$ )	$RTT\_TEST$	25	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for data path ( $T_{DP}$ )	$C_{LOAD}$	5	pF

#### AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14$  V,  $V_{DDI} = 1.71$  V

**Table 127 • DDR2/SSTL18 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		
	-1	-Std	Unit
Pseudo differential None	1.567	1.844	ns
True differential None	1.588	1.869	ns

**Table 162 • LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V <sub>OL</sub>	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 163 • LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V <sub>OD</sub>	250	350	450	mV
Output common mode voltage	V <sub>OCM</sub>	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
Input common mode voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
Input differential voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	350	600	mV

**Table 164 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	535	Mbps	AC loading: 12 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) no pre-emphasis	D <sub>MAX</sub>	620	Mbps	AC loading: 10 pF / 100 Ω differential load
		700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

**Table 165 • LVDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Termination resistance	R <sub>T</sub>	100		Ω

**Table 166 • LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	R <sub>ENT</sub>	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	C <sub>ENT</sub>	5	pF

**LVDS25 AC Switching Characteristics**Worst commercial-case conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V, V<sub>DDI</sub> = 2.375 V**Table 167 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.774	3.263	ns
100	2.775	3.264	ns

**Table 168 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>			Unit
	-1	-Std	Unit	
None	2.554	3.004	ns	
100	2.549	2.999	ns	

**Table 169 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub>		T <sub>LZ</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2.136	2.513	2.416	2.842	2.402	2.825	2.423	2.85	2.409	2.833 ns

**Table 170 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T <sub>DP</sub>		T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub>		T <sub>LZ</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std									
No pre-emphasis	1.61	1.893	1.749	2.058	1.735	2.041	1.897	2.231	1.866	2.195	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.527	1.796	1.757	2.067	1.744	2.052	1.905	2.241	1.876	2.207	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.496	1.76	1.765	2.077	1.751	2.06	1.914	2.252	1.884	2.216	ns

**LVDS33 AC Switching Characteristics****Table 171 • LVDS33 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>			Unit
	-1	-Std	Unit	
None	2.572	3.025	ns	
100	2.569	3.023	ns	

**Table 172 • LVDS33 Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>		T <sub>ZH</sub>		T <sub>HZ</sub>		T <sub>LZ</sub>		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
1.942	2.284	1.98	2.33	1.97	2.318	1.953	2.298	1.96	2.307 ns

**Table 191 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>			Unit
	-1	-Std		
None	2.495	2.934	ns	
100	2.495	2.935	ns	

**Table 192 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>	T <sub>ZH</sub>	T <sub>HZ</sub>	T <sub>LZ</sub>						
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	Unit
2.258	2.656	2.348	2.762	2.334	2.746	2.123	2.497	2.125	2.5	ns

### 2.3.7.4 Mini-LVDS

Mini-LVDS is an unidirectional interface from the timing controller to the column drivers and is designed to the Texas Instruments Standard SLDA007A.

#### Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 193 • Mini-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>DDI</sub>	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

**Table 194 • Mini-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	0	2.925	V

**Table 195 • Mini-LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V <sub>OL</sub>	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 196 • Mini-LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V <sub>OD</sub>	300	600	mV
Output common mode voltage	V <sub>OCM</sub>	1	1.4	V
Input common mode voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	0.3	1.2	V
Input differential voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	600	mV

**Table 197 • Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	520	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D <sub>MAX</sub>	700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

**Table 198 • Mini-LVDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Termination resistance	R <sub>T</sub>	100	Ω

**Table 199 • Mini-LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	R <sub>ENT</sub>	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T <sub>ZH</sub> , T <sub>ZL</sub> , T <sub>HZ</sub> , T <sub>LZ</sub> )	C <sub>ENT</sub>	5	pF

**AC Switching Characteristics**

Worst commercial-case conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V, V<sub>DDI</sub> = 2.375 V.

**Table 200 • Mini-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIO I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

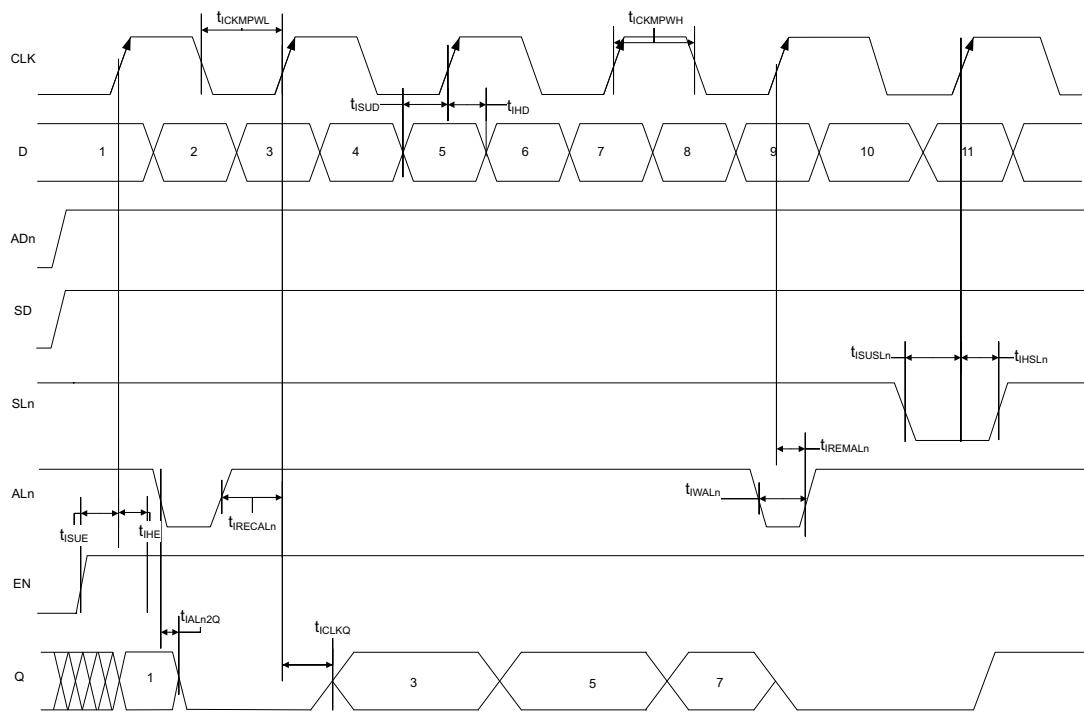
On-Die Termination (ODT)	T <sub>PY</sub>		
	-1	-Std	Unit
None	2.855	3.359	ns
100	2.85	3.353	ns
None	2.602	3.061	ns
100	2.597	3.055	ns

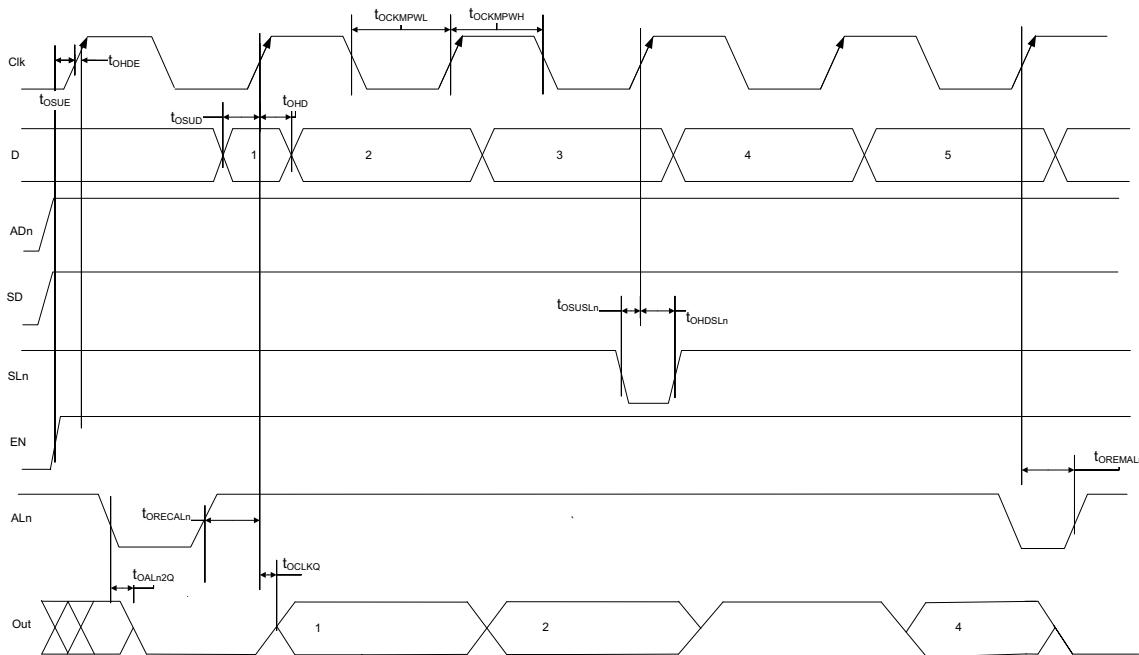
**Table 201 • Mini-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>	T <sub>ZH</sub>	T <sub>HZ</sub>	T <sub>LZ</sub>	Unit
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std
2.097	2.467	2.308	2.715	2.296	2.701 1.964 2.31 1.949 2.293 ns

**Table 202 • Mini-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T <sub>DP</sub>	T <sub>ZL</sub>	T <sub>ZH</sub>	T <sub>HZ</sub>	T <sub>LZ</sub>	Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std
No pre-emphasis	1.614	1.899	1.562	1.837	1.553	1.826 1.593 1.874 1.578 1.856 ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.604	1.887	1.745	2.053	1.731	2.036 1.892 2.225 1.861 2.189 ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.521	1.79	1.753	2.062	1.737	2.043 1.9 2.235 1.868 2.197 ns
Max pre-emphasis	1.492	1.754	1.762	2.073	1.745	2.052 1.91 2.247 1.876 2.206 ns

**Figure 7 • I/O Register Input Timing Diagram**

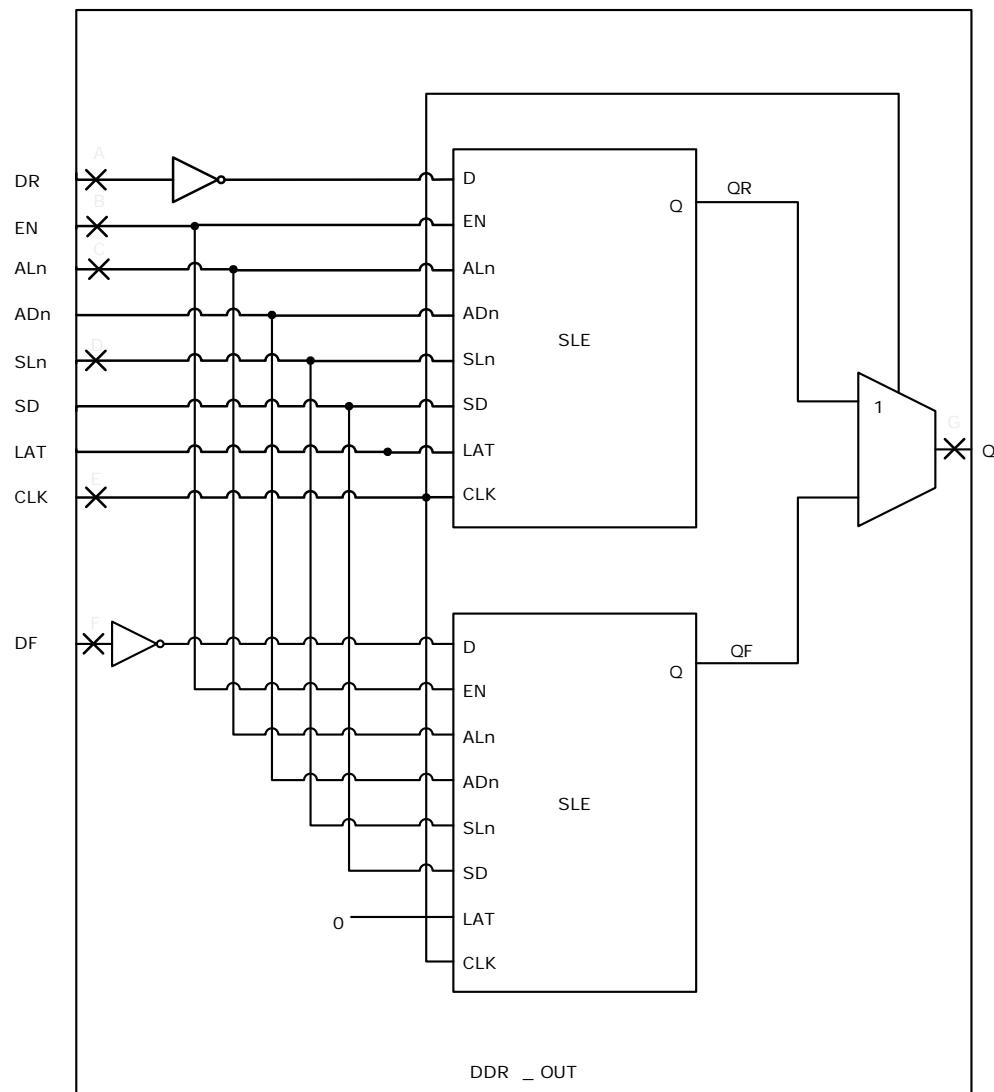
**Figure 9 • I/O Register Output Timing Diagram**

The following table lists the output/enable propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 220 • Output/Enable Data Register Propagation Delays**

Parameter	Symbol	Measuring Nodes (from, to) <sup>1</sup>	-1	-Std	Unit
Bypass delay of the output/enable register	$T_{OBYP}$	F, G or H, I	0.353	0.415	ns
Clock-to-Q of the output/enable register	$T_{OCLKQ}$	E, G or E, I	0.263	0.309	ns
Data setup time for the output/enable register	$T_{OSUD}$	A, E or J, E	0.19	0.223	ns
Data hold time for the output/enable register	$T_{OHD}$	A, E or J, E	0	0	ns
Enable setup time for the output/enable register	$T_{OSUE}$	B, E	0.419	0.493	ns
Enable hold time for the output/enable register	$T_{OHE}$	B, E	0	0	ns
Synchronous load setup time for the output/enable register	$T_{OOSUSL}$	D, E	0.196	0.231	ns
Synchronous load hold time for the output/enable register	$T_{OHSL}$	D, E	0	0	ns
Asynchronous clear-to-q of the output/enable register ( $ADn = 1$ )	$T_{OALN2Q}$	C, G or C, I	0.505	0.594	ns
Asynchronous preset-to-q of the output/enable register ( $ADn = 0$ )		C, G or C, I	0.528	0.621	ns
Asynchronous load removal time for the output/enable register	$T_{OREMALN}$	C, E	0	0	ns
Asynchronous load recovery time for the output/enable register	$T_{ORECALN}$	C, E	0.034	0.04	ns
Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for the output/enable register	$T_{OWALN}$	C, C	0.304	0.357	ns
Clock minimum pulse width high for the output/enable register	$T_{OCKMPWH}$	E, E	0.075	0.088	ns
Clock minimum pulse width low for the output/enable register	$T_{OCKMPWL}$	E, E	0.159	0.187	ns

1. For the derating values at specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, see Table 16, page 14 for derating values.

**2.3.9.4 Output DDR Module****Figure 12 • Output DDR Module**

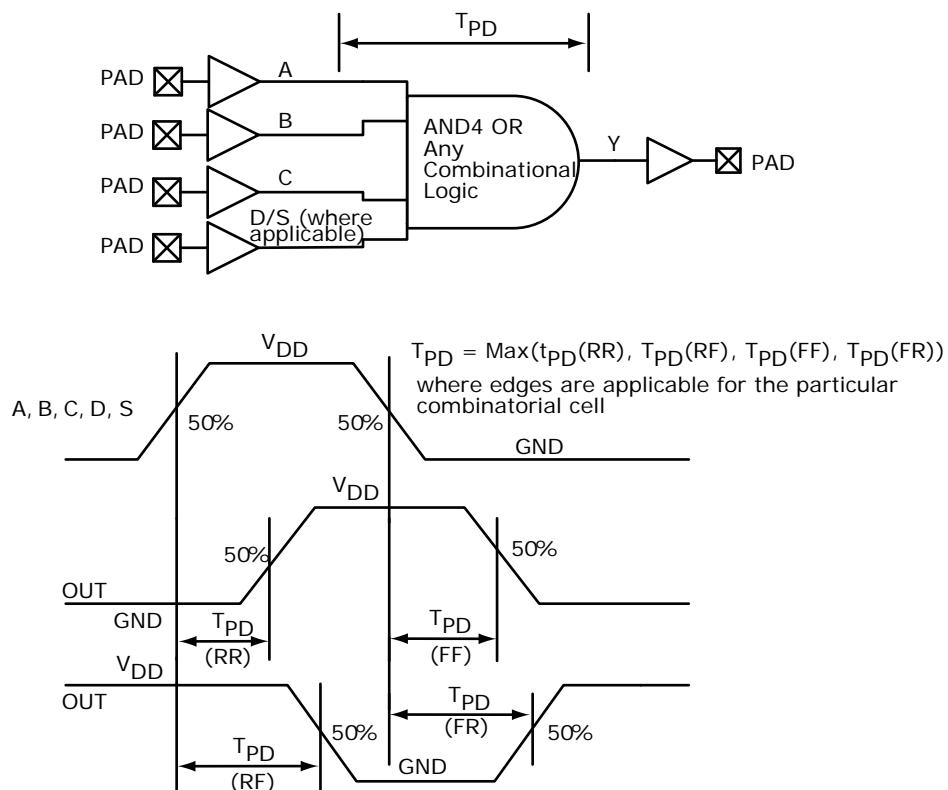
**Table 222 • Output DDR Propagation Delays (continued)**

Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	-1	-Std	Unit
$T_{DDROWAL}$	Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for output DDR	C, C	0.304	0.357	ns
$T_{DDROCKMPWH}$	Clock minimum pulse width high for the output DDR	E, E	0.075	0.088	ns
$T_{DDROCKMPWL}$	Clock minimum pulse width low for the output DDR	E, E	0.159	0.187	ns

## 2.3.10 Logic Element Specifications

### 2.3.10.1 4-input LUT (LUT-4)

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs offer a fully permutable 4-input LUT. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a sample of the library. For more details, see *SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Macro Library Guide*.

**Figure 14 • LUT-4**

### 2.3.10.2 Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the combinatorial cell propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

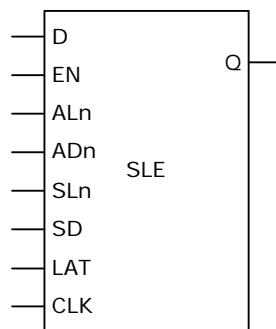
**Table 223 • Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays**

Combinatorial Cell	Equation	Symbol	-1	-Std	Unit
INV	$Y = !A$	$T_{PD}$	0.1	0.118	ns
AND2	$Y = A \cdot B$	$T_{PD}$	0.164	0.193	ns
NAND2	$Y = !(A \cdot B)$	$T_{PD}$	0.147	0.173	ns
OR2	$Y = A + B$	$T_{PD}$	0.164	0.193	ns
NOR2	$Y = !(A + B)$	$T_{PD}$	0.147	0.173	ns
XOR2	$Y = A \oplus B$	$T_{PD}$	0.164	0.193	ns
XOR3	$Y = A \oplus B \oplus C$	$T_{PD}$	0.225	0.265	ns
AND3	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C$	$T_{PD}$	0.209	0.246	ns
AND4	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D$	$T_{PD}$	0.287	0.338	ns

### 2.3.10.3 Sequential Module

IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs offer a separate flip-flop which can be used independently from the LUT. The flip-flop can be configured as a register or a latch and has a data input and optional enable, synchronous load (clear or preset), and asynchronous load (clear or preset).

**Figure 15 • Sequential Module**



### 2.3.11 Global Resource Characteristics

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices offer a powerful, low skew global routing network which provides an effective clock distribution throughout the FPGA fabric. See *UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide* for the positions of various global routing resources.

The following table lists the 150 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 225 • 150 Device Global Resource**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Input low delay for global clock	$T_{RCKL}$	0.83	0.911	0.831	0.913	ns
Input high delay for global clock	$T_{RCKH}$	1.457	1.588	1.715	1.869	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	$T_{RCKSW}$		0.131		0.154	ns

The following table lists the 090 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 226 • 090 Device Global Resource**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Input low delay for global clock	$T_{RCKL}$	0.835	0.888	0.833	0.886	ns
Input high delay for global clock	$T_{RCKH}$	1.405	1.489	1.654	1.752	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	$T_{RCKSW}$		0.084		0.098	ns

The following table lists the 050 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 227 • 050 Device Global Resource**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Input low delay for global clock	$T_{RCKL}$	0.827	0.897	0.826	0.896	ns
Input high delay for global clock	$T_{RCKH}$	1.419	1.53	1.671	1.8	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	$T_{RCKSW}$		0.111		0.129	ns

The following table lists the 025 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 228 • 025 Device Global Resource**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>-1</b>		<b>-Std</b>		<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Input low delay for global clock	$T_{RCKL}$	0.747	0.799	0.745	0.797	ns
Input high delay for global clock	$T_{RCKH}$	1.294	1.378	1.522	1.621	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	$T_{RCKSW}$		0.084		0.099	ns

**Table 238 • μSRAM (RAM64x16) in 64 × 16 Mode (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read synchronous reset hold time	T <sub>SRSTHD</sub>	0.061		0.071		ns
Write clock period	T <sub>CCY</sub>	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>CCLKMPWH</sub>	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>CCLKMPWL</sub>	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T <sub>BLKCSU</sub>	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T <sub>BLKCHD</sub>	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T <sub>DINCSU</sub>	0.115		0.135		ns
Write input data hold time	T <sub>DINCHD</sub>	0.15		0.177		ns
Write address setup time	T <sub>ADDRCSU</sub>	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	T <sub>ADDRCHD</sub>	0.128		0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	T <sub>WECSU</sub>	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T <sub>WECHD</sub>	-0.026		-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F <sub>MAX</sub>		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the μSRAM in 128 × 9 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V.

**Table 239 • μSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128 × 9 Mode**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read clock period	T <sub>CY</sub>	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>CLKMPWH</sub>	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>CLKMPWL</sub>	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	T <sub>PLCY</sub>	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>PLCLKMPWH</sub>	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>PLCLKMPWL</sub>	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T <sub>CLK2Q</sub>		0.266		0.313	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.677		1.973	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T <sub>ADDRSU</sub>	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.856		2.184		ns
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T <sub>ADDRHD</sub>	0.091		0.107		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		-0.778		-0.915		ns
Read enable setup time	T <sub>RDENSU</sub>	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T <sub>RDENHD</sub>	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T <sub>BLKSU</sub>	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T <sub>BLKHD</sub>	-0.65		-0.765		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T <sub>BLK2Q</sub>		2.036		2.396	ns

**Table 251 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only) (continued)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
150	544496	10	158	15	Sec

**Table 252 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	9	61	11	Sec
010	842688	15	107	21	Sec
025	1497408	26	121	35	Sec
050	2695168	43	141	55	Sec
060	2686464	48	143	60	Sec
090	4190208	75	244	91	Sec
150	6682768	117	296	141	Sec

**Table 253 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming		Programming Recovery		Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz		
005	47	27	28		Sec
010	77	35	35		Sec
025	150	42	41		Sec
050	33 <sup>1</sup>	Not Supported	Not Supported		Sec
060	291	83	82		Sec
090	427	109	108		Sec
150	708	157	160		Sec

1. Auto Programming in 050 device is done through SC\_SPI, and SPI CLK is set to 6.25 MHz.

**Table 254 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming		Programming Recovery		Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz		
005	41	48	49		Sec
010	86	87	87		Sec
025	87	85	86		Sec
050	85	Not Supported	Not Supported		Sec
060	78	86	86		Sec
090	154	162	162		Sec

The following table lists the programming times in worst-case conditions when  $T_J = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ . External SPI flash part# AT25DF641-s3H is used during this measurement.

**Table 256 • JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size		Verify	Unit
	Bytes	Program		
005	302672	44	10	Sec
010	568784	50	18	Sec
025	1223504	73	26	Sec
050	2424832	88	54	Sec
060	2418896	99	54	Sec
090	3645968	135	126	Sec
150	6139184	177	193	Sec

**Table 257 • JTAG Programming (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size		Verify	Unit
	Bytes	Program		
005	137536	61	4	Sec
010	274816	100	9	Sec
025	274816	100	9	Sec
050	2,78,528	106	8	Sec
060	268480	98	8	Sec
090	544496	176	15	Sec
150	544496	177	15	Sec

**Table 258 • JTAG Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size		Verify	Unit
	Bytes	Program		
005	439296	71	11	Sec
010	842688	129	20	Sec
025	1497408	142	35	Sec
050	2695168	184	59	Sec
060	2686464	180	70	Sec
090	4190208	288	147	Sec
150	6682768	338	231	Sec

**Table 262 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	6	41	8	Sec
010	568784	10	48	14	Sec
025	1223504	21	61	29	Sec
050	2424832	39	82	50	Sec
060	2418896	44	87	54	Sec
090	3645968	66	112	79	Sec
150	6139184	108	162	128	Sec

**Table 263 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	3	64	4	Sec
010	274816	4	104	7	Sec
025	274816	4	104	8	Sec
050	2,78,528	4	102	8	Sec
060	268480	6	102	8	Sec
090	544496	10	179	15	Sec
150	544496	10	180	15	Sec

**Table 264 • SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	9	83	11	Sec
010	842688	15	129	21	Sec
025	1497408	26	143	35	Sec
050	2695168	43	163	55	Sec
060	2686464	48	165	60	Sec
090	4190208	75	266	91	Sec
150	6682768	117	318	141	Sec

### 2.3.21 Clock Conditioning Circuits (CCC)

The following table lists the CCC/PLL specifications in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 282 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Specification**

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Clock conditioning circuitry input frequency $F_{IN\_CCC}$	1 0.032	200	200	MHz	All CCC 32 kHz capable CCC
Clock conditioning circuitry output frequency $F_{OUT\_CCC}$ <sup>1</sup>	0.078	400	400	MHz	
PLL VCO frequency <sup>2</sup>	500	1000	1000	MHz	
Delay increments in programmable delay blocks	75	100	100	ps	
Number of programmable values in each programmable delay block		64			
Acquisition time	70 1	100 16	100 ms	$\mu\text{s}$ ms	$F_{IN} \geq 1\text{ MHz}$ $F_{IN} = 32\text{ kHz}$
Input duty cycle (reference clock)					Internal Feedback
	10	90	90	%	$1\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$
	25	75	75	%	$25\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$
	35	65	65	%	$100\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 150\text{ MHz}$
	45	55	55	%	$150\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 200\text{ MHz}$
					External Feedback (CCC, FPGA, Off-chip)
	25	75	75	%	$1\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$
	35	65	65	%	$25\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 35\text{ MHz}$
	45	55	55	%	$35\text{ MHz} \leq F_{IN\_CCC} \leq 50\text{ MHz}$
Output duty cycle	48	52	52	%	050 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	005, 010, and 025 devices $F_{OUT} < 350\text{ MHz}$
	46	54	54	%	005, 010, and 025 devices $350\text{ MHz} \leq F_{out} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	060 and 090 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$
	44	52	52	%	060 and 090 devices $100\text{ MHz} \leq F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
	48	52	52	%	150 devices $F_{OUT} \leq 120\text{ MHz}$
	45	52	52	%	150 devices $120\text{ MHz} \leq F_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ MHz}$
<b>Spread Spectrum Characteristics</b>					
Modulation frequency range	25	35	50	k	
Modulation depth range	0	1.5	1.5	%	
Modulation depth control		0.5	0.5	%	

### 2.3.34 MMUART Characteristics

The following table lists the MMUART characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 308 • MMUART Characteristics**

Parameter	Description	-1	-Std	Unit
FMMUART_REF_CLK	Internally sourced MMUART reference clock frequency.	166	142	MHz
BAUDMMUARTTx	Maximum transmit baud rate	10.375	8.875	Mbps
BAUDMMUARTRx	Maximum receive baud rate	10.375	8.875	Mbps

### 2.3.35 IGLOO2 Specifications

#### 2.3.35.1 HPMS Clock Frequency

The following table lists the maximum frequency for HPMS main clock in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 309 • Maximum Frequency for HPMS Main Clock**

Symbol	Description	-1	-Std	Unit
HPMS_CLK	Maximum frequency for the HPMS main clock	166	142	MHz

#### 2.3.35.2 IGLOO2 Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Characteristics

This section describes the DC and switching of the SPI interface. Unless otherwise noted, all output characteristics given are for a 35 pF load on the pins and all sequential timing characteristics are related to SPI\_0\_CLK. For timing parameter definitions, see Figure 23, page 131.

The following table lists the SPI characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 310 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SPIFMAX	Maximum operating frequency of SPI interface			20	MHz	
sp1	SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum period					
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	12			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	24.1			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	48.2			ns	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	0.1			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	0.19			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	0.39			μs	
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	0.77			μs	

**Table 310 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	15			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	-2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time <sup>2</sup>	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) - 3.5			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time <sup>2</sup>	3			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time <sup>2</sup>	2.5			ns	

1. For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. For allowable pclk configurations, see the Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

**Figure 23 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)**