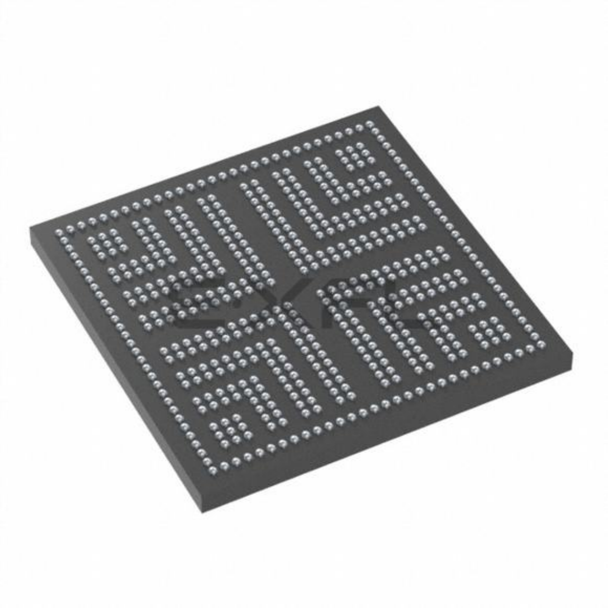


Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)?

System On Chip (SoC) integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions, SoCs combine a central

Details	
Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Flash Size	512KB
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	DDR, PCIe, SERDES
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I²C, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Speed	166MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 150K Logic Modules
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	536-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	536-CSPBGA (16x16)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2s150ts-1fcs536i

1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 11.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 11.0 of this document.

- Updated Table 24, page 22 with minimum and maximum values for input current low and high (SAR 73114 and 80314).
- Added Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics, page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79517).
- Added 060 device in Table 282, page 110 (SAR 79860).
- Added DEVRST_N to Functional Times, page 116 (SAR 73114).
- Added Cryptographic Block Characteristics, page 106 (SAR 73114 and 79516).
- Update Table 296, page 121 with VTX-AMP details (SAR 81756).
- Update note in Table 297, page 122 (SAR 74570 and 80677).
- Update Table 298, page 122 with generic EPCS details (SAR 75307).
- Added Table 308, page 129 (SAR 50424).

1.2 Revision 10.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 10.0 of this document.

- The Surge Current on VDD during DEVRST_B Assertion and Surge Current on VDD during Digest Check using System Services tables were deleted and added reference to *AC393: Board Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs Application Note*. (SAR 76865 and 76623).
- Added 060 device in Table 4, page 6 (SAR 76383).
- Updated Table 24, page 22 for ramp time input (SAR 72103).
- Added 060 device details in Table 284, page 112 (SAR 74927).
- Updated Table 290, page 116 for name change (SAR 74925).
- Updated Table 283, page 111 for 060 FG676 Package details (SAR 78849).
- Updated Table 305, page 126 for SmartFusion2 and Table 310, page 129 for IGLOO2 for SPI timing and Fmax (SAR 56645, 75331).
- Updated Table 293, page 119 for Flash*Freeze entry and exit times (SAR 75329, 75330).
- Updated Table 297, page 122 for RX-CID information (SAR 78271).
- Added Table 8, page 8 and Figure 1, page 9 (SAR 78932).
- Updated Table 223, page 76 for timing characteristics and Table 224, page 77(SAR 75998).
- Added SRAM PUF, page 105 (SAR 64406).
- Added a footnote on digest cycle in Table 5, page 7 (SAR 79812).

1.3 Revision 9.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 9.0 of this document.

- Added a note in Table 5, page 7 (SAR 71506).
- Added a note in Table 6, page 8 (SAR 74616).
- Added a note in Figure 3, page 17 (SAR 71506).
- Updated Quiescent Supply Current for 060 in Table 11, page 12 and Table 12, page 13 (SAR 74483).
- Updated programming currents for 060 in Table 13, page 13, Table 14, page 13, and Table 15, page 14.
- Added DEVRST_B assertion tables (SAR 74708).
- Updated I/O speeds for LVDS 3.3 V in Table 18, page 19 and Table 21, page 20 (SAR 69829).
- Updated Table 24, page 22 (SAR 69418).
- Updated Table 25, page 22, Table 26, page 23, Table 27, page 23 (SAR 74570).
- Updated all AC/DC table to link to the Input Capacitance, Leakage Current, and Ramp Time, page 22 for reference (SAR 69418).

Table 4 • **Recommended Operating Conditions *(continued)***

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
3.3 V DC supply voltage	V_{DDIx}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
LVDS differential I/O	V_{DDIx}	2.375	2.5	3.45	V	
B-LVDS, M-LVDS, Mini-LVDS, RSDS differential I/O	V_{DDIx}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
LVPECL differential I/O	V_{DDIx}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
Reference voltage supply for FDDR (Bank0) and MDDR (Bank5)	V_{REFx}	0.49 × V_{DDIx}	0.5 × V_{DDIx}	0.51 × V_{DDIx}	V	
Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to $V_{PP.}$	V_{PPNVM}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2.5 V range
		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	3.3 V range

1. Programming at Industrial temperature range is available only with V_{PP} = 3.3 V.

Note: Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 5 • **FPGA Operating Limits**

Product Grade	Element	Programming Temperature	Operating Temperature	Programming Cycles	Digest Temperature	Digest Cycles	Retention (Biased/ Unbiased)
Commercial	FPGA	Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	500	Min T_J = 0 °C Max T_J = 85 °C	2000	20 years
Industrial[1]	FPGA	Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	500	Min T_J = –40 °C Max T_J = 100 °C	2000	20 years

1. Programming at Industrial temperature range is available only with VPP = 3.3 V.

Note: The retention specification is defined as the total number of programing and digest cycles. For example, 20 years of retention after 500 programming cycles.

Note: The digest cycle specification is 2000 digest cycles for every program cycle with a maximum of 500 programming cycles.

Note: If your product qualification requires accelerated programming cycles, see *Microsemi SoC Products Quality and Reliability Report* about recommended methodologies.

Table 48 • **LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}[1]		T_{LZ}[1]		Unit
		–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	
2 mA	Slow	2.206	2.596	2.678	3.15	2.64	3.106	4.935	5.805	4.74	5.576	ns
4 mA	Slow	1.835	2.159	2.242	2.637	2.256	2.654	5.413	6.368	5.15	6.059	ns
6 mA	Slow	1.709	2.01	2.132	2.508	2.167	2.549	5.813	6.838	5.499	6.469	ns
8 mA	Slow	1.63	1.918	1.958	2.303	2.012	2.367	6.226	7.324	5.816	6.842	ns
12 mA	Slow	1.648	1.939	1.86	2.187	1.921	2.259	6.519	7.669	6.027	7.09	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.8 1.8 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 1.8 is a general standard for 1.8 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-7A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 49 • **LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions					
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.710	1.8	1.89	V

Table 50 • **LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V_{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V_{DDI}	1.89	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V_{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V_{DDI}	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	–0.3	0.35 × V_{DDI}	V
Input current high[1]	I_{IH} (DC)			–
Input current low[1]	I_{IL} (DC)			–

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 51 • **LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{DDI} – 0.45		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.45	V

Table 52 • **LVCMOS 1.8 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)[1]	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	295	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)[1]	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

1. Maximum Data Rate applies for Drive Strength 8 mA and above, All Slews.

Table 82 • **LVCMOS 1.2 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		T_{PYS}		Unit
	–1	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	
None	4.154	4.887	4.114	4.84	ns
50	6.918	8.139	6.806	8.008	ns
75	5.613	6.603	5.533	6.509	ns
150	4.716	5.549	4.657	5.479	ns

Table 83 • **LVCMOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}[1]		T_{LZ}[1]		Unit
		–1	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	
2 mA	Slow	6.713	7.897	5.362	6.308	6.723	7.909	7.233	8.51	6.375	7.499	ns
	Medium	5.912	6.955	4.616	5.43	5.915	6.959	6.887	8.102	6.009	7.069	ns
	Medium fast	5.5	6.469	4.231	4.978	5.5	6.471	6.672	7.849	5.835	6.865	ns
	Fast	5.462	6.426	4.194	4.935	5.463	6.427	6.646	7.819	5.828	6.857	ns
4 mA	Slow	6.109	7.186	4.708	5.539	6.098	7.174	8.005	9.418	7.033	8.274	ns
	Medium	5.355	6.299	4.034	4.746	5.338	6.28	7.637	8.985	6.672	7.849	ns
	Medium fast	4.953	5.826	3.685	4.336	4.932	5.802	7.44	8.752	6.499	7.646	ns
	Fast	4.911	5.777	3.658	4.303	4.89	5.754	7.427	8.737	6.488	7.632	ns
6 mA	Slow	5.89	6.929	4.506	5.301	5.874	6.911	8.337	9.808	7.315	8.605	ns
	Medium	5.176	6.089	3.862	4.543	5.155	6.065	7.986	9.394	6.943	8.168	ns
	Medium fast	4.792	5.637	3.523	4.145	4.765	5.606	7.808	9.186	6.775	7.97	ns
	Fast	4.754	5.593	3.486	4.101	4.728	5.563	7.777	9.149	6.769	7.963	ns

[1] Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 84 • **LVCMOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}[1]		T_{LZ}[1]		Unit
		–1	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	
2 mA	Slow	6.746	7.937	7.458	8.774	8.172	9.614	9.867	11.608	8.393	9.874	ns
4 mA	Slow	7.068	8.315	6.678	7.857	7.474	8.793	10.986	12.924	9.043	10.638	ns

[1] Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

***Table 100* • HSTL AC Test Parameter Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.75	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for HSTL15 Class I (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for HSTL15 Class II (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst-case commercial conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, worst-case V_{DDI}.

***Table 101* • HSTL Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code (Input Buffers)**

		T_{PY}		
	On-Die Termination (ODT)	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
Pseudo differential	None	1.605	1.888	ns
	47.8	1.614	1.898	ns
True differential	None	1.622	1.909	ns
	47.8	1.628	1.916	ns

***Table 102* • HSTL Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		
	–1	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
HSTL Class I											
Single-ended	2.6	3.059	2.514	2.958	2.514	2.958	2.431	2.86	2.431	2.86	ns
Differential	2.621	3.083	2.648	3.115	2.647	3.113	2.925	3.442	2.923	3.44	ns
HSTL Class II											
Single-ended	2.511	2.954	2.488	2.927	2.49	2.93	2.409	2.833	2.411	2.836	ns
Differential	2.528	2.974	2.552	3.003	2.551	3.001	2.897	3.409	2.896	3.408	ns

2.3.6.2 Stub-Series Terminated Logic

Stub-Series Terminated Logic (SSTL) for 2.5 V (SSTL2), 1.8 V (SSTL18), and 1.5 V (SSTL15) is supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs. SSTL2 is defined by JEDEC standard JESD8-9B and SSTL18 is defined by JEDEC standard JESD8-15. IGLOO2 SSTL I/O configurations are designed to meet double data rate standards DDR/2/3 for general purpose memory buses. Double data rate standards are designed to meet their JEDEC specifications as defined by JEDEC standard JESD79F for DDR, JEDEC standard JESD79-2F for DDR, JEDEC standard JESD79-3D for DDR3, and JEDEC standard JESD209A for LPDDR.

Table 122 • **SSTL18 DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID} (DC)	0.3	V

Table 123 • **SSTL18 AC Differential Voltage Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF} (AC)	0.5		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x (AC)	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} - 0.175$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} + 0.175$	V

Table 124 • **SSTL18 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	667	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specification

Table 125 • **SSTL18 AC Impedance Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R_{REF}	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT)	R_{TT}	50, 75, 150	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

Table 126 • **SSTL18 AC Test Parameter Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class I (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class II (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 1.71 V

Table 127 • **DDR2/SSTL18 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code**

		T_{PY}		
	On-Die Termination (ODT)	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
Pseudo differential	None	1.567	1.844	ns
True differential	None	1.588	1.869	ns

Table 131 • **SSTL15 DC Output Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DDR3/SSTL15 Class I (DDR3 Reduced Drive)				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	0.8 × V_{DDI}		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.2 × V_{DDI}	V
Output minimum source DC current	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	6.5		mA
Output minimum sink current	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	–6.5		mA
DDR3/SSTL15 Class II (DDR3 Full Drive)				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	0.8 × V_{DDI}		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.2 × V_{DDI}	V
Output minimum source DC current	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	7.6		mA
Output minimum sink current	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	–7.6		mA

Table 132 • **SSTL15 DC Differential Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID}	0.2	V

Note: To meet JEDEC electrical compliance, use DDR3 full drive transmitter.

Table 133 • **SSTL15 AC SSTL15 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF} (AC)	0.3		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x (AC)	0.5 × V_{DDI} – 0.150	0.5 × V_{DDI} + 0.150	V

Table 134 • **SSTL15 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	D_{MAX}	667	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications

Table 135 • **SSTL15 AC Calibrated Impedance Option (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance	R_{REF}	34, 40	Ω	Reference resistor = 240 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT)	R_{TT}	20, 30, 40, 60, 120	Ω	Reference resistor = 240 Ω

***Table 198* • Mini-LVDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Termination resistance	R_T	100	Ω

***Table 199* • Mini-LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 2.375 V.

***Table 200* • Mini-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIO I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

	T_{PY}		
On-Die Termination (ODT)	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
None	2.855	3.359	ns
100	2.85	3.353	ns
None	2.602	3.061	ns
100	2.597	3.055	ns

***Table 201* • Mini-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
–1	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	
2.097	2.467	2.308	2.715	2.296	2.701	1.964	2.31	1.949	2.293	ns

***Table 202* • Mini-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
	–1	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	
No pre-emphasis	1.614	1.899	1.562	1.837	1.553	1.826	1.593	1.874	1.578	1.856	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.604	1.887	1.745	2.053	1.731	2.036	1.892	2.225	1.861	2.189	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.521	1.79	1.753	2.062	1.737	2.043	1.9	2.235	1.868	2.197	ns
Max pre-emphasis	1.492	1.754	1.762	2.073	1.745	2.052	1.91	2.247	1.876	2.206	ns

2.3.8.2 Output/Enable Register

Figure 8 • **Timing Model for Output/Enable Register**

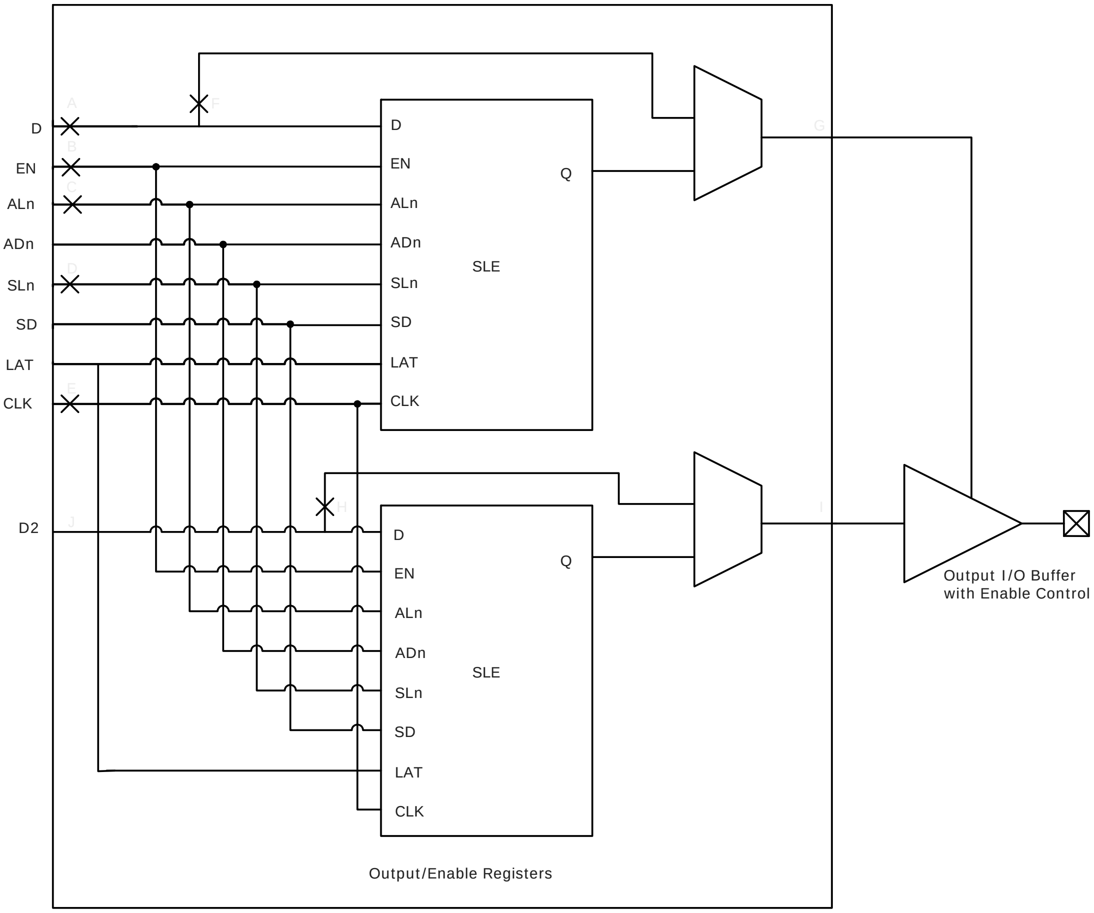
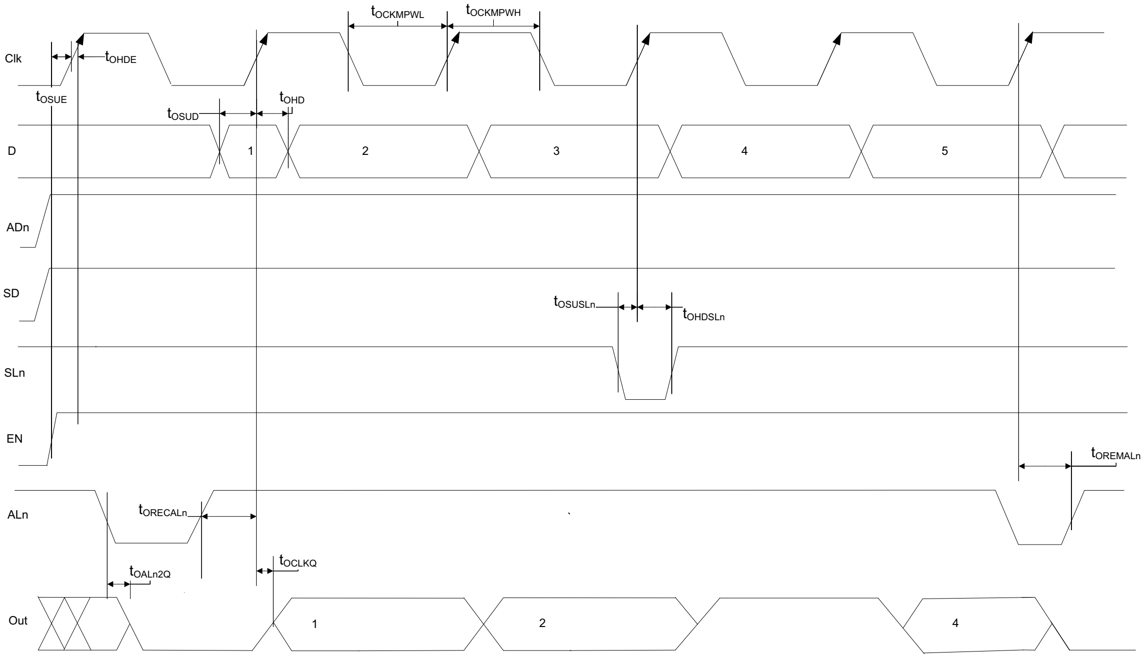


Figure 9 • **I/O Register Output Timing Diagram**



The following table lists the output/enable propagation delays in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 220 • **Output/Enable Data Register Propagation Delays**

Parameter	Symbol	Measuring Nodes (from, to)[1]	–1	–Std	Unit
Bypass delay of the output/enable register	T_{OBYP}	F, G or H, I	0.353	0.415	ns
Clock-to-Q of the output/enable register	T_{OCLKQ}	E, G or E, I	0.263	0.309	ns
Data setup time for the output/enable register	T_{OSUD}	A, E or J, E	0.19	0.223	ns
Data hold time for the output/enable register	T_{OHD}	A, E or J, E	0	0	ns
Enable setup time for the output/enable register	T_{OSUE}	B, E	0.419	0.493	ns
Enable hold time for the output/enable register	T_{OHE}	B, E	0	0	ns
Synchronous load setup time for the output/enable register	T_{OSUSL}	D, E	0.196	0.231	ns
Synchronous load hold time for the output/enable register	T_{OHSL}	D, E	0	0	ns
Asynchronous clear-to-q of the output/enable register (ADn = 1)	T_{OALN2Q}	C, G or C, I	0.505	0.594	ns
Asynchronous preset-to-q of the output/enable register (ADn = 0)		C, G or C, I	0.528	0.621	ns
Asynchronous load removal time for the output/enable register	$T_{OREMALN}$	C, E	0	0	ns
Asynchronous load recovery time for the output/enable register	$T_{ORECALN}$	C, E	0.034	0.04	ns
Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for the output/enable register	T_{OWALN}	C, C	0.304	0.357	ns
Clock minimum pulse width high for the output/enable register	$T_{OCKMPWH}$	E, E	0.075	0.088	ns
Clock minimum pulse width low for the output/enable register	$T_{OCKMPWL}$	E, E	0.159	0.187	ns

1. For the derating values at specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, see Table 16, page 14 for derating values.

Table 222 • **Output DDR Propagation Delays *(continued)***

Symbol	**Description**	**Measuring Nodes (from, to)**	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
$T_{DDROWAL}$	Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for output DDR	C, C	0.304	0.357	ns
$T_{DDROCKMPWH}$	Clock minimum pulse width high for the output DDR	E, E	0.075	0.088	ns
$T_{DDROCKMPWL}$	Clock minimum pulse width low for the output DDR	E, E	0.159	0.187	ns

2.3.10 Logic Element Specifications

2.3.10.1 4-input LUT (LUT-4)

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs offer a fully permutable 4-input LUT. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a sample of the library. For more details, see *SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Macro Library Guide*.

Figure 14 • **LUT-4**

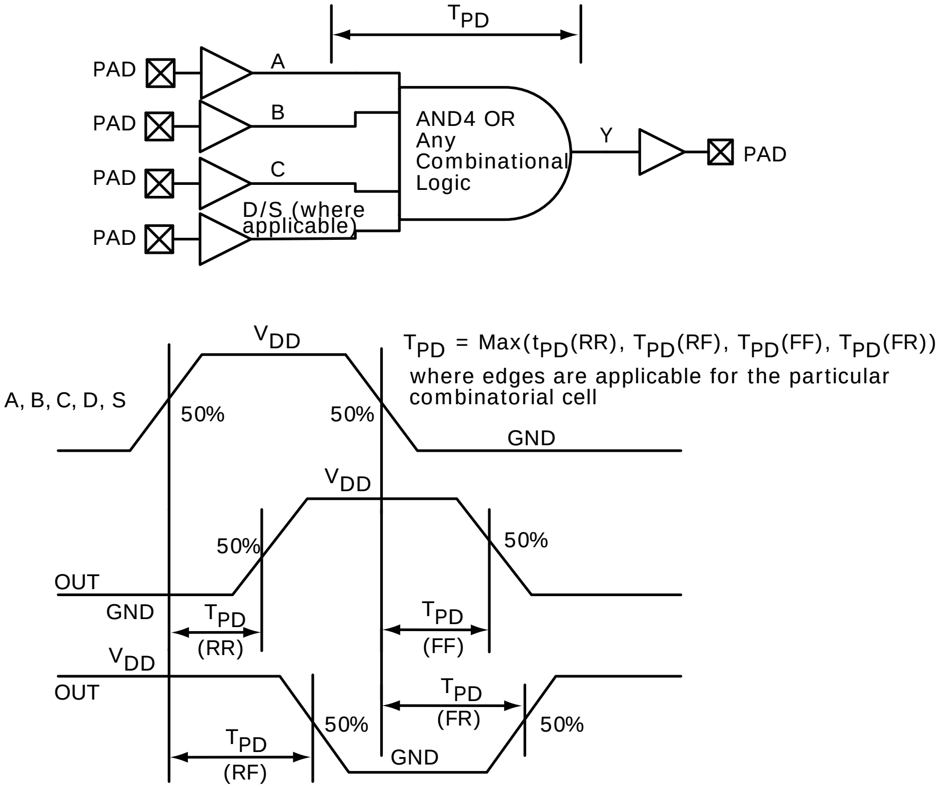


Table 232 • **RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 2K × 9 *(continued)***

		–1		**–Std**		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Address setup time	T_{ADDRSU}	0.475		0.559		ns
Address hold time	T_{ADDRHD}	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T_{DSU}	0.336		0.395		ns
Data hold time	T_{DHD}	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		1.529		1.799	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T_{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDESU}	0.485		0.57		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDEHD}	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T_{R2Q}		1.514		1.781	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T_{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T_{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T_{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WESU}	0.415		0.488		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WEHD}	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 4K × 4 in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 233 • **RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 4K × 4**

		–1		**–Std**		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Clock period	T_{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T_{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns

Table 242 • **µSRAM (RAM512x2) in 512 × 2 Mode *(continued)***

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Write clock period	T_{CCY}	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T_{BLKCSU}	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T_{BLKCHD}	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T_{DINCSU}	0.101		0.118		ns
Write input data hold time	T_{DINCHD}	0.137		0.161		ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.247		0.29		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WECSU}	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WECHD}	–0.03		–0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the µSRAM in 1024 × 1 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 243 • **µSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 × 1 Mode**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Read clock period	T_{CY}	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	T_{PLCY}	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		0.27		0.31	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.78		2.1	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T_{ADDRSU}	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.978		2.327		ns
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T_{ADDRHD}	0.137		0.161		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		–0.6		–0.71		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDENSU}	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDENHD}	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	–0.65		–0.77		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		2.16		2.54	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)	T_{RSTREM}	–0.02		–0.03		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)		0.046		0.054		ns

Table 265 • **Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz. and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric Only)**

	Auto Programming	Auto Update	Programming Recovery	
M2S/M2GL Device	**100 kHz**	**25 MHz**	**12.5 MHz**	**Unit**
005	69	49	50	Sec
010	99	57	57	Sec
025	150	64	63	Sec
050	55[1]	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	313	105	104	Sec
090	449	131	130	Sec
150	730	179	183	Sec

1. Auto programming in 050 device is done through SC_SPI, and SPI CLK is set to 6.25 MHz.

Table 266 • **Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz. and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only)**

	Auto Programming	Auto Update	Programming Recovery	
M2S/M2GL Device	**100 kHz**	**25 MHz**	**12.5 MHz**	**Unit**
005	63	70	71	Sec
010	108	109	109	Sec
025	109	107	108	Sec
050	107	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	100	108	108	Sec
090	176	184	184	Sec
150	183	183	183	Sec

Table 267 • **Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz. and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric and eNVM)**

	Auto Programming	Auto Update	Programming Recovery	
M2S/M2GL Device	**100 kHz**	**25 MHz**	**12.5 MHz**	**Unit**
005	109	89	88	Sec
010	183	135	135	Sec
025	251	142	143	Sec
050	134	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	390	183	180	Sec
090	604	283	282	Sec
150	889	331	332	Sec

2.3.17 Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG) Characteristics

For more information about NRBG, see *AC407: Using NRBG Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note.* The following table lists the NRBG in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 275 • **Non-Deterministic Random Bit Generator (NRBG)**

			Conditions	
Service	**Timing**	**Unit**	**Prediction Resistance**	**Additional Input**
Instantiate	85	ms	OFF	X
Generate (after Instantiate)[1]	4.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	6.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	7.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (after Instantiate)	47	ms	ON	X
Generate (subsequent)[1]	0.5 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	0
	2.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	64
	3.0 ms + (6.25 us/byte x No. of Bytes)		OFF	128
Generate (subsequent)	43	ms	ON	X
Reseed	40	ms		
Uninstantiate	0.16	ms		
Reset	0.10	ms		
Self test	20	ms	First time after power-up	
	6	ms	Subsequent	

1. If PUF_OFF, generate will incur additional PUF delay time for consecutive service calls.

2.3.18 Cryptographic Block Characteristics

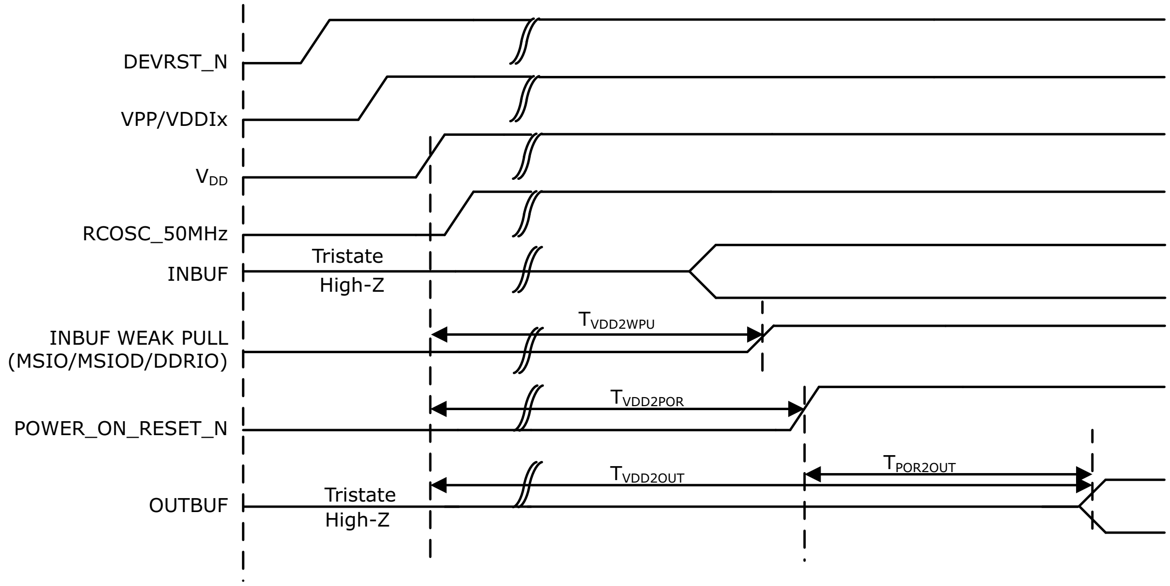
For more information about cryptographic block and associated services, see *AC410: Using AES System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note* and *AC432: Using SHA-256 System Services in SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Devices Application Note*.

The following table lists the cryptographic block characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 276 • **Cryptographic Block Characteristics**

Service	Conditions	Timing	Unit
Any service	First certificate check penalty at boot	11.5	ms
AES128/256 (encoding / decoding)[1]	100 blocks up to 64k blocks	700	kbps

Figure 18 • **Power-up to Functional Timing Diagram for IGLOO2**



2.3.25 DEVRST_N Characteristics

Table 290 • **DEVRST_N Characteristics for All Devices**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit
DEVRST_N ramp rate	$T_{RAMPDEVRSTN}$	1	us
DEVRST_N cycling rate	$F_{MAXPDEVRSTN}$	100	kHz

2.3.26 DEVRST_N to Functional Times

The following table lists the SmartFusion2 DEVRST_N to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 291 • **DEVRST_N to Functional Times for SmartFusion2**

				Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
Symbol	**From**	**To**	**Description**	**005**	**010**	**025**	**050**	**060**	**090**	**150**
$T_{POR2OUT}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	518	501	527	521	422	419	694
$T_{POR2MSSRST}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	Fabric to MSS	515	497	524	518	417	414	689
$T_{MSSRST2OUT}$	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	Output available at I/O	MSS to output	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.3	4.8	4.8	4.8
$T_{DEVRST2OUT}$	DEVRST_N	Output available at I/O	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	706	768	715	691	641	635	871

The following table lists the receiver pa in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 297 • **Receiver Parameters**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
VRX-IN-PP-CC	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (2.5 Gbps)	0.238		1.2	V
	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (2.5 Gbps, de-emphasized)	0.219		1.2	V
	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (5.0 Gbps)	0.300		1.2	V
	Differential input peak-to-peak sensitivity (5.0 Gbps, de-emphasized)	0.300		1.2	V
VRX-CM-AC-P	Input common mode range (AC coupled)			150	mV
ZRX-DIFF-DC	Differential input termination	80	100	120	Ω
REXT	External calibration resistor	1,188	1,200	1,212	Ω
CDR-LOCK-RST	CDR relock time from reset			15	μs
RLRX-DIFF	Return loss differential mode (2.5 Gbps)	–10			dB
	Return loss differential mode (5.0 Gbps) 0.05 GHz to 1.25 GHz	–10			dB
	1.25 GHz to 2.5 GHz	–8			dB
RLRX-CM	Return loss common mode (2.5 Gbps, 5.0 Gbps)	–6			dB
RX-CID[1]	CID limit PCIe Gen1/2			200	UI
VRX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-PP	Signal detect limit	65		175	mV

1. AC-coupled, BER = e^{-12}, using synchronous clock.

Table 298 • **SerDes Protocol Compliance**

Protocol	Maximum Data Rate (Gbps)	–1	–Std
PCIe Gen 1	2.5	Yes	Yes
PCIe Gen 2	5.0	Yes	
XAUI	3.125	Yes	
Generic EPCS	3.2	Yes	
Generic EPCS	2.5	Yes	Yes