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Understanding Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of **Embedded - Microprocessors**

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details

E·XFI

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PowerPC G2
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	200MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; RISC CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM, SDRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10/100Mbps (3)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	480-LBGA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	480-TBGA (37.5x37.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/pro/item?MUrl=&PartUrl=xpc8255zuifbc

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



- Up to eight TDM interfaces (4 on the MPC8255)
 - Supports two groups of four TDM channels for a total of eight TDMs
 - 2,048 bytes of SI RAM
 - Bit or byte resolution
 - Independent transmit and receive routing, frame synchronization
 - Supports T1, CEPT, T1/E1, T3/E3, pulse code modulation highway, ISDN basic rate, ISDN primary rate, Freescale interchip digital link (IDL), general circuit interface (GCI), and user-defined TDM serial interfaces
- Eight independent baud rate generators and 20 input clock pins for supplying clocks to FCCs, SCCs, SMCs, and serial channels
- Four independent 16-bit timers that can be interconnected as two 32-bit timers

This section provides AC and DC electrical specifications and thermal characteristics for the MPC8260.

2.1 DC Electrical Characteristics

This section describes the DC electrical characteristics for the MPC8260. Table 1 shows the maximum electrical ratings.

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core supply voltage ²	VDD	-0.3 - 2.75	V
PLL supply voltage ²	VCCSYN	-0.3 - 2.75	V
I/O supply voltage ³	VDDH	-0.3 - 4.0	V
Input voltage ⁴	VIN	GND(-0.3) – 3.6	V
Junction temperature	Тj	120	°C
Storage temperature range	T _{STG}	(-55) – (+150)	٥C

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Note:

¹ Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation (see Table 2) at the maximums is not guaranteed. Stress beyond those listed may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage.

² Caution: VDD/VCCSYN must not exceed VDDH by more than 0.4 V at any time, including during power-on reset.

³ Caution: VDDH can exceed VDD/VCCSYN by 3.3 V during power on reset by no more than 100 mSec. VDDH should not exceed VDD/VCCSYN by more than 2.0 V during normal operation.

⁴ Caution: VIN must not exceed VDDH by more than 2.5 V at any time, including during power-on reset.

Table 2 lists recommended operational voltage conditions.

Rating	Symbol	2.5-V Device ²	Unit
Core supply voltage	VDD	2.4–2.7	V
PLL supply voltage	VCCSYN	2.4–2.7	V
I/O supply voltage	VDDH	3.135 – 3.465	V
Input voltage	VIN	GND (-0.3) – 3.465	V
Junction temperature (maximum)	Тj	105	°C

Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions¹

¹ **Caution:** These are the recommended and tested operating conditions. Proper device operating outside of these conditions is not guaranteed.

² Parts labeled with an "-HVA" suffix are 2.6-V devices.

NOTE: Core, PLL, and I/O Supply Voltages

VDDH, VCCSYN, and VDD must track each other and both must vary in the same direction—in the positive direction (+5% and +0.1 Vdc) or in the negative direction (-5% and -0.1 Vdc).

This device contains circuitry protecting against damage due to high static voltage or electrical fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltages higher than maximum-rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. Reliability of operation is enhanced if unused inputs are tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (either GND or V_{CC}).

Figure 2 shows the undershoot and overshoot voltage of the 60x and local bus memory interface of the MPC8280. Note that in PCI mode the I/O interface is different.

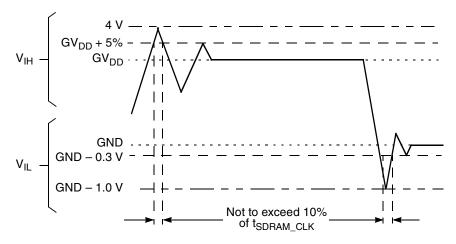


Figure 2. Overshoot/Undershoot Voltage



Table 3 shows DC electrical characteristics.

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input high voltage, all inputs except CLKIN	V _{IH}	2.0	3.465	V
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	GND	0.8	V
CLKIN input high voltage	V _{IHC}	2.4	3.465	V
CLKIN input low voltage	V _{ILC}	GND	0.4	V
Input leakage current, V _{IN} = VDDH ²	I _{IN}	—	10	μA
Hi-Z (off state) leakage current, V _{IN} = VDDH ²	Ι _{ΟΖ}	—	10	μA
Signal low input current, V _{IL} = 0.8 V	ΙL	—	1	μA
Signal high input current, V _{IH} = 2.0 V	I _H	—	1	μA
Output high voltage, $I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$ except XFC, UTOPIA mode, and open drain pins In UTOPIA mode: $I_{OH} = -8.0 \text{mA}$	V _{OH}	2.4	_	V
PA[0-31] PB[4-31] PD[4-31] PD[4-31]				
In UTOPIA mode: I _{OL} = 8.0mA PA[0-31] PB[4-31] PC[0-31] PD[4-31]	V _{OL}	_	0.5	V

Table 3. DC Electrical Characteristics¹



³ Rev C.2 silicon only.

2.2 Thermal Characteristics

Table 4 describes thermal characteristics.

Characteristics	Symbol	Value	Unit	Air Flow
Thermal resistance for TBGA	θ_{JA}	13.07 ¹	°C/W	NC ²
	θ_{JA}	9.55 ¹	°C/W	1 m/s
	θ_{JA}	10.48 ³	°C/W	NC
	θ_{JA}	7.78 ³	°C/W	1 m/s

Table 4. Thermal Characteristics

Note:

¹ Assumes a single layer board with no thermal vias

² Natural convection

³ Assumes a four layer board

2.3 **Power Considerations**

The average chip-junction temperature, T_I, in °C can be obtained from the following:

$$T_{J} = T_{A} + (P_{D} \times \theta_{JA})$$

where

 $T_A = ambient \ temperature \ ^{\circ}C$

 θ_{JA} = package thermal resistance, junction to ambient, °C/W

 $P_{D} = P_{INT} + P_{I/O}$

 $P_{INT} = I_{DD} \times V_{DD}$ Watts (chip internal power)

 $P_{I/O}$ = power dissipation on input and output pins (determined by user)

For most applications $P_{I/O} < 0.3 \times P_{INT}$. If $P_{I/O}$ is neglected, an approximate relationship between P_D and T_I is the following:

$$P_{\rm D} = K/(T_{\rm J} + 273^{\circ} \,\rm C) \tag{2}$$

Solving equations (1) and (2) for K gives:

$$\mathbf{K} = \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{D}} \mathbf{x} \left(\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{A}} + 273^{\circ} \,\mathrm{C} \right) + \boldsymbol{\theta}_{\mathrm{JA}} \,\mathbf{x} \,\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{D}}^{2} \tag{3}$$

where K is a constant pertaining to the particular part. K can be determined from equation (3) by measuring P_D (at equilibrium) for a known T_A . Using this value of K, the values of P_D and T_J can be obtained by solving equations (1) and (2) iteratively for any value of T_A .

(1)



Spec N	lumber	Characteristic	Setup (ns)	Hold (ns)
Setup	Hold		66 MHz	66 MHz
sp16a	sp17a	FCC inputs—internal clock (NMSI)	10	0
sp16b	sp17b	FCC inputs—external clock (NMSI)	3	3
sp20	sp21	TDM inputs/SI	15	12
sp18a	sp19a	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C inputs—internal clock (NMSI)	20	0
sp18b	sp19b	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C inputs—external clock (NMSI)	5	5
sp22	sp23	PIO/TIMER/IDMA inputs	10	3

Table 8. AC Characteristics for CPM Inputs¹

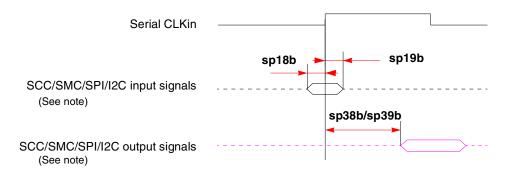
Note:

¹ Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.

Note that although the specifications generally reference the rising edge of the clock, the following AC timing diagrams also apply when the falling edge is the active edge.



Figure 5 shows the SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C external clock.

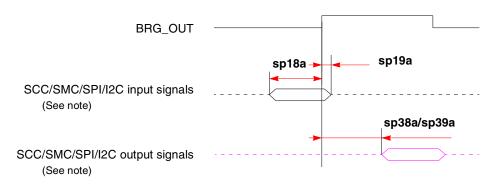


Note: There are four possible timing conditions for SCC and SPI:

- 1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
- 2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 5. SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C External Clock Diagram

Figure 6 shows the SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C internal clock.



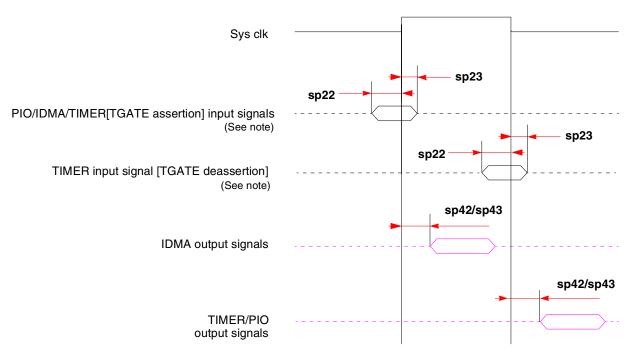
Note: There are four possible timing conditions for SCC and SPI:

- 1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
- 2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 6. SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C Internal Clock Diagram



Figure 7 shows PIO, timer, and DMA signals.



Note: TGATE is asserted on the rising edge of the clock; it is deasserted on the falling edge.

Figure 7. PIO, Timer, and DMA Signal Diagram

Table 9 lists SIU input characteristics.

Table 9. AC Characteristics for SIU Inputs'

Spec N	lumber	Characteristic	Setup (ns)	Hold (ns)
Setup	Hold		66 MHz	66 MHz
sp11	sp10	AACK/ARTRY/TA/TS/TEA/DBG/BG/BR	6	1
sp12	sp10	Data bus in normal mode	5	1
sp13	sp10	Data bus in ECC and PARITY modes	8	1
sp14	sp10	DP pins	8	1
sp14	sp10	All other pins	5	1

Note:

¹ Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.



Figure 9 shows the interaction of several bus signals.

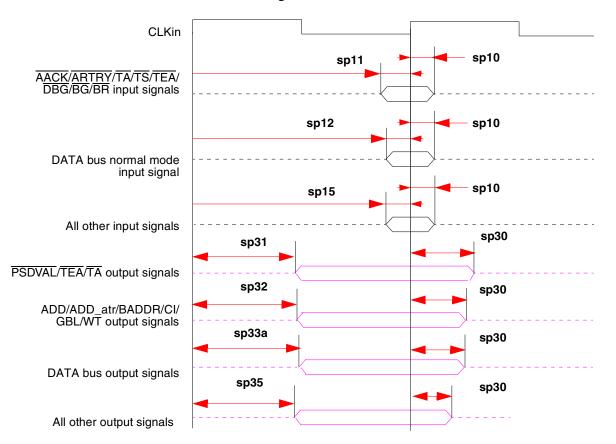
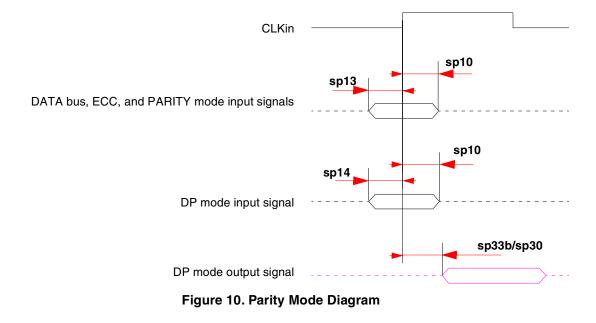


Figure 9. Bus Signals

Figure 10 shows signal behavior for all parity modes (including ECC, RMW parity, and standard parity).





MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Input Clock Frequency ^{2,3,4}	CPM Multiplication Factor ^{2, 5}	CPM Frequency ²	Core Multiplication Factor ^{2, 6}	Core Frequency ²
			1		
0001_101	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	4	133 MHz
0001_110	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	5	166 MHz
0001_111	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	6	200 MHz
0010_000	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	7	233 MHz
0010_001	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	8	266 MHz
0010_010	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	4	133 MHz
0010_011	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	5	166 MHz
0010_100	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	6	200 MHz
0010_101	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	7	233 MHz
0010_110	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	8	266 MHz
0010_111	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	4	133 MHz
0011_000	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	5	166 MHz
0011_001	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	6	200 MHz
0011_010	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	7	233 MHz
0011_011	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	8	266 MHz
0011_100	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	4	133 MHz
0011_101	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	5	166 MHz
0011_110	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	6	200 MHz
0011_111	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	7	233 MHz
0100_000	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	8	266 MHz
	T				
0100_001	_		Reserved		
0100_010					
0100_011					
0100_100					
0100_101					
0100_110					

Table 13. Clock Configuration Modes¹ (continued)



Pinout

4.1 Pin Assignments

Figure 13 shows the pinout of the MPC8260 480 TBGA package as viewed from the top surface.

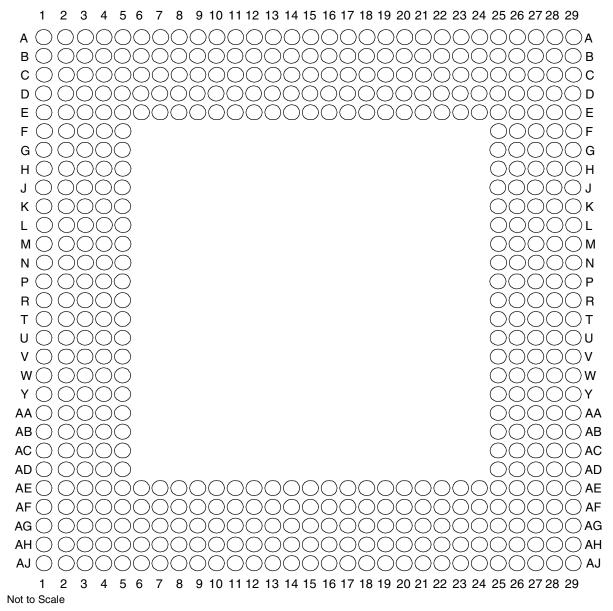


Figure 13. Pinout of the 480 TBGA Package as Viewed from the Top Surface



Figure 14 shows the side profile of the TBGA package to indicate the direction of the top surface view.

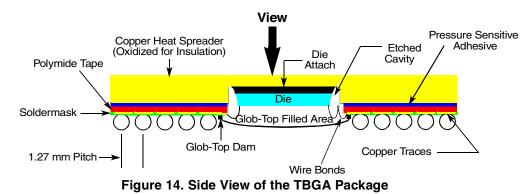


Table 14 shows the pinout list of the MPC8260. Table 15 defines conventions and acronyms used in Table 14.

Pin Name	Ball
BR	W5
BG	F4
ABB/IRQ2	E2
TS	E3
AO	G1
A1	H5
A2	H2
A3	H1
A4	J5
A5	J4
A6	J3
A7	J2
A8	J1
A9	К4
A10	КЗ
A11	К2
A12	К1
A13	L5
A14	L4
A15	L3
A16	L2
A17	L1

Table 14. Pinout Lis	st
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Pin Name	Ball
D7	B5
D8	A20
D9	E17
D10	B15
D11	B13
D12	A11
D13	E9
D14	B7
D15	B4
D16	D19
D17	D17
D18	D15
D19	C13
D20	B11
D21	A8
D22	A5
D23	C5
D24	C19
D25	C17
D26	C15
D27	D13
D28	C11
D29	B8
D30	A4
D31	E6
D32	E18
D33	B17
D34	A15
D35	A12
D36	D11
D37	C8
D38	E7
D39	A3
D40	D18
D41	A17



Pin Name	Ball
WT/BADDR30/IRQ3	U3
L2_HIT/IRQ4	Y4
CPU_BG/BADDR31/IRQ5	U4
CPU_DBG	R2
CPU_BR	Y3
CSO	F25
CS1	C29
CS2	E27
CS3	E28
CS4	F26
CS5	F27
CS6	F28
CS7	G25
CS8	D29
CS9	E29
CS10/BCTL1	F29
CS11/AP0	G28
BADDR27	T5
BADDR28	U1
ALE	T2
BCTL0	A27
PWE0/PSDDQM0/PBS0	C25
PWE1/PSDDQM1/PBS1	E24
PWE2/PSDDQM2/PBS2	D24
PWE3/PSDDQM3/PBS3	C24
PWE4/PSDDQM4/PBS4	B26
PWE5/PSDDQM5/PBS5	A26
PWE6/PSDDQM6/PBS6	B25
PWE7/PSDDQM7/PBS7	A25
PSDA10/PGPL0	E23
PSDWE/PGPL1	B24
POE/PSDRAS/PGPL2	A24
PSDCAS/PGPL3	B23
PGTA/PUPMWAIT/PGPL4/PPBS	A23
PSDAMUX/PGPL5	D22



Pin Name	Ball
LCL_D6	K25
LCL_D7	L29
LCL_D8	L27
LCL_D9	L26
LCL_D10	L25
LCL_D11	M29
LCL_D12	M28
LCL_D13	M27
LCL_D14	M26
LCL_D15	N29
LCL_D16	T25
LCL_D17	U27
LCL_D18	U26
LCL_D19	U25
LCL_D20	V29
LCL_D21	V28
LCL_D22	V27
LCL_D23	V26
LCL_D24	W27
LCL_D25	W26
LCL_D26	W25
LCL_D27	Y29
LCL_D28	Y28
LCL_D29	Y25
LCL_D30	AA29
LCL_D31	AA28
LCL_DP0	L28
LCL_DP1	N28
LCL_DP2	T28
LCL_DP3	W28
IRQ0/NMI_OUT	T1
IRQ7/INT_OUT/APE	D1
TRST	АНЗ
тск	AG5
TMS	AJ3



Pinout

Table 14. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
TDI	AE6
TDO	AF5
TRIS	AB4
PORESET	AG6
HRESET	AH5
SRESET	AF6
QREQ	AA3
RSTCONF	AJ4
MODCK1/AP1/TC0/BNKSEL0	W2
MODCK2/AP2/TC1/BNKSEL1	W3
MODCK3/AP3/TC2/BNKSEL2	W4
XFC	AB2
CLKIN1	AH4
PA0/RESTART1/DREQ3/FCC2_UTM_TXADDR2	AC29 ²
PA1/REJECT1/FCC2_UTM_TXADDR1/DONE3	AC25 ²
PA2/CLK20/FCC2_UTM_TXADDR0/DACK3	AE28 ²
PA3/CLK19/FCC2_UTM_RXADDR0/DACK4/L1RXD1A2	AG29 ²
PA4/REJECT2/FCC2_UTM_RXADDR1/DONE4	AG28 ²
PA5/RESTART2/DREQ4/FCC2_UTM_RXADDR2	AG26 ²
PA6/L1RSYNCA1	AE24 ²
PA7/SMSYN2/L1TSYNCA1/L1GNTA1	AH25 ²
PA8/SMRXD2/L1RXD0A1/L1RXDA1	AF23 ²
PA9/SMTXD2/L1TXD0A1	AH23 ²
PA10/FCC1_UT8_RXD0/FCC1_UT16_RXD8/MSNUM5	AE22 ²
PA11/FCC1_UT8_RXD1/FCC1_UT16_RXD9/MSNUM4	AH22 ²
PA12/FCC1_UT8_RXD2/FCC1_UT16_RXD10/MSNUM3	AJ21 ²
PA13/FCC1_UT8_RXD3/FCC1_UT16_RXD11/MSNUM2	AH20 ²
PA14/FCC1_UT8_RXD4/FCC1_UT16_RXD12/FCC1_RXD3	AG19 ²
PA15/FCC1_UT8_RXD5/FCC1_UT16_RXD13/FCC1_RXD2	AF18 ²
PA16/FCC1_UT8_RXD6/FCC1_UT16_RXD14/FCC1_RXD1	AF17 ²
PA17/FCC1_UT8_RXD7/FCC1_UT16_RXD15/FCC1_RXD0/FCC1_RXD	AE16 ²
PA18/FCC1_UT8_TXD7/FCC1_UT16_TXD15/FCC1_TXD0/FCC1_TXD AJ16 ²	
PA19/FCC1_UT8_TXD6/FCC1_UT16_TXD14/FCC1_TXD1	AG15 ²
PA20/FCC1_UT8_TXD5/FCC1_UT16_TXD13/FCC1_TXD2	AJ13 ²
PA21/FCC1_UT8_TXD4/FCC1_UT16_TXD12/FCC1_TXD3	AE13 ²



Pin Name	Ball
PA22/FCC1_UT8_TXD3/FCC1_UT16_TXD11	AF12 ²
PA23/FCC1_UT8_TXD2/FCC1_UT16_TXD10	AG11 ²
PA24/FCC1_UT8_TXD1/FCC1_UT16_TXD9/MSNUM1	AH9 ²
PA25/FCC1_UT8_TXD0/FCC1_UT16_TXD8/MSNUM0	AJ8 ²
PA26/FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV/FCC1_UTS_RXCLAV/FCC1_MII_RX_ER	AH7 ²
PA27/FCC1_UT_RXSOC/FCC1_MII_RX_DV	AF7 ²
PA28/FCC1_UTM_RXENB/FCC1_UTS_RXENB/FCC1_MII_TX_EN	AD5 ²
PA29/FCC1_UT_TXSOC/FCC1_MII_TX_ER	AF1 ²
PA30/FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV/FCC1_UTS_TXCLAV/FCC1_MII_CRS/FCC1_RTS	AD3 ²
PA31/FCC1_UTM_TXENB/FCC1_UTS_TXENB/FCC1_MII_COL	AB5 ²
PB4/FCC3_TXD3/FCC2_UT8_RXD0/L1RSYNCA2/FCC3_RTS	AD28 ²
PB5/FCC3_TXD2/FCC2_UT8_RXD1/L1TSYNCA2/L1GNTA2	AD26 ²
PB6/FCC3_TXD1/FCC2_UT8_RXD2/L1RXDA2/L1RXD0A2	AD25 ²
PB7/FCC3_TXD0/FCC3_TXD/FCC2_UT8_RXD3/L1TXDA2/L1TXD0A2	AE26 ²
PB8/FCC2_UT8_TXD3/FCC3_RXD0/FCC3_RXD/TXD3/L1RSYNCD1	AH27 ²
PB9/FCC2_UT8_TXD2/FCC3_RXD1/L1TXD2A2/L1TSYNCD1/L1GNTD1	AG24 ²
PB10/FCC2_UT8_TXD1/FCC3_RXD2/L1RXDD1	AH24 ²
PB11/FCC3_RXD3/FCC2_UT8_TXD0/L1TXDD1	AJ24 ²
PB12/FCC3_MII_CRS/L1CLKOB1/L1RSYNCC1/TXD2	AG22 ²
PB13/FCC3_MII_COL/L1RQB1/L1TSYNCC1/L1GNTC1/L1TXD1A2	AH21 ²
PB14/FCC3_MII_TX_EN/RXD3/L1RXDC1	AG20 ²
PB15/FCC3_MII_TX_ER/RXD2/L1TXDC1	AF19 ²
PB16/FCC3_MII_RX_ER/L1CLKOA1/CLK18	AJ18 ²
PB17/FCC3_MII_RX_DV/L1RQA1/CLK17	AJ17 ²
PB18/FCC2_UT8_RXD4/FCC2_RXD3/L1CLKOD2/L1RXD2A2	AE14 ²
PB19/FCC2_UT8_RXD5/FCC2_RXD2/L1RQD2/L1RXD3A2	AF13 ²
PB20/FCC2_UT8_RXD6/FCC2_RXD1/L1RSYNCD2/L1TXD1A1	AG12 ²
PB21/FCC2_UT8_RXD7/FCC2_RXD0/FCC2_RXD/L1TSYNCD2/L1GNTD2/ L1TXD2A1	AH11 ²
PB22/FCC2_UT8_TXD7/FCC2_TXD0/FCC2_TXD/L1RXD1A1/L1RXDD2	AH16 ²
PB23/FCC2_UT8_TXD6/FCC2_TXD1/L1RXD2A1/L1TXDD2	AE15 ²
PB24/FCC2_UT8_TXD5/FCC2_TXD2/L1RXD3A1/L1RSYNCC2	AJ9 ²
PB25/FCC2_UT8_TXD4/FCC2_TXD3/L1TSYNCC2/L1GNTC2/L1TXD3A1	AE9 ²
PB26/FCC2_MII_CRS/FCC2_UT8_TXD1/L1RXDC2	AJ7 ²
PB27/FCC2_MII_COL/FCC2_UT8_TXD0/L1TXDC2	AH6 ²



Pinout

Table 14. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
PB28/FCC2_MII_RX_ER/FCC2_RTS/L1TSYNCB2/L1GNTB2/TXD1	AE3 ²
PB29/FCC2_UTM_RXCLAV/FCC2_UTS_RXCLAV/L1RSYNCB2/ FCC2_MII_TX_EN	AE2 ²
PB30/FCC2_MII_RX_DV/FCC2_UT_TXSOC/L1RXDB2	AC5 ²
PB31/FCC2_MII_TX_ER/FCC2_UT_RXSOC/L1TXDB2	AC4 ²
PC0/DREQ1/BRG07/SMSYN2/L1CLKOA2	AB26 ²
PC1/DREQ2/BRGO6/L1RQA2	AD29 ²
PC2/FCC3_CD/FCC2_UT8_TXD3/DONE2	AE29 ²
PC3/FCC3_CTS/FCC2_UT8_TXD2/DACK2/CTS4	AE27 ²
PC4/FCC2_UTM_RXENB/FCC2_UTS_RXENB/SI2_L1ST4/FCC2_CD	AF27 ²
PC5/FCC2_UTM_TXCLAV/FCC2_UTS_TXCLAV/SI2_L1ST3/FCC2_CTS	AF24 ²
PC6/FCC1_CD/L1CLKOC1/FCC1_UTM_RXADDR2/FCC1_UTS_RXADDR2/ FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV1	AJ26 ²
PC7/FCC1_CTS/L1RQC1/FCC1_UTM_TXADDR2/FCC1_UTS_TXADDR2/ FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV1	AJ25 ²
PC8/CD4/RENA4/FCC1_UT16_TXD0/SI2_L1ST2/CTS3	AF22 ²
PC9/CTS4/CLSN4/FCC1_UT16_TXD1/SI2_L1ST1/L1TSYNCA2/L1GNTA2	AE21 ²
PC10/CD3/RENA3/FCC1_UT16_TXD2/SI1_L1ST4/FCC2_UT8_RXD3	AF20 ²
PC11/CTS3/CLSN3/L1CLKOD1/L1TXD3A2/FCC2_UT8_RXD2	AE19 ²
PC12/CD2/RENA2/SI1_L1ST3/FCC1_UTM_RXADDR1/FCC1_UTS_RXADDR1	AE18 ²
PC13/CTS2/CLSN2/L1RQD1/FCC1_UTM_TXADDR1/FCC1_UTS_TXADDR1	AH18 ²
PC14/CD1/RENA1/FCC1_UTM_RXADDR0/FCC1_UTS_RXADDR0	AH17 ²
PC15/CTS1/CLSN1/SMTXD2/FCC1_UTM_TXADDR0/FCC1_UTS_TXADDR0	AG16 ²
PC16/CLK16/TIN4	AF15 ²
PC17/CLK15/TIN3/BRGO8	AJ15 ²
PC18/CLK14/TGATE2	AH14 ²
PC19/CLK13/BRGO7/SPICLK	AG13 ²
PC20/CLK12/TGATE1	AH12 ²
PC21/CLK11/BRGO6	AJ11 ²
PC22/CLK10/DONE1	AG10 ²
PC23/CLK9/BRGO5/DACK1	AE10 ²
PC24/FCC2_UT8_TXD3/CLK8/TOUT4	AF9 ²
PC25/FCC2_UT8_TXD2/CLK7/BRGO4	AE8 ²
PC26/CLK6/TOUT3/TMCLK	AJ6 ²
PC27/FCC3_TXD/FCC3_TXD0/CLK5/BRGO3	AG2 ²
PC28/CLK4/TIN1/TOUT2/CTS2/CLSN2	AF3 ²



Symbol	Meaning
UTS	Indicates that a signal is part of the UTOPIA slave interface
UT8	Indicates that a signal is part of the 8-bit UTOPIA interface
UT16	Indicates that a signal is part of the 16-bit UTOPIA interface
MII	Indicates that a signal is part of the media independent interface

Table 15. Symbol Legend (continued)

5 Package Description

The following sections provide the package parameters and mechanical dimensions for the MPC8260.

5.1 Package Parameters

Package parameters are provided in Table 16. The package type is a 37.5×37.5 mm, 480-lead TBGA.

Parameter	Value
Package Outline	37.5 x 37.5 mm
Interconnects	480 (29 x 29 ball array)
Pitch	1.27 mm
Nominal unmounted package height	1.55 mm

Table 16. Package Parameters



6 Ordering Information

Figure 16 provides an example of the Freescale part numbering nomenclature for the MPC8260. In addition to the processor frequency, the part numbering scheme also consists of a part modifier that indicates any enhancement(s) in the part from the original production design. Each part number also contains a revision code that refers to the die mask revision number and is specified in the part numbering scheme for identification purposes only. For more information, contact your local Freescale sales office.

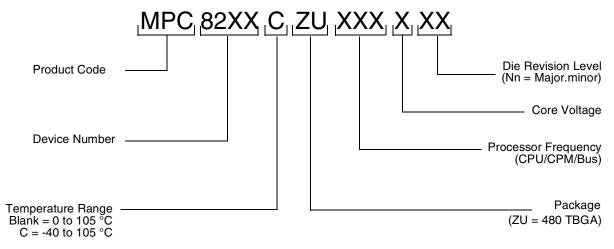


Figure 16. Freescale Part Number Key

7 Document Revision History

Table 17 lists significant changes in each revision of this document.

Table 17	. Document	Revision	History
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Rev. Number	Date	Substantive Change(s)
2	05/2010	Added a note about rise/fall time on CPM input pins above Table 8, "AC Characteristics for CPM Inputs."
1.3	9/2005	Document template update.
1.2	8/2003	 Note: In revision 0.7, sp30 (Table 10) was changed. This change was not previously recorded in this "Document Revision History" Table. Addition of MPC8255 description to Section 1, "Features" Addition of Figure 2 Addition of VCCSYN to "Note: Core, PLL, and I/O Supply Voltages" following Table 2 Addition of note 1 to Table 3 Addition of notes or modifications to Figure 3 through Figure 8 Addition of reference notes 4, 5, and 6 to Table 13 Addition of SPICLK to PC19 in Table 14. It is documented correctly in the MPC8260 PowerQUICC IITM Family Reference Manual but had previously been omitted from Table 14.
1.1	5/2002	 Section 1, "Features": updated minimum supported core frequency to 133 MHz Addition of "Note" at bottom of page 5. Table 13: Note 3.

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