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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I²C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	55
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	3K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LFQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f212a8snfp-x6

1.1.2 Specifications

Tables 1.1 and 1.2 outlines the Specifications for R8C/2A Group and Tables 1.3 and 1.4 outlines the Specifications for R8C/2B Group.

Table 1.1 Specifications for R8C/2A Group (1)

Item	Function	Specification
CPU	Central processing unit	R8C/Tiny series core • Number of fundamental instructions: 89 • Minimum instruction execution time: 50 ns (f(XIN) = 20 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) 100 ns (f(XIN) = 10 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) 200 ns (f(XIN) = 5 MHz, VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V) • Multiplier: 16 bits × 16 bits → 32 bits • Multiply-accumulate instruction: 16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits → 32 bits • Operation mode: Single-chip mode (address space: 1 Mbyte)
Memory	ROM, RAM	Refer to **Table 1.5 Product List for R8C/2A Group**.
Power Supply Voltage Detection	Voltage detection circuit	• Power-on reset • Voltage detection 2
I/O Ports	Programmable I/O ports	• Input-only: 2 pins • CMOS I/O ports: 55, selectable pull-up resistor • High current drive ports: 8
Clock	Clock generation circuits	3 circuits: XIN clock oscillation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor), On-chip oscillator (high-speed, low-speed) (high-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function), XCIN clock oscillation circuit (32 kHz) • Oscillation stop detection: XIN clock oscillation stop detection function • Frequency divider circuit: Dividing selectable 1, 2, 4, 8, and 16 • Low power consumption modes: Standard operating mode (high-speed clock, low-speed clock, high-speed on-chip oscillator, low-speed on-chip oscillator), wait mode, stop mode
		Real-time clock (timer RE)
Interrupts		• External: 5 sources, Internal: 23 sources, Software: 4 sources • Priority levels: 7 levels
Watchdog Timer		15 bits × 1 (with prescaler), reset start selectable
Timer	Timer RA	8 bits × 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), pulse output mode (output level inverted every period), event counter mode, pulse width measurement mode, pulse period measurement mode
	Timer RB	8 bits × 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), programmable waveform generation mode (PWM output), programmable one-shot generation mode, programmable wait one-shot generation mode
	Timer RC	16 bits × 1 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 3 pins), PWM2 mode (PWM output pin)
	Timer RD	16 bits × 2 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 6 pins), reset synchronous PWM mode (output three-phase waveforms (6 pins), sawtooth wave modulation), complementary PWM mode (output three-phase waveforms (6 pins), triangular wave modulation), PWM3 mode (PWM output 2 pins with fixed period)
	Timer RE	8 bits × 1 Real-time clock mode (count seconds, minutes, hours, days of week), output compare mode
	Timer RF	16 bits × 1 (with capture/compare register pin and compare register pin) Input capture mode, output compare mode

Table 1.2 Specifications for R8C/2A Group (2)

Item	Function	Specification
Serial Interface	UART0, UART1, UART2	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART × 3
Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (SSU)		1 (shared with I^2C-bus)
I^2C bus[1]		1 (shared with SSU)
LIN Module		Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0)
A/D Converter		10-bit resolution × 12 channels, includes sample and hold function
D/A Converter		8-bit resolution × 2 circuits
Flash Memory		• Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V • Programming and erasure endurance: 100 times • Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check • Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		f(XIN) = 20 MHz (VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 10 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 5 MHz (VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V)
Current consumption		12 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) 5.5 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) 2.1 µA (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)) 0.65 µA (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version)(2) -20 to 105°C (Y version)(3)
Package		64-pin LQFP • Package code: PLQP0064KB-A (previous code: 64P6Q-A) • Package code: PLQP0064GA-A (previous code: 64P6U-A) 64-pin FLGA • Package code: PTLG0064JA-A (previous code: 64F0G)

NOTES:
1. I^2C bus is a trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N. V.
2. Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.
3. Please contact Renesas Technology sales offices for the Y version.

1.2 Product List

Table 1.5 lists Product List for R8C/2A Group, Figure 1.1 shows a Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2A Group, Table 1.6 lists Product List for R8C/2B Group, and Figure 1.2 shows a Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2B Group.

Table 1.5 Product List for R8C/2A Group **Current of Nov. 2007**

Part No.	ROM Capacity	RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks	
R5F212A7SNFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	N version	
R5F212A7SNFA	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212A7SNLG	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212A8SNFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212A8SNFA	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212A8SNLG	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLTG0064JA-A		
R5F212AASNFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212AASNFA	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212AASNLG	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLTG0064JA-A		
R5F212ACSNFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212ACSNFA	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212ACSNLG	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLTG0064JA-A		
R5F212A7SDFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	D version	
R5F212A7SDFA	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212A8SDFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212A8SDFA	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212AASDFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212AASDFA	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212ACSDFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212ACSDFA	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212A7SNXXXFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	N version	Factory programming product[1]
R5F212A7SNXXXFA	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212A7SNXXXLG	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212A8SNXXXFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212A8SNXXXFA	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212A8SNXXXLG	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLTG0064JA-A		
R5F212AASNXXXFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212AASNXXXFA	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212AASNXXXLG	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLTG0064JA-A		
R5F212ACSNXXXFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212ACSNXXXFA	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212ACSNXXXLG	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLTG0064JA-A		
R5F212A7SDXXXFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	D version	
R5F212A7SDXXXFA	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212A8SDXXXFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212A8SDXXXFA	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212AASDXXXFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212AASDXXXFA	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212ACSDXXXFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212ACSDXXXFA	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		

NOTE:

1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

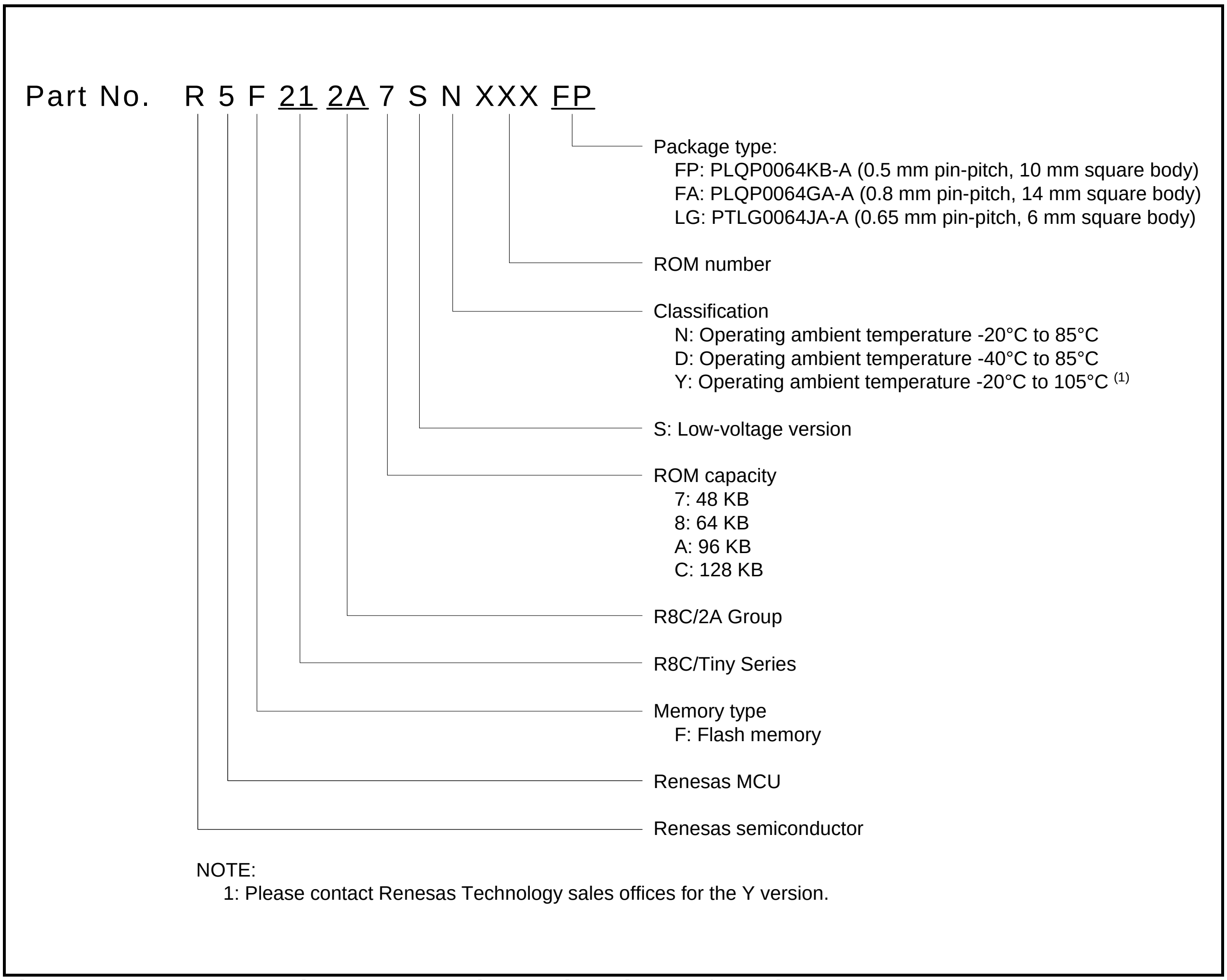


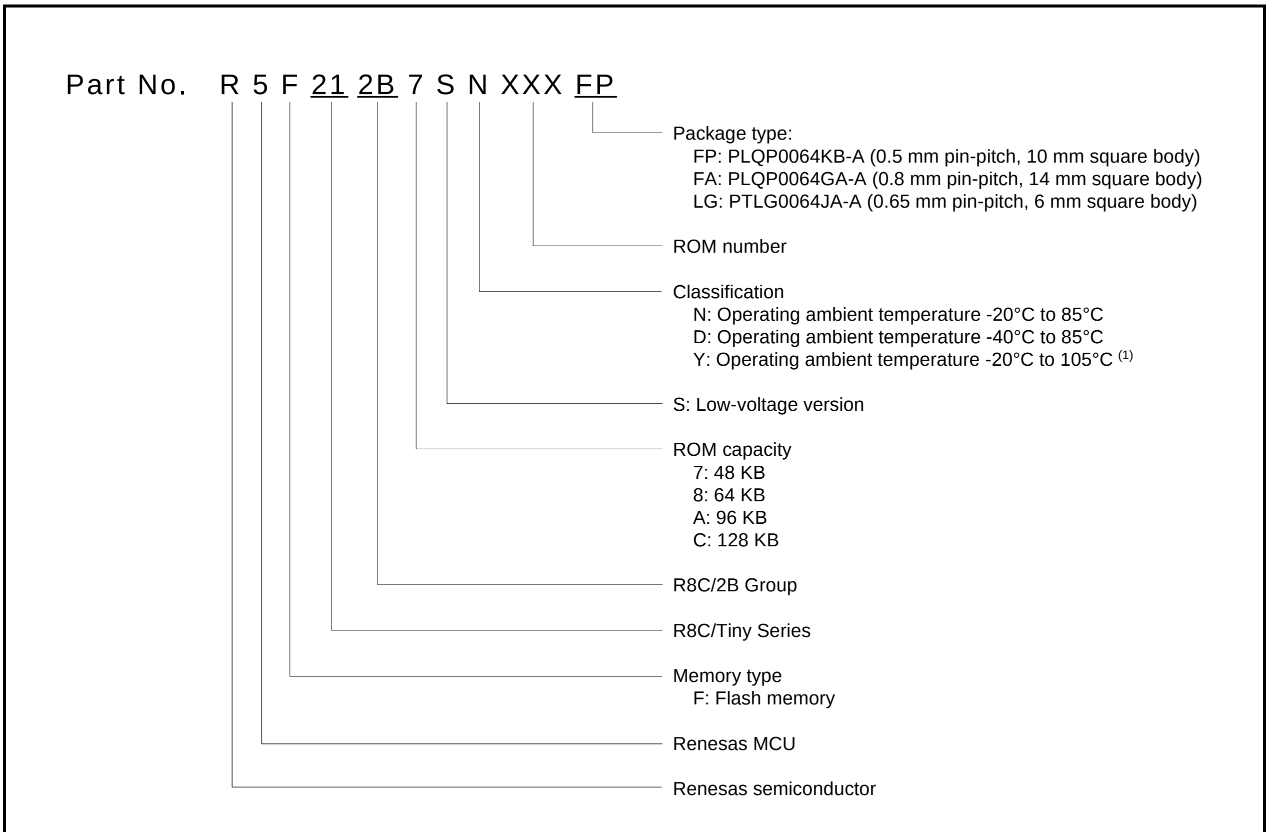
Figure 1.1 **Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2A Group**

Table 1.6 Product List for R8C/2B Group **Current of Nov. 2007**

Part No.	ROM Capacity		RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks	
	Program ROM	Data flash				
R5F212B7SNFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	N version	
R5F212B7SNFA	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B7SNLG	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212B8SNFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212B8SNFA	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B8SNLG	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212BASNFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BASNFA	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BASNLG	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212BCSNFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BCSNFA	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BCSNLG	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212B7SDFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	D version	
R5F212B7SDFA	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B8SDFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212B8SDFA	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BASDFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BASDFA	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BCSDFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BCSDFA	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B7SNXXXFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	N version	Factory programming product(1)
R5F212B7SNXXXFA	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B7SNXXXLG	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212B8SNXXXFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212B8SNXXXFA	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B8SNXXXLG	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212BASNXXXFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BASNXXXFA	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BASNXXXLG	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212BCSNXXXFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BCSNXXXFA	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BCSNXXXLG	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212B7SDXXXFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	D version	
R5F212B7SDXXXFA	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B8SDXXXFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212B8SDXXXFA	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BASDXXXFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BASDXXXFA	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BCSDXXXFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BCSDXXXFA	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		

NOTE:

1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.



NOTE:
1: Please contact Renesas Technology sales offices for the Y version.

Figure 1.2 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2B Group

Table 1.7 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (1)

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for of Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	SSU	I^{2}C bus	A/D Converter, D/A Converter
1		P3_3				SSI		
2		P3_4				SCS	SDA	
3	MODE							
4	XCIN	P4_3						
5	XCOUT	P4_4						
6	$\overline{\mathrm{RESET}}$							
7	XOUT	P4_7						
8	VSS/AVSS							
9	XIN	P4_6						
10	VCC/AVCC							
11		P5_4		TRCIOD				
12		P5_3		TRCIOC				
13		P5_2		TRCIOB				
14		P5_1		TRCIOA/TRCTRG				
15		P5_0		TRCCLK				
16		P2_7		TRDIOD1				
17		P2_6		TRDIOC1				
18		P2_5		TRDIOB1				
19		P2_4		TRDIOA1				
20		P2_3		TRDIOD0				
21		P2_2		TRDIOC0				
22		P2_1		TRDIOB0				
23		P2_0		TRDIOA0/TRDCLK				
24		P1_7	$\overline{\mathrm{INT1}}$	TRAIO				
25		P1_6			CLK0			
26		P1_5	($\overline{\mathrm{INT1}}$)(1)	(TRAIO)(1)	RXD0			
27		P1_4			TXD0			
28		P8_6						
29		P8_5		TRFO12				
30		P8_4		TRFO11				
31		P8_3		TRFO10/TRFI				
32		P8_2		TRFO02				
33		P8_1		TRFO01				
34		P8_0		TRFO00				
35		P6_0		TREO				
36		P4_5	$\overline{\mathrm{INT0}}$	$\overline{\mathrm{INT0}}$				
37		P6_6	$\overline{\mathrm{INT2}}$		TXD1			
38		P6_7	$\overline{\mathrm{INT3}}$		RXD1			
39		P6_5			(CLK1)(1)/CLK2			
40		P6_4			RXD2			
41		P6_3			TXD2			
42		P3_1		TRBO				
43		P3_0		TRAO				
44		P3_6	($\overline{\mathrm{INT1}}$)(1)					
45		P3_2	($\overline{\mathrm{INT2}}$)(1)					

NOTE:

1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

Table 1.8 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (2)

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for of Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	SSU	I^2C bus	A/D Converter, D/A Converter
46		P1_3	$\overline{\mathrm{KI3}}$					AN11
47		P1_2	$\overline{\mathrm{KI2}}$					AN10
48		P1_1	$\overline{\mathrm{KI1}}$					AN9
49		P1_0	$\overline{\mathrm{KI0}}$					AN8
50		P0_0						AN7
51		P0_1						AN6
52		P0_2						AN5
53		P0_3						AN4
54		P0_4						AN3
55		P6_2						
56		P6_1						
57		P0_5			CLK1			AN2
58		P0_6						AN1/DA0
59	VSS/AVSS							
60		P0_7						AN0/DA1
61	VREF							
62	VCC/AVCC							
63		P3_7				SSO		
64		P3_5				SSCK	SCL	

1.5 Pin Functions

Tables 1.9 and 1.10 list Pin Functions.

Table 1.9 Pin Functions (1)

Item	Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
Power supply input	VCC, VSS	–	Apply 2.2 V to 5.5 V to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog power supply input	AVCC, AVSS	–	Power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset input	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Input "L" on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN clock input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for XIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins(1). To use an external clock, input it to the XIN pin and leave the XOUT pin open.
XIN clock output	XOUT	O	
XCIN clock input	XCIN	I	These pins are provided for XCIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a crystal oscillator between the XCIN and XCOUT pins(1). To use an external clock, input it to the XCIN pin and leave the XCOUT pin open.
XCIN clock output	XCOUT	O	
$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$ to $\overline{\text{INT3}}$	I	$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input pins. $\overline{\text{INT0}}$ is timer RD input pin. $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ is timer RA input pin.
Key input interrupt	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$ to $\overline{\text{KI3}}$	I	Key input interrupt input pins
Timer RA	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin
	TRAO	O	Timer RA output pin
Timer RB	TRBO	O	Timer RB output pin
Timer RC	TRCCLK	I	External clock input pin
	TRCTRG	I	External trigger input pin
	TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD	I/O	Timer RC I/O pins
Timer RD	TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC0, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1	I/O	Timer RD I/O pins
	TRDCLK	I	External clock input pin
Timer RE	TREO	O	Divided clock output pin
Timer RF	TRFI	I	Timer RF input pin
	TRFO00 to TRFO02, TRFO10 to TRFO12	O	Timer RF output pins
Serial interface	CLK0, CLK1, CLK2	I/O	Transfer clock I/O pins
	RXD0, RXD1, RXD2	I	Serial data input pins
	TXD0, TXD1, TXD2	O	Serial data output pins
I^2C bus	SCL	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SDA	I/O	Data I/O pin
SSU	SSI	I/O	Data I/O pin
	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$	I/O	Chip-select signal I/O pin
	SSCK	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SSO	I/O	Data I/O pin
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter and D/A converter

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output

NOTE:

1. Refer to the oscillator manufacturer for oscillation characteristics.

2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables maskable interrupts.
Interrupt are disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1.
The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL is 3 bits wide and assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7.
If a requested interrupt has higher priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.

3. Memory

3.1 R8C/2A Group

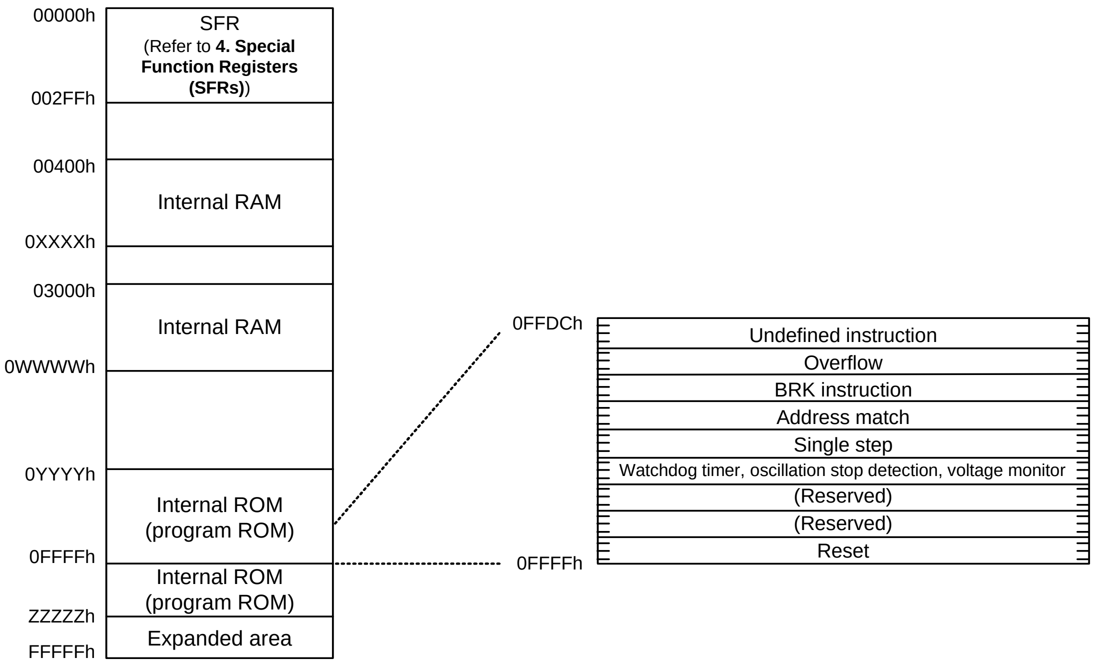
Figure 3.1 is a Memory Map of R8C/2A Group. The R8C/2A group has 1 Mbyte of address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh.

The internal ROM is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 48-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 04000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 2.5-Kbyte internal RAM area is allocated addresses 00400h to 00DFFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.



NOTE:
1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Internal ROM			Internal RAM		
Size	Address 0YYYYh	Address ZZZZZh	Size	Address 0XXXXh	Address 0WWWWh
48 Kbytes	04000h	–	2.5 Kbytes	00DFFh	–
64 Kbytes	04000h	13FFFh	3 Kbytes	00FFFh	–
96 Kbytes	04000h	1BFFFh	7 Kbytes	011FFh	03DFFh
128 Kbytes	04000h	23FFFh	7.5 Kbytes	011FFh	03FFFh

Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/2A Group

Table 4.11 SFR Information (11)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0280h			
0281h			
0282h			
0283h			
0284h			
0285h			
0286h			
0287h			
0288h			
0289h			
028Ah			
028Bh			
028Ch			
028Dh			
028Eh			
028Fh			
0290h	Timer RF Register	TRF	00h
0291h			00h
0292h			
0293h			
0294h			
0295h			
0296h			
0297h			
0298h			
0299h			
029Ah	Timer RF Control Register 0	TRFCR0	00h
029Bh	Timer RF Control Register 1	TRFCR1	00h
029Ch	Capture / Compare 0 Register	TRFM0	0000h(2)
029Dh			FFFFh(3)
029Eh	Compare 1 Register	TRFM1	FFh
029Fh			FFh
02A0h			
02A1h			
02A2h			
02A3h			
02A4h			
02A5h			
02A6h			
02A7h			
02A8h			
02A9h			
02AAh			
02ABh			
02ACh			
02ADh			
02AEh			
02AFh			
02B0h			
02B1h			
02B2h			
02B3h			
02B4h			
02B5h			
02B6h			
02B7h			
02B8h			
02B9h			
02BAh			
02BBh			
02BCh			
02BDh			
02BEh			
02BFh			

NOTES:
1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. After input capture mode.
3. After output compare mode.

Table 4.12 SFR Information (12)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
02C0h	A/D Register 0	AD0	XXh
02C1h			XXh
02C2h			
02C3h			
02C4h			
02C5h			
02C6h			
02C7h			
02C8h			
02C9h			
02CAh			
02CBh			
02CCh			
02CDh			
02CEh			
02CFh			
02D0h			
02D1h			
02D2h			
02D3h			
02D4h	A/D Control Register 2	ADCON2	00001000b
02D5h			
02D6h	A/D Control Register 0	ADCON0	00000011b
02D7h	A/D Control Register 1	ADCON1	00h
02D8h			
02D9h			
02DAh			
02DBh			
02DCh			
02DDh			
02DEh			
02DFh			
02E0h			
02E1h			
02E2h			
02E3h			
02E4h	Port P8 Direction Register	PD8	00h
02E5h			
02E6h	Port P8 Register	P8	XXh
02E7h			
02E8h			
02E9h			
02EAh			
02EBh			
02ECh			
02EDh			
02EEh			
02EFh			
02F0h			
02F1h			
02F2h			
02F3h			
02F4h			
02F5h			
02F6h			
02F7h			
02F8h			
02F9h			
02FAh			
02FBh			
02FCh	Pull-Up Control Register 2	PUR2	XXX00000b
02FDh			
02FEh			
02FFh	Timer RF Output Control Register	TRFOUT	00h
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 2)

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. The OFS register cannot be changed by a program. Use a flash programmer to write to it.

Table 5.6 Flash Memory (Data flash Block A, Block B) Electrical Characteristics[4]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Program/erase endurance[2]		10,000[3]	–	–	times
–	Byte program time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		–	50	400	µs
–	Byte program time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		–	65	–	µs
–	Block erase time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		–	0.2	9	s
–	Block erase time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		–	0.3	–	s
$t_{d(SR-SUS)}$	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		–	–	97+CPU clock × 6 cycles	µs
–	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	–	–	µs
–	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	–	–	ns
–	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		–	–	3+CPU clock × 4 cycles	µs
–	Program, erase voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Read voltage		2.2	–	5.5	V
–	Program, erase temperature		-20[8]	–	85	°C
–	Data hold time[9]	Ambient temperature = 55 °C	20	–	–	year

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
   The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
   If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
   However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. Standard of block A and block B when program and erase endurance exceeds 1,000 times. Byte program time to 1,000 times is the same as that in program ROM.
5. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erase count of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
6. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
7. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
8. -40°C for D version.
9. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Table 5.11 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO40M	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature • supply voltage dependence	VCC = 2.7 V to 5.5 V −20°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C(2)	39.2	40	40.8	MHz
		VCC = 2.7 V to 5.5 V −40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C(2)	39.0	40	41.0	MHz
		VCC = 2.2 V to 5.5 V −20°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C(3)	35.2	40	44.8	MHz
		VCC = 2.2 V to 5.5 V −40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C(3)	34.0	40	46.0	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when correction value in FRA7 register is written to FRA1 register	VCC = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	–	36.864	–	MHz
		VCC = 2.7 V to 5.5 V −20°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C	−3%	–	3%	%
–	Value in FRA1 register after reset		08h	–	F7h	–
–	Oscillation frequency adjustment unit of high-speed on-chip oscillator	Adjust FRA1 register (value after reset) to -1	–	+0.3	–	MHz
–	Oscillation stability time	VCC = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	–	10	100	µs
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	VCC = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	–	550	–	µA

NOTES:
1. VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V, Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. These standard values show when the FRA1 register value after reset is assumed.
3. These standard values show when the correction value in the FRA6 register is written to the FRA1 register.

Table 5.12 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

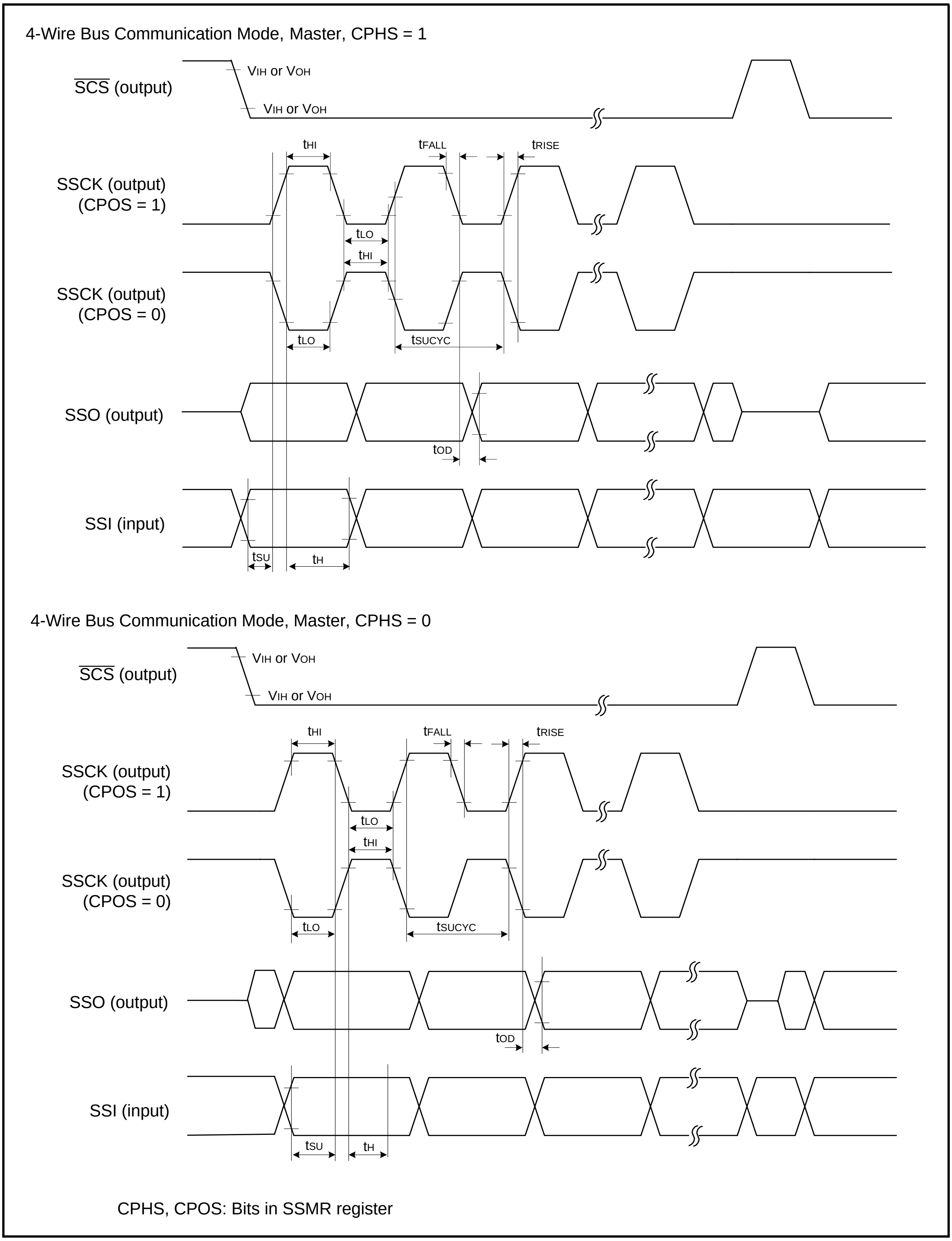
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		30	125	250	kHz
–	Oscillation stability time	VCC = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	–	10	100	µs
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	VCC = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	–	15	–	µA

NOTE:
1. VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V, Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.13 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$t_{d(P-R)}$	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on(2)		1	–	2000	µs
$t_{d(R-S)}$	STOP exit time(3)		–	–	150	µs

NOTES:
1. The measurement condition is VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V and Topr = 25°C.
2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.
3. Time until system clock supply starts after the interrupt is acknowledged to exit stop mode.



CPHS, CPOS: Bits in SSMR register

Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Master)

Timing Requirements
(Unless Otherwise Specified: VCC = 5 V, VSS = 0 V at Topr = 25°C) [VCC = 5 V]

Table 5.18 XIN Input, XCIN Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	50	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input “H” width	25	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input “L” width	25	–	ns
$t_{c(XCIN)}$	XCIN input cycle time	14	–	µs
$t_{WH(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “H” width	7	–	µs
$t_{WL(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “L” width	7	–	µs

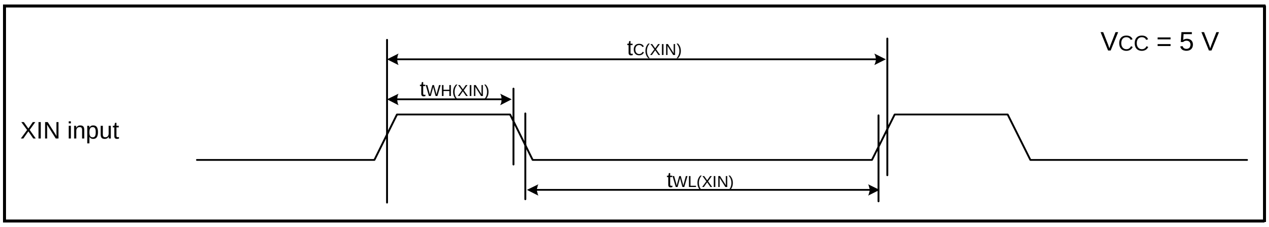


Figure 5.8 XIN Input and XCIN Input Timing Diagram when VCC = 5 V

Table 5.19 TRAIO Input, $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	40	–	ns

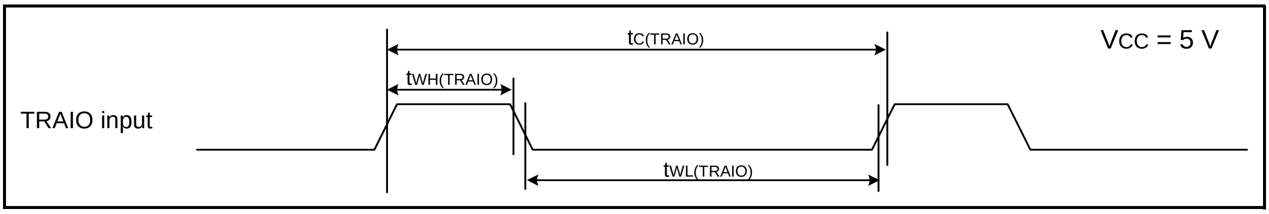


Figure 5.9 TRAIO Input and $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input Timing Diagram when VCC = 5 V

Table 5.20 TRFI Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRFI)}$	TRFI input cycle time	400(1)	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRFI)}$	TRFI input “H” width	200(2)	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRFI)}$	TRFI input “L” width	200(2)	–	ns

NOTES:
1. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the cycle time to (1/timer RF count source frequency × 3) or above.
2. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the pulse width to (1/timer RF count source frequency × 1.5) or above.

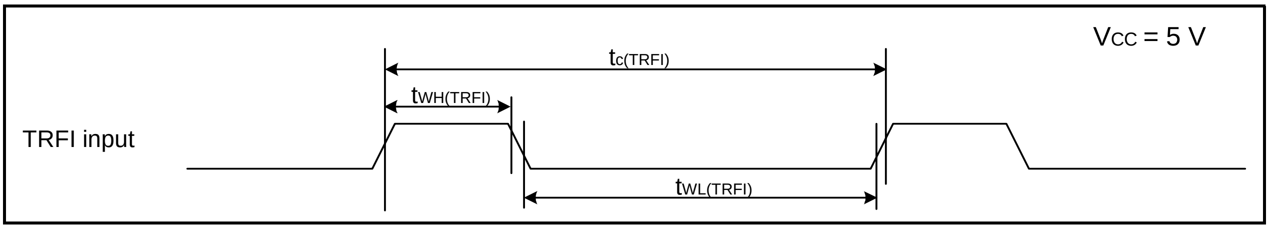


Figure 5.10 TRFI Input Timing Diagram when VCC = 5 V

Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (3) [V_{CC} = 3 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{OH}	Output “H” voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I_{OH} = -1 mA		V_{CC} – 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OH} = -5 mA	V_{CC} – 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OH} = -1 mA	V_{CC} – 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OH} = -0.1 mA	V_{CC} – 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OH} = -50 μA	V_{CC} – 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
V_{OL}	Output “L” voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I_{OL} = 1 mA		–	–	0.5	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OL} = 5 mA	–	–	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OL} = 1 mA	–	–	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OL} = 0.1 mA	–	–	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OL} = 50 μA	–	–	0.5	V
V_{T+}-V_{T-}	Hysteresis	$\overline{INT0}$, $\overline{INT1}$, $\overline{INT2}$, $\overline{INT3}$, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRFI, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.3	–	V
		$\overline{RESET}$			0.1	0.4	–	V
I_{IH}	Input “H” current		VI = 3 V		–	–	4.0	μA
I_{IL}	Input “L” current		VI = 0 V		–	–	-4.0	μA
R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V		66	160	500	kΩ
R_{fXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			–	3.0	–	MΩ
R_{fXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			–	18	–	MΩ
V_{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	–	–	V

NOTE:

1. V_{CC} =2.7 to 3.3 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.24 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc = 3 V]
(Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
ICC	Power supply current (VCC = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are VSS	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5.5	–	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2	–	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5.5	11	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.2	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	–	145	400	µA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz FMR47 = 1	–	145	400	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1	–	30	–	µA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	28	85	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	17	50	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	3.3	–	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	2.1	–	µA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	0.65	3.0	µA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	1.65	–	µA

Table 5.28 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{W(CKH)}$	CLKi input “H” width	150	–	ns
$t_{W(CKL)}$	CLKi Input “L” width	150	–	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	–	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	–	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	–	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	–	ns

i = 0 to 2

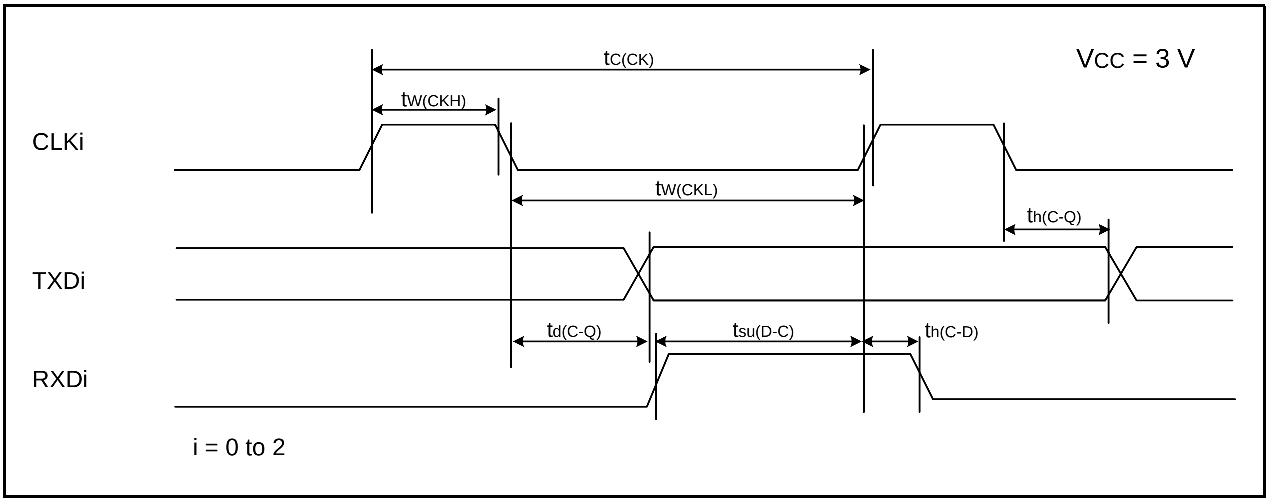


Figure 5.16 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when V_{CC} = 3 V

Table 5.29 External Interrupt $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ (i = 0, 2, 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{W(INH)}$	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$ input “H” width	380(1)	–	ns
$t_{W(INL)}$	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$ input “L” width	380(2)	–	ns

NOTES:
1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

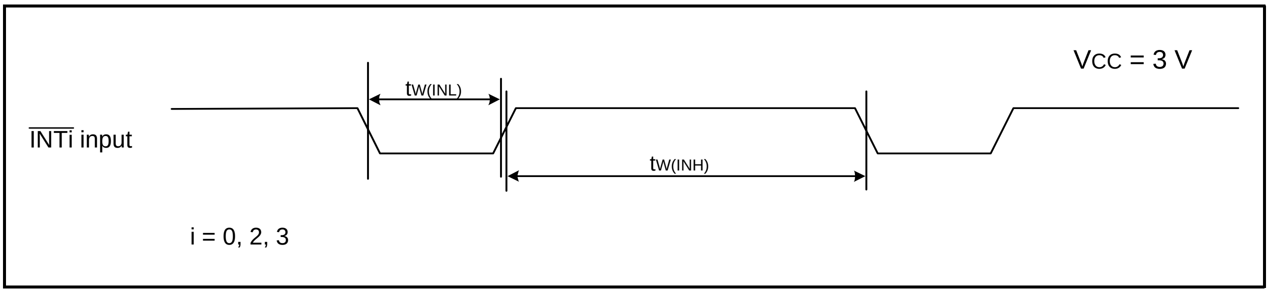


Figure 5.17 External Interrupt $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ Input Timing Diagram when V_{CC} = 3 V