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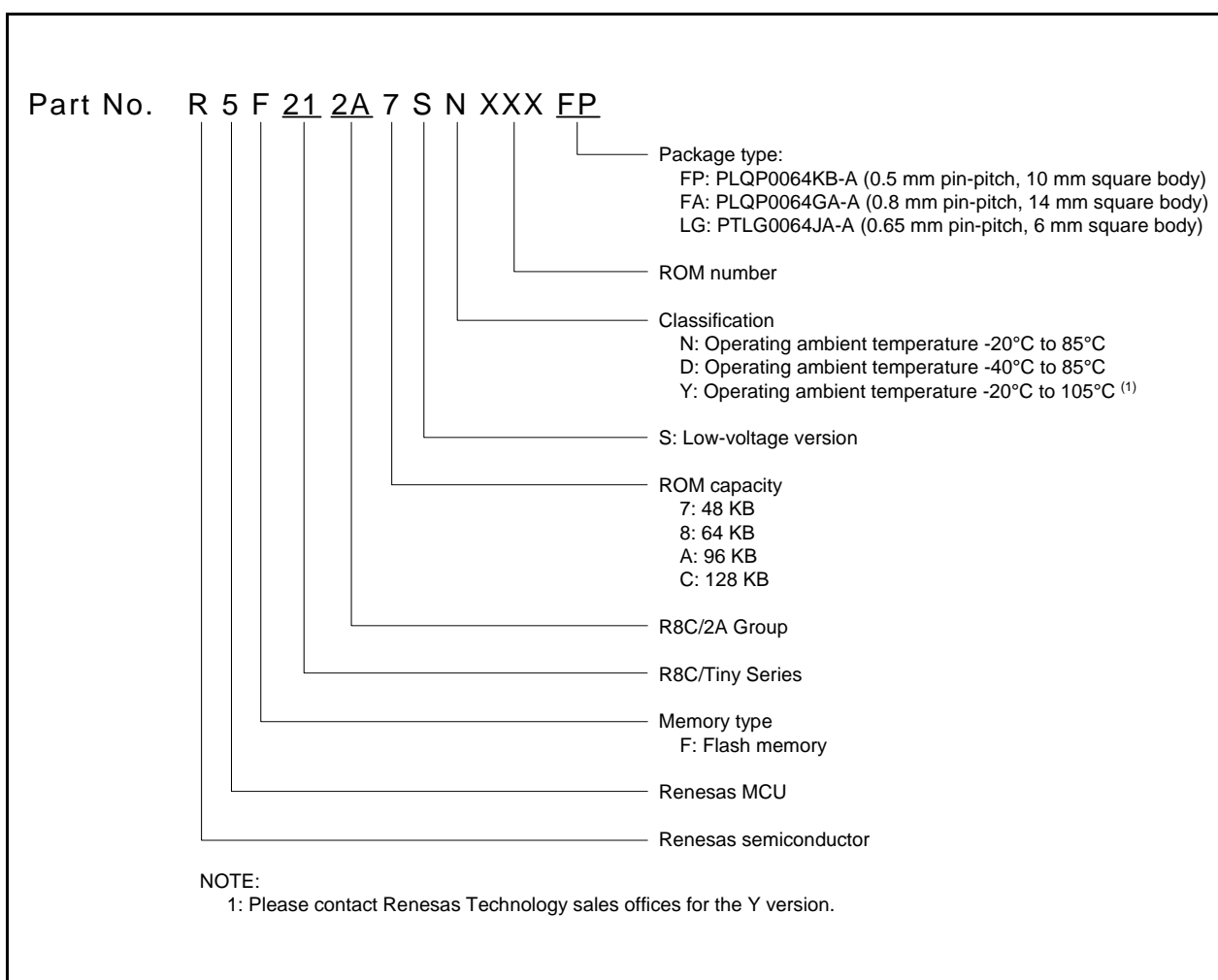
### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	55
Program Memory Size	96KB (96K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	7K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f212basnfa-v2">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f212basnfa-v2</a>



**Figure 1.1** Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2A Group

**Table 1.7 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (1)**

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for of Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	SSU	I <sup>2</sup> C bus	A/D Converter, D/A Converter
1		P3_3				SSI		
2		P3_4				SCS	SDA	
3	MODE							
4	XCIN	P4_3						
5	XCOUNT	P4_4						
6	RESET							
7	XOUT	P4_7						
8	VSS/AVSS							
9	XIN	P4_6						
10	VCC/AVCC							
11		P5_4		TRCIOD				
12		P5_3		TRCIOC				
13		P5_2		TRCIOB				
14		P5_1		TRCIOA/TRCTRIG				
15		P5_0		TRCCLK				
16		P2_7		TRDIOD1				
17		P2_6		TRDIOC1				
18		P2_5		TRDIOB1				
19		P2_4		TRDIOA1				
20		P2_3		TRDIOD0				
21		P2_2		TRDIOC0				
22		P2_1		TRDIOB0				
23		P2_0		TRDIOA0/TRDCLK				
24		P1_7	INT1	TRAIO				
25		P1_6			CLK0			
26		P1_5	(INT1) <sup>(1)</sup>	(TRAIO) <sup>(1)</sup>	RXD0			
27		P1_4			TXD0			
28		P8_6						
29		P8_5		TRFO12				
30		P8_4		TRFO11				
31		P8_3		TRFO10/TRFI				
32		P8_2		TRFO02				
33		P8_1		TRFO01				
34		P8_0		TRFO00				
35		P6_0		TREO				
36		P4_5	INT0	INT0				
37		P6_6	INT2		TXD1			
38		P6_7	INT3		RXD1			
39		P6_5			(CLK1) <sup>(1)</sup> / CLK2			
40		P6_4			RXD2			
41		P6_3			TXD2			
42		P3_1		TRBO				
43		P3_0		TRA0				
44		P3_6	(INT1) <sup>(1)</sup>					
45		P3_2	(INT2) <sup>(1)</sup>					

NOTE:

1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

**Table 1.8 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (2)**

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for of Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	SSU	I <sup>2</sup> C bus	A/D Converter, D/A Converter
46		P1_3	$\overline{\text{KI3}}$					AN11
47		P1_2	$\overline{\text{KI2}}$					AN10
48		P1_1	$\overline{\text{KI1}}$					AN9
49		P1_0	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$					AN8
50		P0_0						AN7
51		P0_1						AN6
52		P0_2						AN5
53		P0_3						AN4
54		P0_4						AN3
55		P6_2						
56		P6_1						
57		P0_5			CLK1			AN2
58		P0_6						AN1/DA0
59	VSS/AVSS							
60		P0_7						AN0/DA1
61	VREF							
62	VCC/AVCC							
63		P3_7				SSO		
64		P3_5				SSCK	SCL	

## 1.5 Pin Functions

Tables 1.9 and 1.10 list Pin Functions.

**Table 1.9 Pin Functions (1)**

Item	Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
Power supply input	VCC, VSS	–	Apply 2.2 V to 5.5 V to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog power supply input	AVCC, AVSS	–	Power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset input	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Input “L” on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN clock input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for XIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins <sup>(1)</sup> . To use an external clock, input it to the XIN pin and leave the XOUT pin open.
XIN clock output	XOUT	O	
XCIN clock input	XCIN	I	These pins are provided for XCIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a crystal oscillator between the XCIN and XCOU pins <sup>(1)</sup> . To use an external clock, input it to the XCIN pin and leave the XCOU pin open.
XCIN clock output	XCOU	O	
$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$ to $\overline{\text{INT3}}$	I	$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input pins. $\overline{\text{INT0}}$ is timer RD input pin. $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ is timer RA input pin.
Key input interrupt	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$ to $\overline{\text{KI3}}$	I	Key input interrupt input pins
Timer RA	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin
	TRA0	O	Timer RA output pin
Timer RB	TRBO	O	Timer RB output pin
Timer RC	TRCLK	I	External clock input pin
	TRCTR	I	External trigger input pin
	TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIO, TRCIOD	I/O	Timer RC I/O pins
Timer RD	TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC0, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1	I/O	Timer RD I/O pins
	TRDCLK	I	External clock input pin
Timer RE	TREO	O	Divided clock output pin
Timer RF	TRFI	I	Timer RF input pin
	TRFO00 to TRFO02, TRFO10 to TRFO12	O	Timer RF output pins
Serial interface	CLK0, CLK1, CLK2	I/O	Transfer clock I/O pins
	RXD0, RXD1, RXD2	I	Serial data input pins
	TXD0, TXD1, TXD2	O	Serial data output pins
I <sup>2</sup> C bus	SCL	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SDA	I/O	Data I/O pin
SSU	SSI	I/O	Data I/O pin
	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$	I/O	Chip-select signal I/O pin
	SSCK	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SSO	I/O	Data I/O pin
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter and D/A converter

I: Input      O: Output      I/O: Input and output

NOTE:

1. Refer to the oscillator manufacturer for oscillation characteristics.

## 2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2, and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3. R0 can be split into high-order bits (R0H) and low-order bits (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. R1H and R1L are analogous to R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 and used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). R3R1 is analogous to R2R0.

## 2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. It is also used for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. A1 is analogous to A0. A1 can be combined with A0 and as a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

## 2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

## 2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB is a 20-bit register that indicates the start address of an interrupt vector table.

## 2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC is 20 bits wide and indicates the address of the next instruction to be executed.

## 2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointers (SP), USP, and ISP, are each 16 bits wide. The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

## 2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

## 2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is an 11-bit register indicating the CPU state.

### 2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains carry, borrow, or shift-out bits that have been generated by the arithmetic and logic unit.

### 2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debugging only. Set it to 0.

### 2.8.3 Zero Flag (Z)

The Z flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in 0; otherwise to 0.

### 2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in a negative value; otherwise to 0.

### 2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

Register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is 0. Register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to 1.

### 2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to 1 when an operation results in an overflow; otherwise to 0.

## 4. Special Function Registers (SFRs)

An SFR (special function register) is a control register for a peripheral function. Tables 4.1 to 4.12 list the special function registers.

**Table 4.1 SFR Information (1)(1)**

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0000h			
0001h			
0002h			
0003h			
0004h	Processor Mode Register 0	PM0	00h
0005h	Processor Mode Register 1	PM1	00h
0006h	System Clock Control Register 0	CM0	01101000b
0007h	System Clock Control Register 1	CM1	00100000b
0008h	Module Operation Enable Register	MSTCR	00h
0009h			
000Ah	Protect Register	PRCR	00h
000Bh			
000Ch	Oscillation Stop Detection Register	OCD	00000100b
000Dh	Watchdog Timer Reset Register	WDTR	XXh
000Eh	Watchdog Timer Start Register	WDTS	XXh
000Fh	Watchdog Timer Control Register	WDC	00X11111b
0010h	Address Match Interrupt Register 0	RMAD0	00h
0011h			00h
0012h			00h
0013h	Address Match Interrupt Enable Register	AIER	00h
0014h	Address Match Interrupt Register 1	RMAD1	00h
0015h			00h
0016h			00h
0017h			
0018h			
0019h			
001Ah			
001Bh			
001Ch	Count Source Protection Mode Register	CSPR	00h 10000000b <sup>(6)</sup>
001Dh			
001Eh			
001Fh			
0020h			
0021h			
0022h			
0023h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 0	FRA0	00h
0024h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 1	FRA1	When shipping
0025h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 2	FRA2	00h
0026h			
0027h			
0028h	Clock Prescaler Reset Flag	CPSRF	00h
0029h			
002Ah			
002Bh	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6	FRA6	When Shipping
002Ch	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 7	FRA7	When Shipping
0030h			
0031h	Voltage Detection Register 1 <sup>(2)</sup>	VCA1	00001000b
0032h	Voltage Detection Register 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	VCA2	00h <sup>(3)</sup> 00100000b <sup>(4)</sup>
0033h			
0034h			
0035h			
0036h	Voltage Monitor 1 Circuit Control Register <sup>(5)</sup>	VW1C	00001000b
0037h	Voltage Monitor 2 Circuit Control Register <sup>(5)</sup>	VW2C	00h
0038h	Voltage Monitor 0 Circuit Control Register <sup>(2)</sup>	VW0C	0000X000b <sup>(3)</sup> 0100X001b <sup>(4)</sup>
0039h			
003Ah			
003Eh			
003Fh			

X: Undefined

**NOTES:**

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. Software reset, watchdog timer reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect this register.
3. The LVD0ON bit in the OFS register is set to 1 and hardware reset.
4. Power-on reset, voltage monitor 0 reset, or the LVD0ON bit in the OFS register is set to 0 and hardware reset.
5. Software reset, watchdog timer reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect b2 and b3.
6. The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is set to 0.

**Table 4.2 SFR Information (2)(1)**

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0040h			
0041h			
0042h			
0043h			
0044h			
0045h			
0046h			
0047h	Timer RC Interrupt Control Register	TRCIC	XXXXX000b
0048h	Timer RD0 Interrupt Control Register	TRD0IC	XXXXX000b
0049h	Timer RD1 Interrupt Control Register	TRD1IC	XXXXX000b
004Ah	Timer RE Interrupt Control Register	TREIC	XXXXX000b
004Bh	UART2 Transmit Interrupt Control Register	S2TIC	XXXXX000b
004Ch	UART2 Receive Interrupt Control Register	S2RIC	XXXXX000b
004Dh	Key Input Interrupt Control Register	KUPIC	XXXXX000b
004Eh			
004Fh	SSU/IIC Interrupt Control Register(2)	SSUIC / IICIC	XXXXX000b
0050h	Compare 1 Interrupt Control Register	CMP1IC	XXXXX000b
0051h	UART0 Transmit Interrupt Control Register	S0TIC	XXXXX000b
0052h	UART0 Receive Interrupt Control Register	S0RIC	XXXXX000b
0053h	UART1 Transmit Interrupt Control Register	S1TIC	XXXXX000b
0054h	UART1 Receive Interrupt Control Register	S1RIC	XXXXX000b
0055h	INT2 Interrupt Control Register	INT2IC	XX00X000b
0056h	Timer RA Interrupt Control Register	TRAIC	XXXXX000b
0057h			
0058h	Timer RB Interrupt Control Register	TRBIC	XXXXX000b
0059h	INT1 Interrupt Control Register	INT1IC	XX00X000b
005Ah	INT3 Interrupt Control Register	INT3IC	XX00X000b
005Bh	Timer RF Interrupt Control Register	TRFIC	XXXXX000b
005Ch	Compare 0 Interrupt Control Register	CMP0IC	XXXXX000b
005Dh	INT0 Interrupt Control Register	INT0IC	XX00X000b
005Eh	A/D Conversion Interrupt Control Register	ADIC	XXXXX000b
005Fh	Capture Interrupt Control Register	CAPIC	XXXXX000b
0060h			
0061h			
0062h			
0063h			
0064h			
0065h			
0066h			
0067h			
0068h			
0069h			
006Ah			
006Bh			
006Ch			
006Dh			
006Eh			
006Fh			
0070h			
0071h			
0072h			
0073h			
0074h			
0075h			
0076h			
0077h			
0078h			
0079h			
007Ah			
007Bh			
007Ch			
007Dh			
007Eh			
007Fh			

X: Undefined

## NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.



**Table 4.5 SFR Information (5)<sup>(1)</sup>**

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h	LIN Control Register 2	LINCR2	00h
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRE	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary Register	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Second Data Register / Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah	Timer RE Hour Data Register	TREHR	00h
011Bh	Timer RE Day of Week Data Register	TREWK	00h
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Clock Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh			
0120h	Timer RC Mode Register	TRCMR	01001000b
0121h	Timer RC Control Register 1	TRCCR1	00h
0122h	Timer RC Interrupt Enable Register	TRCIER	01110000b
0123h	Timer RC Status Register	TRCSR	01110000b
0124h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 0	TRCIOR0	10001000b
0125h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 1	TRCIOR1	10001000b
0126h	Timer RC Counter	TRC	00h
0127h			00h
0128h	Timer RC General Register A	TRCGRA	FFh
0129h			FFh
012Ah	Timer RC General Register B	TRCGRB	FFh
012Bh			FFh
012Ch	Timer RC General Register C	TRCGRC	FFh
012Dh			FFh
012Eh	Timer RC General Register D	TRCGRD	FFh
012Fh			FFh
0130h	Timer RC Control Register 2	TRCCR2	00011111b
0131h	Timer RC Digital Filter Function Select Register	TRCDF	00h
0132h	Timer RC Output Master Enable Register	TRCOER	01111111b
0133h			
0134h			
0135h			
0136h			
0137h	Timer RD Start Register	TRDSTR	11111100b
0138h	Timer RD Mode Register	TRDMR	00001110b
0139h	Timer RD PWM Mode Register	TRDPMR	10001000b
013Ah	Timer RD Function Control Register	TRDFCR	10000000b
013Bh	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1	TRDOER1	FFh
013Ch	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2	TRDOER2	01111111b
013Dh	Timer RD Output Control Register	TRDOCR	00h
013Eh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 0	TRDDF0	00h
013Fh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 1	TRDDF1	00h

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions

**Table 4.12 SFR Information (12)(1)**

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
02C0h	A/D Register 0	AD0	XXh
02C1h			XXh
02C2h			
02C3h			
02C4h			
02C5h			
02C6h			
02C7h			
02C8h			
02C9h			
02CAh			
02CBh			
02CCh			
02CDh			
02CEh			
02CFh			
02D0h			
02D1h			
02D2h	A/D Control Register 2	ADCON2	00001000b
02D3h			
02D4h	A/D Control Register 0	ADCON0	00000011b
02D5h			
02D6h	A/D Control Register 1	ADCON1	00h
02D7h			
02D8h			
02D9h			
02DAh			
02DBh			
02DCh			
02DDh			
02DEh			
02DFh			
02E0h			
02E1h			
02E2h			
02E3h			
02E4h	Port P8 Direction Register	PD8	00h
02E5h	Port P8 Register	P8	XXh
02E6h			
02E7h			
02E8h			
02E9h			
02EAh			
02EBh			
02ECh			
02EDh			
02EEh			
02EFh			
02F0h			
02F1h			
02F2h			
02F3h			
02F4h			
02F5h			
02F6h			
02F7h			
02F8h			
02F9h			
02FAh			
02FBh			
02FCh	Pull-Up Control Register 2	PUR2	XXX00000b
02FDh			
02FEh			
02FFh	Timer RF Output Control Register	TRFOUT	00h
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 2)

X: Undefined

## NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. The OFS register cannot be changed by a program. Use a flash programmer to write to it.

## 5. Electrical Characteristics

The electrical characteristics of N version ( $T_{opr} = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) and D version ( $T_{opr} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) are listed below.

Please contact Renesas Technology sales offices for the electrical characteristics in the Y version ( $T_{opr} = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $105^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).

**Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
$V_{CC}/AV_{CC}$	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
$V_I$	Input voltage		-0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
$V_O$	Output voltage		-0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
$P_d$	Power dissipation	$T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	700	mW
$T_{opr}$	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 (N version) / -40 to 85 (D version)	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Table 5.3 A/D Converter Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		$V_{ref} = AVCC$	—	—	10	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AVCC = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 3$	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AVCC = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AVCC = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 5$	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AVCC = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 5 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AVCC = 2.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 5$	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 5 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AVCC = 2.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSB
$R_{ladder}$	Resistor ladder		$V_{ref} = AVCC$	10	—	40	$k\Omega$
$t_{conv}$	Conversion time	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AVCC = 5.0 \text{ V}$	3.3	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AVCC = 5.0 \text{ V}$	2.8	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
$V_{ref}$	Reference voltage			2.2	—	$AVCC$	V
$V_{IA}$	Analog input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>			0	—	$AVCC$	V
—	A/D operating clock frequency	Without sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AVCC = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25	—	10	MHz
		With sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AVCC = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1	—	10	MHz
		Without sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AVCC = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25	—	5	MHz
		With sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AVCC = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1	—	5	MHz

## NOTES:

- $V_{CC}/AVCC = V_{ref} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$  at  $T_{opr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$  (N version) /  $-40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$  (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

**Table 5.4 D/A Converter Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution			—	—	8	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy			—	—	1.0	%
$t_{su}$	Setup time			—	—	3	$\mu\text{s}$
$R_o$	Output resistor			4	10	20	$k\Omega$
$I_{Vref}$	Reference power input current		(NOTE 2)	—	—	1.5	mA

## NOTES:

- $V_{CC}/AVCC = V_{ref} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$  at  $T_{opr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$  (N version) /  $-40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$  (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- This applies when one D/A converter is used and the value of the DAI register ( $i = 0 \text{ or } 1$ ) for the unused D/A converter is 00h. The resistor ladder of the A/D converter is not included. Also, even if the VCUT bit in the ADCON1 register is set to 0 ( $V_{REF}$  not connected),  $I_{Vref}$  flows into the D/A converters.

**Table 5.5 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Program/erase endurance <sup>(2)</sup>	R8C/2A Group	100 <sup>(3)</sup>	–	–	times
		R8C/2B Group	1,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	–	–	times
–	Byte program time		–	50	400	μs
–	Block erase time		–	0.4	9	s
t <sub>d</sub> (SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		–	–	97+CPU clock × 6 cycles	μs
–	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	–	–	μs
–	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	–	–	ns
–	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		–	–	3+CPU clock × 4 cycles	μs
–	Program, erase voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Read voltage		2.2	–	5.5	V
–	Program, erase temperature		0	–	60	°C
–	Data hold time <sup>(7)</sup>	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	–	–	year

**NOTES:**

1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 5.5 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = 0 to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance  
The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.  
If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.  
However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erase count of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

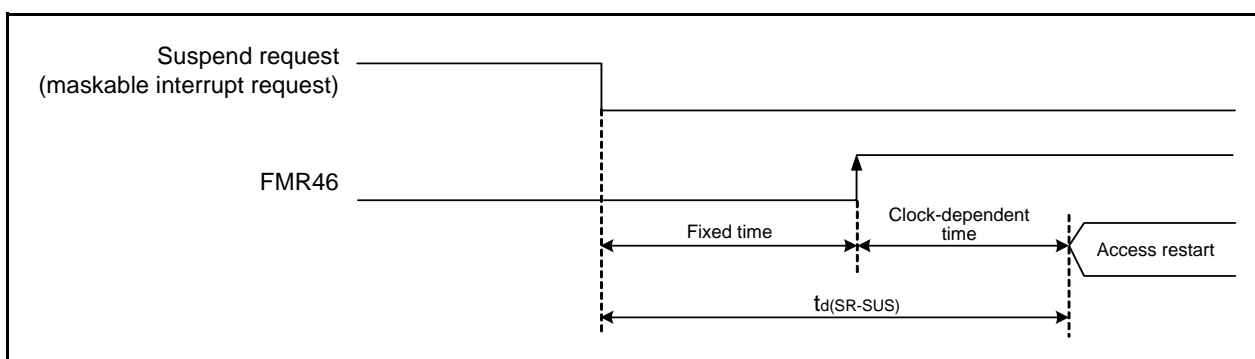


Figure 5.2 Time delay until Suspend

Table 5.7 Voltage Detection 0 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>det0</sub>	Voltage detection level		2.2	2.3	2.4	V
—	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA25 = 1, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V	—	0.9	—	μA
t <sub>d(E-A)</sub>	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts <sup>(2)</sup>		—	—	300	μs
V <sub>ccmin</sub>	MCU operating voltage minimum value		2.2	—	—	V

## NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.8 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>det1</sub>	Voltage detection level		2.70	2.85	3.00	V
—	Voltage monitor 1 interrupt request generation time <sup>(2)</sup>		—	40	—	μs
—	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V	—	0.6	—	μA
t <sub>d(E-A)</sub>	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts <sup>(3)</sup>		—	—	100	μs

## NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Time until the voltage monitor 1 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes V<sub>det1</sub>.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.9 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>det2</sub>	Voltage detection level		3.3	3.6	3.9	V
—	Voltage monitor 2 interrupt request generation time <sup>(2)</sup>		—	40	—	μs
—	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V	—	0.6	—	μA
t <sub>d(E-A)</sub>	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts <sup>(3)</sup>		—	—	100	μs

## NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Time until the voltage monitor 2 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes V<sub>det2</sub>.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates after setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

**Table 5.11 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO40M	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature • supply voltage dependence	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C <sup>(2)</sup>	39.2	40	40.8	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V -40°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C <sup>(2)</sup>	39.0	40	41.0	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C <sup>(3)</sup>	35.2	40	44.8	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 5.5 V -40°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C <sup>(3)</sup>	34.0	40	46.0	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when correction value in FRA7 register is written to FRA1 register	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C	—	36.864	—	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C	-3%	—	3%	%
—	Value in FRA1 register after reset		08h	—	F7h	—
—	Oscillation frequency adjustment unit of high-speed on-chip oscillator	Adjust FRA1 register (value after reset) to -1	—	+0.3	—	MHz
—	Oscillation stability time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C	—	10	100	μs
—	Self power consumption at oscillation	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C	—	550	—	μA

## NOTES:

1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V, T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. These standard values show when the FRA1 register value after reset is assumed.
3. These standard values show when the correction value in the FRA6 register is written to the FRA1 register.

**Table 5.12 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		30	125	250	kHz
—	Oscillation stability time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C	—	10	100	μs
—	Self power consumption at oscillation	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C	—	15	—	μA

## NOTE:

1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V, T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

**Table 5.13 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t <sub>d</sub> (P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on <sup>(2)</sup>		1	—	2000	μs
t <sub>d</sub> (R-S)	STOP exit time <sup>(3)</sup>		—	—	150	μs

## NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = 25°C.
2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.
3. Time until system clock supply starts after the interrupt is acknowledged to exit stop mode.

**Table 5.14 Timing Requirements of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
tsucyc	SSCK clock cycle time			4	—	—	tcyc <sup>(2)</sup>
tHI	SSCK clock "H" width			0.4	—	0.6	tsucyc
tLO	SSCK clock "L" width			0.4	—	0.6	tsucyc
tRISE	SSCK clock rising time	Master		—	—	1	tcyc <sup>(2)</sup>
		Slave		—	—	1	μs
tFALL	SSCK clock falling time	Master		—	—	1	tcyc <sup>(2)</sup>
		Slave		—	—	1	μs
tsu	SSO, SSI data input setup time			100	—	—	ns
tH	SSO, SSI data input hold time			1	—	—	tcyc <sup>(2)</sup>
tLEAD	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$ setup time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	—	—	ns
tLAG	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$ hold time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	—	—	ns
tOD	SSO, SSI data output delay time			—	—	1	tcyc <sup>(2)</sup>
tsa	SSI slave access time		2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
			2.2 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	—	—	1.5tcyc + 200	ns
tor	SSI slave out open time		2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
			2.2 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	—	—	1.5tcyc + 200	ns

## NOTES:

1. Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1tcyc = 1/f<sub>1</sub>(s)



**Table 5.16 Electrical Characteristics (1) [V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V]**

Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output "H" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I <sub>OH</sub> = -5 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
			I <sub>OH</sub> = -200 $\mu$ A	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH I <sub>OH</sub> = -20 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
			Drive capacity LOW I <sub>OH</sub> = -5 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
			Drive capacity LOW I <sub>OH</sub> = -500 $\mu$ A	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output "L" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I <sub>OL</sub> = 5 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 200 $\mu$ A	—	—	0.45	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW I <sub>OL</sub> = 5 mA	—	—	2.0	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW I <sub>OL</sub> = 500 $\mu$ A	—	—	2.0	V
V <sub>T+</sub> -V <sub>T-</sub>	Hysteresis	$\overline{\text{INT0}}, \overline{\text{INT1}}, \overline{\text{INT2}}, \overline{\text{INT3}}, \text{KI0}, \text{KI1}, \text{KI2}, \text{KI3}, \text{TRAIO}, \text{TRFI}, \text{RXD0}, \text{RXD1}, \text{CLK0}, \text{CLK1}, \text{CLK2}, \text{SSI}, \text{SCL}, \text{SDA}, \text{SSO}$		0.1	0.5	—	V
		$\overline{\text{RESET}}$		0.1	1.0	—	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input "H" current		V <sub>I</sub> = 5 V	—	—	5.0	$\mu$ A
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input "L" current		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V	—	—	-5.0	$\mu$ A
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Pull-up resistance		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V	30	50	167	k $\Omega$
R <sub>FXIN</sub>	Feedback resistance	XIN		—	1.0	—	M $\Omega$
R <sub>FXCIN</sub>	Feedback resistance	XCIN		—	18	—	M $\Omega$
V <sub>RAM</sub>	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode	1.8	—	—	V

## NOTE:

- V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.2 to 5.5 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

**Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (3) [V<sub>CC</sub> = 3 V]**

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output "H" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA		V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I <sub>OH</sub> = -5 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I <sub>OH</sub> = -50 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output "L" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA		—	—	0.5	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I <sub>OL</sub> = 5 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA	—	—	0.5	V
V <sub>T+</sub> -V <sub>T-</sub>	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRFI, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.3	—	V
		RESET			0.1	0.4	—	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input "H" current		V <sub>I</sub> = 3 V		—	—	4.0	μA
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input "L" current		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V		—	—	-4.0	μA
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Pull-up resistance		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V		66	160	500	kΩ
R <sub>FXIN</sub>	Feedback resistance	XIN			—	3.0	—	MΩ
R <sub>FXCIN</sub>	Feedback resistance	XCIN			—	18	—	MΩ
V <sub>RAM</sub>	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	—	—	V

## NOTE:

- V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 3.3 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

**Table 5.31 Electrical Characteristics (6) [Vcc = 2.2 V]  
(T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply current (V <sub>cc</sub> = 2.2 to 2.7 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V <sub>ss</sub>	High-speed clock mode	—	2.5	—	mA
				1		
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	4	—	mA
				1.7		
		Low-speed on- chip oscillator mode	—	110	300	μA
				125	350	
		Low-speed clock mode	—	27	—	μA
				2.8		
		Wait mode	—	20	60	μA
				12	40	
				1.9	—	
				1.60	—	
		Stop mode	—	0.6	3.0	μA
				1.60	—	

REVISION HISTORY	R8C/2A Group, R8C/2B Group Datasheet
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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
2.00	Oct 17, 2007	33	Table 5.1; Pd: Rated Value "TBD" → "700" revised, "NOTE1" added
		59	Package Dimensions "PTLG0064JA-A (64F0G) package" added
2.10	Nov 26, 2007	2, 4	Table 1.1, Table 1.3 Clock: "Real-time clock (timer RE)" added
		6, 7	Table 1.5 and Figure 1.1 revised
		8, 9	Table 1.6 and Figure 1.2 revised
		20, 21	Figure 3.1 and Figure 3.2 revised
		22	Table 4.1 002Ch: High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 7 added
		35	Table 5.2 NOTE2 revised
		41	Table 5.11 revised

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