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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	55
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	7.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f212bcsnfa-x6

1.1.2 Specifications

Tables 1.1 and 1.2 outlines the Specifications for R8C/2A Group and Tables 1.3 and 1.4 outlines the Specifications for R8C/2B Group.

Table 1.1 Specifications for R8C/2A Group (1)

Item	Function	Specification
CPU	Central processing unit	R8C/Tiny series core • Number of fundamental instructions: 89 • Minimum instruction execution time: 50 ns ($f(XIN) = 20$ MHz, $VCC = 3.0$ to 5.5 V) 100 ns ($f(XIN) = 10$ MHz, $VCC = 2.7$ to 5.5 V) 200 ns ($f(XIN) = 5$ MHz, $VCC = 2.2$ to 5.5 V) • Multiplier: 16 bits $\times$ 16 bits $\rightarrow$ 32 bits • Multiply-accumulate instruction: 16 bits $\times$ 16 bits + 32 bits $\rightarrow$ 32 bits • Operation mode: Single-chip mode (address space: 1 Mbyte)
Memory	ROM, RAM	Refer to Table 1.5 Product List for R8C/2A Group .
Power Supply Voltage Detection	Voltage detection circuit	• Power-on reset • Voltage detection 2
I/O Ports	Programmable I/O ports	• Input-only: 2 pins • CMOS I/O ports: 55, selectable pull-up resistor • High current drive ports: 8
Clock	Clock generation circuits	3 circuits: XIN clock oscillation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor), On-chip oscillator (high-speed, low-speed) (high-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function), XCIN clock oscillation circuit (32 kHz) • Oscillation stop detection: XIN clock oscillation stop detection function • Frequency divider circuit: Dividing selectable 1, 2, 4, 8, and 16 • Low power consumption modes: - Standard operating mode (high-speed clock, low-speed clock, high-speed on-chip oscillator, low-speed on-chip oscillator), wait mode, stop mode
		Real-time clock (timer RE)
Interrupts		• External: 5 sources, Internal: 23 sources, Software: 4 sources • Priority levels: 7 levels
Watchdog Timer		15 bits $\times$ 1 (with prescaler), reset start selectable
Timer	Timer RA	8 bits $\times$ 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), pulse output mode (output level inverted every period), event counter mode, pulse width measurement mode, pulse period measurement mode
	Timer RB	8 bits $\times$ 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), programmable waveform generation mode (PWM output), programmable one-shot generation mode, programmable wait one-shot generation mode
	Timer RC	16 bits $\times$ 1 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 3 pins), PWM2 mode (PWM output pin)
	Timer RD	16 bits $\times$ 2 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 6 pins), reset synchronous PWM mode (output three-phase waveforms (6 pins), sawtooth wave modulation), complementary PWM mode (output three-phase waveforms (6 pins), triangular wave modulation), PWM3 mode (PWM output 2 pins with fixed period)
	Timer RE	8 bits $\times$ 1 Real-time clock mode (count seconds, minutes, hours, days of week), output compare mode
	Timer RF	16 bits $\times$ 1 (with capture/compare register pin and compare register pin) Input capture mode, output compare mode

Table 1.3 Specifications for R8C/2B Group (1)

Item	Function	Specification
CPU	Central processing unit	R8C/Tiny series core • Number of fundamental instructions: 89 • Minimum instruction execution time: 50 ns ($f(XIN) = 20$ MHz, $VCC = 3.0$ to 5.5 V) 100 ns ($f(XIN) = 10$ MHz, $VCC = 2.7$ to 5.5 V) 200 ns ($f(XIN) = 5$ MHz, $VCC = 2.2$ to 5.5 V) • Multiplier: 16 bits $\times$ 16 bits $\rightarrow$ 32 bits • Multiply-accumulate instruction: 16 bits $\times$ 16 bits + 32 bits $\rightarrow$ 32 bits • Operation mode: Single-chip mode (address space: 1 Mbyte)
Memory	ROM, RAM	Refer to Table 1.6 Product List for R8C/2B Group .
Power Supply Voltage Detection	Voltage detection circuit	• Power-on reset • Voltage detection 2
I/O Ports	Programmable I/O ports	• Input-only: 2 pins • CMOS I/O ports: 55, selectable pull-up resistor • High current drive ports: 8
Clock	Clock generation circuits	3 circuits: XIN clock oscillation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor), On-chip oscillator (high-speed, low-speed) (high-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function), XCIN clock oscillation circuit (32 kHz) • Oscillation stop detection: XIN clock oscillation stop detection function • Frequency divider circuit: Dividing selectable 1, 2, 4, 8, and 16 • Low power consumption modes: - Standard operating mode (high-speed clock, low-speed clock, high-speed on-chip oscillator, low-speed on-chip oscillator), wait mode, stop mode
		Real-time clock (timer RE)
Interrupts		• External: 5 sources, Internal: 23 sources, Software: 4 sources • Priority levels: 7 levels
Watchdog Timer		15 bits $\times$ 1 (with prescaler), reset start selectable
Timer	Timer RA	8 bits $\times$ 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), pulse output mode (output level inverted every period), event counter mode, pulse width measurement mode, pulse period measurement mode
	Timer RB	8 bits $\times$ 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), programmable waveform generation mode (PWM output), programmable one-shot generation mode, programmable wait one-shot generation mode
	Timer RC	16 bits $\times$ 1 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 3 pins), PWM2 mode (PWM output pin)
	Timer RD	16 bits $\times$ 2 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 6 pins), reset synchronous PWM mode (output three-phase waveforms (6 pins), sawtooth wave modulation), complementary PWM mode (output three-phase waveforms (6 pins), triangular wave modulation), PWM3 mode (PWM output 2 pins with fixed period)
	Timer RE	8 bits $\times$ 1 Real-time clock mode (count seconds, minutes, hours, days of week), output compare mode
	Timer RF	16 bits $\times$ 1 (with capture/compare register pin and compare register pin) Input capture mode, output compare mode

Table 1.4 Specifications for R8C/2B Group (2)

Item	Function	Specification
Serial Interface	UART0, UART1, UART2	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART × 3
Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (SSU)		1 (shared with I ² C-bus)
I ² C bus ⁽¹⁾		1 (shared with SSU)
LIN Module		Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0)
A/D Converter		10-bit resolution × 12 channels, includes sample and hold function
D/A Converter		8-bit resolution × 2 circuits
Flash Memory		• Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V • Programming and erasure endurance: 10,000 times (data flash) 1,000 times (program ROM) • Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check • Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		f(XIN) = 20 MHz (VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 10 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 5 MHz (VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V)
Current consumption		12 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) 5.5 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) 2.1 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)) 0.65 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version) ⁽²⁾ -20 to 105°C (Y version) ⁽³⁾
Package		64-pin LQFP • Package code: PLQP0064KB-A (previous code: 64P6Q-A) • Package code: PLQP0064GA-A (previous code: 64P6U-A) 64-pin FLGA • Package code: PTLG0064JA-A (previous code: 64F0G)

NOTES:

1. I²C bus is a trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N. V.
2. Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.
3. Please contact Renesas Technology sales offices for the Y version.

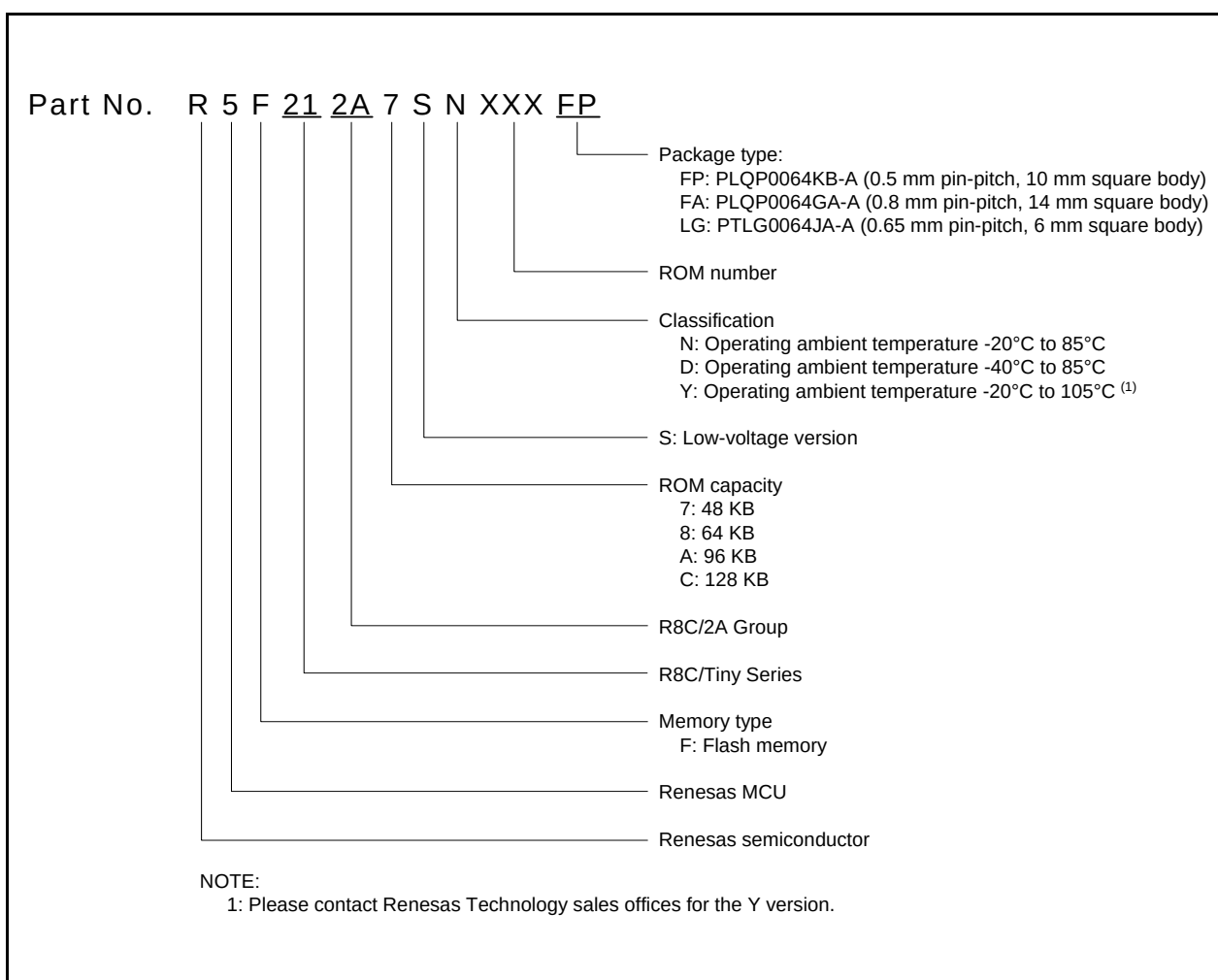


Figure 1.1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2A Group

Table 1.6 Product List for R8C/2B Group

Current of Nov. 2007

Part No.	ROM Capacity		RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks	
	Program ROM	Data flash				
R5F212B7SNFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	N version	
R5F212B7SNFA	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B7SNLG	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212B8SNFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212B8SNFA	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B8SNLG	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212BASNFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BASNFA	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BASNLG	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212BCSNFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BCSNFA	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BCSNLG	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212B7SDFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	D version	
R5F212B7SDFA	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B8SDFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212B8SDFA	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BASDFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BASDFA	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BCSDFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BCSDFA	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B7SNXXXFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	N version	Factory programming product ⁽¹⁾
R5F212B7SNXXXFA	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B7SNXXXLG	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212B8SNXXXFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212B8SNXXXFA	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B8SNXXXLG	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212BASNXXXFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BASNXXXFA	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BASNXXXLG	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212BCSNXXXFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BCSNXXXFA	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BCSNXXXLG	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PTLG0064JA-A		
R5F212B7SDXXXFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A	D version	
R5F212B7SDXXXFA	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212B8SDXXXFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212B8SDXXXFA	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BASDXXXFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BASDXXXFA	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		
R5F212BCSDXXXFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064KB-A		
R5F212BCSDXXXFA	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0064GA-A		

NOTE:

1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.3 shows a Block Diagram.

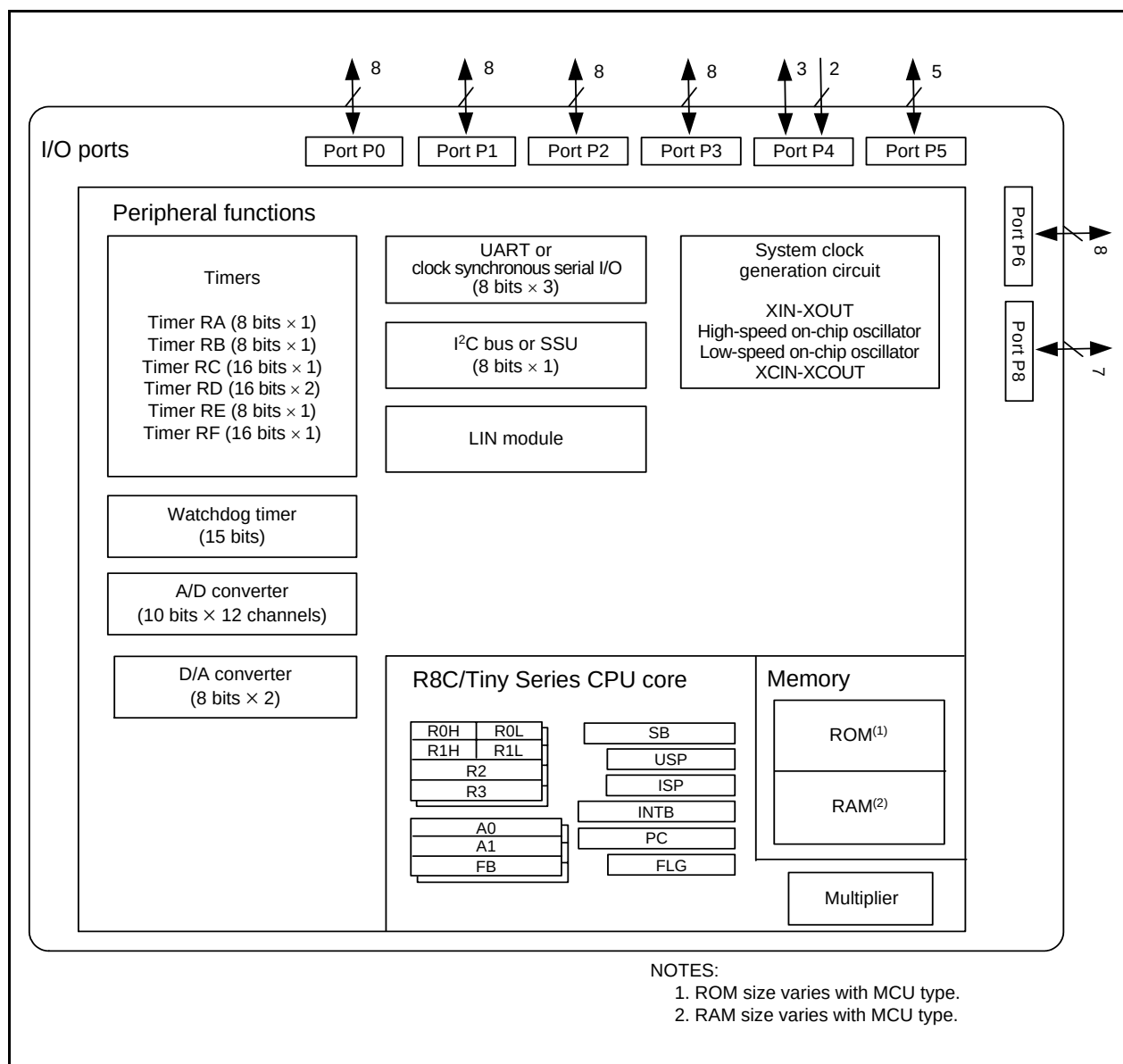


Figure 1.3 Block Diagram

1.4 Pin Assignment

Figure 1.4 shows 64-pin LQFP Package Pin Assignment (Top View). Figure 1.5 shows 64-pin FLGA Package Pin Assignment (Top Perspective View). Tables 1.7 and 1.8 outlines the Pin Name Information by Pin Number.

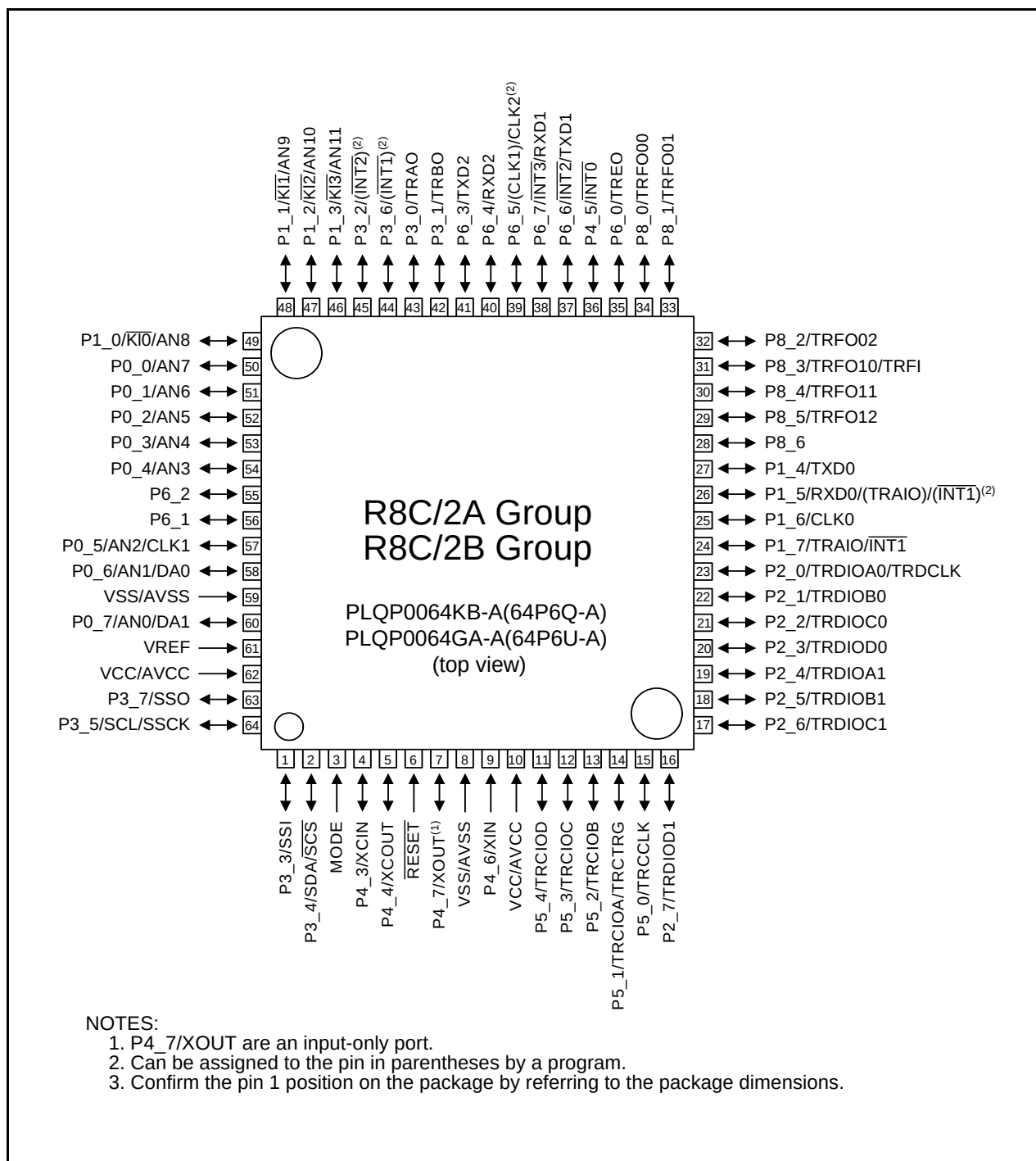


Figure 1.4 64-pin LQFP Package Pin Assignment (Top View)

3.2 R8C/2B Group

Figure 3.2 is a Memory Map of R8C/2B Group. The R8C/2B group has 1 Mbyte of address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh.

The internal ROM (program ROM) is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 48-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 04000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal ROM (data flash) is allocated addresses 02400h to 02BFFh.

The internal RAM area is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 2.5-Kbyte internal RAM is allocated addresses 00400h to 00DFFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.

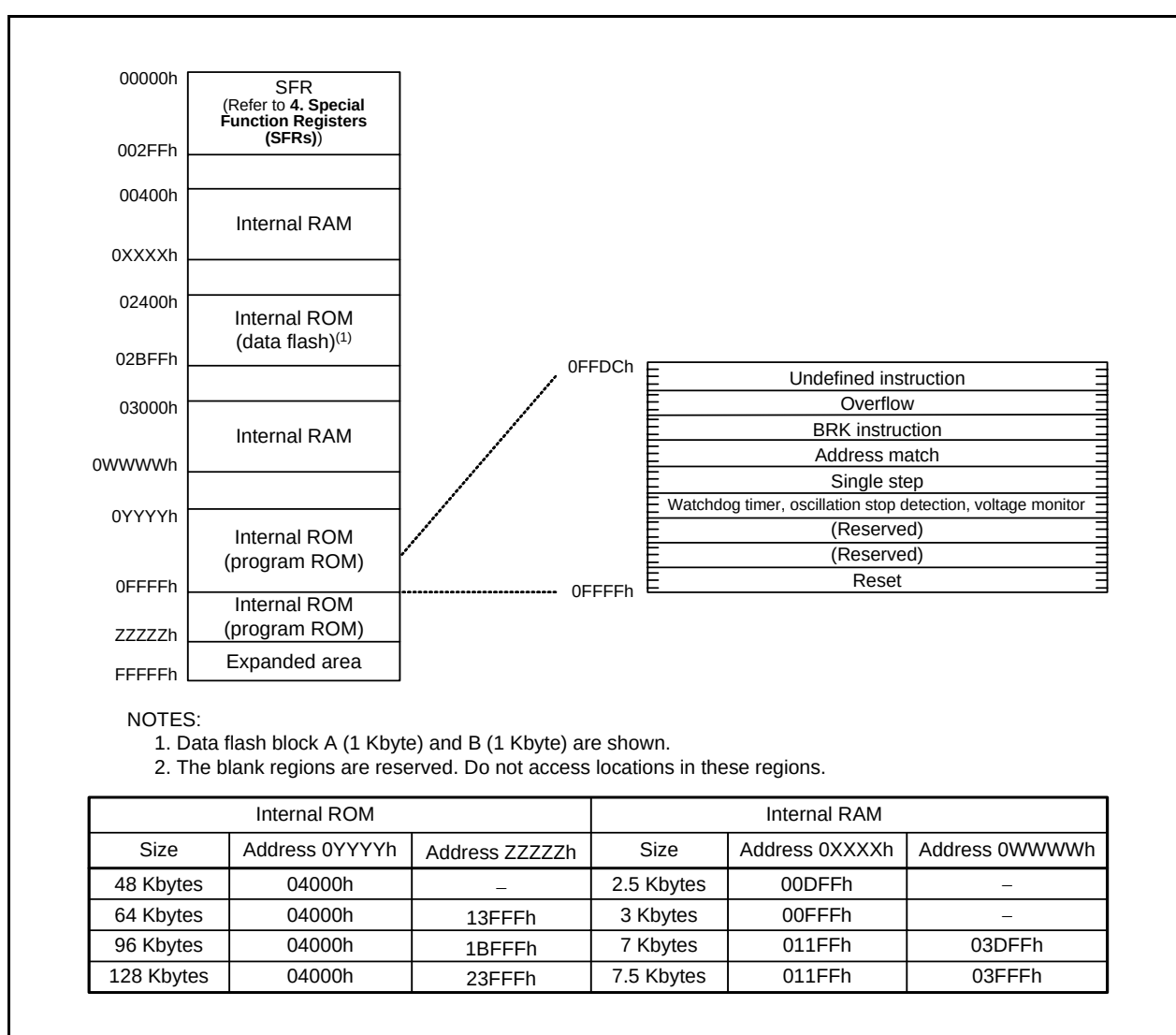


Figure 3.2 Memory Map of R8C/2B Group

Table 4.3 SFR Information (3)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0080h			
0081h			
0082h			
0083h			
0084h			
0085h			
0086h			
0087h			
0088h			
0089h			
008Ah			
008Bh			
008Ch			
008Dh			
008Eh			
008Fh			
0090h			
0091h			
0092h			
0093h			
0094h			
0095h			
0096h			
0097h			
0098h			
0099h			
009Ah			
009Bh			
009Ch			
009Dh			
009Eh			
009Fh			
00A0h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U0MR	00h
00A1h	UART0 Bit Rate Register	U0BRG	XXh
00A2h	UART0 Transmit Buffer Register	U0TB	XXh
00A3h			XXh
00A4h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U0C0	00001000b
00A5h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U0C1	00000010b
00A6h	UART0 Receive Buffer Register	U0RB	XXh
00A7h			XXh
00A8h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
00A9h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
00AAh	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
00ABh			XXh
00ACh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
00ADh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
00AEh	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
00AFh			XXh
00B0h			
00B1h			
00B2h			
00B3h			
00B4h			
00B5h			
00B6h			
00B7h			
00B8h	SS Control Register H / IIC bus Control Register 1 ⁽²⁾	SSCRH / ICCR1	00h
00B9h	SS Control Register L / IIC bus Control Register 2 ⁽²⁾	SSCRL / ICCR2	01111101b
00BAh	SS Mode Register / IIC bus Mode Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR / ICMR	00011000b
00BBh	SS Enable Register / IIC bus Interrupt Enable Register ⁽²⁾	SSER / ICIER	00h
00BCh	SS Status Register / IIC bus Status Register ⁽²⁾	SSSR / ICSR	00h / 0000X000b
00BDh	SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR2 / SAR	00h
00BEh	SS Transmit Data Register / IIC bus Transmit Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSTDR / ICDRT	FFh
00BFh	SS Receive Data Register / IIC bus Receive Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSRDR / ICDRR	FFh

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.

Table 4.9 SFR Information (9)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0200h			
0201h			
0202h			
0203h			
0204h			
0205h			
0206h			
0207h			
0208h			
0209h			
020Ah			
020Bh			
020Ch			
020Dh			
020Eh			
020Fh			
0210h			
0211h			
0212h			
0213h			
0214h			
0215h			
0216h			
0217h			
0218h			
0219h			
021Ah			
021Bh			
021Ch			
021Dh			
021Eh			
021Fh			
0220h			
0221h			
0222h			
0223h			
0224h			
0225h			
0226h			
0227h			
0228h			
0229h			
022Ah			
022Bh			
022Ch			
022Dh			
022Eh			
022Fh			
0230h			
0231h			
0232h			
0233h			
0234h			
0235h			
0236h			
0237h			
0238h			
0239h			
023Ah			
023Bh			
023Ch			
023Dh			
023Eh			
023Fh			

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.10 SFR Information (10)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0240h			
0241h			
0242h			
0243h			
0244h			
0245h			
0246h			
0247h			
0248h			
0249h			
024Ah			
024Bh			
024Ch			
024Dh			
024Eh			
024Fh			
0250h			
0251h			
0252h			
0253h			
0254h			
0255h			
0256h			
0257h			
0258h			
0259h			
025Ah			
025Bh			
025Ch			
025Dh			
025Eh			
025Fh			
0260h			
0261h			
0262h			
0263h			
0264h			
0265h			
0266h			
0267h			
0268h			
0269h			
026Ah			
026Bh			
026Ch			
026Dh			
026Eh			
026Fh			
0270h			
0271h			
0272h			
0273h			
0274h			
0275h			
0276h			
0277h			
0278h			
0279h			
027Ah			
027Bh			
027Ch			
027Dh			
027Eh			
027Fh			

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 5.10 Power-on Reset Circuit, Voltage Monitor 0 Reset Electrical Characteristics⁽³⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{por1}	Power-on reset valid voltage ⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.1	V
V _{por2}	Power-on reset or voltage monitor 0 reset valid voltage		0	–	V _{det0}	V
tr _{th}	External power V _{CC} rise gradient ⁽²⁾		20	–	–	mV/msec

NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This condition (external power V_{CC} rise gradient) does not apply if V_{CC} ≥ 1.0 V.
3. To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 0 reset by setting the LVD0ON bit in the OFS register to 0, the VW0C0 and VW0C6 bits in the VW0C register to 1 respectively, and the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 1.
4. t_{w(por1)} indicates the duration the external power V_{CC} must be held below the effective voltage (V_{por1}) to enable a power on reset. When turning on the power for the first time, maintain t_{w(por1)} for 30 s or more if -20°C ≤ T_{opr} ≤ 85°C, maintain t_{w(por1)} for 3,000 s or more if -40°C ≤ T_{opr} < -20°C.

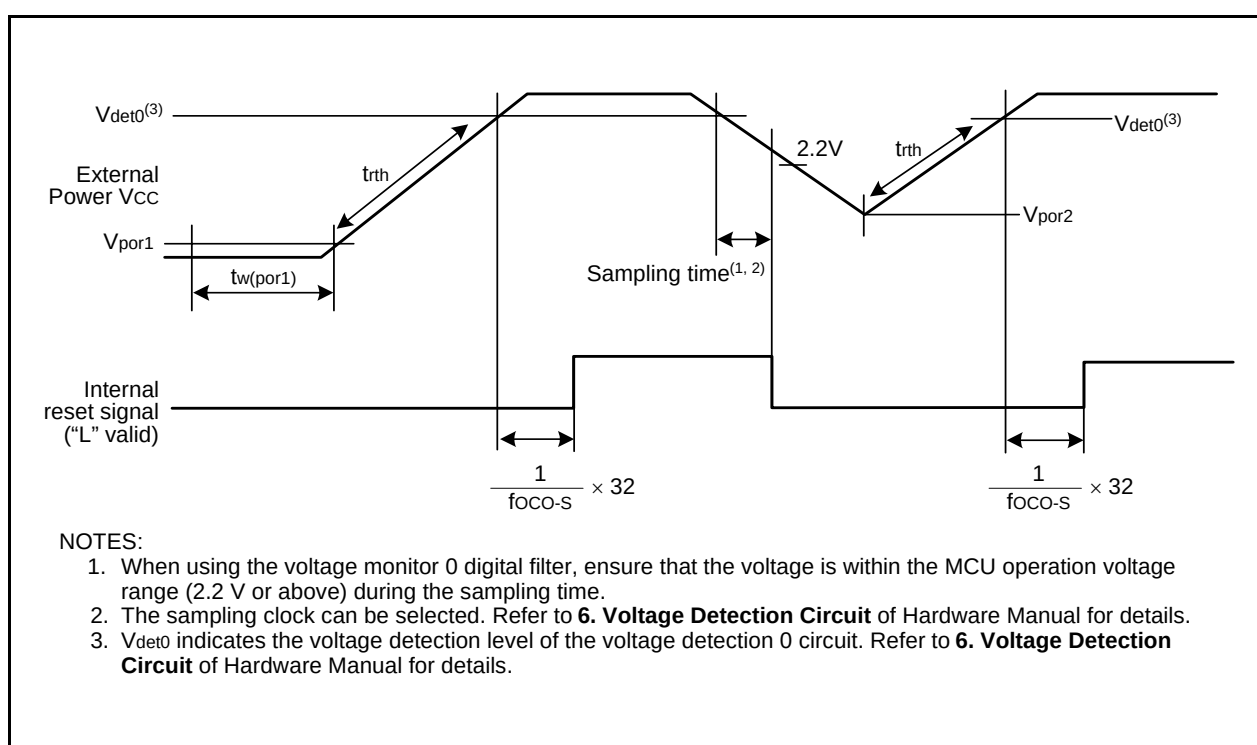
**Figure 5.3 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Table 5.11 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO40M	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature • supply voltage dependence	V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽²⁾	39.2	40	40.8	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V -40°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽²⁾	39.0	40	41.0	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.2 V to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽³⁾	35.2	40	44.8	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.2 V to 5.5 V -40°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽³⁾	34.0	40	46.0	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when correction value in FRA7 register is written to FRA1 register	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	–	36.864	–	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C	-3%	–	3%	%
–	Value in FRA1 register after reset		08h	–	F7h	–
–	Oscillation frequency adjustment unit of high- speed on-chip oscillator	Adjust FRA1 register (value after reset) to -1	–	+0.3	–	MHz
–	Oscillation stability time	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	–	10	100	μs
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	–	550	–	μA

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. These standard values show when the FRA1 register value after reset is assumed.
3. These standard values show when the correction value in the FRA6 register is written to the FRA1 register.

Table 5.12 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		30	125	250	kHz
–	Oscillation stability time	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	–	10	100	μs
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	–	15	–	μA

NOTE:

1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.13 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _d (P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on ⁽²⁾		1	–	2000	μs
t _d (R-S)	STOP exit time ⁽³⁾		–	–	150	μs

NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = 25°C.
2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.
3. Time until system clock supply starts after the interrupt is acknowledged to exit stop mode.

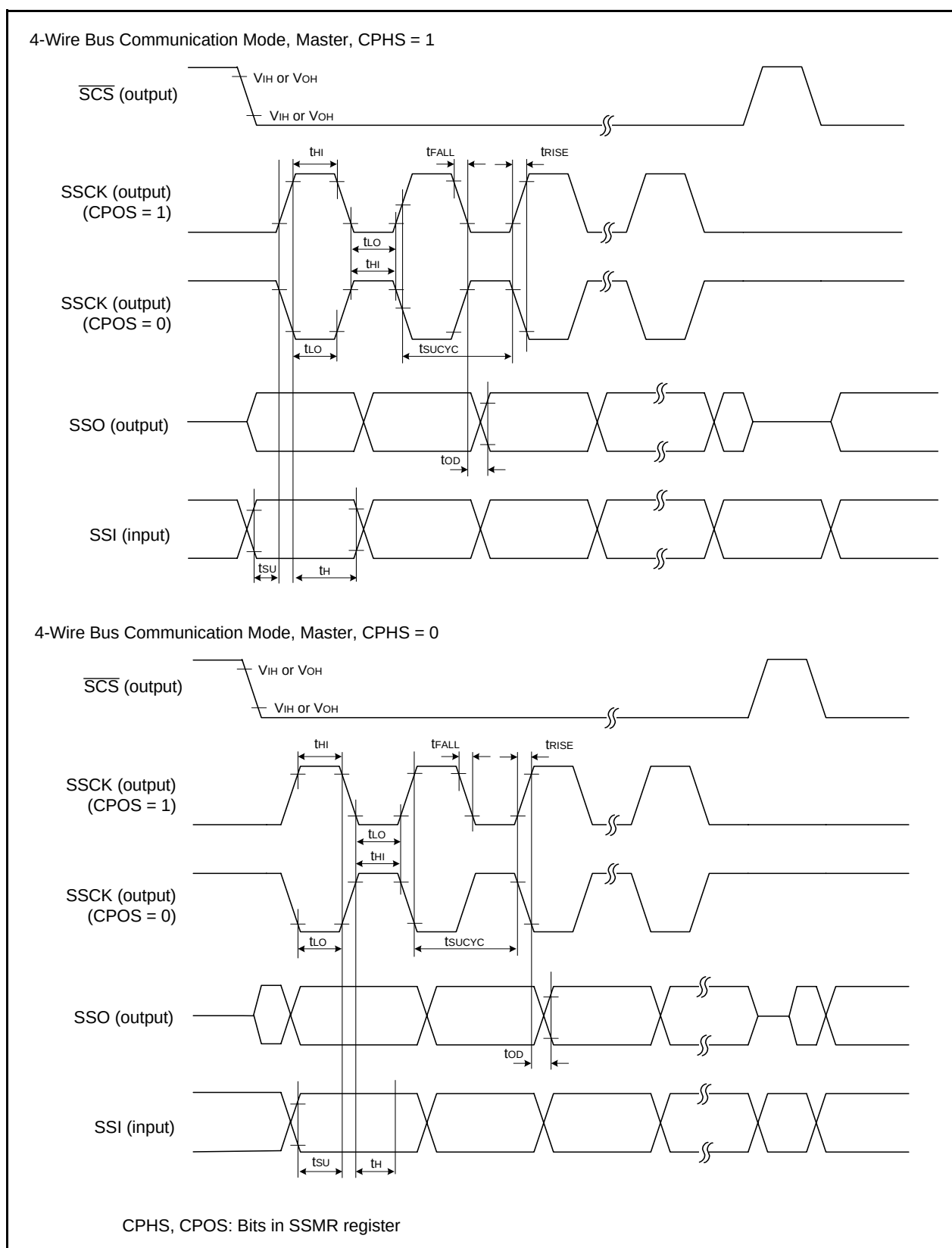


Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Master)

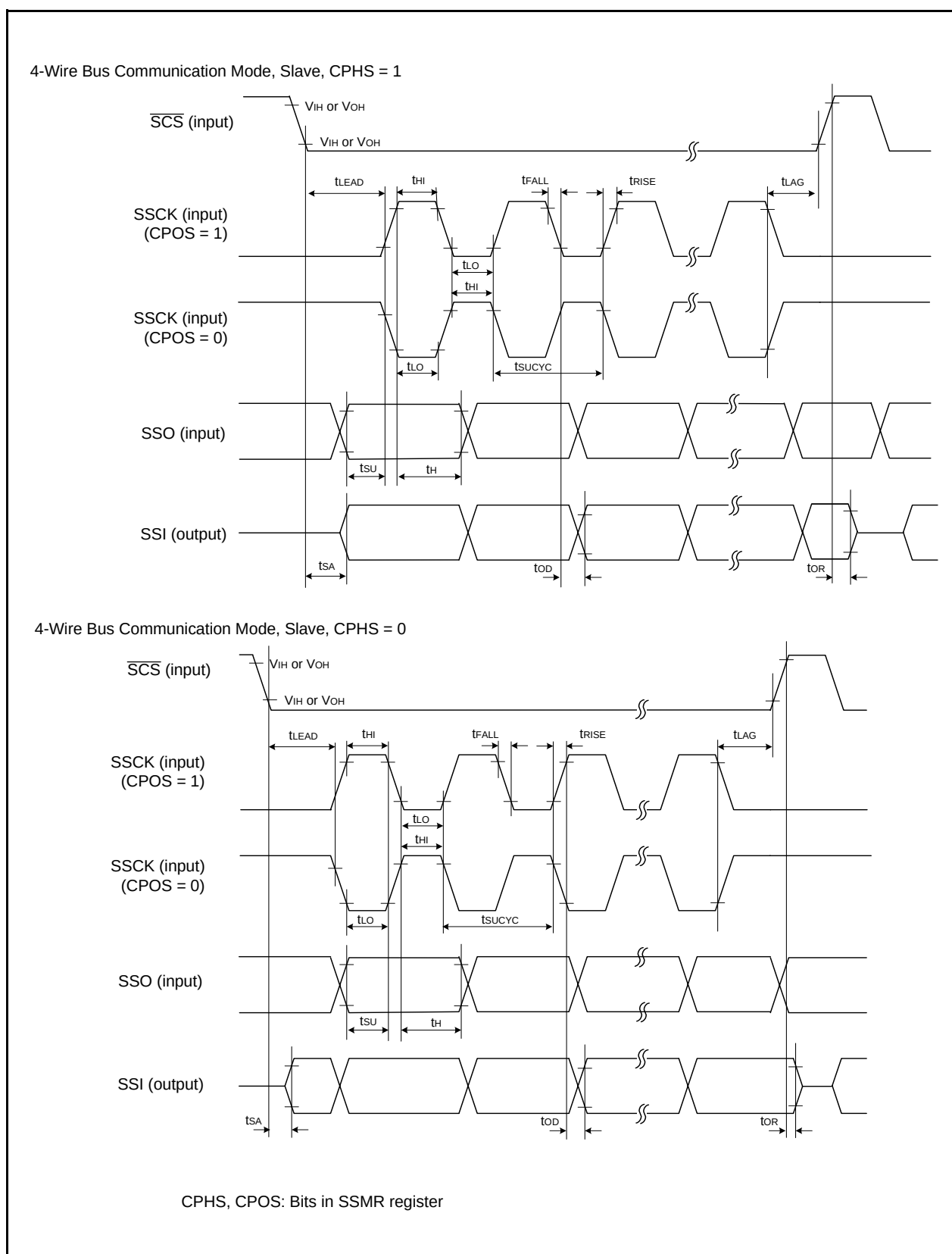
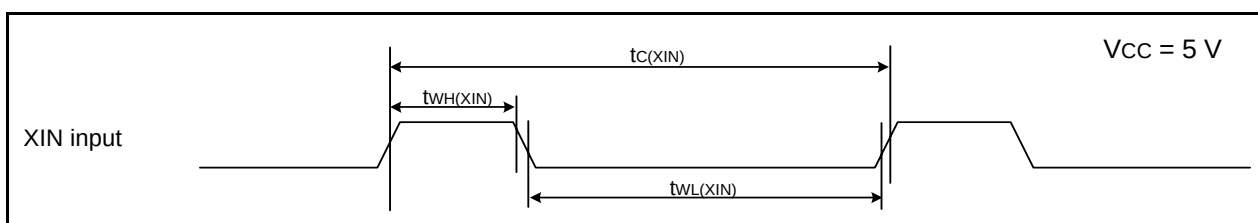


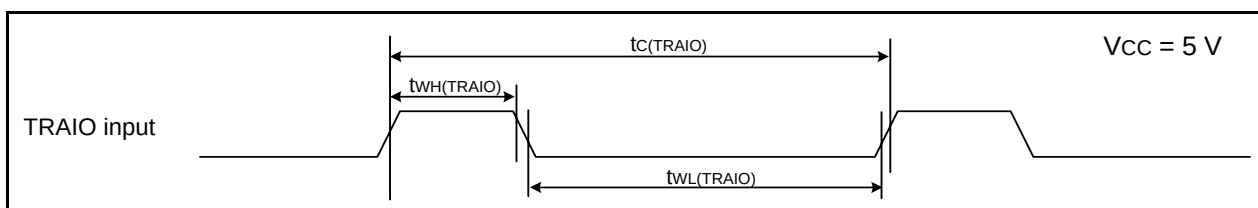
Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

Timing Requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{op} = 25^\circ\text{C}$) [$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$]****Table 5.18 XIN Input, XCIN Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	50	—	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input "H" width	25	—	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input "L" width	25	—	ns
$t_{c(XCIN)}$	XCIN input cycle time	14	—	μs
$t_{WH(XCIN)}$	XCIN input "H" width	7	—	μs
$t_{WL(XCIN)}$	XCIN input "L" width	7	—	μs

**Figure 5.8 XIN Input and XCIN Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$** **Table 5.19 TRAIO Input, $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	100	—	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input "H" width	40	—	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input "L" width	40	—	ns

**Figure 5.9 TRAIO Input and $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$** **Table 5.20 TRFI Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRFI)}$	TRFI input cycle time	400 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{WH(TRFI)}$	TRFI input "H" width	200 ⁽²⁾	—	ns
$t_{WL(TRFI)}$	TRFI input "L" width	200 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

NOTES:

1. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the cycle time to $(1/\text{timer RF count source frequency} \times 3)$ or above.
2. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the pulse width to $(1/\text{timer RF count source frequency} \times 1.5)$ or above.

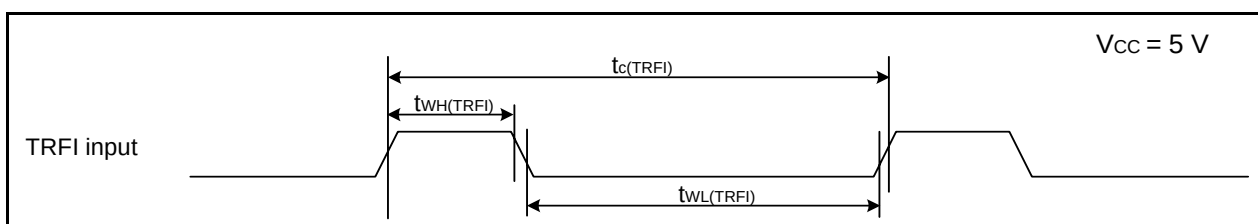
**Figure 5.10 TRFI Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$**

Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (3) [V_{CC} = 3 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I _{OH} = -1 mA		V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -5 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -50 μA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I _{OL} = 1 mA		—	—	0.5	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 5 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 0.1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 50 μA	—	—	0.5	V
V _{T+} -V _{T-}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRFI, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.3	—	V
		RESET			0.1	0.4	—	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 3 V		—	—	4.0	μA
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V		—	—	-4.0	μA
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V		66	160	500	kΩ
R _{FXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			—	3.0	—	MΩ
R _{FXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			—	18	—	MΩ
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	—	—	V

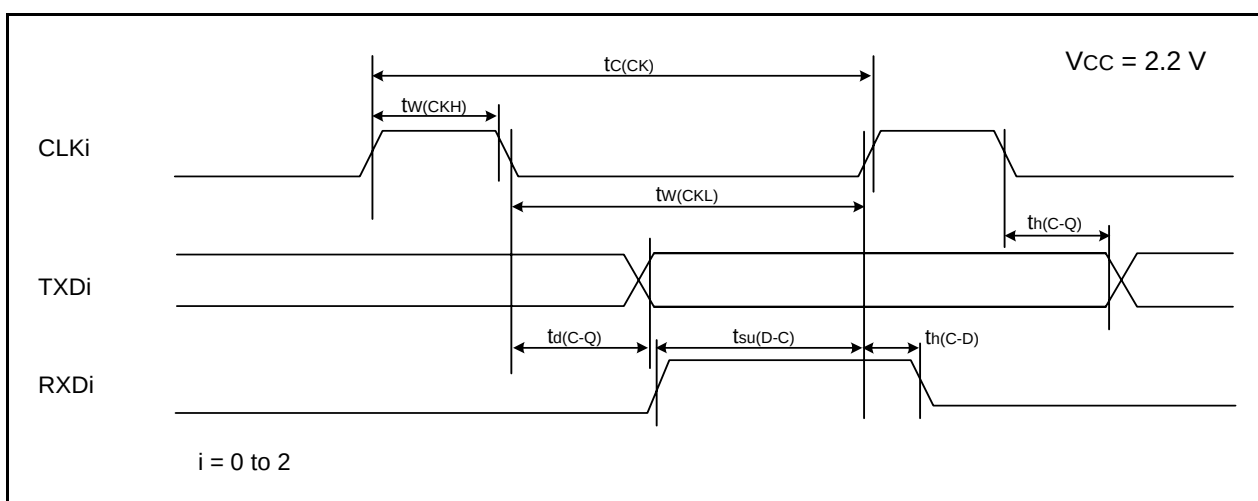
NOTE:

- V_{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.35 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	800	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	400	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input "L" width	400	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	200	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	150	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

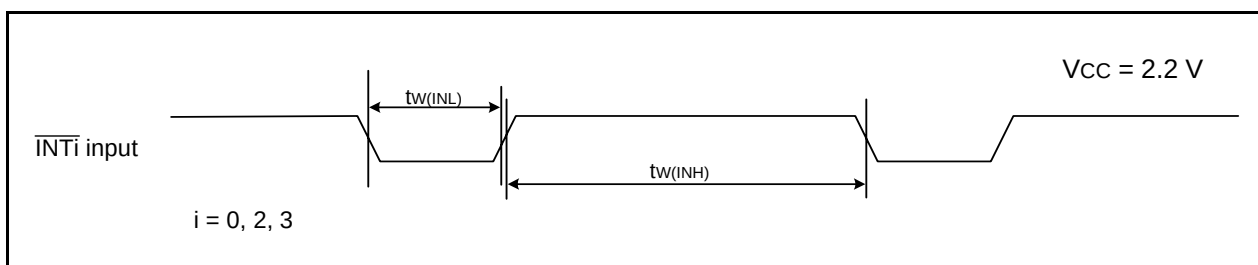
i = 0 to 2

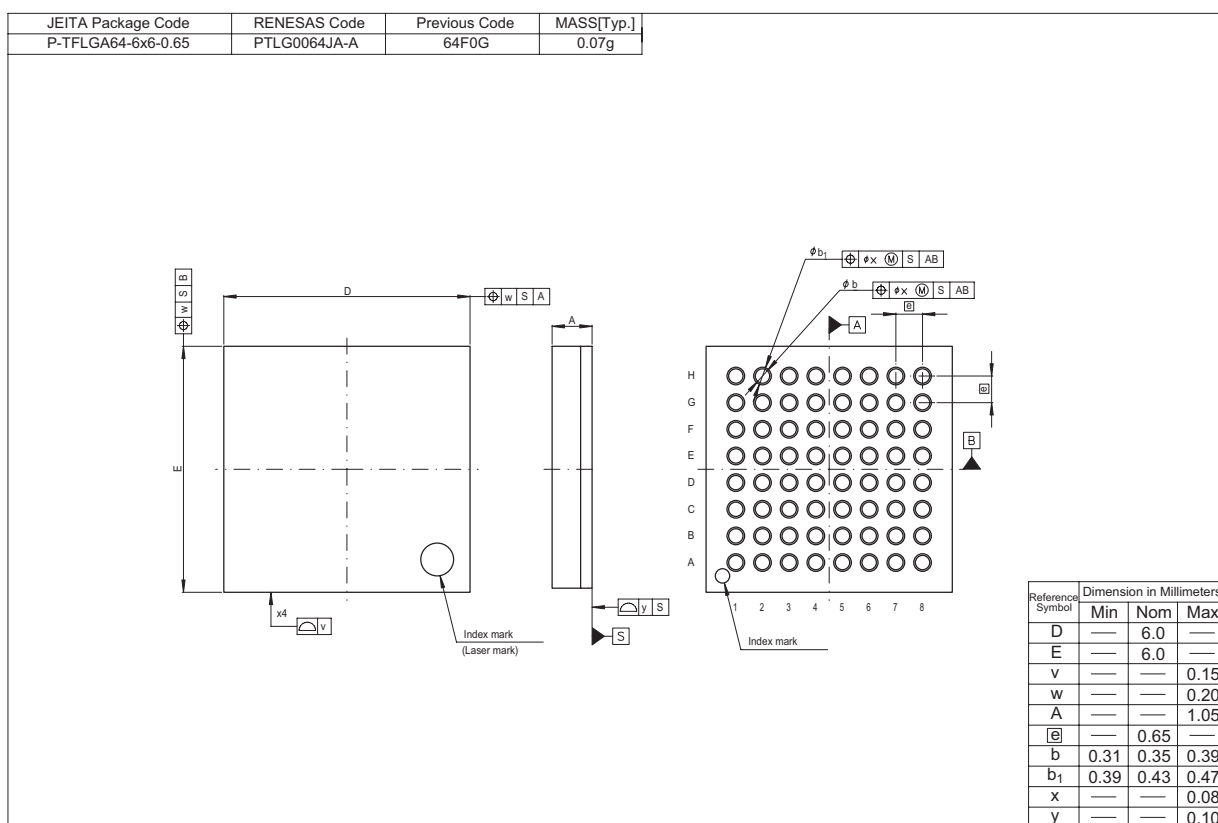
**Figure 5.21 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V****Table 5.36 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ (i = 0, 2, 3) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INT0}$ input "H" width	1000 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INT0}$ input "L" width	1000 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

**Figure 5.22 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V**



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