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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	147456
Number of I/O	177
Number of Gates	1000000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p1000-1fgg256t

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Table 2-37 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew
 Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
4 mA	STD	0.64	8.06	0.05	1.12	0.46	8.20	7.03	1.26	1.27	8.20	7.027	ns
	-1	0.55	6.85	0.04	.095	0.39	6.98	5.98	1.26	1.27	6.98	5.978	ns
6 mA	STD	0.64	5.03	0.05	1.12	0.46	5.13	4.27	1.42	1.56	5.13	4.267	ns
	-1	0.55	4.28	0.04	0.95	0.39	4.36	3.63	1.42	1.56	4.36	3.63	ns
8 mA	STD	0.64	5.03	0.05	1.12	0.46	5.13	4.27	1.42	1.56	5.13	4.267	ns
	-1	0.55	4.28	0.04	0.95	0.39	4.36	3.63	1.42	1.56	4.36	3.63	ns
12 mA	STD	0.64	3.53	0.05	1.12	0.46	1.74	1.43	3.12	3.60	1.74	1.427	ns
	-1	0.55	3.01	0.04	0.95	0.39	1.74	1.43	2.65	3.06	1.74	1.428	ns
16 mA	STD	0.64	3.53	0.05	1.12	0.46	1.74	1.43	3.12	3.60	1.74	1.427	ns
	-1	0.55	3.01	0.04	0.95	0.39	1.74	1.43	2.65	3.06	1.74	1.428	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Table 2-38 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew
 Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
4 mA	STD	0.64	10.82	0.05	1.12	0.46	11.02	9.42	1.26	1.20	11.02	9.419	ns
	-1	0.55	9.21	0.04	0.95	0.39	9.38	8.01	1.26	1.20	9.38	8.012	ns
6 mA	STD	0.64	7.49	0.05	1.12	0.46	7.63	6.58	1.43	1.48	7.63	6.58	ns
	-1	0.55	6.37	0.04	0.95	0.39	6.49	5.60	1.43	1.49	6.49	5.598	ns
8 mA	STD	0.64	7.49	0.05	1.12	0.46	7.63	6.58	1.43	1.48	7.63	6.58	ns
	-1	0.55	6.37	0.04	0.95	0.39	6.49	5.60	1.43	1.49	6.49	5.598	ns
12 mA	STD	0.64	5.64	0.05	1.12	0.46	5.75	5.04	1.54	1.67	5.75	5.042	ns
	-1	0.55	4.80	0.04	0.95	0.39	4.89	4.29	1.54	1.67	4.89	4.289	ns
16 mA	STD	0.64	5.64	0.05	1.12	0.46	5.75	5.04	1.54	1.67	5.75	5.042	ns
	-1	0.55	4.80	0.04	0.95	0.39	4.89	4.29	1.54	1.67	4.89	4.289	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Table 2-48 • 2.5 V LVC MOS High Slew

Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.64	9.26	0.05	1.45	0.46	8.28	9.26	1.24	1.12	10.78	11.756	ns
	-1	0.55	7.87	0.04	1.23	0.39	7.05	7.87	1.24	1.13	9.17	10	ns
6 mA	STD	0.64	5.43	0.05	1.45	0.46	5.19	5.43	1.43	1.47	7.69	7.926	ns
	-1	0.55	4.62	0.04	1.23	0.39	4.42	4.62	1.43	1.47	6.55	6.743	ns
12 mA	STD	0.64	3.59	0.05	1.45	0.46	3.65	3.51	1.56	1.69	6.15	6.012	ns
	-1	0.55	3.05	0.04	1.23	0.39	3.11	2.99	1.56	1.69	5.23	5.114	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Table 2-49 • 2.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew

Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.64	12.12	0.05	1.45	0.46	11.89	12.12	1.25	1.08	14.39	14.622	ns
	-1	0.55	10.31	0.04	1.23	0.39	10.12	10.31	1.25	1.08	12.24	12.438	ns
6 mA	STD	0.64	8.24	0.05	1.45	0.46	8.39	8.23	1.43	1.42	10.89	10.73	ns
	-1	0.55	7.01	0.04	1.23	0.39	7.14	7.00	1.43	1.42	9.26	9.128	ns
12 mA	STD	0.64	6.30	0.05	1.45	0.46	6.41	6.16	1.56	1.63	8.91	8.656	ns
	-1	0.55	5.35	0.04	1.23	0.39	5.45	5.24	1.56	1.63	7.58	7.364	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Table 2-60 • 1.8 V LVC MOS Low Slew
Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.64	17.36	0.05	1.45	0.46	15.09	16.55	1.24	0.79	17.59	19.052	ns
	-1	0.55	14.77	0.04	1.23	0.39	12.84	14.08	1.24	0.79	14.96	16.207	ns
4 mA	STD	0.64	11.71	0.05	1.45	0.46	10.88	11.07	1.47	1.35	13.38	13.567	ns
	-1	0.55	9.96	0.04	1.23	0.39	9.26	9.41	1.47	1.35	11.38	11.541	ns
6 mA	STD	0.64	9.00	0.05	1.45	0.46	8.47	8.18	1.62	1.62	10.97	10.685	ns
	-1	0.55	7.66	0.04	1.23	0.39	7.21	6.96	1.62	1.62	9.33	9.089	ns
8 mA	STD	0.64	8.39	0.05	1.45	0.46	8.47	8.18	1.62	1.62	10.97	10.685	ns
	-1	0.55	7.14	0.04	1.23	0.39	7.21	6.96	1.62	1.62	9.33	9.089	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Table 2-61 • 1.8 V LVC MOS High Slew
Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.63	12.83	0.05	1.32	0.45	9.88	12.83	1.48	0.87	12.30	15.25	ns
	-1	0.53	10.92	0.04	1.12	0.38	8.41	10.92	1.48	0.87	10.46	12.97	ns
4 mA	STD	0.63	7.48	0.05	1.32	0.45	6.34	7.48	1.72	1.49	8.76	9.90	ns
	-1	0.53	6.36	0.04	1.12	0.38	5.39	6.36	1.72	1.49	7.45	8.42	ns
6 mA	STD	0.63	4.81	0.05	1.32	0.45	4.52	4.81	1.89	1.77	6.94	7.23	ns
	-1	0.53	4.09	0.04	1.12	0.38	3.85	4.09	1.89	1.77	5.90	6.15	ns
8 mA	STD	0.63	4.25	0.05	1.32	0.45	4.25	4.25	1.92	1.85	6.67	6.66	ns
	-1	0.53	3.61	0.04	1.12	0.38	3.61	3.61	1.93	1.85	5.67	5.67	ns
12 mA	STD	0.63	3.82	0.05	1.32	0.45	1.89	1.63	4.00	4.41	3.06	2.82	ns
	-1	0.53	3.25	0.04	1.12	0.38	1.89	1.63	3.41	3.75	3.06	2.82	ns
16 mA	STD	0.63	3.82	0.05	1.32	0.45	1.89	1.63	4.00	4.41	3.06	2.82	ns
	-1	0.53	3.25	0.04	1.12	0.38	1.89	1.63	3.41	3.75	3.06	2.82	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Table 2-73 • 1.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew

Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.63	13.83	0.05	1.40	0.45	13.86	13.83	1.82	1.39	16.28	16.25	ns
	-1	0.53	11.76	0.04	1.19	0.38	11.79	11.76	1.82	1.39	13.85	13.82	ns
4 mA	STD	0.63	10.83	0.05	1.40	0.45	11.03	10.33	2.00	1.71	13.45	12.75	ns
	-1	0.53	9.21	0.04	1.19	0.38	9.38	8.79	2.01	1.72	11.44	10.84	ns
6 mA	STD	0.63	10.10	0.05	1.40	0.45	10.28	9.62	2.05	1.80	12.70	12.04	ns
	-1	0.53	8.59	0.04	1.19	0.38	8.75	8.18	2.05	1.80	10.81	10.24	ns
8 mA	STD	0.63	9.64	0.05	1.40	0.45	9.82	9.62	2.11	2.12	12.23	12.04	ns
	-1	0.53	8.20	0.04	1.19	0.38	8.35	8.18	2.11	2.12	10.41	10.24	ns
12 mA	STD	0.63	9.64	0.05	1.40	0.45	9.82	9.62	2.11	2.12	12.23	12.04	ns
	-1	0.53	8.20	0.04	1.19	0.38	8.35	8.18	2.11	2.12	10.41	10.24	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-5 on page 2-5 for derating values.

Table 2-74 • 1.5 V LVC MOS High Slew

Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.63	8.47	0.05	1.54	0.45	7.38	9.05	1.81	1.45	9.80	11.47	ns
	-1	0.53	7.21	0.04	1.31	0.38	6.28	7.70	1.81	1.45	8.34	9.75	ns
4 mA	STD	0.63	5.24	0.05	1.54	0.45	5.25	5.75	2.00	1.78	7.67	8.17	ns
	-1	0.53	4.45	0.04	1.31	0.38	4.46	4.89	2.00	1.78	6.52	6.95	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-5 on page 2-5 for derating values.

Table 2-75 • 1.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew

Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.63	13.07	0.05	1.40	0.45	13.86	13.83	1.82	1.39	16.28	16.25	ns
	-1	0.53	11.12	0.04	1.19	0.38	11.79	11.76	1.82	1.39	13.85	13.82	ns
4 mA	STD	0.63	10.04	0.05	1.40	0.45	11.03	10.33	2.00	1.71	13.45	12.75	ns
	-1	0.53	8.54	0.04	1.19	0.38	9.38	8.79	2.01	1.72	11.44	10.84	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-5 on page 2-5 for derating values.

B-LVDS/M-LVDS

Bus LVDS (B-LVDS) and Multipoint LVDS (M-LVDS) specifications extend the existing LVDS standard to high-performance multipoint bus applications. Multidrop and multipoint bus configurations may contain any combination of drivers, receivers, and transceivers. Actel LVDS drivers provide the higher drive current required by B-LVDS and M-LVDS to accommodate the loading. The drivers require series terminations for better signal quality and to control voltage swing. Termination is also required at both ends of the bus since the driver can be located anywhere on the bus. These configurations can be implemented using the TRIBUF_LVDS and BIBUF_LVDS macros along with appropriate terminations. Multipoint designs using Actel LVDS macros can achieve up to 200 MHz with a maximum of 20 loads. A sample application is given in [Figure 2-13](#). The input and output buffer delays are available in the LVDS section in [Table 2-84](#) on page 2-50.

Example: For a bus consisting of 20 equidistant loads, the following terminations provide the required differential voltage, in worst-case Industrial operating conditions, at the farthest receiver: $R_S = 60 \Omega$ and $R_T = 70 \Omega$, given $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ (2") and $Z_{stub} = 50 \Omega$ (~1.5").

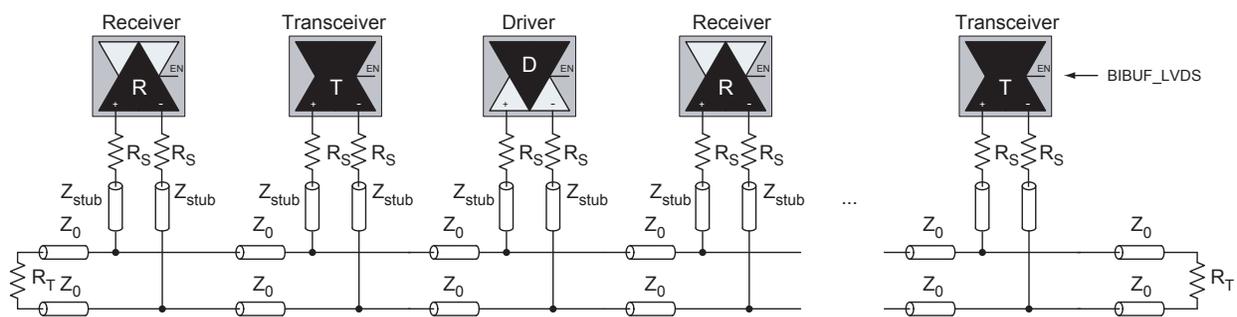
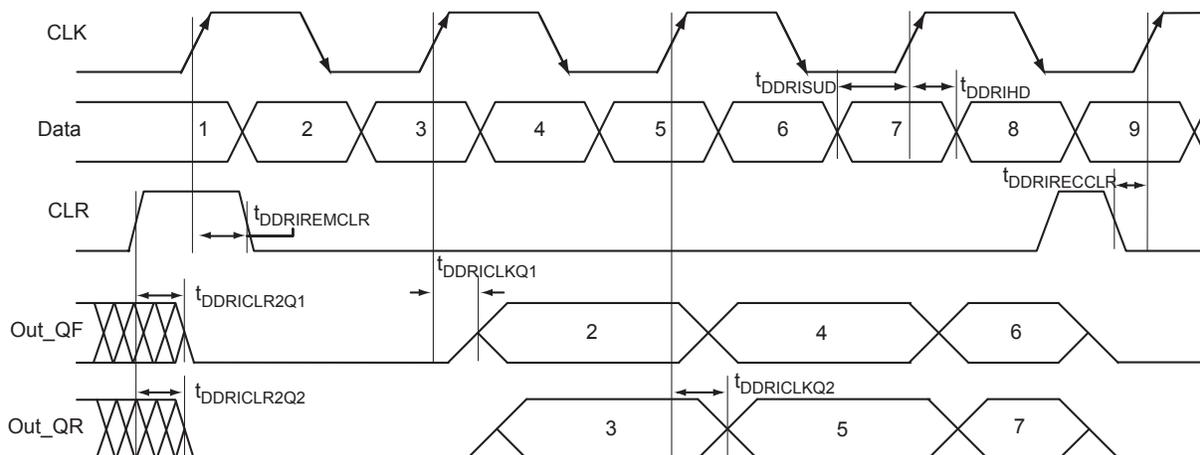


Figure 2-13 • B-LVDS/M-LVDS Multipoint Application Using LVDS I/O Buffers

LVPECL

Low-Voltage Positive Emitter-Coupled Logic (LVPECL) is another differential I/O standard. It requires that one data bit be carried through two signal lines. Like LVDS, two pins are needed. It also requires external resistor termination.

The full implementation of the LVDS transmitter and receiver is shown in an example in [Figure 2-14](#) on page 2-52. The building blocks of the LVPECL transmitter-receiver are one transmitter macro, one receiver macro, three board resistors at the transmitter end, and one resistor at the receiver end. The values for the three driver resistors are different from those used in the LVDS implementation because the output standard specifications are different.


Figure 2-21 • Input DDR Timing Diagram

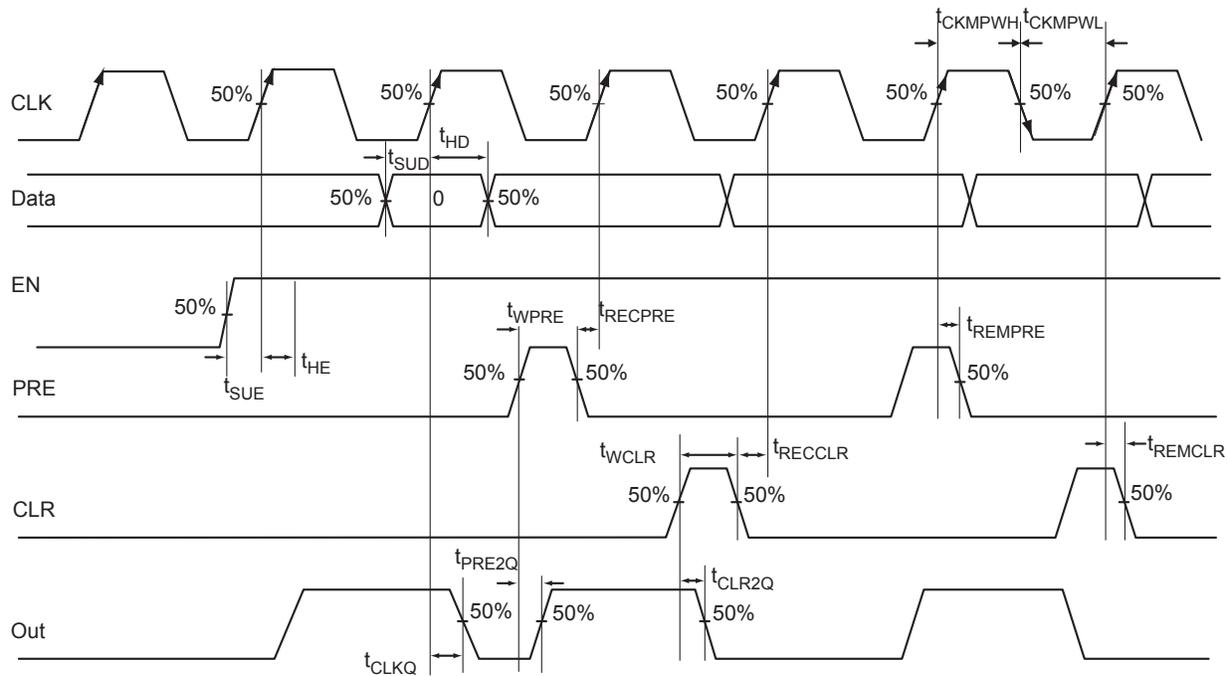
Timing Characteristics

Table 2-99 • Input DDR Propagation Delays

 Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 135^{\circ}\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-1	Std.	Units
t_{DDRICKQ1}	Clock-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.33	0.39	ns
t_{DDRICKQ2}	Clock-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.47	0.56	ns
t_{DDRISUD}	Data Setup for Input DDR	0.34	0.40	ns
t_{DDRIHD}	Data Hold for Input DDR	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICLR2Q1}}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.56	0.66	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICLR2Q2}}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.69	0.82	ns
$t_{\text{DDRIREMCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Input DDR	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDRIRECCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Input DDR	0.27	0.32	ns
t_{DDRiWCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Input DDR	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICKMPWH}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for Input DDR	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICKMPWL}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for Input DDR	0.37	0.43	ns
F_{DDRIMAX}	Maximum Frequency for Input DDR	309	263	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-5 on page 2-5 for derating values.


Figure 2-27 • Timing Model and Waveforms

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-106 • Register Delays

 Automotive-Case Conditions: $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-1	Std.	Units
t_{CLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Core Register	0.67	0.79	ns
t_{SUD}	Data Setup Time for the Core Register	0.52	0.61	ns
t_{HD}	Data Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{SUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Core Register	0.55	0.65	ns
t_{HE}	Enable Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Core Register	0.49	0.57	ns
t_{PRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Core Register	0.49	0.57	ns
t_{REMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{RECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.27	0.32	ns
t_{REMPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{RECPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.27	0.32	ns
t_{WCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{WPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{CKMPWH}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Core Register	0.41	0.48	ns
t_{CKMPWL}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Core Register	0.37	0.43	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-5 on page 2-5 for derating values.

Global Resource Characteristics

A3P250 Clock Tree Topology

Clock delays are device-specific. Figure 2-28 is an example of a global tree used for clock routing. The global tree presented in Figure 2-28 is driven by a CCC located on the west side of the A3P250 device. It is used to drive all D-flip-flops in the device.

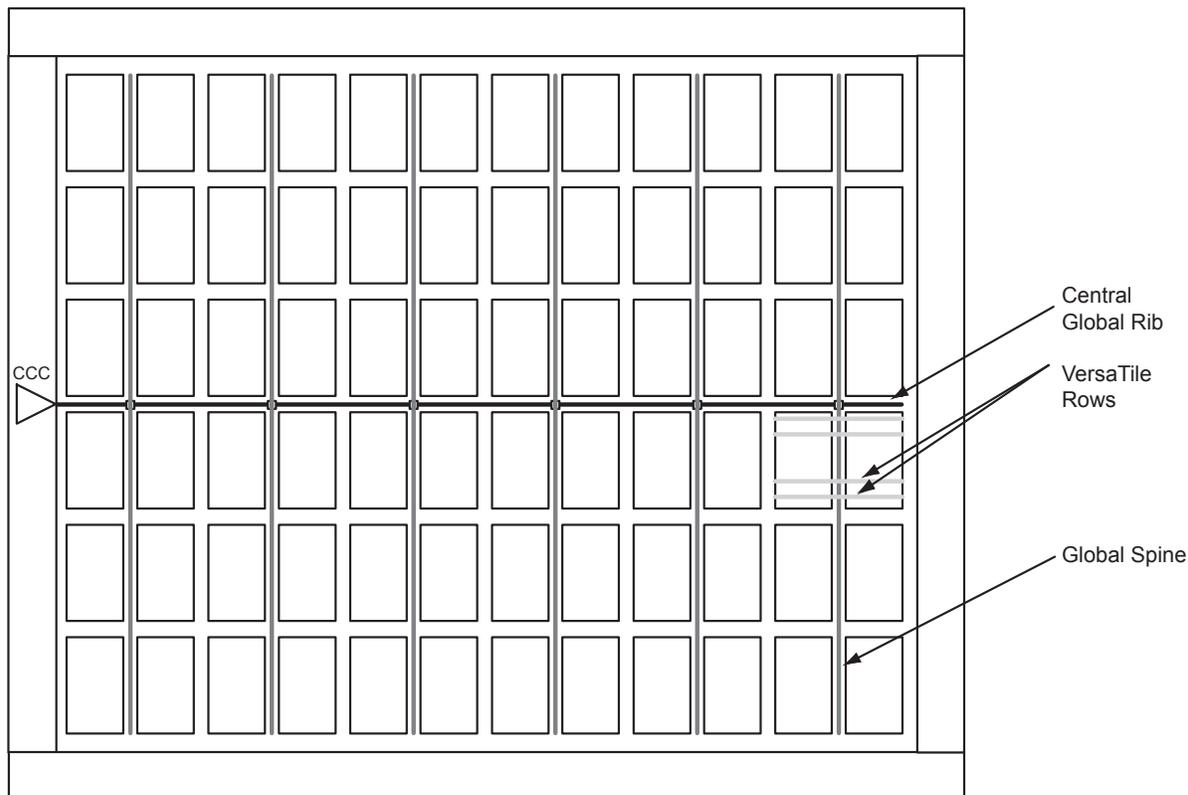


Figure 2-28 • Example of Global Tree Use in an A3P250 Device for Clock Routing

Table 2-112 • A3P250 Global Resource

 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 135^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.96	1.25	1.13	1.47	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.94	1.28	1.10	1.51	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.80		0.94		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.98		1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.35		0.41	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

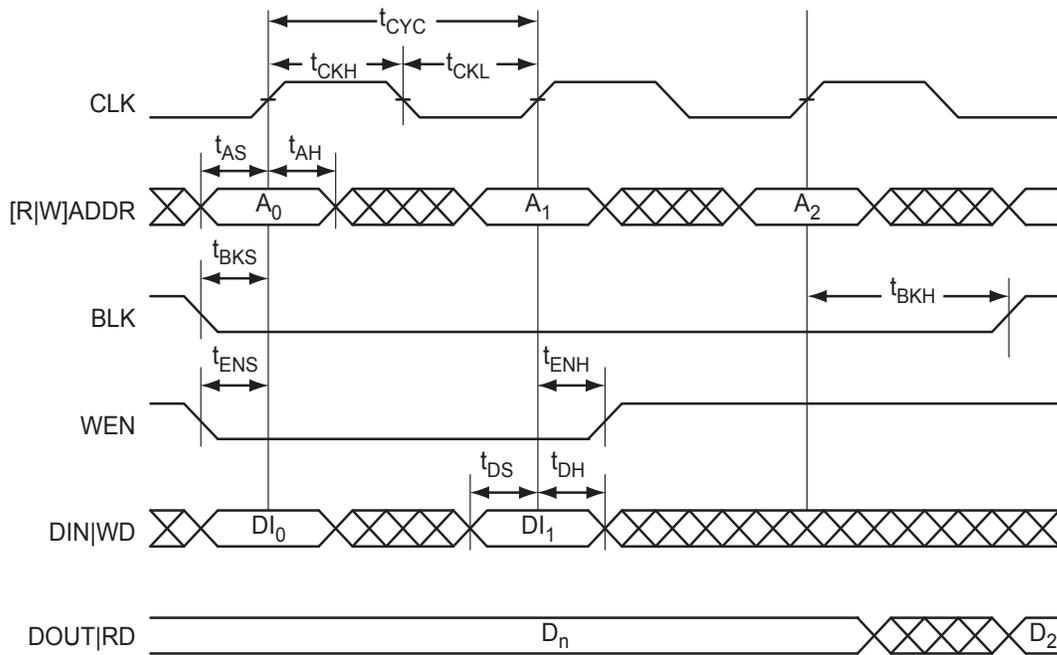
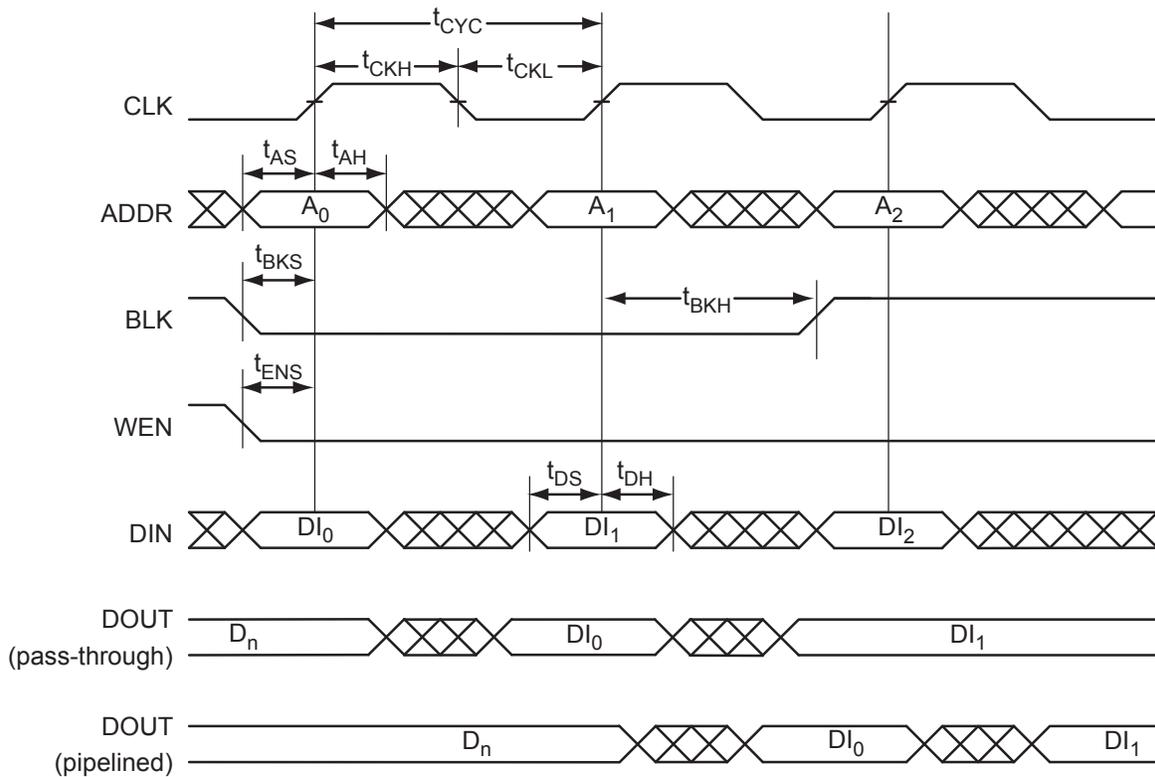
Table 2-113 • A3P250 Global Resource

 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 115^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.94	1.22	1.10	1.44	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.92	1.25	1.08	1.47	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.80		0.94		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.98		1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.34		0.40	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.


Figure 2-33 • RAM Write, Output Retained. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18.

Figure 2-34 • RAM Write, Output as Write Data (WMODE = 1). Applicable to RAM4K9 Only.

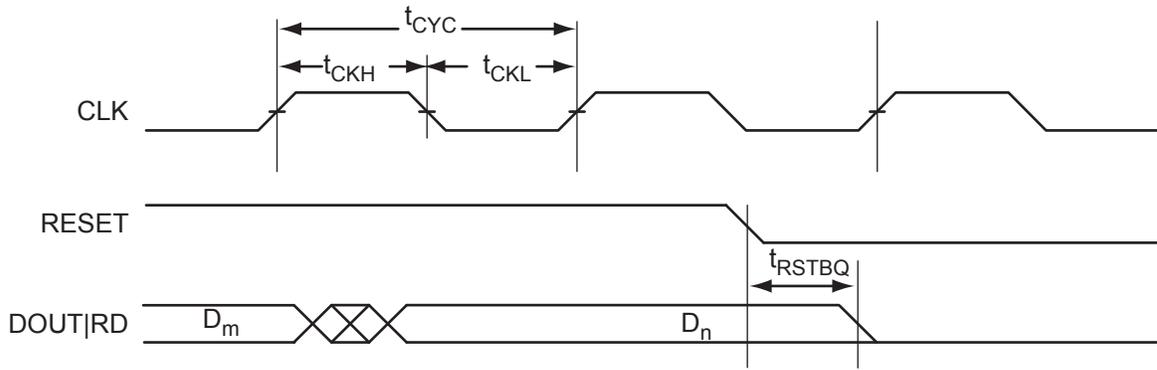


Figure 2-35 • RAM Reset. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18

FIFO

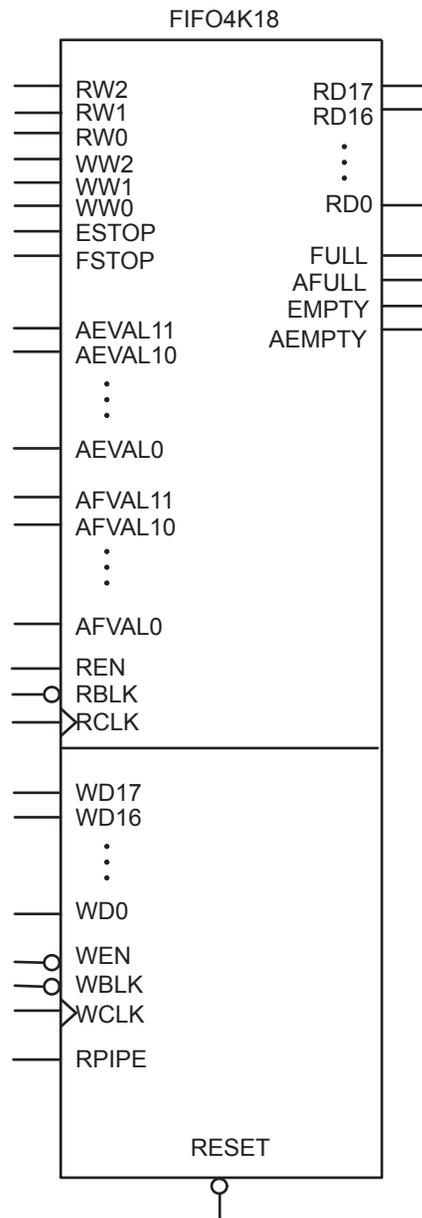
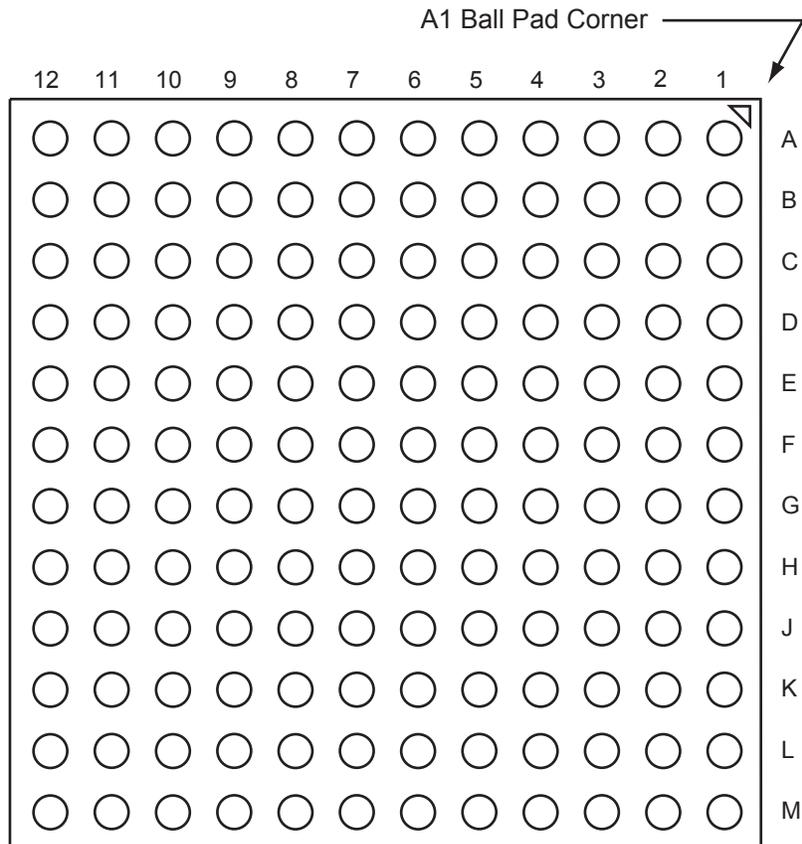


Figure 2-36 • FIFO Model

VQ100		VQ100		VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function	Pin Number	A3P250 Function	Pin Number	A3P250 Function
1	GND	35	IO85RSB2	69	IO43NDB1
2	GAA2/IO118UDB3	36	IO84RSB2	70	GBC2/IO43PDB1
3	IO118VDB3	37	VCC	71	GBB2/IO42PSB1
4	GAB2/IO117UDB3	38	GND	72	IO41NDB1
5	IO117VDB3	39	VCCIB2	73	GBA2/IO41PDB1
6	GAC2/IO116UDB3	40	IO77RSB2	74	VMV1
7	IO116VDB3	41	IO74RSB2	75	GNDQ
8	IO112PSB3	42	IO71RSB2	76	GBA1/IO40RSB0
9	GND	43	GDC2/IO63RSB2	77	GBA0/IO39RSB0
10	GFB1/IO109PDB3	44	GDB2/IO62RSB2	78	GBB1/IO38RSB0
11	GFB0/IO109NDB3	45	GDA2/IO61RSB2	79	GBB0/IO37RSB0
12	VCOMPLF	46	GNDQ	80	GBC1/IO36RSB0
13	GFA0/IO108NPB3	47	TCK	81	GBC0/IO35RSB0
14	VCCPLF	48	TDI	82	IO29RSB0
15	GFA1/IO108PPB3	49	TMS	83	IO27RSB0
16	GFA2/IO107PSB3	50	VMV2	84	IO25RSB0
17	VCC	51	GND	85	IO23RSB0
18	VCCIB3	52	VPUMP	86	IO21RSB0
19	GFC2/IO105PSB3	53	NC	87	VCCIB0
20	GEC1/IO100PDB3	54	TDO	88	GND
21	GEC0/IO100NDB3	55	TRST	89	VCC
22	GEA1/IO98PDB3	56	VJTAG	90	IO15RSB0
23	GEA0/IO98NDB3	57	GDA1/IO60USB1	91	IO13RSB0
24	VMV3	58	GDC0/IO58VDB1	92	IO11RSB0
25	GNDQ	59	GDC1/IO58UDB1	93	GAC1/IO05RSB0
26	GEA2/IO97RSB2	60	IO52NDB1	94	GAC0/IO04RSB0
27	GEB2/IO96RSB2	61	GCB2/IO52PDB1	95	GAB1/IO03RSB0
28	GEC2/IO95RSB2	62	GCA1/IO50PDB1	96	GAB0/IO02RSB0
29	IO93RSB2	63	GCA0/IO50NDB1	97	GAA1/IO01RSB0
30	IO92RSB2	64	GCC0/IO48NDB1	98	GAA0/IO00RSB0
31	IO91RSB2	65	GCC1/IO48PDB1	99	GNDQ
32	IO90RSB2	66	VCCIB1	100	VMV0
33	IO88RSB2	67	GND		
34	IO86RSB2	68	VCC		

FG144



Note: This is the bottom view of the package.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.actel.com/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>.

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
K1	GEB0/IO74RSB1
K2	GEA1/IO73RSB1
K3	GEA0/IO72RSB1
K4	GEA2/IO71RSB1
K5	IO65RSB1
K6	IO64RSB1
K7	GND
K8	IO57RSB1
K9	GDC2/IO56RSB1
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO50RSB0
K12	GDB0/IO48RSB0
L1	GND
L2	VMV1
L3	GEB2/IO70RSB1
L4	IO67RSB1
L5	VCCIB1
L6	IO62RSB1
L7	IO59RSB1
L8	IO58RSB1
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV1
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO69RSB1
M3	IO68RSB1
M4	IO66RSB1
M5	IO63RSB1
M6	IO61RSB1
M7	IO60RSB1
M8	NC
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB1
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ

FG144		FG144		FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function	Pin Number	A3P250 Function	Pin Number	A3P250 Function
A1	GNDQ	D1	IO112NDB3	G1	GFA1/IO108PPB3
A2	VMV0	D2	IO112PDB3	G2	GND
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0	D3	IO116VDB3	G3	VCCPLF
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0	D4	GAA2/IO118UPB3	G4	GFA0/IO108NPB3
A5	IO16RSB0	D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0	G5	GND
A6	GND	D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0	G6	GND
A7	IO29RSB0	D7	GBC0/IO35RSB0	G7	GND
A8	VCC	D8	GBC1/IO36RSB0	G8	GDC1/IO58UPB1
A9	IO33RSB0	D9	GBB2/IO42PDB1	G9	IO53NDB1
A10	GBA0/IO39RSB0	D10	IO42NDB1	G10	GCC2/IO53PDB1
A11	GBA1/IO40RSB0	D11	IO43NPB1	G11	IO52NDB1
A12	GNDQ	D12	GCB1/IO49PPB1	G12	GCB2/IO52PDB1
B1	GAB2/IO117UDB3	E1	VCC	H1	VCC
B2	GND	E2	GFC0/IO110NDB3	H2	GFB2/IO106PDB3
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0	E3	GFC1/IO110PDB3	H3	GFC2/IO105PSB3
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0	E4	VCCIB3	H4	GEC1/IO100PDB3
B5	IO14RSB0	E5	IO118VPB3	H5	VCC
B6	IO19RSB0	E6	VCCIB0	H6	IO79RSB2
B7	IO22RSB0	E7	VCCIB0	H7	IO65RSB2
B8	IO30RSB0	E8	GCC1/IO48PDB1	H8	GDB2/IO62RSB2
B9	GBB0/IO37RSB0	E9	VCCIB1	H9	GDC0/IO58VPB1
B10	GBB1/IO38RSB0	E10	VCC	H10	VCCIB1
B11	GND	E11	GCA0/IO50NDB1	H11	IO54PSB1
B12	VMV1	E12	IO51NDB1	H12	VCC
C1	IO117VDB3	F1	GFB0/IO109NPB3	J1	GEB1/IO99PDB3
C2	GFA2/IO107PPB3	F2	VCOMPLF	J2	IO106NDB3
C3	GAC2/IO116UDB3	F3	GFB1/IO109PPB3	J3	VCCIB3
C4	VCC	F4	IO107NPB3	J4	GEC0/IO100NDB3
C5	IO12RSB0	F5	GND	J5	IO88RSB2
C6	IO17RSB0	F6	GND	J6	IO81RSB2
C7	IO24RSB0	F7	GND	J7	VCC
C8	IO31RSB0	F8	GCC0/IO48NDB1	J8	TCK
C9	IO34RSB0	F9	GCB0/IO49NPB1	J9	GDA2/IO61RSB2
C10	GBA2/IO41PDB1	F10	GND	J10	TDO
C11	IO41NDB1	F11	GCA1/IO50PDB1	J11	GDA1/IO60UDB1
C12	GBC2/IO43PPB1	F12	GCA2/IO51PDB1	J12	GDB1/IO59UDB1

FG256		FG256		FG256	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function	Pin Number	A3P1000 Function	Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
A1	GND	C5	GAC0/IO04RSB0	E9	IO47RSB0
A2	GAA0/IO00RSB0	C6	GAC1/IO05RSB0	E10	VCCIB0
A3	GAA1/IO01RSB0	C7	IO25RSB0	E11	VCCIB0
A4	GAB0/IO02RSB0	C8	IO36RSB0	E12	VMV1
A5	IO16RSB0	C9	IO42RSB0	E13	GBC2/IO80PDB1
A6	IO22RSB0	C10	IO49RSB0	E14	IO83PPB1
A7	IO28RSB0	C11	IO56RSB0	E15	IO86PPB1
A8	IO35RSB0	C12	GBC0/IO72RSB0	E16	IO87PDB1
A9	IO45RSB0	C13	IO62RSB0	F1	IO217NDB3
A10	IO50RSB0	C14	VMV0	F2	IO218NDB3
A11	IO55RSB0	C15	IO78NDB1	F3	IO216PDB3
A12	IO61RSB0	C16	IO81NDB1	F4	IO216NDB3
A13	GBB1/IO75RSB0	D1	IO222NDB3	F5	VCCIB3
A14	GBA0/IO76RSB0	D2	IO222PDB3	F6	GND
A15	GBA1/IO77RSB0	D3	GAC2/IO223PDB3	F7	VCC
A16	GND	D4	IO223NDB3	F8	VCC
B1	GAB2/IO224PDB3	D5	GNDQ	F9	VCC
B2	GAA2/IO225PDB3	D6	IO23RSB0	F10	VCC
B3	GNDQ	D7	IO29RSB0	F11	GND
B4	GAB1/IO03RSB0	D8	IO33RSB0	F12	VCCIB1
B5	IO17RSB0	D9	IO46RSB0	F13	IO83NPB1
B6	IO21RSB0	D10	IO52RSB0	F14	IO86NPB1
B7	IO27RSB0	D11	IO60RSB0	F15	IO90PPB1
B8	IO34RSB0	D12	GNDQ	F16	IO87NDB1
B9	IO44RSB0	D13	IO80NDB1	G1	IO210PSB3
B10	IO51RSB0	D14	GBB2/IO79PDB1	G2	IO213NDB3
B11	IO57RSB0	D15	IO79NDB1	G3	IO213PDB3
B12	GBC1/IO73RSB0	D16	IO82NSB1	G4	GFC1/IO209PPB3
B13	GBB0/IO74RSB0	E1	IO217PDB3	G5	VCCIB3
B14	IO71RSB0	E2	IO218PDB3	G6	VCC
B15	GBA2/IO78PDB1	E3	IO221NDB3	G7	GND
B16	IO81PDB1	E4	IO221PDB3	G8	GND
C1	IO224NDB3	E5	VMV0	G9	GND
C2	IO225NDB3	E6	VCCIB0	G10	GND
C3	VMV3	E7	VCCIB0	G11	VCC
C4	IO11RSB0	E8	IO38RSB0	G12	VCCIB1

5 – Datasheet Information

List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in each revision of the Automotive ProASIC3 datasheet.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 5 (January 2013)	The "Automotive ProASIC3 Ordering Information" section has been updated to mention "Y" as "Blank" mentioning "Device Does Not Include License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio" (SAR 43222).	1-III
	Added a note to Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions (SAR 43675): The programming temperature range supported is $T_{\text{ambient}} = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C .	2-2
	The note in Table 2-116 • Automotive ProASIC3 CCC/PLL Specification referring the reader to SmartGen was revised to refer instead to the online help associated with the core (SAR 42560).	2-80
	Live at Power-Up (LAPU) has been replaced with 'Instant On'.	NA
Revision 4 (September 2012)	The "Specifying I/O States During Programming" section is new (SAR 34691).	1-6
	Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions was revised to change VPUMP values for programming mode from "3.0 to 3.6" to "3.15 to 3.45" (SAR 34703).	2-2
	Maximum values for VIL and VIH were corrected in LVPECL Table 2-86 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels (SAR 37693).	2-52
	Values were added for F_{DDRIMAX} and F_{DDOMAX} in the following tables (SAR 34804): Table 2-99 • Input DDR Propagation Delays ($T_J = 135^{\circ}\text{C}$) Table 2-100 • Input DDR Propagation Delays ($T_J = 115^{\circ}\text{C}$) Table 2-102 • Output DDR Propagation Delays ($T_J = 135^{\circ}\text{C}$) Table 2-103 • Output DDR Propagation Delays ($T_J = 115^{\circ}\text{C}$)	2-64 to 2-68
	Added values for minimum pulse width and removed the FRMAX row from Table 2-108 through Table 2-115 in the "Global Tree Timing Characteristics" section. Use the software to determine the FRMAX for the device you are using (SAR 36966).	2-76
	SRAM collision data was added to Table 2-117 • RAM4K9 through Table 2-120 • RAM512X18. Maximum frequency, F_{MAX} , was updated in Table 2-118 • RAM512X18 (SAR 40859).	2-86 to 2-89
	The "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section was revised. The sentence, "Within the package, the VMV plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originating from the output buffer VCCI domain" was replaced with, "Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks" (SAR 38323). VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins, as noted in the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section, for an ESD enhancement.	3-1
	Libero Integrated Design Environment (IDE) was changed to Libero System-on-Chip (SoC) throughout the document (SAR 40266).	N/A
Revision 3 (September 2012)	The "Security" section was modified to clarify that Microsemi does not support read-back of programmed data.	1-1