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### Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	36864
Number of I/O	68
Number of Gates	250000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-VQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p250-1vq100t">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p250-1vq100t</a>

## Temperature Grade Offerings

Package	A3P060	A3P125	A3P250	A3P1000
VQ100	C, I, T	C, I, T	C, I, T	–
FG144	C, I, T	C, I, T	C, I, T	C, I, T
FG256	–	–	C, I, T	C, I, T
FG484	–	–	–	C, I, T
QNG132	–	C, I, T	C, I, T	–

**Notes:**

1. C = Commercial temperature range: 0°C to 70°C
2. I = Industrial temperature range: –40°C to 85°C
3. T = Automotive temperature range: Grade 2 and Grade 1 AEC-Q100  
 Grade 2 = 105°C  $T_A$  and 115°C  $T_J$   
 Grade 1 = 125°C  $T_A$  and 135°C  $T_J$
4. Specifications for Commercial and Industrial grade devices can be found in the ProASIC3 Flash Family FPGAs datasheet.

## Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix

Temperature Grade	Std.	–1
T (Grade 1 and Grade 2), Commercial, Industrial	3	3

**Notes:**

1. T = Automotive temperature range: Grade 2 and Grade 1 AEC-Q100  
 Grade 2 = 105°C  $T_A$  and 115°C  $T_J$   
 Grade 1 = 125°C  $T_A$  and 135°C  $T_J$
2. Specifications for Commercial and Industrial grade devices can be found in the ProASIC3 Flash Family FPGAs datasheet.

Contact your local Microsemi SoC Products Group representative for device availability:

<http://www.microsemi.com/soc/contact/default.aspx>.

## Calculating Power Dissipation

### Quiescent Supply Current

**Table 2-6 • Quiescent Supply Current Characteristics**

	A3P060	A3P125	A3P250	A3P1000
Typical (25°C)	2 mA	2 mA	3 mA	8 mA
Maximum (Automotive Grade 1) – 135°C	53 mA	53 mA	106 mA	265 mA
Maximum (Automotive Grade 2) – 115°C	26 mA	26 mA	53 mA	131 mA

*Note:*  $I_{DD}$  includes  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{PUMP}$ ,  $V_{CCI}$ , and  $V_{MV}$  currents. Values do not include I/O static contribution, which is shown in Table 2-7 and Table 2-10 on page 2-8.

### Power per I/O Pin

**Table 2-7 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings <sup>1</sup>  
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

	VMV (V)	Static Power PDC2 (mW) <sup>1</sup>	Dynamic Power PAC9 (μW/MHz) <sup>2</sup>
<b>Single-Ended</b>			
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	3.3	–	16.69
2.5 V LVCMOS	2.5	–	5.12
1.8 V LVCMOS	1.8	–	2.13
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	1.5	–	1.45
3.3 V PCI	3.3	–	18.11
3.3 V PCI-X	3.3	–	18.11
<b>Differential</b>			
LVDS	2.5	2.26	1.20
LVPECL	3.3	5.72	1.87

*Notes:*

- $P_{DC2}$  is the static power (where applicable) measured on VMV.
- $P_{AC9}$  is the total dynamic power measured on  $V_{CC}$  and VMV.

**Table 2-19 • I/O AC Parameter Definitions**

Parameter	Parameter Definition
$t_{DP}$	Data-to-Pad delay through the Output Buffer
$t_{PY}$	Pad-to-Data delay through the Input Buffer
$t_{DOUT}$	Data-to-Output Buffer delay through the I/O interface
$t_{EOUT}$	Enable-to-Output Buffer Tristate Control delay through the I/O interface
$t_{DIN}$	Input Buffer-to-Data delay through the I/O interface
$t_{HZ}$	Enable-to-Pad delay through the Output Buffer—High to Z
$t_{ZH}$	Enable-to-Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Z to High
$t_{LZ}$	Enable-to-Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Low to Z
$t_{ZL}$	Enable-to-Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Z to Low
$t_{ZHS}$	Enable-to-Pad delay through the Output Buffer with delayed enable—Z to High
$t_{ZLS}$	Enable-to-Pad delay through the Output Buffer with delayed enable—Z to Low

**Table 2-20 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings**  
 –1 Speed Grade, Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_j = 115^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst Case VCC = 1.425 V  
 Worst Case VCCI = 3.0 V  
 Advanced I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength (mA)	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor ( $\Omega$ )	$t_{DOUT}$ (ns)	$t_{DP}$ (ns)	$t_{DIN}$ (ns)	$t_{PY}$ (ns)	$t_{EOUT}$ (ns)	$t_{ZL}$ (ns)	$t_{ZH}$ (ns)	$t_{LZ}$ (ns)	$t_{HZ}$ (ns)	$t_{ZLS}$ (ns)	$t_{ZHS}$ (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12 mA	High	35 pF	–	0.53	3.25	0.04	0.94	0.38	3.31	1.51	2.96	1.88	5.37	2.71	ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	High	35 pF	–	0.53	3.28	0.04	1.19	0.38	3.34	3.16	1.77	1.80	5.39	5.22	ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	12 mA	High	35 pF	–	0.53	3.25	0.04	1.12	0.38	1.89	1.63	3.41	3.75	3.06	2.82	ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	High	35 pF	–	0.53	3.75	0.04	1.32	0.38	2.18	1.91	3.63	3.87	3.35	3.11	ns
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	High	10 pF	25 <sup>2</sup>	0.53	2.12	0.04	0.78	0.38	1.23	0.91	2.57	2.96	2.41	2.11	ns
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	High	10 pF	25 <sup>2</sup>	0.53	2.47	0.04	0.77	0.38	1.23	0.91	2.57	2.96	2.41	2.11	ns
LVDS	24 mA	High	–	–	0.53	1.68	0.04	1.47	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	ns
LVPECL	24 mA	High	–	–	0.53	1.66	0.04	1.29	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	ns

**Notes:**

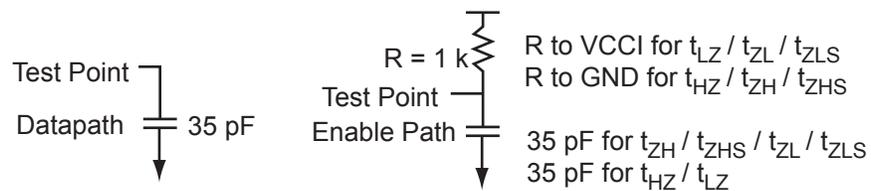
- For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.
- Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See [Figure 2-11 on page 2-48](#) for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.

**Table 2-23 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings**  
 –1 Speed Grade, Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 115^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Worst Case VCC = 1.425 V  
 Worst Case VCCI = 3.0 V  
 Standard Plus I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength (mA)	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor	t <sub>BOU</sub> (ns)	t <sub>DP</sub> (ns)	t <sub>DIN</sub> (ns)	t <sub>PY</sub> (ns)	t <sub>EOUT</sub> (ns)	t <sub>ZL</sub> (ns)	t <sub>ZH</sub> (ns)	t <sub>LZ</sub> (ns)	t <sub>HZ</sub> (ns)	t <sub>ZLS</sub> (ns)	t <sub>ZHS</sub> (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12 mA	High	35 pF	–	0.55	3.36	0.04	0.97	0.39	3.42	1.56	3.05	1.94	5.55	2.80	ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	High	35 pF	–	0.55	3.05	0.04	1.23	0.39	3.11	2.99	1.56	1.69	5.23	5.11	ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	8 mA	High	35 pF	–	0.55	3.73	0.04	1.16	0.39	3.65	3.86	1.62	1.68	5.78	5.99	ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	4 mA	High	35 pF	–	0.55	4.60	0.04	1.35	0.39	4.61	5.05	2.07	1.85	6.74	7.18	ns
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	High	10 pF	25 <sup>2</sup>	0.55	2.55	0.04	0.82	0.39	1.27	0.94	2.65	3.06	2.49	2.18	ns
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	High	10 pF	25 <sup>2</sup>	0.55	2.55	0.04	0.79	0.39	1.27	0.94	2.65	3.06	2.49	2.18	ns

**Notes:**

1. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.
2. Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See [Figure 2-11 on page 2-48](#) for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.


**Figure 2-7 • AC Loading**
**Table 2-34 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C <sub>LOAD</sub> (pF)
0	3.3	1.4	35

*Note:* \*Measuring point =  $V_{trip}$ . See Table 2-18 on page 2-17 for a complete table of trip points.

**Table 2-48 • 2.5 V LVC MOS High Slew**

Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V  
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	STD	0.64	9.26	0.05	1.45	0.46	8.28	9.26	1.24	1.12	10.78	11.756	ns
	-1	0.55	7.87	0.04	1.23	0.39	7.05	7.87	1.24	1.13	9.17	10	ns
6 mA	STD	0.64	5.43	0.05	1.45	0.46	5.19	5.43	1.43	1.47	7.69	7.926	ns
	-1	0.55	4.62	0.04	1.23	0.39	4.42	4.62	1.43	1.47	6.55	6.743	ns
12 mA	STD	0.64	3.59	0.05	1.45	0.46	3.65	3.51	1.56	1.69	6.15	6.012	ns
	-1	0.55	3.05	0.04	1.23	0.39	3.11	2.99	1.56	1.69	5.23	5.114	ns

**Notes:**

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-49 • 2.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew**

Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V  
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	STD	0.64	12.12	0.05	1.45	0.46	11.89	12.12	1.25	1.08	14.39	14.622	ns
	-1	0.55	10.31	0.04	1.23	0.39	10.12	10.31	1.25	1.08	12.24	12.438	ns
6 mA	STD	0.64	8.24	0.05	1.45	0.46	8.39	8.23	1.43	1.42	10.89	10.73	ns
	-1	0.55	7.01	0.04	1.23	0.39	7.14	7.00	1.43	1.42	9.26	9.128	ns
12 mA	STD	0.64	6.30	0.05	1.45	0.46	6.41	6.16	1.56	1.63	8.91	8.656	ns
	-1	0.55	5.35	0.04	1.23	0.39	5.45	5.24	1.56	1.63	7.58	7.364	ns

**Note:** For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-52 • 2.5 V LVC MOS High Slew**

Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V  
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	STD	0.63	8.95	0.05	1.40	0.45	8.01	8.95	1.20	1.09	10.43	11.37	ns
	-1	0.53	7.62	0.04	1.19	0.38	6.82	7.62	1.20	1.09	8.87	9.68	ns
6 mA	STD	0.63	5.25	0.05	1.40	0.45	5.03	5.25	1.38	1.42	7.44	7.67	ns
	-1	0.53	4.47	0.04	1.19	0.38	4.27	4.47	1.38	1.42	6.33	6.52	ns
12 mA	STD	0.63	3.47	0.05	1.40	0.45	3.53	3.40	1.51	1.63	5.95	5.82	ns
	-1	0.53	2.95	0.04	1.19	0.38	3.01	2.89	1.51	1.63	5.06	4.95	ns

**Notes:**

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-53 • 2.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew**

Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V  
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	STD	0.63	11.73	0.05	1.40	0.45	11.51	11.73	1.21	1.04	13.93	14.15	ns
	-1	0.53	9.98	0.04	1.19	0.38	9.79	9.98	1.21	1.04	11.85	12.03	ns
6 mA	STD	0.63	7.97	0.05	1.40	0.45	8.12	7.96	1.38	1.37	10.54	10.38	ns
	-1	0.53	6.78	0.04	1.19	0.38	6.91	6.77	1.39	1.37	8.96	8.83	ns
12 mA	STD	0.63	6.09	0.05	1.40	0.45	6.20	5.96	1.51	1.58	8.62	8.38	ns
	-1	0.53	5.18	0.04	1.19	0.38	5.28	5.07	1.51	1.58	7.33	7.12	ns

**Note:** For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-62 • 1.8 V LVC MOS Low Slew**

Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V  
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	STD	0.63	16.80	0.05	1.40	0.45	15.27	16.80	1.48	0.84	17.69	19.22	ns
	-1	0.53	14.29	0.04	1.19	0.38	12.99	14.29	1.49	0.84	15.05	16.35	ns
4 mA	STD	0.63	11.33	0.05	1.40	0.45	11.26	11.33	1.73	1.43	13.68	13.75	ns
	-1	0.53	9.64	0.04	1.19	0.38	9.58	9.64	1.73	1.43	11.64	11.70	ns
6 mA	STD	0.63	8.71	0.05	1.40	0.45	8.87	8.48	1.89	1.72	11.29	10.90	ns
	-1	0.53	7.41	0.04	1.19	0.38	7.54	7.22	1.89	1.72	9.60	9.27	ns
8 mA	STD	0.63	8.12	0.05	1.40	0.45	8.27	7.89	1.93	1.79	10.69	10.31	ns
	-1	0.53	6.90	0.04	1.19	0.38	7.03	6.72	1.93	1.79	9.09	8.77	ns
12 mA	STD	0.63	7.89	0.05	1.40	0.45	7.83	7.89	1.98	2.07	10.25	10.31	ns
	-1	0.53	6.71	0.04	1.19	0.38	6.66	6.71	1.98	2.07	8.72	8.77	ns
16 mA	STD	0.63	7.89	0.05	1.40	0.45	7.83	7.89	1.98	2.07	10.25	10.31	ns
	-1	0.53	6.71	0.04	1.19	0.38	6.66	6.71	1.98	2.07	8.72	8.77	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-5 on page 2-5 for derating values.

**Table 2-63 • 1.8 V LVC MOS High Slew**

Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V  
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	STD	0.63	12.83	0.05	1.32	0.45	9.44	12.26	1.20	0.80	11.86	14.68	ns
	-1	0.53	10.92	0.04	1.12	0.38	8.03	10.43	1.20	0.80	10.09	12.49	ns
4 mA	STD	0.63	7.48	0.05	1.32	0.45	5.93	7.01	1.41	1.36	8.35	9.43	ns
	-1	0.53	6.36	0.04	1.12	0.38	5.04	5.97	1.42	1.37	7.10	8.02	ns
6 mA	STD	0.63	4.81	0.05	1.32	0.45	4.15	4.39	1.57	1.63	6.57	6.81	ns
	-1	0.53	4.09	0.04	1.12	0.38	3.53	3.74	1.57	1.63	5.59	5.79	ns
8 mA	STD	0.63	4.25	0.05	1.32	0.45	4.15	4.39	1.57	1.63	6.57	6.81	ns
	-1	0.53	3.61	0.04	1.12	0.38	3.53	3.74	1.57	1.63	5.59	5.79	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-5 on page 2-5 for derating values.

**Timing Characteristics**
**Table 2-68 • 1.5 V LVC MOS High Slew**
**Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$   
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	STD	0.64	9.35	0.05	1.61	0.46	7.63	9.35	1.87	1.50	10.13	11.851	ns
	-1	0.55	7.95	0.04	1.37	0.39	6.49	7.95	1.87	1.50	8.62	10.081	ns
4 mA	STD	0.64	5.94	0.05	1.61	0.46	5.42	5.94	2.07	1.84	7.92	8.442	ns
	-1	0.55	5.05	0.04	1.37	0.39	4.61	5.05	2.07	1.85	6.74	7.181	ns
6 mA	STD	0.64	5.22	0.05	1.61	0.46	5.09	5.22	2.11	1.93	7.59	7.718	ns
	-1	0.55	4.44	0.04	1.37	0.39	4.33	4.44	2.11	1.93	6.45	6.566	ns
8 mA	STD	0.64	4.56	0.05	1.61	0.46	2.25	1.98	4.41	4.70	3.46	3.211	ns
	-1	0.55	3.88	0.04	1.37	0.39	2.25	1.98	3.75	4.00	3.46	3.213	ns
12 mA	STD	0.64	4.56	0.05	1.61	0.46	2.25	1.98	4.41	4.70	3.46	3.211	ns
	-1	0.55	3.88	0.04	1.37	0.39	2.25	1.98	3.75	4.00	3.46	3.213	ns

**Notes:**

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-69 • 1.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew**
**Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$   
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	STD	0.64	14.29	0.05	1.45	0.46	14.32	14.29	1.88	1.43	16.82	16.794	ns
	-1	0.55	12.16	0.04	1.23	0.39	12.18	12.16	1.88	1.43	14.31	14.286	ns
4 mA	STD	0.64	11.19	0.05	1.45	0.46	11.40	10.67	2.07	1.77	13.90	13.175	ns
	-1	0.55	9.52	0.04	1.23	0.39	9.70	9.08	2.07	1.77	11.82	11.207	ns
6 mA	STD	0.64	10.44	0.05	1.45	0.46	10.63	9.94	2.12	1.86	13.13	12.442	ns
	-1	0.55	8.88	0.04	1.23	0.39	9.04	8.46	2.12	1.86	11.17	10.584	ns
8 mA	STD	0.64	9.96	0.05	1.45	0.46	10.15	9.94	2.18	2.19	12.65	12.445	ns
	-1	0.55	8.47	0.04	1.23	0.39	8.63	8.46	2.19	2.20	10.76	10.586	ns
12 mA	STD	0.64	9.96	0.05	1.45	0.46	10.15	9.94	2.18	2.19	12.65	12.445	ns
	-1	0.55	8.47	0.04	1.23	0.39	8.63	8.46	2.19	2.20	10.76	10.586	ns

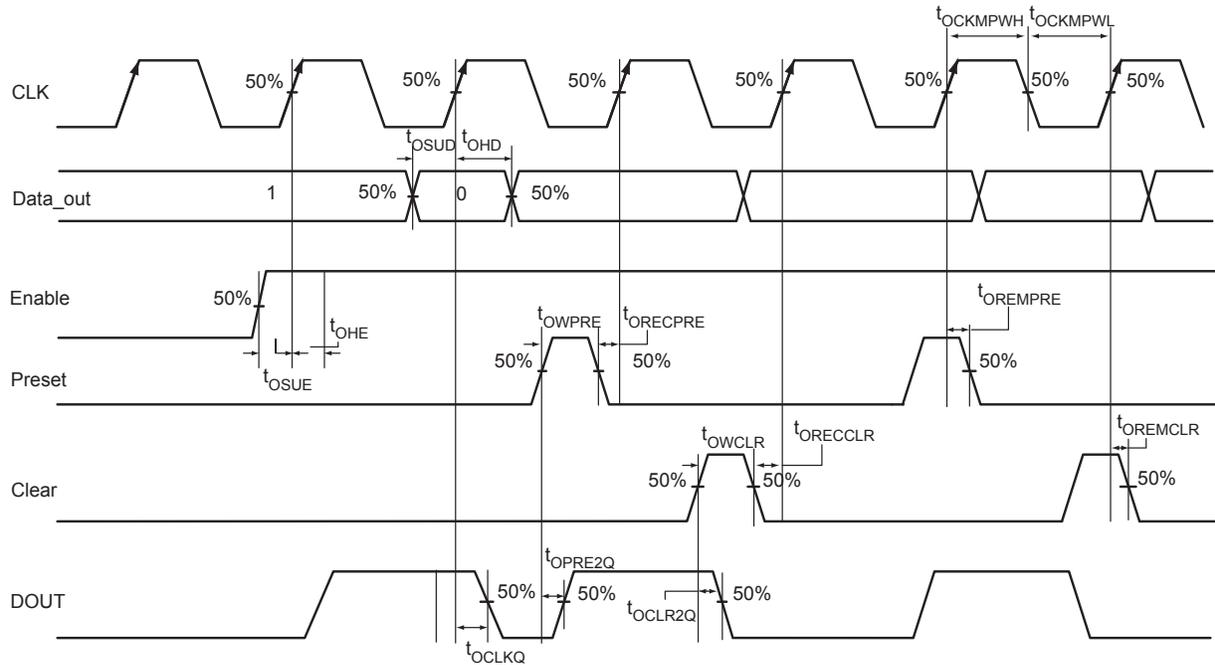
**Note:** For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-93 • Input Data Register Propagation Delays**  
**Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$** 

Parameter	Description	-1	Std.	Units
$t_{\text{CLKQ}}$	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	0.29	0.34	ns
$t_{\text{ISUD}}$	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	0.31	0.37	ns
$t_{\text{IHD}}$	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{ISUE}}$	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	0.44	0.52	ns
$t_{\text{IHE}}$	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{CLR2Q}}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Data Register	0.54	0.64	ns
$t_{\text{PRE2Q}}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Input Data Register	0.54	0.64	ns
$t_{\text{REMCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Input Data Register	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{RECCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	0.27	0.31	ns
$t_{\text{REMPRE}}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Input Data Register	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{RECPRE}}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	0.27	0.31	ns
$t_{\text{WCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Input Data Register	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{\text{WPRE}}$	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Input Data Register	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{\text{CKMPWH}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Input Data Register	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{\text{CKMPWL}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Input Data Register	0.37	0.43	ns

*Note:* For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

## Output Register



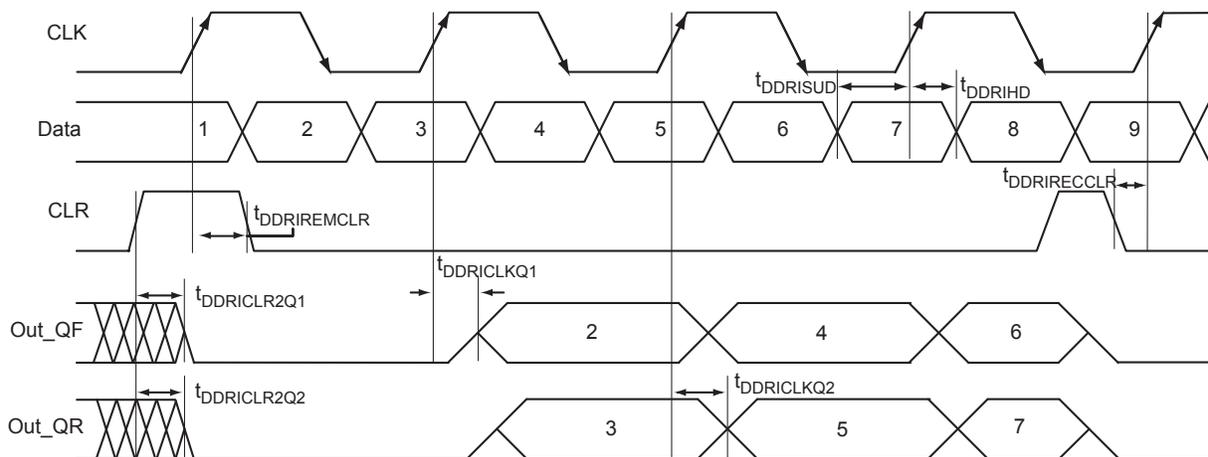
**Figure 2-18 • Output Register Timing Diagram**

### Timing Characteristics

**Table 2-94 • Output Data Register Propagation Delays**  
Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_j = 135^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-1	Std.	Units
$t_{OCLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	0.72	0.84	ns
$t_{OSUD}$	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	0.38	0.45	ns
$t_{OHD}$	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{OSUE}$	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	0.53	0.63	ns
$t_{OHE}$	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{OCLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	0.98	1.15	ns
$t_{OPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Data Register	0.98	1.15	ns
$t_{OREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	0.27	0.32	ns
$t_{OREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{ORECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	0.27	0.32	ns
$t_{OWCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Data Register	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OWPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Data Register	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OCKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output Data Register	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{OCKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output Data Register	0.37	0.43	ns

*Note:* For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.


**Figure 2-21 • Input DDR Timing Diagram**

### Timing Characteristics

**Table 2-99 • Input DDR Propagation Delays**

 Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	-1	Std.	Units
$t_{\text{DDRICKQ1}}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.33	0.39	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICKQ2}}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.47	0.56	ns
$t_{\text{DDRISUD}}$	Data Setup for Input DDR	0.34	0.40	ns
$t_{\text{DDRIHD}}$	Data Hold for Input DDR	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICLR2Q1}}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.56	0.66	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICLR2Q2}}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.69	0.82	ns
$t_{\text{DDRIREMCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Input DDR	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDRIRECCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Input DDR	0.27	0.32	ns
$t_{\text{DDRiWCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Input DDR	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICKMPWH}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for Input DDR	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICKMPWL}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for Input DDR	0.37	0.43	ns
$F_{\text{DDRIMAX}}$	Maximum Frequency for Input DDR	309	263	MHz

*Note:* For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-5 on page 2-5 for derating values.

**Table 2-110 • A3P125 Global Resource**  
 Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-1		Std.		Units
		Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	
$t_{RCKL}$	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.93	1.22	1.09	1.43	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.92	1.26	1.08	1.49	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.80		0.94		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.98		1.15		ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.35		0.41	ns

**Notes:**

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-111 • A3P125 Global Resource**  
 Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-1		Std.		Units
		Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	
$t_{RCKL}$	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.90	1.19	1.06	1.40	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.90	1.23	1.05	1.45	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.80		0.94		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.98		1.15		ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.34		0.40	ns

**Notes:**

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-114 • A3P1000 Global Resource**  
 Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-1		Std.		Units
		Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	
$t_{RCKL}$	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.17	1.46	1.37	1.72	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.15	1.50	1.36	1.76	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.80		0.94		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.98		1.15		ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.35		0.41	ns

**Notes:**

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-115 • A3P1000 Global Resource**  
 Automotive-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 115^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-1		Std.		Units
		Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	
$t_{RCKL}$	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.14	1.43	1.34	1.68	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.13	1.46	1.32	1.72	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.80		0.94		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.98		1.15		ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.34		0.40	ns

**Notes:**

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-5 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

## Timing Waveforms

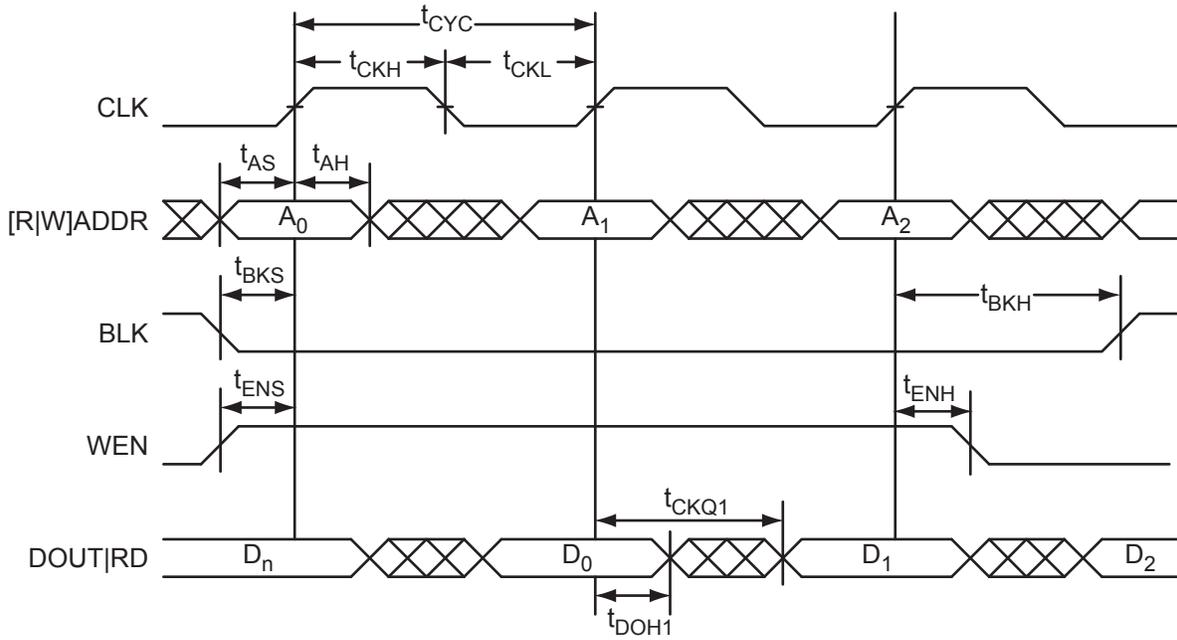


Figure 2-31 • RAM Read for Pass-Through Output. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18.

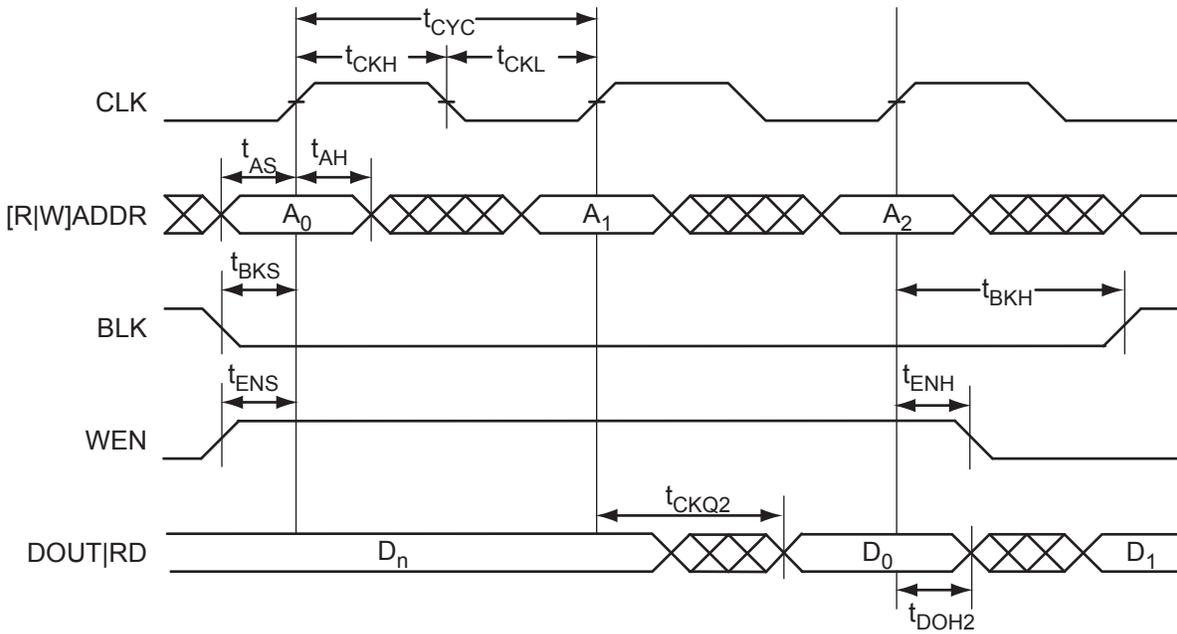


Figure 2-32 • RAM Read for Pipelined Output. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18.

VQ100		VQ100		VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function	Pin Number	A3P250 Function	Pin Number	A3P250 Function
1	GND	35	IO85RSB2	69	IO43NDB1
2	GAA2/IO118UDB3	36	IO84RSB2	70	GBC2/IO43PDB1
3	IO118VDB3	37	VCC	71	GBB2/IO42PSB1
4	GAB2/IO117UDB3	38	GND	72	IO41NDB1
5	IO117VDB3	39	VCCIB2	73	GBA2/IO41PDB1
6	GAC2/IO116UDB3	40	IO77RSB2	74	VMV1
7	IO116VDB3	41	IO74RSB2	75	GNDQ
8	IO112PSB3	42	IO71RSB2	76	GBA1/IO40RSB0
9	GND	43	GDC2/IO63RSB2	77	GBA0/IO39RSB0
10	GFB1/IO109PDB3	44	GDB2/IO62RSB2	78	GBB1/IO38RSB0
11	GFB0/IO109NDB3	45	GDA2/IO61RSB2	79	GBB0/IO37RSB0
12	VCOMPLF	46	GNDQ	80	GBC1/IO36RSB0
13	GFA0/IO108NPB3	47	TCK	81	GBC0/IO35RSB0
14	VCCPLF	48	TDI	82	IO29RSB0
15	GFA1/IO108PPB3	49	TMS	83	IO27RSB0
16	GFA2/IO107PSB3	50	VMV2	84	IO25RSB0
17	VCC	51	GND	85	IO23RSB0
18	VCCIB3	52	VPUMP	86	IO21RSB0
19	GFC2/IO105PSB3	53	NC	87	VCCIB0
20	GEC1/IO100PDB3	54	TDO	88	GND
21	GEC0/IO100NDB3	55	TRST	89	VCC
22	GEA1/IO98PDB3	56	VJTAG	90	IO15RSB0
23	GEA0/IO98NDB3	57	GDA1/IO60USB1	91	IO13RSB0
24	VMV3	58	GDC0/IO58VDB1	92	IO11RSB0
25	GNDQ	59	GDC1/IO58UDB1	93	GAC1/IO05RSB0
26	GEA2/IO97RSB2	60	IO52NDB1	94	GAC0/IO04RSB0
27	GEB2/IO96RSB2	61	GCB2/IO52PDB1	95	GAB1/IO03RSB0
28	GEC2/IO95RSB2	62	GCA1/IO50PDB1	96	GAB0/IO02RSB0
29	IO93RSB2	63	GCA0/IO50NDB1	97	GAA1/IO01RSB0
30	IO92RSB2	64	GCC0/IO48NDB1	98	GAA0/IO00RSB0
31	IO91RSB2	65	GCC1/IO48PDB1	99	GNDQ
32	IO90RSB2	66	VCCIB1	100	VMV0
33	IO88RSB2	67	GND		
34	IO86RSB2	68	VCC		

FG144		FG144		FG144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function	Pin Number	A3P060 Function	Pin Number	A3P060 Function
A1	GNDQ	D1	IO91RSB1	G1	GFA1/IO84RSB1
A2	VMV0	D2	IO92RSB1	G2	GND
A3	GAB0/IO04RSB0	D3	IO93RSB1	G3	VCCPLF
A4	GAB1/IO05RSB0	D4	GAA2/IO51RSB1	G4	GFA0/IO85RSB1
A5	IO08RSB0	D5	GAC0/IO06RSB0	G5	GND
A6	GND	D6	GAC1/IO07RSB0	G6	GND
A7	IO11RSB0	D7	GBC0/IO19RSB0	G7	GND
A8	VCC	D8	GBC1/IO20RSB0	G8	GDC1/IO45RSB0
A9	IO16RSB0	D9	GBB2/IO27RSB0	G9	IO32RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO23RSB0	D10	IO18RSB0	G10	GCC2/IO43RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO24RSB0	D11	IO28RSB0	G11	IO31RSB0
A12	GNDQ	D12	GCB1/IO37RSB0	G12	GCB2/IO42RSB0
B1	GAB2/IO53RSB1	E1	VCC	H1	VCC
B2	GND	E2	GFC0/IO88RSB1	H2	GFB2/IO82RSB1
B3	GAA0/IO02RSB0	E3	GFC1/IO89RSB1	H3	GFC2/IO81RSB1
B4	GAA1/IO03RSB0	E4	VCCIB1	H4	GEC1/IO77RSB1
B5	IO00RSB0	E5	IO52RSB1	H5	VCC
B6	IO10RSB0	E6	VCCIB0	H6	IO34RSB0
B7	IO12RSB0	E7	VCCIB0	H7	IO44RSB0
B8	IO14RSB0	E8	GCC1/IO35RSB0	H8	GDB2/IO55RSB1
B9	GBB0/IO21RSB0	E9	VCCIB0	H9	GDC0/IO46RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO22RSB0	E10	VCC	H10	VCCIB0
B11	GND	E11	GCA0/IO40RSB0	H11	IO33RSB0
B12	VMV0	E12	IO30RSB0	H12	VCC
C1	IO95RSB1	F1	GFB0/IO86RSB1	J1	GEB1/IO75RSB1
C2	GFA2/IO83RSB1	F2	VCOMPLF	J2	IO78RSB1
C3	GAC2/IO94RSB1	F3	GFB1/IO87RSB1	J3	VCCIB1
C4	VCC	F4	IO90RSB1	J4	GEC0/IO76RSB1
C5	IO01RSB0	F5	GND	J5	IO79RSB1
C6	IO09RSB0	F6	GND	J6	IO80RSB1
C7	IO13RSB0	F7	GND	J7	VCC
C8	IO15RSB0	F8	GCC0/IO36RSB0	J8	TCK
C9	IO17RSB0	F9	GCB0/IO38RSB0	J9	GDA2/IO54RSB1
C10	GBA2/IO25RSB0	F10	GND	J10	TDO
C11	IO26RSB0	F11	GCA1/IO39RSB0	J11	GDA1/IO49RSB0
C12	GBC2/IO29RSB0	F12	GCA2/IO41RSB0	J12	GDB1/IO47RSB0

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
K1	GEB0/IO99NDB3
K2	GEA1/IO98PDB3
K3	GEA0/IO98NDB3
K4	GEA2/IO97RSB2
K5	IO90RSB2
K6	IO84RSB2
K7	GND
K8	IO66RSB2
K9	GDC2/IO63RSB2
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO60VDB1
K12	GDB0/IO59VDB1
L1	GND
L2	VMV3
L3	GEB2/IO96RSB2
L4	IO91RSB2
L5	VCCIB2
L6	IO82RSB2
L7	IO80RSB2
L8	IO72RSB2
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV2
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO95RSB2
M3	IO92RSB2
M4	IO89RSB2
M5	IO87RSB2
M6	IO85RSB2
M7	IO78RSB2
M8	IO76RSB2
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ



## Datasheet Categories

### **Categories**

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheet parameters are published before data has been fully characterized from silicon devices. The data provided for a given device, as highlighted in the "[Automotive ProASIC3 Device Status](#)" table on page II, is designated as either "Product Brief," "Advance," "Preliminary," or "Production." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

#### **Product Brief**

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advance or production) and contains general product information. This document gives an overview of specific device and family information.

#### **Advance**

This version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production. This label only applies to the DC and Switching Characteristics chapter of the datasheet and will only be used when the data has not been fully characterized.

#### **Preliminary**

The datasheet contains information based on simulation and/or initial characterization. The information is believed to be correct, but changes are possible.

#### **Production**

This version contains information that is considered to be final.

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