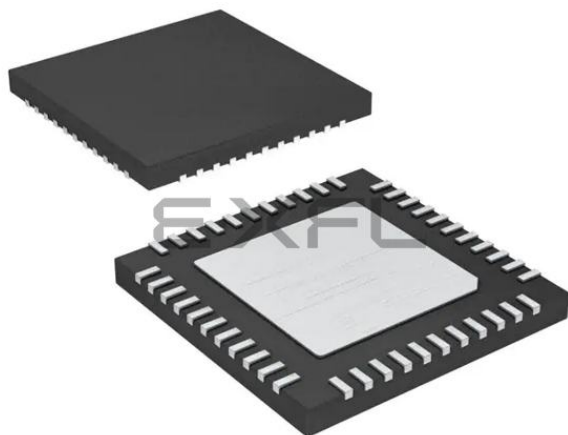




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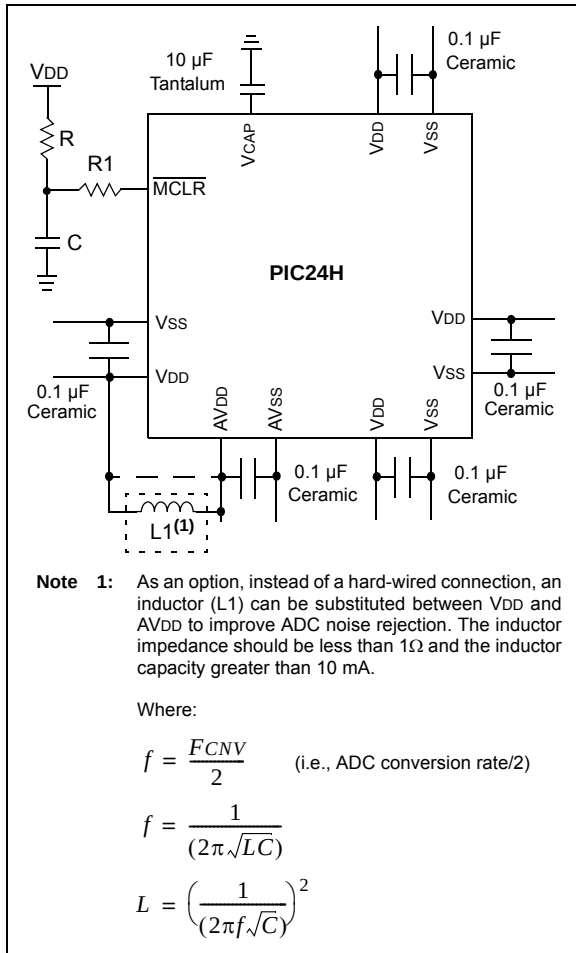
Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	16KB (5.5K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 13x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	44-QFN (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24hj16gp304-i-ml

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

FIGURE 2-1: RECOMMENDED MINIMUM CONNECTION



2.2.1 TANK CAPACITORS

On boards with power traces running longer than six inches in length, it is suggested to use a tank capacitor for integrated circuits including microcontrollers to supply a local power source. The value of the tank capacitor should be determined based on the trace resistance that connects the power supply source to the microcontroller, and the maximum current drawn by the microcontroller in the application. In other words, select the tank capacitor so that it meets the acceptable voltage sag at the device. Typical values range from 4.7 µF to 47 µF.

2.3 CPU Logic Filter Capacitor Connection (VCAP)

A low-ESR (< 5 Ohms) capacitor is required on the VCAP pin, which is used to stabilize the voltage regulator output voltage. The VCAP pin must not be connected to VDD, and must have a capacitor between 4.7 µF and 10 µF, 16V connected to ground. The type can be ceramic or tantalum. Refer to **Section 22.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** for additional information.

The placement of this capacitor should be close to the VCAP. It is recommended that the trace length not exceed one-quarter inch (6 mm). Refer to **Section 19.2 “On-Chip Voltage Regulator”** for details.

2.4 Master Clear (MCLR) Pin

The MCLR pin provides for two specific device functions:

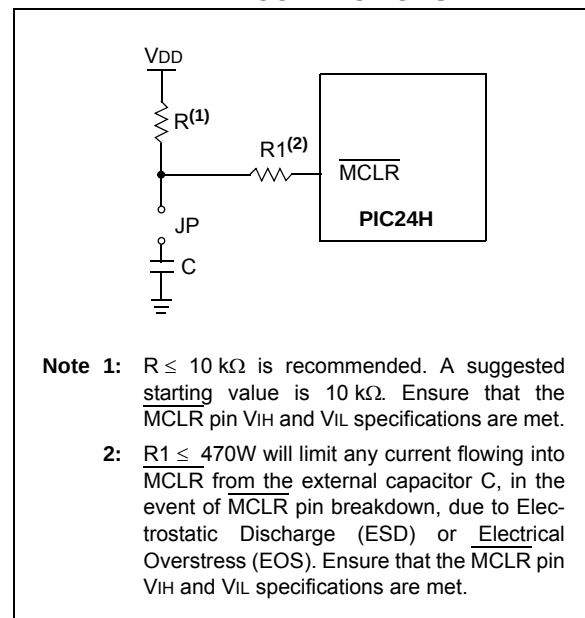
- Device Reset
- Device programming and debugging

During device programming and debugging, the resistance and capacitance that can be added to the pin must be considered. Device programmers and debuggers drive the MCLR pin. Consequently, specific voltage levels (V_{IH} and V_{IL}) and fast signal transitions must not be adversely affected. Therefore, specific values of R and C will need to be adjusted based on the application and PCB requirements.

For example, as shown in Figure 2-2, it is recommended that capacitor C is isolated from the MCLR pin during programming and debugging operations.

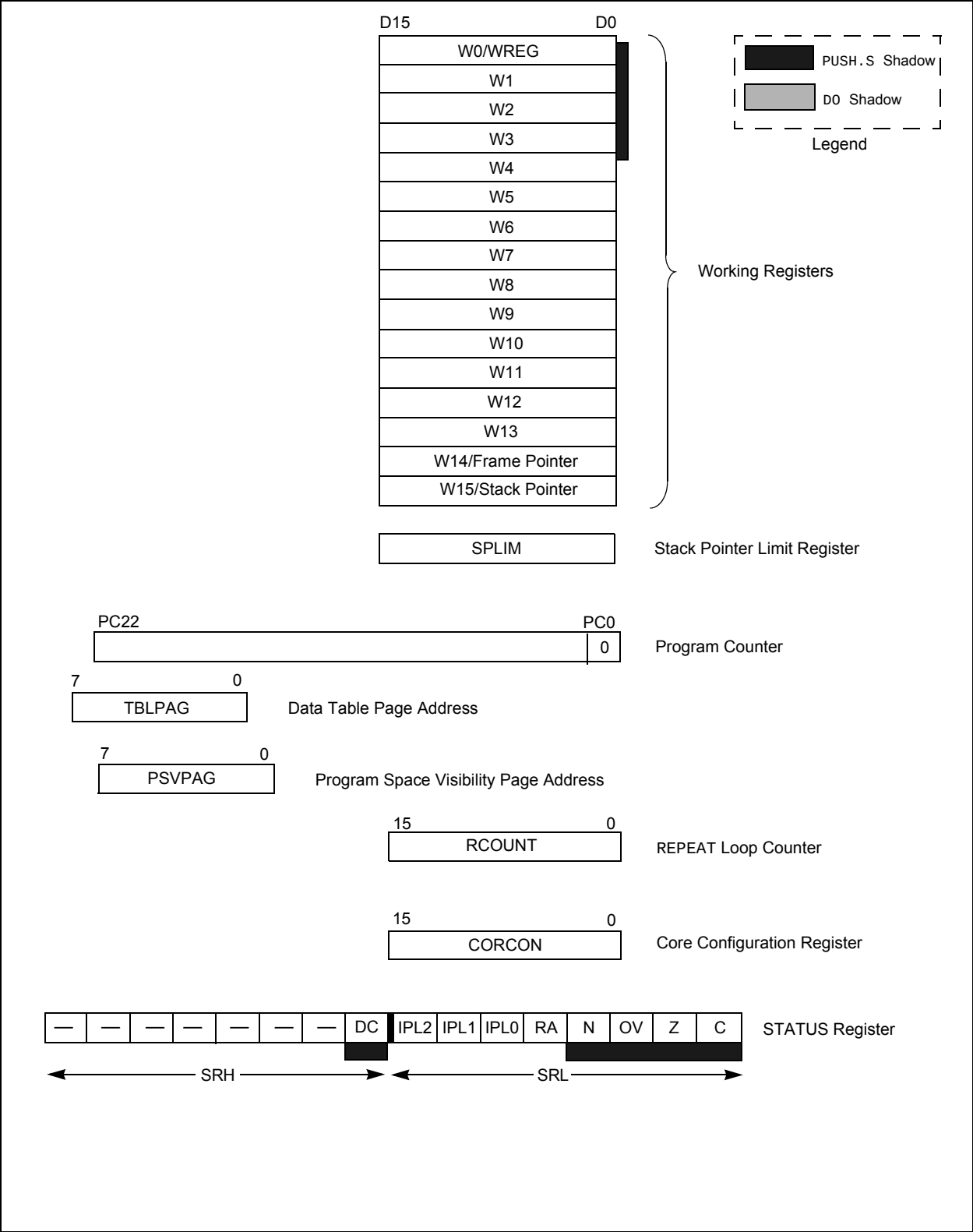
Place the components shown in Figure 2-2 within one-quarter inch (6 mm) from the MCLR pin.

FIGURE 2-2: EXAMPLE OF MCLR PIN CONNECTIONS



PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

FIGURE 3-2: PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304 PROGRAMMER'S MODEL



PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

4.0 MEMORY ORGANIZATION

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC24HJ32GP202/204 and PIC24HJ16GP304 family of devices. However, it is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual”, “Section 4. Program Memory” (DS70202), which is available from the Microchip website (www.microchip.com).

The PIC24HJ32GP202/204 and PIC24HJ16GP304 architecture features separate program and data memory spaces and buses. This architecture also allows the direct access of program memory from the data space during code execution.

4.1 Program Address Space

The devices program address memory space is 4M instructions. The space is addressable by a 24-bit value derived either from the 23-bit Program Counter (PC) during program execution, or from table operation or data space remapping as described in Section 4.6 “Interfacing Program and Data Memory Spaces”.

User application access to the program memory space is restricted to the lower half of the address range (0x000000 to 0x7FFFFFFF). The exception is the use of TBLRD/TBLWT operations, which use TBLPAG<7> to permit access to the Configuration bits and Device ID sections of the configuration memory space.

The memory maps for the PIC24HJ32GP202/204 and PIC24HJ16GP304 devices are shown in Figure 4-1.

FIGURE 4-1: PROGRAM MEMORY FOR PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304 DEVICES

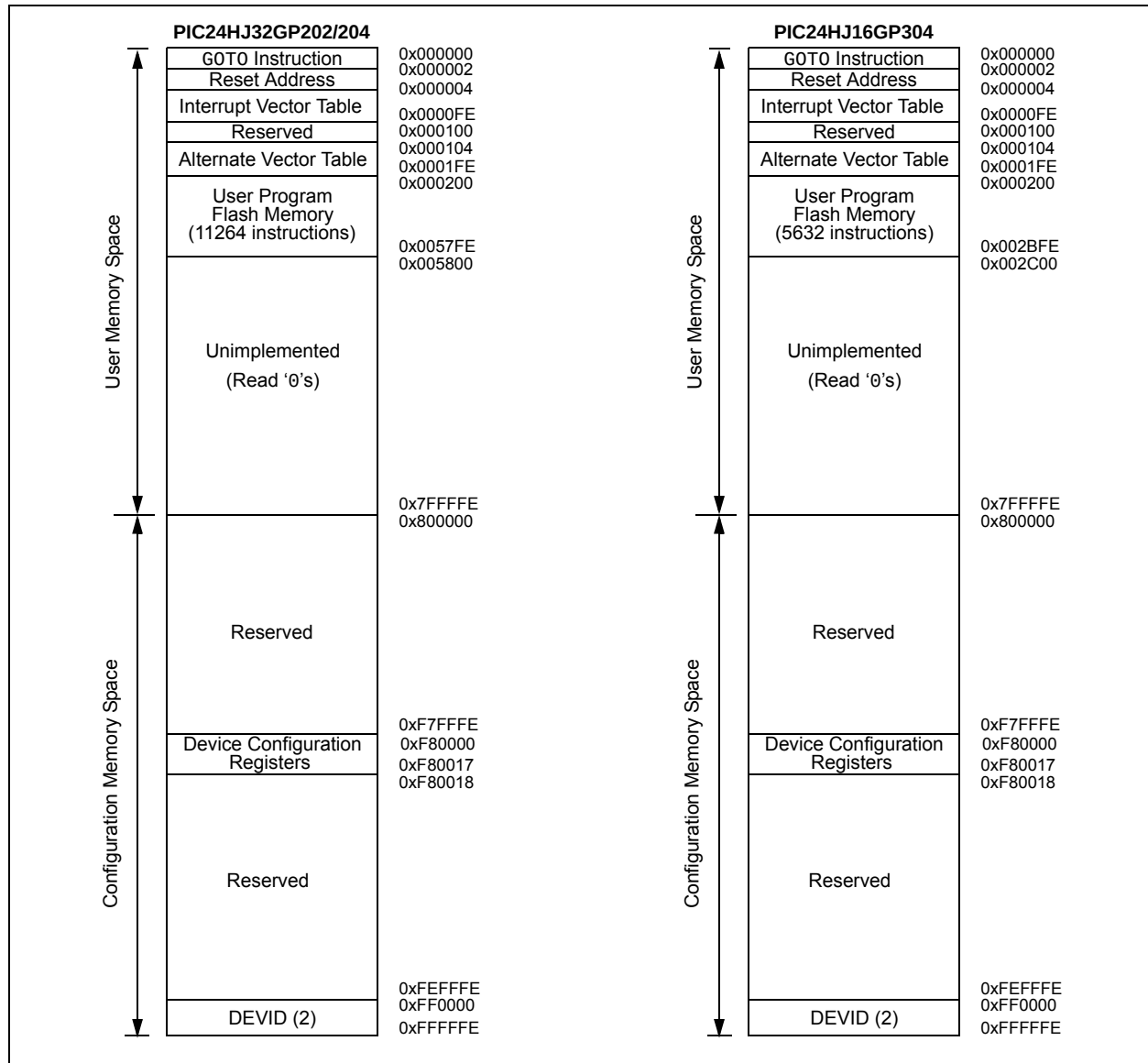


TABLE 4-8: I2C1 REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
I2C1RCV	0200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Receive Register								0000
I2C1TRN	0202	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Transmit Register								00FF
I2C1BRG	0204	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Baud Rate Generator Register								0000	
I2C1CON	0206	I2CEN	—	I2CSIDL	SCLREL	IPMIEN	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
I2C1STAT	0208	ACKSTAT	TRSTAT	—	—	—	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D_A	P	S	R_W	RBF	TBF	0000
I2C1ADD	020A	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Register										0000
I2C1MSK	020C	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Mask Register										0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-9: UART1 REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
U1MODE	0220	UARTEN	—	USIDL	IREN	RTSMD	—	UEN1	UEN0	WAKE	LPBACK	ABAUD	URXINV	BRGH	PDSEL<1:0>		STSEL	0000
U1STA	0222	UTXISEL1	UTXINV	UTXISEL0	—	UTXBRK	UTXEN	UTXBF	TRMT	URXISEL<1:0>		ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA	0110
U1TXREG	0224	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UART Transmit Register									xxxx
U1RXREG	0226	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UART Receive Register									0000
U1BRG	0228	Baud Rate Generator Prescaler																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-10: SPI1 REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
SPI1STAT	0240	SPIEN	—	SPISIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	SPIROV	—	—	—	—	SPITBF	SPIRBF	0000
SPI1CON1	0242	—	—	—	DISSCK	DISSDO	MODE16	SMP	CKE	SSEN	CKP	MSTEN	SPRE<2:0>			PPRE<1:0>		0000
SPI1CON2	0244	FRMEN	SPIFSD	FRMPOL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	FRMDLY	—	0000
SPI1BUF	0248	SPI1 Transmit and Receive Buffer Register																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

REGISTER 7-8: IEC0: INTERRUPT ENABLE CONTROL REGISTER 0 (CONTINUED)

bit 1	IC1IE: Input Capture Channel 1 Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request enabled 0 = Interrupt request not enabled
bit 0	INT0IE: External Interrupt 0 Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request enabled 0 = Interrupt request not enabled

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

NOTES:

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

REGISTER 10-13: RPOR3: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	RP7R<4:0>				
bit 15			bit 8				

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	RP6R<4:0>				
bit 7			bit 0				

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **RP7R<4:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP7 Output Pin (see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **RP6R<4:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP6 Output Pin (see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 10-14: RPOR4: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 4

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	RP9R<4:0>				
bit 15			bit 8				

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	RP8R<4:0>				
bit 7			bit 0				

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **RP9R<4:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP9 Output Pin (see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **RP8R<4:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP8 Output Pin (see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

17.1 UART Helpful Tips

1. In multi-node direct-connect UART networks, UART receive inputs react to the complementary logic level defined by the URXINV bit (UxMODE<4>), which defines the idle state, the default of which is logic high, (i.e., URXINV = 0). Because remote devices do not initialize at the same time, it is likely that one of the devices, because the RX line is floating, will trigger a start bit detection and will cause the first byte received after the device has been initialized to be invalid. To avoid this situation, the user should use a pull-up or pull-down resistor on the RX pin depending on the value of the URXINV bit.
 - a) If URXINV = 0, use a pull-up resistor on the RX pin.
 - b) If URXINV = 1, use a pull-down resistor on the RX pin.
2. The first character received on a wake-up from Sleep mode caused by activity on the UxRX pin of the UART module will be invalid. In Sleep mode, peripheral clocks are disabled. By the time the oscillator system has restarted and stabilized from Sleep mode, the baud rate bit sampling clock relative to the incoming UxRX bit timing is no longer synchronized, resulting in the first character being invalid. This is to be expected.

17.2 UART Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser: http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en530271
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17.2.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **Section 17. “UART” (DS70188)**
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All related dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manuals Sections
- Development Tools

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

18.5 ADC Control Registers

REGISTER 18-1: AD1CON1: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 1

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADON	—	ADSIDL	—	—	AD12B	FORM<1:0>	
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0 HC,HS	R/C-0 HC, HS
SSRC<2:0>			—	SIMSAM	ASAM	SAMP	DONE
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:	HC = Cleared by hardware	HS = Set by hardware	C = Clear only bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **ADON:** ADC Operating Mode bit
1 = ADC module is operating
0 = ADC is off
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **ADSIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode
0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10 **AD12B:** 10-bit or 12-bit Operation Mode bit
1 = 12-bit, 1-channel ADC operation
0 = 10-bit, 4-channel ADC operation
- bit 9-8 **FORM<1:0>:** Data Output Format bits
For 10-bit operation:
11 = Reserved
10 = Reserved
01 = Signed integer (DOUT = ssss sssd dddd dddd, where s = .NOT.d<9>)
00 = Integer (DOUT = 0000 00dd dddd dddd)
For 12-bit operation:
11 = Reserved
10 = Reserved
01 = Signed Integer (DOUT = ssss sddd dddd dddd, where s = .NOT.d<11>)
00 = Integer (DOUT = 0000 dddd dddd dddd)
- bit 7-5 **SSRC<2:0>:** Sample Clock Source Select bits
111 = Internal counter ends sampling and starts conversion (auto-convert)
110 = Reserved
101 = Reserved
100 = Reserved
011 = Reserved
010 = GP timer 3 compare ends sampling and starts conversion
001 = Active transition on INT0 pin ends sampling and starts conversion
000 = Clearing sample bit ends sampling and starts conversion
- bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3 **SIMSAM:** Simultaneous Sample Select bit (applicable only when CHPS<1:0> = 01 or 1x)
When AD12B = 1, SIMSAM is: U-0, Unimplemented, Read as '0'
1 = Samples CH0, CH1, CH2, CH3 simultaneously (when CHPS<1:0> = 1x); or
Samples CH0 and CH1 simultaneously (when CHPS<1:0> = 01)
0 = Samples multiple channels individually in sequence

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

REGISTER 18-6: AD1CSSL: ADC1 INPUT SCAN SELECT REGISTER LOW⁽¹⁾

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	CSS12	CSS11	CSS10	CSS9	CSS8
bit 15							
							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CSS7	CSS6	CSS5	CSS4	CSS3	CSS2	CSS1	CSS0
bit 7							
							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-0 **CSS<12:0>:** ADC Input Scan Selection bits

1 = Select ANx for input scan

0 = Skip ANx for input scan

Note 1: On devices without 13 analog inputs, all AD1CSSL bits can be selected by the user application. However, inputs selected for scan without a corresponding input on device converts VREFL.

2: CSSx = ANx, where x = 0 through 12.

REGISTER 18-7: AD1PCFGL: ADC1 PORT CONFIGURATION REGISTER LOW^(1,2,3)

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	PCFG12	PCFG11	PCFG10	PCFG9	PCFG8
bit 15							
							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PCFG7	PCFG6	PCFG5	PCFG4	PCFG3	PCFG2	PCFG1	PCFG0
bit 7							
							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-0 **PCFG<12:0>:** ADC Port Configuration Control bits

1 = Port pin in Digital mode, port read input enabled, ADC input multiplexer connected to AVss

0 = Port pin in Analog mode, port read input disabled, ADC samples pin voltage

Note 1: On devices without 13 analog inputs, all PCFG bits are R/W by user software. However, the PCFG bits are ignored on ports without a corresponding input on device.

2: PCFGx = ANx, where x = 0 through 12.

3: The PCFGx bits have no effect if the ADC module is disabled by setting ADxMD bit in the PMDx register. In this case, all port pins multiplexed with ANx will be in Digital mode.

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

TABLE 19-2: CONFIGURATION BITS DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Bit Field	Register	RTSP Effect	Description
FCKSM<1:0>	FOSC	Immediate	Clock Switching Mode bits 1x = Clock switching is disabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled 01 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled 00 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is enabled
IOL1WAY	FOSC	Immediate	Peripheral Pin Select Configuration 1 = Allow only one re-configuration 0 = Allow multiple re-configurations
OSCIOFNC	FOSC	Immediate	OSC2 Pin Function bit (except in XT and HS modes) 1 = OSC2 is clock output 0 = OSC2 is general purpose digital I/O pin
POSCMD<1:0>	FOSC	Immediate	Primary Oscillator Mode Select bits 11 = Primary oscillator disabled 10 = HS Crystal Oscillator mode 01 = XT Crystal Oscillator mode 00 = EC (External Clock) mode
FWDTEN	FWDT	Immediate	Watchdog Timer Enable bit 1 = Watchdog Timer always enabled (LPRC oscillator cannot be disabled. Clearing the SWDTEN bit in the RCON register will have no effect.) 0 = Watchdog Timer enabled/disabled by user software (LPRC can be disabled by clearing the SWDTEN bit in the RCON register)
WINDIS	FWDT	Immediate	Watchdog Timer Window Enable bit 1 = Watchdog Timer in Non-Window mode 0 = Watchdog Timer in Window mode
WDTPRE	FWDT	Immediate	Watchdog Timer Prescaler bit 1 = 1:128 0 = 1:32
WDTPOST<3:0>	FWDT	Immediate	Watchdog Timer Postscaler bits 1111 = 1:32,768 1110 = 1:16,384 • • • 0001 = 1:2 0000 = 1:1
ALT2C	FPOR	Immediate	Alternate I ² C™ pins 1 = I ² C mapped to SDA1/SCL1 pins 0 = I ² C mapped to ASDA1/ASCL1 pins
FPWRT<2:0>	FPOR	Immediate	Power-on Reset Timer Value Select bits 111 = PWRT = 128 ms 110 = PWRT = 64 ms 101 = PWRT = 32 ms 100 = PWRT = 16 ms 011 = PWRT = 8 ms 010 = PWRT = 4 ms 001 = PWRT = 2 ms 000 = PWRT = Disabled
JTAGEN	FICD	Immediate	JTAG Enable bit 1 = JTAG enabled 0 = JTAG disabled

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

TABLE 22-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: IDLE CURRENT (IDLE)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended		
Parameter No. ⁽³⁾	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max	Units	Conditions	
Idle Current (IDLE): Core OFF Clock ON Base Current ⁽¹⁾					
DC40d	7	20	mA	-40°C	3.3V 10 MIPS ⁽³⁾
DC40a	6	7	mA	+25°C	
DC40b	6	10	mA	+85°C	
DC40c	6	20	mA	+125°C	
DC41d	10	20	mA	-40°C	3.3V 16 MIPS ⁽³⁾
DC41a	8	9	mA	+25°C	
DC41b	8	10	mA	+85°C	
DC41c	8	20	mA	+125°C	
DC42d	11	20	mA	-40°C	3.3V 20 MIPS ⁽³⁾
DC42a	10	10	mA	+25°C	
DC42b	10	12	mA	+85°C	
DC42c	10	20	mA	+125°C	
DC43d	14	25	mA	-40°C	3.3V 30 MIPS ⁽³⁾
DC43a	13	14	mA	+25°C	
DC43b	13	15	mA	+85°C	
DC43c	13	25	mA	+125°C	
DC44d	14	25	mA	-40°C	3.3V 40 MIPS
DC44a	17	20	mA	+25°C	
DC44b	17	20	mA	+85°C	
DC44c	18	30	mA	+125°C	

Note 1: Base IDLE current is measured as follows:

- CPU core is off, oscillator is configured in EC mode and external clock active, OSC1 is driven with external square wave from rail-to-rail (EC clock overshoot/undershoot < 250 mV required)
- CLK0 is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration word
- All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to V_{SS}
- MCLR = V_{DD}, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- No peripheral modules are operating; however, every peripheral is being clocked (defined PMDx bits are set to zero and unimplemented PMDx bits are set to one)
- The NVMSIDL bit (NVMCON<12>) = 1 (i.e., Flash regulator is set to stand-by while the device is in Idle mode)
- JTAG is disabled

2: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

3: Data in "Typ" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

TABLE 22-21: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER, POWER-UP TIMER TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ ⁽²⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
SY10	TMCL	MCLR Pulse-Width (low) ⁽¹⁾	2	—	—	μs	-40°C to +85°C
SY11	TPWRT	Power-up Timer Period ⁽¹⁾	—	2 4 8 16 32 64 128	—	ms	-40°C to +85°C User programmable
SY12	TPOR	Power-on Reset Delay ⁽³⁾	3	10	30	μs	-40°C to +85°C
SY13	TIOZ	I/O High-Impedance from MCLR Low or Watchdog Timer Reset ⁽¹⁾	0.68	0.72	1.2	μs	—
SY20	TWDT1	Watchdog Timer Time-out Period ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	ms	See Section 19.4 “Watchdog Timer (WDT)” and LPRC specification F21a (Table 22-19).
SY30	TOST	Oscillator Start-up Time	—	1024 TOSC	—	—	TOSC = OSC1 period
SY35	TFSCM	Fail-Safe Clock Monitor Delay ⁽¹⁾	—	500	900	μs	-40°C to +85°C

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

Note 2: Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

Note 3: These parameters are characterized by similarity, but are not tested in manufacturing.

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

FIGURE 22-10: SPIx MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY) CKE = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

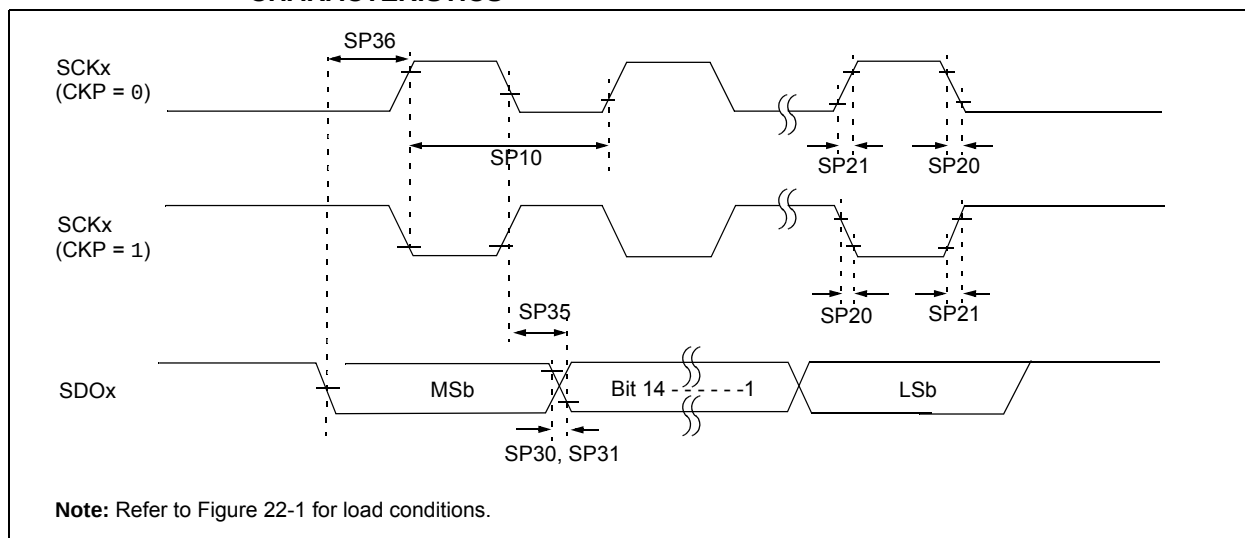


TABLE 22-29: SPIx MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min	Typ ⁽²⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
SP10	TscP	Maximum SCK Frequency	—	—	15	MHz	See Note 3
SP20	TscF	SCKx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP21	TscR	SCKx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	6	20	ns	—
SP36	TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

Note 2: Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

Note 3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 66.7 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

Note 4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

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TABLE 22-32: SPIx SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min	Typ ⁽²⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
SP70	TscP	Maximum SCK Input Frequency	—	—	15	MHz	See Note 3
SP72	TscF	SCKx Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP73	TscR	SCKx Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	6	20	ns	—
SP36	TdoV2sch, TdoV2scL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—
SP40	TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—
SP50	TssL2sch, TssL2scL	$\overline{SSx} \downarrow$ to SCKx $\uparrow$ or SCKx Input	120	—	—	ns	—
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SSx} \uparrow$ to SDOx Output High-Impedance ⁽⁴⁾	10	—	50	ns	—
SP52	Tsch2ssH TscL2ssH	$\overline{SSx}$ after SCKx Edge	1.5 TCY + 40	—	—	ns	See Note 4
SP60	TssL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after $\overline{SSx}$ Edge	—	—	50	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 66.7 ns. Therefore, the SCK clock generated by the Master must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

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FIGURE 22-19: I2Cx BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (SLAVE MODE)

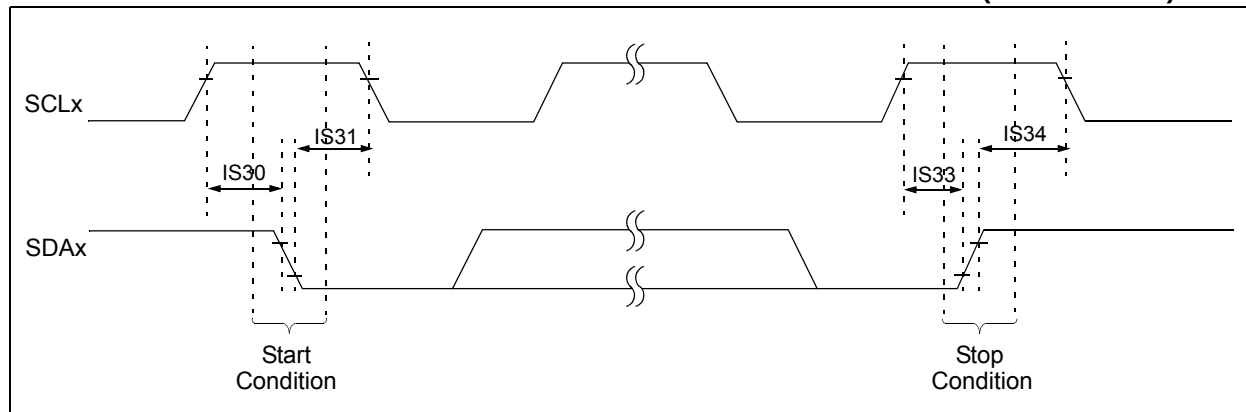
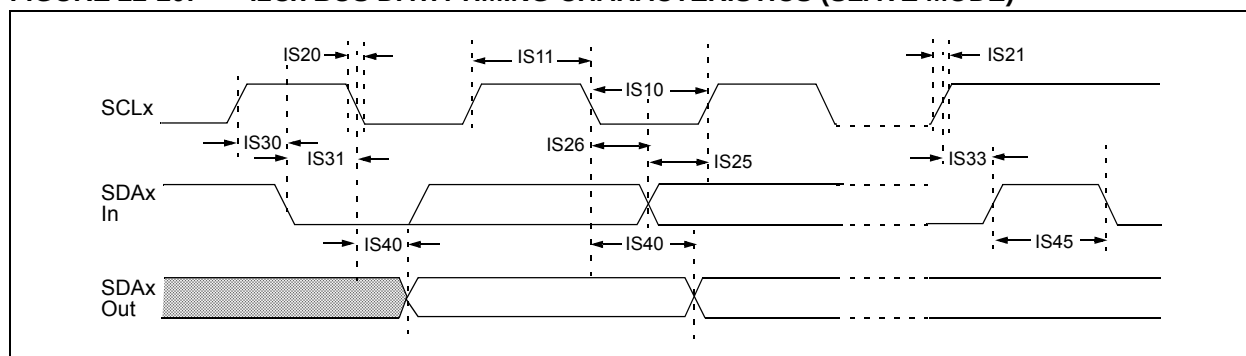


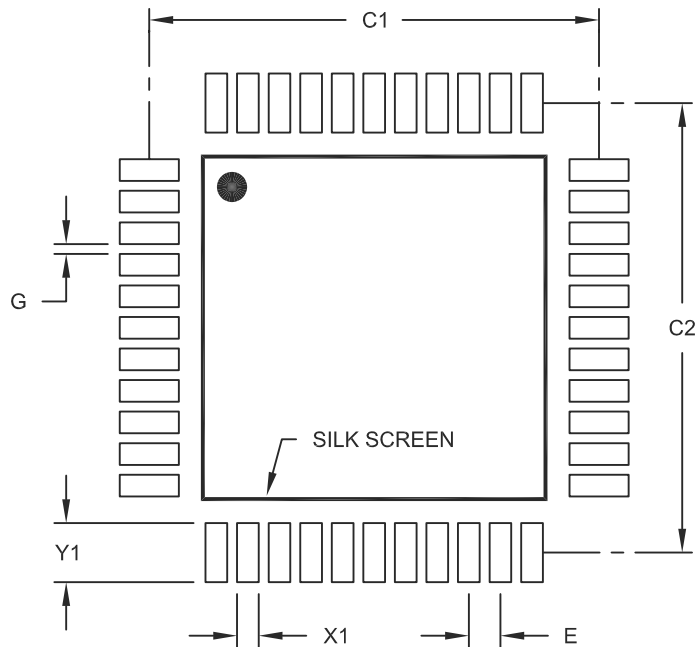
FIGURE 22-20: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (SLAVE MODE)



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44-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.80 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		11.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		11.40	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.55
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2076A

PIC24HJ32GP202/204 AND PIC24HJ16GP304

Revision G (January 2011)

This revision includes typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text. In addition, all instances of VDDCORE have been removed.

All other major changes are referenced by their respective section in the following table.

TABLE A-2: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
High-Performance, 16-bit Microcontrollers	Added the SSOP package information (see “Packaging:” , Table 1, and “Pin Diagrams”).
Section 2.0 “Guidelines for Getting Started with 16-bit Microcontrollers”	The frequency limitation for device PLL start-up conditions was updated in Section 2.7 “Oscillator Value Conditions on Device Start-up” . The second paragraph in Section 2.9 “Unused I/Os” was updated.
Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”	Updated the data memory reference in the third paragraph in Section 4.2 “Data Address Space” . The All Resets values for the following SFRs in the Timer Register Map were changed (see Table 4-5): • TMR1 • TMR2 • TMR3
Section 8.0 “Oscillator Configuration”	Added Note 3 to the OSCCON: Oscillator Control Register (see Register 8-1). Added Note 2 to the CLKDIV: Clock Divisor Register (see Register 8-2). Added Note 1 to the PLLFBD: PLL Feedback Divisor Register (see Register 8-3). Added Note 2 to the OSCTUN: FRC Oscillator Tuning Register (see Register 8-4).
Section 18.0 “10-bit/12-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)”	Updated the VREFL references in the ADC1 module block diagrams (see Figure 18-1 and Figure 18-2).
Section 19.0 “Special Features”	Added a new paragraph and removed the third paragraph in Section 19.1 “Configuration Bits” . Added the column “RTSP Effects” to the Configuration Bits Descriptions (see Table 19-2).

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