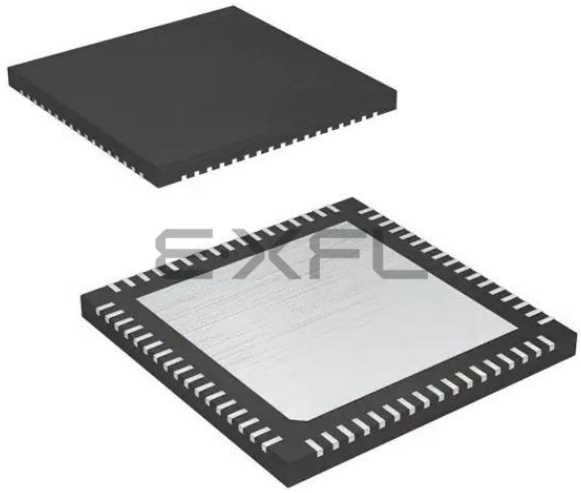

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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	49
Number of Gates	30000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	68-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	68-QFN (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p030-2qng68

ProASIC3 Device Family Overview

ProASIC3 DC and Switching Characteristics

Pin Descriptions

Package Pin Assignments

Datasheet Information

I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards

The ProASIC3 family of FPGAs features a flexible I/O structure, supporting a range of voltages (1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V). ProASIC3 FPGAs support many different I/O standards—single-ended and differential.

The I/Os are organized into banks, with two or four banks per device. The configuration of these banks determines the I/O standards supported (Table 1-1).

Table 1-1 • **I/O Standards Supported**

I/O Bank Type	Device and Bank Location	I/O Standards Supported		
		LVTTL/ LVCMOS	PCI/PCI-X	LVPECL, LVDS, B-LVDS, M-LVDS
Advanced	East and west Banks of A3P250 and larger devices	✓	✓	✓
Standard Plus	North and south banks of A3P250 and larger devices All banks of A3P060 and A3P125	✓	✓	Not supported
Standard	All banks of A3P015 and A3P030	✓	Not supported	Not supported

Each I/O module contains several input, output, and enable registers. These registers allow the implementation of the following:

- Single-Data-Rate applications
- Double-Data-Rate applications—DDR LVDS, B-LVDS, and M-LVDS I/Os for point-to-point communications

ProASIC3 banks for the A3P250 device and above support LVPECL, LVDS, B-LVDS and M-LVDS. B-LVDS and M-LVDS can support up to 20 loads.

Hot-swap (also called hot-plug, or hot-insertion) is the operation of hot-insertion or hot-removal of a card in a powered-up system.

Cold-sparing (also called cold-swap) refers to the ability of a device to leave system data undisturbed when the system is powered up, while the component itself is powered down, or when power supplies are floating.

Wide Range I/O Support

ProASIC3 devices support JEDEC-defined wide range I/O operation. ProASIC3 supports the JESD8-B specification, covering both 3 V and 3.3 V supplies, for an effective operating range of 2.7 V to 3.6 V.

Wider I/O range means designers can eliminate power supplies or power conditioning components from the board or move to less costly components with greater tolerances. Wide range eases I/O bank management and provides enhanced protection from system voltage spikes, while providing the flexibility to easily run custom voltage applications.

Specifying I/O States During Programming

You can modify the I/O states during programming in FlashPro. In FlashPro, this feature is supported for PDB files generated from Designer v8.5 or greater. See the *FlashPro User's Guide* for more information.

Note: PDB files generated from Designer v8.1 to Designer v8.4 (including all service packs) have limited display of Pin Numbers only.

1. Load a PDB from the FlashPro GUI. You must have a PDB loaded to modify the I/O states during programming.
2. From the FlashPro GUI, click PDB Configuration. A FlashPoint – Programming File Generator window appears.
3. Click the Specify I/O States During Programming button to display the Specify I/O States During Programming dialog box.
4. Sort the pins as desired by clicking any of the column headers to sort the entries by that header. Select the I/Os you wish to modify (Figure 1-4 on page 1-8).
5. Set the I/O Output State. You can set Basic I/O settings if you want to use the default I/O settings for your pins, or use Custom I/O settings to customize the settings for each pin. Basic I/O state settings:

   1 – I/O is set to drive out logic High

Overview of I/O Performance

Summary of I/O DC Input and Output Levels – Default I/O Software Settings

Table 2-18 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions—Software Default Settings Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option[2]	Slew Rate	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL[1] mA	IOH[1] mA
				Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V		
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	12	12
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[3]	100 µA	12 mA	High	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VCCI – 0.2	0.1	0.1
2.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	–0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	12	12
1.8 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	12	12
1.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	12	12
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI specifications										
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X specifications										

Notes:

1. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
2. *3.3 V LVCMOS wide range is applicable to 100 µA drive strength only. The configuration will NOT operate at the equivalent software default drive strength. These values are for Normal Ranges ONLY.*
3. *All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.*

Table 2-32 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

	Drive Strength	IOSL (mA)[1]	IOSH (mA)[1]
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	27	25
	4 mA	27	25
	6 mA	54	51
	8 mA	54	51
	12 mA	109	103
	16 mA	127	132
	24 mA	181	268
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[2]	100 µA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	18	16
	4 mA	18	16
	6 mA	37	32
	8 mA	37	32
	12 mA	74	65
	16 mA	87	83
	24 mA	124	169
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	11	9
	4 mA	22	17
	6 mA	44	35
	8 mA	51	45
	12 mA	74	91
	16 mA	74	91
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	16	13
	4 mA	33	25
	6 mA	39	32
	8 mA	55	66
	12 mA	55	66
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	109	103

Notes:

1. *T_J = 100°C*
2. *Applicable to 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range. I_{OSL}/I_{OSH} dependent on the I/O buffer drive strength selected for wide range applications. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.*

Table 2-49 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option[1]	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL[2]	IIH[3]
Drive Strength		Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	µA	µA	Max mA[4]	Max mA[4]	µA[5]	µA[5]
100 µA	2 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD – 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 µA	4 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD – 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 µA	6 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD – 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 µA	8 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD – 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10

Notes:

1. *The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 µA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.*
2. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3 V < VIN < VIL.*
3. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges*
4. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
5. *All LVMCOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.*
6. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

Table 2-71 • 1.8 V LVCMOS Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	15.53	0.04	1.22	0.43	14.11	15.53	2.78	1.60	16.35	17.77	ns
	–1	0.56	13.21	0.04	1.04	0.36	12.01	13.21	2.36	1.36	13.91	15.11	ns
	–2	0.49	11.60	0.03	0.91	0.32	10.54	11.60	2.07	1.19	12.21	13.27	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	10.48	0.04	1.22	0.43	10.41	10.48	3.23	2.73	12.65	12.71	ns
	–1	0.56	8.91	0.04	1.04	0.36	8.86	8.91	2.75	2.33	10.76	10.81	ns
	–2	0.49	7.82	0.03	0.91	0.32	7.77	7.82	2.41	2.04	9.44	9.49	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	8.05	0.04	1.22	0.43	8.20	7.84	3.54	3.27	10.43	10.08	ns
	–1	0.56	6.85	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.97	6.67	3.01	2.78	8.88	8.57	ns
	–2	0.49	6.01	0.03	0.91	0.32	6.12	5.86	2.64	2.44	7.79	7.53	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	7.50	0.04	1.22	0.43	7.64	7.30	3.61	3.41	9.88	9.53	ns
	–1	0.56	6.38	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.50	6.21	3.07	2.90	8.40	8.11	ns
	–2	0.49	5.60	0.03	0.91	0.32	5.71	5.45	2.69	2.55	7.38	7.12	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	7.29	0.04	1.22	0.43	7.23	7.29	3.71	3.95	9.47	9.53	ns
	–1	0.56	6.20	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.15	6.20	3.15	3.36	8.06	8.11	ns
	–2	0.49	5.45	0.03	0.91	0.32	5.40	5.45	2.77	2.95	7.07	7.12	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	7.29	0.04	1.22	0.43	7.23	7.29	3.71	3.95	9.47	9.53	ns
	–1	0.56	6.20	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.15	6.20	3.15	3.36	8.06	8.11	ns
	–2	0.49	5.45	0.03	0.91	0.32	5.40	5.45	2.77	2.95	7.07	7.12	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-73 • 1.8 V LVCMOS Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	14.80	0.04	1.20	0.43	13.49	14.80	2.25	1.46	15.73	17.04	ns
	–1	0.56	12.59	0.04	1.02	0.36	11.48	12.59	1.91	1.25	13.38	14.49	ns
	–2	0.49	11.05	0.03	0.90	0.32	10.08	11.05	1.68	1.09	11.75	12.72	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	9.90	0.04	1.20	0.43	9.73	9.90	2.65	2.50	11.97	12.13	ns
	–1	0.56	8.42	0.04	1.02	0.36	8.28	8.42	2.26	2.12	10.18	10.32	ns
	–2	0.49	7.39	0.03	0.90	0.32	7.27	7.39	1.98	1.86	8.94	9.06	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	7.44	0.04	1.20	0.43	7.58	7.32	2.94	2.99	9.81	9.56	ns
	–1	0.56	6.33	0.04	1.02	0.36	6.44	6.23	2.50	2.54	8.35	8.13	ns
	–2	0.49	5.55	0.03	0.90	0.32	5.66	5.47	2.19	2.23	7.33	7.14	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	7.44	0.04	1.20	0.43	7.58	7.32	2.94	2.99	9.81	9.56	ns
	–1	0.56	6.33	0.04	1.02	0.36	6.44	6.23	2.50	2.54	8.35	8.13	ns
	–2	0.49	5.55	0.03	0.90	0.32	5.66	5.47	2.19	2.23	7.33	7.14	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-74 • 1.8 V LVCMOS High Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	11.21	0.04	1.20	0.43	8.53	11.21	1.99	1.21	ns
	–1	0.56	9.54	0.04	1.02	0.36	7.26	9.54	1.69	1.03	ns
	–2	0.49	8.37	0.03	0.90	0.32	6.37	8.37	1.49	0.90	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	6.34	0.04	1.20	0.43	5.38	6.34	2.41	2.48	ns
	–1	0.56	5.40	0.04	1.02	0.36	4.58	5.40	2.05	2.11	ns
	–2	0.49	4.74	0.03	0.90	0.32	4.02	4.74	1.80	1.85	ns

Notes:

1. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.*

3.3 V PCI, 3.3 V PCI-X

Peripheral Component Interface for 3.3 V standard specifies support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI Bus applications.

Table 2-86 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL	IIH
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max,. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA[1]	Max. mA[1]	µA[2]	µA[2]
Per PCI specification	Per PCI curves										10	10

Notes:

1. *Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.*
2. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*

AC loadings are defined per the PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loadings for enable path characterization are described in Figure 2-11.

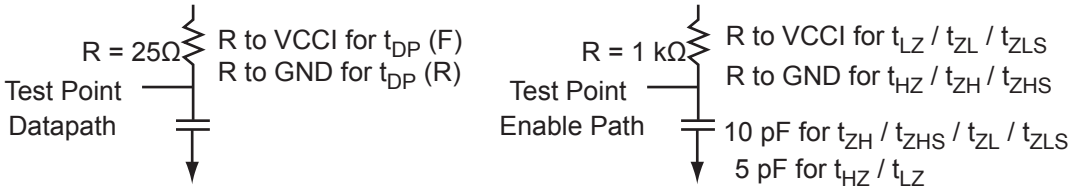


Figure 2-11 • AC Loading

AC loadings are defined per PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loading for tristate is described in Table 2-87.

Table 2-87 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C_{LOAD} (pF)
0	3.3	0.285 * VCCI for $t_{DP(R)}$ 0.615 * VCCI for $t_{DP(F)}$	10

*Note: *Measuring point = V_{trip}. See Table 2-22 on page 2-22 for a complete table of trip points.*

Table 2-93 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

DC Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage	3.0		3.3		3.6		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	0.96	1.27	1.06	1.43	1.30	1.57	V
VOH	Output High Voltage	1.8	2.11	1.92	2.28	2.13	2.41	V
VIL, VIH	Input Low, Input High Voltages	0	3.6	0	3.6	0	3.6	V
VODIFF	Differential Output Voltage	0.625	0.97	0.625	0.97	0.625	0.97	V
VOCM	Output Common-Mode Voltage	1.762	1.98	1.762	1.98	1.762	1.98	V
VICM	Input Common-Mode Voltage	1.01	2.57	1.01	2.57	1.01	2.57	V
VIDIFF	Input Differential Voltage	300		300		300		mV

Table 2-94 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)
1.64	1.94	Cross point

*Note: *Measuring point = V_{trip}. See Table 2-22 on page 2-22 for a complete table of trip points.*

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-95 • LVPECL
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	Units
Std.	0.66	1.80	0.04	1.40	ns
–1	0.56	1.53	0.04	1.19	ns
–2	0.49	1.34	0.03	1.05	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Global Resource Characteristics

A3P250 Clock Tree Topology

Clock delays are device-specific. Figure 2-28 is an example of a global tree used for clock routing. The global tree presented in Figure 2-28 is driven by a CCC located on the west side of the A3P250 device. It is used to drive all D-flip-flops in the device.

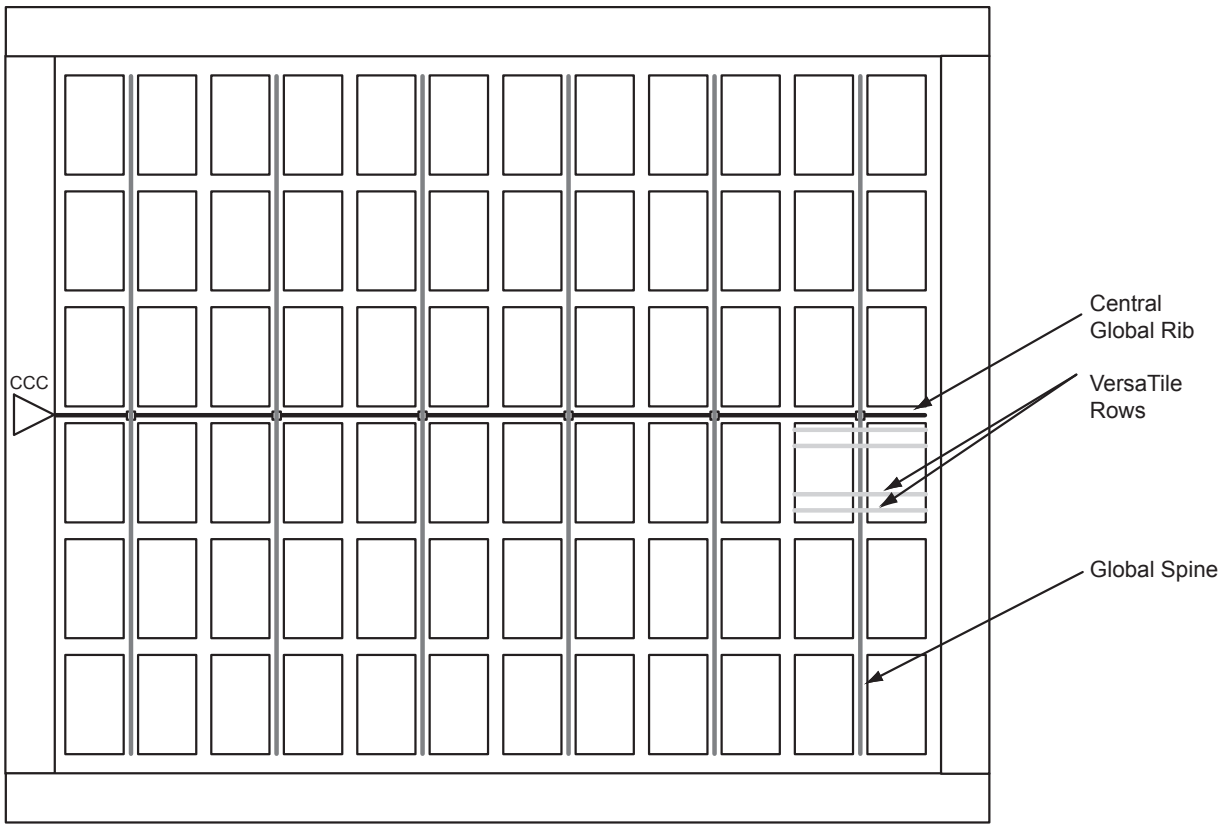


Figure 2-28 • **Example of Global Tree Use in an A3P250 Device for Clock Routing**

Global Tree Timing Characteristics

Global clock delays include the central rib delay, the spine delay, and the row delay. Delays do not include I/O input buffer clock delays, as these are I/O standard–dependent, and the clock may be driven and conditioned internally by the CCC module. For more details on clock conditioning capabilities, refer to the "Clock Conditioning Circuits" section on page 2-90. Table 2-108 to Table 2-114 on page 2-89 present minimum and maximum global clock delays within each device. Minimum and maximum delays are measured with minimum and maximum loading.

Embedded SRAM and FIFO Characteristics

SRAM

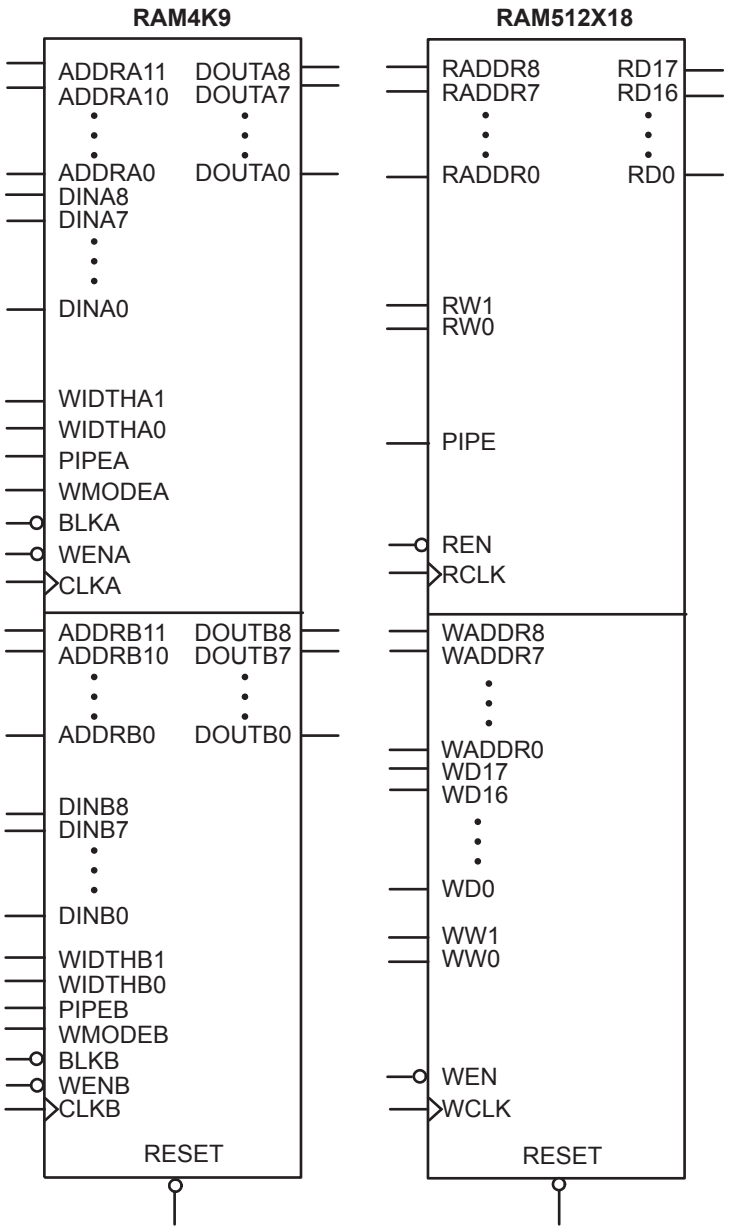


Figure 2-30 • **RAM Models**

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-116 • RAM4K9
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
t_{AS}	Address setup time	0.25	0.28	0.33	ns
t_{AH}	Address hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN setup time	0.14	0.16	0.19	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN hold time	0.10	0.11	0.13	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK setup time	0.23	0.27	0.31	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK hold time	0.02	0.02	0.02	ns
t_{DS}	Input data (DIN) setup time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input data (DIN) hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (output retained, WMODE = 0)	2.36	2.68	3.15	ns
	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (flow-through, WMODE = 1)	1.79	2.03	2.39	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (pipelined)	0.89	1.02	1.20	ns
t_{C2CWWL} [1]	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write after write on same address—Applicable to Closing Edge	0.33	0.28	0.25	ns
t_{C2CWWH} [1]	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write after write on same address—Applicable to Rising Edge	0.30	0.26	0.23	ns
t_{C2CRWH} [1]	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable read access after write on same address—Applicable to Opening Edge	0.45	0.38	0.34	ns
t_{C2CWRH} [1]	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write access after read on same address— Applicable to Opening Edge	0.49	0.42	0.37	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to data out Low on DOUT (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on DOUT (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET minimum pulse width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock cycle time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency	310	272	231	MHz

Notes:

1. *For more information, refer to the application note Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.*

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
A1	GAB2/IO00RSB1
A2	IO93RSB1
A3	VCCIB1
A4	GFC1/IO89RSB1
A5	GFB0/IO86RSB1
A6	VCCPLF
A7	GFA1/IO84RSB1
A8	GFC2/IO81RSB1
A9	IO78RSB1
A10	VCC
A11	GEB1/IO75RSB1
A12	GEA0/IO72RSB1
A13	GEC2/IO69RSB1
A14	IO65RSB1
A15	VCC
A16	IO64RSB1
A17	IO63RSB1
A18	IO62RSB1
A19	IO61RSB1
A20	IO58RSB1
A21	GDB2/IO55RSB1
A22	NC
A23	GDA2/IO54RSB1
A24	TDI
A25	TRST
A26	GDC1/IO48RSB0
A27	VCC
A28	IO47RSB0
A29	GCC2/IO46RSB0
A30	GCA2/IO44RSB0
A31	GCA0/IO43RSB0
A32	GCB1/IO40RSB0
A33	IO36RSB0
A34	VCC
A35	IO31RSB0
A36	GBA2/IO28RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
A37	GBB1/IO25RSB0
A38	GBC0/IO22RSB0
A39	VCCIB0
A40	IO21RSB0
A41	IO18RSB0
A42	IO15RSB0
A43	IO14RSB0
A44	IO11RSB0
A45	GAB1/IO08RSB0
A46	NC
A47	GAB0/IO07RSB0
A48	IO04RSB0
B1	IO01RSB1
B2	GAC2/IO94RSB1
B3	GND
B4	GFC0/IO88RSB1
B5	VCOMPLF
B6	GND
B7	GFB2/IO82RSB1
B8	IO79RSB1
B9	GND
B10	GEB0/IO74RSB1
B11	VMV1
B12	GEB2/IO70RSB1
B13	IO67RSB1
B14	GND
B15	NC
B16	NC
B17	GND
B18	IO59RSB1
B19	GDC2/IO56RSB1
B20	GND
B21	GNDQ
B22	TMS
B23	TDO
B24	GDC0/IO49RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
B25	GND
B26	NC
B27	GCB2/IO45RSB0
B28	GND
B29	GCB0/IO41RSB0
B30	GCC1/IO38RSB0
B31	GND
B32	GBB2/IO30RSB0
B33	VMV0
B34	GBA0/IO26RSB0
B35	GBC1/IO23RSB0
B36	GND
B37	IO20RSB0
B38	IO17RSB0
B39	GND
B40	IO12RSB0
B41	GAC0/IO09RSB0
B42	GND
B43	GAA1/IO06RSB0
B44	GNDQ
C1	GAA2/IO02RSB1
C2	IO95RSB1
C3	VCC
C4	GFB1/IO87RSB1
C5	GFA0/IO85RSB1
C6	GFA2/IO83RSB1
C7	IO80RSB1
C8	VCCIB1
C9	GEA1/IO73RSB1
C10	GNDQ
C11	GEA2/IO71RSB1
C12	IO68RSB1
C13	VCCIB1
C14	NC
C15	NC
C16	IO60RSB1

QN132	
Pin Number	**A3P125 Function**
C17	IO83RSB1
C18	VCCIB1
C19	TCK
C20	VMV1
C21	VPUMP
C22	VJTAG
C23	VCCIB0
C24	NC
C25	NC
C26	GCA1/IO55RSB0
C27	GCC0/IO52RSB0
C28	VCCIB0
C29	IO42RSB0
C30	GNDQ
C31	GBA1/IO40RSB0
C32	GBB0/IO37RSB0
C33	VCC
C34	IO24RSB0
C35	IO19RSB0
C36	IO16RSB0
C37	IO10RSB0
C38	VCCIB0
C39	GAB1/IO03RSB0
C40	VMV0
D1	GND
D2	GND
D3	GND
D4	GND

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO67RSB1
3	IO68RSB1
4	GAB2/IO69RSB1
5	IO132RSB1
6	GAC2/IO131RSB1
7	NC
8	NC
9	IO130RSB1
10	IO129RSB1
11	NC
12	IO128RSB1
13	NC
14	NC
15	NC
16	VCC
17	GND
18	VCCIB1
19	IO127RSB1
20	NC
21	GFC1/IO126RSB1
22	GFC0/IO125RSB1
23	GFB1/IO124RSB1
24	GFB0/IO123RSB1
25	VCOMPLF
26	GFA0/IO122RSB1
27	VCCPLF
28	GFA1/IO121RSB1
29	GND
30	GFA2/IO120RSB1
31	NC
32	GFB2/IO119RSB1
33	NC
34	GFC2/IO118RSB1
35	IO117RSB1
36	NC

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
37	IO116RSB1
38	IO115RSB1
39	NC
40	VCCIB1
41	GND
42	IO114RSB1
43	IO113RSB1
44	GEC1/IO112RSB1
45	GEC0/IO111RSB1
46	GEB1/IO110RSB1
47	GEB0/IO109RSB1
48	GEA1/IO108RSB1
49	GEA0/IO107RSB1
50	VMV1
51	GNDQ
52	GND
53	NC
54	NC
55	GEA2/IO106RSB1
56	GEB2/IO105RSB1
57	GEC2/IO104RSB1
58	IO103RSB1
59	IO102RSB1
60	IO101RSB1
61	IO100RSB1
62	VCCIB1
63	IO99RSB1
64	IO98RSB1
65	GND
66	IO97RSB1
67	IO96RSB1
68	IO95RSB1
69	IO94RSB1
70	IO93RSB1
71	VCC
72	VCCIB1

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
73	IO92RSB1
74	IO91RSB1
75	IO90RSB1
76	IO89RSB1
77	IO88RSB1
78	IO87RSB1
79	IO86RSB1
80	IO85RSB1
81	GND
82	IO84RSB1
83	IO83RSB1
84	IO82RSB1
85	IO81RSB1
86	IO80RSB1
87	IO79RSB1
88	VCC
89	VCCIB1
90	IO78RSB1
91	IO77RSB1
92	IO76RSB1
93	IO75RSB1
94	IO74RSB1
95	IO73RSB1
96	GDC2/IO72RSB1
97	GND
98	GDB2/IO71RSB1
99	GDA2/IO70RSB1
100	GNDQ
101	TCK
102	TDI
103	TMS
104	VMV1
105	GND
106	VPUMP
107	NC
108	TDO

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
109	TRST
110	VJTAG
111	GDA0/IO79VDB1
112	GDA1/IO79UDB1
113	GDB0/IO78VDB1
114	GDB1/IO78UDB1
115	GDC0/IO77VDB1
116	GDC1/IO77UDB1
117	IO76VDB1
118	IO76UDB1
119	IO75NDB1
120	IO75PDB1
121	IO74RSB1
122	GND
123	VCCIB1
124	NC
125	NC
126	VCC
127	IO72NDB1
128	GCC2/IO72PDB1
129	GCB2/IO71PSB1
130	GND
131	GCA2/IO70PSB1
132	GCA1/IO69PDB1
133	GCA0/IO69NDB1
134	GCB0/IO68NDB1
135	GCB1/IO68PDB1
136	GCC0/IO67NDB1
137	GCC1/IO67PDB1
138	IO66NDB1
139	IO66PDB1
140	VCCIB1
141	GND
142	VCC
143	IO65RSB1
144	IO64NDB1

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
145	IO64PDB1
146	IO63NDB1
147	IO63PDB1
148	IO62NDB1
149	GBC2/IO62PDB1
150	IO61NDB1
151	GBB2/IO61PDB1
152	IO60NDB1
153	GBA2/IO60PDB1
154	VMV1
155	GNDQ
156	GND
157	VMV0
158	GBA1/IO59RSB0
159	GBA0/IO58RSB0
160	GBB1/IO57RSB0
161	GBB0/IO56RSB0
162	GND
163	GBC1/IO55RSB0
164	GBC0/IO54RSB0
165	IO52RSB0
166	IO49RSB0
167	IO46RSB0
168	IO43RSB0
169	IO40RSB0
170	VCCIB0
171	VCC
172	IO36RSB0
173	IO35RSB0
174	IO34RSB0
175	IO33RSB0
176	IO32RSB0
177	IO31RSB0
178	GND
179	IO29RSB0
180	IO28RSB0

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
181	IO27RSB0
182	IO26RSB0
183	IO25RSB0
184	IO24RSB0
185	IO23RSB0
186	VCCIB0
187	VCC
188	IO21RSB0
189	IO20RSB0
190	IO19RSB0
191	IO18RSB0
192	IO17RSB0
193	IO16RSB0
194	IO15RSB0
195	GND
196	IO13RSB0
197	IO11RSB0
198	IO09RSB0
199	IO07RSB0
200	VCCIB0
201	GAC1/IO05RSB0
202	GAC0/IO04RSB0
203	GAB1/IO03RSB0
204	GAB0/IO02RSB0
205	GAA1/IO01RSB0
206	GAA0/IO00RSB0
207	GNDQ
208	VMV0

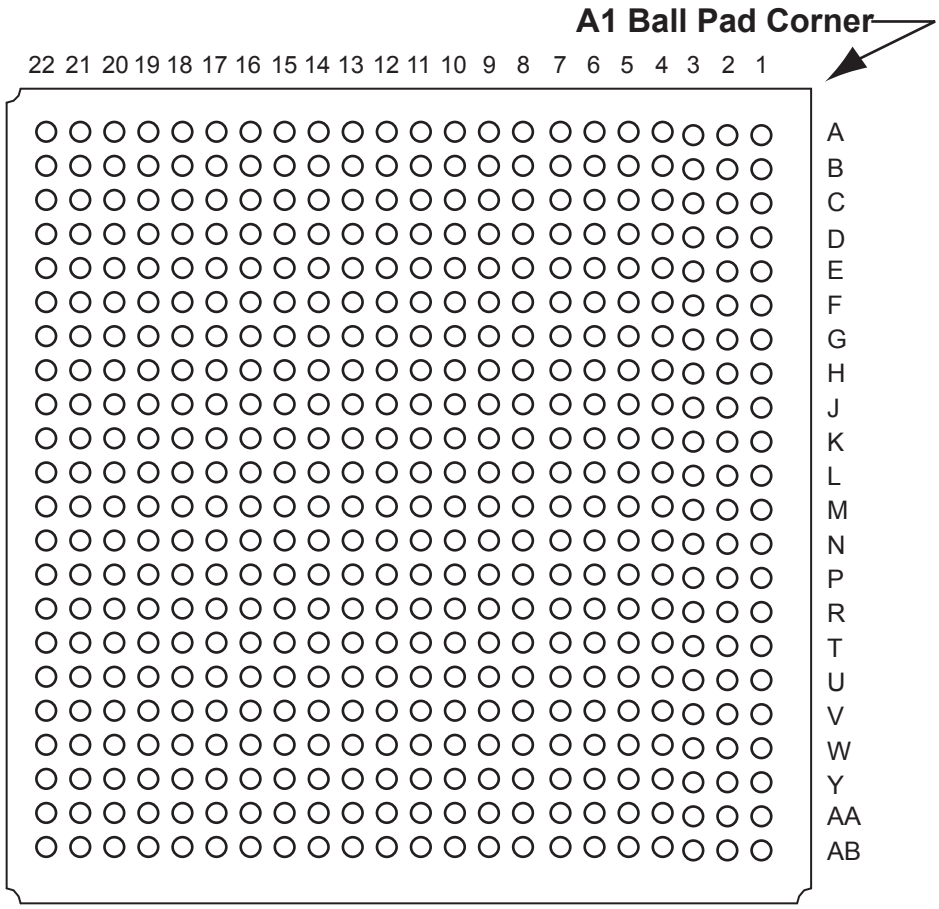
FG144	
Pin Number	**A3P125 Function**
K1	GEB0/IO109RSB1
K2	GEA1/IO108RSB1
K3	GEA0/IO107RSB1
K4	GEA2/IO106RSB1
K5	IO100RSB1
K6	IO98RSB1
K7	GND
K8	IO73RSB1
K9	GDC2/IO72RSB1
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO66RSB0
K12	GDB0/IO64RSB0
L1	GND
L2	VMV1
L3	GEB2/IO105RSB1
L4	IO102RSB1
L5	VCCIB1
L6	IO95RSB1
L7	IO85RSB1
L8	IO74RSB1
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV1
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO104RSB1
M3	IO103RSB1
M4	IO101RSB1
M5	IO97RSB1
M6	IO94RSB1
M7	IO86RSB1
M8	IO75RSB1
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB1
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO29RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO33RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO39RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO117UDB3
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO14RSB0
B6	IO19RSB0
B7	IO22RSB0
B8	IO30RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO37RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO38RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV1
C1	IO117VDB3
C2	GFA2/IO107PPB3
C3	GAC2/IO116UDB3
C4	VCC
C5	IO12RSB0
C6	IO17RSB0
C7	IO24RSB0
C8	IO31RSB0
C9	IO34RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO41PDB1
C11	IO41NDB1
C12	GBC2/IO43PPB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
D1	IO112NDB3
D2	IO112PDB3
D3	IO116VDB3
D4	GAA2/IO118UPB3
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO35RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO36RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO42PDB1
D10	IO42NDB1
D11	IO43NPB1
D12	GCB1/IO49PPB1
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO110NDB3
E3	GFC1/IO110PDB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	IO118VPB3
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO48PDB1
E9	VCCIB1
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO50NDB1
E12	IO51NDB1
F1	GFB0/IO109NPB3
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO109PPB3
F4	IO107NPB3
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO48NDB1
F9	GCB0/IO49NPB1
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO50PDB1
F12	GCA2/IO51PDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
G1	GFA1/IO108PPB3
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO108NPB3
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO58UPB1
G9	IO53NDB1
G10	GCC2/IO53PDB1
G11	IO52NDB1
G12	GCB2/IO52PDB1
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO106PDB3
H3	GFC2/IO105PSB3
H4	GEC1/IO100PDB3
H5	VCC
H6	IO79RSB2
H7	IO65RSB2
H8	GDB2/IO62RSB2
H9	GDC0/IO58VPB1
H10	VCCIB1
H11	IO54PSB1
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO99PDB3
J2	IO106NDB3
J3	VCCIB3
J4	GEC0/IO100NDB3
J5	IO88RSB2
J6	IO81RSB2
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO61RSB2
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO60UDB1
J12	GDB1/IO59UDB1

FG484 – Bottom View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see *PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings*.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 13 (January 2013)	The "ProASIC3 Ordering Information" section has been updated to mention "Y" as "Blank" mentioning "Device Does Not Include License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio" (SAR 43104).	1-IV
	Added a note to Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1 (SAR 43644): The programming temperature range supported is $T_{ambient}$ = 0°C to 85°C.	2-2
	The note in Table 2-115 • ProASIC3 CCC/PLL Specification referring the reader to SmartGen was revised to refer instead to the online help associated with the core (SAR 42569).	2-90
	Libero Integrated Design Environment (IDE) was changed to Libero System-on-Chip (SoC) throughout the document (SAR 40284). Live at Power-Up (LAPU) has been replaced with 'Instant On'.	NA
Revision 12 (September 2012)	The Security section was modified to clarify that Microsemi does not support read-back of programmed data.	1-1
	Added a Note stating "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section on page 3-1 for further information" to Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings and Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1 (SAR 38321).	2-1 2-2
	Table 2-35 • Duration of Short Circuit Event Before Failure was revised to change the maximum temperature from 110°C to 100°C, with an example of six months instead of three months (SAR 37933).	2-31
	In Table 2-93 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels, VIL and VIH were revised so that the maximum is 3.6 V for all listed values of VCCI (SAR 28549).	2-68
	Figure 2-37 • FIFO Read and Figure 2-38 • FIFO Write are new (SAR 28371).	2-99
	The following sentence was removed from the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section in the "Pin Descriptions" chapter: "Within the package, the VMV plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originating from the output buffer VCCI domain" and replaced with "Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks" (SAR 38321). The datasheet mentions that "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins" for an ESD enhancement.	3-1