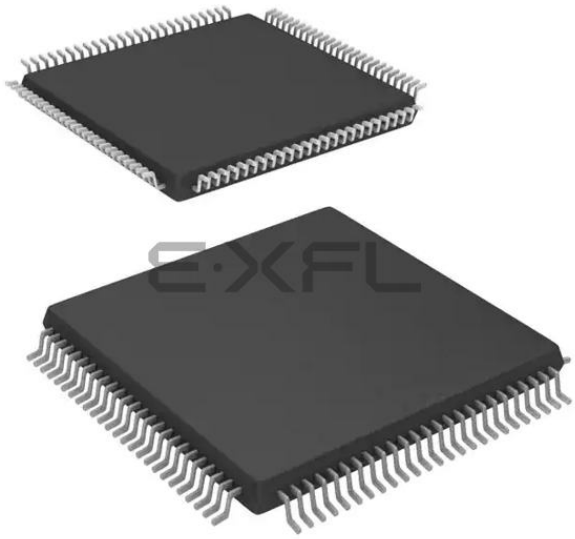


Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	77
Number of Gates	30000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-VQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p030-vqg100i

User Nonvolatile FlashROM

ProASIC3 devices have 1 kbit of on-chip, user-accessible, nonvolatile FlashROM. The FlashROM can be used in diverse system applications:

- Internet protocol addressing (wireless or fixed)
- System calibration settings
- Device serialization and/or inventory control
- Subscription-based business models (for example, set-top boxes)
- Secure key storage for secure communications algorithms
- Asset management/tracking
- Date stamping
- Version management

The FlashROM is written using the standard ProASIC3 IEEE 1532 JTAG programming interface. The core can be individually programmed (erased and written), and on-chip AES decryption can be used selectively to securely load data over public networks (except in the A3P015 and A3P030 devices), as in security keys stored in the FlashROM for a user design.

The FlashROM can be programmed via the JTAG programming interface, and its contents can be read back either through the JTAG programming interface or via direct FPGA core addressing. Note that the FlashROM can only be programmed from the JTAG interface and cannot be programmed from the internal logic array.

The FlashROM is programmed as 8 banks of 128 bits; however, reading is performed on a byte-by-byte basis using a synchronous interface. A 7-bit address from the FPGA core defines which of the 8 banks and which of the 16 bytes within that bank are being read. The three most significant bits (MSBs) of the FlashROM address determine the bank, and the four least significant bits (LSBs) of the FlashROM address define the byte.

The ProASIC3 development software solutions, Libero® System-on-Chip (SoC) and Designer, have extensive support for the FlashROM. One such feature is auto-generation of sequential programming files for applications requiring a unique serial number in each part. Another feature allows the inclusion of static data for system version control. Data for the FlashROM can be generated quickly and easily using Libero SoC and Designer software tools. Comprehensive programming file support is also included to allow for easy programming of large numbers of parts with differing FlashROM contents.

SRAM and FIFO

ProASIC3 devices (except the A3P015 and A3P030 devices) have embedded SRAM blocks along their north and south sides. Each variable-aspect-ratio SRAM block is 4,608 bits in size. Available memory configurations are 256×18, 512×9, 1k×4, 2k×2, and 4k×1 bits. The individual blocks have independent read and write ports that can be configured with different bit widths on each port. For example, data can be sent through a 4-bit port and read as a single bitstream. The embedded SRAM blocks can be initialized via the device JTAG port (ROM emulation mode) using the UJTAG macro (except in A3P015 and A3P030 devices).

In addition, every SRAM block has an embedded FIFO control unit. The control unit allows the SRAM block to be configured as a synchronous FIFO without using additional core VersaTiles. The FIFO width and depth are programmable. The FIFO also features programmable Almost Empty (AEMPTY) and Almost Full (AFULL) flags in addition to the normal Empty and Full flags. The embedded FIFO control unit contains the counters necessary for generation of the read and write address pointers. The embedded SRAM/FIFO blocks can be cascaded to create larger configurations.

PLL and CCC

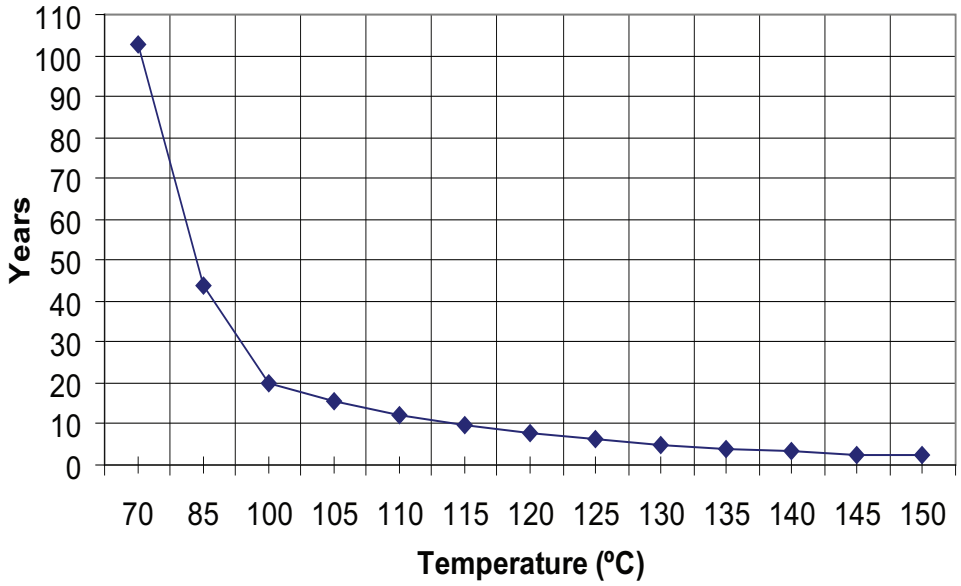
ProASIC3 devices provide designers with very flexible clock conditioning capabilities. Each member of the ProASIC3 family contains six CCCs. One CCC (center west side) has a PLL. The A3P015 and A3P030 devices do not have a PLL.

The six CCC blocks are located at the four corners and the centers of the east and west sides.

All six CCC blocks are usable; the four corner CCCs and the east CCC allow simple clock delay operations as well as clock spine access.

The inputs of the six CCC blocks are accessible from the FPGA core or from one of several inputs located near the CCC that have dedicated connections to the CCC block.

Tj (°C)	HTR Lifetime (yrs)
70	102.7
85	43.8
100	20.0
105	15.6
110	12.3
115	9.7
120	7.7
125	6.2
130	5.0
135	4.0
140	3.3
145	2.7
150	2.2



Note: HTR time is the period during which you would not expect a verify failure due to flash cell leakage.

Figure 2-1 • **High-Temperature Data Retention (HTR)**

Table 2-3 • **Flash Programming Limits – Retention, Storage and Operating Temperature[1]**

Product Grade	Programming Cycles	Program Retention (biased/unbiased)	Maximum Storage Temperature T_{STG} (°C)	Maximum Operating Junction Temperature T_J (°C)[2]
Commercial	500	20 years	110	100
Industrial	500	20 years	110	100

1. *This is a stress rating only; functional operation at any condition other than those indicated is not implied.*
2. *These limits apply for program/data retention only. Refer to Table 2-1 on page 2-1 and Table 2-2 for device operating conditions and absolute limits.*

Table 2-4 • **Overshoot and Undershoot Limits [1]**

VCCI and VMV	Average VCCI–GND Overshoot or Undershoot Duration as a Percentage of Clock Cycle[2]	Maximum Overshoot/ Undershoot[2]
2.7 V or less	10%	1.4 V
	5%	1.49 V
3 V	10%	1.1 V
	5%	1.19 V
3.3 V	10%	0.79 V
	5%	0.88 V
3.6 V	10%	0.45 V
	5%	0.54 V

Notes:

1. *Based on reliability requirements at 85°C.*
2. *The duration is allowed at one out of six clock cycles. If the overshoot/undershoot occurs at one out of two cycles, the maximum overshoot/undershoot has to be reduced by 0.15 V.*
3. *This table does not provide PCI overshoot/undershoot limits.*

Table 2-30 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances[1]
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Standard	Drive Strength	$R_{PULL\text{-}DOWN}$ (Ω)[2]	$R_{PULL\text{-}UP}$ (Ω)[3]
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	300
	4 mA	100	300
	6 mA	50	150
	8 mA	50	150
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[4]	100 µA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	200
	4 mA	100	200
	6 mA	50	100
	8 mA	50	100
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	225
	4 mA	100	112
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	224

Notes:

1. *These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on VCCI, drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx.*
2. $R_{(PULL\text{-}DOWN\text{-}MAX)}$ = (VOLspec) / IOLspec
3. $R_{(PULL\text{-}UP\text{-}MAX)}$ = (VCCImax – VOHspec) / IOHspec
4. *All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.*

Table 2-31 • I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistances
Minimum and Maximum Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistance Values

	$R_{(WEAK\ PULL\text{-}UP)}$[1] ($\Omega$)		$R_{(WEAK\ PULL\text{-}DOWN)}$[2] ($\Omega$)	
VCCI	Min	Max	Min	Max
3.3 V	10 k	45 k	10 k	45 k
3.3 V (wide range I/Os)	10 k	45 k	10 k	45 k
2.5 V	11 k	55 k	12 k	74 k
1.8 V	18 k	70 k	17 k	110 k
1.5 V	19 k	90 k	19 k	140 k

Notes:

1. $R_{(WEAK\ PULL\text{-}UP\text{-}MAX)} = (VCCI_{MAX} - VOH_{spec}) / I_{(WEAK\ PULL\text{-}UP\text{-}MIN)}$
2. $R_{(WEAK\ PULL\text{-}DOWN\text{-}MAX)} = (VOL_{spec}) / I_{(WEAK\ PULL\text{-}DOWN\text{-}MIN)}$

Table 2-61 • 2.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
4 mA	Std.	0.60	11.40	0.04	1.31	0.43	11.22	11.40	2.68	2.20	13.45	13.63	ns
	–1	0.51	9.69	0.04	1.11	0.36	9.54	9.69	2.28	1.88	11.44	11.60	ns
	–2	0.45	8.51	0.03	0.98	0.32	8.38	8.51	2.00	1.65	10.05	10.18	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.60	7.96	0.04	1.31	0.43	8.11	7.81	3.05	2.89	10.34	10.05	ns
	–1	0.51	6.77	0.04	1.11	0.36	6.90	6.65	2.59	2.46	8.80	8.55	ns
	–2	0.45	5.94	0.03	0.98	0.32	6.05	5.84	2.28	2.16	7.72	7.50	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.60	7.96	0.04	1.31	0.43	8.11	7.81	3.05	2.89	10.34	10.05	ns
	–1	0.51	6.77	0.04	1.11	0.36	6.90	6.65	2.59	2.46	8.80	8.55	ns
	–2	0.45	5.94	0.03	0.98	0.32	6.05	5.84	2.28	2.16	7.72	7.50	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.60	6.18	0.04	1.31	0.43	6.29	5.92	3.30	3.32	8.53	8.15	ns
	–1	0.51	5.26	0.04	1.11	0.36	5.35	5.03	2.81	2.83	7.26	6.94	ns
	–2	0.45	4.61	0.03	0.98	0.32	4.70	4.42	2.47	2.48	6.37	6.09	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.60	5.76	0.04	1.31	0.43	5.87	5.53	3.36	3.44	8.11	7.76	ns
	–1	0.51	4.90	0.04	1.11	0.36	4.99	4.70	2.86	2.92	6.90	6.60	ns
	–2	0.45	4.30	0.03	0.98	0.32	4.38	4.13	2.51	2.57	6.05	5.80	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.60	5.51	0.04	1.31	0.43	5.50	5.51	3.43	3.87	7.74	7.74	ns
	–1	0.51	4.68	0.04	1.11	0.36	4.68	4.68	2.92	3.29	6.58	6.59	ns
	–2	0.45	4.11	0.03	0.98	0.32	4.11	4.11	2.56	2.89	5.78	5.78	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-62 • 2.5 V LVCMOS High Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
4 mA	Std.	0.66	8.28	0.04	1.30	0.43	7.41	8.28	2.25	2.07	9.64	10.51	ns
	–1	0.56	7.04	0.04	1.10	0.36	6.30	7.04	1.92	1.76	8.20	8.94	ns
	–2	0.49	6.18	0.03	0.97	0.32	5.53	6.18	1.68	1.55	7.20	7.85	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.85	0.04	1.30	0.43	4.65	4.85	2.59	2.71	6.88	7.09	ns
	–1	0.56	4.13	0.04	1.10	0.36	3.95	4.13	2.20	2.31	5.85	6.03	ns
	–2	0.49	3.62	0.03	0.97	0.32	3.47	3.62	1.93	2.02	5.14	5.29	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.85	0.04	1.30	0.43	4.65	4.85	2.59	2.71	6.88	7.09	ns
	–1	0.56	4.13	0.04	1.10	0.36	3.95	4.13	2.20	2.31	5.85	6.03	ns
	–2	0.49	3.62	0.03	0.97	0.32	3.47	3.62	1.93	2.02	5.14	5.29	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	3.21	0.04	1.30	0.43	3.27	3.14	2.82	3.11	5.50	5.38	ns
	–1	0.56	2.73	0.04	1.10	0.36	2.78	2.67	2.40	2.65	4.68	4.57	ns
	–2	0.49	2.39	0.03	0.97	0.32	2.44	2.35	2.11	2.32	4.11	4.02	ns

Notes:

1. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.*

Table 2-63 • 2.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
4 mA	Std.	0.66	10.84	0.04	1.30	0.43	10.64	10.84	2.26	1.99	12.87	13.08	ns
	–1	0.56	9.22	0.04	1.10	0.36	9.05	9.22	1.92	1.69	10.95	11.12	ns
	–2	0.49	8.10	0.03	0.97	0.32	7.94	8.10	1.68	1.49	9.61	9.77	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	7.37	0.04	1.30	0.43	7.50	7.36	2.59	2.61	9.74	9.60	ns
	–1	0.56	6.27	0.04	1.10	0.36	6.38	6.26	2.20	2.22	8.29	8.16	ns
	–2	0.49	5.50	0.03	0.97	0.32	5.60	5.50	1.93	1.95	7.27	7.17	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	7.37	0.04	1.30	0.43	7.50	7.36	2.59	2.61	9.74	9.60	ns
	–1	0.56	6.27	0.04	1.10	0.36	6.38	6.26	2.20	2.22	8.29	8.16	ns
	–2	0.49	5.50	0.03	0.97	0.32	5.60	5.50	1.93	1.95	7.27	7.17	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	5.63	0.04	1.30	0.43	5.73	5.51	2.83	3.01	7.97	7.74	ns
	–1	0.56	4.79	0.04	1.10	0.36	4.88	4.68	2.41	2.56	6.78	6.59	ns
	–2	0.49	4.20	0.03	0.97	0.32	4.28	4.11	2.11	2.25	5.95	5.78	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-73 • 1.8 V LVCMOS Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	14.80	0.04	1.20	0.43	13.49	14.80	2.25	1.46	15.73	17.04	ns
	–1	0.56	12.59	0.04	1.02	0.36	11.48	12.59	1.91	1.25	13.38	14.49	ns
	–2	0.49	11.05	0.03	0.90	0.32	10.08	11.05	1.68	1.09	11.75	12.72	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	9.90	0.04	1.20	0.43	9.73	9.90	2.65	2.50	11.97	12.13	ns
	–1	0.56	8.42	0.04	1.02	0.36	8.28	8.42	2.26	2.12	10.18	10.32	ns
	–2	0.49	7.39	0.03	0.90	0.32	7.27	7.39	1.98	1.86	8.94	9.06	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	7.44	0.04	1.20	0.43	7.58	7.32	2.94	2.99	9.81	9.56	ns
	–1	0.56	6.33	0.04	1.02	0.36	6.44	6.23	2.50	2.54	8.35	8.13	ns
	–2	0.49	5.55	0.03	0.90	0.32	5.66	5.47	2.19	2.23	7.33	7.14	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	7.44	0.04	1.20	0.43	7.58	7.32	2.94	2.99	9.81	9.56	ns
	–1	0.56	6.33	0.04	1.02	0.36	6.44	6.23	2.50	2.54	8.35	8.13	ns
	–2	0.49	5.55	0.03	0.90	0.32	5.66	5.47	2.19	2.23	7.33	7.14	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-74 • 1.8 V LVCMOS High Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	11.21	0.04	1.20	0.43	8.53	11.21	1.99	1.21	ns
	–1	0.56	9.54	0.04	1.02	0.36	7.26	9.54	1.69	1.03	ns
	–2	0.49	8.37	0.03	0.90	0.32	6.37	8.37	1.49	0.90	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	6.34	0.04	1.20	0.43	5.38	6.34	2.41	2.48	ns
	–1	0.56	5.40	0.04	1.02	0.36	4.58	5.40	2.05	2.11	ns
	–2	0.49	4.74	0.03	0.90	0.32	4.02	4.74	1.80	1.85	ns

Notes:

1. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.*

Output Register

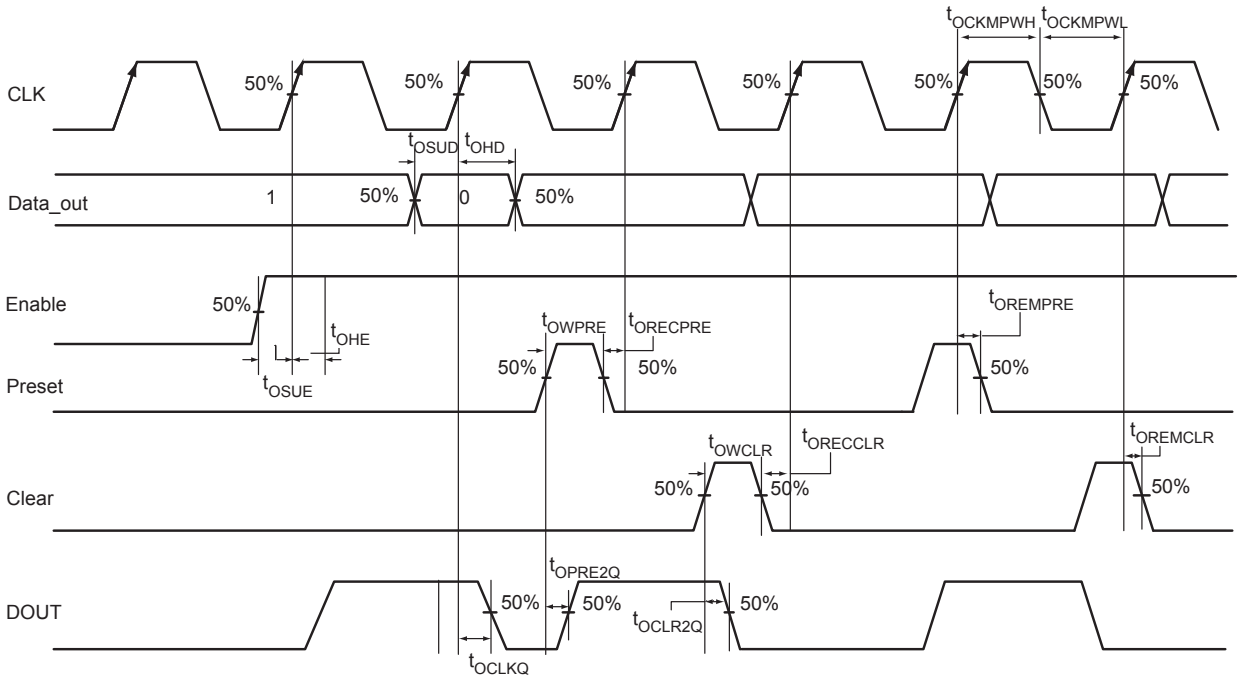


Figure 2-18 • **Output Register Timing Diagram**

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-99 • **Output Data Register Propagation Delays**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
t_{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	0.59	0.67	0.79	ns
t_{OSUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	0.31	0.36	0.42	ns
t_{OHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{OSUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	0.44	0.50	0.59	ns
t_{OHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{OCLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	0.80	0.91	1.07	ns
t_{OPRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Data Register	0.80	0.91	1.07	ns
$t_{OREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{ORECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{OWCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Data Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{OWPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Data Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OCKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output Data Register	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{OCKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output Data Register	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Embedded SRAM and FIFO Characteristics

SRAM

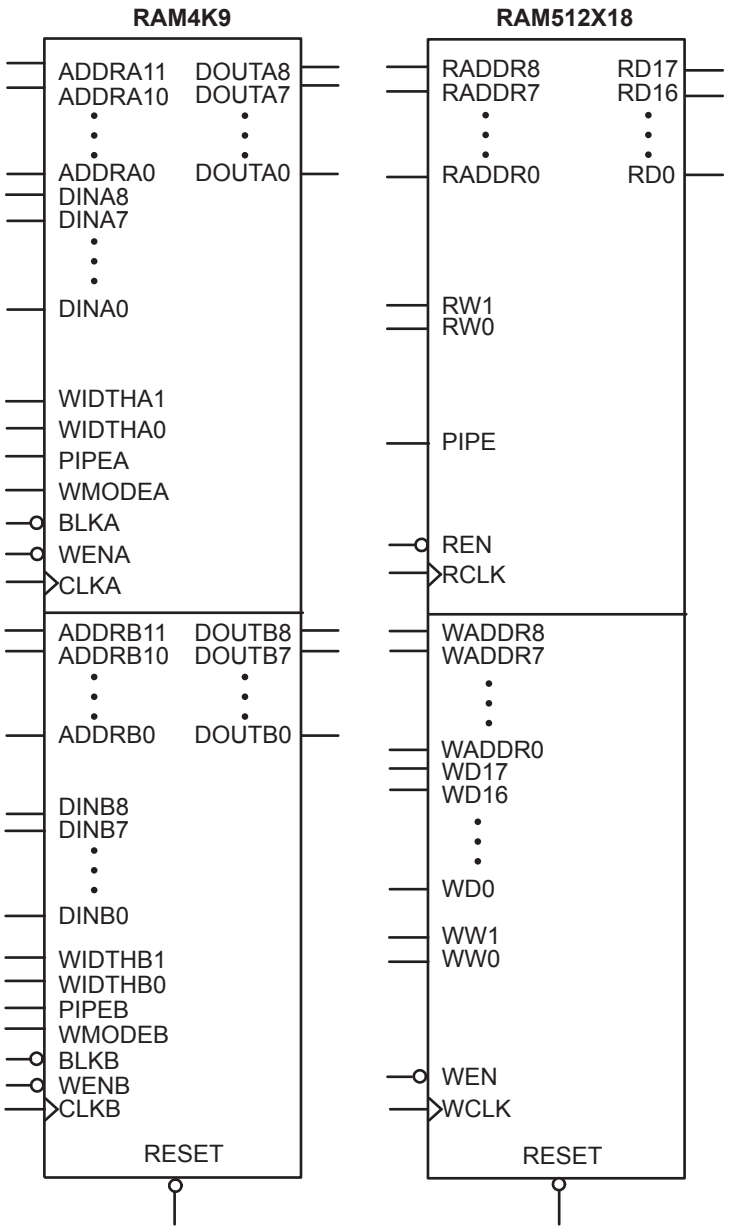


Figure 2-30 • **RAM Models**

Timing Waveforms

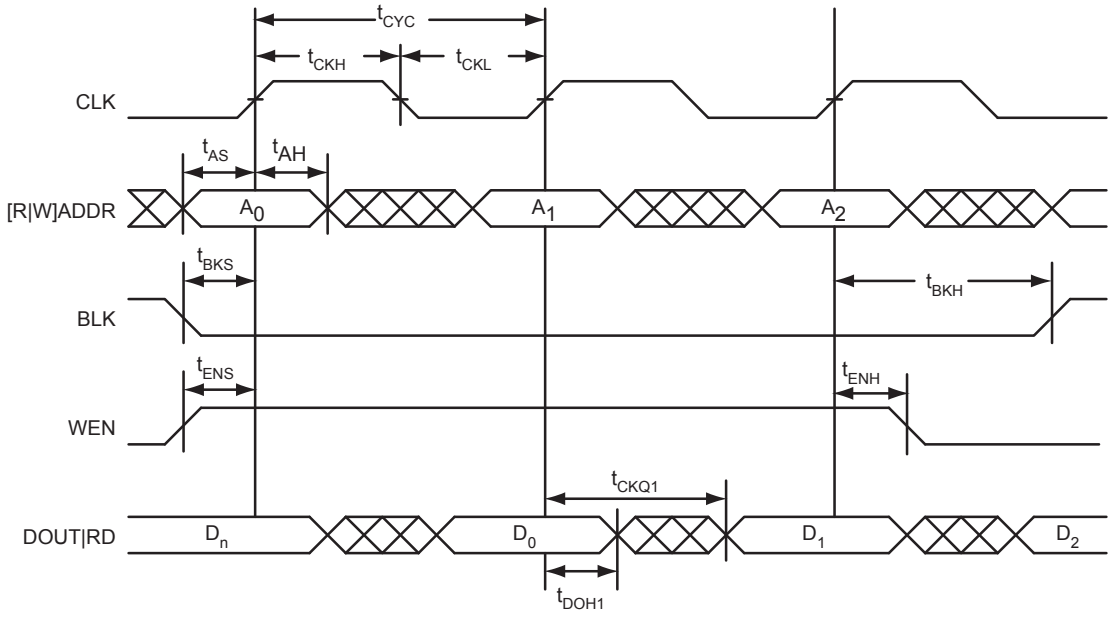


Figure 2-31 • **RAM Read for Pass-Through Output. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18.**

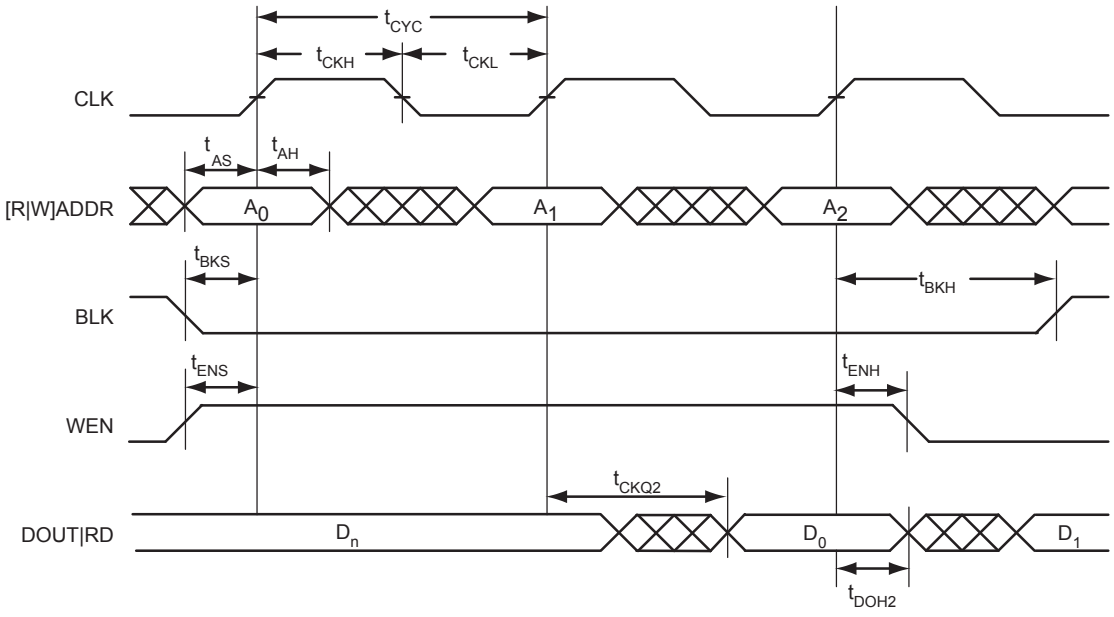


Figure 2-32 • **RAM Read for Pipelined Output. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18.**

mode is not used in the design, the FF pin is available as a regular I/O. For IGLOOe, ProASIC3EL, and RT ProASIC3 only, the FF pin can be configured as a Schmitt trigger input.

When Flash*Freeze mode is used, the FF pin must not be left floating to avoid accidentally entering Flash*Freeze mode. While in Flash*Freeze mode, the Flash*Freeze pin should be constantly asserted.

The Flash*Freeze pin can be used with any single-ended I/O standard supported by the I/O bank in which the pin is located, and input signal levels compatible with the I/O standard selected. The FF pin should be treated as a sensitive asynchronous signal. When defining pin placement and board layout, simultaneously switching outputs (SSOs) and their effects on sensitive asynchronous pins must be considered.

Unused FF or I/O pins are tristated with weak pull-up. This default configuration applies to both Flash*Freeze mode and normal operation mode. No user intervention is required.

JTAG Pins

Low power flash devices have a separate bank for the dedicated JTAG pins. The JTAG pins can be run at any voltage from 1.5 V to 3.3 V (nominal). VCC must also be powered for the JTAG state machine to operate, even if the device is in bypass mode; VJTAG alone is insufficient. Both VJTAG and VCC to the part must be supplied to allow JTAG signals to transition the device. Isolating the JTAG power supply in a separate I/O bank gives greater flexibility in supply selection and simplifies power supply and PCB design. If the JTAG interface is neither used nor planned for use, the VJTAG pin together with the TRST pin could be tied to GND.

TCK Test Clock

Test clock input for JTAG boundary scan, ISP, and UJTAG. The TCK pin does not have an internal pull-up/-down resistor. If JTAG is not used, Microsemi recommends tying off TCK to GND through a resistor placed close to the FPGA pin. This prevents JTAG operation in case TMS enters an undesired state.

Note that to operate at all VJTAG voltages, 500 Ω to 1 kΩ will satisfy the requirements. Refer to Table 1 for more information.

Table 1 • **Recommended Tie-Off Values for the TCK and TRST Pins**

VJTAG	Tie-Off Resistance
3.3 V	200 Ω –1 kΩ
2.5 V	200 Ω –1 kΩ
1.8 V	500 Ω –1 kΩ
1.5 V	500 Ω –1 kΩ

Notes:

1. *Equivalent parallel resistance if more than one device is on the JTAG chain*
2. *The TCK pin can be pulled up/down.*
3. *The TRST pin is pulled down.*

TDI Test Data Input

Serial input for JTAG boundary scan, ISP, and UJTAG usage. There is an internal weak pull-up resistor on the TDI pin.

TDO Test Data Output

Serial output for JTAG boundary scan, ISP, and UJTAG usage.

TMS Test Mode Select

The TMS pin controls the use of the IEEE 1532 boundary scan pins (TCK, TDI, TDO, TRST). There is an internal weak pull-up resistor on the TMS pin.

TRST Boundary Scan Reset Pin

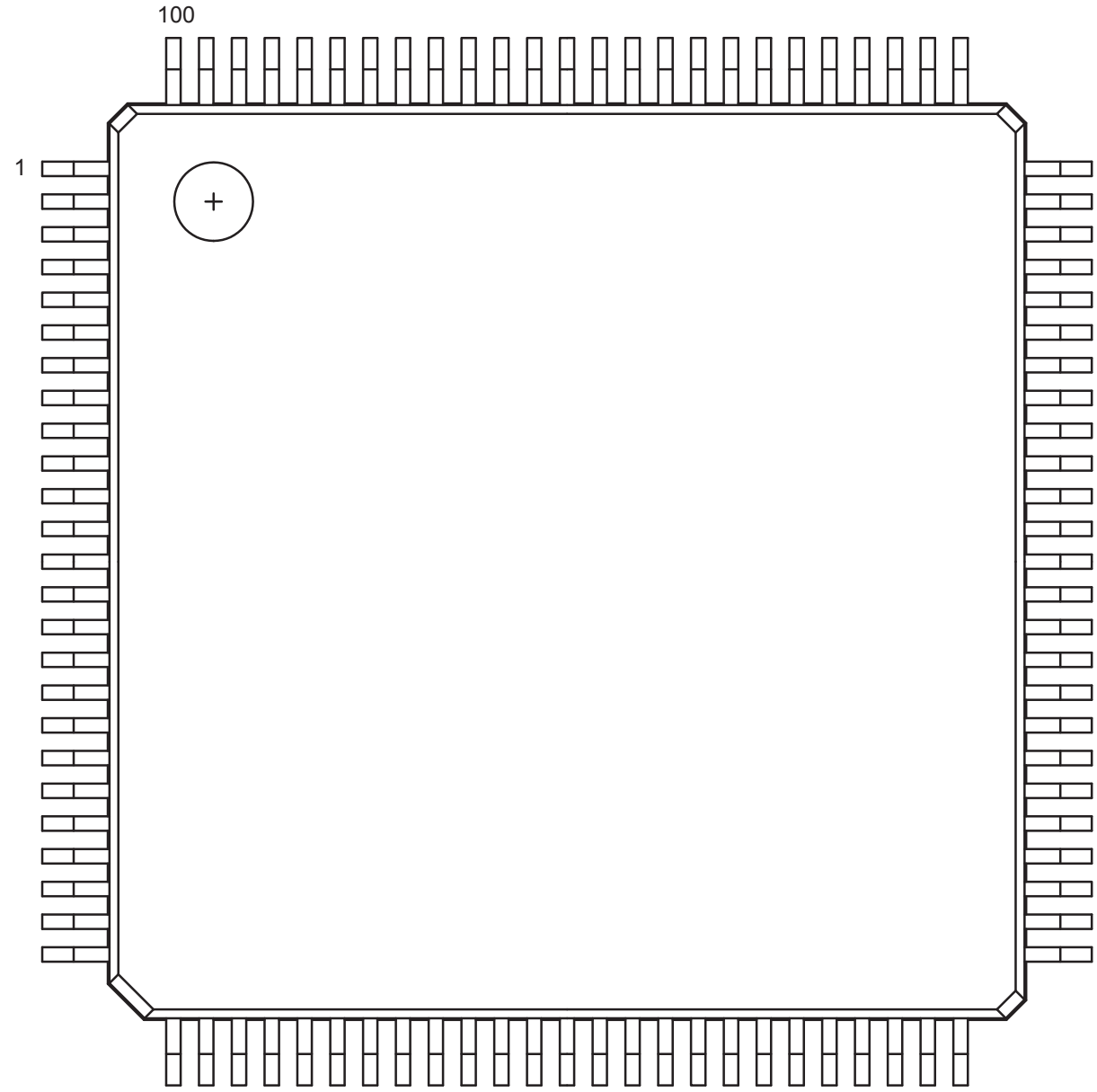
The TRST pin functions as an active low input to asynchronously initialize (or reset) the boundary scan circuitry. There is an internal weak pull-up resistor on the TRST pin. If JTAG is not used, an external pull-down resistor could be included to ensure the test access port (TAP) is held in reset mode. The resistor values must be chosen from Table 1 and must satisfy the parallel resistance value requirement. The values in Table 1 correspond to the resistor recommended when a single device is used, and the equivalent parallel resistor when multiple devices are connected via a JTAG chain.

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
A1	IO01RSB1
A2	IO81RSB1
A3	NC
A4	IO80RSB1
A5	GEC0/IO77RSB1
A6	NC
A7	GEB0/IO75RSB1
A8	IO73RSB1
A9	NC
A10	VCC
A11	IO71RSB1
A12	IO68RSB1
A13	IO63RSB1
A14	IO60RSB1
A15	NC
A16	IO59RSB1
A17	IO57RSB1
A18	VCC
A19	IO54RSB1
A20	IO52RSB1
A21	IO49RSB1
A22	IO48RSB1
A23	IO47RSB1
A24	TDI
A25	TRST
A26	IO44RSB0
A27	NC
A28	IO43RSB0
A29	IO42RSB0
A30	IO40RSB0
A31	IO39RSB0
A32	GDC0/IO36RSB0
A33	NC
A34	VCC
A35	IO34RSB0
A36	IO31RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
A37	IO26RSB0
A38	IO23RSB0
A39	NC
A40	IO22RSB0
A41	IO20RSB0
A42	IO18RSB0
A43	VCC
A44	IO15RSB0
A45	IO12RSB0
A46	IO10RSB0
A47	IO09RSB0
A48	IO06RSB0
B1	IO02RSB1
B2	IO82RSB1
B3	GND
B4	IO79RSB1
B5	NC
B6	GND
B7	IO74RSB1
B8	NC
B9	GND
B10	IO70RSB1
B11	IO67RSB1
B12	IO64RSB1
B13	IO61RSB1
B14	GND
B15	IO58RSB1
B16	IO56RSB1
B17	GND
B18	IO53RSB1
B19	IO50RSB1
B20	GND
B21	IO46RSB1
B22	TMS
B23	TDO
B24	IO45RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
B25	GND
B26	NC
B27	IO41RSB0
B28	GND
B29	GDA0/IO37RSB0
B30	NC
B31	GND
B32	IO33RSB0
B33	IO30RSB0
B34	IO27RSB0
B35	IO24RSB0
B36	GND
B37	IO21RSB0
B38	IO19RSB0
B39	GND
B40	IO16RSB0
B41	IO13RSB0
B42	GND
B43	IO08RSB0
B44	IO05RSB0
C1	IO03RSB1
C2	IO00RSB1
C3	NC
C4	IO78RSB1
C5	GEA0/IO76RSB1
C6	NC
C7	NC
C8	VCCIB1
C9	IO69RSB1
C10	IO66RSB1
C11	IO65RSB1
C12	IO62RSB1
C13	NC
C14	NC
C15	IO55RSB1
C16	VCCIB1

VQ100 – Top View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see *PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings*.

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO118UDB3
3	IO118VDB3
4	GAB2/IO117UDB3
5	IO117VDB3
6	GAC2/IO116UDB3
7	IO116VDB3
8	IO115UDB3
9	IO115VDB3
10	IO114UDB3
11	IO114VDB3
12	IO113PDB3
13	IO113NDB3
14	IO112PDB3
15	IO112NDB3
16	VCC
17	GND
18	VCCIB3
19	IO111PDB3
20	IO111NDB3
21	GFC1/IO110PDB3
22	GFC0/IO110NDB3
23	GFB1/IO109PDB3
24	GFB0/IO109NDB3
25	VCOMPLF
26	GFA0/IO108NPB3
27	VCCPLF
28	GFA1/IO108PPB3
29	GND
30	GFA2/IO107PDB3
31	IO107NDB3
32	GFB2/IO106PDB3
33	IO106NDB3
34	GFC2/IO105PDB3
35	IO105NDB3
36	NC

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
37	IO104PDB3
38	IO104NDB3
39	IO103PSB3
40	VCCIB3
41	GND
42	IO101PDB3
43	IO101NDB3
44	GEC1/IO100PDB3
45	GEC0/IO100NDB3
46	GEB1/IO99PDB3
47	GEB0/IO99NDB3
48	GEA1/IO98PDB3
49	GEA0/IO98NDB3
50	VMV3
51	GNDQ
52	GND
53	NC
54	NC
55	GEA2/IO97RSB2
56	GEB2/IO96RSB2
57	GEC2/IO95RSB2
58	IO94RSB2
59	IO93RSB2
60	IO92RSB2
61	IO91RSB2
62	VCCIB2
63	IO90RSB2
64	IO89RSB2
65	GND
66	IO88RSB2
67	IO87RSB2
68	IO86RSB2
69	IO85RSB2
70	IO84RSB2
71	VCC
72	VCCIB2

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
73	IO83RSB2
74	IO82RSB2
75	IO81RSB2
76	IO80RSB2
77	IO79RSB2
78	IO78RSB2
79	IO77RSB2
80	IO76RSB2
81	GND
82	IO75RSB2
83	IO74RSB2
84	IO73RSB2
85	IO72RSB2
86	IO71RSB2
87	IO70RSB2
88	VCC
89	VCCIB2
90	IO69RSB2
91	IO68RSB2
92	IO67RSB2
93	IO66RSB2
94	IO65RSB2
95	IO64RSB2
96	GDC2/IO63RSB2
97	GND
98	GDB2/IO62RSB2
99	GDA2/IO61RSB2
100	GNDQ
101	TCK
102	TDI
103	TMS
104	VMV2
105	GND
106	VPUMP
107	NC
108	TDO

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
109	TRST
110	VJTAG
111	GDA0/IO79VDB1
112	GDA1/IO79UDB1
113	GDB0/IO78VDB1
114	GDB1/IO78UDB1
115	GDC0/IO77VDB1
116	GDC1/IO77UDB1
117	IO76VDB1
118	IO76UDB1
119	IO75NDB1
120	IO75PDB1
121	IO74RSB1
122	GND
123	VCCIB1
124	NC
125	NC
126	VCC
127	IO72NDB1
128	GCC2/IO72PDB1
129	GCB2/IO71PSB1
130	GND
131	GCA2/IO70PSB1
132	GCA1/IO69PDB1
133	GCA0/IO69NDB1
134	GCB0/IO68NDB1
135	GCB1/IO68PDB1
136	GCC0/IO67NDB1
137	GCC1/IO67PDB1
138	IO66NDB1
139	IO66PDB1
140	VCCIB1
141	GND
142	VCC
143	IO65RSB1
144	IO64NDB1

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
145	IO64PDB1
146	IO63NDB1
147	IO63PDB1
148	IO62NDB1
149	GBC2/IO62PDB1
150	IO61NDB1
151	GBB2/IO61PDB1
152	IO60NDB1
153	GBA2/IO60PDB1
154	VMV1
155	GNDQ
156	GND
157	VMV0
158	GBA1/IO59RSB0
159	GBA0/IO58RSB0
160	GBB1/IO57RSB0
161	GBB0/IO56RSB0
162	GND
163	GBC1/IO55RSB0
164	GBC0/IO54RSB0
165	IO52RSB0
166	IO49RSB0
167	IO46RSB0
168	IO43RSB0
169	IO40RSB0
170	VCCIB0
171	VCC
172	IO36RSB0
173	IO35RSB0
174	IO34RSB0
175	IO33RSB0
176	IO32RSB0
177	IO31RSB0
178	GND
179	IO29RSB0
180	IO28RSB0

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
181	IO27RSB0
182	IO26RSB0
183	IO25RSB0
184	IO24RSB0
185	IO23RSB0
186	VCCIB0
187	VCC
188	IO21RSB0
189	IO20RSB0
190	IO19RSB0
191	IO18RSB0
192	IO17RSB0
193	IO16RSB0
194	IO15RSB0
195	GND
196	IO13RSB0
197	IO11RSB0
198	IO09RSB0
199	IO07RSB0
200	VCCIB0
201	GAC1/IO05RSB0
202	GAC0/IO04RSB0
203	GAB1/IO03RSB0
204	GAB0/IO02RSB0
205	GAA1/IO01RSB0
206	GAA0/IO00RSB0
207	GNDQ
208	VMV0

FG144	
Pin Number	**A3P600 Function**
K1	GEB0/IO145NDB3
K2	GEA1/IO144PDB3
K3	GEA0/IO144NDB3
K4	GEA2/IO143RSB2
K5	IO119RSB2
K6	IO111RSB2
K7	GND
K8	IO94RSB2
K9	GDC2/IO91RSB2
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO88NDB1
K12	GDB0/IO87NDB1
L1	GND
L2	VMV3
L3	GEB2/IO142RSB2
L4	IO136RSB2
L5	VCCIB2
L6	IO115RSB2
L7	IO103RSB2
L8	IO97RSB2
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV2
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO141RSB2
M3	IO138RSB2
M4	IO123RSB2
M5	IO126RSB2
M6	IO134RSB2
M7	IO108RSB2
M8	IO99RSB2
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
A1	GND
A2	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A3	GAA1/IO01RSB0
A4	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A5	IO11RSB0
A6	IO16RSB0
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	IO28RSB0
A9	IO34RSB0
A10	IO37RSB0
A11	IO41RSB0
A12	IO43RSB0
A13	GBB1/IO57RSB0
A14	GBA0/IO58RSB0
A15	GBA1/IO59RSB0
A16	GND
B1	GAB2/IO173PDB3
B2	GAA2/IO174PDB3
B3	GNDQ
B4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
B5	IO13RSB0
B6	IO14RSB0
B7	IO21RSB0
B8	IO27RSB0
B9	IO32RSB0
B10	IO38RSB0
B11	IO42RSB0
B12	GBC1/IO55RSB0
B13	GBB0/IO56RSB0
B14	IO52RSB0
B15	GBA2/IO60PDB1
B16	IO60NDB1
C1	IO173NDB3
C2	IO174NDB3
C3	VMV3
C4	IO07RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
C5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
C6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
C7	IO20RSB0
C8	IO24RSB0
C9	IO33RSB0
C10	IO39RSB0
C11	IO44RSB0
C12	GBC0/IO54RSB0
C13	IO51RSB0
C14	VMV0
C15	IO61NPB1
C16	IO63PDB1
D1	IO171NDB3
D2	IO171PDB3
D3	GAC2/IO172PDB3
D4	IO06RSB0
D5	GNDQ
D6	IO10RSB0
D7	IO19RSB0
D8	IO26RSB0
D9	IO30RSB0
D10	IO40RSB0
D11	IO45RSB0
D12	GNDQ
D13	IO50RSB0
D14	GBB2/IO61PPB1
D15	IO53RSB0
D16	IO63NDB1
E1	IO166PDB3
E2	IO167NPB3
E3	IO172NDB3
E4	IO169NDB3
E5	VMV0
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	IO25RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
E9	IO31RSB0
E10	VCCIB0
E11	VCCIB0
E12	VMV1
E13	GBC2/IO62PDB1
E14	IO67PPB1
E15	IO64PPB1
E16	IO66PDB1
F1	IO166NDB3
F2	IO168NPB3
F3	IO167PPB3
F4	IO169PDB3
F5	VCCIB3
F6	GND
F7	VCC
F8	VCC
F9	VCC
F10	VCC
F11	GND
F12	VCCIB1
F13	IO62NDB1
F14	IO64NPB1
F15	IO65PPB1
F16	IO66NDB1
G1	IO165NDB3
G2	IO165PDB3
G3	IO168PPB3
G4	GFC1/IO164PPB3
G5	VCCIB3
G6	VCC
G7	GND
G8	GND
G9	GND
G10	GND
G11	VCC
G12	VCCIB1

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
E21	NC
E22	NC
F1	NC
F2	NC
F3	NC
F4	IO154VDB3
F5	IO155VDB3
F6	IO11RSB0
F7	IO07RSB0
F8	GAC0/IO04RSB0
F9	GAC1/IO05RSB0
F10	IO20RSB0
F11	IO24RSB0
F12	IO33RSB0
F13	IO39RSB0
F14	IO45RSB0
F15	GBC0/IO54RSB0
F16	IO48RSB0
F17	VMV0
F18	IO61NPB1
F19	IO63PDB1
F20	NC
F21	NC
F22	NC
G1	NC
G2	NC
G3	NC
G4	IO151VDB3
G5	IO151UDB3
G6	GAC2/IO153UDB3
G7	IO06RSB0
G8	GNDQ
G9	IO10RSB0
G10	IO19RSB0
G11	IO26RSB0
G12	IO30RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
G13	IO40RSB0
G14	IO46RSB0
G15	GNDQ
G16	IO47RSB0
G17	GBB2/IO61PPB1
G18	IO53RSB0
G19	IO63NDB1
G20	NC
G21	NC
G22	NC
H1	NC
H2	NC
H3	VCC
H4	IO150PDB3
H5	IO08RSB0
H6	IO153VDB3
H7	IO152VDB3
H8	VMV0
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO25RSB0
H12	IO31RSB0
H13	VCCIB0
H14	VCCIB0
H15	VMV1
H16	GBC2/IO62PDB1
H17	IO65RSB1
H18	IO52RSB0
H19	IO66PDB1
H20	VCC
H21	NC
H22	NC
J1	NC
J2	NC
J3	NC
J4	IO150NDB3

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
J5	IO149NPB3
J6	IO09RSB0
J7	IO152UDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	VCC
J11	VCC
J12	VCC
J13	VCC
J14	GND
J15	VCCIB1
J16	IO62NDB1
J17	IO49RSB0
J18	IO64PPB1
J19	IO66NDB1
J20	NC
J21	NC
J22	NC
K1	NC
K2	NC
K3	NC
K4	IO148NDB3
K5	IO148PDB3
K6	IO149PPB3
K7	GFC1/IO147PPB3
K8	VCCIB3
K9	VCC
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	VCC
K15	VCCIB1
K16	GCC1/IO67PPB1
K17	IO64NPB1
K18	IO73PDB1

FG484	
Pin Number	**A3P400 Function**
K19	IO73NDB1
K20	NC
K21	NC
K22	NC
L1	NC
L2	NC
L3	NC
L4	GFB0/IO146NPB3
L5	GFA0/IO145NDB3
L6	GFB1/IO146PPB3
L7	VCOMPLF
L8	GFC0/IO147NPB3
L9	VCC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND
L14	VCC
L15	GCC0/IO67NPB1
L16	GCB1/IO68PPB1
L17	GCA0/IO69NPB1
L18	NC
L19	GCB0/IO68NPB1
L20	NC
L21	NC
L22	NC
M1	NC
M2	NC
M3	NC
M4	GFA2/IO144PPB3
M5	GFA1/IO145PDB3
M6	VCCPLF
M7	IO143NDB3
M8	GFB2/IO143PDB3
M9	VCC
M10	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	**A3P400 Function**
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	VCC
M15	GCB2/IO71PPB1
M16	GCA1/IO69PPB1
M17	GCC2/IO72PPB1
M18	NC
M19	GCA2/IO70PDB1
M20	NC
M21	NC
M22	NC
N1	NC
N2	NC
N3	NC
N4	GFC2/IO142PDB3
N5	IO144NPB3
N6	IO141PPB3
N7	IO120RSB2
N8	VCCIB3
N9	VCC
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	VCC
N15	VCCIB1
N16	IO71NPB1
N17	IO74RSB1
N18	IO72NPB1
N19	IO70NDB1
N20	NC
N21	NC
N22	NC
P1	NC
P2	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	**A3P400 Function**
P3	NC
P4	IO142NDB3
P5	IO141NPB3
P6	IO125RSB2
P7	IO139RSB3
P8	VCCIB3
P9	GND
P10	VCC
P11	VCC
P12	VCC
P13	VCC
P14	GND
P15	VCCIB1
P16	GDB0/IO78VPB1
P17	IO76VDB1
P18	IO76UDB1
P19	IO75PDB1
P20	NC
P21	NC
P22	NC
R1	NC
R2	NC
R3	VCC
R4	IO140PDB3
R5	IO130RSB2
R6	IO138NPB3
R7	GEC0/IO137NPB3
R8	VMV3
R9	VCCIB2
R10	VCCIB2
R11	IO108RSB2
R12	IO101RSB2
R13	VCCIB2
R14	VCCIB2
R15	VMV2
R16	IO83RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
E21	NC
E22	IO84PDB1
F1	NC
F2	IO215PDB3
F3	IO215NDB3
F4	IO224NDB3
F5	IO225NDB3
F6	VMV3
F7	IO11RSB0
F8	GAC0/IO04RSB0
F9	GAC1/IO05RSB0
F10	IO25RSB0
F11	IO36RSB0
F12	IO42RSB0
F13	IO49RSB0
F14	IO56RSB0
F15	GBC0/IO72RSB0
F16	IO62RSB0
F17	VMV0
F18	IO78NDB1
F19	IO81NDB1
F20	IO82PPB1
F21	NC
F22	IO84NDB1
G1	IO214NDB3
G2	IO214PDB3
G3	NC
G4	IO222NDB3
G5	IO222PDB3
G6	GAC2/IO223PDB3
G7	IO223NDB3
G8	GNDQ
G9	IO23RSB0
G10	IO29RSB0
G11	IO33RSB0
G12	IO46RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
G13	IO52RSB0
G14	IO60RSB0
G15	GNDQ
G16	IO80NDB1
G17	GBB2/IO79PDB1
G18	IO79NDB1
G19	IO82NPB1
G20	IO85PDB1
G21	IO85NDB1
G22	NC
H1	NC
H2	NC
H3	VCC
H4	IO217PDB3
H5	IO218PDB3
H6	IO221NDB3
H7	IO221PDB3
H8	VMV0
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO38RSB0
H12	IO47RSB0
H13	VCCIB0
H14	VCCIB0
H15	VMV1
H16	GBC2/IO80PDB1
H17	IO83PPB1
H18	IO86PPB1
H19	IO87PDB1
H20	VCC
H21	NC
H22	NC
J1	IO212NDB3
J2	IO212PDB3
J3	NC
J4	IO217NDB3

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
J5	IO218NDB3
J6	IO216PDB3
J7	IO216NDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	VCC
J11	VCC
J12	VCC
J13	VCC
J14	GND
J15	VCCIB1
J16	IO83NPB1
J17	IO86NPB1
J18	IO90PPB1
J19	IO87NDB1
J20	NC
J21	IO89PDB1
J22	IO89NDB1
K1	IO211PDB3
K2	IO211NDB3
K3	NC
K4	IO210PPB3
K5	IO213NDB3
K6	IO213PDB3
K7	GFC1/IO209PPB3
K8	VCCIB3
K9	VCC
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	VCC
K15	VCCIB1
K16	GCC1/IO91PPB1
K17	IO90NPB1
K18	IO88PDB1

Revision	Changes	Page
v2.0 (continued)	Table 3-20 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings (Advanced) and Table 3-21 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings (Standard Plus) were updated.	3-20 to 3-20
	Table 3-11 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in ProASIC3 Devices was updated.	3-9
	Table 3-24 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances1 (Advanced) and Table 3-25 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances1 (Standard Plus) were updated.	3-22 to 3-22
	Table 3-17 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions was updated.	3-18
	Table 3-28 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL (Advanced) and Table 3-29 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL (Standard Plus) were updated.	3-24 to 3-26
	The note in Table 3-32 • I/O Input Rise Time, Fall Time, and Related I/O Reliability was updated.	3-27
	Figure 3-33 • Write Access After Write onto Same Address, Figure 3-34 • Read Access After Write onto Same Address, and Figure 3-35 • Write Access After Read onto Same Address are new.	3-82 to 3-84
	Figure 3-43 • Timing Diagram was updated.	3-96
	Ambient was deleted from the "Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix".	iv
	Notes were added to the package diagrams identifying if they were top or bottom view.	N/A
	The A3P030 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-2
	The A3P060 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-4
	The A3P125 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-6
	The A3P250 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-8
	The A3P030 "100-Pin VQFP" table is new.	4-11
Advance v0.7 (January 2007)	In the "I/Os Per Package" table, the I/O numbers were added for A3P060, A3P125, and A3P250. The A3P030-VQ100 I/O was changed from 79 to 77.	ii
Advance v0.6 (April 2006)	The term flow-through was changed to pass-through.	N/A
	Table 1 was updated to include the QN132.	ii
	The "I/Os Per Package" table was updated with the QN132. The footnotes were also updated. The A3P400-FG144 I/O count was updated.	ii
	"Automotive ProASIC3 Ordering Information" was updated with the QN132.	iii
	"Temperature Grade Offerings" was updated with the QN132.	iii
	B-LVDS and M-LDVS are new I/O standards added to the datasheet.	N/A
	The term flow-through was changed to pass-through.	N/A
	Figure 2-7 • Efficient Long-Line Resources was updated.	2-7
	The footnotes in Figure 2-15 • Clock Input Sources Including CLKBUF, CLKBUF_LVDS/LVPECL, and CLKINT were updated.	2-16
	The Delay Increments in the Programmable Delay Blocks specification in Figure 2-24 • ProASIC3E CCC Options.	2-24
	The "SRAM and FIFO" section was updated.	2-21