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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

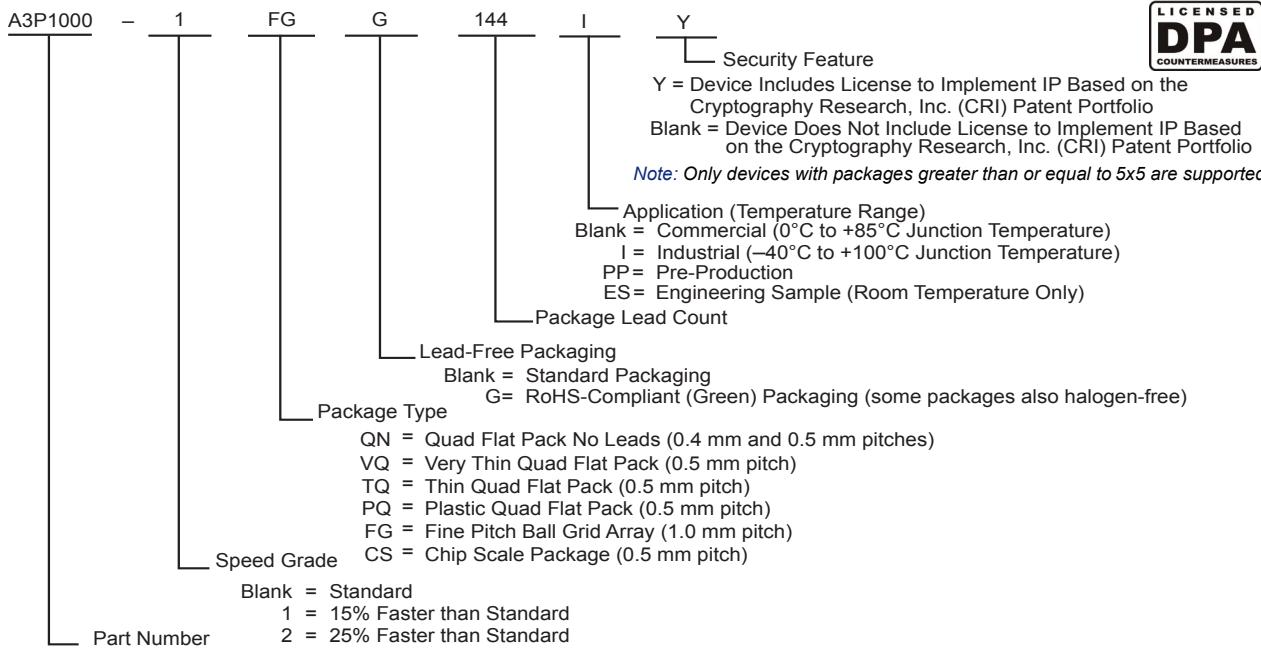
Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	18432
Number of I/O	71
Number of Gates	60000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-VQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p060-2vqg100

ProASIC3 Ordering Information



ProASIC3 Devices

A3P015 = 15,000 System Gates (A3P015 is not recommended for new designs.)
 A3P030 = 30,000 System Gates
 A3P060 = 60,000 System Gates
 A3P125 = 125,000 System Gates
 A3P250 = 250,000 System Gates
 A3P400 = 400,000 System Gates
 A3P600 = 600,000 System Gates
 A3P1000 = 1,000,000 System Gates

ProASIC3 Devices with Cortex-M1

M1A3P250 = 250,000 System Gates
 M1A3P400 = 400,000 System Gates
 M1A3P600 = 600,000 System Gates
 M1A3P1000 = 1,000,000 System Gates

ProASIC3 Device Status

ProASIC3 Devices	Status	Cortex-M1 Devices	Status
A3P015	Not recommended for new designs.		
A3P030	Production		
A3P060	Production		
A3P125	Production		
A3P250	Production	M1A3P250	Production
A3P400	Production	M1A3P400	Production
A3P600	Production	M1A3P600	Production
A3P1000	Production	M1A3P1000	Production

2 – ProASIC3 DC and Switching Characteristics

General Specifications

Operating Conditions

Stresses beyond those listed in [Table 2-1](#) may cause permanent damage to the device.

Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Absolute Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the Recommended Operating Conditions specified in [Table 2-2](#) on page 2-2 is not implied.

Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC core supply voltage	–0.3 to 1.65	V
VJTAG	JTAG DC voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VPUMP	Programming voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VCCPLL	Analog power supply (PLL)	–0.3 to 1.65	V
VCCI	DC I/O output buffer supply voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VMV	DC I/O input buffer supply voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VI	I/O input voltage	–0.3 V to 3.6 V (when I/O hot insertion mode is enabled) –0.3 V to (VCCI + 1 V) or 3.6 V, whichever voltage is lower (when I/O hot-insertion mode is disabled)	V
T _{STG} ²	Storage temperature	–65 to +150	°C
T _J ²	Junction temperature	+125	°C

Notes:

1. The device should be operated within the limits specified by the datasheet. During transitions, the input signal may undershoot or overshoot according to the limits shown in [Table 2-4](#) on page 2-3.
2. VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section on [page 3-1](#) for further information.
3. For flash programming and retention maximum limits, refer to [Table 2-3](#) on page 2-3, and for recommended operating limits, refer to [Table 2-2](#) on page 2-2.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

N_{S-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

P_{AC1} , P_{AC2} , P_{AC3} , and P_{AC4} are device-dependent.

Sequential Cells Contribution— P_{S-CELL}

$$P_{S-CELL} = N_{S-CELL} * (P_{AC5} + \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC6}) * F_{CLK}$$

N_{S-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design. When a multi-tile sequential cell is used, it should be accounted for as 1.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Combinatorial Cells Contribution— P_{C-CELL}

$$P_{C-CELL} = N_{C-CELL} * \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC7} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{C-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Routing Net Contribution— P_{NET}

$$P_{NET} = (N_{S-CELL} + N_{C-CELL}) * \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC8} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{S-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

N_{C-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Input Buffer Contribution— P_{INPUTS}

$$P_{INPUTS} = N_{INPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * P_{AC9} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{INPUTS} is the number of I/O input buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Output Buffer Contribution— $P_{OUTPUTS}$

$$P_{OUTPUTS} = N_{OUTPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * \beta_1 * P_{AC10} * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{OUTPUTS}$ is the number of I/O output buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

β_1 is the I/O buffer enable rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-17 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

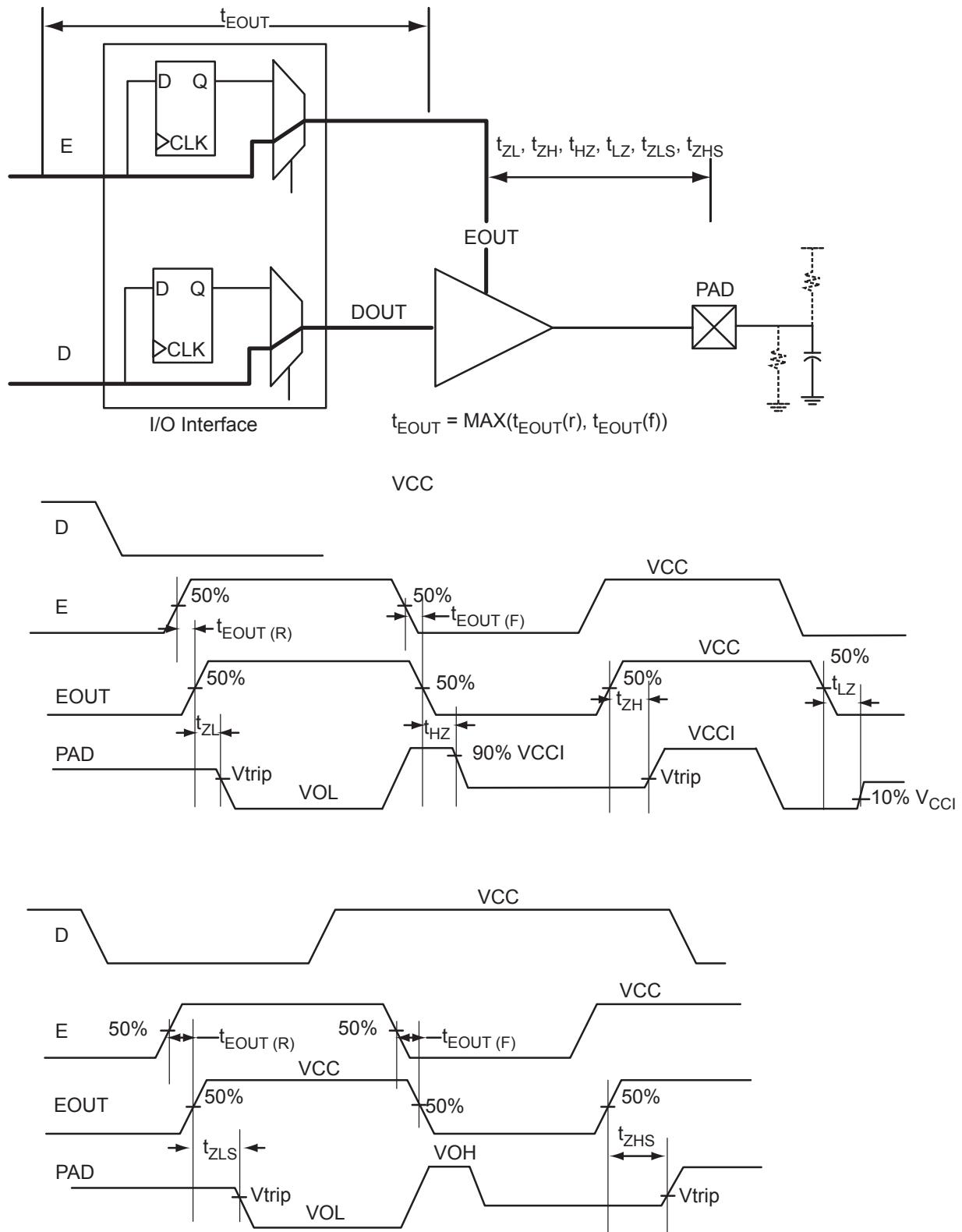


Figure 2-6 • Tristate Output Buffer Timing Model and Delays (Example)

Table 2-24 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings

–2 Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst Case VCC = 1.425 V,
 Worst-Case VCCI (per standard)
 Advanced I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor (Ω)	t_{DOUT} (ns)	t_{DP} (ns)	t_{DN} (ns)	t_{PY} (ns)	t_{EOUT} (ns)	t_{ZL} (ns)	t_{ZH} (ns)	t_{LZ} (ns)	t_{HZ} (ns)	t_{ZLs} (ns)	t_{ZHs} (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	2.64	0.03	0.76	0.32	2.69	2.11	2.40	2.68	4.36	3.78	ns
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ²	100 μA	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	4.08	0.03	0.76	0.32	4.08	3.20	3.71	4.14	6.61	5.74	ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	2.66	0.03	0.98	0.32	2.71	2.56	2.47	2.57	4.38	4.23	ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	2.64	0.03	0.91	0.32	2.69	2.27	2.76	3.05	4.36	3.94	ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	3.05	0.03	1.07	0.32	3.10	2.67	2.95	3.14	4.77	4.34	ns
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	–	High	10	25 ⁴	0.45	2.00	0.03	0.65	0.32	2.04	1.46	2.40	2.68	3.71	3.13	ns
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	–	High	10	25 ⁴	0.45	2.00	0.03	0.62	0.32	2.04	1.46	2.40	2.68	3.71	3.13	ns
LVDS	24 mA	–	High	–	–	0.45	1.37	0.03	1.20	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	ns
LVPECL	24 mA	–	High	–	–	0.45	1.34	0.03	1.05	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.
4. Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See Figure 2-11 on page 2-64 for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.

I/O DC Characteristics

Table 2-27 • Input Capacitance

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$	—	8	pF
C_{INCLK}	Input capacitance on the clock pin	$V_{IN} = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$	—	8	pF

Table 2-28 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Standard	Drive Strength	$R_{PULL-DOWN} (\Omega)^2$	$R_{PULL-UP} (\Omega)^3$
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	300
	4 mA	100	300
	6 mA	50	150
	8 mA	50	150
	12 mA	25	75
	16 mA	17	50
	24 mA	11	33
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	100 µA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	200
	4 mA	100	200
	6 mA	50	100
	8 mA	50	100
	12 mA	25	50
	16 mA	20	40
	24 mA	11	22
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	225
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	50	56
	8 mA	50	56
	12 mA	20	22
	16 mA	20	22
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	224
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	67	75
	8 mA	33	37
	12 mA	33	37
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	25	75

Notes:

1. These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on V_{CC1} , drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. $R_{(PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (V_{OLspec}) / I_{OLspec}$
3. $R_{(PULL-UP-MAX)} = (V_{CC1max} - V_{OHspec}) / I_{OHspec}$
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.

Single-Ended I/O Characteristics

3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS

Low-Voltage Transistor–Transistor Logic (LVTTL) is a general-purpose standard (EIA/JESD) for 3.3 V applications. It uses an LVTTL input buffer and push-pull output buffer.

**Table 2-37 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	mA	mA	Max mA ³	Max mA ³	µA ⁴	µA ⁴
2 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	2	27	25	10	10
4 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	4	4	27	25	10	10
6 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	6	6	54	51	10	10
8 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8	54	51	10	10
12 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	12	12	109	103	10	10
16 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	16	16	127	132	10	10
24 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	24	24	181	268	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3 \text{ V} < \text{VIN} < \text{VIL}$.
2. *IIH* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $\text{VIH} < \text{VIN} < \text{VCCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

**Table 2-38 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks**

3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	mA	mA	Max mA ³	Max mA ³	µA ⁴	µA ⁴
2 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	2	27	25	10	10
4 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	4	4	27	25	10	10
6 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	6	6	54	51	10	10
8 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8	54	51	10	10
12 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	12	12	109	103	10	10
16 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	16	16	109	103	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3 \text{ V} < \text{VIN} < \text{VIL}$.
2. *IIH* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $\text{VIH} < \text{VIN} < \text{VCCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-43 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew

 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	7.20	0.04	1.00	0.43	7.34	6.29	2.27	2.34	9.57	8.52	ns
	-1	0.56	6.13	0.04	0.85	0.36	6.24	5.35	1.93	1.99	8.14	7.25	ns
	-2	0.49	5.38	0.03	0.75	0.32	5.48	4.69	1.70	1.75	7.15	6.36	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	7.20	0.04	1.00	0.43	7.34	6.29	2.27	2.34	9.57	8.52	ns
	-1	0.56	6.13	0.04	0.85	0.36	6.24	5.35	1.93	1.99	8.14	7.25	ns
	-2	0.49	5.38	0.03	0.75	0.32	5.48	4.69	1.70	1.75	7.15	6.36	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.50	0.04	1.00	0.43	4.58	3.82	2.58	2.88	6.82	6.05	ns
	-1	0.56	3.83	0.04	0.85	0.36	3.90	3.25	2.19	2.45	5.80	5.15	ns
	-2	0.49	3.36	0.03	0.75	0.32	3.42	2.85	1.92	2.15	5.09	4.52	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.50	0.04	1.00	0.43	4.58	3.82	2.58	2.88	6.82	6.05	ns
	-1	0.56	3.83	0.04	0.85	0.36	3.90	3.25	2.19	2.45	5.80	5.15	ns
	-2	0.49	3.36	0.03	0.75	0.32	3.42	2.85	1.92	2.15	5.09	4.52	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	3.16	0.04	1.00	0.43	3.22	2.58	2.79	3.22	5.45	4.82	ns
	-1	0.56	2.69	0.04	0.85	0.36	2.74	2.20	2.37	2.74	4.64	4.10	ns
	-2	0.49	2.36	0.03	0.75	0.32	2.40	1.93	2.08	2.41	4.07	3.60	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	3.16	0.04	1.00	0.43	3.22	2.58	2.79	3.22	5.45	4.82	ns
	-1	0.56	2.69	0.04	0.85	0.36	2.74	2.20	2.37	2.74	4.64	4.10	ns
	-2	0.49	2.36	0.03	0.75	0.32	2.40	1.93	2.08	2.41	4.07	3.60	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-83 • 1.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	12.08	0.04	1.42	0.43	12.01	12.08	2.72	2.43	14.24	14.31	ns
	-1	0.56	10.27	0.04	1.21	0.36	10.21	10.27	2.31	2.06	12.12	12.18	ns
	-2	0.49	9.02	0.03	1.06	0.32	8.97	9.02	2.03	1.81	10.64	10.69	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	9.28	0.04	1.42	0.43	9.45	8.91	3.04	3.00	11.69	11.15	ns
	-1	0.56	7.89	0.04	1.21	0.36	8.04	7.58	2.58	2.55	9.94	9.49	ns
	-2	0.49	6.93	0.03	1.06	0.32	7.06	6.66	2.27	2.24	8.73	8.33	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-84 • 1.5 V LVC MOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
 Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	7.65	0.04	1.42	0.43	6.31	7.65	2.45	2.45	ns
	-1	0.56	6.50	0.04	1.21	0.36	5.37	6.50	2.08	2.08	ns
	-2	0.49	5.71	0.03	1.06	0.32	4.71	5.71	1.83	1.83	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-85 • 1.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
 Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	12.33	0.04	1.42	0.43	11.79	12.33	2.45	2.32	ns
	-1	0.56	10.49	0.04	1.21	0.36	10.03	10.49	2.08	1.98	ns
	-2	0.49	9.21	0.03	1.06	0.32	8.81	9.21	1.83	1.73	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

I/O Register Specifications

Fully Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Preset

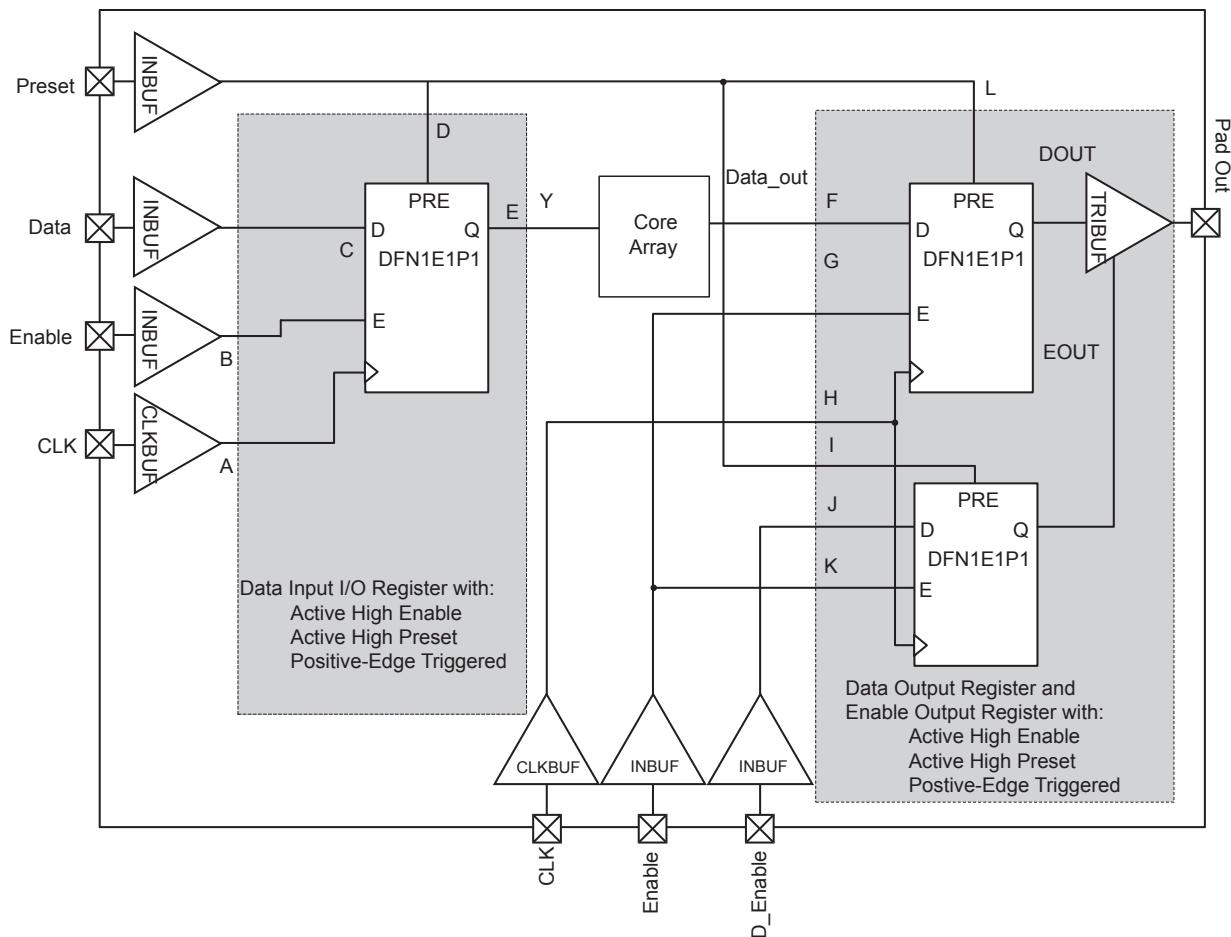


Figure 2-15 • Timing Model of Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Preset

Global Resource Characteristics

A3P250 Clock Tree Topology

Clock delays are device-specific. Figure 2-28 is an example of a global tree used for clock routing. The global tree presented in Figure 2-28 is driven by a CCC located on the west side of the A3P250 device. It is used to drive all D-flip-flops in the device.

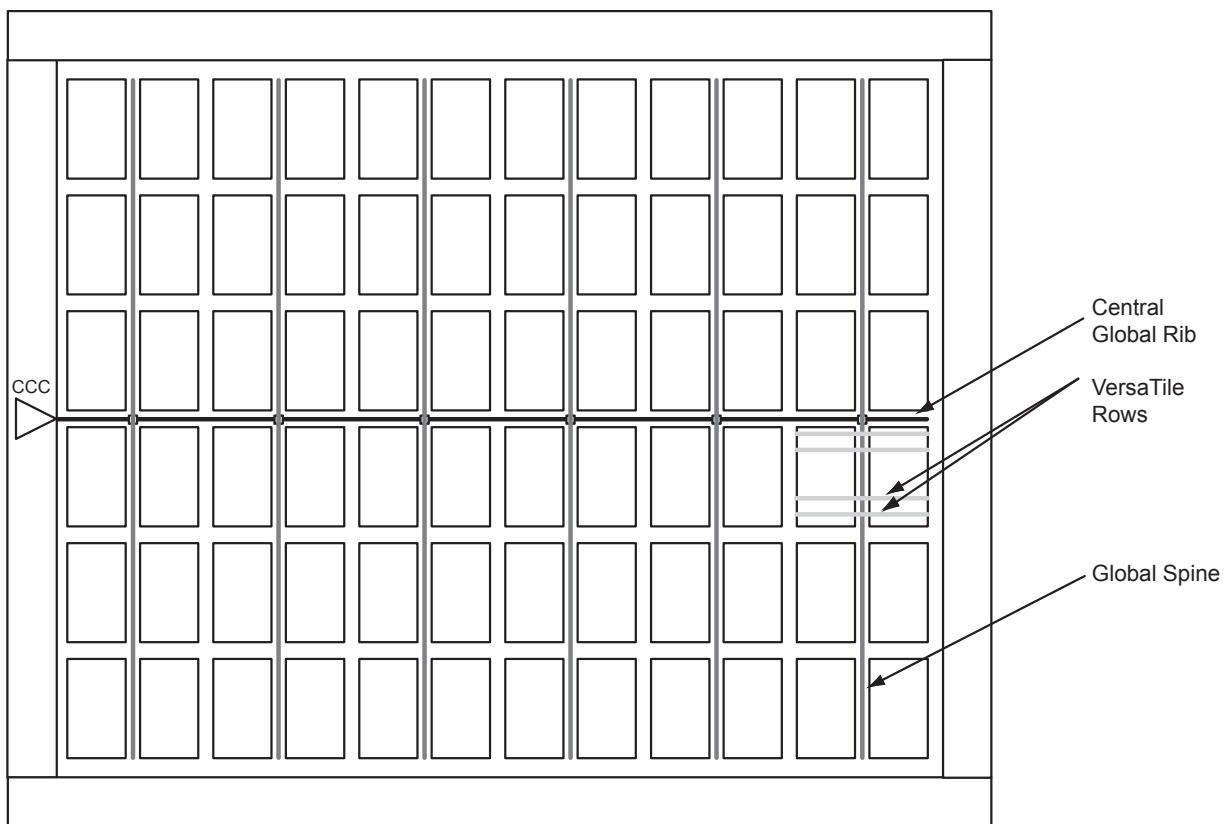


Figure 2-28 • Example of Global Tree Use in an A3P250 Device for Clock Routing

Global Tree Timing Characteristics

Global clock delays include the central rib delay, the spine delay, and the row delay. Delays do not include I/O input buffer clock delays, as these are I/O standard-dependent, and the clock may be driven and conditioned internally by the CCC module. For more details on clock conditioning capabilities, refer to the "Clock Conditioning Circuits" section on page 2-90. Table 2-108 to Table 2-114 on page 2-89 present minimum and maximum global clock delays within each device. Minimum and maximum delays are measured with minimum and maximum loading.

Table 2-111 • A3P250 Global Resource
 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $VCC = 1.425 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.80	1.01	0.91	1.15	1.07	1.36	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.78	1.04	0.89	1.18	1.04	1.39	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.34	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

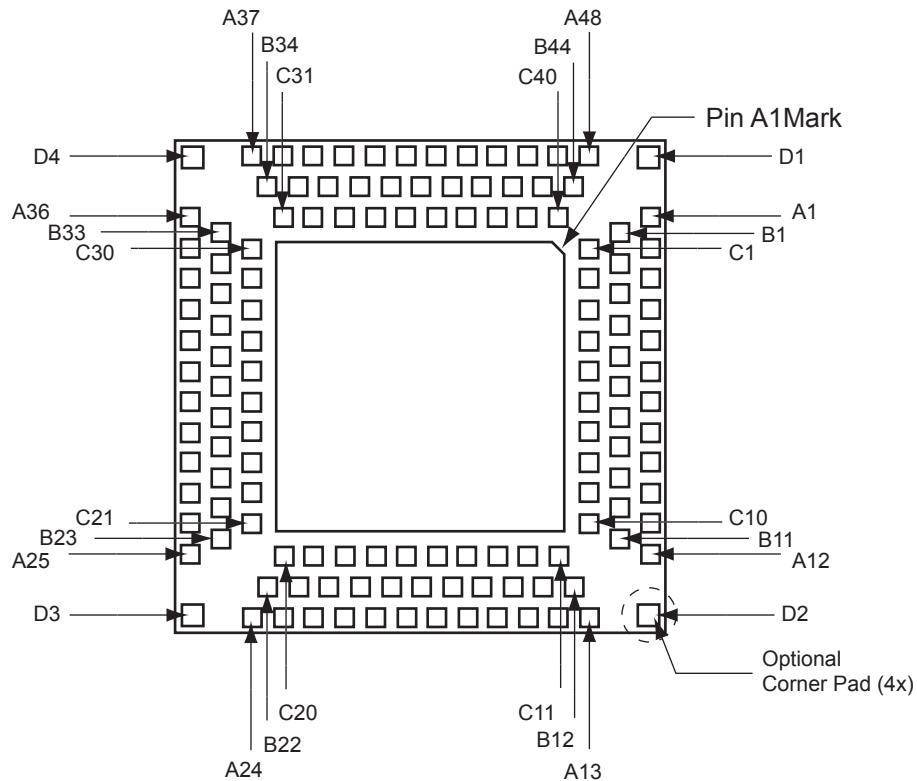
Table 2-112 • A3P400 Global Resource
 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $VCC = 1.425 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.87	1.09	0.99	1.24	1.17	1.46	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.86	1.11	0.98	1.27	1.15	1.49	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.34	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

QN132 – Bottom View



Notes:

1. The die attach paddle center of the package is tied to ground (GND).
2. Option corner pads come with this device and package combination. It is optional to tie them to ground or leave them floating.
3. The QN132 package is discontinued and is not available for ProASIC3 devices.
4. For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

CS121	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
K10	VPUMP
K11	GDB1/IO47RSB0
L1	VMV1
L2	GNDQ
L3	IO65RSB1
L4	IO63RSB1
L5	IO61RSB1
L6	IO58RSB1
L7	IO57RSB1
L8	IO55RSB1
L9	GNDQ
L10	GDA0/IO50RSB0
L11	VMV1

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
1	GND
2	IO82RSB1
3	IO81RSB1
4	IO80RSB1
5	IO79RSB1
6	IO78RSB1
7	IO77RSB1
8	IO76RSB1
9	GND
10	IO75RSB1
11	IO74RSB1
12	GEC0/IO73RSB1
13	GEA0/IO72RSB1
14	GEB0/IO71RSB1
15	IO70RSB1
16	IO69RSB1
17	VCC
18	VCCIB1
19	IO68RSB1
20	IO67RSB1
21	IO66RSB1
22	IO65RSB1
23	IO64RSB1
24	IO63RSB1
25	IO62RSB1
26	IO61RSB1
27	IO60RSB1
28	IO59RSB1
29	IO58RSB1
30	IO57RSB1
31	IO56RSB1
32	IO55RSB1
33	IO54RSB1
34	IO53RSB1
35	IO52RSB1
36	IO51RSB1

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
37	VCC
38	GND
39	VCCIB1
40	IO49RSB1
41	IO47RSB1
42	IO46RSB1
43	IO45RSB1
44	IO44RSB1
45	IO43RSB1
46	IO42RSB1
47	TCK
48	TDI
49	TMS
50	NC
51	GND
52	VPUMP
53	NC
54	TDO
55	TRST
56	VJTAG
57	IO41RSB0
58	IO40RSB0
59	IO39RSB0
60	IO38RSB0
61	IO37RSB0
62	IO36RSB0
63	GDB0/IO34RSB0
64	GDA0/IO33RSB0
65	GDC0/IO32RSB0
66	VCCIB0
67	GND
68	VCC
69	IO31RSB0
70	IO30RSB0
71	IO29RSB0
72	IO28RSB0

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
73	IO27RSB0
74	IO26RSB0
75	IO25RSB0
76	IO24RSB0
77	IO23RSB0
78	IO22RSB0
79	IO21RSB0
80	IO20RSB0
81	IO19RSB0
82	IO18RSB0
83	IO17RSB0
84	IO16RSB0
85	IO15RSB0
86	IO14RSB0
87	VCCIB0
88	GND
89	VCC
90	IO12RSB0
91	IO10RSB0
92	IO08RSB0
93	IO07RSB0
94	IO06RSB0
95	IO05RSB0
96	IO04RSB0
97	IO03RSB0
98	IO02RSB0
99	IO01RSB0
100	IO00RSB0

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
1	GAA2/IO51RSB1
2	IO52RSB1
3	GAB2/IO53RSB1
4	IO95RSB1
5	GAC2/IO94RSB1
6	IO93RSB1
7	IO92RSB1
8	IO91RSB1
9	VCC
10	GND
11	VCCIB1
12	IO90RSB1
13	GFC1/IO89RSB1
14	GFC0/IO88RSB1
15	GFB1/IO87RSB1
16	GFB0/IO86RSB1
17	VCOMPLF
18	GFA0/IO85RSB1
19	VCCPLF
20	GFA1/IO84RSB1
21	GFA2/IO83RSB1
22	GFB2/IO82RSB1
23	GFC2/IO81RSB1
24	IO80RSB1
25	IO79RSB1
26	IO78RSB1
27	GND
28	VCCIB1
29	GEC1/IO77RSB1
30	GEC0/IO76RSB1
31	GEB1/IO75RSB1
32	GEB0/IO74RSB1
33	GEA1/IO73RSB1
34	GEA0/IO72RSB1
35	VMV1
36	GNDQ

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
37	NC
38	GEA2/IO71RSB1
39	GEB2/IO70RSB1
40	GEC2/IO69RSB1
41	IO68RSB1
42	IO67RSB1
43	IO66RSB1
44	IO65RSB1
45	VCC
46	GND
47	VCCIB1
48	NC
49	IO64RSB1
50	NC
51	IO63RSB1
52	NC
53	IO62RSB1
54	NC
55	IO61RSB1
56	NC
57	NC
58	IO60RSB1
59	IO59RSB1
60	IO58RSB1
61	IO57RSB1
62	NC
63	GND
64	NC
65	GDC2/IO56RSB1
66	GDB2/IO55RSB1
67	GDA2/IO54RSB1
68	GNDQ
69	TCK
70	TDI
71	TMS
72	VMV1

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
73	VPUMP
74	NC
75	TDO
76	TRST
77	VJTAG
78	GDA0/IO50RSB0
79	GDB0/IO48RSB0
80	GDB1/IO47RSB0
81	VCCIB0
82	GND
83	IO44RSB0
84	GCC2/IO43RSB0
85	GCB2/IO42RSB0
86	GCA2/IO41RSB0
87	GCA0/IO40RSB0
88	GCA1/IO39RSB0
89	GCB0/IO38RSB0
90	GCB1/IO37RSB0
91	GCC0/IO36RSB0
92	GCC1/IO35RSB0
93	IO34RSB0
94	IO33RSB0
95	NC
96	NC
97	NC
98	VCCIB0
99	GND
100	VCC
101	IO30RSB0
102	GBC2/IO29RSB0
103	IO28RSB0
104	GBB2/IO27RSB0
105	IO26RSB0
106	GBA2/IO25RSB0
107	VMV0
108	GNDQ

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO04RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO05RSB0
A5	IO08RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO11RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO16RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO23RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO24RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO53RSB1
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO02RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO03RSB0
B5	IO00RSB0
B6	IO10RSB0
B7	IO12RSB0
B8	IO14RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO21RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO22RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV0
C1	IO95RSB1
C2	GFA2/IO83RSB1
C3	GAC2/IO94RSB1
C4	VCC
C5	IO01RSB0
C6	IO09RSB0
C7	IO13RSB0
C8	IO15RSB0
C9	IO17RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO25RSB0
C11	IO26RSB0
C12	GBC2/IO29RSB0

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
D1	IO91RSB1
D2	IO92RSB1
D3	IO93RSB1
D4	GAA2/IO51RSB1
D5	GAC0/IO06RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO07RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO19RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO20RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO27RSB0
D10	IO18RSB0
D11	IO28RSB0
D12	GCB1/IO37RSB0
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO88RSB1
E3	GFC1/IO89RSB1
E4	VCCIB1
E5	IO52RSB1
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO35RSB0
E9	VCCIB0
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO40RSB0
E12	IO30RSB0
F1	GFB0/IO86RSB1
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO87RSB1
F4	IO90RSB1
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO36RSB0
F9	GCB0/IO38RSB0
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO39RSB0
F12	GCA2/IO41RSB0

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
G1	GFA1/IO84RSB1
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO85RSB1
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO45RSB0
G9	IO32RSB0
G10	GCC2/IO43RSB0
G11	IO31RSB0
G12	GCB2/IO42RSB0
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO82RSB1
H3	GFC2/IO81RSB1
H4	GEC1/IO77RSB1
H5	VCC
H6	IO34RSB0
H7	IO44RSB0
H8	GDB2/IO55RSB1
H9	GDC0/IO46RSB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO33RSB0
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO75RSB1
J2	IO78RSB1
J3	VCCIB1
J4	GEC0/IO76RSB1
J5	IO79RSB1
J6	IO80RSB1
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO54RSB1
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO49RSB0
J12	GDB1/IO47RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
E21	NC
E22	NC
F1	NC
F2	NC
F3	NC
F4	IO154VDB3
F5	IO155VDB3
F6	IO11RSB0
F7	IO07RSB0
F8	GAC0/IO04RSB0
F9	GAC1/IO05RSB0
F10	IO20RSB0
F11	IO24RSB0
F12	IO33RSB0
F13	IO39RSB0
F14	IO45RSB0
F15	GBC0/IO54RSB0
F16	IO48RSB0
F17	VMV0
F18	IO61NPB1
F19	IO63PDB1
F20	NC
F21	NC
F22	NC
G1	NC
G2	NC
G3	NC
G4	IO151VDB3
G5	IO151UDB3
G6	GAC2/IO153UDB3
G7	IO06RSB0
G8	GNDQ
G9	IO10RSB0
G10	IO19RSB0
G11	IO26RSB0
G12	IO30RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
G13	IO40RSB0
G14	IO46RSB0
G15	GNDQ
G16	IO47RSB0
G17	GBB2/IO61PPB1
G18	IO53RSB0
G19	IO63NDB1
G20	NC
G21	NC
G22	NC
H1	NC
H2	NC
H3	VCC
H4	IO150PDB3
H5	IO08RSB0
H6	IO153VDB3
H7	IO152VDB3
H8	VMV0
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO25RSB0
H12	IO31RSB0
H13	VCCIB0
H14	VCCIB0
H15	VMV1
H16	GBC2/IO62PDB1
H17	IO65RSB1
H18	IO52RSB0
H19	IO66PDB1
H20	VCC
H21	NC
H22	NC
J1	NC
J2	NC
J3	NC
J4	IO150NDB3

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
J5	IO149NPB3
J6	IO09RSB0
J7	IO152UDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	VCC
J11	VCC
J12	VCC
J13	VCC
J14	GND
J15	VCCIB1
J16	IO62NDB1
J17	IO49RSB0
J18	IO64PPB1
J19	IO66NDB1
J20	NC
J21	NC
J22	NC
K1	NC
K2	NC
K3	NC
K4	IO148NDB3
K5	IO148PDB3
K6	IO149PPB3
K7	GFC1/IO147PPB3
K8	VCCIB3
K9	VCC
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	VCC
K15	VCCIB1
K16	GCC1/IO67PPB1
K17	IO64NPB1
K18	IO73PDB1

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
Y15	VCC
Y16	NC
Y17	NC
Y18	GND
Y19	NC
Y20	NC
Y21	NC
Y22	VCCIB1
AA1	GND
AA2	VCCIB3
AA3	NC
AA4	NC
AA5	NC
AA6	IO135RSB2
AA7	IO133RSB2
AA8	NC
AA9	NC
AA10	NC
AA11	NC
AA12	NC
AA13	NC
AA14	NC
AA15	NC
AA16	IO101RSB2
AA17	NC
AA18	NC
AA19	NC
AA20	NC
AA21	VCCIB1
AA22	GND
AB1	GND
AB2	GND
AB3	VCCIB2
AB4	NC
AB5	NC
AB6	IO130RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
AB7	IO128RSB2
AB8	IO122RSB2
AB9	IO116RSB2
AB10	NC
AB11	NC
AB12	IO113RSB2
AB13	IO112RSB2
AB14	NC
AB15	NC
AB16	IO100RSB2
AB17	IO95RSB2
AB18	NC
AB19	NC
AB20	VCCIB2
AB21	GND
AB22	GND

5 – Datasheet Information

List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in each version of the ProASIC3 datasheet.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 18 (March 2016)	Updated 3.3 V DC supply voltage's maximum Commercial and Industrial values from 3.3 V to 3.6 V in Table 2-2 (SAR 72693).	2-2
	Added reference of Package Mechanical Drawings document in all package pin assignment notes (76833).	NA
Revision 17 (June 2015)	Removed PQFP embedded heat spreader info. from Table 2-5 (SAR 52320).	2-6
	Updated " VCCIBx I/O Supply Voltage " (SAR 43323).	3-1
Revision 16 (December 2014)	Updated " ProASIC3 Ordering Information ". Interchanged the positions of Y- Security Feature and I- Application (Temperature Range) (SAR 61079). Added Note "Only devices with package size greater than or equal to 5x5 are supported".	1-IV
	Updated Table Note (2) in Table 2-3 • Flash Programming Limits – Retention, Storage and Operating Temperature so that the Table Note is not applicable for Maximum Storage Temperature T_{STG} (SAR 54297).	2-3
	Added values for Drive strength 2 mA in Table 2-41 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew , Table 2-42 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew , Table 2-43 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew , and Table 2-44 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew (SAR 57184).	2-34, 2-35, 2-36, 2-37
	Added Figure 2-1 • High-Temperature Data Retention (HTR) (SAR 45466).	2-3
	Updates made to maintain the style and consistency of the document.	NA
Revision 15 (July 2014)	Added corner pad table note (3) to " QN132 – Bottom View " (SAR 47442).	4-6
	Ambient temperature removed in Table 2-2 , table notes and " ProASIC3 Ordering Information " figure were modified (SAR 48343).	2-2 1-IV
	Other updates were made to maintain the style and consistency of the datasheet.	NA
Revision 14 (April 2014)	Note added for the discontinuance of QN132 package to the following tables and section: " ProASIC3 Devices ", " I/Os Per Package 1 ", " ProASIC3 FPGAs Package Sizes Dimensions " and " QN132 – Bottom View " section (SAR 55118).	I, III, 4-6