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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	18432
Number of I/O	96
Number of Gates	60000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p060-fg144i

Your valuable IP is protected with industry-standard security, making remote ISP possible. A ProASIC3 device provides the best available security for programmable logic designs.

Single Chip

Flash-based FPGAs store their configuration information in on-chip flash cells. Once programmed, the configuration data is an inherent part of the FPGA structure, and no external configuration data needs to be loaded at system power-up (unlike SRAM-based FPGAs). Therefore, flash-based ProASIC3 FPGAs do not require system configuration components such as EEPROMs or microcontrollers to load device configuration data. This reduces bill-of-materials costs and PCB area, and increases security and system reliability.

Instant On

Flash-based ProASIC3 devices support Level 0 of the Instant On classification standard. This feature helps in system component initialization, execution of critical tasks before the processor wakes up, setup and configuration of memory blocks, clock generation, and bus activity management. The Instant On feature of flash-based ProASIC3 devices greatly simplifies total system design and reduces total system cost, often eliminating the need for CPLDs and clock generation PLLs that are used for these purposes in a system. In addition, glitches and brownouts in system power will not corrupt the ProASIC3 device's flash configuration, and unlike SRAM-based FPGAs, the device will not have to be reloaded when system power is restored. This enables the reduction or complete removal of the configuration PROM, expensive voltage monitor, brownout detection, and clock generator devices from the PCB design. Flash-based ProASIC3 devices simplify total system design and reduce cost and design risk while increasing system reliability and improving system initialization time.

Firm Errors

Firm errors occur most commonly when high-energy neutrons, generated in the upper atmosphere, strike a configuration cell of an SRAM FPGA. The energy of the collision can change the state of the configuration cell and thus change the logic, routing, or I/O behavior in an unpredictable way. These errors are impossible to prevent in SRAM FPGAs. The consequence of this type of error can be a complete system failure. Firm errors do not exist in the configuration memory of ProASIC3 flash-based FPGAs. Once it is programmed, the flash cell configuration element of ProASIC3 FPGAs cannot be altered by high-energy neutrons and is therefore immune to them. Recoverable (or soft) errors occur in the user data SRAM of all FPGA devices. These can easily be mitigated by using error detection and correction (EDAC) circuitry built into the FPGA fabric.

Low Power

Flash-based ProASIC3 devices exhibit power characteristics similar to an ASIC, making them an ideal choice for power-sensitive applications. ProASIC3 devices have only a very limited power-on current surge and no high-current transition period, both of which occur on many FPGAs.

ProASIC3 devices also have low dynamic power consumption to further maximize power savings.

User Nonvolatile FlashROM

ProASIC3 devices have 1 kbit of on-chip, user-accessible, nonvolatile FlashROM. The FlashROM can be used in diverse system applications:

- Internet protocol addressing (wireless or fixed)
- System calibration settings
- Device serialization and/or inventory control
- Subscription-based business models (for example, set-top boxes)
- Secure key storage for secure communications algorithms
- Asset management/tracking
- Date stamping
- Version management

The FlashROM is written using the standard ProASIC3 IEEE 1532 JTAG programming interface. The core can be individually programmed (erased and written), and on-chip AES decryption can be used selectively to securely load data over public networks (except in the A3P015 and A3P030 devices), as in security keys stored in the FlashROM for a user design.

The FlashROM can be programmed via the JTAG programming interface, and its contents can be read back either through the JTAG programming interface or via direct FPGA core addressing. Note that the FlashROM can only be programmed from the JTAG interface and cannot be programmed from the internal logic array.

The FlashROM is programmed as 8 banks of 128 bits; however, reading is performed on a byte-by-byte basis using a synchronous interface. A 7-bit address from the FPGA core defines which of the 8 banks and which of the 16 bytes within that bank are being read. The three most significant bits (MSBs) of the FlashROM address determine the bank, and the four least significant bits (LSBs) of the FlashROM address define the byte.

The ProASIC3 development software solutions, Libero® System-on-Chip (SoC) and Designer, have extensive support for the FlashROM. One such feature is auto-generation of sequential programming files for applications requiring a unique serial number in each part. Another feature allows the inclusion of static data for system version control. Data for the FlashROM can be generated quickly and easily using Libero SoC and Designer software tools. Comprehensive programming file support is also included to allow for easy programming of large numbers of parts with differing FlashROM contents.

SRAM and FIFO

ProASIC3 devices (except the A3P015 and A3P030 devices) have embedded SRAM blocks along their north and south sides. Each variable-aspect-ratio SRAM block is 4,608 bits in size. Available memory configurations are 256×18, 512×9, 1k×4, 2k×2, and 4k×1 bits. The individual blocks have independent read and write ports that can be configured with different bit widths on each port. For example, data can be sent through a 4-bit port and read as a single bitstream. The embedded SRAM blocks can be initialized via the device JTAG port (ROM emulation mode) using the UJTAG macro (except in A3P015 and A3P030 devices).

In addition, every SRAM block has an embedded FIFO control unit. The control unit allows the SRAM block to be configured as a synchronous FIFO without using additional core VersaTiles. The FIFO width and depth are programmable. The FIFO also features programmable Almost Empty (AEMPTY) and Almost Full (AFULL) flags in addition to the normal Empty and Full flags. The embedded FIFO control unit contains the counters necessary for generation of the read and write address pointers. The embedded SRAM/FIFO blocks can be cascaded to create larger configurations.

PLL and CCC

ProASIC3 devices provide designers with very flexible clock conditioning capabilities. Each member of the ProASIC3 family contains six CCCs. One CCC (center west side) has a PLL. The A3P015 and A3P030 devices do not have a PLL.

The six CCC blocks are located at the four corners and the centers of the east and west sides.

All six CCC blocks are usable; the four corner CCCs and the east CCC allow simple clock delay operations as well as clock spine access.

The inputs of the six CCC blocks are accessible from the FPGA core or from one of several inputs located near the CCC that have dedicated connections to the CCC block.

I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards

The ProASIC3 family of FPGAs features a flexible I/O structure, supporting a range of voltages (1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V). ProASIC3 FPGAs support many different I/O standards—single-ended and differential.

The I/Os are organized into banks, with two or four banks per device. The configuration of these banks determines the I/O standards supported ([Table 1-1](#)).

Table 1-1 • I/O Standards Supported

I/O Bank Type	Device and Bank Location	I/O Standards Supported		
		LVTTL/ LVCMOS	PCI/PCI-X	LVPECL, LVDS, B-LVDS, M-LVDS
Advanced	East and west Banks of A3P250 and larger devices	✓	✓	✓
Standard Plus	North and south banks of A3P250 and larger devices All banks of A3P060 and A3P125	✓	✓	Not supported
Standard	All banks of A3P015 and A3P030	✓	Not supported	Not supported

Each I/O module contains several input, output, and enable registers. These registers allow the implementation of the following:

- Single-Data-Rate applications
- Double-Data-Rate applications—DDR LVDS, B-LVDS, and M-LVDS I/Os for point-to-point communications

ProASIC3 banks for the A3P250 device and above support LVPECL, LVDS, B-LVDS and M-LVDS. B-LVDS and M-LVDS can support up to 20 loads.

Hot-swap (also called hot-plug, or hot-insertion) is the operation of hot-insertion or hot-removal of a card in a powered-up system.

Cold-sparing (also called cold-swap) refers to the ability of a device to leave system data undisturbed when the system is powered up, while the component itself is powered down, or when power supplies are floating.

Wide Range I/O Support

ProASIC3 devices support JEDEC-defined wide range I/O operation. ProASIC3 supports the JESD8-B specification, covering both 3 V and 3.3 V supplies, for an effective operating range of 2.7 V to 3.6 V.

Wider I/O range means designers can eliminate power supplies or power conditioning components from the board or move to less costly components with greater tolerances. Wide range eases I/O bank management and provides enhanced protection from system voltage spikes, while providing the flexibility to easily run custom voltage applications.

Specifying I/O States During Programming

You can modify the I/O states during programming in FlashPro. In FlashPro, this feature is supported for PDB files generated from Designer v8.5 or greater. See the [FlashPro User's Guide](#) for more information.

Note: PDB files generated from Designer v8.1 to Designer v8.4 (including all service packs) have limited display of Pin Numbers only.

1. Load a PDB from the FlashPro GUI. You must have a PDB loaded to modify the I/O states during programming.
2. From the FlashPro GUI, click PDB Configuration. A FlashPoint – Programming File Generator window appears.
3. Click the Specify I/O States During Programming button to display the Specify I/O States During Programming dialog box.
4. Sort the pins as desired by clicking any of the column headers to sort the entries by that header. Select the I/Os you wish to modify ([Figure 1-4 on page 1-8](#)).
5. Set the I/O Output State. You can set Basic I/O settings if you want to use the default I/O settings for your pins, or use Custom I/O settings to customize the settings for each pin. Basic I/O state settings:
 - 1 – I/O is set to drive out logic High

Table 2-39 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
 Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	mA	mA	Max mA ³	Max mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	2	25	27	10	10
4 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	4	4	25	27	10	10
6 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	6	6	51	54	10	10
8 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8	51	54	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

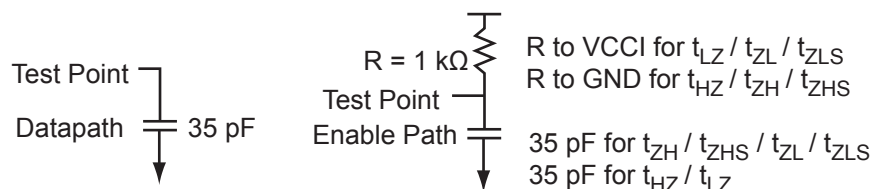


Figure 2-7 • AC Loading

Table 2-40 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	3.3	1.4	35

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-22 on page 2-22 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-41 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	7.66	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.80	6.59	2.65	2.61	10.03	8.82	ns
	–1	0.56	6.51	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.63	5.60	2.25	2.22	8.54	7.51	ns
	–2	0.49	5.72	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.82	4.92	1.98	1.95	7.49	6.59	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	7.66	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.80	6.59	2.65	2.61	10.03	8.82	ns
	–1	0.56	6.51	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.63	5.60	2.25	2.22	8.54	7.51	ns
	–2	0.49	5.72	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.82	4.92	1.98	1.95	7.49	6.59	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.91	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.00	4.07	2.99	3.20	7.23	6.31	ns
	–1	0.56	4.17	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.25	3.46	2.54	2.73	6.15	5.36	ns
	–2	0.49	3.66	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.73	3.04	2.23	2.39	5.40	4.71	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.91	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.00	4.07	2.99	3.20	7.23	6.31	ns
	–1	0.56	4.17	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.25	3.46	2.54	2.73	6.15	5.36	ns
	–2	0.49	3.66	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.73	3.04	2.23	2.39	5.40	4.71	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	3.53	0.04	1.02	0.43	3.60	2.82	3.21	3.58	5.83	5.06	ns
	–1	0.56	3.00	0.04	0.86	0.36	3.06	2.40	2.73	3.05	4.96	4.30	ns
	–2	0.49	2.64	0.03	0.76	0.32	2.69	2.11	2.40	2.68	4.36	3.78	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	3.33	0.04	1.02	0.43	3.39	2.56	3.26	3.68	5.63	4.80	ns
	–1	0.56	2.83	0.04	0.86	0.36	2.89	2.18	2.77	3.13	4.79	4.08	ns
	–2	0.49	2.49	0.03	0.76	0.32	2.53	1.91	2.44	2.75	4.20	3.58	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.66	3.08	0.04	1.02	0.43	3.13	2.12	3.32	4.06	5.37	4.35	ns
	–1	0.56	2.62	0.04	0.86	0.36	2.66	1.80	2.83	3.45	4.57	3.70	ns
	–2	0.49	2.30	0.03	0.76	0.32	2.34	1.58	2.48	3.03	4.01	3.25	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-71 • 1.8 V LVCMOS Low Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 1.7\text{ V}$
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	15.53	0.04	1.22	0.43	14.11	15.53	2.78	1.60	16.35	17.77	ns
	–1	0.56	13.21	0.04	1.04	0.36	12.01	13.21	2.36	1.36	13.91	15.11	ns
	–2	0.49	11.60	0.03	0.91	0.32	10.54	11.60	2.07	1.19	12.21	13.27	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	10.48	0.04	1.22	0.43	10.41	10.48	3.23	2.73	12.65	12.71	ns
	–1	0.56	8.91	0.04	1.04	0.36	8.86	8.91	2.75	2.33	10.76	10.81	ns
	–2	0.49	7.82	0.03	0.91	0.32	7.77	7.82	2.41	2.04	9.44	9.49	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	8.05	0.04	1.22	0.43	8.20	7.84	3.54	3.27	10.43	10.08	ns
	–1	0.56	6.85	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.97	6.67	3.01	2.78	8.88	8.57	ns
	–2	0.49	6.01	0.03	0.91	0.32	6.12	5.86	2.64	2.44	7.79	7.53	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	7.50	0.04	1.22	0.43	7.64	7.30	3.61	3.41	9.88	9.53	ns
	–1	0.56	6.38	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.50	6.21	3.07	2.90	8.40	8.11	ns
	–2	0.49	5.60	0.03	0.91	0.32	5.71	5.45	2.69	2.55	7.38	7.12	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	7.29	0.04	1.22	0.43	7.23	7.29	3.71	3.95	9.47	9.53	ns
	–1	0.56	6.20	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.15	6.20	3.15	3.36	8.06	8.11	ns
	–2	0.49	5.45	0.03	0.91	0.32	5.40	5.45	2.77	2.95	7.07	7.12	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	7.29	0.04	1.22	0.43	7.23	7.29	3.71	3.95	9.47	9.53	ns
	–1	0.56	6.20	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.15	6.20	3.15	3.36	8.06	8.11	ns
	–2	0.49	5.45	0.03	0.91	0.32	5.40	5.45	2.77	2.95	7.07	7.12	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-100 • Output Enable Register Propagation Delays
 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.59	0.67	0.79	ns
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.31	0.36	0.42	ns
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.44	0.50	0.58	ns
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.67	0.76	0.89	ns
$t_{OEPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.67	0.76	0.89	ns
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OEREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OEWCCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{OEWPPE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OECKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output Enable Register	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{OECKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output Enable Register	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

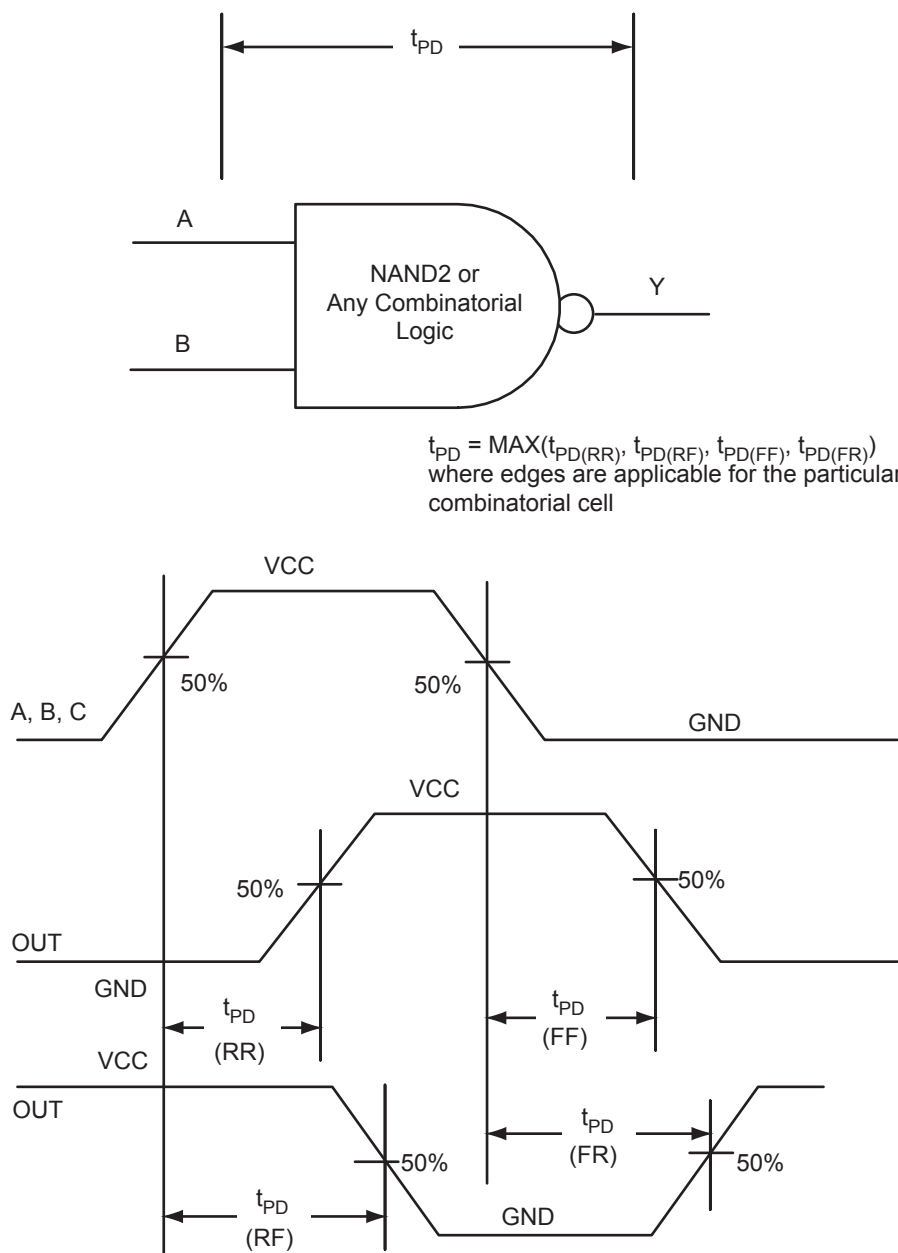


Figure 2-25 • Timing Model and Waveforms

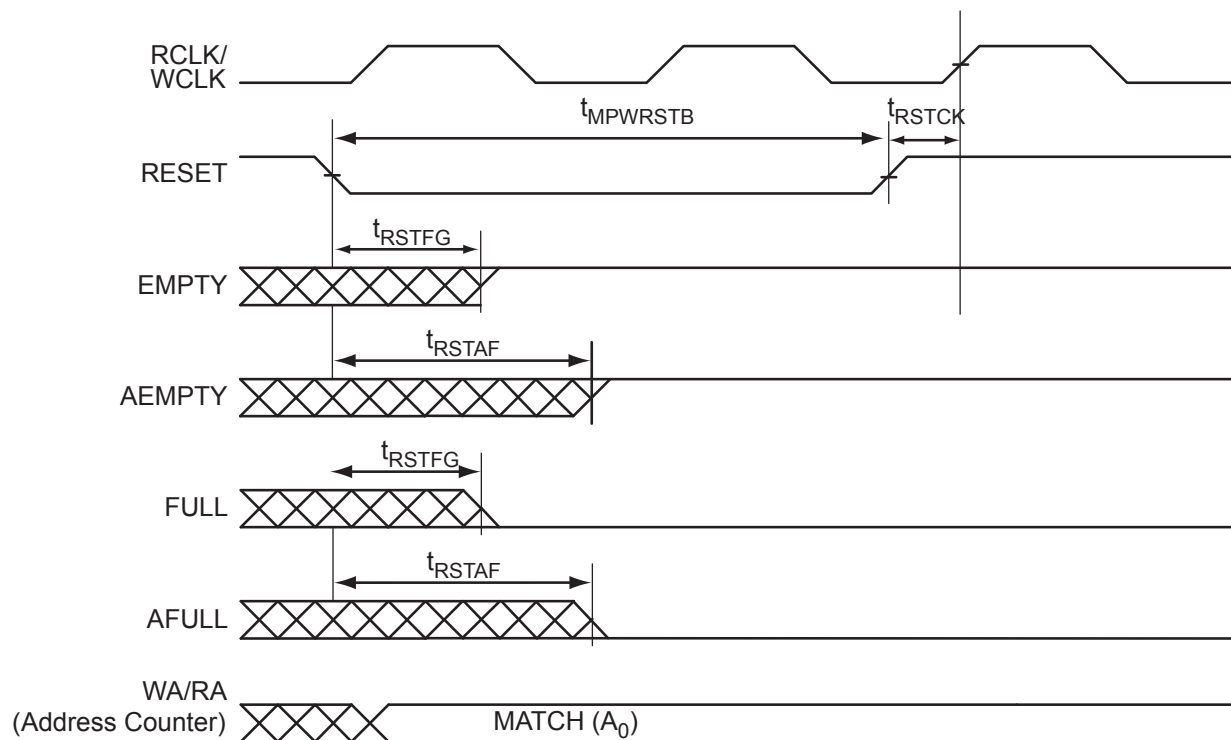


Figure 2-39 • FIFO Reset

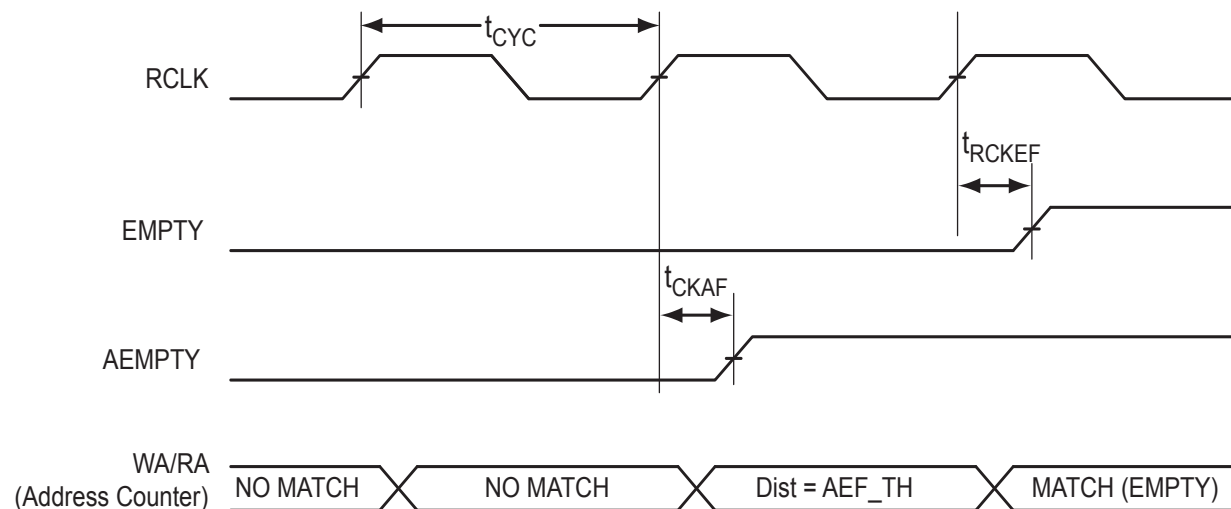


Figure 2-40 • FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Assertion

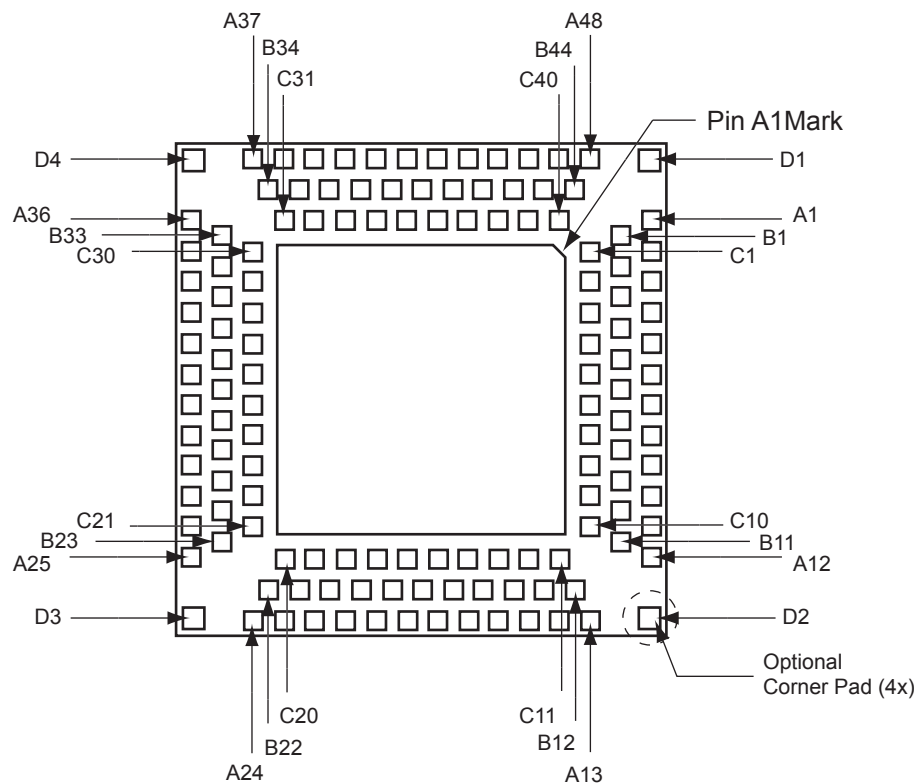
Table 2-120 • A3P250 FIFO 512×8
Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN Setup Time	3.75	4.27	5.02	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK Setup Time	0.19	0.22	0.26	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{DS}	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (flow-through)	2.17	2.47	2.90	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	0.94	1.07	1.26	ns
t_{RCKEF}	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	1.72	1.96	2.30	ns
t_{WCKFF}	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	1.63	1.86	2.18	ns
t_{CKAF}	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.19	7.05	8.29	ns
t_{RSTFG}	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	1.69	1.93	2.27	ns
t_{RSTAF}	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.13	6.98	8.20	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
t_{REMRSTB}	RESET Removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
t_{RECRSTB}	RESET Recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
t_{MPWRSTB}	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency for FIFO	310	272	231	MHz

Table 2-121 • A3P250 FIFO 1k×4**Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN Setup Time	4.05	4.61	5.42	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK Setup Time	0.19	0.22	0.26	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{DS}	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (flow-through)	2.36	2.68	3.15	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	0.89	1.02	1.20	ns
t_{RCKEF}	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	1.72	1.96	2.30	ns
t_{WCKFF}	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	1.63	1.86	2.18	ns
t_{CKAF}	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.19	7.05	8.29	ns
t_{RSTFG}	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	1.69	1.93	2.27	ns
t_{RSTAF}	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.13	6.98	8.20	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
t_{REMRSTB}	RESET Removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
t_{RECRSTB}	RESET Recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
t_{MPWRSTB}	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency for FIFO	310	272	231	MHz

QN132 – Bottom View



Notes:

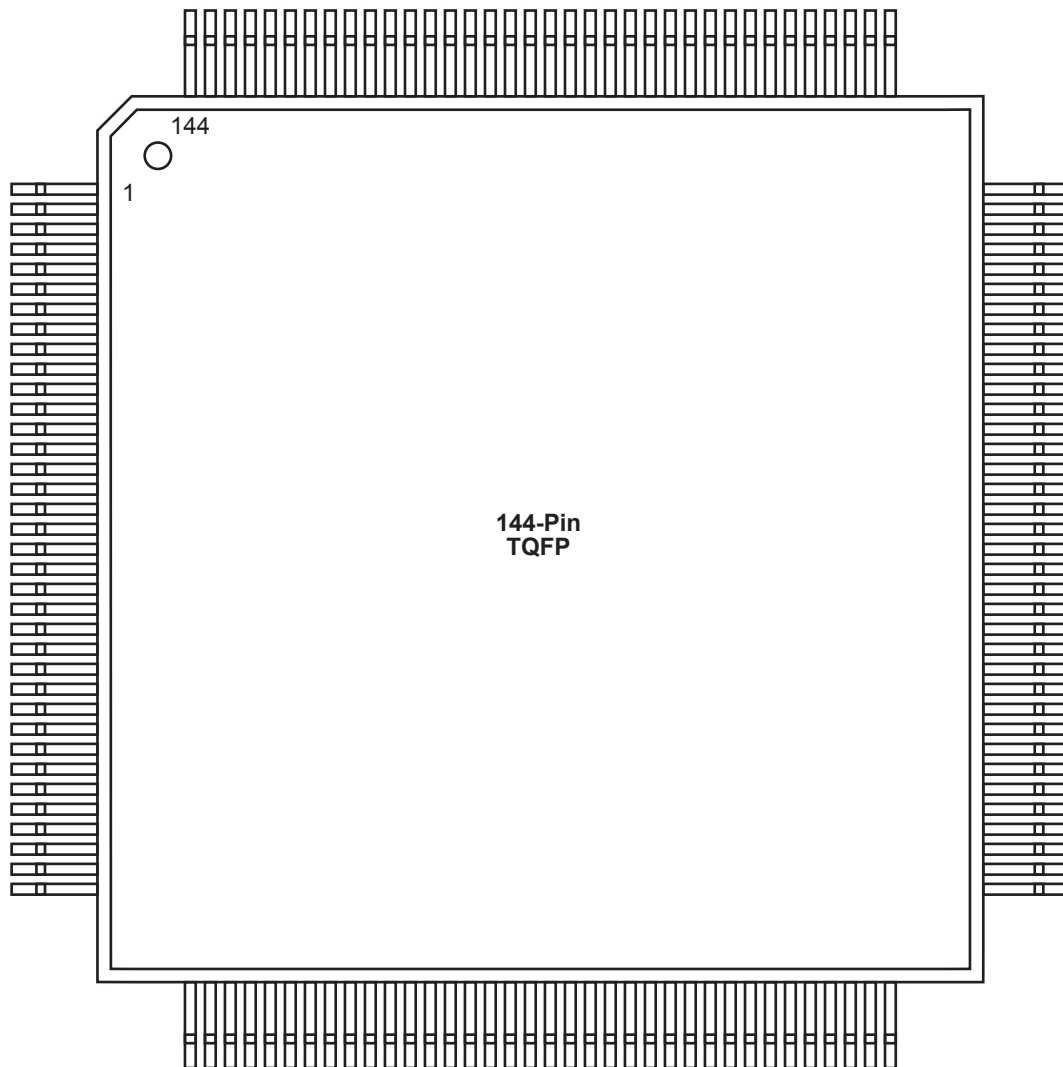
1. The die attach paddle center of the package is tied to ground (GND).
2. Option corner pads come with this device and package combination. It is optional to tie them to ground or leave them floating.
3. The QN132 package is discontinued and is not available for ProASIC3 devices.
4. For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
A1	IO01RSB1
A2	IO81RSB1
A3	NC
A4	IO80RSB1
A5	GEC0/IO77RSB1
A6	NC
A7	GEB0/IO75RSB1
A8	IO73RSB1
A9	NC
A10	VCC
A11	IO71RSB1
A12	IO68RSB1
A13	IO63RSB1
A14	IO60RSB1
A15	NC
A16	IO59RSB1
A17	IO57RSB1
A18	VCC
A19	IO54RSB1
A20	IO52RSB1
A21	IO49RSB1
A22	IO48RSB1
A23	IO47RSB1
A24	TDI
A25	TRST
A26	IO44RSB0
A27	NC
A28	IO43RSB0
A29	IO42RSB0
A30	IO40RSB0
A31	IO39RSB0
A32	GDC0/IO36RSB0
A33	NC
A34	VCC
A35	IO34RSB0
A36	IO31RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
A37	IO26RSB0
A38	IO23RSB0
A39	NC
A40	IO22RSB0
A41	IO20RSB0
A42	IO18RSB0
A43	VCC
A44	IO15RSB0
A45	IO12RSB0
A46	IO10RSB0
A47	IO09RSB0
A48	IO06RSB0
B1	IO02RSB1
B2	IO82RSB1
B3	GND
B4	IO79RSB1
B5	NC
B6	GND
B7	IO74RSB1
B8	NC
B9	GND
B10	IO70RSB1
B11	IO67RSB1
B12	IO64RSB1
B13	IO61RSB1
B14	GND
B15	IO58RSB1
B16	IO56RSB1
B17	GND
B18	IO53RSB1
B19	IO50RSB1
B20	GND
B21	IO46RSB1
B22	TMS
B23	TDO
B24	IO45RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
B25	GND
B26	NC
B27	IO41RSB0
B28	GND
B29	GDA0/IO37RSB0
B30	NC
B31	GND
B32	IO33RSB0
B33	IO30RSB0
B34	IO27RSB0
B35	IO24RSB0
B36	GND
B37	IO21RSB0
B38	IO19RSB0
B39	GND
B40	IO16RSB0
B41	IO13RSB0
B42	GND
B43	IO08RSB0
B44	IO05RSB0
C1	IO03RSB1
C2	IO00RSB1
C3	NC
C4	IO78RSB1
C5	GEA0/IO76RSB1
C6	NC
C7	NC
C8	VCCIB1
C9	IO69RSB1
C10	IO66RSB1
C11	IO65RSB1
C12	IO62RSB1
C13	NC
C14	NC
C15	IO55RSB1
C16	VCCIB1

TQ144 – Top View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
109	GBA1/IO40RSB0
110	GBA0/IO39RSB0
111	GBB1/IO38RSB0
112	GBB0/IO37RSB0
113	GBC1/IO36RSB0
114	GBC0/IO35RSB0
115	IO34RSB0
116	IO33RSB0
117	VCCIB0
118	GND
119	VCC
120	IO29RSB0
121	IO28RSB0
122	IO27RSB0
123	IO25RSB0
124	IO23RSB0
125	IO21RSB0
126	IO19RSB0
127	IO17RSB0
128	IO16RSB0
129	IO14RSB0
130	IO12RSB0
131	IO10RSB0
132	IO08RSB0
133	IO06RSB0
134	VCCIB0
135	GND
136	VCC
137	GAC1/IO05RSB0
138	GAC0/IO04RSB0
139	GAB1/IO03RSB0
140	GAB0/IO02RSB0
141	GAA1/IO01RSB0
142	GAA0/IO00RSB0
143	GNDQ
144	VMV0

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO30RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO34RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO58RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO59RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO154UDB3
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO14RSB0
B6	IO19RSB0
B7	IO23RSB0
B8	IO31RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO56RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO57RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV1
C1	IO154VDB3
C2	GFA2/IO144PPB3
C3	GAC2/IO153UDB3
C4	VCC
C5	IO12RSB0
C6	IO17RSB0
C7	IO25RSB0
C8	IO32RSB0
C9	IO53RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO60PDB1
C11	IO60NDB1
C12	GBC2/IO62PPB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
D1	IO149NDB3
D2	IO149PDB3
D3	IO153VDB3
D4	GAA2/IO155UPB3
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO54RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO55RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO61PDB1
D10	IO61NDB1
D11	IO62NPB1
D12	GCB1/IO68PPB1
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO147NDB3
E3	GFC1/IO147PDB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	IO155VPB3
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO67PDB1
E9	VCCIB1
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO69NDB1
E12	IO70NDB1
F1	GFB0/IO146NPB3
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO146PPB3
F4	IO144NPB3
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO67NDB1
F9	GCB0/IO68NPB1
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO69PDB1
F12	GCA2/IO70PDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
G1	GFA1/IO145PPB3
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO145NPB3
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO77UPB1
G9	IO72NDB1
G10	GCC2/IO72PDB1
G11	IO71NDB1
G12	GCB2/IO71PDB1
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO143PDB3
H3	GFC2/IO142PSB3
H4	GEC1/IO137PDB3
H5	VCC
H6	IO75PDB1
H7	IO75NDB1
H8	GDB2/IO81RSB2
H9	GDC0/IO77VPB1
H10	VCCIB1
H11	IO73PSB1
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO136PDB3
J2	IO143NDB3
J3	VCCIB3
J4	GEC0/IO137NDB3
J5	IO125RSB2
J6	IO116RSB2
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO80RSB2
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO79UDB1
J12	GDB1/IO78UDB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
G13	GCC1/IO67PPB1
G14	IO64NPB1
G15	IO73PDB1
G16	IO73NDB1
H1	GFB0/IO146NPB3
H2	GFA0/IO145NDB3
H3	GFB1/IO146PPB3
H4	VCOMPLF
H5	GFC0/IO147NPB3
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	GCC0/IO67NPB1
H13	GCB1/IO68PPB1
H14	GCA0/IO69NPB1
H15	NC
H16	GCB0/IO68NPB1
J1	GFA2/IO144PPB3
J2	GFA1/IO145PDB3
J3	VCCPLF
J4	IO143NDB3
J5	GFB2/IO143PDB3
J6	VCC
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	VCC
J12	GCB2/IO71PPB1
J13	GCA1/IO69PPB1
J14	GCC2/IO72PPB1
J15	NC
J16	GCA2/IO70PDB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
K1	GFC2/IO142PDB3
K2	IO144NPB3
K3	IO141PPB3
K4	IO120RSB2
K5	VCCIB3
K6	VCC
K7	GND
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	VCC
K12	VCCIB1
K13	IO71NPB1
K14	IO74RSB1
K15	IO72NPB1
K16	IO70NDB1
L1	IO142NDB3
L2	IO141NPB3
L3	IO125RSB2
L4	IO139RSB3
L5	VCCIB3
L6	GND
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	VCC
L10	VCC
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	GDB0/IO78VPB1
L14	IO76VDB1
L15	IO76UDB1
L16	IO75PDB1
M1	IO140PDB3
M2	IO130RSB2
M3	IO138NPB3
M4	GEC0/IO137NPB3

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
M5	VMV3
M6	VCCIB2
M7	VCCIB2
M8	IO108RSB2
M9	IO101RSB2
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VMV2
M13	IO83RSB2
M14	GDB1/IO78UPB1
M15	GDC1/IO77UDB1
M16	IO75NDB1
N1	IO140NDB3
N2	IO138PPB3
N3	GEC1/IO137PPB3
N4	IO131RSB2
N5	GNDQ
N6	GEA2/IO134RSB2
N7	IO117RSB2
N8	IO111RSB2
N9	IO99RSB2
N10	IO94RSB2
N11	IO87RSB2
N12	GNDQ
N13	IO93RSB2
N14	VJTAG
N15	GDC0/IO77VDB1
N16	GDA1/IO79UDB1
P1	GEB1/IO136PDB3
P2	GEB0/IO136NDB3
P3	VMV2
P4	IO129RSB2
P5	IO128RSB2
P6	IO122RSB2
P7	IO115RSB2
P8	IO110RSB2

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
A1	GND
A2	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A3	GAA1/IO01RSB0
A4	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A5	IO11RSB0
A6	IO16RSB0
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	IO28RSB0
A9	IO34RSB0
A10	IO37RSB0
A11	IO41RSB0
A12	IO43RSB0
A13	GBB1/IO57RSB0
A14	GBA0/IO58RSB0
A15	GBA1/IO59RSB0
A16	GND
B1	GAB2/IO173PDB3
B2	GAA2/IO174PDB3
B3	GNDQ
B4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
B5	IO13RSB0
B6	IO14RSB0
B7	IO21RSB0
B8	IO27RSB0
B9	IO32RSB0
B10	IO38RSB0
B11	IO42RSB0
B12	GBC1/IO55RSB0
B13	GBB0/IO56RSB0
B14	IO52RSB0
B15	GBA2/IO60PDB1
B16	IO60NDB1
C1	IO173NDB3
C2	IO174NDB3
C3	VMV3
C4	IO07RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
C5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
C6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
C7	IO20RSB0
C8	IO24RSB0
C9	IO33RSB0
C10	IO39RSB0
C11	IO44RSB0
C12	GBC0/IO54RSB0
C13	IO51RSB0
C14	VMV0
C15	IO61NPB1
C16	IO63PDB1
D1	IO171NDB3
D2	IO171PDB3
D3	GAC2/IO172PDB3
D4	IO06RSB0
D5	GNDQ
D6	IO10RSB0
D7	IO19RSB0
D8	IO26RSB0
D9	IO30RSB0
D10	IO40RSB0
D11	IO45RSB0
D12	GNDQ
D13	IO50RSB0
D14	GBB2/IO61PPB1
D15	IO53RSB0
D16	IO63NDB1
E1	IO166PDB3
E2	IO167NPB3
E3	IO172NDB3
E4	IO169NDB3
E5	VMV0
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	IO25RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
E9	IO31RSB0
E10	VCCIB0
E11	VCCIB0
E12	VMV1
E13	GBC2/IO62PDB1
E14	IO67PPB1
E15	IO64PPB1
E16	IO66PDB1
F1	IO166NDB3
F2	IO168NPB3
F3	IO167PPB3
F4	IO169PDB3
F5	VCCIB3
F6	GND
F7	VCC
F8	VCC
F9	VCC
F10	VCC
F11	GND
F12	VCCIB1
F13	IO62NDB1
F14	IO64NPB1
F15	IO65PPB1
F16	IO66NDB1
G1	IO165NDB3
G2	IO165PDB3
G3	IO168PPB3
G4	GFC1/IO164PPB3
G5	VCCIB3
G6	VCC
G7	GND
G8	GND
G9	GND
G10	GND
G11	VCC
G12	VCCIB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
G13	GCC1/IO69PPB1
G14	IO65NPB1
G15	IO75PDB1
G16	IO75NDB1
H1	GFB0/IO163NPB3
H2	GFA0/IO162NDB3
H3	GFB1/IO163PPB3
H4	VCOMPLF
H5	GFC0/IO164NPB3
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	GCC0/IO69NPB1
H13	GCB1/IO70PPB1
H14	GCA0/IO71NPB1
H15	IO67NPB1
H16	GCB0/IO70NPB1
J1	GFA2/IO161PPB3
J2	GFA1/IO162PDB3
J3	VCCPLF
J4	IO160NDB3
J5	GFB2/IO160PDB3
J6	VCC
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	VCC
J12	GCB2/IO73PPB1
J13	GCA1/IO71PPB1
J14	GCC2/IO74PPB1
J15	IO80PPB1
J16	GCA2/IO72PDB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
K1	GFC2/IO159PDB3
K2	IO161NPB3
K3	IO156PPB3
K4	IO129RSB2
K5	VCCIB3
K6	VCC
K7	GND
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	VCC
K12	VCCIB1
K13	IO73NPB1
K14	IO80NPB1
K15	IO74NPB1
K16	IO72NDB1
L1	IO159NDB3
L2	IO156NPB3
L3	IO151PPB3
L4	IO158PSB3
L5	VCCIB3
L6	GND
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	VCC
L10	VCC
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	GDB0/IO87NPB1
L14	IO85NDB1
L15	IO85PDB1
L16	IO84PDB1
M1	IO150PDB3
M2	IO151NPB3
M3	IO147NPB3
M4	GEC0/IO146NPB3

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
M5	VMV3
M6	VCCIB2
M7	VCCIB2
M8	IO117RSB2
M9	IO110RSB2
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VMV2
M13	IO94RSB2
M14	GDB1/IO87PPB1
M15	GDC1/IO86PDB1
M16	IO84NDB1
N1	IO150NDB3
N2	IO147PPB3
N3	GEC1/IO146PPB3
N4	IO140RSB2
N5	GNDQ
N6	GEA2/IO143RSB2
N7	IO126RSB2
N8	IO120RSB2
N9	IO108RSB2
N10	IO103RSB2
N11	IO99RSB2
N12	GNDQ
N13	IO92RSB2
N14	VJTAG
N15	GDC0/IO86NDB1
N16	GDA1/IO88PDB1
P1	GEB1/IO145PDB3
P2	GEB0/IO145NDB3
P3	VMV2
P4	IO138RSB2
P5	IO136RSB2
P6	IO131RSB2
P7	IO124RSB2
P8	IO119RSB2