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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	147456
Number of I/O	97
Number of Gates	1000000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p1000-1fg144">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p1000-1fg144</a>

## ProASIC3 Device Family Overview

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## ProASIC3 DC and Switching Characteristics

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**Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions <sup>1</sup>**

Symbol	Parameters <sup>1</sup>		Commercial	Industrial	Units
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature		0 to 85 <sup>2</sup>	-40 to 100 <sup>2</sup>	°C
VCC <sup>3</sup>	1.5 V DC core supply voltage		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
VJTAG	JTAG DC voltage		1.4 to 3.6	1.4 to 3.6	V
VPUMP	Programming voltage	Programming Mode	3.15 to 3.45	3.15 to 3.45	V
		Operation <sup>4</sup>	0 to 3.6	0 to 3.6	V
VCCPLL	Analog power supply (PLL)		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
VCCI and VMV <sup>5</sup>	1.5 V DC supply voltage		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
	1.8 V DC supply voltage		1.7 to 1.9	1.7 to 1.9	V
	2.5 V DC supply voltage		2.3 to 2.7	2.3 to 2.7	V
	3.3 V DC supply voltage		3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V
	3.3 V wide range DC supply voltage <sup>6</sup>		2.7 to 3.6	2.7 to 3.6	V
	LVDS/B-LVDS/M-LVDS differential I/O		2.375 to 2.625	2.375 to 2.625	V
	LVPECL differential I/O		3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

**Notes:**

1. All parameters representing voltages are measured with respect to GND unless otherwise specified.
2. Software Default Junction Temperature Range in the Libero<sup>®</sup> System-on-Chip (SoC) software is set to 0°C to +70°C for commercial, and -40°C to +85°C for industrial. To ensure targeted reliability standards are met across the full range of junction temperatures, Microsemi recommends using custom settings for temperature range before running timing and power analysis tools. For more information regarding custom settings, refer to the New Project Dialog Box in the [Libero SoC Online Help](#).
3. The ranges given here are for power supplies only. The recommended input voltage ranges specific to each I/O standard are given in [Table 2-18 on page 2-19](#).
4. VPUMP can be left floating during operation (not programming mode).
5. VMV and VCCI should be at the same voltage within a given I/O bank. VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "[VMVx I/O Supply Voltage \(quiet\)](#)" section on [page 3-1](#) for further information.
6. 3.3 V wide range is compliant to the JESD8-B specification and supports 3.0 V VCCI operation.

## I/O Power-Up and Supply Voltage Thresholds for Power-On Reset (Commercial and Industrial)

Sophisticated power-up management circuitry is designed into every ProASIC®3 device. These circuits ensure easy transition from the powered-off state to the powered-up state of the device. The many different supplies can power up in any sequence with minimized current spikes or surges.

In addition, the I/O will be in a known state through the power-up sequence. The basic principle is shown in [Figure 2-2 on page 2-5](#).

There are five regions to consider during power-up.

ProASIC3 I/Os are activated only if ALL of the following three conditions are met:

1. VCC and VCCI are above the minimum specified trip points ([Figure 2-2 on page 2-5](#)).
2.  $VCCI > VCC - 0.75\text{ V}$  (typical)
3. Chip is in the operating mode.

### VCCI Trip Point:

Ramping up:  $0.6\text{ V} < \text{trip\_point\_up} < 1.2\text{ V}$

Ramping down:  $0.5\text{ V} < \text{trip\_point\_down} < 1.1\text{ V}$

### VCC Trip Point:

Ramping up:  $0.6\text{ V} < \text{trip\_point\_up} < 1.1\text{ V}$

Ramping down:  $0.5\text{ V} < \text{trip\_point\_down} < 1\text{ V}$

VCC and VCCI ramp-up trip points are about 100 mV higher than ramp-down trip points. This specifically built-in hysteresis prevents undesirable power-up oscillations and current surges. Note the following:

- During programming, I/Os become tristated and weakly pulled up to VCCI.
- JTAG supply, PLL power supplies, and charge pump VPUMP supply have no influence on I/O behavior.

## PLL Behavior at Brownout Condition

Microsemi recommends using monotonic power supplies or voltage regulators to ensure proper power-up behavior. Power ramp-up should be monotonic at least until VCC and VCCPLLX exceed brownout activation levels. The VCC activation level is specified as 1.1 V worst-case (see [Figure 2-2 on page 2-5](#) for more details).

When PLL power supply voltage and/or VCC levels drop below the VCC brownout levels ( $0.75\text{ V} \pm 0.25\text{ V}$ ), the PLL output lock signal goes low and/or the output clock is lost. Refer to the "Power-Up/Down Behavior of Low Power Flash Devices" chapter of the [ProASIC3 FPGA Fabric User's Guide](#) for information on clock and lock recovery.

## Internal Power-Up Activation Sequence

1. Core
2. Input buffers

Output buffers, after 200 ns delay from input buffer activation.

## Thermal Characteristics

### Introduction

The temperature variable in the Microsemi Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient temperature. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption cause the chip junction to be higher than the ambient temperature.

EQ can be used to calculate junction temperature.

$$T_J = \text{Junction Temperature} = \Delta T + T_A$$

where:

$T_A$  = Ambient Temperature

$\Delta T$  = Temperature gradient between junction (silicon) and ambient  $\Delta T = \theta_{ja} * P$

$\theta_{ja}$  = Junction-to-ambient of the package.  $\theta_{ja}$  numbers are located in [Table 2-5 on page 2-6](#).

P = Power dissipation

**Table 2-13 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (Per Pin) – Default I/O Software Settings <sup>1</sup>**  
**Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

	$C_{LOAD}$ (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC3 (mW) <sup>2</sup>	Dynamic Power PAC10 (μW/MHz) <sup>3</sup>
<b>Single-Ended</b>				
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	35	3.3	–	431.08
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>4</sup>	35	3.3	–	431.08
2.5 V LVCMOS	35	2.5	–	247.36
1.8 V LVCMOS	35	1.8	–	128.46
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	35	1.5	–	89.46

**Notes:**

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2.  $P_{DC3}$  is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.
3.  $P_{AC10}$  is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VCCI.
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

**Table 2-26 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings**  
 –2 Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$ ,  
 Worst-Case  $V_{CCI}$  (per standard)  
 Standard I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option <sup>1</sup>	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor	$t_{DOUT}$ (ns)	$t_{DP}$ (ns)	$t_{DIN}$ (ns)	$t_{PY}$ (ns)	$t_{EOUT}$ (ns)	$t_{ZL}$ (ns)	$t_{ZH}$ (ns)	$t_{LZ}$ (ns)	$t_{HZ}$ (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	35	–	0.45	3.29	0.03	0.75	0.32	3.36	2.80	1.79	2.01	ns
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>2</sup>	100 $\mu\text{A}$	8 mA	High	35	–	0.45	5.09	0.03	1.13	0.32	5.09	4.25	2.77	3.11	ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	35	–	0.45	3.56	0.03	0.96	0.32	3.40	3.56	1.78	1.91	ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	4 mA	4 mA	High	35	–	0.45	4.74	0.03	0.90	0.32	4.02	4.74	1.80	1.85	ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	2 mA	High	35	–	0.45	5.71	0.03	1.06	0.32	4.71	5.71	1.83	1.83	ns

**Notes:**

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is  $\pm 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ . Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

## I/O DC Characteristics

**Table 2-27 • Input Capacitance**

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
$C_{IN}$	Input capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $f = 1.0$ MHz	–	8	pF
$C_{INCLK}$	Input capacitance on the clock pin	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $f = 1.0$ MHz	–	8	pF

**Table 2-28 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances<sup>1</sup>**  
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Standard	Drive Strength	$R_{PULL-DOWN} (\Omega)^2$	$R_{PULL-UP} (\Omega)^3$
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	300
	4 mA	100	300
	6 mA	50	150
	8 mA	50	150
	12 mA	25	75
	16 mA	17	50
	24 mA	11	33
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>4</sup>	100 $\mu$ A	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	200
	4 mA	100	200
	6 mA	50	100
	8 mA	50	100
	12 mA	25	50
	16 mA	20	40
	24 mA	11	22
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	225
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	50	56
	8 mA	50	56
	12 mA	20	22
	16 mA	20	22
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	224
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	67	75
	8 mA	33	37
	12 mA	33	37
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	25	75

**Notes:**

1. These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on  $V_{CCI}$ , drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2.  $R_{(PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (V_{OLspec}) / I_{OLspec}$
3.  $R_{(PULL-UP-MAX)} = (V_{CCImax} - V_{OHspec}) / I_{OHspec}$
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.

## Timing Characteristics

**Table 2-41 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew**

Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$   
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	7.66	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.80	6.59	2.65	2.61	10.03	8.82	ns
	–1	0.56	6.51	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.63	5.60	2.25	2.22	8.54	7.51	ns
	–2	0.49	5.72	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.82	4.92	1.98	1.95	7.49	6.59	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	7.66	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.80	6.59	2.65	2.61	10.03	8.82	ns
	–1	0.56	6.51	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.63	5.60	2.25	2.22	8.54	7.51	ns
	–2	0.49	5.72	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.82	4.92	1.98	1.95	7.49	6.59	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.91	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.00	4.07	2.99	3.20	7.23	6.31	ns
	–1	0.56	4.17	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.25	3.46	2.54	2.73	6.15	5.36	ns
	–2	0.49	3.66	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.73	3.04	2.23	2.39	5.40	4.71	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.91	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.00	4.07	2.99	3.20	7.23	6.31	ns
	–1	0.56	4.17	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.25	3.46	2.54	2.73	6.15	5.36	ns
	–2	0.49	3.66	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.73	3.04	2.23	2.39	5.40	4.71	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	3.53	0.04	1.02	0.43	3.60	2.82	3.21	3.58	5.83	5.06	ns
	–1	0.56	3.00	0.04	0.86	0.36	3.06	2.40	2.73	3.05	4.96	4.30	ns
	–2	0.49	2.64	0.03	0.76	0.32	2.69	2.11	2.40	2.68	4.36	3.78	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	3.33	0.04	1.02	0.43	3.39	2.56	3.26	3.68	5.63	4.80	ns
	–1	0.56	2.83	0.04	0.86	0.36	2.89	2.18	2.77	3.13	4.79	4.08	ns
	–2	0.49	2.49	0.03	0.76	0.32	2.53	1.91	2.44	2.75	4.20	3.58	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.66	3.08	0.04	1.02	0.43	3.13	2.12	3.32	4.06	5.37	4.35	ns
	–1	0.56	2.62	0.04	0.86	0.36	2.66	1.80	2.83	3.45	4.57	3.70	ns
	–2	0.49	2.30	0.03	0.76	0.32	2.34	1.58	2.48	3.03	4.01	3.25	ns

**Notes:**

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.



### 3.3 V PCI, 3.3 V PCI-X

Peripheral Component Interface for 3.3 V standard specifies support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI Bus applications.

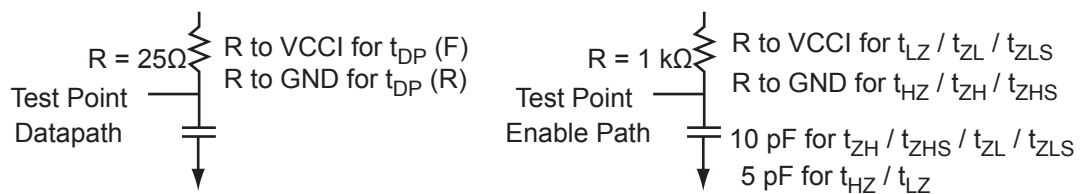
**Table 2-86 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL	IIH
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max., V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA <sup>1</sup>	Max. mA <sup>1</sup>	μA <sup>2</sup>	μA <sup>2</sup>
Per PCI specification	Per PCI curves										10	10

**Notes:**

1. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

AC loadings are defined per the PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loadings for enable path characterization are described in [Figure 2-11](#).



**Figure 2-11 • AC Loading**

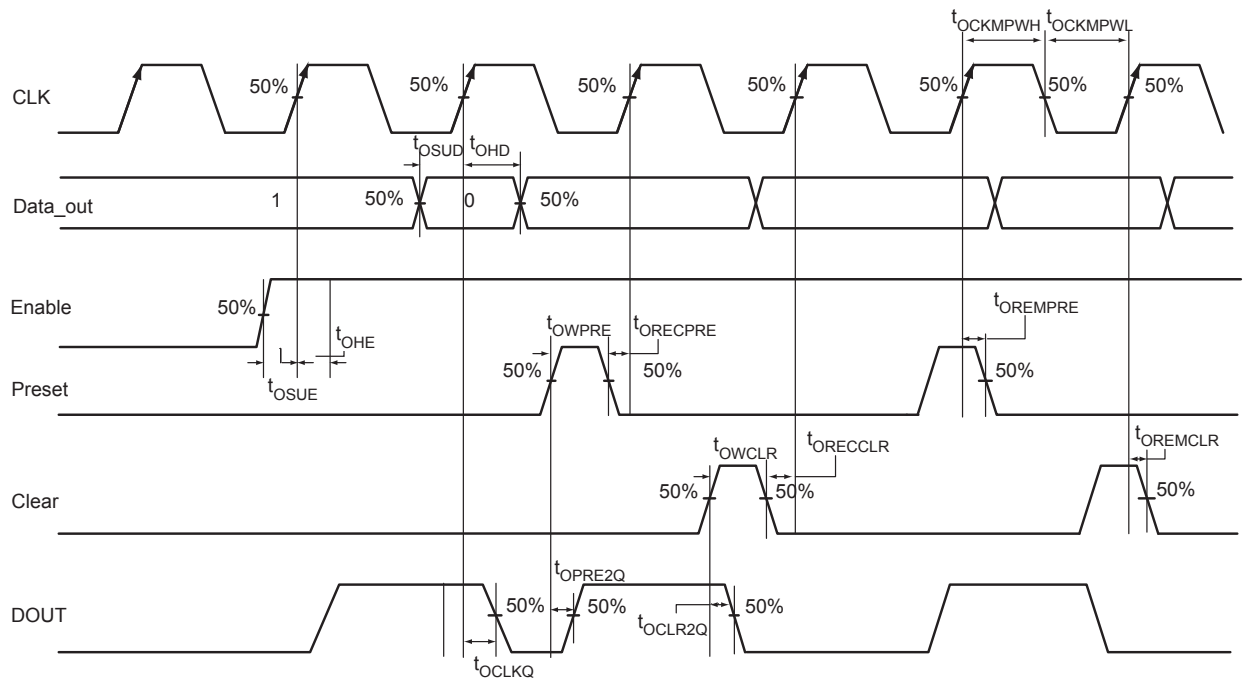
AC loadings are defined per PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loading for tristate is described in [Table 2-87](#).

**Table 2-87 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C <sub>LOAD</sub> (pF)
0	3.3	0.285 * V <sub>CCI</sub> for $t_{DP(R)}$ 0.615 * V <sub>CCI</sub> for $t_{DP(F)}$	10

**Note:** \*Measuring point =  $V_{trip}$ . See [Table 2-22 on page 2-22](#) for a complete table of trip points.

## Output Register



**Figure 2-18 • Output Register Timing Diagram**

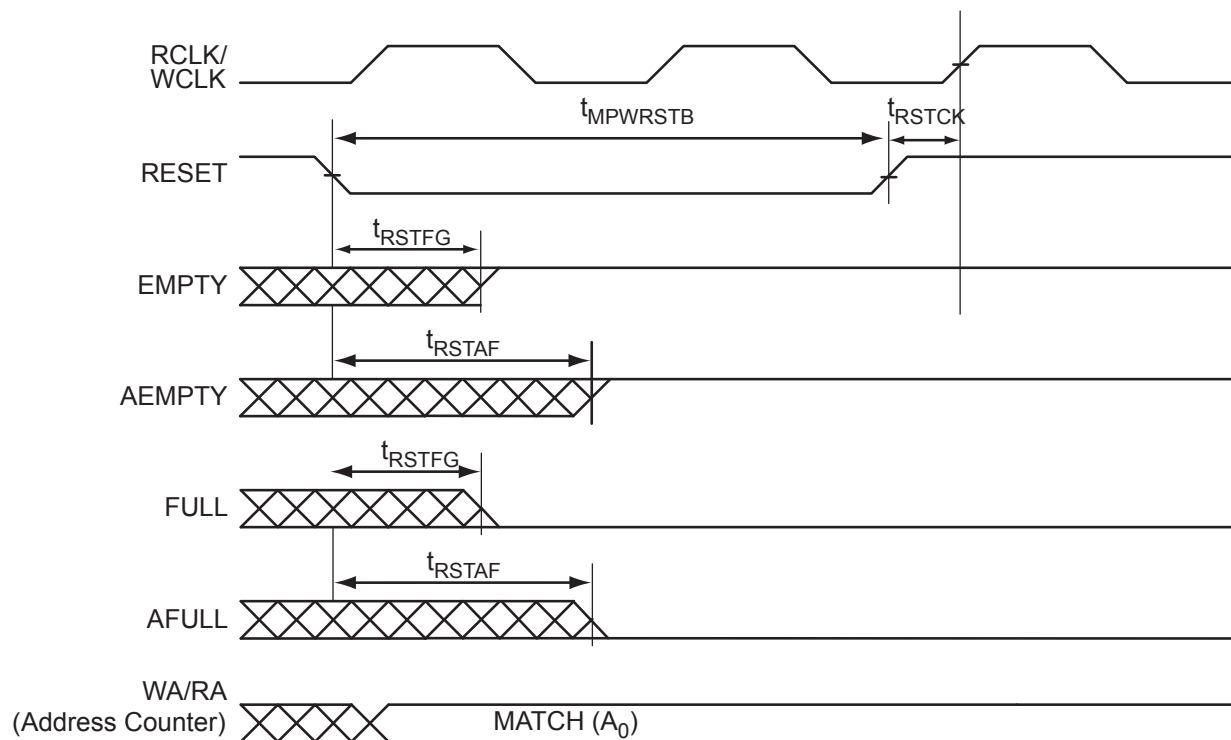
### Timing Characteristics

**Table 2-99 • Output Data Register Propagation Delays**

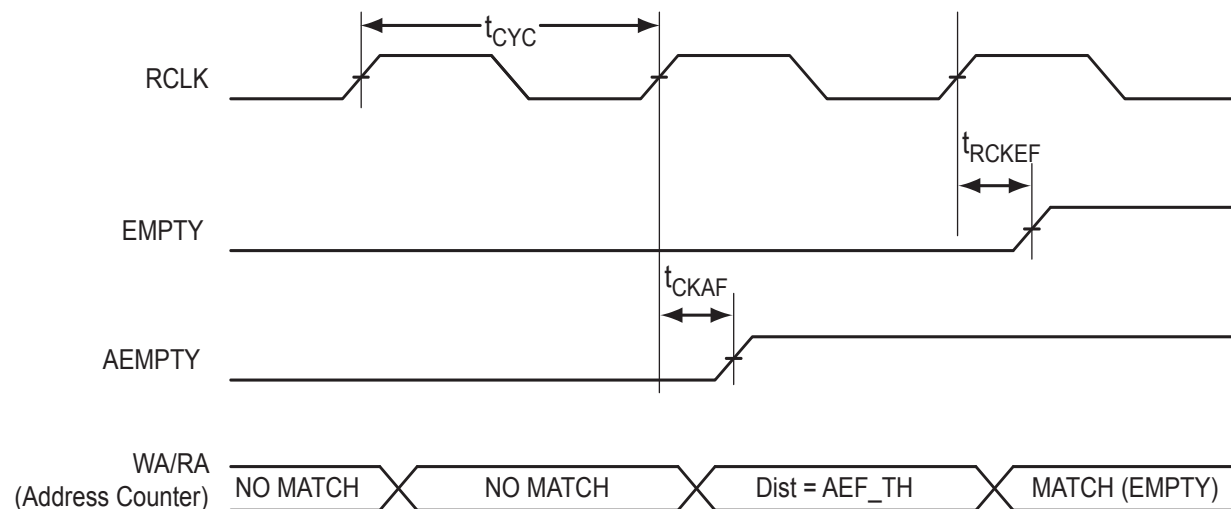
Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
$t_{OCLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	0.59	0.67	0.79	ns
$t_{OSUD}$	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	0.31	0.36	0.42	ns
$t_{OHD}$	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{OSUE}$	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	0.44	0.50	0.59	ns
$t_{OHE}$	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{OCLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	0.80	0.91	1.07	ns
$t_{OPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Data Register	0.80	0.91	1.07	ns
$t_{OREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Data Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{ORECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OWCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Data Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OWPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Data Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OCKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output Data Register	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{OCKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output Data Register	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns

**Note:** For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.



**Figure 2-39 • FIFO Reset**



**Figure 2-40 • FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Assertion**

**Table 2-122 • A3P250 FIFO 2k×2**

 Worst Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
$t_{\text{ENS}}$	REN, WEN Setup Time	4.39	5.00	5.88	ns
$t_{\text{ENH}}$	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{BKS}}$	BLK Setup Time	0.19	0.22	0.26	ns
$t_{\text{BKH}}$	BLK Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DS}}$	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
$t_{\text{DH}}$	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{CKQ1}}$	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (flow-through)	2.36	2.68	3.15	ns
$t_{\text{CKQ2}}$	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	0.89	1.02	1.20	ns
$t_{\text{RCKEF}}$	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	1.72	1.96	2.30	ns
$t_{\text{WCKFF}}$	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	1.63	1.86	2.18	ns
$t_{\text{CKAF}}$	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.19	7.05	8.29	ns
$t_{\text{RSTFG}}$	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	1.69	1.93	2.27	ns
$t_{\text{RSTAF}}$	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.13	6.98	8.20	ns
$t_{\text{RSTBQ}}$	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{\text{REMRSTB}}$	RESET Removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{\text{RECRSTB}}$	RESET Recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{\text{MPWRSTB}}$	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
$t_{\text{CYC}}$	Clock Cycle Time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
$F_{\text{MAX}}$	Maximum Frequency for FIFO	310	272	231	MHz

**Table 2-123 • A3P250 FIFO 4k×1**

 Worst Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
$t_{\text{ENS}}$	REN, WEN Setup Time	4.86	5.53	6.50	ns
$t_{\text{ENH}}$	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{BKS}}$	BLK Setup Time	0.19	0.22	0.26	ns
$t_{\text{BKH}}$	BLK Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DS}}$	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
$t_{\text{DH}}$	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{CKQ1}}$	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (flow-through)	2.36	2.68	3.15	ns
$t_{\text{CKQ2}}$	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	0.89	1.02	1.20	ns
$t_{\text{RCKEF}}$	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	1.72	1.96	2.30	ns
$t_{\text{WCKFF}}$	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	1.63	1.86	2.18	ns
$t_{\text{CKAF}}$	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.19	7.05	8.29	ns
$t_{\text{RSTFG}}$	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	1.69	1.93	2.27	ns

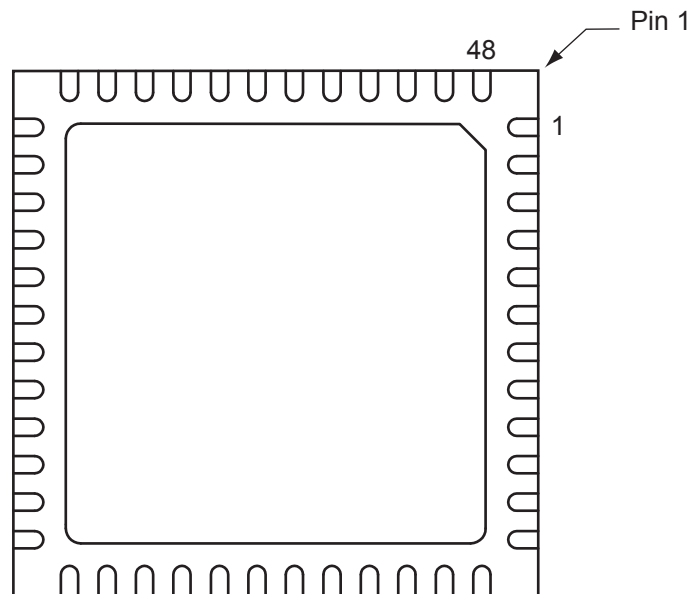
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## 4 – Package Pin Assignments

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### QN48 – Bottom View

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*Note:* The die attach paddle center of the package is tied to ground (GND).

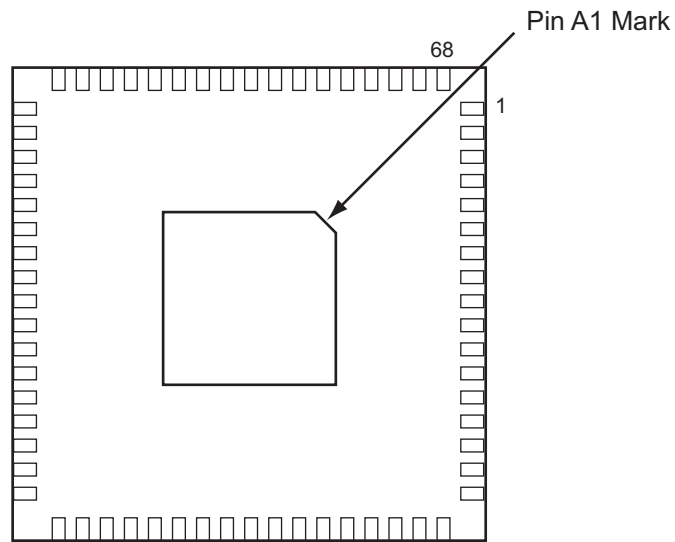
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#### **Note**

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

## QN68 – Bottom View

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**Note:** The die attach paddle center of the package is tied to ground (GND).

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### **Note**

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO67RSB1
3	IO68RSB1
4	GAB2/IO69RSB1
5	IO132RSB1
6	GAC2/IO131RSB1
7	IO130RSB1
8	IO129RSB1
9	GND
10	GFB1/IO124RSB1
11	GFB0/IO123RSB1
12	VCOMPLF
13	GFA0/IO122RSB1
14	VCCPLF
15	GFA1/IO121RSB1
16	GFA2/IO120RSB1
17	VCC
18	VCCIB1
19	GEC0/IO111RSB1
20	GEB1/IO110RSB1
21	GEB0/IO109RSB1
22	GEA1/IO108RSB1
23	GEA0/IO107RSB1
24	VMV1
25	GNDQ
26	GEA2/IO106RSB1
27	GEB2/IO105RSB1
28	GEC2/IO104RSB1
29	IO102RSB1
30	IO100RSB1
31	IO99RSB1
32	IO97RSB1
33	IO96RSB1
34	IO95RSB1
35	IO94RSB1
36	IO93RSB1

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
37	VCC
38	GND
39	VCCIB1
40	IO87RSB1
41	IO84RSB1
42	IO81RSB1
43	IO75RSB1
44	GDC2/IO72RSB1
45	GDB2/IO71RSB1
46	GDA2/IO70RSB1
47	TCK
48	TDI
49	TMS
50	VMV1
51	GND
52	VPUMP
53	NC
54	TDO
55	TRST
56	VJTAG
57	GDA1/IO65RSB0
58	GDC0/IO62RSB0
59	GDC1/IO61RSB0
60	GCC2/IO59RSB0
61	GCB2/IO58RSB0
62	GCA0/IO56RSB0
63	GCA1/IO55RSB0
64	GCC0/IO52RSB0
65	GCC1/IO51RSB0
66	VCCIB0
67	GND
68	VCC
69	IO47RSB0
70	GBC2/IO45RSB0
71	GBB2/IO43RSB0
72	IO42RSB0

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
73	GBA2/IO41RSB0
74	VMV0
75	GNDQ
76	GBA1/IO40RSB0
77	GBA0/IO39RSB0
78	GBB1/IO38RSB0
79	GBB0/IO37RSB0
80	GBC1/IO36RSB0
81	GBC0/IO35RSB0
82	IO32RSB0
83	IO28RSB0
84	IO25RSB0
85	IO22RSB0
86	IO19RSB0
87	VCCIB0
88	GND
89	VCC
90	IO15RSB0
91	IO13RSB0
92	IO11RSB0
93	IO09RSB0
94	IO07RSB0
95	GAC1/IO05RSB0
96	GAC0/IO04RSB0
97	GAB1/IO03RSB0
98	GAB0/IO02RSB0
99	GAA1/IO01RSB0
100	GAA0/IO00RSB0

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO118UDB3
3	IO118VDB3
4	GAB2/IO117UDB3
5	IO117VDB3
6	GAC2/IO116UDB3
7	IO116VDB3
8	IO112PSB3
9	GND
10	GFB1/IO109PDB3
11	GFB0/IO109NDB3
12	VCOMPLF
13	GFA0/IO108NPB3
14	VCCPLF
15	GFA1/IO108PPB3
16	GFA2/IO107PSB3
17	VCC
18	VCCIB3
19	GFC2/IO105PSB3
20	GEC1/IO100PDB3
21	GEC0/IO100NDB3
22	GEA1/IO98PDB3
23	GEA0/IO98NDB3
24	VMV3
25	GNDQ
26	GEA2/IO97RSB2
27	GEB2/IO96RSB2
28	GEC2/IO95RSB2
29	IO93RSB2
30	IO92RSB2
31	IO91RSB2
32	IO90RSB2
33	IO88RSB2
34	IO86RSB2
35	IO85RSB2
36	IO84RSB2

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
37	VCC
38	GND
39	VCCIB2
40	IO77RSB2
41	IO74RSB2
42	IO71RSB2
43	GDC2/IO63RSB2
44	GDB2/IO62RSB2
45	GDA2/IO61RSB2
46	GNDQ
47	TCK
48	TDI
49	TMS
50	VMV2
51	GND
52	VPUMP
53	NC
54	TDO
55	TRST
56	VJTAG
57	GDA1/IO60USB1
58	GDC0/IO58VDB1
59	GDC1/IO58UDB1
60	IO52NDB1
61	GCB2/IO52PDB1
62	GCA1/IO50PDB1
63	GCA0/IO50NDB1
64	GCC0/IO48NDB1
65	GCC1/IO48PDB1
66	VCCIB1
67	GND
68	VCC
69	IO43NDB1
70	GBC2/IO43PDB1
71	GBB2/IO42PSB1
72	IO41NDB1

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
73	GBA2/IO41PDB1
74	VMV1
75	GNDQ
76	GBA1/IO40RSB0
77	GBA0/IO39RSB0
78	GBB1/IO38RSB0
79	GBB0/IO37RSB0
80	GBC1/IO36RSB0
81	GBC0/IO35RSB0
82	IO29RSB0
83	IO27RSB0
84	IO25RSB0
85	IO23RSB0
86	IO21RSB0
87	VCCIB0
88	GND
89	VCC
90	IO15RSB0
91	IO13RSB0
92	IO11RSB0
93	GAC1/IO05RSB0
94	GAC0/IO04RSB0
95	GAB1/IO03RSB0
96	GAB0/IO02RSB0
97	GAA1/IO01RSB0
98	GAA0/IO00RSB0
99	GNDQ
100	VMV0



TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
109	NC
110	NC
111	GBA1/IO24RSB0
112	GBA0/IO23RSB0
113	GBB1/IO22RSB0
114	GBB0/IO21RSB0
115	GBC1/IO20RSB0
116	GBC0/IO19RSB0
117	VCCIB0
118	GND
119	VCC
120	IO18RSB0
121	IO17RSB0
122	IO16RSB0
123	IO15RSB0
124	IO14RSB0
125	IO13RSB0
126	IO12RSB0
127	IO11RSB0
128	NC
129	IO10RSB0
130	IO09RSB0
131	IO08RSB0
132	GAC1/IO07RSB0
133	GAC0/IO06RSB0
134	NC
135	GND
136	NC
137	GAB1/IO05RSB0
138	GAB0/IO04RSB0
139	GAA1/IO03RSB0
140	GAA0/IO02RSB0
141	IO01RSB0
142	IO00RSB0
143	GNDQ
144	VMV0

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
1	GAA2/IO67RSB1
2	IO68RSB1
3	GAB2/IO69RSB1
4	IO132RSB1
5	GAC2/IO131RSB1
6	IO130RSB1
7	IO129RSB1
8	IO128RSB1
9	VCC
10	GND
11	VCCIB1
12	IO127RSB1
13	GFC1/IO126RSB1
14	GFC0/IO125RSB1
15	GFB1/IO124RSB1
16	GFB0/IO123RSB1
17	VCOMPLF
18	GFA0/IO122RSB1
19	VCCPLF
20	GFA1/IO121RSB1
21	GFA2/IO120RSB1
22	GFB2/IO119RSB1
23	GFC2/IO118RSB1
24	IO117RSB1
25	IO116RSB1
26	IO115RSB1
27	GND
28	VCCIB1
29	GEC1/IO112RSB1
30	GEC0/IO111RSB1
31	GEB1/IO110RSB1
32	GEB0/IO109RSB1
33	GEA1/IO108RSB1
34	GEA0/IO107RSB1
35	VMV1
36	GNDQ

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
37	NC
38	GEA2/IO106RSB1
39	GEB2/IO105RSB1
40	GEC2/IO104RSB1
41	IO103RSB1
42	IO102RSB1
43	IO101RSB1
44	IO100RSB1
45	VCC
46	GND
47	VCCIB1
48	IO99RSB1
49	IO97RSB1
50	IO95RSB1
51	IO93RSB1
52	IO92RSB1
53	IO90RSB1
54	IO88RSB1
55	IO86RSB1
56	IO84RSB1
57	IO83RSB1
58	IO82RSB1
59	IO81RSB1
60	IO80RSB1
61	IO79RSB1
62	VCC
63	GND
64	VCCIB1
65	GDC2/IO72RSB1
66	GDB2/IO71RSB1
67	GDA2/IO70RSB1
68	GNDQ
69	TCK
70	TDI
71	TMS
72	VMV1

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
73	VPUMP
74	NC
75	TDO
76	TRST
77	VJTAG
78	GDA0/IO66RSB0
79	GDB0/IO64RSB0
80	GDB1/IO63RSB0
81	VCCIB0
82	GND
83	IO60RSB0
84	GCC2/IO59RSB0
85	GCB2/IO58RSB0
86	GCA2/IO57RSB0
87	GCA0/IO56RSB0
88	GCA1/IO55RSB0
89	GCB0/IO54RSB0
90	GCB1/IO53RSB0
91	GCC0/IO52RSB0
92	GCC1/IO51RSB0
93	IO50RSB0
94	IO49RSB0
95	NC
96	NC
97	NC
98	VCCIB0
99	GND
100	VCC
101	IO47RSB0
102	GBC2/IO45RSB0
103	IO44RSB0
104	GBB2/IO43RSB0
105	IO42RSB0
106	GBA2/IO41RSB0
107	VMV0
108	GNDQ

<b>FG256</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A3P1000 Function</b>
R5	IO168RSB2
R6	IO163RSB2
R7	IO157RSB2
R8	IO149RSB2
R9	IO143RSB2
R10	IO138RSB2
R11	IO131RSB2
R12	IO125RSB2
R13	GDB2/IO115RSB2
R14	TDI
R15	GNDQ
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO183RSB2
T3	GEB2/IO186RSB2
T4	IO172RSB2
T5	IO170RSB2
T6	IO164RSB2
T7	IO158RSB2
T8	IO153RSB2
T9	IO142RSB2
T10	IO135RSB2
T11	IO130RSB2
T12	GDC2/IO116RSB2
T13	IO120RSB2
T14	GDA2/IO114RSB2
T15	TMS
T16	GND

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 10 (September 2011)	The "In-System Programming (ISP) and Security" section and Security section were revised to clarify that although no existing security measures can give an absolute guarantee, Microsemi FPGAs implement the best security available in the industry (SAR 32865).	I
	The value of 34 I/Os for the QN48 package in A3P030 was added to the "I/Os Per Package 1" section (SAR 33907).	III
	The Y security option and Licensed DPA Logo were added to the "ProASIC3 Ordering Information" section. The trademarked Licensed DPA Logo identifies that a product is covered by a DPA counter-measures license from Cryptography Research (SAR 32151).	IV
	The "Specifying I/O States During Programming" section is new (SAR 21281).	1-7
	In Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1, VPUMP programming voltage in programming mode was changed from "3.0 to 3.6" to "3.15 to 3.45" (SAR 30666). It was corrected in v2.0 of this datasheet in April 2007 but inadvertently changed back to "3.0 to 3.6 V" in v1.4 in August 2009. The following changes were made to Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1:  VCCPLL analog power supply (PLL) was changed from "1.4 to 1.6" to "1.425 to 1.575" (SAR 33850).  For VCCI and VMV, values for 3.3 V DC and 3.3 V DC Wide Range were corrected. The correct value for 3.3 V DC is "3.0 to 3.6 V" and the correct value for 3.3 V Wide Range is "2.7 to 3.6" (SAR 33848).	2-2
	Table 2-25 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings was update to restore values to the correct columns. Previously the Slew Rate column was missing and data were aligned incorrectly (SAR 34034).	2-24
	The notes regarding drive strength in the "Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings" section and "3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range" section tables were revised for clarification. They now state that the minimum drive strength for the default software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$ . The drive strength displayed in software is supported in normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models (SAR 25700).	2-22, 2-39

Revision	Changes	Page
<b>Revision 5 (Aug 2008)</b> DC and Switching Characteristics v1.3	T <sub>J</sub> , Maximum Junction Temperature, was changed to 100° from 110° in the "Thermal Characteristics" section and EQ 1. The calculated result of Maximum Power Allowed has thus changed to 1.463 W from 1.951 W.	2-6
	Values for the A3P015 device were added to Table 2-7 • Quiescent Supply Current Characteristics.	2-7
	Values for the A3P015 device were added to Table 2-14 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in ProASIC3 Devices. P <sub>AC14</sub> was removed. Table 2-15 • Different Components Contributing to the Static Power Consumption in ProASIC3 Devices is new.	2-11, 2-12
	The "PLL Contribution—P <sub>PLL</sub> " section was updated to change the P <sub>PLL</sub> formula from P <sub>AC13</sub> + P <sub>AC14</sub> * F <sub>CLKOUT</sub> to P <sub>DC4</sub> + P <sub>AC13</sub> * F <sub>CLKOUT</sub> .	2-14
	Both fall and rise values were included for t <sub>DDRISUD</sub> and t <sub>DDRIHD</sub> in Table 2-102 • Input DDR Propagation Delays.	2-78
	Table 2-107 • A3P015 Global Resource is new.	2-86
	The typical value for Delay Increments in Programmable Delay Blocks was changed from 160 to 200 in Table 2-115 • ProASIC3 CCC/PLL Specification.	2-90
<b>Revision 4 (Jun 2008)</b> DC and Switching Characteristics v1.2	Table note references were added to Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1, and the order of the table notes was changed.	2-2
	The title for Table 2-4 • Overshoot and Undershoot Limits 1 was modified to remove "as measured on quiet I/Os." Table note 1 was revised to remove "estimated SSO density over cycles." Table note 2 was revised to remove "refers only to overshoot/undershoot limits for simultaneous switching I/Os."	2-3
	The "Power per I/O Pin" section was updated to include 3 additional tables pertaining to input buffer power and output buffer power.	2-7
	Table 2-29 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances 1 was revised to include values for 3.3 V PCI/PCI-X.	2-27
	Table 2-90 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels was updated.	2-66
<b>Revision 3 (Jun 2008)</b> Packaging v1.3	Pin numbers were added to the "QN68 – Bottom View" package diagram. Note 2 was added below the diagram.	4-3
	The "QN132 – Bottom View" package diagram was updated to include D1 to D4. In addition, note 1 was changed from top view to bottom view, and note 2 is new.	4-6
<b>Revision 2 (Feb 2008)</b> Product Brief v1.0	This document was divided into two sections and given a version number, starting at v1.0. The first section of the document includes features, benefits, ordering information, and temperature and speed grade offerings. The second section is a device family overview.	N/A
	This document was updated to include A3P015 device information. QN68 is a new package that was added because it is offered in the A3P015. The following sections were updated: "Features and Benefits" "ProASIC3 Ordering Information" "Temperature Grade Offerings" "ProASIC3 Flash Family FPGAs" "A3P015 and A3P030" note Introduction and Overview (NA)	N/A