Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	147456
Number of I/O	300
Number of Gates	1000000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p1000-1fgg484

ProASIC3 Devices	A3P015[1]	A3P030	A3P060	A3P125	A3P250	A3P400	A3P600	A3P1000
Cortex-M1 Devices [2]					M1A3P250	M1A3P400	M1A3P600	M1A3P1000
Package Pins								
QFN	QN68	QN48, QN68, QN132[7]	QN132[7]	QN132[7]	QN132[7]			
CS			CS121					
VQFP		VQ100	VQ100	VQ100	VQ100			
TQFP			TQ144	TQ144				
PQFP				PQ208	PQ208	PQ208	PQ208	PQ208
FBGA			FG144	FG144	FG144/256 [5]	FG144/256/484	FG144/256/484	FG144/256/484

Notes:

1. *A3P015 is not recommended for new designs.*
2. *Refer to the Cortex-M1 product brief for more information.*
3. *AES is not available for Cortex-M1 ProASIC3 devices.*
4. *Six chip (main) and three quadrant global networks are available for A3P060 and above.*
5. *The M1A3P250 device does not support this package.*
6. *For higher densities and support of additional features, refer to the ProASIC3E Flash Family FPGAs datasheet.*
7. *Package not available.*

Microsemi
Power Matters.™

1 – ProASIC3 Device Family Overview

General Description

ProASIC3, the third-generation family of Microsemi flash FPGAs, offers performance, density, and features beyond those of the ProASICPLUS® family. Nonvolatile flash technology gives ProASIC3 devices the advantage of being a secure, low power, single-chip solution that is Instant On. ProASIC3 is reprogrammable and offers time-to-market benefits at an ASIC-level unit cost. These features enable designers to create high-density systems using existing ASIC or FPGA design flows and tools.

ProASIC3 devices offer 1 kbit of on-chip, reprogrammable, nonvolatile FlashROM storage as well as clock conditioning circuitry based on an integrated phase-locked loop (PLL). The A3P015 and A3P030 devices have no PLL or RAM support. ProASIC3 devices have up to 1 million system gates, supported with up to 144 kbits of true dual-port SRAM and up to 300 user I/Os.

ProASIC3 devices support the ARM Cortex-M1 processor. The ARM-enabled devices have Microsemi ordering numbers that begin with M1A3P (Cortex-M1) and do not support AES decryption.

Flash Advantages

Reduced Cost of Ownership

Advantages to the designer extend beyond low unit cost, performance, and ease of use. Unlike SRAM-based FPGAs, flash-based ProASIC3 devices allow all functionality to be Instant On; no external boot PROM is required. On-board security mechanisms prevent access to all the programming information and enable secure remote updates of the FPGA logic. Designers can perform secure remote in-system reprogramming to support future design iterations and field upgrades with confidence that valuable intellectual property (IP) cannot be compromised or copied. Secure ISP can be performed using the industry-standard AES algorithm. The ProASIC3 family device architecture mitigates the need for ASIC migration at higher user volumes. This makes the ProASIC3 family a cost-effective ASIC replacement solution, especially for applications in the consumer, networking/ communications, computing, and avionics markets.

Security

The nonvolatile, flash-based ProASIC3 devices do not require a boot PROM, so there is no vulnerable external bitstream that can be easily copied. ProASIC3 devices incorporate FlashLock, which provides a unique combination of reprogrammability and design security without external overhead, advantages that only an FPGA with nonvolatile flash programming can offer.

ProASIC3 devices utilize a 128-bit flash-based lock and a separate AES key to provide the highest level of protection in the FPGA industry for intellectual property and configuration data. In addition, all FlashROM data in ProASIC3 devic

Calculating Power Dissipation

Quiescent Supply Current

Table 2-7 • Quiescent Supply Current Characteristics

	A3P015	A3P030	A3P060	A3P125	A3P250	A3P400	A3P600	A3P1000
Typical (25°C)	2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	3 mA	3 mA	5 mA	8 mA
Max. (Commercial)	10 mA	10 mA	10 mA	10 mA	20 mA	20 mA	30 mA	50 mA
Max. (Industrial)	15 mA	15 mA	15 mA	15 mA	30 mA	30 mA	45 mA	75 mA

Note: IDD Includes VCC, VPUMP, VCCI, and VMV currents. Values do not include I/O static contribution, which is shown in Table 2-11 and Table 2-12 on page 2-9.

Power per I/O Pin

Table 2-8 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (Per Pin) – Default I/O Software Settings Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

	VMV (V)	Static Power P_{DC2} (mW) [1]	Dynamic Power PAC9 (µW/MHz) [2]
Single-Ended			
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	3.3	–	16.22
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[3]	3.3	–	16.22
2.5 V LVCMOS	2.5	–	5.12
1.8 V LVCMOS	1.8	–	2.13
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	1.5	–	1.45
3.3 V PCI	3.3	–	18.11
3.3 V PCI-X	3.3	–	18.11
Differential			
LVDS	2.5	2.26	1.20
LVPECL	3.3	5.72	1.87

Notes:

1. *PDC2 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VMV.*
2. *PAC9 is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VMV.*
3. *All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.*

Table 2-9 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (Per Pin) – Default I/O Software Settings Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

	VMV (V)	Static Power PDC2 (mW) [1]	Dynamic Power PAC9 (µW/MHz) [2]
Single-Ended			
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	3.3	–	16.23
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[3]	3.3	–	16.23

Notes:

1. *PDC2 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VMV.*
2. *PAC9 is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VMV.*
3. *All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.*

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

$N_{S\text{-}CELL}$ is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

P_{AC1}, P_{AC2}, P_{AC3}, and P_{AC4} are device-dependent.

Sequential Cells Contribution—$P_{S\text{-}CELL}$

$P_{S\text{-}CELL} = N_{S\text{-}CELL} * (P_{AC5} + \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC6}) * F_{CLK}$

$N_{S\text{-}CELL}$ is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design. When a multi-tile sequential cell is used, it should be accounted for as 1.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in Table 2-16 on page 2-14.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Combinatorial Cells Contribution—$P_{C\text{-}CELL}$

$P_{C\text{-}CELL} = N_{C\text{-}CELL} * \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC7} * F_{CLK}$

$N_{C\text{-}CELL}$ is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in Table 2-16 on page 2-14.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Routing Net Contribution—P_{NET}

$P_{NET} = (N_{S\text{-}CELL} + N_{C\text{-}CELL}) * \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC8} * F_{CLK}$

$N_{S\text{-}CELL}$ is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

$N_{C\text{-}CELL}$ is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in Table 2-16 on page 2-14.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Input Buffer Contribution—P_{INPUTS}

$P_{INPUTS} = N_{INPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * P_{AC9} * F_{CLK}$

N_{INPUTS} is the number of I/O input buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in Table 2-16 on page 2-14.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Output Buffer Contribution—$P_{OUTPUTS}$

$P_{OUTPUTS} = N_{OUTPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * \beta_1 * P_{AC10} * F_{CLK}$

$N_{OUTPUTS}$ is the number of I/O output buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in Table 2-16 on page 2-14.

β_1 is the I/O buffer enable rate—guidelines are provided in Table 2-17 on page 2-14.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Single-Ended I/O Characteristics

3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS

Low-Voltage Transistor–Transistor Logic (LVTTL) is a general-purpose standard (EIA/JESD) for 3.3 V applications. It uses an LVTTL input buffer and push-pull output buffer.

Table 2-37 • **Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL[1]	IIH[2]
Drive Strength	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	mA	mA	Max mA[3]	Max mA[3]	µA[4]	µA[4]
2 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	2	27	25	10	10
4 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	4	4	27	25	10	10
6 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	6	6	54	51	10	10
8 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8	54	51	10	10
12 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	12	12	109	103	10	10
16 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	16	16	127	132	10	10
24 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	24	24	181	268	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3 V < VIN < VIL.*
2. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges*
3. *Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.*
4. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
5. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

Table 2-38 • **Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks**

3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL[1]	IIH[2]
Drive Strength	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	mA	mA	Max mA[3]	Max mA[3]	µA[4]	µA[4]
2 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	2	27	25	10	10
4 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	4	4	27	25	10	10
6 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	6	6	54	51	10	10
8 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8	54	51	10	10
12 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	12	12	109	103	10	10
16 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	16	16	109	103	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3 V < VIN < VIL.*
2. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges*
3. *Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.*
4. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
5. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

Table 2-81 • 1.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	12.78	0.04	1.44	0.43	12.81	12.78	3.40	2.64	15.05	15.02	ns
	–1	0.56	10.87	0.04	1.22	0.36	10.90	10.87	2.89	2.25	12.80	12.78	ns
	–2	0.49	9.55	0.03	1.07	0.32	9.57	9.55	2.54	1.97	11.24	11.22	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	10.01	0.04	1.44	0.43	10.19	9.55	3.75	3.27	12.43	11.78	ns
	–1	0.56	8.51	0.04	1.22	0.36	8.67	8.12	3.19	2.78	10.57	10.02	ns
	–2	0.49	7.47	0.03	1.07	0.32	7.61	7.13	2.80	2.44	9.28	8.80	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	9.33	0.04	1.44	0.43	9.51	8.89	3.83	3.43	11.74	11.13	ns
	–1	0.56	7.94	0.04	1.22	0.36	8.09	7.56	3.26	2.92	9.99	9.47	ns
	–2	0.49	6.97	0.03	1.07	0.32	7.10	6.64	2.86	2.56	8.77	8.31	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	8.91	0.04	1.44	0.43	9.07	8.89	3.95	4.05	11.31	11.13	ns
	–1	0.56	7.58	0.04	1.22	0.36	7.72	7.57	3.36	3.44	9.62	9.47	ns
	–2	0.49	6.65	0.03	1.07	0.32	6.78	6.64	2.95	3.02	8.45	8.31	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	8.91	0.04	1.44	0.43	9.07	8.89	3.95	4.05	11.31	11.13	ns
	–1	0.56	7.58	0.04	1.22	0.36	7.72	7.57	3.36	3.44	9.62	9.47	ns
	–2	0.49	6.65	0.03	1.07	0.32	6.78	6.64	2.95	3.02	8.45	8.31	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-82 • 1.5 V LVCMOS High Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	7.83	0.04	1.42	0.43	6.42	7.83	2.71	2.55	8.65	10.07	ns
	–1	0.56	6.66	0.04	1.21	0.36	5.46	6.66	2.31	2.17	7.36	8.56	ns
	–2	0.49	5.85	0.03	1.06	0.32	4.79	5.85	2.02	1.90	6.46	7.52	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	4.84	0.04	1.42	0.43	4.49	4.84	3.03	3.13	6.72	7.08	ns
	–1	0.56	4.12	0.04	1.21	0.36	3.82	4.12	2.58	2.66	5.72	6.02	ns
	–2	0.49	3.61	0.03	1.06	0.32	3.35	3.61	2.26	2.34	5.02	5.28	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to

JTAG 1532 Characteristics

JTAG timing delays do not include JTAG I/Os. To obtain complete JTAG timing, add I/O buffer delays to the corresponding standard selected; refer to the I/O timing characteristics in the "User I/O Characteristics" section on page 2-15 for more details.

Timing Characteristics

***Table 2-125* • JTAG 1532**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
t_{DISU}	Test Data Input Setup Time	0.50	0.57	0.67	ns
t_{DIHD}	Test Data Input Hold Time	1.00	1.13	1.33	ns
t_{TMSSU}	Test Mode Select Setup Time	0.50	0.57	0.67	ns
t_{TMDHD}	Test Mode Select Hold Time	1.00	1.13	1.33	ns
t_{TCK2Q}	Clock to Q (data out)	6.00	6.80	8.00	ns
t_{RSTB2Q}	Reset to Q (data out)	20.00	22.67	26.67	ns
F_{TCKMAX}	TCK Maximum Frequency	25.00	22.00	19.00	MHz
$t_{TRSTREM}$	ResetB Removal Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{TRSTREC}$	ResetB Recovery Time	0.20	0.23	0.27	ns
$t_{TRSTMPW}$	ResetB Minimum Pulse	TBD	TBD	TBD	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
R17	GDB1/IO78UPB1
R18	GDC1/IO77UDB1
R19	IO75NDB1
R20	VCC
R21	NC
R22	NC
T1	NC
T2	NC
T3	NC
T4	IO140NDB3
T5	IO138PPB3
T6	GEC1/IO137PPB3
T7	IO131RSB2
T8	GNDQ
T9	GEA2/IO134RSB2
T10	IO117RSB2
T11	IO111RSB2
T12	IO99RSB2
T13	IO94RSB2
T14	IO87RSB2
T15	GNDQ
T16	IO93RSB2
T17	VJTAG
T18	GDC0/IO77VDB1
T19	GDA1/IO79UDB1
T20	NC
T21	NC
T22	NC
U1	NC
U2	NC
U3	NC
U4	GEB1/IO136PDB3
U5	GEB0/IO136NDB3
U6	VMV2
U7	IO129RSB2
U8	IO128RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
U9	IO122RSB2
U10	IO115RSB2
U11	IO110RSB2
U12	IO98RSB2
U13	IO95RSB2
U14	IO88RSB2
U15	IO84RSB2
U16	TCK
U17	VPUMP
U18	TRST
U19	GDA0/IO79VDB1
U20	NC
U21	NC
U22	NC
V1	NC
V2	NC
V3	GND
V4	GEA1/IO135PDB3
V5	GEA0/IO135NDB3
V6	IO127RSB2
V7	GEC2/IO132RSB2
V8	IO123RSB2
V9	IO118RSB2
V10	IO112RSB2
V11	IO106RSB2
V12	IO100RSB2
V13	IO96RSB2
V14	IO89RSB2
V15	IO85RSB2
V16	GDB2/IO81RSB2
V17	TDI
V18	NC
V19	TDO
V20	GND
V21	NC
V22	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
W1	NC
W2	NC
W3	NC
W4	GND
W5	IO126RSB2
W6	GEB2/IO133RSB2
W7	IO124RSB2
W8	IO116RSB2
W9	IO113RSB2
W10	IO107RSB2
W11	IO105RSB2
W12	IO102RSB2
W13	IO97RSB2
W14	IO92RSB2
W15	GDC2/IO82RSB2
W16	IO86RSB2
W17	GDA2/IO80RSB2
W18	TMS
W19	GND
W20	NC
W21	NC
W22	NC
Y1	VCCIB3
Y2	NC
Y3	NC
Y4	NC
Y5	GND
Y6	NC
Y7	NC
Y8	VCC
Y9	VCC
Y10	NC
Y11	NC
Y12	NC
Y13	NC
Y14	VCC

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	VCCIB0
A4	IO07RSB0
A5	IO09RSB0
A6	IO13RSB0
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	IO20RSB0
A9	IO26RSB0
A10	IO32RSB0
A11	IO40RSB0
A12	IO41RSB0
A13	IO53RSB0
A14	IO59RSB0
A15	IO64RSB0
A16	IO65RSB0
A17	IO67RSB0
A18	IO69RSB0
A19	NC
A20	VCCIB0
A21	GND
A22	GND
B1	GND
B2	VCCIB3
B3	NC
B4	IO06RSB0
B5	IO08RSB0
B6	IO12RSB0
B7	IO15RSB0
B8	IO19RSB0
B9	IO24RSB0
B10	IO31RSB0
B11	IO39RSB0
B12	IO48RSB0
B13	IO54RSB0
B14	IO58RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
B15	IO63RSB0
B16	IO66RSB0
B17	IO68RSB0
B18	IO70RSB0
B19	NC
B20	NC
B21	VCCIB1
B22	GND
C1	VCCIB3
C2	IO220PDB3
C3	NC
C4	NC
C5	GND
C6	IO10RSB0
C7	IO14RSB0
C8	VCC
C9	VCC
C10	IO30RSB0
C11	IO37RSB0
C12	IO43RSB0
C13	NC
C14	VCC
C15	VCC
C16	NC
C17	NC
C18	GND
C19	NC
C20	NC
C21	NC
C22	VCCIB1
D1	IO219PDB3
D2	IO220NDB3
D3	NC
D4	GND
D5	GAA0/IO00RSB0
D6	GAA1/IO01RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
D7	GAB0/IO02RSB0
D8	IO16RSB0
D9	IO22RSB0
D10	IO28RSB0
D11	IO35RSB0
D12	IO45RSB0
D13	IO50RSB0
D14	IO55RSB0
D15	IO61RSB0
D16	GBB1/IO75RSB0
D17	GBA0/IO76RSB0
D18	GBA1/IO77RSB0
D19	GND
D20	NC
D21	NC
D22	NC
E1	IO219NDB3
E2	NC
E3	GND
E4	GAB2/IO224PDB3
E5	GAA2/IO225PDB3
E6	GNDQ
E7	GAB1/IO03RSB0
E8	IO17RSB0
E9	IO21RSB0
E10	IO27RSB0
E11	IO34RSB0
E12	IO44RSB0
E13	IO51RSB0
E14	IO57RSB0
E15	GBC1/IO73RSB0
E16	GBB0/IO74RSB0
E17	IO71RSB0
E18	GBA2/IO78PDB1
E19	IO81PDB1
E20	GND

Revision	Changes	Page
v2.0 (continued)	Table 3-20 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings (Advanced) and Table 3-21 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings (Standard Plus) were updated.	3-20 to 3-20
	Table 3-11 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in ProASIC3 Devices was updated.	3-9
	Table 3-24 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances1 (Advanced) and Table 3-25 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances1 (Standard Plus) were updated.	3-22 to 3-22
	Table 3-17 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions was updated.	3-18
	Table 3-28 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL (Advanced) and Table 3-29 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL (Standard Plus) were updated.	3-24 to 3-26
	The note in Table 3-32 • I/O Input Rise Time, Fall Time, and Related I/O Reliability was updated.	3-27
	Figure 3-33 • Write Access After Write onto Same Address, Figure 3-34 • Read Access After Write onto Same Address, and Figure 3-35 • Write Access After Read onto Same Address are new.	3-82 to 3-84
	Figure 3-43 • Timing Diagram was updated.	3-96
	Ambient was deleted from the "Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix".	iv
	Notes were added to the package diagrams identifying if they were top or bottom view.	N/A
	The A3P030 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-2
	The A3P060 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-4
	The A3P125 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-6
	The A3P250 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-8
	The A3P030 "100-Pin VQFP" table is new.	4-11
Advance v0.7 (January 2007)	In the "I/Os Per Package" table, the I/O numbers were added for A3P060, A3P125, and A3P250. The A3P030-VQ100 I/O was changed from 79 to 77.	ii
Advance v0.6 (April 2006)	The term flow-through was changed to pass-through.	N/A
	Table 1 was updated to include the QN132.	ii
	The "I/Os Per Package" table was updated with the QN132. The footnotes were also updated. The A3P400-FG144 I/O count was updated.	ii
	"Automotive ProASIC3 Ordering Information" was updated with the QN132.	iii
	"Temperature Grade Offerings" was updated with the QN132.	iii
	B-LVDS and M-LDVS are new I/O standards added to the datasheet.	N/A
	The term flow-through was changed to pass-through.	N/A
	Figure 2-7 • Efficient Long-Line Resources was updated.	2-7
	The footnotes in Figure 2-15 • Clock Input Sources Including CLKBUF, CLKBUF_LVDS/LVPECL, and CLKINT were updated.	2-16
	The Delay Increments in the Programmable Delay Blocks specification in Figure 2-24 • ProASIC3E CCC Options.	2-24
	The "SRAM and FIFO" section was updated.	2-21

Microsemi Corporation (MSCC) offers a comprehensive portfolio of semiconductor and system solutions for communications, defense and security, aerospace, and industrial markets. Products include high-performance and radiation-hardened analog mixed-signal integrated circuits, FPGAs, SoCs, and ASICs; power management products; timing and synchronization devices and precise time solutions, setting the world's standard for time; voice processing devices; RF solutions; discrete components; enterprise storage and communication solutions, security technologies and scalable anti-tamper products; Ethernet Solutions; Power-over-Ethernet ICs and midspans; as well as custom design capabilities and services. Microsemi is headquartered in Aliso Viejo, Calif. and has approximately 4,800 employees globally. Learn more at **www.microsemi.com**.

Microsemi Corporate Headquarters
One Enterprise, Aliso Viejo,
CA 92656 USA

Within the USA: +1 (800) 713-4113
Outside the USA: +1 (949) 380-6100
Sales: +1 (949) 380-6136
Fax: +1 (949) 215-4996

E-mail: sales.support@microsemi.com

51700097-18/0316