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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	147456
Number of I/O	154
Number of Gates	1000000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p1000-2pq208

ProASIC3 Devices	A3P015[1]	A3P030	A3P060	A3P125	A3P250	A3P400	A3P600	A3P1000
Cortex-M1 Devices [2]					M1A3P250	M1A3P400	M1A3P600	M1A3P1000
Package Pins								
QFN	QN68	QN48, QN68, QN132[7]	QN132[7]	QN132[7]	QN132[7]			
CS			CS121					
VQFP		VQ100	VQ100	VQ100	VQ100			
TQFP			TQ144	TQ144				
PQFP				PQ208	PQ208	PQ208	PQ208	PQ208
FBGA			FG144	FG144	FG144/256 [5]	FG144/256/ 484	FG144/256/ 484	FG144/256/ 484

Notes:

1. *A3P015 is not recommended for new designs.*
2. *Refer to the Cortex-M1 product brief for more information.*
3. *AES is not available for Cortex-M1 ProASIC3 devices.*
4. *Six chip (main) and three quadrant global networks are available for A3P060 and above.*
5. *The M1A3P250 device does not support this package.*
6. *For higher densities and support of additional features, refer to the ProASIC3E Flash Family FPGAs datasheet.*
7. *Package not available.*

Your valuable IP is protected with industry-standard security, making remote ISP possible. A ProASIC3 device provides the best available security for programmable logic designs.

Single Chip

Flash-based FPGAs store their configuration information in on-chip flash cells. Once programmed, the configuration data is an inherent part of the FPGA structure, and no external configuration data needs to be loaded at system power-up (unlike SRAM-based FPGAs). Therefore, flash-based ProASIC3 FPGAs do not require system configuration components such as EEPROMs or microcontrollers to load device configuration data. This reduces bill-of-materials costs and PCB area, and increases security and system reliability.

Instant On

Flash-based ProASIC3 devices support Level 0 of the Instant On classification standard. This feature helps in system component initialization, execution of critical tasks before the processor wakes up, setup and configuration of memory blocks, clock generation, and bus activity management. The Instant On feature of flash-based ProASIC3 devices greatly simplifies total system design and reduces total system cost, often eliminating the need for CPLDs and clock generation PLLs that are used for these purposes in a system. In addition, glitches and brownouts in system power will not corrupt the ProASIC3 device's flash configuration, and unlike SRAM-based FPGAs, the device will not have to be reloaded when system power is restored. This enables the reduction or complete removal of the configuration PROM, expensive voltage monitor, brownout detection, and clock generator devices from the PCB design. Flash-based ProASIC3 devices simplify total system design and reduce cost and design risk while increasing system reliability and improving system initialization time.

Firm Errors

Firm errors occur most commonly when high-energy neutrons, generated in the upper atmosphere, strike a configuration cell of an SRAM FPGA. The energy of the collision can change the state of the configuration cell and thus change the logic, routing, or I/O behavior in an unpredictable way. These errors are impossible to prevent in SRAM FPGAs. The consequence of this type of error can be a complete system failure. Firm errors do not exist in the configuration memory of ProASIC3 flash-based FPGAs. Once it is programmed, the flash cell configuration element of ProASIC3 FPGAs cannot be altered by high-energy neutrons and is therefore immune to them. Recoverable (or soft) errors occur in the user data SRAM of all FPGA devices. These can easily be mitigated by using error detection and correction (EDAC) circuitry built into the FPGA fabric.

Low Power

Flash-based ProASIC3 devices exhibit power characteristics similar to an ASIC, making them an ideal choice for power-sensitive applications. ProASIC3 devices have only a very limited power-on current surge and no high-current transition period, both of which occur on many FPGAs.

ProASIC3 devices also have low dynamic power consumption to further maximize power savings.

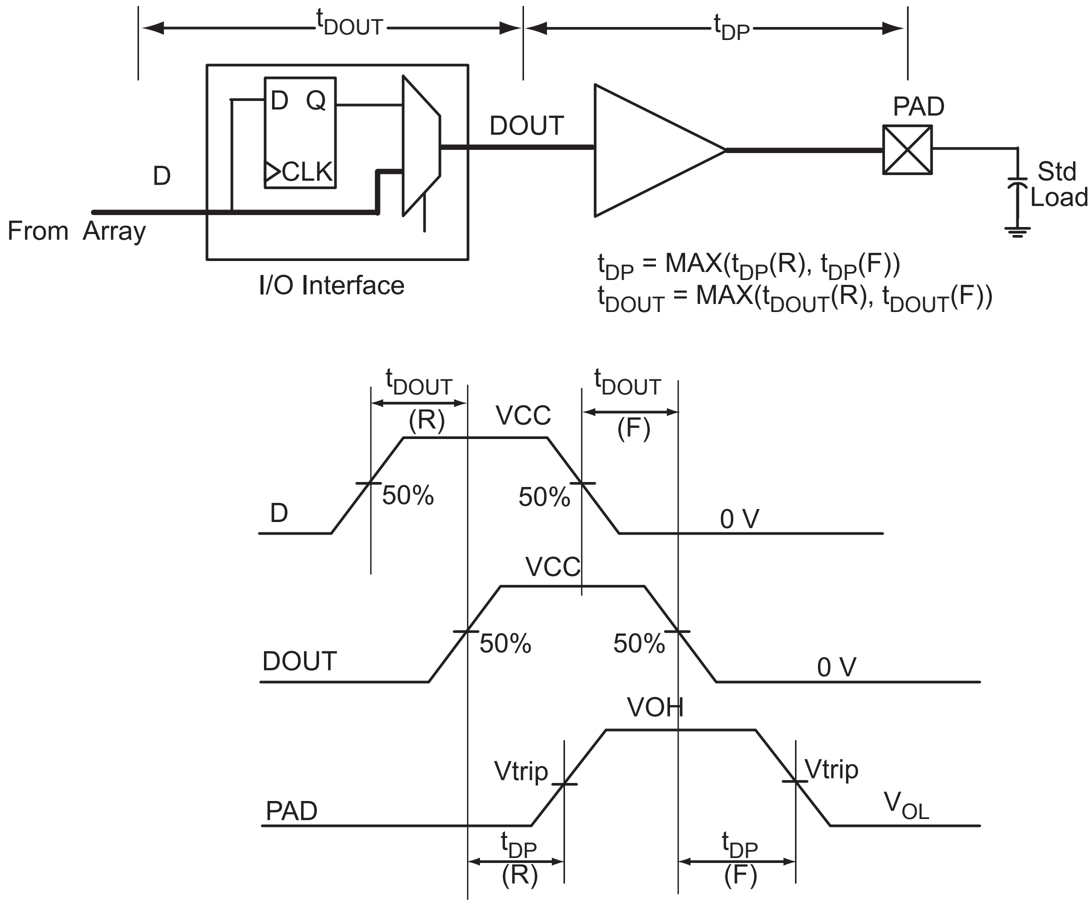


Figure 2-5 • **Output Buffer Model and Delays (Example)**

Table 2-20 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions—Software Default Settings Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option[2]	Slew Rate	VIL Min V	VIL Max V	VIH Min V	VIH Max V	VOL Max V	VOH Min V	IOL[1] mA	IOH[1] mA
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[3]	100 µA	8 mA	High	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VCCI – 0.2	0.1	0.1
2.5 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	–0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	8	8
1.8 V LVCMOS	4 mA	4 mA	High	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	4	4
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	2 mA	High	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	2	2

Notes:

1. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
2. *3.3 V LVCMOS wide range is applicable to 100 µA drive strength only. The configuration will NOT operate at the equivalent software default drive strength. These values are for Normal Ranges ONLY.*
3. *All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.*

Table 2-21 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions

DC I/O Standards	Commercial[1] IIL[3] µA	Commercial[1] IIH[4] µA	Industrial[2] IIL[3] µA	Industrial[2] IIH[4] µA
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	10	10	15	15
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	10	10	15	15
2.5 V LVCMOS	10	10	15	15
1.8 V LVCMOS	10	10	15	15
1.5 V LVCMOS	10	10	15	15
3.3 V PCI	10	10	15	15
3.3 V PCI-X	10	10	15	15

Notes:

1. *Commercial range (0°C < T_A < 70°C)*
2. *Industrial range (–40°C < T_A < 85°C)*
3. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3V < V_{IN} <V_{IL}.*
4. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.*

Table 2-44 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	9.68	0.04	1.00	0.43	9.86	8.42	2.28	2.21	12.09	10.66	ns
	–1	0.56	8.23	0.04	0.85	0.36	8.39	7.17	1.94	1.88	10.29	9.07	ns
	–2	0.49	7.23	0.03	0.75	0.32	7.36	6.29	1.70	1.65	9.03	7.96	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	9.68	0.04	1.00	0.43	9.86	8.42	2.28	2.21	12.09	10.66	ns
	–1	0.56	8.23	0.04	0.85	0.36	8.39	7.17	1.94	1.88	10.29	9.07	ns
	–2	0.49	7.23	0.03	0.75	0.32	7.36	6.29	1.70	1.65	9.03	7.96	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	6.70	0.04	1.00	0.43	6.82	5.89	2.58	2.74	9.06	8.12	ns
	–1	0.56	5.70	0.04	0.85	0.36	5.80	5.01	2.20	2.33	7.71	6.91	ns
	–2	0.49	5.00	0.03	0.75	0.32	5.10	4.40	1.93	2.05	6.76	6.06	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	6.70	0.04	1.00	0.43	6.82	5.89	2.58	2.74	9.06	8.12	ns
	–1	0.56	5.70	0.04	0.85	0.36	5.80	5.01	2.20	2.33	7.71	6.91	ns
	–2	0.49	5.00	0.03	0.75	0.32	5.10	4.40	1.93	2.05	6.76	6.06	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	5.05	0.04	1.00	0.43	5.14	4.51	2.79	3.08	7.38	6.75	ns
	–1	0.56	4.29	0.04	0.85	0.36	4.37	3.84	2.38	2.62	6.28	5.74	ns
	–2	0.49	3.77	0.03	0.75	0.32	3.84	3.37	2.09	2.30	5.51	5.04	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	5.05	0.04	1.00	0.43	5.14	4.51	2.79	3.08	7.38	6.75	ns
	–1	0.56	4.29	0.04	0.85	0.36	4.37	3.84	2.38	2.62	6.28	5.74	ns
	–2	0.49	3.77	0.03	0.75	0.32	3.84	3.37	2.09	2.30	5.51	5.04	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-45 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	7.07	0.04	1.00	0.43	7.20	6.23	2.07	2.15	ns
	–1	0.56	6.01	0.04	0.85	0.36	6.12	5.30	1.76	1.83	ns
	–2	0.49	5.28	0.03	0.75	0.32	5.37	4.65	1.55	1.60	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	7.07	0.04	1.00	0.43	7.20	6.23	2.07	2.15	ns
	–1	0.56	6.01	0.04	0.85	0.36	6.12	5.30	1.76	1.83	ns
	–2	0.49	5.28	0.03	0.75	0.32	5.37	4.65	1.55	1.60	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.41	0.04	1.00	0.43	4.49	3.75	2.39	2.69	ns
	–1	0.56	3.75	0.04	0.85	0.36	3.82	3.19	2.04	2.29	ns
	–2	0.49	3.29	0.03	0.75	0.32	3.36	2.80	1.79	2.01	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.41	0.04	1.00	0.43	4.49	3.75	2.39	2.69	ns
	–1	0.56	3.75	0.04	0.85	0.36	3.82	3.19	2.04	2.29	ns

Table 2-52 • **3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option[1]	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
100 µA	2 mA	Std.	0.60	11.14	0.04	1.52	0.43	11.14	9.54	3.51	3.61	14.53	12.94	ns
		–1	0.51	9.48	0.04	1.29	0.36	9.48	8.12	2.99	3.07	12.36	11.00	ns
		–2	0.45	8.32	0.03	1.14	0.32	8.32	7.13	2.62	2.70	10.85	9.66	ns
100 µA	4 mA	Std.	0.60	6.96	0.04	1.52	0.43	6.96	5.79	3.99	4.45	10.35	9.19	ns
		–1	0.51	5.92	0.04	1.29	0.36	5.92	4.93	3.39	3.78	8.81	7.82	ns
		–2	0.45	5.20	0.03	1.14	0.32	5.20	4.33	2.98	3.32	7.73	6.86	ns
100 µA	6 mA	Std.	0.60	6.96	0.04	1.52	0.43	6.96	5.79	3.99	4.45	10.35	9.19	ns
		–1	0.51	5.92	0.04	1.29	0.36	5.92	4.93	3.39	3.78	8.81	7.82	ns
		–2	0.45	5.20	0.03	1.14	0.32	5.20	4.33	2.98	3.32	7.73	6.86	ns
100 µA	8 mA	Std.	0.60	4.89	0.04	1.52	0.43	4.89	3.92	4.31	4.98	8.28	7.32	ns
		–1	0.51	4.16	0.04	1.29	0.36	4.16	3.34	3.67	4.24	7.04	6.22	ns
		–2	0.45	3.65	0.03	1.14	0.32	3.65	2.93	3.22	3.72	6.18	5.46	ns
100 µA	16 mA	Std.	0.60	4.89	0.04	1.52	0.43	4.89	3.92	4.31	4.98	8.28	7.32	ns
		–1	0.51	4.16	0.04	1.29	0.36	4.16	3.34	3.67	4.24	7.04	6.22	ns
		–2	0.45	3.65	0.03	1.14	0.32	3.65	2.93	3.22	3.72	6.18	5.46	ns

Notes:

1. *The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 µA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.*
2. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.*

1.8 V LVCMOS

Low-voltage CMOS for 1.8 V is an extension of the LVCMOS standard (JESD8-5) used for general-purpose 1.8 V applications. It uses a 1.8 V input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Table 2-66 • **Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

1.8 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL[1]	IIH[2]
Drive Strength	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	mA	mA	Max mA[3]	Max mA[3]	µA[4]	µA[4]
2 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	2	2	11	9	10	10
4 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	4	4	22	17	10	10
6 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	6	6	44	35	10	10
8 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	8	8	51	45	10	10
12 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	12	12	74	91	10	10
16 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	16	16	74	91	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3 V < VIN < VIL.*
2. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges*
3. *Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.*
4. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
5. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

Table 2-67 • **Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Standard Plus I/O I/O Banks**

1.8 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL[1]	IIH[2]
Drive Strength	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	mA	mA	Max mA[3]	Max mA[3]	µA[4]	µA[4]
2 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	2	2	11	9	10	10
4 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	4	4	22	17	10	10
6 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	6	6	44	35	10	10
8 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	8	8	44	35	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3 V < VIN < VIL.*
2. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN <V CCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges*
3. *Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.*
4. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
5. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

Output DDR Module

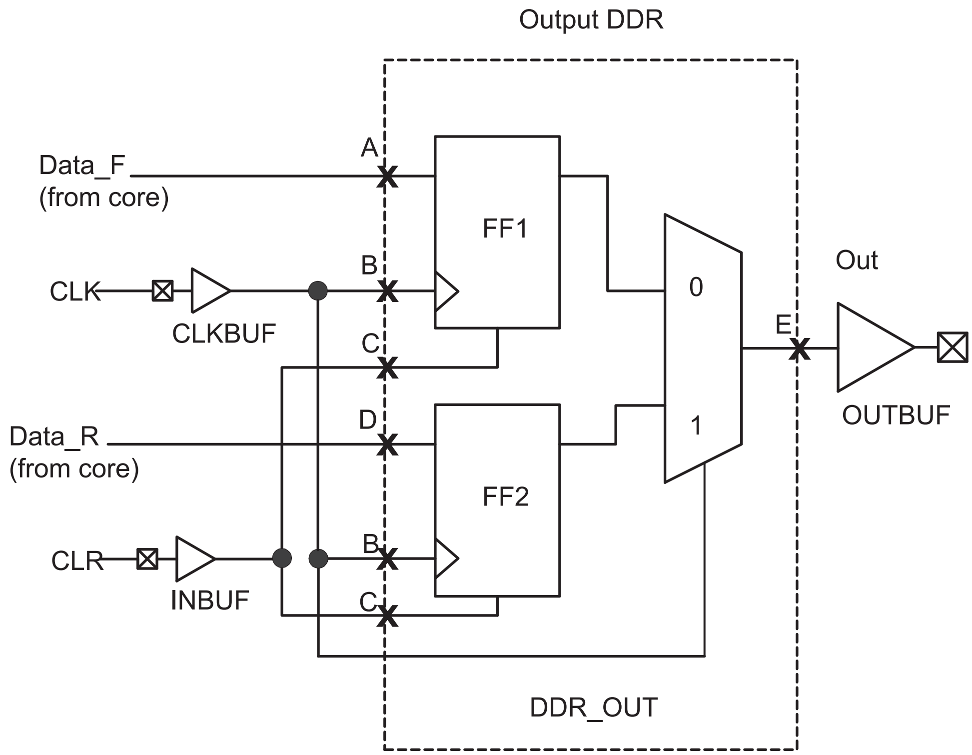


***Figure 2-22 •* Output DDR Timing Model**

***Table 2-103 •* Parameter Definitions**

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)
$t_{DDROCLKQ}$	Clock-to-Out	B, E
$t_{DDROCLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out	C, E
$t_{DDROREMCLR}$	Clear Removal	C, B
$t_{DDRORECCLR}$	Clear Recovery	C, B
$t_{DDROSUD1}$	Data Setup Data_F	A, B
$t_{DDROSUD2}$	Data Setup Data_R	D, B
$t_{DDROHD1}$	Data Hold Data_F	A, B
$t_{DDROHD2}$	Data Hold Data_R	D, B

Table 2-117 • RAM512X18
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
t_{AS}	Address setup time	0.25	0.28	0.33	ns
t_{AH}	Address hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN setup time	0.13	0.15	0.17	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN hold time	0.10	0.11	0.13	ns
t_{DS}	Input data (WD) setup time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input data (WD) hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to new data valid on RD (output retained)	2.16	2.46	2.89	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to new data valid on RD (pipelined)	0.90	1.02	1.20	ns
t_{C2CRWH}[1]	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable read access after write on same address—Applicable to Opening Edge	0.50	0.43	0.38	ns
t_{C2CWRH}[1]	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write access after read on same address—Applicable to Opening Edge	0.59	0.50	0.44	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to data out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to data out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET minimum pulse width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock cycle time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency	310	272	231	MHz

Notes:

1. *For more information, refer to the application note Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.*

***Table 2-120* • A3P250 FIFO 512×8**
Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN Setup Time	3.75	4.27	5.02	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK Setup Time	0.19	0.22	0.26	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{DS}	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (flow-through)	2.17	2.47	2.90	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	0.94	1.07	1.26	ns
t_{RCKEF}	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	1.72	1.96	2.30	ns
t_{WCKFF}	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	1.63	1.86	2.18	ns
t_{CKAF}	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.19	7.05	8.29	ns
t_{RSTFG}	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	1.69	1.93	2.27	ns
t_{RSTAF}	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.13	6.98	8.20	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET Removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET Recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency for FIFO	310	272	231	MHz

In critical applications, an upset in the JTAG circuit could allow entrance to an undesired JTAG state. In such cases, Microsemi recommends tying off TRST to GND through a resistor placed close to the FPGA pin.

Note that to operate at all VJTAG voltages, 500 Ω to 1 kΩ will satisfy the requirements.

Special Function Pins

NC **No Connect**

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device. These pins can be driven to any voltage or can be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

DC **Do Not Connect**

This pin should not be connected to any signals on the PCB. These pins should be left unconnected.

Related Documents

User's Guides

ProASIC FPGA Fabric User's Guide

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/PA3_UG.pdf

Packaging

The following documents provide packaging information and device selection for low power flash devices.

Product Catalog

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/ProdCat_PIB.pdf

Lists devices currently recommended for new designs and the packages available for each member of the family. Use this document or the datasheet tables to determine the best package for your design, and which package drawing to use.

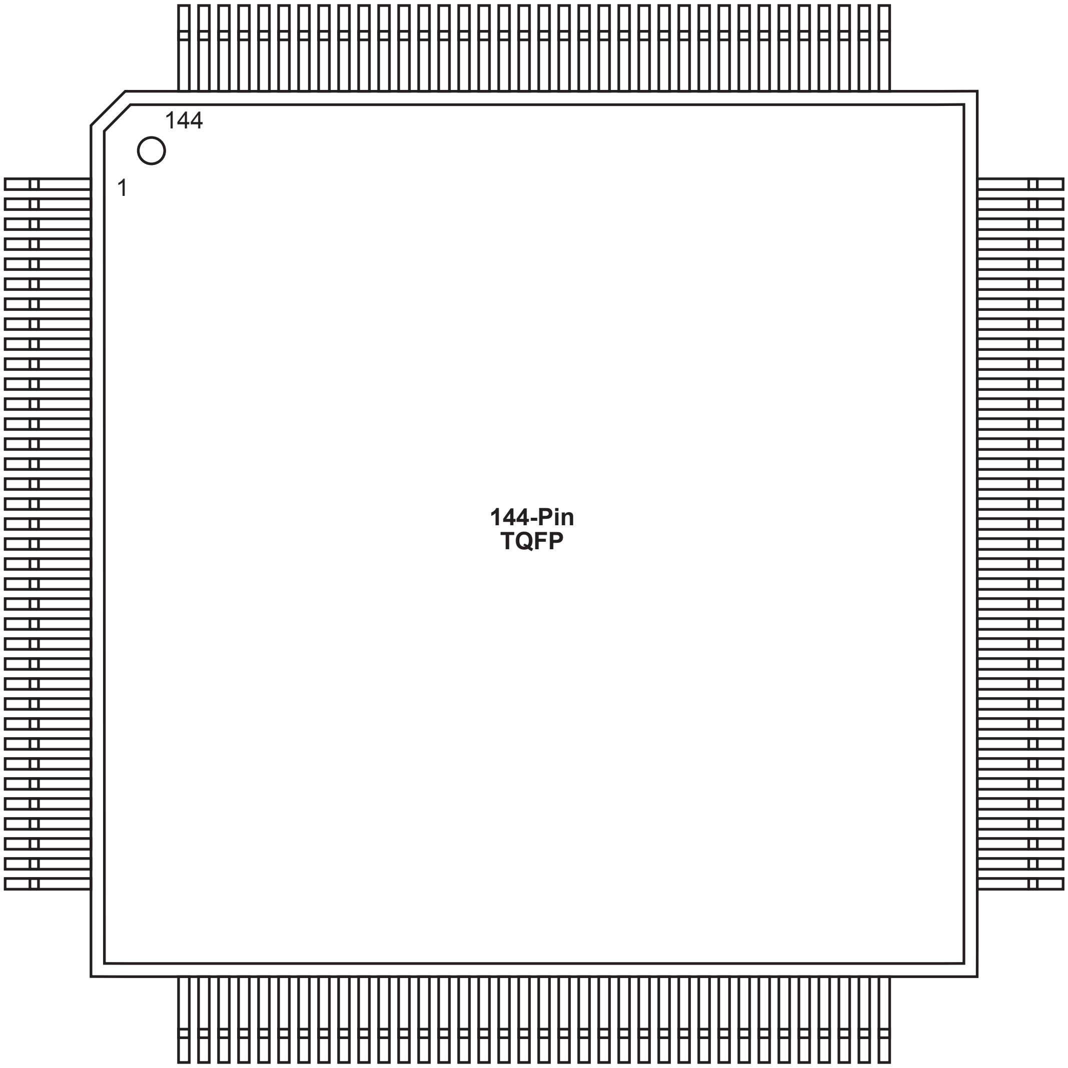
Package Mechanical Drawings

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/PckgMechDrwngs.pdf

This document contains the package mechanical drawings for all packages currently or previously supplied by Actel. Use the bookmarks to navigate to the package mechanical drawings.

Additional packaging materials are at *http://www.microsemi.com/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx.*

TQ144 – Top View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see *PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings*.

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
109	TRST
110	VJTAG
111	GDA0/IO66RSB0
112	GDA1/IO65RSB0
113	GDB0/IO64RSB0
114	GDB1/IO63RSB0
115	GDC0/IO62RSB0
116	GDC1/IO61RSB0
117	NC
118	NC
119	NC
120	NC
121	NC
122	GND
123	VCCIB0
124	NC
125	NC
126	VCC
127	IO60RSB0
128	GCC2/IO59RSB0
129	GCB2/IO58RSB0
130	GND
131	GCA2/IO57RSB0
132	GCA0/IO56RSB0
133	GCA1/IO55RSB0
134	GCB0/IO54RSB0
135	GCB1/IO53RSB0
136	GCC0/IO52RSB0
137	GCC1/IO51RSB0
138	IO50RSB0
139	IO49RSB0
140	VCCIB0
141	GND
142	VCC
143	IO48RSB0
144	IO47RSB0

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
145	IO46RSB0
146	NC
147	NC
148	NC
149	GBC2/IO45RSB0
150	IO44RSB0
151	GBB2/IO43RSB0
152	IO42RSB0
153	GBA2/IO41RSB0
154	VMV0
155	GNDQ
156	GND
157	NC
158	GBA1/IO40RSB0
159	GBA0/IO39RSB0
160	GBB1/IO38RSB0
161	GBB0/IO37RSB0
162	GND
163	GBC1/IO36RSB0
164	GBC0/IO35RSB0
165	IO34RSB0
166	IO33RSB0
167	IO32RSB0
168	IO31RSB0
169	IO30RSB0
170	VCCIB0
171	VCC
172	IO29RSB0
173	IO28RSB0
174	IO27RSB0
175	IO26RSB0
176	IO25RSB0
177	IO24RSB0
178	GND
179	IO23RSB0
180	IO22RSB0

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
181	IO21RSB0
182	IO20RSB0
183	IO19RSB0
184	IO18RSB0
185	IO17RSB0
186	VCCIB0
187	VCC
188	IO16RSB0
189	IO15RSB0
190	IO14RSB0
191	IO13RSB0
192	IO12RSB0
193	IO11RSB0
194	IO10RSB0
195	GND
196	IO09RSB0
197	IO08RSB0
198	IO07RSB0
199	IO06RSB0
200	VCCIB0
201	GAC1/IO05RSB0
202	GAC0/IO04RSB0
203	GAB1/IO03RSB0
204	GAB0/IO02RSB0
205	GAA1/IO01RSB0
206	GAA0/IO00RSB0
207	GNDQ
208	VMV0

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO174PDB3
3	IO174NDB3
4	GAB2/IO173PDB3
5	IO173NDB3
6	GAC2/IO172PDB3
7	IO172NDB3
8	IO171PDB3
9	IO171NDB3
10	IO170PDB3
11	IO170NDB3
12	IO169PDB3
13	IO169NDB3
14	IO168PDB3
15	IO168NDB3
16	VCC
17	GND
18	VCCIB3
19	IO166PDB3
20	IO166NDB3
21	GFC1/IO164PDB3
22	GFC0/IO164NDB3
23	GFB1/IO163PDB3
24	GFB0/IO163NDB3
25	VCOMPLF
26	GFA0/IO162NPB3
27	VCCPLF
28	GFA1/IO162PPB3
29	GND
30	GFA2/IO161PDB3
31	IO161NDB3
32	GFB2/IO160PDB3
33	IO160NDB3
34	GFC2/IO159PDB3
35	IO159NDB3
36	VCC
37	IO152PDB3
38	IO152NDB3
39	IO150PSB3
40	VCCIB3
41	GND
42	IO147PDB3
43	IO147NDB3
44	GEC1/IO146PDB3
45	GEC0/IO146NDB3
46	GEB1/IO145PDB3
47	GEB0/IO145NDB3
48	GEA1/IO144PDB3
49	GEA0/IO144NDB3
50	VMV3
51	GNDQ
52	GND
53	VMV2
54	GEA2/IO143RSB2
55	GEB2/IO142RSB2
56	GEC2/IO141RSB2
57	IO140RSB2
58	IO139RSB2
59	IO138RSB2
60	IO137RSB2
61	IO136RSB2
62	VCCIB2
63	IO135RSB2
64	IO133RSB2
65	GND
66	IO131RSB2
67	IO129RSB2
68	IO127RSB2
69	IO125RSB2
70	IO123RSB2
71	VCC
72	VCCIB2
73	IO120RSB2
74	IO119RSB2
75	IO118RSB2
76	IO117RSB2
77	IO116RSB2
78	IO115RSB2
79	IO114RSB2
80	IO112RSB2
81	GND
82	IO111RSB2
83	IO110RSB2
84	IO109RSB2
85	IO108RSB2
86	IO107RSB2
87	IO106RSB2
88	VCC
89	VCCIB2
90	IO104RSB2
91	IO102RSB2
92	IO100RSB2
93	IO98RSB2
94	IO96RSB2
95	IO92RSB2
96	GDC2/IO91RSB2
97	GND
98	GDB2/IO90RSB2
99	GDA2/IO89RSB2
100	GNDQ
101	TCK
102	TDI
103	TMS
104	VMV2
105	GND
106	VPUMP
107	GNDQ
108	TDO

FG144	
Pin Number	**A3P250 Function**
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO29RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO33RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO39RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO117UDB3
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO14RSB0
B6	IO19RSB0
B7	IO22RSB0
B8	IO30RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO37RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO38RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV1
C1	IO117VDB3
C2	GFA2/IO107PPB3
C3	GAC2/IO116UDB3
C4	VCC
C5	IO12RSB0
C6	IO17RSB0
C7	IO24RSB0
C8	IO31RSB0
C9	IO34RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO41PDB1
C11	IO41NDB1
C12	GBC2/IO43PPB1

FG144	
Pin Number	**A3P250 Function**
D1	IO112NDB3
D2	IO112PDB3
D3	IO116VDB3
D4	GAA2/IO118UPB3
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO35RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO36RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO42PDB1
D10	IO42NDB1
D11	IO43NPB1
D12	GCB1/IO49PPB1
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO110NDB3
E3	GFC1/IO110PDB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	IO118VPB3
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO48PDB1
E9	VCCIB1
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO50NDB1
E12	IO51NDB1
F1	GFB0/IO109NPB3
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO109PPB3
F4	IO107NPB3
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO48NDB1
F9	GCB0/IO49NPB1
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO50PDB1
F12	GCA2/IO51PDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	**A3P250 Function**
G1	GFA1/IO108PPB3
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO108NPB3
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO58UPB1
G9	IO53NDB1
G10	GCC2/IO53PDB1
G11	IO52NDB1
G12	GCB2/IO52PDB1
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO106PDB3
H3	GFC2/IO105PSB3
H4	GEC1/IO100PDB3
H5	VCC
H6	IO79RSB2
H7	IO65RSB2
H8	GDB2/IO62RSB2
H9	GDC0/IO58VPB1
H10	VCCIB1
H11	IO54PSB1
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO99PDB3
J2	IO106NDB3
J3	VCCIB3
J4	GEC0/IO100NDB3
J5	IO88RSB2
J6	IO81RSB2
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO61RSB2
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO60UDB1
J12	GDB1/IO59UDB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
P9	IO76RSB2
P10	IO71RSB2
P11	IO66RSB2
P12	NC
P13	TCK
P14	VPUMP
P15	TRST
P16	GDA0/IO60VDB1
R1	GEA1/IO98PDB3
R2	GEA0/IO98NDB3
R3	NC
R4	GEC2/IO95RSB2
R5	IO91RSB2
R6	IO88RSB2
R7	IO84RSB2
R8	IO80RSB2
R9	IO77RSB2
R10	IO72RSB2
R11	IO68RSB2
R12	IO65RSB2
R13	GDB2/IO62RSB2
R14	TDI
R15	NC
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO94RSB2
T3	GEB2/IO96RSB2
T4	IO93RSB2
T5	IO90RSB2
T6	IO87RSB2
T7	IO83RSB2
T8	IO79RSB2
T9	IO78RSB2
T10	IO73RSB2
T11	IO70RSB2
T12	GDC2/IO63RSB2

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
T13	IO67RSB2
T14	GDA2/IO61RSB2
T15	TMS
T16	GND

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 10 (September 2011)	The "In-System Programming (ISP) and Security" section and Security section were revised to clarify that although no existing security measures can give an absolute guarantee, Microsemi FPGAs implement the best security available in the industry (SAR 32865).	I
	The value of 34 I/Os for the QN48 package in A3P030 was added to the "I/Os Per Package 1" section (SAR 33907).	III
	The Y security option and Licensed DPA Logo were added to the "ProASIC3 Ordering Information" section. The trademarked Licensed DPA Logo identifies that a product is covered by a DPA counter-measures license from Cryptography Research (SAR 32151).	IV
	The "Specifying I/O States During Programming" section is new (SAR 21281).	1-7
	In Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1, VPUMP programming voltage in programming mode was changed from "3.0 to 3.6" to "3.15 to 3.45" (SAR 30666). It was corrected in v2.0 of this datasheet in April 2007 but inadvertently changed back to “3.0 to 3.6 V” in v1.4 in August 2009. The following changes were made to Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1: VCCPLL analog power supply (PLL) was changed from "1.4 to 1.6" to "1.425 to 1.575" (SAR 33850). For VCCI and VMV, values for 3.3 V DC and 3.3 V DC Wide Range were corrected. The correct value for 3.3 V DC is "3.0 to 3.6 V" and the correct value for 3.3 V Wide Range is "2.7 to 3.6" (SAR 33848).	2-2
	Table 2-25 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings was update to restore values to the correct columns. Previously the Slew Rate column was missing and data were aligned incorrectly (SAR 34034).	2-24
	The notes regarding drive strength in the "Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings" section and "3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range" section tables were revised for clarification. They now state that the minimum drive strength for the default software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 µA. The drive strength displayed in software is supported in normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models (SAR 25700).	2-22, 2-39

Revision	Changes	Page
Advance v0.3	The "PLL Macro" section was updated. EXTFB information was removed from this section.	2-15
	The CCC Output Peak-to-Peak Period Jitter F_{CCC_OUT} was updated in Table 2-11 • ProASIC3 CCC/PLL Specification	2-29
	EXTFB was removed from Figure 2-27 • CCC/PLL Macro.	2-28
	Table 2-13 • ProASIC3 I/O Features was updated.	2-30
	The "Hot-Swap Support" section was updated.	2-33
	The "Cold-Sparing Support" section was updated.	2-34
	"Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection" section was updated.	2-35
	The LVPECL specification in Table 2-43 • I/O Hot-Swap and 5 V Input Tolerance Capabilities in ProASIC3 Devices was updated.	2-64
	In the Bank 1 area of Figure 2-72, VMV2 was changed to VMV1 and VCCIB2 was changed to VCC_IB1.	2-97
	The VJTAG and I/O pin descriptions were updated in the "Pin Descriptions" section.	2-50
	The "JTAG Pins" section was updated.	2-51
	"128-Bit AES Decryption" section was updated to include M7 device information.	2-53
	Table 3-6 was updated.	3-6
	Table 3-7 was updated.	3-6
	In Table 3-11, PAC4 was updated.	3-93-8
	Table 3-20 was updated.	3-20
	The note in Table 3-32 was updated.	3-27
	All Timing Characteristics tables were updated from LVTTL to Register Delays	3-31 to 3-73
	The Timing Characteristics for RAM4K9, RAM512X18, and FIFO were updated.	3-85 to 3-90
	F_{TCKMAX} was updated in Table 3-110.	3-97
Advance v0.2	Figure 2-11 was updated.	2-9
	The "Clock Resources (VersaNets)" section was updated.	2-9
	The "VersaNet Global Networks and Spine Access" section was updated.	2-9
	The "PLL Macro" section was updated.	2-15
	Figure 2-27 was updated.	2-28
	Figure 2-20 was updated.	2-19
	Table 2-5 was updated.	2-25
	Table 2-6 was updated.	2-25
	The "FIFO Flag Usage Considerations" section was updated.	2-27
	Table 2-13 was updated.	2-30
	Figure 2-24 was updated.	2-31
	The "Cold-Sparing Support" section is new.	2-34

Revision	Changes	Page
Advance v0.2, (continued)	Table 2-43 was updated.	2-64
	Table 2-18 was updated.	2-45
	Pin descriptions in the "JTAG Pins" section were updated.	2-51
	The "User I/O Naming Convention" section was updated.	2-48
	Table 3-7 was updated.	3-6
	The "Methodology" section was updated.	3-10
	Table 3-40 and Table 3-39 were updated.	3-33,3-32
	The A3P250 "100-Pin VQFP*" pin table was updated.	4-14
	The A3P250 "208-Pin PQFP*" pin table was updated.	4-23
	The A3P1000 "208-Pin PQFP*" pin table was updated.	4-29
	The A3P250 "144-Pin FBGA*" pin table was updated.	4-36
	The A3P1000 "144-Pin FBGA*" pin table was updated.	4-32
	The A3P250 "256-Pin FBGA*" pin table was updated.	4-45
	The A3P1000 "256-Pin FBGA*" pin table was updated.	4-54
	The A3P1000 "484-Pin FBGA*" pin table was updated.	4-68

Datasheet Categories

Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheet parameters are published before data has been fully characterized from silicon devices. The data provided for a given device, as highlighted in the "ProASIC3 Device Status" table on page IV, is designated as either "Product Brief," "Advance," "Preliminary," or "Production." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advance or production) and contains general product information. This document gives an overview of specific device and family information.

Advance

This version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production. This label only applies to the DC and Switching Characteristics chapter of the datasheet and will only be used when the data has not been fully characterized.

Preliminary

The datasheet contains information based on simulation and/or initial characterization. The information is believed to be correct, but changes are possible.

Unmarked (production)

This version contains information that is considered to be final.

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